

Eclipse GlassFish Server Application Deployment Guide, Release 7

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Eclipse GlassFish Server

Application Deployment Guide

Release 7

Contributed 2018, 2019

This Application Deployment Guide describes deployment of applications and application components to Eclipse GlassFish Server, and includes information about deployment descriptors.

[[sthref1]]

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Eclipse GlassFish Server Application Deployment Guide,
Release 7

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[[GSDPG806]][[sthref2]]

[[preface]]

Preface

[NOTE]

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This documentation is part of the Java Enterprise Edition contribution to the Eclipse Foundation and is not intended for use in relation to Java Enterprise Edition or Oracle GlassFish. The documentation is in the process of being revised to reflect the new Jakarta EE branding. Additional changes will be made as requirements and procedures evolve for Jakarta EE. Where applicable, references to Java EE or Java Enterprise Edition should be considered references to Jakarta EE.

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This Application Deployment Guide describes deployment of applications and application components to GlassFish Server Open Source Edition, and includes information about deployment descriptors.

This preface contains information about and conventions for the entire GlassFish Server Open Source Edition (GlassFish Server) documentation set.

GlassFish Server 5.0 is developed through the GlassFish project open-source community at `'https://github.com/javaee/glassfish'`. The GlassFish project provides a structured process for developing the GlassFish Server platform that makes the new features of the Java EE platform available faster, while maintaining the most important feature of Java EE: compatibility. It enables Java developers to access the GlassFish Server source code and to contribute to the development of the GlassFish Server. The GlassFish project is designed to encourage communication between Oracle engineers and the community.

- * `link:#ghpbz`[GlassFish Server Documentation Set]
- * `link:#giprl`[Related Documentation]
- * `link:#fwbkx`[Typographic Conventions]
- * `link:#fqunc`[Symbol Conventions]
- * `link:#ghpfg`[Default Paths and File Names]

[[GSDPG00053]][[ghpbz]]

[[glassfish-server-documentation-set]]

GlassFish Server Documentation Set

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The GlassFish Server documentation set describes deployment planning and system installation. For an introduction to GlassFish Server, refer to

the books in the order in which they are listed in the following table.

| [width="100%",cols="30%,70%",options="header",]<br> =====             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Book Title                                                            | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <a href="#"> link:../release-notes/toc.html#GSRLN</a>                 | [Release Notes]  Provides late-breaking information about the software and the documentation and includes a comprehensive, table-based summary of the supported hardware, operating system, Java Development Kit (JDK), and database drivers.                                                                                                                                                          |
| <a href="#"> link:../quick-start-guide/toc.html#GSQSG</a>             | [Quick Start Guide]  Explains how to get started with the GlassFish Server product.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <a href="#"> link:../installation-guide/toc.html#GSING</a>            | [Installation Guide]  Explains how to install the software and its components.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <a href="#"> link:../administration-guide/toc.html#GSADG</a>          | [Administration Guide]  Explains how to configure, monitor, and manage GlassFish Server subsystems and components from the command line by using the <a href="#">link:../reference-manual/asadmin.html#GSRFM00263</a> ['asadmin'] utility. Instructions for performing these tasks from the Administration Console are provided in the Administration Console online help.                             |
| <a href="#"> link:../security-guide/toc.html#GSSCG</a>                | [Security Guide]  Provides instructions for configuring and administering GlassFish Server security.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <a href="#"> link:../application-deployment-guide/toc.html#GSDPG</a>  | [Application Deployment Guide]  Explains how to assemble and deploy applications to the GlassFish Server and provides information about deployment descriptors.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <a href="#"> link:../application-development-guide/toc.html#GSDVG</a> | [Application Development Guide]  Explains how to create and implement Java Platform, Enterprise Edition (Java EE platform) applications that are intended to run on the GlassFish Server. These applications follow the open Java standards model for Java EE components and application programmer interfaces (APIs). This guide provides information about developer tools, security, and debugging. |
|                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <a href="#"> link:../error-messages-reference/toc.html#GSEMR</a>      | [Error Message Reference]  Describes error messages that you                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

might encounter when using GlassFish Server.

|[link:../reference-manual/toc.html#GSRFM](#)[Reference Manual] |Provides reference information in man page format for GlassFish Server administration commands, utility commands, and related concepts.

|[link:../openmq/mq-release-notes/toc.html#GMRLN](#)[Message Queue Release Notes] |Describes new features, compatibility issues, and existing bugs for Open Message Queue.  
|=====

[[GSDPG00054]][[gipr1]]

[[related-documentation]]

Related Documentation

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The following tutorials explain how to develop Java EE applications:

* <https://javaee.github.io/firstcup/>[Your First Cup: An Introduction to the Java EE Platform] (`'https://javaee.github.io/firstcup/'`). For beginning Java EE programmers, this short tutorial explains the entire process for developing a simple enterprise application. The sample application is a web application that consists of a component that is based on the Enterprise JavaBeans specification, a JAX-RS web service, and a JavaServer Faces component for the web front end.

* <https://javaee.github.io/tutorial/>[The Java EE 8 Tutorial] (`'https://javaee.github.io/tutorial/'`). This comprehensive tutorial explains how to use Java EE 8 platform technologies and APIs to develop Java EE applications.

Javadoc tool reference documentation for packages that are provided with GlassFish Server is available as follows.

* The API specification for version 8 of Java EE is located at `'https://javaee.github.io/javaee-spec/'`.

* The API specification for GlassFish Server 5.0, including Java EE 8 platform packages and nonplatform packages that are specific to the GlassFish Server product, is located at `'https://javaee.github.io/glassfish/documentation'`.

For information about creating enterprise applications in the NetBeans Integrated Development Environment (IDE), see the <http://www.netbeans.org/kb/>[NetBeans Documentation, Training & Support page] (`'http://www.netbeans.org/kb/'`).

For information about the Apache Derby database for use with the GlassFish Server, see the <http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javadb/overview/index.html> [Apache Derby product page] (``http://db.apache.org/derby/``).

The Java EE Samples project is a collection of sample applications that demonstrate a broad range of Java EE technologies. The Java EE Samples are bundled with the Java EE Software Development Kit (SDK) and are also available from the <https://github.com/javaee/glassfish-samples> [Java EE Samples project page] (``https://github.com/javaee/glassfish-samples``).

[[GSDPG00055]][[fwbkx]]

[[typographic-conventions]]

Typographic Conventions

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The following table describes the typographic changes that are used in this book.

[width="100%",cols="14%,37%,49%",options="header",]  
|=====

| Typeface    | Meaning                                                                       | Example                               |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| `AaBbCc123` | The names of commands, files, and directories, and onscreen computer output a | Edit your <code>`.login`</code> file. |

Use ``ls`` ``a`` to list all files.

``machine_name%`` you have mail.

|                              |                                                           |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| `AaBbCc123`                  | What you type, contrasted with onscreen computer output a |
| <code>`machine_name%`</code> | <code>`su`</code>                                         |

``Password:``

|           |                                                                                                                     |
|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| AaBbCc123 | A placeholder to be replaced with a real name or value  The command to remove a file is <code>`rm`</code> filename. |
|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

|                                     |                                                                                                           |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| AaBbCc123                           | Book titles, new terms, and terms to be emphasized (note that some emphasized items appear bold online) a |
| Read Chapter 6 in the User's Guide. |                                                                                                           |

A cache is a copy that is stored locally.

Do not save the file.

```
|=====
```

```
[[GSDPG00056]][[fqunc]]
```

```
[[symbol-conventions]]
```

```
Symbol Conventions
```

```
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```

The following table explains symbols that might be used in this book.

```
[width="100%",cols="10%,26%,28%,36%",options="header",]
```

```
|=====
```

```
|Symbol |Description |Example |Meaning
```

```
|`[]` |Contains optional arguments and command options. |`ls [-l]` |The
`-l` option is not required.
```

```
|`{ \ | }` |Contains a set of choices for a required command option.
```

```
|`-d {y\|n}` |The `-d` option requires that you use either the `y`
argument or the `n` argument.
```

```
|`${ }` |Indicates a variable reference. |`${com.sun.javaRoot}`
```

```
|References the value of the `com.sun.javaRoot` variable.
```

```
| - |Joins simultaneous multiple keystrokes. |Control-A |Press the
Control key while you press the A key.
```

```
| + |Joins consecutive multiple keystrokes. |Ctrl+A+N |Press the
Control key, release it, and then press the subsequent keys.
```

```
| > |Indicates menu item selection in a graphical user interface. |File >
New > Templates |From the File menu, choose New. From the New submenu,
choose Templates.
```

```
|=====
```

```
[[GSDPG00057]][[ghpfg]]
```

```
[[default-paths-and-file-names]]
```

```
Default Paths and File Names
```

```
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```

The following table describes the default paths and file names that are used in this book.

```
[width="100%",cols="14%,34%,52%",options="header",]
|=====
|Placeholder |Description |Default Value
|as-install + a|
Represents the base installation directory for GlassFish Server.

In configuration files, as-install is represented as follows:

`${com.sun.aas.installRoot}`

a|
Installations on the Oracle Solaris operating system, Linux operating
system, and Mac OS operating system:

user's-home-directory`/glassfish3/glassfish`

Installations on the Windows operating system:

SystemDrive`:\\glassfish3\\glassfish`

|as-install-parent + |Represents the parent of the base installation
directory for GlassFish Server. a|
Installations on the Oracle Solaris operating system, Linux operating
system, and Mac operating system:

user's-home-directory`/glassfish3`

Installations on the Windows operating system:

SystemDrive`:\\glassfish3`

|domain-root-dir + |Represents the directory in which a domain is
created by default. |as-install`/domains/`

|domain-dir + a|
Represents the directory in which a domain's configuration is stored.

In configuration files, domain-dir is represented as follows:

`${com.sun.aas.instanceRoot}`

|domain-root-dir`/`domain-name

|instance-dir + |Represents the directory for a server instance.
|domain-dir`/`instance-name
|=====
```



```
[[GSDPG00003]][[gihxo]]
```

```
[[overview-of-glassfish-server-open-source-edition-5.0-application-deployment]]
1 Overview of GlassFish Server Open Source Edition 5.0 Application Deployment
-----
```

GlassFish Server Open Source Edition 5.0 provides an environment for developing and deploying Java applications and web services. GlassFish Server applications include Java Platform, Enterprise Edition (Java EE platform) standard features as well as features specific to GlassFish Server. This guide explains the tools and processes used for deploying applications and modules in the GlassFish Server environment. Only GlassFish Server features are described in detail in this document.

The following topics are addressed here:

- \* [link:#gihzx\[About Application Deployment\]](#)
- \* [link:#giphm\[About Assembly and Deployment Events\]](#)
- \* [link:#giifh\[About Deployment Tools\]](#)
- \* [link:#gipud\[Additional Information on Application Deployment\]](#)

Information and instructions on deploying from the command line are provided in this document. Information and instructions for accomplishing the deployment tasks by using the Administration Console are contained in the Administration Console online help.

```
[[gihzx]][[GSDPG00061]][[about-application-deployment]]
```

## About Application Deployment

```
~~~~~
```

Assembly, also known as packaging, is the process of combining discrete components of an application or module into a single unit that can be installed on an application server. The GlassFish Server assembly process conforms to the customary Java EE specifications. The only difference is that when you assemble applications or modules in GlassFish Server, you can include optional GlassFish Server deployment descriptors that enhance functionality.

Deployment is the process of installing an application or module on GlassFish Server, optionally specifying location-specific information, such as a list of local users that can access the application, or the name of the local database. GlassFish Server deployment tools expand the archive file into an open directory structure that is ready for users. GlassFish Server deployment tools are described in [link:#giifh\[About](#)

## Deployment Tools].

The following topics are addressed here:

- \* [link:#gipw\[General Deployment Functionality\]](#)
- \* [link:#gihzc\[Deployment Descriptors and Annotations\]](#)
- \* [link:#gikhs\[Modules and Applications\]](#)
- \* [link:#gijla\[Access to Shared Framework Classes\]](#)
- \* [link:#gihzk\[Naming Standards\]](#)
- \* [link:#gkhhv\[Module and Application Versions\]](#)

[\[\[gipw\]\]\[\[GSDPG00319\]\]\[\[general-deployment-functionality\]\]](#)

### General Deployment Functionality

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

Various Java EE module types, such as connector module, web module, EJB module, application client module, can be deployed in the following ways:

- \* **Archive Deployment.** Deploys the application as an archive file. For instructions, see [link:deploying-applications.html#gijmq\[To Deploy an Application or Module\]](#).
- \* **Dynamic Reloading.** Redeploys the application by creating or modifying a special ``.reload`` file in the applications repository. For instructions, see [link:deploying-applications.html#fwakh\[To Reload Changes to Applications or Modules Dynamically\]](#).
- \* **Automatic Deployment.** Deploys the application archive that is placed in the autodeployment directory. For instructions, see [link:deploying-applications.html#fvxze\[To Deploy an Application or Module Automatically\]](#).
- \* **Directory Deployment.** Deploys the application in a directory format. For instructions, see [link:deploying-applications.html#gilcn\[To Deploy an Application or Module in a Directory Format\]](#).
- \* **JSR 88 Deployment.** A deployment mechanism implemented based on the JSR 88 standard from ``jcp.org``. It delivers vendor neutral deployment options. See [link:#beaee\[JSR 88 Client\]](#) and [link:#giel\[JSR 88 Naming\]](#).

A deployment plan, which deploys a portable archive along with a deployment plan containing GlassFish Server deployment descriptors, can apply to any of these deployment techniques. For instructions, see [link:deploying-applications.html#gijyb\[To Deploy an Application or Module by Using a Deployment Plan\]](#).

There are two work situations that require different safeguards and processes:

- \* A development environment provides a loose set of tools and work

spaces for a relatively small number of developers who are creating and testing applications and modules.

\* A production environment provides a stable, protected environment where applications are tuned to maximum efficiency for business use rather than for development.

Some deployment methods that are used effectively in a development environment should not be used in production. In addition, whenever a reload is done, the sessions that are in transit become invalid, which might not be a concern for development, but can be a serious matter in production. The client must restart the session, another negative in a production environment.

For production environments, any upgrade should be performed as a rolling upgrade, which upgrades applications and modules without interruption in service. For more information, see [link:../ha-administration-guide/rolling-upgrade.html#GSHAG00010\[Upgrading Applications Without Loss of Availability\]](link:../ha-administration-guide/rolling-upgrade.html#GSHAG00010[Upgrading Applications Without Loss of Availability]) in GlassFish Server Open Source Edition High Availability Administration Guide.

[[gihzc]][[GSDPG00320]][[deployment-descriptors-and-annotations]]

Deployment Descriptors and Annotations

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

A deployment descriptor is an XML file that describes how a Java EE application or module should be deployed. Each deployment descriptor XML file has a corresponding Document Type Definition (DTD) file or schema (XSD) file, which defines the elements, data, and attributes that the deployment descriptor file can contain. The deployment descriptor directs a deployment tool to deploy a module or application with specific container options, and also describes specific configuration requirements that you must resolve.

Because the information in a deployment descriptor is declarative, it can be changed without requiring modifications to source code. During deployment, GlassFish Server reads the information in the deployment descriptor and deploys the application or module as directed.

The following types of deployment descriptors are associated with GlassFish Server:

\* Java EE Standard Descriptors. Java EE standard deployment descriptors are described in the Java EE 8 specification. You can find the specification at `'http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javaee/tech/'`. Information about the XML schemas that define Java EE standard deployment descriptors is available at

`'http://xmlns.jcp.org/xml/ns/javaee/'. +`

The Java EE 8 specification permits the use of alternate top-level standard deployment descriptors that reside outside of the application archive using the 'alt-dd' mechanism (alternate module-level deployment descriptors were permitted prior to Java EE 7). Alternate deployment descriptors are described in the Java EE 7 specification. You can find the specification at

`'http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javaee/tech/'.` Alternate deployment descriptors override the top-level deployment descriptors packaged in an application archive. For example, for EAR files, an alternate deployment descriptor overrides 'application.xml'. For standalone modules, an alternate deployment descriptor overrides the top-level module descriptor, such as 'web.xml'.

\* GlassFish Server Descriptors. GlassFish Server provides optional deployment descriptors for configuring features that are specific to GlassFish Server. For example, when you assemble an EJB module, you annotate or create two GlassFish Server deployment descriptor files with these names: 'ejb-jar.xml' and 'glassfish-ejb-jar.xml'. If the EJB component is an entity bean with container-managed persistence (CMP), you can also create a '.dbschema' file and a 'sun-cmp-mapping.xml' file. For complete descriptions of these files and their elements, see [link:dd-files.html#giida](#)[GlassFish Server Deployment Descriptor Files] and [link:dd-elements.html#beaqi](#)[Elements of the GlassFish Server Deployment Descriptors]. +

GlassFish Server also permits the use of alternate top-level GlassFish Server runtime deployment descriptors that reside outside of an application archive. Alternate GlassFish Server deployment descriptors override the top-level deployment descriptors packaged in the archive. For example, for EAR files, an alternate GlassFish Server deployment descriptor overrides 'glassfish-application.xml'. For standalone modules, an alternate GlassFish Server deployment descriptor overrides the top-level module descriptor, such as 'glassfish-web.xml'. The name of the GlassFish Server alternate deployment descriptor file must begin with 'glassfish-'. Alternate deployment descriptors do not apply to 'sun-\*.xml' deployment descriptors. +

Unless otherwise stated, settings in the GlassFish Server deployment descriptors override corresponding settings in the Java EE standard descriptors and in the GlassFish Server configuration.

An annotation, also called metadata, enables a declarative style of programming. You can specify information within a class file by using annotations. When the application or module is deployed, the information can either be used or overridden by the deployment descriptor. GlassFish Server supports annotation according to the following specifications:

\* <http://www.jcp.org/en/jsr/detail?id=250>[JSR 250 Common Annotation Specification]

\* <http://www.jcp.org/en/jsr/detail?id=181>[JSR 181 Annotation for Web

## Services Specification]

\* <http://www.jcp.org/en/jsr/detail?id=318>[EJB 3.1 Specification]

The following annotation and deployment descriptor combinations are supported:

- \* Java EE applications or modules can be packaged with full Java EE compliant standard and runtime deployment descriptors. If the standard deployment descriptors have specified the 'metadata-complete' attribute, annotations in the application or module are ignored.
- \* Java EE applications or modules can be fully annotated with metadata defined by the listed specifications. Annotation eliminates the need for Java EE standard deployment descriptors. In most cases, the GlassFish Server deployment descriptors are also not needed.
- \* Java EE applications or modules can be partially annotated with some deployment information in standard deployment descriptors. In case of conflicts, deployment descriptor values supersede the annotated metadata, and a warning message is logged.

[[gikhs]][[GSDPG00321]][[modules-and-applications]]

## Modules and Applications

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

An application is a logical collection of one or more modules joined by application annotations or deployment descriptors. You assemble components into JAR, WAR, or RAR files, then combine these files and, optionally, deployment descriptors into an Enterprise archive (EAR) file which is deployed.

A module is a collection of one or more Java EE components that run in the same container type, such as a web container or EJB container. The module uses annotations or deployment descriptors of that container type. You can deploy a module alone or as part of an application.

The following topics are addressed here:

- \* [link:#beacv](#)[Types of Modules]
- \* [link:#beacu](#)[Module-Based Deployment]
- \* [link:#beacw](#)[Application-Based Deployment]

[[beacv]][[GSDPG00307]][[types-of-modules]]

## Types of Modules

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GlassFish Server supports the following types of modules:

\* **Web Module.** A web module, also known as a web application, is a collection of servlets, EJBs, HTML pages, classes, and other resources that you can bundle and deploy to several Java EE application servers. A web application archive (WAR) file is the standard format for assembling web applications. A WAR file can consist of the following items: servlets, JavaServer Pages (JSP) files, JSP tag libraries, utility classes, static pages, client-side applets, beans, bean classes, enterprise bean classes, plus annotations or web deployment descriptors ('web.xml' and 'glassfish-web.xml').

\* **EJB Module.** An EJB module is a deployable software unit that consists of one or more enterprise beans, plus an EJB deployment descriptor. A Java archive (JAR) file is the standard format for assembling enterprise beans. An EJB JAR file contains the bean classes (home, remote, local, and implementation), all of the utility classes, and annotations or deployment descriptors ('ejb-jar.xml' and 'glassfish-ejb-jar.xml'). If the EJB component is a version 2.1 or earlier entity bean with container managed persistence (CMP), you can also include a '.dbschema' file and a CMP mapping descriptor ('sun-cmp-mapping.xml').

\* **Connector Module.** A connector module, also known as a resource adapter module, is a deployable software unit that provides a portable way for EJB components to access foreign enterprise information system (EIS) data. A connector module consists of all Java interfaces, classes, and native libraries for implementing a resource module, plus a resource deployment descriptor. A resource adapter archive (RAR) is the standard format for assembling connector modules. Each GlassFish Server connector has annotations or a deployment descriptor file ('ra.xml'). +  
After deploying a J2EE connector module, you must configure it as described in <link:../application-development-guide/connectors.html#GSDVG00013>[Developing Connectors] in GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Application Development Guide.

\* **Application Client Module.** An application client module is a deployable software unit that consists of one or more classes, and application client deployment descriptors ('application-client.xml' and 'glassfish-application-client.xml'). An application client JAR file applies to a GlassFish Server type of Java EE client. An application client supports the standard Java EE Application Client specifications.

\* **Lifecycle Module.** A lifecycle module provides a means of running short-duration or long-duration Java-based tasks within the GlassFish Server environment. Lifecycle modules are not Java EE standard modules. See <link:../application-development-guide/lifecycle-listeners.html#GSDVG00014>[Developing Lifecycle Listeners] in GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Application Development Guide for more information.

[[beacu]][[GSDPG00308]][[module-based-deployment]]

Module-Based Deployment

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You can deploy web, EJB, and application client modules separately, outside of any application. Module-based deployment is appropriate when components need to be accessed by other modules, applications, or application clients. Module-based deployment allows shared access to a bean from a web, EJB, or application client component.

The following figure shows separately-deployed EJB, web, and application client modules.

[[GSDPG00001]][[fwfdj]]

**\*Figure 1-1 Module-Based Assembly and Deployment\***

