1Create a union of two queries that shows the names, cities, and ratings of all customers. Those with rating of 200 or greater will also have the words "High Rating", while the others will have the words "Low Rating"

```
KD3_86710_Tanmay@>select Cname,city,Rating,'high Rating' as 'Rating Type'from customers where Rating>=200
       union
    -> select Cname,city,Rating,'low Rating' as 'Rating type' from customers where Rating<200;
                         Rating |
                                   Rating Type
 Cname
            citv
 giovanni
liu
                            200
                                   high Rating
             rome
             san jose
berlin
                                   high Rating
                            200
                            300
                                   high Rating
 grass
  cisneros
             san jose
                            300
                                   high Rating
  hoffman
              london
                            100
                                   low Rating
                             100
                                   low Rating
  clemens
             london
  pereira
                            100
                                   low Rating
             rome
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

2. Write a command that produces the name and number of each salesperson and each customer with more than one current order. Put the results in alphabetical order.

```
KD3_86710_Tanmay@>select Sname, snum,cname from salespeople join customers u
sing (snum) where snum in(select snum from customers group by snum having co
unt(snum)>1) order by snum, cname;
  Sname
           snum
                  cname
           1001
  peel
                   clemens
                   hoffman
  peel
           1001
           1002
                   grass
  serres
                   liu
           1002
  serres
  rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

3. Form a union of three queries. Have the first select the snums of all salespeople in San Jose; the second, the cnums of all customers in San Jose; and the third the onums of all orders on October 3. Retain duplicates between the last two queries but eliminate any redundancies between either of them and the first. (Note: in the sample tables as given, there would be no such redundancy. This is besides the point.)

```
KD3_86710_Tanmay@>select snum from salespeople where city = 'san jose'
    -> union
    -> select cnum from customers where city = 'san jose'
    -> union
    -> select onum from orders where odate ='1990-10-03';
+-----+
| snum |
+-----+
| 1002 |
| 2003 |
| 2008 |
| 3001 |
| 3003 |
| 3002 |
| 3005 |
| 3006 |
+-----+
8 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```