

B. Tech. / IDD / Part II, III/Sem III, V/2022-23
Probability & Statistics : MA-202

Final Assignment Sheet

1. If X is a $\Gamma\left(\frac{n}{2}\right)$ variate, then prove that $Y = 2X$ follows χ^2 - distribution with n -degrees of freedom. Hence prove that if $X_i, i = 1, 2, \dots, n$ are standard normal variate, then $\sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2$ represents χ^2 - distribution with n -degrees of freedom.

2. The joint density function of the random variables X and Y is given by

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} x + y; & 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 1 \\ 0; & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Find the distribution of XY .

3. If X is an $F(m, n)$ variate, then show that $\frac{1}{X}$ is an $F(n, m)$ variate.

4. A population is defined by the density function

$$f(x; \theta) = \frac{x^{p-1} e^{-\frac{x}{\theta}}}{\theta^p \Gamma(p)}, \quad 0 < x < \infty,$$

where p is known and $p > 0$. Find the maximum likelihood estimate of $\theta (> 0)$ drawing a sample x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n from the population. Show that the estimate is constant and unbiased.

5. Find the maximum likelihood estimate of the parameter μ of the population whose probability density function is given by

$$P(x = i) = \frac{1}{1 + \mu} \left(\frac{\mu}{1 + \mu} \right)^i, \quad \mu > 0 \text{ for } i = 0, 1, 2, \dots;$$

Show that the estimate is consistent and unbiased to the population parameter.