```
image:img/dgdeploy3.png[
```

```
"Figure shows EJB, web, and application client module assembly and deployment."]
```

[[beacw]][[GSDPG00309]][[application-based-deployment]]

## Application-Based Deployment

+++++

Application-based deployment is appropriate when components need to work together as one unit.

The following figure shows EJB, web, application client, and connector modules assembled into a Java EE application.

[[GSDPG00002]][[fvyip]]

**\*Figure 1-2 Application-Based Assembly and Deployment\***

```
image:img/dgdeploya.png[
```

```
"Figure shows Java EE application assembly and deployment."]
```

[[gijla]][[GSDPG00322]][[access-to-shared-framework-classes]]

## Access to Shared Framework Classes

AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA

If you assemble a large, shared library into every module that uses it, the result is a huge file that takes too long to register with the server. In addition, several versions of the same class could exist in different class loaders, which is a waste of resources. When Java EE applications and modules use shared framework classes (such as utility classes and libraries), the classes can be put in the path for the

common class loader or an application-specific class loader rather than in an application or module.

To specify an application-specific library file during deployment, use the `--libraries` option of the `deploy` or `redeploy` subcommand of the `asadmin` command. To add a library JAR file to the Common class loader directory, the Java optional package directory, or the application-specific class loader directory, use the `add-library` subcommand. You can then list the libraries with `list-libraries` and remove the libraries with `remove-library`. For more information about all these commands, see the GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Reference Manual.

For more information about class loaders, see [link:../application-development-guide/class-loaders.html#GSDVG00003\[Class Loaders\]](link:../application-development-guide/class-loaders.html#GSDVG00003[Class Loaders]) in GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Application Development Guide.

#### [NOTE]

According to the Java EE specification, section 8.1.1.2, "Dependencies," you cannot package utility classes within an individually-deployed EJB module. Instead, you must package the EJB module and utility JAR within an application using the JAR Extension Mechanism Architecture.

#### [[gihzk]][[GSDPG00323]][[naming-standards]]

##### Naming Standards

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

Names of applications and individually-deployed modules must be unique within a GlassFish Server domain. Modules within an application must have unique names. In addition, for enterprise beans that use container-managed persistence (CMP), the `.dbschema` file names must be unique within an application.

You should use a hierarchical naming scheme for module file names, EAR file names, module names as found in the `module-name` portion of the `ejb-jar.xml` files, and EJB names as found in the `ejb-name` portion of the `ejb-jar.xml` files. This hierarchical naming scheme ensures that name collisions do not occur. The benefits of this naming practice apply not only to GlassFish Server, but to other Java EE application servers as well.



The following topics are addressed here:

- \* [link:#gjffg](#)[Portable Naming]
- \* [link:#giidg](#)[JNDI Naming]
- \* [link:#beada](#)[Directory Structure]
- \* [link:#giiel](#)[JSR 88 Naming]

[\[\[gjffg\]\]](#)[\[\[GSDPG00310\]\]](#)[\[\[portable-naming\]\]](#)

## Portable Naming

+++++

Starting in Java EE 6, the Java EE specification defines the portable `'application-name'`, which allows you to specify an application name in the `'application.xml'` file. For example:

```
[source,oac_no_warn]

<application-name>xyz</application-name>

```

The Java EE specification also defines the portable `'module-name'` element in the module standard deployment descriptors.

GlassFish Server determines the application registration name according to the following order of precedence:

1. The name specified at deployment time in the Administration Console or in the `'--name'` option of the `'asadmin deploy'` command is used.
2. If no name is specified at deployment time, the portable `'application-name'` or `'module-name'` in the Java EE deployment descriptor is used.
3. If no name is specified at deployment time or in the deployment descriptors, the archive name, minus the file type suffix, is used.

[\[\[giidg\]\]](#)[\[\[GSDPG00311\]\]](#)[\[\[jndi-naming\]\]](#)

## JNDI Naming

+++++

Java Naming and Directory Interface (JNDI) lookup names for EJB components must also be unique. Establishing a consistent naming convention can help. For example, appending the application name and the module name to the EJB name is a way to guarantee unique names, such as, `'jms/qConnPool'`.

[\[\[beada\]\]](#)[\[\[GSDPG00312\]\]](#)[\[\[directory-structure\]\]](#)

## Directory Structure

+++++

Application and module directory structures must follow the structure outlined in the Java EE specification. During deployment, the application or module is expanded from the archive file to an open directory structure. The directories that hold the individual modules are named with ``jar``, ``rar``, and ``war`` suffixes.

If you deploy a directory instead of an EAR file, your directory structure must follow this same convention. For instructions on performing directory deployment, see [link:deploying-applications.html#gilcn](http://link:deploying-applications.html#gilcn) [To Deploy an Application or Module in a Directory Format].

[[qkhhv]][[GSDPG00324]][[module-and-application-versions]]

## Module and Application Versions

Application and module versioning allows multiple versions of the same application to exist in a GlassFish Server domain, which simplifies upgrade and rollback tasks. At most one version of an application or module can be enabled on a server any given time. Versioning provides extensions to tools for deploying, viewing, and managing multiple versions of modules and applications, including the Administration Console and deployment-related `asadmin` subcommands. Different versions of the same module or application can have the same context root or JNDI name. Use of versioning is optional.

The following topics are addressed here:

- \* [link:#gkhmg\[Version Identifiers and Expressions\]](#)
- \* [link:#gkhmm\[Choosing the Enabled Version\]](#)
- \* [link:#qkhob\[Versioning Restrictions and Limitations\]](#)

```
[[qkhmq]][[GSDPG00314]][[version-identifiers-and-expressions]]
```

## Version Identifiers and Expressions

+++++

The version identifier is a suffix to the module or application name. It is separated from the name by a colon (':'). It must begin with a letter or number. It can contain alphanumeric characters plus underscore ('\_'), dash ('-'), and period ('.') characters. The following examples show valid version identifiers for the 'foo' application:

```
[source,oac_no_warn]

foo:1
foo:BETA-2e
foo:3.8
foo:patch39875

```

A module or application without a version identifier is called the untagged version. This version can coexist with other versions of the same module or application that have version identifiers.

In some deployment-related ``asadmin`` commands, you can use an asterisk (``*``) as a wildcard character to specify a version expression, which selects multiple version identifiers. Using the asterisk by itself after the colon selects all versions of a module or application, including the untagged version. The following table shows example version expressions and the versions they select.

```
[width="100%",cols="33%,67%",options="header",]
|=====
|Version Expression |Selected Versions
|`foo:*` |All versions of `foo`, including the untagged version
|`foo:BETA*` |All `BETA` versions of `foo`
|`foo:3.*` |All `3.`x versions of `foo`
|`foo:patch*` |All `patch` versions of `foo`
|=====
```

The following table summarizes which ``asadmin`` subcommands are identifier-aware or expression-aware. All expression-aware subcommands are also identifier-aware.

```
[width="100%",cols="50%,50%",options="header",]
|=====
|Identifier-Aware Subcommands |Expression-Aware Subcommands
|`deploy`, `deploydir`, `redeploy` |`undeploy`
|`enable` |`disable`
|`list-sub-components` |`show-component-status`
|`get-client-stubs` |`create-application-ref`, `delete-application-ref`
|=====
```

The ``create-application-ref`` subcommand is expression-aware only if the ``--enabled`` option is set to ``false``. Because the ``--enabled`` option is set to ``true`` by default, the ``create-application-ref`` subcommand is identifier-aware by default.

The `'list-applications'` and `'list-application-refs'` subcommands display information about all deployed versions of a module or application. To find out which version is enabled, use the `'--long'` option.

[[gkhmm]][[GSDPG00315]][[choosing-the-enabled-version]]

### Choosing the Enabled Version

+++++

At most one version of a module or application can be enabled on a server instance. All other versions are disabled. Enabling one version automatically disables all others. You can disable all versions of a module or application, leaving none enabled.

The `'--enabled'` option of the `'deploy'` and `'redploy'` subcommands is set to `'true'` by default. Therefore, simply deploying or redeploying a module or application with a new version identifier enables the new version and disables all others. To deploy a new version in a disabled state, set the `'--enabled'` option to `'false'`.

To enable a version that has been deployed previously, use the `'enable'` subcommand.

[[gkhob]][[GSDPG00316]][[versioning-restrictions-and-limitations]]

### Versioning Restrictions and Limitations

+++++

Module and application versioning in GlassFish Server is subject to the following restrictions and limitations:

- \* Use of the `'--name'` option is mandatory for modules and applications that use versioning. There is no automatic version identifier generation.
- \* GlassFish Server does not recognize any relationship between versions such as previous or later versions. All version relationships must be tracked manually.
- \* There is no limit to the number of versions you can deploy except what is imposed by disk space limits.
- \* A module or application in a directory should not be deployed twice with a different version identifier. To redeploy a module or application from a directory with a new version, you must use the `'--force'` option of the `'deploy'` subcommand.
- \* Database tables created or deleted as part of deployment and undeployment are global resources and cannot be qualified by an application version. Be very careful when using global resources among versions of the same application.

- \* Web sessions are preserved during redeployment of a new version. However, preserving sessions among different versions of the same module or application is complex, because the key used for session variables is the same for the old and new versions.
- \* Resources are created with reference to a resource-adapter's module or application name. This means that an older version's resources do not automatically refer to a newer version of the module or application. Therefore, you must explicitly create resources for a newer version of a module or application. GlassFish Server ignores duplicate exported global resources and lets deployment succeed.
- \* OSGi already has its own versioning system. Therefore, when you deploy an OSGi bundle, GlassFish Server ignores any version information provided with the name but permits the deployment to succeed with warnings.

[[giphm]][[GSDPG00062]][[about-assembly-and-deployment-events]]

## About Assembly and Deployment Events

~~~~~

The deployment tools that are provided by GlassFish Server can be used by any user authorized as an administrator to deploy applications and modules into any GlassFish Server environment. However, effective application deployment requires planning and care. Only the developer knows exactly what is required by an application, so the developer is responsible for initial assembly and deployment.

1. **Deployment Descriptor or Annotation Creation.** The developer creates the deployment descriptors or equivalent annotations using Java standards and tools. +  
Details of the GlassFish Server deployment descriptors are contained in [link:dd-files.html#giida](#)[GlassFish Server Deployment Descriptor Files] and [link:dd-elements.html#beaqi](#)[Elements of the GlassFish Server Deployment Descriptors]. The GlassFish Server sample applications contain deployment descriptors that can be used as templates for developing deployment descriptors.
2. **Assembly.** The developer assembles the archive file(s) using Java standards and tools, such as the 'jar' command. The application or module is packaged into a JAR, WAR, RAR, or EAR file. For guidelines on naming, see [link:#gihzk](#)[Naming Standards]. +  
There are no GlassFish Server issues to consider.
3. **Test Deployment.** The developer performs a test deployment of the archive. For instructions, see [link:deploying-applications.html#gijmq](#)[To Deploy an Application or Module].
4. **Archive Submission.** The developer submits the verified archive to the administrator for deployment into a production environment. The developer includes instructions for any additional deployment tasks that the administrator must perform. For an example of such additional

instructions, see [link:#gijla](#)[Access to Shared Framework Classes].

5. Configuration. The administrator applies additional deployment specifics. Sometimes the developer has indicated additional deployment needs, such as specifying the production database. In this case, the administrator edits and reassembles the archive.
6. Production Deployment. The administrator deploys the archive to production. See [link:deploying-applications.html#gijmq](#)[To Deploy an Application or Module].
7. Troubleshooting. If deployment fails, the administrator returns the archive to the developer. The developer fixes the problem and resubmits the archive to the administrator. Sometimes the administrator resolves the problem, depending on what the problem is.

[\[\[giihf\]\]\[\[GSDPG00063\]\]\[\[about-deployment-tools\]\]](#)

## About Deployment Tools

~~~~~

GlassFish Server provides tools for assembling and deploying a module or application.

The following topics are addressed here:

- \* [link:#giiyz](#)[Administration Console]
- \* [link:#giiyf](#)[The 'asadmin' Utility]
- \* [link:#giiyq](#)[NetBeans IDE]
- \* [link:#gikwq](#)[Eclipse IDE]
- \* [link:#beaee](#)[JSR 88 Client]

[\[\[giiyz\]\]\[\[GSDPG00325\]\]\[\[administration-console\]\]](#)

## Administration Console

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

The GlassFish Server Administration Console is a browser-based utility that features a graphical interface that includes extensive online help for the administrative tasks. The format for starting the Administration Console in a web browser is 'http://hostname':port. For example:

```
[source,oac_no_warn]

http://localhost:4848

```

Step-by-step instructions for using the Administration Console for deployment are provided in the Administration Console online help. You can display the help material for a page by clicking the Help button. The initial help page describes the functions and fields of the page

itself. To find instructions for performing associated tasks, click a link in the See Also list.

```
[[giijf]][[GSDPG00326]][[the-asadmin-utility]]
```

The `asadmin` Utility  
 ^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

The GlassFish Server `asadmin` utility is a command-line tool that invokes subcommands for identifying the operation or task that you want to perform. You can run `asadmin` commands either from a command prompt or from a script. The format for starting the `asadmin` utility on the command line is `as-install/bin/asadmin` subcommand --option`. For example:

```
[source,oac_no_warn]

asadmin list-applications --type web

```

Application deployment commands are listed in [link:asadmin-deployment-subcommands.html#jihzw\[The `asadmin` Deployment Subcommands\]](#). All GlassFish Server `asadmin` subcommands are documented in the [link:../reference-manual/toc.html#GSRFM\[GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Reference Manual\]](#).

For the most part, you can perform the same administrative tasks by using either the graphical Administration Console or the `asadmin` command-line utility, however, there are exceptions. Procedures for using the command-line utilities are provided in this guide and in the command-line help pages, which are similar to man pages. You can display the help material for a command by typing `help` followed by the subcommand. For example:

```
[source,oac_no_warn]

asadmin help list-applications

```

For additional information on the `asadmin` utility, see ["link:../administration-guide/general-administration.html#GSADG00530\[Using the `asadmin` Utility\]"](#) in GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Administration Guide and the [link:../reference-manual/asadmin.html#GSRFM00263\[`asadmin` \(1M\)\]](#) help page.

```
[[giijq]][[GSDPG00329]][[netbeans-ide]]
```

## NetBeans IDE

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

You can use the NetBeans Integrated Development Environment (IDE), or another IDE, to assemble Java EE applications and modules. The NetBeans IDE is included in the tools bundle of the Java EE Software Development Kit (SDK). To download, see

`<http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javaee/downloads/index.html>`.

For additional information, see `<http://www.netbeans.org>`.

[[gikwq]][[GSDPG00330]][[eclipse-ide]]

## Eclipse IDE

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

In addition to the bundled NetBeans IDE, a plug-in for the Eclipse IDE extends GlassFish to the Eclipse community.

[[beaee]][[GSDPG00331]][[jsr-88-client]]

## JSR 88 Client

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

The syntax of the URI entry for the `getDeploymentManager` method is as follows:

[source,oac\_no\_warn]

----

deployer:Sun:AppServer::admin-host:admin-port[:https]

----

For example:

[source,oac\_no\_warn]

----

deployer:Sun:AppServer::localhost:4848:https

----

[[gipud]][[GSDPG00064]][[additional-information-on-application-deployment]]

## Additional Information on Application Deployment

~~~~~

As specified from Java EE 8 specifications, the relevant specifications are the following:

\* Java Platform, Enterprise Edition 8 Specification +  
 `<https://jcp.org/en/jsr/detail?id=366>`



```
* Java EE Application Deployment JSR 88 Specification +
`http://jcp.org/en/jsr/detail?id=88`
* Common Annotations for the Java Platform 1.6 Specification +
`http://jcp.org/en/jsr/detail?id=250`
* Java Servlet 3.0 Specification +
`http://jcp.org/en/jsr/detail?id=315`
* Enterprise JavaBeans 3.1 Specification +
`http://jcp.org/en/jsr/detail?id=318`
* Java EE Connector Architecture 1.6 Specification +
`http://jcp.org/en/jsr/detail?id=322`
```

The following product documentation might be relevant to some aspects of application deployment:

```
* link:../application-development-guide/toc.html#GSDVG[GlassFish Server Open Source
Edition Application
Development Guide]
* link:../administration-guide/toc.html#GSADG[GlassFish Server Open Source Edition
Administration Guide]
* link:../add-on-component-development-guide/toc.html#GSACG[GlassFish Server Open
Source Edition Add-On Component
Development Guide]
* link:../reference-manual/toc.html#GSRFM[GlassFish Server Open Source Edition
Reference Manual]
* GlassFish Server Administration Console online help
```

```
[[GSDPG00004]][[beact]]
```

```
[[deploying-applications]]
2 Deploying Applications
```

This chapter provides procedures and guidelines for deploying applications and modules in the GlassFish Server Open Source Edition environment by using the `asadmin` command-line utility.

The following topics are addressed here:

- [Deploying Applications and Modules](#)
- [Modifying the Configuration of a Web Application or Module](#)
- [Web Module Deployment Guidelines](#)
- [EJB Module Deployment Guidelines](#)
- [Deploying a Connector Module](#)

- [Assembling and Deploying an Application Client Module](#)
- [Lifecycle Module Deployment Guidelines](#)
- [Web Service Deployment Guidelines](#)
- [OSGi Bundle Deployment Guidelines](#)
- [Transparent JDBC Connection Pool Reconfiguration](#)
- [Application-Scoped Resources](#)

Instructions for accomplishing these tasks by using the Administration Console are contained in the Administration Console online help.

## Deploying Applications and Modules ~~~~~~

Application deployment is a dynamic process, which means that deployed applications and modules become available without requiring you to restart the server instance. Dynamic deployment can be useful in production environments to bring new applications and modules online easily. If you do restart the server, all deployed components are still deployed and available.

The following topics are addressed here:

- [To Deploy an Application or Module](#)
- [To Change Targets for a Deployed Application or Module](#)
- [To List Deployed Applications or Modules](#)
- [To Redeploy an Application or Module](#)
- [To Disable an Application or Module](#)
- [To Enable an Application or Module](#)
- [To Undeploy an Application or Module](#)
- [To Reload Changes to Applications or Modules Dynamically](#)
- [To Deploy an Application or Module Automatically](#)
- [To Deploy an Application or Module by Using a Deployment Plan](#)
- [To Deploy an Application or Module in a Directory Format](#)

Instructions for accomplishing these tasks by using the Administration Console are contained in the Administration Console online help.

## To Deploy an Application or Module ^~~~~~

Use the `deploy` subcommand in remote mode to deploy an assembled application or module to GlassFish Server. If an error occurs during deployment, the application or module is not deployed. If a module within an application contains an error, the entire application is not deployed. These failures prevent a partial deployment that could leave the server in an inconsistent state.

By default, the deployment target is the default server instance, `server`. To deploy only to the default server instance, specify no target. If you deploy the application or module only to the domain target, it exists in the domain central repository, but no server instances or clusters can reference the component unless you add references.

You can also deploy a component to a specific stand-alone server instance or cluster. When you deploy to server instances or clusters, the application or module exists in the domain's central repository and is referenced by any clusters or server instances that you deployed to. For a cluster, the preselected deployment target is `server`.

If the component is already deployed or already exists, you can forcefully redeploy if you set the `--force` option of the `deploy` subcommand to true. The `redeploy` subcommand also accomplishes this. See [Example 2-10](#). You can see the enabled or disabled status of an application or module by using the `show-component-status` subcommand.

For information about how the application or module name is derived, see [Naming Standards](#).

Use the `--altd` or `--runtimealtd` options of the `deploy` (and `redeploy`) subcommand to deploy an application or module using a top-level alternate deployment descriptor. The `--altd` option specifies a top-level alternate Java EE standard deployment descriptor. The `--runtimealtd` option specifies a top-level alternate GlassFish Server runtime deployment descriptor. See [Example 2-3](#). For more information about deployment descriptors associated with GlassFish Server, see [Deployment Descriptors and Annotations](#).

You can also specify the deployment order of an application by using the `--deploymentorder` option of the `deploy` (and `redeploy`) subcommand. This is useful for applications that must be loaded in a certain order at server startup. Applications with lower deployment order numbers are loaded first. See [Example 2-4](#). If a deployment order is not specified at the time an application is deployed, the default deployment order of 100 is assigned. If two applications have the same deployment order, the application that was deployed first is loaded first at server startup.

1. Ensure that the server is running.  
Remote commands require a running server.
2. List deployed applications by using the `list-applications` subcommand.
3. Deploy the application or module by using the `deploy` subcommand.  
Information about the options and properties of the subcommand is included in this help page.
4. If needed, fix issues and rerun the `deploy` subcommand.

### Example 2-1 Deploying an Enterprise Application

This example deploys `newApp.ear` to the default server, `server`.

```
asadmin> deploy Cart.ear
Application deployed successfully with name Cart.
Command deploy executed successfully
```

### Example 2-2 Deploying a Connector Module

This example deploys a connector module that is packaged in an RAR file.

```
asadmin> deploy jdbcra.rar
Application deployed successfully with name jdbcra.
Command deploy executed successfully
```

### Example 2-3 Using an Alternate Java EE Standard Deployment Descriptor

This example deploys an application using an alternate Java EE standard deployment descriptor file that resides outside of an application archive. Specify an absolute path or a relative path to the alternate deployment descriptor file.

```
asadmin> deploy --altdd path_to_alternate_descriptor cart.ear
Application deployed successfully with name cart.
Command deploy executed successfully
```

### Example 2-4 Specifying the Deployment Order of an Application

This example specifies the deployment order of two applications. The `cart` application is loaded before the `horse` application at server startup.

Some lines of output are omitted from this example for readability.

```
asadmin> deploy --deploymentorder 102 --name cart cart.war
...
asadmin> deploy --deploymentorder 110 --name horse horse.war
...
```

## See Also

You can also view the full syntax and options of the subcommand by typing `asadmin help deploy` at the command line.

## To Change Targets for a Deployed Application or Module ^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

After deployment, the deployed application or module exists in the central repository and can be referenced by the server instances or clusters that you deployed to as targets. The `asadmin create-application-ref` and `asadmin delete-application-ref` subcommands enable you to add or delete targets for a deployed component. Because the application or module itself is stored in the central repository, adding or deleting targets adds or deletes the same version of the component on different targets.

1. Ensure that the server is running.  
Remote commands require a running server.
2. Add and remove targets by using the `create-application-ref` and `delete-application-ref` subcommands.

## See Also

You can also view the full syntax and options of the subcommand by typing `asadmin help create-application-ref`` or `asadmin help delete-application-ref` at the command line.

## To List Deployed Applications or Modules ^^^^^^^^^^^^^^ ^

There are a number of commands that can be used to list deployed applications or modules and their subcomponents. Use the commands in this section in remote mode.

1. Ensure that the server is running.  
Remote commands require a running server.
2. List the desired applications by using the `list-applications` subcommand or the `list-sub-components` subcommand.  
Information about these commands is included in these help pages.
3. Show the status of a deployed component by using the `show-component-status` subcommand.

## Example 2-5 Listing Applications

The `list-applications` subcommand lists all deployed Java EE applications or modules. If the `--type` option is not specified, all components are listed. This example lists deployed applications.

```
asadmin> list-applications --type web
hellojsp <web>
Command list-applications executed successfully
```

### Example 2-6 Listing Subcomponents

The `list-sub-components` subcommand lists EJBs or servlets in a deployed module or in a module of the deployed application. If a module is not identified, all modules are listed. The `--appname` option functions only when the given module is standalone. To display a specific module in an application, you must specify the module name and the `--appname` option. This example gets the subcomponents of module `mejb.jar` within application `MEjbApp`.

```
asadmin> list-sub-components --appname MEjbApp mejb.jar
MEJBBean <StatelessSessionBean>
Command list-sub-components executed successfully
```

### Example 2-7 Showing Status of a Deployed Component

The `show-component-status` subcommand gets the status (enabled or disabled) of the deployed component. This example gets the status of the `MEjbApp` component.

```
asadmin show-component-status MEjbApp
Status of MEjbApp is enabled
Command show-component-status executed successfully
```

## To Redeploy an Application or Module <sup>^^^^^^^^^^</sup>

Use the `redeploy` subcommand in remote mode to overwrite a previously-deployed application or module. You can also accomplish this task by using the `--force` option of the `deploy` subcommand. Whenever a redeployment is done, the HTTP and SFSB sessions in transit at that time, and the EJB timers, become invalid unless you use the `--keepstate=true` option of the `redeploy` subcommand.

### Before You Begin

You must remove a preconfigured resource before it can be updated.

1. Ensure that the server is running.  
Remote commands require a running server.

2. Redeploy an application or module by using the `redeploy` subcommand or the `deploy` subcommand with the `--force` option.

Information about the options and properties of these commands is included in these help pages.

#### Example 2-8 Retaining HTTP Session State During Redeployment

This example redeploys the `hello` web application. In a production environment, you usually want to retain sessions. If you use the `--keepstate` option, active sessions of the application are retained and restored when redeployment is complete.

```
asadmin> redeploy --name hello --keepstate=true hello.war
Application deployed successfully with name hello.
Command redeploy executed successfully.
```

Keep State is a checkbox option when you redeploy using the Administration Console. For instructions, see the Administration Console online help.

#### Example 2-9 Redeploying a Web Application That Was Deployed From a Directory

This example redeploys the `hello` web application, which was originally deployed from the `hellodir` directory.

```
asadmin> redeploy --name hellodir
Application deployed successfully with name hellodir.
Command redeploy executed successfully.
```

#### Example 2-10 Redeploying an Application by Using `asadmin deploy --force`

The `--force` option is set to `false` by default. This example redeploys `newApp.ear` even if has been deployed or already exists.

```
asadmin> deploy --force=true newApp.ear
Application deployed successfully with name newApp.
Command deploy executed successfully.
```

See Also

You can also view the full syntax and options of the subcommand by typing `asadmin help redeploy` at the command line.

## To Disable an Application or Module ^^^^^^^^^^^ ^^

Use the `disable` subcommand in remote mode to immediately deactivate a deployed application or module without removing it from the server. Disabling a component makes the component inaccessible to clients. However, the component is not overwritten or uninstalled, and can be enabled by using the `asadmin enable` subcommand.

An application or module is enabled by default.

1. Ensure that the server is running.  
Remote commands require a running server.
2. Obtain the exact name of the application or module that you are disabling.  
To list deployed applications or modules, use the `list-applications` subcommand. If you do not specify a type, all deployed applications and modules are listed. For example, valid types can be `web`, `ejb`, `connector`, `application`, and `webservice`.  
To see the status of deployed components, use the `show-component-status` subcommand.
3. Deactivate the application or module by using the `disable` subcommand.  
Information about the options and properties of the subcommand is included in this help page.

### Example 2-11 Listing Deployed Web Applications

This example lists all deployed web applications.

```
asadmin> list-applications --type web
hellojsp <web>
Command list-applications executed successfully.
```

### Example 2-12 Disabling a Web Application

This example disables the `hellojsp` application.

```
asadmin> disable hellojsp
Command disable executed successfully.
```

See Also



You can also view the full syntax and options of the subcommand by typing `asadmin help disable` at the command line.

### To Enable an Application or Module <sup>^^^^^^^^^^^</sup>^

An enabled application or module is runnable and can be accessed by clients if it has been deployed to an accessible server instance or cluster. An application or module is enabled by default. Use the `enable` subcommand in remote mode to enable an application or module that has been disabled.

An application or module that is deployed to more than one target can be enabled on one target and disabled on another. If a component is referenced by a target, it is not available to users unless it is enabled on that target.

1. Ensure that the server is running.

Remote commands require a running server.

2. Enable the application or module by using the `enable` subcommand.

If the component has not been deployed, an error message is displayed. If the component is already enabled, it is re-enabled. To see the status of deployed components, use the `show-component-status` subcommand.

Information about the options and properties of the subcommand is included in this help page.

### Example 2-13 Enabling an Application

This example enables the `sampleApp` application.

```
asadmin> enable sampleApp
Command enable executed successfully.
```

### See Also

You can also view the full syntax and options of the subcommand by typing `asadmin help enable` at the command line.

### To Undeploy an Application or Module <sup>^^^^^^^^^^^^</sup>

Use the `undeploy` subcommand in remote mode to uninstall a deployed application or module and remove it from the repository. To reinstate the component, you must deploy the component again using the `deploy` subcommand.

1. Ensure that the server is running.  
Remote commands require a running server.
2. Obtain the exact name of the application or module you are undeploying.  
To list deployed applications or modules, use the `list-applications` subcommand. If you do not specify a type, all deployed applications and modules are listed. For example, valid types can be `web`, `ejb`, `connector`, `application`, and `webservice`.  
To see the status of deployed components, use the `show-component-status` subcommand.
3. Undeploy the application or module by using the `undeploy` subcommand.  
Information about the options and properties of the subcommand is included in this help page.

#### Example 2-14 Listing Deployed Applications or Modules

This example lists all applications of type `web`.

```
asadmin> list-applications --type web
hellojsp <web>
Command list-applications executed successfully.
```

#### Example 2-15 Undeploying an Application

This example uninstalls the `hellojsp` application.

```
asadmin> undeploy hellojsp
hellojsp <web>
Command undeploy executed successfully.
```

#### See Also

You can also view the full syntax and options of the subcommand by typing `asadmin help undeploy` at the command line.

#### To Reload Changes to Applications or Modules Dynamically <sup>^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^ ^^</sup>

Dynamic reloading enables you to change the code or deployment descriptors of an application or module without needing to perform an explicit redeployment. Instead, you can copy the changed class files or descriptors into the deployment directory for the application or module. The server checks for changes periodically and automatically redeploys the changes if the timestamp of the

`.reload` file in the root directory for the application or module has changed.

Dynamic reloading is enabled by default, and is available only on the default server instance.

1. Go to the root directory of the deployed application or module.

For an application:

```
domain-dir/applications/app-name
```

For an individually deployed module:

```
domain-dir/applications/module-name
```



Deployment directories might change between GlassFish Server releases.

1. Create or update the timestamp of the `.reload` file to load the changes.

For UNIX: `touch .reload`

For Windows: `echo> .reload`

If the `.reload` file doesn't exist, the `touch` or `echo` command creates it.

To Deploy an Application or Module Automatically ^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^



This task is best suited for use in a development environment.

Automatic deployment involves copying an archive file into a special autodeploy directory where the archive is automatically deployed by GlassFish Server at predefined intervals. This method is useful in a development environment because it allows new code to be tested quickly. Automatic deployment is enabled by default, and is available only on the default server instance.

1. Use the `set` subcommand to adjust the autodeployment interval.  
This sets the interval at which applications and modules are checked for code changes and dynamically reloaded. The default is `2`.
2. Use the `set` subcommand to enable JSP precompilation.
3. Copy your archive file to the autodeploy directory.  
The default location is `domain-dir`/autodeploy``. The application will be deployed at the next interval.  
To undeploy an automatically deployed application or module, remove its archive file from the autodeploy directory.



Deployment directories might change between GlassFish Server releases.

### Example 2-16 Setting the Autodeployment Interval

This example sets the autodeployment interval to 3 seconds (default is 2).

```
asadmin> set server.admin-service.das-config.autodeploy-polling-interval-in-seconds=3
Command set executed successfully.
```

### Example 2-17 Setting JSP Precompilation

This example enables JSP precompilation (default is false).

```
asadmin>
set server.admin-service.das-config.autodeploy-jsp-precompilation-enabled=true
Command set executed successfully.
```

#### See Also

You can also view the full syntax and options of the subcommand by typing `asadmin set --help` at the command line.

### To Deploy an Application or Module by Using a Deployment Plan <sup>^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^</sup>^

In the deployment plan for an EAR file, the `glassfish-application.xml` file is located at the root. The deployment descriptor for each module is stored according to this syntax: `module-name.gf-dd-name`, where the `gf-dd-name` depends on the module type. If a module named `MyModule` contains a CMP mappings file, the file is named `MyModule.sun-cmp-mappings.xml`. A `.dbschema` file is stored at the root level. Each `/` (forward slash) is replaced by a `#` (pound sign).

1. Ensure that the server is running.  
Remote commands require a running server.
2. Deploy the application or module by using the `deploy` subcommand with the `--deploymentplan` option.



Deployment directories might change between GlassFish Server releases.

### Example 2-18 Deploying by Using a Deployment Plan

This example deploys the application in the `myrostattapp.ear` file according to the plan specified by the `mydeployplan.jar` file.

```
asadmin>deploy --deploymentplan mydeployplan.jar myrostattapp.ear
Application deployed successfully with name myrostattapp.
Command deploy executed successfully.
```

### Example 2-19 Deployment Plan Structure for an Enterprise Application

This listing shows the structure of the deployment plan JAR file for an EAR file.

```
$ jar -tvf mydeployplan.jar
420 Thu Mar 13 15:37:48 PST 2003 glassfish-application.xml
370 Thu Mar 13 15:37:48 PST 2003 RosterClient.war.glassfish-web.xml
418 Thu Mar 13 15:37:48 PST 2003 roster-ac.jar.glassfish-application-client.xml
1281 Thu Mar 13 15:37:48 PST 2003 roster-ejb.jar.glassfish-ejb-jar.xml
2317 Thu Mar 13 15:37:48 PST 2003 team-ejb.jar.glassfish-ejb-jar.xml
3432 Thu Mar 13 15:37:48 PST 2003 team-ejb.jar.sun-cmp-mappings.xml
84805 Thu Mar 13 15:37:48 PST 2003 team-ejb.jar.RosterSchema.dbschema
```

### Example 2-20 Deployment Plan Structure for an EJB Module

In the deployment plan for an EJB module, the deployment descriptor that is specific to GlassFish Server is at the root level. If a standalone EJB module contains a CMP bean, the deployment plan includes the `sun-cmp-mappings.xml` and `.dbschema` files at the root level. In the following listing, the deployment plan describes a CMP bean:

```
$ jar r -tvf myotherplan.jar
3603 Thu Mar 13 15:24:20 PST 2003 glassfish-ejb-jar.xml
3432 Thu Mar 13 15:24:20 PST 2003 sun-cmp-mappings.xml
84805 Thu Mar 13 15:24:20 PST 2003 RosterSchema.dbschema
```

#### See Also

The deployment plan is part of the implementation of JSR 88. For more information about JSR 88, see [JSR 88 Naming](#) and the JSR 88 page at <http://jcp.org/en/jsr/detail?id=88>.

To Deploy an Application or Module in a Directory Format ^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^ ^^



This task is best suited for use in a development environment.

An expanded directory, also known as an exploded directory, contains an unassembled (unpackaged) application or module. To deploy a directory format instead of an archive, file, use the `asadmin deploy` subcommand in remote mode and specify a path to a directory instead of to an archive file. The contents of the directory must be the same as the contents of a corresponding archive file, with one exception. An application archive file contains archive files for its modules, for example `myUI.war` and `myEJB.jar`. The expanded application directory contains expanded directories for the modules, for example `myUI_war` and `myEJB_jar`, instead. .

You can change deployment descriptor files directly in the expanded directory.

If your environment is configured to use dynamic reloading, you can also dynamically reload applications or modules that are deployed from the directory. For instructions, see [To Reload Changes to Applications or Modules Dynamically](#).

Unlike archive file deployment, directory deployment does not copy the directory contents to the remote hosts. This means that for deployment to a cluster, the directory path may exist for both the DAS and the remote server instances but may not actually correspond to the same physical location. If any target server instance cannot see the deployed directory, or finds that it contains different files from those detected by the DAS, deployment fails.

Integrated development environments (IDEs) typically use directory deployment, so you do not need to deal directly with the expanded format.

### Before You Begin

On each cluster or stand-alone server instance to which the application or module is deployed, the directory must be accessible and must contain the same files as found by the DAS.

On Windows, if you are deploying a directory on a mapped drive, you must be running GlassFish Server as the same user to which the mapped drive is assigned. This enables GlassFish Server to access the directory.

1. Ensure that the server is running.  
Remote commands require a running server.
2. Verify that the expanded directory contents match the archive file.  
For information about the required directory contents, see the appropriate specifications.
3. Deploy the directory by using the `deploy` subcommand and specifying the path to the expanded directory.



Deployment directories might change between GlassFish Server releases.

## Example 2-21 Deploying an Application From a Directory

This example deploys the expanded directory `/apps/MyApp` for the `hello` application.

```
asadmin> deploy --name hello /apps/MyApp
Application deployed successfully with name hello.
Command deploy executed successfully.
```

### See Also

You can also view the full syntax and options of the subcommand by typing `asadmin help deploy` at the command line.

## Modifying the Configuration of a Web Application or Module ~~~~~

You can modify the configuration of a web application or a module by modifying the deployment descriptors and then repackaging and redeploying the application.

The instructions in this section enable you to change the configuration of a deployed application without the need to modify the application's deployment descriptors and repackage and redeploy the application. If the application or module entry is unset, its value reverts to the value, if any, that is set in the application's deployment descriptor.

The following topics are addressed here:

- [To Set a Web Context Parameter](#)
- [To Unset a Web Context Parameter](#)
- [To List Web Context Parameters](#)
- [To Set a Web Environment Entry](#)
- [To Unset a Web Environment Entry](#)
- [To List Web Environment Entries](#)

### To Set a Web Context Parameter ^^^^^^^

Use the `set-web-context-param` subcommand in remote mode to change the configuration of a deployed application without the need to modify the application's deployment descriptors and repackage and redeploy the application. By using this subcommand, you are either adding a new parameter that did not appear in the original web module's descriptor, or overriding the descriptor's setting of the parameter.

If the `--ignoreDescriptorItem` option is set to `true`, then the server ignores any setting for that

context parameter in the descriptor, which means you do not need to specify an overriding value on the `set-web-context-param` subcommand. The server behaves as if the descriptor had never contained a setting for that context parameter.

This subcommand sets a servlet context-initialization parameter of one of the following items:

- A deployed web application
- A web module in a deployed Java Platform, Enterprise Edition (Java EE) application

### Before You Begin

The application must already be deployed. Otherwise, an error occurs.

1. Ensure that the server is running.  
Remote commands require a running server.
2. Set a servlet context-initialization parameter by using the `set-web-context-param` subcommand.  
Information about the options for the subcommand is included in this help page.

### Example 2-22 Setting a Servlet Context-Initialization Parameter for a Web Application

This example sets the servlet context-initialization parameter `javax.faces.STATE_SAVING_METHOD` of the web application `basic-ezcomp` to `client`.

```
asadmin> set-web-context-param --name=javax.faces.STATE_SAVING_METHOD
--description="The location where the application?s state is preserved"
--value=client basic-ezcomp
Command set-web-context-param executed successfully.
```

### See Also

You can also view the full syntax and options of the subcommand by typing `asadmin help set-web-context-param` at the command line.

### To Unset a Web Context Parameter ^^^^^^^^ ^^

Use the `unset-web-context-param` subcommand in remote mode to unset an environment entry for a deployed web application or module that has been set by using the `set-web-env-entry` subcommand. There is no need to modify the application's deployment descriptors and repackage and redeploy the application.

This subcommand unsets an environment entry for one of the following items:



- A deployed web application
- A web module in a deployed Java Platform, Enterprise Edition (Java EE) application

When an entry is unset, its value reverts to the value, if any, that is set in the application's deployment descriptor. This subcommand cannot be used to change the value of an environment entry that is set in an application's deployment descriptor. Instead, use the `set-web-context-param` subcommand for this purpose.

### Before You Begin

The application must already be deployed, and the entry must have previously been set by using the `set-web-env-entry` subcommand. Otherwise, an error occurs.

1. Ensure that the server is running.  
Remote commands require a running server.
2. Unset an environment entry by using the `unset-web-context-param` subcommand.  
Information about the options for the subcommand is included in this help page.

### Example 2-23 Unsetting a Servlet Context-Initialization Parameter for a Web Application

This example unsets the servlet context-initialization parameter `javax.faces.STATE_SAVING_METHOD` of the web application `basic-ezcomp`.

```
asadmin> unset-web-context-param
--name=javax.faces.STATE_SAVING_METHOD basic-ezcomp
Command unset-web-context-param executed successfully.
```

### See Also

You can also view the full syntax and options of the subcommand by typing `asadmin help unset-web-context-param` at the command line.

### To List Web Context Parameters ^^^^^^^

Use the `list-web-context-param` subcommand in remote mode to list the parameters that have previously been set by using the `set-web-context-param` subcommand. The subcommand does not list parameters that are set only in the application's deployment descriptor. For each parameter, the following information is displayed:

- The name of the parameter
- The value to which the parameter is set

- The value of the `--ignoreDescriptorItem` option of the `set-web-context-param` subcommand that was specified when the parameter was set
- The description of the parameter or `null` if no description was specified when the parameter was set
  1. Ensure that the server is running.  
Remote commands require a running server.
  2. List servlet context-initialization parameters by using the `list-web-context-param` subcommand.

### Example 2-24 Listing Servlet Context-Initialization Parameters for a Web Application

This example lists all servlet context-initialization parameters of the web application `basic-ezcomp` that have been set by using the `set-web-context-param` subcommand. Because no description was specified when the `javax.faces.PROJECT_STAGE` parameter was set, `null` is displayed instead of a description for this parameter.

```
asadmin> list-web-context-param basic-ezcomp
javax.faces.STATE_SAVING_METHOD = client ignoreDescriptorItem=false
//The location where the application's state is preserved
javax.faces.PROJECT_STAGE = null ignoreDescriptorItem=true //null
Command list-web-context-param executed successfully.
```

### See Also

You can also view the full syntax and options of the subcommand by typing `asadmin help list-web-context-param` at the command line.

### To Set a Web Environment Entry <sup>^^^^^^^^</sup>

An application uses the values of environment entries to customize its behavior or presentation. Use the `set-web-env-entry` subcommand in remote mode to change the configuration of a deployed application without the need to modify the application's deployment descriptors and repackage and redeploy the application. By using this subcommand, you are either adding a new parameter that did not appear in the original web module's descriptor, or overriding the descriptor's setting of the parameter.

If you the `--ignoreDescriptorItem` option is set to `true`, then the server ignores any setting for that environment entry in the descriptor, which means you do not need to specify an overriding value on the `set-web-env-entry` subcommand. The server behaves as if the descriptor had never contained a setting for that environment entry.

This subcommand sets an environment entry for one of the following items:

- A deployed web application
- A web module in a deployed Java Platform, Enterprise Edition (Java EE) application

### Before You Begin

The application must already be deployed. Otherwise, an error occurs.

1. Ensure that the server is running.  
Remote commands require a running server.
2. Set an environment entry for a deployed web application or module by using the `set-web-env-entry` subcommand.  
Information about the options for the subcommand is included in this help page.

### Example 2-25 Setting an Environment Entry for a Web Application

This example sets the environment entry `Hello User` of the application `hello` to `techscribe`. The Java type of this entry is `java.lang.String`.

```
asadmin> set-web-env-entry --name="Hello User"
--type=java.lang.String --value=techscribe
--description="User authentication for Hello application" hello
Command set-web-env-entry executed successfully
```

### See Also

You can also view the full syntax and options of the subcommand by typing `asadmin help set-web-env-entry` at the command line.

### To Unset a Web Environment Entry <sup>^^^^^^^^^^</sup>^^

Use the `unset-web-env-entry` subcommand in remote mode to unset an environment entry for a deployed web application or module.

1. Ensure that the server is running.  
Remote commands require a running server.
2. Unset a web environment entry by using the `unset-web-env-entry` subcommand.  
Information about the options for the subcommand is included in this help page.

### Example 2-26 Unsetting an Environment Entry for a Web Application

This example unsets the environment entry `Hello User` of the web application `hello`.

```
asadmin> unset-web-env-entry --name="Hello User" hello
Command unset-web-env-entry executed successfully.
```

#### See Also

You can also view the full syntax and options of the subcommand by typing `asadmin help unset-web-env-entry` at the command line.

### To List Web Environment Entries <sup>^^^^^^^^^</sup>^

Use the `list-web-env-entry` subcommand to list environment entries for a deployed web application or module. For each entry, the following information is displayed:

- The name of the entry
- The Java type of the entry
- The value to which the entry is set
- The description of the entry or null if no description was specified when the entry was set
- The value of the `--ignoreDescriptorItem` option of the `set-web-env-entry` subcommand that was specified when the entry was set
  1. Ensure that the server is running.  
Remote commands require a running server.
  2. List the environment entries by using the `list-web-env-entry` subcommand.

### Example 2-27 Listing Environment Entries for a Web Application

This example lists all environment entries that have been set for the web application `hello` by using the `set-web-env-entry` subcommand.

```
asadmin> list-web-env-entry hello
Hello User (java.lang.String) = techscribe ignoreDescriptorItem=false
//User authentication for Hello application
Hello Port (java.lang.Integer) = null ignoreDescriptorItem=true //null
Command list-web-env-entry executed successfully.
```

#### See Also

You can also view the full syntax and options of the subcommand by typing `asadmin help list-web-env-entry` at the command line.

## Web Module Deployment Guidelines ~~~~~~

The following guidelines apply to deploying a web module in GlassFish Server:

- **Context Root.** When you deploy a web module, if you do not specify a context root, the default is the name of the WAR file without the `.war` extension. The web module context root must be unique within the server instance.

The domain administration server (DAS) in GlassFish Server versions 2.1.1 and later supports the deployment of multiple web applications using the same web context root as long as those applications are deployed to different GlassFish Server stand-alone instances. Deploying multiple applications using the same context root within a single instance produces an error.

- **Data Source.** If a web application accesses a `DataSource` that is not specified in a `resource-ref` in `glassfish-web.xml`, or there is no `glassfish-web.xml` file, the `resource-ref-name` defined in `web.xml` is used. A warning message is logged, recording the JNDI name that was used to look up the resource.
- **Virtual Servers.** If you deploy a web application and do not specify any assigned virtual servers, the web application is assigned to all currently-defined virtual servers with the exception of the virtual server with ID `__asadmin`, which is reserved for administrative purposes. If you then create additional virtual servers and want to assign existing web applications to them, you must redeploy the web applications.
- **HTTP Sessions.** If a web application is undeployed, all its HTTP sessions will be invalidated and removed, unless the application is being undeployed as part of a redeployment and the `--keepstate` deployment option was set to true. This option is not supported and ignored in a clustered environment. See [Example 2-8](#).

For information about HTTP session persistence, see the [GlassFish Server Open Source Edition High Availability Administration Guide](#).

- **Load Balancing.** See the [GlassFish Server Open Source Edition High Availability Administration Guide](#) for information about load balancing.
- **JSP Precompilation.** You can precompile JSP files during deployment by checking the appropriate box in the Administration Console, or by using the `--precompilejsp` option of the `deploy` subcommand.

You can keep the generated source for JSP files by adding the `keepgenerated` flag to the `jsp-config` element in `glassfish-web.xml`. For example:

```
<glassfish-web-app>
...
<jsp-config>
 <property name=keepgenerated value=true />
</jsp-config>
</glassfish-web-app>
```

If you include this property when you deploy the WAR file, the generated source is kept in `domain-dir`/generated/jsp/app-name/module-name` for an application, or `domain-dir`/generated/jsp/module-name` for an individually-deployed web module.

For more information about JSP precompilation, see ``jsp-config`. \* Web Context Parameters. You can set web context parameters after deployment. See the following sections:

- [To Set a Web Context Parameter](#)
- [To Unset a Web Context Parameter](#)
- [To List Web Context Parameters](#)
  - Web Environment Entries. You can set web environment entries after deployment. See the following sections:
- [To Set a Web Environment Entry](#)
- [To Unset a Web Environment Entry](#)
- [To List Web Environment Entries](#)

## EJB Module Deployment Guidelines ~~~~~~



The GlassFish Server Web Profile supports the EJB 3.1 Lite specification, which allows enterprise beans within web applications, among other features. The GlassFish Server Full Platform Profile supports the entire EJB 3.1 specification. For details, see [JSR 318](#)

The following guidelines apply to deploying an EJB module in GlassFish Server:

- **JNDI Name.** — If no JNDI name for the EJB JAR module is specified in the `jndi-name` element immediately under the `ejb` element in `glassfish-ejb-jar.xml`, or there is no `glassfish-ejb-jar.xml` file, a default, non-clashing JNDI name is derived. A warning message is logged, recording the JNDI name used to look up the EJB JAR module.  
Because the EJB 3.1 specification defines portable EJB JNDI names, there is less need for GlassFish Server specific JNDI names. By default, GlassFish Server specific default JNDI names are applied automatically for backward compatibility. To disable GlassFish Server specific JNDI names for an EJB module, set the value of the `<disable-nonportable-jndi-names>` element in the `glassfish-ejb-jar.xml` file to `true`. The default is `false`.

- **Stateful Session Bean and Timer State.** — Use the `--keepstate` option of the `redeploy` subcommand or the `<keepstate>` element in the `glassfish-ejb-jar.xml` file to retain stateful session bean instances and persistently created EJB timers across redeployments. The `--keepstate` option of the `redeploy` subcommand takes precedence. The default for both is `false`. This option is not supported and ignored in a clustered environment.  
Some changes to an application between redeployments can prevent this feature from working properly. For example, do not change the set of instance variables in the SFSB bean class. Other examples would be changes to EJB names, or adding or removing EJBs to or from an application.
- **EJB Singletons.** — EJB Singletons are created for each server instance in a cluster, and not once per cluster.
- **Stubs and Ties.** — Use the `get-client-stubs` subcommand in remote mode to retrieve stubs and ties.
- **Compatibility of JAR Visibility Requirements.** — Use the `compatibility` element of the `glassfish-application.xml` or `glassfish-ejb-jar.xml` file to specify the GlassFish Server release with which to be backward compatible in terms of JAR visibility requirements for applications. The current allowed value is `v2`, which refers to GlassFish Server version 2 or GlassFish Server version 9.1 or 9.1.1. Starting in Java EE 6, the Java EE specification imposes stricter requirements than Java EE 5 did on which JAR files can be visible to various modules within an EAR file. Setting this element to `v2` removes these Java EE 6 and later restrictions.

## Deploying a Connector Module ~~~~~

Deploying a stand-alone connector module allows multiple deployed Java EE applications to share the connector module. A resource adapter configuration is automatically created for the connector module.

The following topics are addressed here:

- [To Deploy and Configure a Stand-Alone Connector Module](#)
- [Redeploying a Stand-Alone Connector Module](#)
- [Deploying and Configuring an Embedded Resource Adapter](#)

## To Deploy and Configure a Stand-Alone Connector Module ^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

As an alternative to Step 3 through Step 6, you can define application-scoped resources in the `glassfish-resources.xml` deployment descriptor. For more information, see [Application-Scoped Resources](#).

1. Ensure that the server is running.  
Remote commands require a running server.

2. Deploy the connector module by using the `deploy` subcommand.
3.
  - Configure connector connection pools for the deployed connector module.
  - Use the `create-connector-connection-pool` subcommand. For procedures, see "[To Create a Connector Connection Pool](#)" in GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Administration Guide.
4. Configure connector resources for the connector connection pools.
  - Use the `create-resource-adapter-config` subcommand. For procedures, see "[To Create Configuration Information for a Resource Adapter](#)" in GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Administration Guide. If needed, you can override the default configuration properties of a resource adapter.
  - This step associates a connector resource with a JNDI name.
5. Configure a resource adapter.
  - Use the `create-resource-adapter-config` subcommand. For procedures, see "[To Create Configuration Information for a Resource Adapter](#)" in GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Administration Guide. If needed, you can override the default configuration properties of a resource adapter.
6.
  - If needed, create an administered object for an inbound resource adapter.
  - Use the `create-admin-object` subcommand. For procedures, see "[To Create an Administered Object](#)" in GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Administration Guide.

## Redeploying a Stand-Alone Connector Module ^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

Redeployment of a connector module maintains all connector connection pools, connector resources, and administered objects defined for the previously deployed connector module. You do not need to reconfigure any of these resources.

However, you should redeploy any dependent modules. A dependent module uses or refers to a connector resource of the redeployed connector module. Redeployment of a connector module results in the shared class loader reloading the new classes. Other modules that refer to the old resource adapter classes must be redeployed to gain access to the new classes. For more information about class loaders, see "[Class Loaders](#)" in GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Application Development Guide.

During connector module redeployment, the server log provides a warning indicating that all dependent applications should be redeployed. Client applications or application components using the connector module's resources may throw class cast exceptions if dependent applications are not redeployed after connector module redeployment.

To disable automatic redeployment, set the `--force` option to `false`. In this case, if the connector module has already been deployed, GlassFish Server provides an error message.



## Deploying and Configuring an Embedded Resource Adapter <sup>^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^</sup>

A connector module can be deployed as a Java EE component in a Java EE application. Such connectors are only visible to components residing in the same Java EE application. Deploy this application as you would any other Java EE application.

You can create new connector connection pools and connector resources for a connector module embedded within a Java EE application by prefixing the connector name with app-name`. For example, if an application `appX.ear has jdbcra.rar embedded within it, the connector connection pools and connector resources refer to the connector module as appX#jdbcra.

An embedded connector module cannot be undeployed using the name app-name`#`connector-name. To undeploy the connector module, you must undeploy the application in which it is embedded.

The association between the physical JNDI name for the connector module in GlassFish Server and the logical JNDI name used in the application component is specified in the GlassFish Server-specific XML descriptor `glassfish-ejb-jar.xml`.

## Assembling and Deploying an Application Client Module <sup>~~~~~</sup>

Deployment is necessary for application clients that communicate with EJB components or that use Java Web Start launch support. Java Web Start is supported for application clients and for applications that contain application clients. By default, Java Web Start is enabled in application clients and in GlassFish Server.



The Application Client Container is supported only in the GlassFish Server Full Platform Profile, not in the Web Profile.

The following topics are addressed here:

- [To Assemble and Deploy an Application Client](#)
- [To Prepare Another Machine for Running an Application Client](#)
- [To Undeploy an Application Client](#)

## To Assemble and Deploy an Application Client <sup>^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^</sup>

1. Assemble the necessary client components.  
The client JAR file is created.
2. Assemble the EJB components that are to be accessed by the client.  
The EJB JAR file is created.

3. Assemble the client and EJB JAR files together in an EAR.  
An EAR file contains all the components of the application.
4. Deploy the application.  
Instructions are contained in [To Deploy an Application or Module](#).
5. If you are using the `appclient` script to run the application client, retrieve the client files.  
The client artifacts contain the ties and necessary classes for the application client. In this release of GlassFish Server, the client artifacts include multiple files. You can use either the `get-client-stubs` subcommand or the `--retrieve` option of the `deploy` subcommand, but you do not need to use both.
  - Use the `deploy` subcommand with the `--retrieve` option to retrieve the client files as part of deploying the application.
  - Use the `get-client-stubs` subcommand to retrieve client files for a previously-deployed application.
6. Test the client on the GlassFish Server machine in one of the following ways:
  - If Java Web Start is enabled for the application client, use the Launch link on the Application Client Modules.
  - Run an application client by using the `appclient` script.  
The `appclient` script is located in the `as-install\bin` directory.  
If you are using the default server instance, the only required option is `-client`, which points to the client JAR file. For example:

```
appclient -client converterClient.jar
```

The `-xml` parameter, which specifies the location of the `sun-acc.xml` file, is also required if you are not using the default instance.

See Also

For more detailed information about the `appclient` script, see [appclient\(1M\)](#).

For more detailed information about creating application clients, see "[Developing Java Clients](#)" in GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Application Development Guide. This chapter includes information on the following topics:

- Accessing EJB components and JMS resources from application clients
- Connecting to a remote EJB module through a firewall
- Using Java Web Start and creating a custom JNLP file
- Using libraries with application clients
- Specifying a splash screen, login retries, and other customizations

## To Prepare Another Machine for Running an Application Client <sup>^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^</sup>

If Java Web Start is enabled, the default URL format for an application is `http://`host:port/`context-root`. For example:

```
http://localhost:80/myapp
```

The default URL format for a standalone application client module is `http://`host:port/`module-id`. For example:

```
http://localhost:80/myclient
```

To set a different URL for an application client, set the `context-root` subelement of the `java-web-start-access` element in the `glassfish-application-client.xml` file.

If the context-root or module-id is not specified during deployment, the name of the EAR or JAR file without the `.ear` or `.jar` extension is used. For an application, the relative path to the application client JAR file is also included. If the application or module is not in EAR or JAR file format, a context-root or module-id is generated. Regardless of how the context-root or module-id is determined, it is written to the server log. For details about naming, see [Naming Standards](#).

### Before You Begin

This task applies if you want to use the `appclient` script to run the application client on a system other than where the server runs.

1. Create the application client package JAR file.  
Use the `package-appclient` script in the `as-install`/bin`` directory. This JAR file is created in the `as-install`/lib/appclient`` directory.
2. Copy the application client package JAR file to the client machine.
3. Extract the contents of the JAR file.  
For example: `jar xf filename`.jar``
4. Configure the `sun-acc.xml` file.  
If you used the `package-appclient` script, this file is located in the `appclient/appserv/lib/appclient` directory by default.
5. Configure the `asenv.conf` (`asenv.bat` on Windows) file.  
This file is located in `appclient/appserv/bin` by default if you used the `package-appclient` script.
6. Copy the client JAR file to the client machine.  
You are now ready to run the client.

### See Also

For more detailed information about Java Web Start and the `package-appclient` script, see `appclient(1M)`.

## To Undeploy an Application Client ^^^^^^^^^

After application clients are downloaded, they remain on the client until they are manually removed. Use the Java Web Start control panel to discard downloaded application clients that used Java Web Start.

If you undeploy an application client, you can no longer use Java Web Start, or any other mechanism, to download that application client because it might be in an inconsistent state. If you try to launch an application client that was previously downloaded (even though the server side of the application client is no longer present), the results are unpredictable unless the application client has been written to tolerate such situations.

You can write your application client so that it detects failures in contacting server-side components, but continues running. In this case, Java Web Start can run an undeployed application client while the client is cached locally. For example, your application client can be written to detect and then recover from `javax.naming.NamingException` when locating a resource, or from `java.rmi.RemoteException` when referring to a previously-located resource that becomes inaccessible.

## Lifecycle Module Deployment Guidelines ~~~~~

A lifecycle module, also called a lifecycle listener module, provides a means of running long or short Java-based tasks within the GlassFish Server environment, such as instantiation of singletons or RMI servers. Lifecycle modules are automatically initiated at server startup and are notified at various phases of the server life cycle. All lifecycle module interfaces are in the `as-install/modules/glassfish-api.jar` file.

For general information about lifecycle modules, see "[Developing Lifecycle Listeners](#)" in GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Application Development Guide.

You can deploy a lifecycle module using the `create-lifecycle-module` subcommand. Do not use `asadmin deploy` or related commands.

You do not need to specify a classpath for the lifecycle module if you place it in the `domain-dir/lib` or `domain-dir/lib/classes` directory for the Domain Administration Server (DAS). Do not place it in the `lib` directory for a particular server instance, or it will be deleted when that instance synchronizes with the GlassFish Server.

After you deploy a lifecycle module, you must restart the server. During server initialization, the server instantiates the module and registers it as a lifecycle event listener.



If the `--failurefatal` option of `create-lifecycle-module` is set to `true` (the default is `false`), lifecycle module failure prevents server initialization or startup, but not shutdown or termination.

## Web Service Deployment Guidelines ~~~~~



If you installed the Web Profile, web services are not supported unless the optional Metro Web Services Stack add-on component is downloaded. Without the Metro add-on component, a servlet or EJB component cannot be a web service endpoint, and the `glassfish-web.xml` and `glassfish-ejb-jar.xml` elements related to web services are ignored.

The following guidelines apply when deploying a web service in GlassFish Server:

- **Web Service Endpoint.** Deploy a web service endpoint to GlassFish Server as you would any servlet or stateless session bean. If the deployed application or module has a web service endpoint, the endpoint is detected automatically during deployment. The GlassFish Server-specific deployment descriptor files, `glassfish-web.xml` and `glassfish-ejb-jar.xml`, provide optional web service enhancements in their `webservice-endpoint` and `webservice-description` elements.
- **Web Service Management.** Web service management is fully supported in the Administration Console. After the application or module is deployed, click the Web Service component. The table in the right frame lists deployed web service endpoints.

For more information about web services, see "[Developing Web Services](#)" in GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Application Development Guide.

## OSGi Bundle Deployment Guidelines ~~~~~

To deploy an OSGi bundle using the Administration Console, select Other from the Type drop-down list and check the OSGi Type checkbox.

To deploy an OSGi bundle using the `asadmin deploy` command, set the `--type` option to the value `osgi`. For example:

```
asadmin> deploy --type=osgi MyBundle.jar
```

To automatically deploy an OSGi bundle, copy the bundle archive to the `domain-dir`/autodeploy/bundles`` directory.



For components packaged as OSGi bundles (`--type=osgi`), the `deploy` subcommand accepts properties arguments to wrap a WAR file as a WAB (Web Application Bundle) at the time of deployment. The subcommand looks for a key named `UriScheme` and, if present, uses the key as a URL stream handler to decorate the input stream. Other properties are used in the decoration process. For example, the GlassFish Server OSGi web container registers a URL stream handler named `webbundle`, which is used to wrap a plain WAR file as a WAB.

## Transparent JDBC Connection Pool Reconfiguration ~~~~~

In this GlassFish Server release, reconfiguration of a JDBC connection pool due to attribute or property changes can be transparent to the applications or modules that use the pool, even if pool reconfiguration results in pool recreation. You do not need to redeploy the application or module.

To enable transparent pool reconfiguration, set the `dynamic-reconfiguration-wait-timeout-in-seconds` property. This property specifies the timeout for dynamic reconfiguration of the pool. In-progress connection requests must complete before this timeout expires or they must be retried. New connection requests wait for this timeout to expire before acquiring connections to the reconfigured pool. If this property exists and has a positive value, it is enabled.

You can set this property in the `glassfish-resources.xml` file. For more information, see the property descriptions under `jdbc-connection-pool`.

For JDBC connection pools that are not application-scoped, use the `set` subcommand to set this property. For example, to configure `mypool` on `myserver`, type the following all on one line:

```
asadmin> set myserver.resources.jdbc-connection-pool.mypool.property.
dynamic-reconfiguration-wait-timeout-in-seconds=30
```

## Application-Scoped Resources ~~~~~

You can define an application-scoped JDBC resource or other resource for an enterprise application, web module, EJB module, connector module, or application client module. This allows single-step deployment for resource-dependent modules and applications. An application-scoped resource has the following characteristics:

- It is available only to the module or application that defines it.
- It cannot be referenced or looked up by other modules or applications.
- It is created during deployment, destroyed during undeployment, and recreated during redeployment.

- It is free from unexpected resource starvation or delay in acquiring connections because no other application or module competes for accesses to it.

The following resource types can be application-scoped:

- JDBC connection pools
- JDBC resources
- Connector connection pools
- Connector resources
- Resource adapters
- External JNDI resources
- Custom resources
- Admin object resources
- JavaMail resources

Deployment Descriptor. An application-scoped resource is defined in the `glassfish-resources.xml` deployment descriptor file. This file is placed in the `META-INF` directory of the module or application archive. For web applications or modules, this file is placed in the `WEB-INF` directory. If any submodule archives of an enterprise application archive have their own `glassfish-resources.xml` files, the resource definitions are scoped to those modules only. For more information about the `glassfish-resources.xml` file, see [GlassFish Server Deployment Descriptor Files](#) and [Elements of the GlassFish Server Deployment Descriptors](#).

Naming. Application-scoped resource JNDI names begin with `java:app` or `java:module`. If one of these prefixes is not specified in the JNDI name, it is added. For example, application-scoped databases have JNDI names in the following format: ``java:app/jdbc/`DataSourceName` or ``java:module/jdbc/`DataSourceName`. This is in accordance with the naming scopes introduced in the Java EE 6 Specification.

Errors. Application-scoped resource definitions with same resource name, resource type, attributes, and properties are duplicates. These generate `WARNING` level log messages and deployment continues. Definitions with the same resource name and type but different attributes or properties are conflicts and cause deployment failure. When an application or module tries to look up a scoped resource that does not belong to it, a naming exception is thrown.

Redeployment. When an application or module is undeployed, its scoped resources are deleted. During redeployment, resources are destroyed and recreated based on changes in the `glassfish-resources.xml` file. To preserve old resource definitions during redeployment, use the `preserveAppScopedResources` property of the `redeploy` (or `deploy --force=true`) subcommand. For example:

```
asadmin> redeploy --property preserveAppScopedResources=true MyApp.ear

asadmin> deploy --force=true --property preserveAppScopedResources=true MyApp.ear
```

For more information, see [redeploy\(1\)](#) and [deploy\(1\)](#).

Listing. Use the `--resources` option of the `list-applications` subcommand to list application-scoped resources. Use the `--subcomponents` option in addition to list scoped resources for enterprise application modules or for module subcomponents. To list scoped resources for subcomponents only, use the `--resources` option of the `list-subcomponents` subcommand

For more information, see [list-applications\(1\)](#) and [list-sub-components\(1\)](#).

Restrictions. Use of application-scoped resources is subject to the following restrictions:

- `resource-adapter-config` and `connector-work-security-map` — These can only be specified in the `glassfish-resources.xml` file of the corresponding connector module. In an enterprise application, the `resource-adapter-config` or `connector-work-security-map` for an embedded connector module must be specified in the `glassfish-resources.xml` file of the connector module. You cannot specify a `resource-adapter-config` or `connector-work-security-map` in an application for a connector module that is not part of the application.
- Resource to connection pool cross references — A module-level `jdbc-resource` cannot reference an application-level `jdbc-connection-pool`. Likewise, a module-level `connector-resource` cannot reference an application-level `connector-connection-pool`.
- Global resources — Defining `java:global` JNDI names is not supported.
- Cross definitions — Defining `java:app` JNDI names at the module level is not supported.

## A The `asadmin` Deployment Subcommands

This appendix lists the `asadmin` deployment subcommands that are included with this release of the GlassFish Server Open Source Edition software. For information on additional `asadmin` subcommands, see ["link:../administration-guide/asadmin-subcommands.html#GSADG00023\[Subcommands for the 'asadmin' Utility\]"](link:../administration-guide/asadmin-subcommands.html#GSADG00023) in GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Administration Guide or see the <link:../reference-manual/toc.html#GSRFM> [GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Reference Manual].

`link:../reference-manual/add-library.html#GSRFM00818['add-library']:::`  
 Adds one or more library JAR files to GlassFish Server. You can specify whether the libraries are added to the Common class loader directory, the Java optional package directory, or the



application-specific class loader directory.

link:../reference-manual/create-application-ref.html#GSRFM00013[``create-application-ref``]::

Creates a reference from a cluster or an unclustered server instance to a previously deployed Java EE application or module. This effectively results in the application element being deployed and made available on the targeted instance or cluster.

link:../reference-manual/create-lifecycle-module.html#GSRFM00043[``create-lifecycle-module``]::

Creates a lifecycle module. A lifecycle module provides a means of running a short or long duration Java-based task at a specific stage in the server life cycle.

link:../reference-manual/delete-application-ref.html#GSRFM00064[``delete-application-ref``]::

Removes a reference from a cluster or an unclustered server instance to a previously deployed Java EE application or module. This effectively results in the application element being undeployed on the targeted instance or cluster.

link:../reference-manual/delete-lifecycle-module.html#GSRFM00095[``delete-lifecycle-module``]::

Deletes a lifecycle module.

link:../reference-manual/deploy.html#GSRFM00114[``deploy``]::

Deploys an enterprise application, web application, EJB module, connector module, or application client module. If the component is already deployed or already exists, you can forcefully redeploy if you set the `--force`` option to ``true``. A directory can also be deployed. Supported in remote mode only. For usage instructions, see link:deploying-applications.html#gijmq[To Deploy an Application or Module].

link:../reference-manual/deploydir.html#GSRFM00115[``deploydir``]::

This subcommand is deprecated. Use the ``deploy`` subcommand instead.

link:../reference-manual/disable.html#GSRFM00116[``disable``]::

Immediately deactivates the named application or module. If the component has not been deployed, an error message is returned. Supported in remote mode only. For usage instructions, see link:deploying-applications.html#fvyje[To Disable an Application or Module].

link:../reference-manual/enable.html#GSRFM00124[``enable``]::

Enables the specified application or module. If the component has not been deployed, an error message is returned. If the component is already enabled, then it is re-enabled. Supported in remote mode only. For usage instructions, see link:deploying-applications.html#gijjy[To Enable an Application or Module].

link:../reference-manual/get-client-stubs.html#GSRFM00140[``get-client-stubs``]::

Gets the client stubs JAR file for an application client module or an application containing the application client module, from the server machine to the local directory. For usage instructions, see link:deploying-applications.html#beaek[EJB Module Deployment

Guidelines].

link:../reference-manual/list-applications.html#GSRFM00148['list-applications']::  
 Lists deployed Java EE applications and modules. Optionally lists subcomponents and scoped resources. If the '--type' option is not specified, all applications and modules are listed. Supported in remote mode only. For usage instructions, see link:deploying-applications.html#giulr[To List Deployed Applications or Modules].

link:../reference-manual/list-application-refs.html#GSRFM00147['list-application-refs']::  
 Lists Java EE applications and modules deployed on the specified target server instance or cluster.

link:../reference-manual/list-libraries.html#GSRFM00819['list-libraries']::  
 Lists library JAR files that have been added to GlassFish Server. You can specify whether to list libraries in the Common class loader directory, the Java optional package directory, or the application-specific class loader directory.

link:../reference-manual/list-lifecycle-modules.html#GSRFM00181['list-lifecycle-modules']::  
 Lists lifecycle modules.

link:../reference-manual/list-components.html#GSRFM00155['list-components']::  
 This subcommand is deprecated. Use the 'list-applications' subcommand instead.

link:../reference-manual/list-sub-components.html#GSRFM00201['list-sub-components']::  
 Lists EJBs or servlets in a deployed module or in a module of the deployed application. If a module is not identified, all modules are listed. To display a specific module in an application, you must specify the module name and the '--appname' option. Supported in remote mode only. For usage instructions, see link:deploying-applications.html#giulr[To List Deployed Applications or Modules].

link:../reference-manual/list-web-context-param.html#GSRFM00208['list-web-context-param']::  
 Lists servlet context-initialization parameters of a deployed web application or module. Supported in remote mode only. For usage instructions, see link:deploying-applications.html#giybo[To List Web Context Parameters].

link:../reference-manual/list-web-env-entry.html#GSRFM00209['list-web-env-entry']::  
 Lists environment entries for a deployed web application or module. Supported in remote mode only. For usage instructions, see link:deploying-applications.html#giyip[To List Web Environment Entries].

link:../reference-manual/redeploy.html#GSRFM00217['redeploy']::  
 Overwrites an application or module that is already deployed. Supported in remote mode only. For usage instructions, see link:deploying-applications.html#gijmb[To Redeploy an Application or Module].

link:../reference-manual/remove-library.html#GSRFM00820['remove-library']::

Removes one or more library JAR files from GlassFish Server. You can specify whether the libraries are removed from the Common class loader directory, the Java optional package directory, or the application-specific class loader directory.

link:../reference-manual/set-web-context-param.html#GSRFM00230[``set-web-context-param``]::

Sets a servlet context-initialization parameter of a deployed web application or module. Supported in remote mode only. For usage instructions, see link:deploying-applications.html#giyce[To Set a Web Context Parameter].

link:../reference-manual/set-web-env-entry.html#GSRFM00231[``set-web-env-entry``]::

Sets an environment entry for a deployed web application or module. Supported in remote mode only. For usage instructions, see link:deploying-applications.html#giyhc[To Set a Web Environment Entry].

link:../reference-manual/show-component-status.html#GSRFM00232[``show-component-status``]::

Shows the status of a deployed component. The possible statuses include ``enabled`` or ``disabled``. Supported in remote mode only. For usage instructions, see link:deploying-applications.html#giulr[To List Deployed Applications or Modules].

link:../reference-manual/undeploy.html#GSRFM00244[``undeploy``]::

Uninstalls the specified deployed application or module. Supported in remote mode only. For usage instructions, see link:deploying-applications.html#gijkl[To Undeploy an Application or Module].

link:../reference-manual/unset-web-context-param.html#GSRFM00248[``unset-web-context-param``]::

Unsets a servlet context-initialization parameter of a deployed web application or module. Supported in remote mode only. For usage instructions, see link:deploying-applications.html#giycy[To Unset a Web Context Parameter].

link:../reference-manual/unset-web-env-entry.html#GSRFM00249[``unset-web-env-entry``]::

Unsets an environment entry for a deployed web application or module. Supported in remote mode only. For usage instructions, see link:deploying-applications.html#giyjr[To Unset a Web Environment Entry].

[[GSDPG00006]][[giida]]

[[b-glassfish-server-deployment-descriptor-files]]

B GlassFish Server Deployment Descriptor Files

-----

This appendix describes the element hierarchies in the GlassFish Server

deployment descriptors that are included in this release of the GlassFish Server Open Source Edition software.

The following topics are addressed here:

- \* [link:#giiie](#)[About the GlassFish Server Deployment Descriptors]
- \* [link:#beaql](#)[The glassfish-application.xml File]
- \* [link:#beaql](#)[The glassfish-web.xml File]
- \* [link:#beaqm](#)[The glassfish-ejb-jar.xml File]
- \* [link:#beaqn](#)[The sun-cmp-mappings.xml File]
- \* [link:#beaqo](#)[The glassfish-application-client.xml file]
- \* [link:#beaqp](#)[The sun-acc.xml File]
- \* [link:#giyhh](#)[The glassfish-resources.xml File]
- \* [link:#gkiot](#)[WebLogic Server Deployment Descriptor Support in GlassFish Server]

[[giiie]][[GSDPG00076]][[about-the-glassfish-server-deployment-descriptors]]

## About the GlassFish Server Deployment Descriptors

~~~~~

Each deployment descriptor XML file has a corresponding Document Type Definition (DTD) file, which defines the elements, data, and attributes that the deployment descriptor file can contain. For example, the 'glassfish-application\_6\_0-1.dtd' file defines the structure of the 'glassfish-application.xml' file. The DTD files for the GlassFish Server deployment descriptors are located in the as-install'/lib/dtds' directory.

The GlassFish Server deployment descriptor files must be readable and writable by the file owners. In each deployment descriptor file, subelements must be defined in the order in which they are listed under each Subelements heading, unless otherwise noted. For general information about DTD files and XML, see the XML specification at 'http://www.w3.org/TR/REC-xml'.

### [NOTE]

=====

Do not edit the DTD files; their contents change only with new versions of GlassFish Server.

=====

The following table lists the GlassFish Server deployment descriptors and their DTD files.

[[GSDPG835]][[sthref6]][[giht]]

Table B-1 GlassFish Server Deployment Descriptors and DTDs

| [width="100%",cols="30%,39%,31%",options="header",] |                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| =====                                               |                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Deployment Descriptor                               | DTD File                                   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| `glassfish-application.xml`                         | `glassfish-application_6_0-1.dtd`          | Configures an entire Java EE application (EAR file).                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| `glassfish-web.xml`                                 | `glassfish-web-app_3_0-1.dtd`              | Configures a web application (WAR file).                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| `glassfish-ejb-jar.xml`                             | `glassfish-ejb-jar_3_1-1.dtd`              | Configures an enterprise bean (EJB JAR file).                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| `sun-cmp-mappings.xml`                              | `sun-cmp-mapping_1_2.dtd`                  | Configures container-managed persistence for an EJB 2.0 or 2.1 entity bean.                                                                                                                                                             |
| `glassfish-application-client.xml`                  | `glassfish-application-client_6_0-1.dtd`   | Configures an Application Client Container (ACC) client (JAR file).                                                                                                                                                                     |
| `sun-acc.xml`                                       | `sun-application-client-container_1_2.dtd` | Configures the Application Client Container. This is more of a configuration file than a deployment descriptor. GlassFish Server provides a default file in the domain-dir`/config` directory. Specifying a different file is optional. |
| `glassfish-resources.xml`                           | `glassfish-resources_1_5.dtd`              | Configures application-scoped resources.                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| =====                                               |                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

#### [NOTE]

=====

The `sun-application.xml`, `sun-web.xml`, `sun-ejb-jar.xml`, `sun-application-client.xml`, and `sun-resources.xml` deployment descriptors are supported for backward compatibility.

=====

[[beaqk]][[GSDPG00077]][[the-glassfish-application.xml-file]]

## The glassfish-application.xml File

~~~~~

The 'glassfish-application.xml' file configures an entire Java EE application (EAR file). The element hierarchy is as follows:

```
[source,oac_no_warn]

glassfish-application
. web
. . web-uri
. . context-root
. pass-by-reference
. unique-id
. security-role-mapping
. . role-name
. . principal-name
. . group-name
. realm
. ejb-ref
. . ejb-ref-name
. . jndi-name
. resource-ref
. . res-ref-name
. . jndi-name
. . default-resource-principal
. . . name
. . . password
. resource-env-ref
. . resource-env-ref-name
. . jndi-name
. service-ref
. . service-ref-name
. . port-info
. . . service-endpoint-interface
. . . wsdl-port
. . . . namespaceURI
. . . . localpart
. . . stub-property
. . . . name
. . . . value
. . . call-property
. . . . name
. . . . value
. . . message-security-binding
. . . . message-security
. message
```

```

. java-method
. method-name
. method-params
. method-param
. operation-name
. request-protection
. response-protection
. . call-property
. . . name
. . . value
. . wsdl-override
. . service-impl-class
. . service-qname
. . . namespaceURI
. . . localpart
. message-destination-ref
. . message-destination-ref-name
. . jndi-name
. message-destination
. . message-destination-name
. . jndi-name
. archive-name
. compatibility
. keep-state
. version-identifier

```

Here is a sample 'glassfish-application.xml' file:

```

[source,oac_no_warn]

<!DOCTYPE glassfish-application PUBLIC "-//GlassFish.org//DTD
GlassFish Application Server 3.1 Java EE Application 6.0//EN"
"http://glassfish.org/dtds/glassfish-application_6_0-1.dtd">
<glassfish-application>
 <unique-id>67488732739338240</unique-id>
</glassfish-application>

```

[[beaql]][[GSDPG00078]][[the-glassfish-web.xml-file]]

The glassfish-web.xml File

~~~~~

The 'glassfish-web.xml' file configures a web application (WAR file).  
The element hierarchy is as follows:

```

[source,oac_no_warn]

```

```

glassfish-web-app
. context-root
. security-role-mapping
. . role-name
. . principal-name
. . group-name
. servlet
. . servlet-name
. . principal-name
. . webservice-endpoint
. . . port-component-name
. . . endpoint-address-uri
. . . login-config
. . . . auth-method
. . . message-security-binding
. . . . message-security
. message
. java-method
. method-name
. method-params
. method-param
. operation-name
. request-protection
. response-protection
. . . transport-guarantee
. . . service-qname
. . . tie-class
. . . servlet-impl-class
. . . debugging-enabled
. . . property (with attributes)
. . . . description
. idempotent-url-pattern
. session-config
. . session-manager
. . . manager-properties
. . . . property (with attributes)
. description
. . . store-properties
. . . . property (with attributes)
. description
. . session-properties
. . . property (with attributes)
. . . . description
. . cookie-properties
. . . property (with attributes)
. . . . description
. ejb-ref

```



```

. . ejb-ref-name
. . jndi-name
. resource-ref
. . res-ref-name
. . jndi-name
. . default-resource-principal
. . . name
. . . password
. resource-env-ref
. . resource-env-ref-name
. . jndi-name
. service-ref
. . service-ref-name
. . port-info
. . . service-endpoint-interface
. . . wsdl-port
. . . . namespaceURI
. . . . localpart
. . . stub-property
. . . . name
. . . . value
. . . call-property
. . . . name
. . . . value
. . . message-security-binding
. . . . message-security
. message
. java-method
. method-name
. method-params
. method-param
. operation-name
. request-protection
. response-protection
. . call-property
. . . name
. . . value
. . wsdl-override
. . service-impl-class
. . service-qname
. . . namespaceURI
. . . localpart
. message-destination-ref
. . message-destination-ref-name
. . jndi-name
. cache
. . cache-helper
. . . property (with attributes)

```

```

. . . . description
. . default-helper
. . . property (with attributes)
. . . . description
. . property (with attributes)
. . . description
. . cache-mapping
. . . servlet-name
. . . url-pattern
. . . cache-helper-ref
. . . dispatcher
. . . timeout
. . . refresh-field
. . . http-method
. . . key-field
. . . constraint-field
. . . . constraint-field-value
. class-loader
. . property (with attributes)
. . . description
. jsp-config
. locale-charset-info
. . locale-charset-map
. . parameter-encoding
. parameter-encoding
. property (with attributes)
. . description
. valve
. message-destination
. . message-destination-name
. . jndi-name
. webservice-description
. . webservice-description-name
. . wsdl-publish-location
. keep-state
. version-identifier

```

Here is a sample `glassfish-web.xml` file:

```

[source,oac_no_warn]

<!DOCTYPE glassfish-web-app PUBLIC "-//GlassFish.org//DTD
GlassFish Application Server 3.1 Servlet 3.0//EN"
"http://glassfish.org/dtds/glassfish-web-app_3_0-1.dtd">
<glassfish-web-app>
 <session-config>
 <session-manager/>

```

```

</session-config>
<resource-ref>
 <res-ref-name>mail/Session</res-ref-name>
 <jndi-name>mail/Session</jndi-name>
</resource-ref>
<jsp-config/>
</glassfish-web-app>

[[beaqm]][[GSDPG00079]][[the-glassfish-ejb-jar.xml-file]]

```

### The glassfish-ejb-jar.xml File

~~~~~

The 'glassfish-ejb-jar.xml' file configures an enterprise bean (EJB JAR file). The element hierarchy is as follows:

```

[source,oac_no_warn]

glassfish-ejb-jar
. security-role-mapping
. . role-name
. . principal-name
. . group-name
. enterprise-beans
. . name
. . unique-id
. . ejb
. . . ejb-name
. . . jndi-name
. . . ejb-ref
. . . . ejb-ref-name
. . . . jndi-name
. . . resource-ref
. . . . res-ref-name
. . . . jndi-name
. . . . default-resource-principal
. name
. password
. . . resource-env-ref
. . . . resource-env-ref-name
. . . . jndi-name
. . . service-ref
. . . . service-ref-name
. . . . port-info
. service-endpoint-interface
. wsdl-port
. namespaceURI

```

```

. localpart
. stub-property
. name
. value
. call-property
. name
. value
. message-security-binding
. message-security
. message
. java-method
. method-name
. method-params
. method-param
. operation-name
. request-protection
. response-protection
. call-property
. name
. value
. wsdl-override
. service-impl-class
. service-qname
. namespaceURI
. localpart
. message-destination-ref
. message-destination-ref-name
. jndi-name
. pass-by-reference
. cmp
. mapping-properties
. is-one-one-cmp
. one-one-finders
. finder
. method-name
. query-params
. query-filter
. query-variables
. query-ordering
. prefetch-disabled
. query-method
. method-name
. method-params
. method-param
. principal
. name
. mdb-connection-factory
. jndi-name

```

```

. . . . default-resource-principal
. name
. password
. . . . jms-durable-subscription-name
. . . . jms-max-messages-load
. . . . ior-security-config
. transport-config
. integrity
. confidentiality
. establish-trust-in-target
. establish-trust-in-client
. as-context
. auth-method
. realm
. required
. sas-context
. caller-propagation
. . . . is-read-only-bean
. . . . refresh-period-in-seconds
. . . . commit-option
. . . . cmt-timeout-in-seconds
. . . . use-thread-pool-id
. . . . gen-classes
. remote-impl
. local-impl
. remote-home-impl
. local-home-impl
. . . . bean-pool
. steady-pool-size
. resize-quantity
. max-pool-size
. pool-idle-timeout-in-seconds
. max-wait-time-in-millis
. . . . bean-cache
. max-cache-size
. resize-quantity
. is-cache-overflow-allowed
. cache-idle-timeout-in-seconds
. removal-timeout-in-seconds
. victim-selection-policy
. . . . mdb-resource-adapter
. resource-adapter-mid
. activation-config
. description
. activation-config-property
. activation-config-property-name
. activation-config-property-value
. . . . webservice-endpoint

```

```

. . . . port-component-name
. . . . endpoint-address-uri
. . . . login-config
. auth-method
. realm
. . . . message-security-binding
. message-security
. message
. java-method
. method-name
. method-params
. method-param
. operation-name
. request-protection
. response-protection
. . . . transport-guarantee
. . . . service-qname
. . . . tie-class
. . . . servlet-impl-class
. . . . debugging-enabled
. . . . property (with subelements)
. name
. value
. . . . flush-at-end-of-method
. method
. description
. ejb-name
. method-name
. method-intf
. method-params
. method-param
. . . . checkpointed-methods
. . . . checkpoint-at-end-of-method
. method
. description
. ejb-name
. method-name
. method-intf
. method-params
. method-param
. . . . per-request-load-balancing
. . pm-descriptors
. . cmp-resource
. . . jndi-name
. . . default-resource-principal
. . . . name
. . . . password
. . . property (with subelements)

```

```

. . . . name
. . . . value
. . . create-tables-at-deploy
. . . drop-tables-at-undeploy
. . . database-vendor-name
. . . schema-generator-properties
. . . . property (with subelements)
. name
. value
. . message-destination
. . . message-destination-name
. . . jndi-name
. . webservice-description
. . . webservice-description-name
. . . wsdl-publish-location
. . property (with subelements)
. . . name
. . . value
. compatibility
. disable-nonportable-jndi-names
. keep-state
. version-identifier

```

#### [NOTE]

```

=====

If any configuration information for an enterprise bean is not specified
in the 'glassfish-ejb-jar.xml' file, it defaults to a corresponding
setting in the EJB container if an equivalency exists.

=====
```

Here is a sample 'glassfish-ejb-jar.xml' file:

```
[source,oac_no_warn]
```

```

<!DOCTYPE glassfish-ejb-jar PUBLIC "-//GlassFish.org//
DTD GlassFish Application Server 3.1 EJB 3.1//EN"
"http://glassfish.org/dtds/glassfish-ejb-jar_3_1-1.dtd">
<glassfish-ejb-jar>
<display-name>First Module</display-name>
<enterprise-beans>
 <ejb>
 <ejb-name>CustomerEJB</ejb-name>
 <jndi-name>customer</jndi-name>
```

```

 <bean-pool>
 <steady-pool-size>10</steady-pool-size>
 <resize-quantity>10</resize-quantity>
 <max-pool-size>100</max-pool-size>
 <pool-idle-timeout-in-seconds>600</pool-idle-timeout-in-seconds>
 </bean-pool>
 <bean-cache>
 <max-cache-size>100</max-cache-size>
 <resize-quantity>10</resize-quantity>
 <removal-timeout-in-seconds>3600</removal-timeout-in-seconds>
 <victim-selection-policy>LRU</victim-selection-policy>
 </bean-cache>
 </ejb>
 <cmp-resource>
 <jndi-name>jdbc/__default</jndi-name>
 <create-tables-at-deploy>true</create-tables-at-deploy>
 <drop-tables-at-undeploy>true</drop-tables-at-undeploy>
 </cmp-resource>
</enterprise-beans>
<keep-state>true</keep-state>
</glassfish-ejb-jar>

```

```
[[beaqn]][[GSDPG00080]][[the-sun-cmp-mappings.xml-file]]
```

The sun-cmp-mappings.xml File

```
~~~~~
```

The 'sun-cmp-mappings.xml' file configures container-managed persistence for an EJB 2.0 or 2.1 entity bean. The element hierarchy is as follows:

```

[source,oac_no_warn]
----
sun-cmp-mappings
.  sun-cmp-mapping
.  .  schema
.  .  entity-mapping
.  .  .  ejb-name
.  .  .  table-name
.  .  .  cmp-field-mapping
.  .  .  .  field-name
.  .  .  .  column-name
.  .  .  .  read-only
.  .  .  .  fetched-with
.  .  .  .  .  default
.  .  .  .  .  level
.  .  .  .  .  named-group
.  .  .  .  .  none
```



```

. . . cmr-field-mapping
. . . . cmr-field-name
. . . . column-pair
. . . . . column-name
. . . . fetched-with
. . . . . default
. . . . . level
. . . . . named-group
. . . . . none
. . . secondary-table
. . . . table-name
. . . . column-pair
. . . . . column-name
. . . consistency
. . . . none
. . . . check-modified-at-commit
. . . . lock-when-loaded
. . . . check-all-at-commit
. . . . lock-when-modified
. . . . check-version-of-accessed-instances
. . . . . column-name
----

```

Here is a sample database schema definition:

```

[source,oac_no_warn]
----
create table TEAMEJB (
    TEAMID varchar2(256) not null,
    NAME varchar2(120) null,
    CITY char(30) not null,
    LEAGUEEJB_LEAGUEID varchar2(256) null,
    constraint PK_TEAMEJB primary key (TEAMID)
)
create table PLAYEREJB (
    POSITION varchar2(15) null,
    PLAYERID varchar2(256) not null,
    NAME char(64) null,
    SALARY number(10, 2) not null,
    constraint PK_PLAYEREJB primary key (PLAYERID)
)
create table LEAGUEEJB (
    LEAGUEID varchar2(256) not null,
    NAME varchar2(256) null,
    SPORT varchar2(256) null,
    constraint PK_LEAGUEEJB primary key (LEAGUEID)
)
create table PLAYEREJBTEAMEJB (

```

```

    PLAYEREJB_PLAYERID varchar2(256) null,
    TEAMEJB_TEAMID varchar2(256) null
)
alter table TEAMEJB
    add constraint FK_LEAGUE foreign key (LEAGUEEJB_LEAGUEID)
    references LEAGUEEJB (LEAGUEID)

alter table PLAYEREJBTEAMEJB
    add constraint FK_TEAMS foreign key (PLAYEREJB_PLAYERID)
    references PLAYEREJB (PLAYERID)

alter table PLAYEREJBTEAMEJB
    add constraint FK_PLAYERS foreign key (TEAMEJB_TEAMID)
    references TEAMEJB (TEAMID)
----
```

Here is a corresponding sample `sun-cmp-mappings.xml` file:

```

[source,oac_no_warn]
----
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<sun-cmp-mappings>
<sun-cmp-mapping>
    <schema>Roster</schema>
    <entity-mapping>
        <ejb-name>TeamEJB</ejb-name>
        <table-name>TEAMEJB</table-name>
        <cmp-field-mapping>
            <field-name>teamId</field-name>
            <column-name>TEAMEJB.TEAMID</column-name>
        </cmp-field-mapping>
        <cmp-field-mapping>
            <field-name>name</field-name>
            <column-name>TEAMEJB.NAME</column-name>
        </cmp-field-mapping>
        <cmp-field-mapping>
            <field-name>city</field-name>
            <column-name>TEAMEJB.CITY</column-name>
        </cmp-field-mapping>
        <cmr-field-mapping>
            <cmr-field-name>league</cmr-field-name>
            <column-pair>
                <column-name>TEAMEJB.LEAGUEEJB_LEAGUEID</column-name>
                <column-name>LEAGUEEJB.LEAGUEID</column-name>
            </column-pair>
            <fetch-with>
                <none/>
            </fetch-with>
        </cmr-field-mapping>
    </entity-mapping>
</sun-cmp-mapping>
</sun-cmp-mappings>

```

```

</cmr-field-mapping>
<cmr-field-mapping>
  <cmr-field-name>players</cmr-field-name>
  <column-pair>
    <column-name>TEAMEJB.TEAMID</column-name>
    <column-name>PLAYEREJBTEAMEJB.TEAMEJB_TEAMID</column-name>
  </column-pair>
  <column-pair>
    <column-name>PLAYEREJBTEAMEJB.PLAYEREJB_PLAYERID</column-name>
    <column-name>PLAYEREJB.PLAYERID</column-name>
  </column-pair>
  <fetches-with>
    <none/>
  </fetches-with>
</cmr-field-mapping>
</entity-mapping>
<entity-mapping>
  <ejb-name>PlayerEJB</ejb-name>
  <table-name>PLAYEREJB</table-name>
  <cmp-field-mapping>
    <field-name>position</field-name>
    <column-name>PLAYEREJB.POSITION</column-name>
  </cmp-field-mapping>
  <cmp-field-mapping>
    <field-name>playerId</field-name>
    <column-name>PLAYEREJB.PLAYERID</column-name>
  </cmp-field-mapping>
  <cmp-field-mapping>
    <field-name>name</field-name>
    <column-name>PLAYEREJB.NAME</column-name>
  </cmp-field-mapping>
  <cmp-field-mapping>
    <field-name>salary</field-name>
    <column-name>PLAYEREJB.SALARY</column-name>
  </cmp-field-mapping>
  <cmr-field-mapping>
    <cmr-field-name>teams</cmr-field-name>
    <column-pair>
      <column-name>PLAYEREJB.PLAYERID</column-name>
      <column-name>PLAYEREJBTEAMEJB.PLAYEREJB_PLAYERID</column-name>
    </column-pair>
    <column-pair>
      <column-name>PLAYEREJBTEAMEJB.TEAMEJB_TEAMID</column-name>
      <column-name>TEAMEJB.TEAMID</column-name>
    </column-pair>
    <fetches-with>
      <none/>
    </fetches-with>

```

```

        </cmr-field-mapping>
    </entity-mapping>
    <entity-mapping>
        <ejb-name>LeagueEJB</ejb-name>
        <table-name>LEAGUEEJB</table-name>
        <cmp-field-mapping>
            <field-name>leagueId</field-name>
            <column-name>LEAGUEEJB.LEAGUEID</column-name>
        </cmp-field-mapping>
        <cmp-field-mapping>
            <field-name>name</field-name>
            <column-name>LEAGUEEJB.NAME</column-name>
        </cmp-field-mapping>
        <cmp-field-mapping>
            <field-name>sport</field-name>
            <column-name>LEAGUEEJB.SPORT</column-name>
        </cmp-field-mapping>
        <cmr-field-mapping>
            <cmr-field-name>teams</cmr-field-name>
            <column-pair>
                <column-name>LEAGUEEJB.LEAGUEID</column-name>
                <column-name>TEAMEJB.LEAGUEEJB_LEAGUEID</column-name>
            </column-pair>
            <fetches-with>
                <none/>
            </fetches-with>
        </cmr-field-mapping>
    </entity-mapping>
</sun-cmp-mapping>
</sun-cmp-mappings>
----
```

```
[[beaqp]][[GSDPG00081]][[the-glassfish-application-client.xml-file]]
```

The glassfish-application-client.xml file

```
~~~~~
```

The 'glassfish-application-client.xml' file configures an Application Client Container (ACC) client (JAR file). The element hierarchy is as follows:

```
[source,oac_no_warn]
```

```

```

```
glassfish-application-client
```

```

. ejb-ref
. . ejb-ref-name
. . jndi-name
. resource-ref
```

```

. . res-ref-name
. . jndi-name
. . default-resource-principal
. . . name
. . . password
. resource-env-ref
. . resource-env-ref-name
. . jndi-name
. service-ref
. . service-ref-name
. . port-info
. . . service-endpoint-interface
. . . wsdl-port
. . . . namespaceURI
. . . . localpart
. . . stub-property
. . . . name
. . . . value
. . . call-property
. . . . name
. . . . value
. . . message-security-binding
. . . . message-security
. message
. java-method
. method-name
. method-params
. method-param
. operation-name
. request-protection
. response-protection
. . call-property
. . . name
. . . value
. . wsdl-override
. . service-impl-class
. . service-qname
. . . namespaceURI
. . . localpart
. message-destination-ref
. . message-destination-ref-name
. . jndi-name
. message-destination
. . message-destination-name
. . jndi-name
. java-web-start-access
. . context-root
. . eligible

```

```

. . vendor
. . jnlp-doc
. version-identifier

```

Here is a sample 'glassfish-application-client.xml' file:

```

[source,oac_no_warn]

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE glassfish-application-client PUBLIC "-//GlassFish.org//DTD
GlassFish Application Server 3.1 Application Client 6.0//EN"
"http://glassfish.org/dtds/glassfish-application-client_6_0-1.dtd">
<glassfish-application-client>
 <message-destination-ref>
 <message-destination-ref-name>ClientQueue</message-destination-ref-name>
 <jndi-name>jms/security_mdb_OutQueue</jndi-name>
 </message-destination-ref>
</glassfish-application-client>

[[beaqp]][[GSDPG00082]][[the-sun-acc.xml-file]]

```

The sun-acc.xml File

~~~~~

The 'sun-acc.xml' file configures the Application Client Container. This is more of a configuration file than a deployment descriptor. GlassFish Server provides a default file in the domain-dir'/config' directory. Specifying a different file is optional. The element hierarchy is as follows:

```

[source,oac_no_warn]

client-container
. target-server
. . description
. . security
. . . ssl
. . . cert-db
. auth-realm
. . property (with attributes)
. client-credential
. . property (with attributes)
. log-service
. . property (with attributes)
. message-security-config
. . provider-config

```

```

. . . request-policy
. . . response-policy
. . . property (with attributes)
. property (with attributes)

```

```
[[giyhh]][[GSDPG00083]][[the-glassfish-resources.xml-file]]
```

### The glassfish-resources.xml File

```
~~~~~
```

The 'glassfish-resources.xml' file configures application-scoped resources. The element hierarchy is as follows:

```
[source,oac_no_warn]
```

```
-----
```

#### resources

```

. custom-resource
. . description
. . property (with attributes)
. . . description
. external-jndi-resource
. . description
. . property (with attributes)
. . . description
. jdbc-resource
. . description
. . property (with attributes)
. . . description
. mail-resource
. . description
. . property (with attributes)
. . . description
. admin-object-resource
. . description
. . property (with attributes)
. . . description
. connector-resource
. . description
. . property (with attributes)
. . . description
. resource-adapter-config
. . property (with attributes)
. . . description
. jdbc-connection-pool
. . description
. . property (with attributes)
. . . description

```

```

. connector-connection-pool
. . description
. . security-map
. . . principal
. . . user-group
. . . backend-principal
. . property (with attributes)
. . . description
. work-security-map
. . description
. . principal-map
. . group-map
----

```

```
[[gkiot]][[GSDPG00084]][[weblogic-server-deployment-descriptor-support-in-glassfish-server]]
```

## WebLogic Server Deployment Descriptor Support in GlassFish Server

```
~~~~~
```

GlassFish Server offers limited support for the  
 `weblogic-application.xml`, `weblogic.xml`, and  
 `weblogic-webservices.xml` deployment descriptor files.

The only element in `weblogic-application.xml` that GlassFish Server supports is `security`. The equivalent element in the `glassfish-application.xml` file is `security-role-mapping`.

The elements of `weblogic.xml` that GlassFish Server supports are explained in the following table.

```
[[GSDPG836]][[sthref7]][[gkinm]]
```

Table B-2 `weblogic.xml` Support in GlassFish Server

| [width="100%",cols="43%,57%",options="header",]   |                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| =====                                             |                                                                                     |
| `weblogic.xml` Element Name                       | GlassFish Server Support                                                            |
| `role-name` under `security-role-assignment`      | `role-name` under<br>`security-role-mapping` `glassfish-web.xml` equivalent         |
| `principal-name` under `security-role-assignment` | `principal-name`<br>under `security-role-mapping` `glassfish-web.xml` equivalent    |
| `resource-description`                            | `resource-ref` `glassfish-web.xml` equivalent,<br>but `resource-link` not supported |



```

|`resource-env-description` |`resource-env-ref` `glassfish-web.xml`
equivalent, but `resource-link` not supported

|`ejb-reference-description` |`ejb-ref` `glassfish-web.xml` equivalent

|`service-reference-description` |`service-ref` `glassfish-web.xml`
equivalent

|`timeout-secs` under `session-descriptor` |`timeoutSeconds` property of
`session-properties` `glassfish-web.xml` equivalent

|`invalidation-interval-secs` under `session-descriptor`
|`reapIntervalSeconds` property of `manager-properties`
`glassfish-web.xml` equivalent

|`max-in-memory-sessions` under `session-descriptor` |`maxSessions`
property of `manager-properties` `glassfish-web.xml` equivalent

|`persistent-store-dir` under `session-descriptor` |`directory` property
of `store-properties` `glassfish-web.xml` equivalent

|`prefer-web-inf-classes` under `container-descriptor` |`delegate`
attribute of `class-loader` `glassfish-web.xml` equivalent

|`context-root` |`context-root` `glassfish-web.xml` equivalent

|`cookies-enabled` under `session-descriptor` |Servlet 3.0

|`cookie-name` under `session-descriptor` |Servlet 3.0

|`cookie-path` under `session-descriptor` |Servlet 3.0

|`cookie-domain` under `session-descriptor` |Servlet 3.0

|`cookie-comment` under `session-descriptor` |Servlet 3.0

|`cookie-secure` under `session-descriptor` |Servlet 3.0

|`cookie-max-age-secs` under `session-descriptor` |Servlet 3.0

|`cookie-http-only` under `session-descriptor` |Servlet 3.0

|`url-rewriting-enabled` under `session-descriptor` |Servlet 3.0

|`persistent-store-cookie-name` under `session-descriptor` |Cookie-based
persistence is supported

|`keepgenerated` under `jsp-descriptor` |keepgenerated init parameter of

```

```

`JspServlet`

|`working-dir` under `jsp-descriptor` |scratchdir init parameter of
`JspServlet`

|`compress-html-template` under `jsp-descriptor` |trimSpaces init
parameter of `JspServlet`

|`index-directory-enabled` under `container-descriptor` |listings init
parameter of `DefaultServlet`

|`index-directory-sort-by` under `container-descriptor` |sortedBy init
parameter of `DefaultServlet`

|`save-sessions-enabled` under `container-descriptor` |Same as
`asadmin redeploy` `--keepstate=true` or `keep-state` in
`glassfish-web.xml`

|`run-as-principal-name` under `servlet-descriptor` |`principal-name`
under `servlet` `glassfish-web.xml` equivalent
|=====

```

The elements of `weblogic-webservices.xml` that GlassFish Server supports are explained in the following table.

```
[[GSDPG837]][[sthref8]][[gkkht]]
```

Table B-3 `weblogic-webservices.xml` Support in GlassFish Server

```

[width="100%",cols="34%,66%",options="header",]
|=====
|`weblogic-webservices.xml` Element Name |GlassFish Server Support
|`webservice-type` |Possible values are `JAXRPC` or `JAXWS`. GlassFish
Server does not support JAX-RPC web services with JSR 181 annotations.
The use of this element is limited, because the container can find out
if the type is JAX-WS or JAX-RPC based on presence of JSR 181
annotations.

|`wsdl-publish-file` |Same as `wsdl-publish-location` in
`glassfish-web.xml`

|`service-endpoint-address` |Similar to `endpoint-address-uri` in
`glassfish-web.xml`, except that `webservice-contextpath` and
`webservice-serviceuri` are specified separately

|`j2ee:login-config` |Same as `login-config` in `glassfish-web.xml`

```

```

|'j2ee:transport-guarantee' |Same as 'transport-guarantee' in
'glassfish-web.xml'

|'exposed' under 'wsdl' |Accepts 'true' or 'false', defaults to 'true'.
Controls the publishing of WSDL to clients.

|'stream-attachments' |Accepts 'true' or 'false', defaults to 'true'.
Only for JAX-WS web services. Configures the JAX-WS runtime to send
attachments in streaming fashion.

|'validate-request' |Accepts 'true' or 'false', defaults to 'false'.
Only for JAX-WS web services. Configures the JAX-WS runtime to validate
that request messages are as the WSDL definitions specify.

|'http-response-buffersize' |Property of 'ReliabilityMessagingFeature'
configuration, similar to
'ReliableMessagingFeature.setDestinationBufferQuota()'

|'reliability-config' |Partially supported. Subelements map to Metro's
'ReliabilityMessagingFeature'.

|'inactivity-timeout' under 'reliability-config' |Maps to
'ReliableMessagingFeature.getSequenceInactivityTimeout()'

|'base-retransmission-interval' under 'reliability-config' |Maps to
'ReliableMessagingFeature.getMessageRetransmissionInterval()'

|'retransmission-exponential-backoff' under 'reliability-config' |Maps
to 'ReliableMessagingFeature.getMessageRetransmissionBackoffAlgorithm()'.
Returns enum values, one of them is 'exponential'.

|'acknowledgement-interval' under 'reliability-config' |Maps to
'ReliableMessagingFeature.getAcknowledgementTransmissionInterval()'

|'sequence-expiration' under 'reliability-config' |Maps to
'ReliableMessagingFeature.getSequenceInactivityTimeout()'. In WebLogic
Server this value applies regardless of activity. In Metro it applies
only to inactive sequences.

|'buffer-retry-count' under 'reliability-config' |Maps to
'ReliableMessagingFeature.getMaxMessageRetransmissionCount()'

|'buffer-retry-delay' under 'reliability-config' |Maps to
'ReliableMessagingFeature.getMessageRetransmissionInterval()'
|=====

```

```
[[GSDPG00007]][[beaqi]]
```

```
[[c-elements-of-the-glassfish-server-deployment-descriptors]]
```

```
C Elements of the GlassFish Server Deployment Descriptors
```

```

This appendix describes the elements of the GlassFish Server Open Source
Edition deployment descriptors.
```

```
[[beaqs]][[GSDPG00085]][[activation-config]]
```

```
`activation-config`
```

```
~~~~~
```

```
Specifies an activation configuration, which includes the runtime
configuration properties of the message-driven bean in its operational
environment. For example, this can include information about the name of
a physical JMS destination. Matches and overrides the
`activation-config` element in the `ejb-jar.xml` file.
```

```
[[fvvye]][[GSDPG00335]][[superelements]]
```

```
Superelements
```

```
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

```
link:#beaus[`mdb-resource-adapter`] (`glassfish-ejb-jar.xml`)
```

```
[[fvynj]][[GSDPG00336]][[subelements]]
```

```
Subelements
```

```
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

```
The following table describes subelements for the `activation-config`
element.
```

```
[[GSDPG838]][[sthref9]][[fvynw]]
```

```
Table C-1 `activation-config` subelements
```

```
[width="100%",cols="32%,12%,56%",options="header",]
```

```
|=====
|Element |Required |Description
a|
```

```
link:#beaso['description']
```

```
|zero or one |Specifies a text description of the activation
configuration.
```

```
a|
link:#beaqt['activation-config-property']
```

```
|one or more |Specifies an activation configuration property.
|=====
```

```
[[beaqt]][[GSDPG00086]][[activation-config-property]]
```

```
`activation-config-property`
~~~~~
```

Specifies the name and value of an activation configuration property.

```
[[fvyne]][[GSDPG00337]][[superelements-1]]
```

```
Superelements
^
```

```
link:#beaqs['activation-config'] ('glassfish-ejb-jar.xml')
```

```
[[fvyns]][[GSDPG00338]][[subelements-1]]
```

```
Subelements
^
```

The following table describes subelements for the  
`activation-config-property` element.

```
[[GSDPG839]][[sthref10]][[fvynv]]
```

Table C-2 `activation-config-property` subelements

```
[width="100%",cols="39%,10%,51%",options="header",]
|=====
|Element |Required |Description
a|
link:#beaqu['activation-config-property-name']
```

|          |                                                             |
|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| only one | Specifies the name of an activation configuration property. |
|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------|

a |

```
link:#beaqv[`activation-config-property-value`]
```

|          |                                                              |
|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| only one | Specifies the value of an activation configuration property. |
|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------|

---

[[beaqu]][[GSDPG00087]][[activation-config-property-name]]

```
`activation-config-property-name`
```

~~~~~

Specifies the name of an activation configuration property.

[[fvyym]][[GSDPG00339]][[superelements-2]]

## Superelements

```
link:#beagt['activation-config-property'] ('glassfish-ejb-jar.xml')
```

[[fvyok]][[GSDPG00340]][[subelements-2]]

## Subelements

[illegible]

none - contains data

[[beaqv]][[GSDPG00088]][[activation-config-property-value]]

```
`activation-config-property-value`
```

~~~~~

Specifies the value of an activation configuration property.

[[fvyou]][[GSDPG00341]][[superelements-3]]

## Superelements

```
link:#beagt['activation-config-property'] ('glassfish-ejb-jar.xml')
```

[[fvyoz]][[GSDPG00342]][[subelements-3]]

## Subelements

ΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛ

none - contains data

[[giyhw]][[GSDPG00089]][[admin-object-resource]]

`admin-object-resource`

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

Defines an administered object for an inbound resource adapter.

[[GSDPG840]][[sthref11]]

[[superelements-4]]

Superelements

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

link:#giyiy['resources'] (`glassfish-resources.xml`)

[[GSDPG841]][[sthref12]]

[[subelements-4]]

Subelements

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

The following table describes subelements for the  
`admin-object-resource` element.

[[GSDPG842]][[sthref13]][[sthref14]]

Table C-3 `admin-object-resource` Subelements

[width="100%",cols="25%,12%,63%",options="header",]

|=====

|Element |Required |Description

a|

link:#beaso['description']

|zero or one |Contains a text description of this element.

a|

link:#beavx['property'] (with attributes)

|zero or more |Specifies a property or a variable.

|=====

[[GSDPG843]][[sthref15]]

[[attributes]]

Attributes

^^^^^^^^^^

The following table describes attributes for the `'admin-object-resource'` element.

[[GSDPG844]][[sthref16]][[sthref17]]

Table C-4 `'admin-object-resource'` Attributes

| [width="172%",cols="9%,46%,45%",options="header",]                                                          |                     |                                                                    |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| =====                                                                                                       |                     |                                                                    |
| Attribute                                                                                                   | Default             | Description                                                        |
| <code>'jndi-name'</code>                                                                                    | <code>none</code>   | Specifies the JNDI name for the resource.                          |
| <code>'res-type'</code>                                                                                     | <code>none</code>   | Specifies the fully qualified type of the resource.                |
| <code>'res-adapter'</code>                                                                                  | <code>none</code>   | Specifies the name of the inbound resource adapter.                |
| <code>'object-type'</code>                                                                                  | <code>'user'</code> | a                                                                  |
| (optional) Defines the type of the resource. Allowed values are:                                            |                     |                                                                    |
| * <code>'system-all'</code> - A system resource for all server instances and the domain application server. |                     |                                                                    |
| * <code>'system-admin'</code> - A system resource only for the domain application server.                   |                     |                                                                    |
| * <code>'system-instance'</code> - A system resource for all server instances only.                         |                     |                                                                    |
| * <code>'user'</code> - A user resource.                                                                    |                     |                                                                    |
| <code>'enabled'</code>                                                                                      | <code>'true'</code> | (optional) Determines whether this resource is enabled at runtime. |
| =====                                                                                                       |                     |                                                                    |

[[GSDPG845]][[sthref18]]

[[properties]]

Properties

^^^^^^^^^^



Properties of the `'admin-object-resource'` element are the names of setter methods of the class referenced by the `'adminobject-class'` of the `'ra.xml'` file. Some of the property names can be specified in the `'adminobjectType'` element.

```
[[beaqw]][[GSDPG00090]][[as-context]]
```

```
'as-context'
```

```
~~~~~
```

Specifies the authentication mechanism used to authenticate the client.

```
[[fvyos]][[GSDPG00343]][[superelements-5]]
```

```
Superelements
```

```
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

```
link:#beato['ior-security-config'] ('glassfish-ejb-jar.xml')
```

```
[[fvyom]][[GSDPG00344]][[subelements-5]]
```

```
Subelements
```

```
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

The following table describes subelements for the `'as-context'` element.

```
[[GSDPG846]][[sthref19]][[fvyov]]
```

Table C-5 `'as-context'` Subelements

```
[width="100%",cols="14%,10%,76%",options="header",]
```

```
|=====
```

```
|Element |Required |Description
```

```
a|
```

```
link:#beaqx['auth-method']
```

```
|only one |Specifies the authentication method. The only supported
value is 'USERNAME_PASSWORD'.
```

```
a|
```

```
link:#beawi['realm']
```

```
|only one |Specifies the realm in which the user is authenticated.
```

```
a|
link:#beawq['required']
```

|only one |Specifies whether the authentication method specified in the  
 'auth-method' element must be used for client authentication.

```
|=====
```

```
[[gjizj]][[GSDPG00091]][[archive-name]]
```

```
`archive-name`
```

```
~~~~~
```

Specifies the name of the archive file. The value of the 'archive-name'  
 element is used to derive the default application name when  
 'display-name' is not present in the 'application.xml' file. The default  
 application name is the 'archive-name' value minus the file extension.  
 For example, if 'archive-name' is 'foo.ear', the default application  
 name is 'foo'.

```
[[gjizb]][[GSDPG00345]][[superelements-6]]
```

```
Superelements
```

```
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

```
link:#beaxw['glassfish-application'] ('glassfish-application.xml')
```

```
[[gjizg]][[GSDPG00346]][[subelements-6]]
```

```
Subelements
```

```
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

none - contains data

```
[[beaqx]][[GSDPG00092]][[auth-method]]
```

```
`auth-method`
```

```
~~~~~
```

Specifies the authentication method.

If the parent element is link:#beaqw['as-context'], the only supported  
 value is 'USERNAME\_PASSWORD'.

If the parent element is link:#beauk['login-config'], specifies the  
 authentication mechanism for the web service endpoint. As a prerequisite  
 to gaining access to any web resources protected by an authorization

constraint, a user must be authenticated using the configured mechanism.

```
[[fvyow]][[GSDPG00347]][[superelements-7]]
```

Superelements

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

```
link:#beauk['login-config'] ('glassfish-web.xml'),
link:#beaqw['as-context'] ('glassfish-ejb-jar.xml')
```

```
[[fvyop]][[GSDPG00348]][[subelements-7]]
```

Subelements

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

none - contains data

```
[[beaqy]][[GSDPG00093]][[auth-realm]]
```

'auth-realm'

~~~~~

JAAS is available on the ACC. Defines the optional configuration for a JAAS authentication realm. Authentication realms require provider-specific properties, which vary depending on what a particular implementation needs. For more information about how to define realms, see "link:../application-development-guide/securing-apps.html#GSDVG00118[Realm Configuration]" in GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Application Development Guide.

```
[[fvyot]][[GSDPG00349]][[superelements-8]]
```

Superelements

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

```
link:#bearr['client-container'] ('sun-acc.xml')
```

```
[[fvyor]][[GSDPG00350]][[subelements-8]]
```

Subelements

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

The following table describes subelements for the 'auth-realm' element.

```
[[GSDPG847]][[sthref20]][[fvyol]]
```

Table C-6 'auth-realm' subelement

```
[width="100%",cols="36%,14%,50%",options="header",]
|=====
|Element |Required |Description
a|
link:#beavx['property' (with attributes)]
```

```
|zero or more |Specifies a property, which has a name and a value.
|=====
```

```
[[fvyoy]][[GSDPG00351]][[attributes-1]]
```

```
`Attributes`
^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^
```

The following table describes attributes for the `auth-realm` element.

```
[[GSDPG848]][[sthref21]][[fvypa]]
```

Table C-7 `auth-realm` attributes

```
[width="100%",cols="18%,13%,69%",options="header",]
|=====
|Attribute |Default |Description
|`name` |none |Defines the name of this realm.
|`classname` |none |Defines the Java class which implements this realm.
|=====
```

```
[[fvyox]][[GSDPG00352]][[example]]
```

```
Example
^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^
```

Here is an example of the default file realm:

```
[source,oac_no_warn]
----
<auth-realm name="file"
  classname="com.sun.enterprise.security.auth.realm.file.FileRealm">
  <property name="file" value="domain-dir/config/keyfile"/>
  <property name="jaas-context" value="fileRealm"/>
</auth-realm>
----
```

Which properties an `'auth-realm'` element uses depends on the value of the `'auth-realm'` element's `'name'` attribute. The `file` realm uses `'file'` and `'jaas-context'` properties. Other realms use different properties. See "[link:../application-development-guide/securing-apps.html#GSDVG00118\[Realm Configuration\]](#)" in GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Application Development Guide.

[[giyjb]][[GSDPG00094]][[backend-principal]]

`'backend-principal'`

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

Specifies the user name and password required by the Enterprise Information System (EIS).

[[GSDPG849]][[sthref22]]

[[superelements-9]]

Superelements

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

`link:#giyhy['security-map'] ('glassfish-resources.xml')`

[[GSDPG850]][[sthref23]]

[[subelements-9]]

Subelements

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

none

[[GSDPG851]][[sthref24]]

[[attributes-2]]

Attributes

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

The following table describes attributes for the `'backend-principal'` element.

[[GSDPG852]][[sthref25]][[sthref26]]

Table C-8 `'backend-principal'` Attributes

```
[width="100%",cols="26%,17%,57%",options="header",]
|=====
|Attribute |Default |Description
|`user-name` |none |Specifies the user name required by the EIS.

|`password` |none |(optional) Specifies the password required by the
EIS, if any.
|=====
```

```
[[beara]][[GSDPG00095]][[bean-cache]]
```

```
`bean-cache`
```

```
~~~~~
```

Specifies the entity bean cache properties. Used for entity beans and stateful session beans.

```
[[fvyoq]][[GSDPG00353]][[superelements-10]]
```

```
Superelements
```

```
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

```
link:#beass[`ejb`] (`glassfish-ejb-jar.xml`)
```

```
[[fvyon]][[GSDPG00354]][[subelements-10]]
```

```
Subelements
```

```
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

The following table describes subelements for the `bean-cache` element.

```
[[GSDPG853]][[sthref27]][[fvypb]]
```

Table C-9 `bean-cache` Subelements

```
[width="100%",cols="35%,11%,54%",options="header",]
|=====
|Element |Required |Description
a|
link:#beauo[`max-cache-size`]

|zero or one |Specifies the maximum number of beans allowable in cache.

a|
link:#beatp[`is-cache-overflow-allowed`]
```

|zero or one |Deprecated.

a|
link:#bearg['cache-idle-timeout-in-seconds']

|zero or one |Specifies the maximum time that a stateful session bean or entity bean is allowed to be idle in cache before being passivated. Default value is 10 minutes (600 seconds).

a|
link:#beawl['removal-timeout-in-seconds']

|zero or one |Specifies the amount of time a bean remains before being removed. If 'removal-timeout-in-seconds' is less than 'idle-timeout', the bean is removed without being passivated.

a|
link:#beaws['resize-quantity']

|zero or one |Specifies the number of beans to be created if the pool is empty (subject to the 'max-pool-size' limit). Values are from 0 to MAX_INTEGER.

a|
link:#beayp['victim-selection-policy']

|zero or one |Specifies the algorithm that must be used by the container to pick victims. Applies only to stateful session beans.
|=====

[[fvyoo]][[GSDPG00355]][[example-1]]

Example
^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^

[source,oac_no_warn]

```
<bean-cache>
  <max-cache-size>100</max-cache-size>
  <cache-resize-quantity>10</cache-resize-quantity>
  <removal-timeout-in-seconds>3600</removal-timeout-in-seconds>
```

```

    <victim-selection-policy>LRU</victim-selection-policy>
    <cache-idle-timeout-in-seconds>600</cache-idle-timeout-in-seconds>
    <removal-timeout-in-seconds>5400</removal-timeout-in-seconds>
  </bean-cache>

```

```
----
```

```
[[bearb]][[GSDPG00096]][[bean-pool]]
```

```
`bean-pool`
```

```
~~~~~
```

Specifies the pool properties of stateless session beans, entity beans, and message-driven bean.

```
[[fvypc]][[GSDPG00356]][[superelements-11]]
```

```
Superelements
```

```
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

```
link:#beass[`ejb`] (`glassfish-ejb-jar.xml`)
```

```
[[fvypd]][[GSDPG00357]][[subelements-11]]
```

```
Subelements
```

```
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

The following table describes subelements for the `bean-pool` element.

```
[[GSDPG854]][[sthref28]][[fvypg]]
```

Table C-10 `bean-pool` Subelements

| [width="100%",cols="34%,11%,55%",options="header",] | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|-------------|
| ===== | | |
| Element | Required | Description |
| link:#beast[`steady-pool-size`] | | |
| zero or one Specifies the initial and minimum number of beans maintained in the pool. Default is 32. | | |
| link:#beaws[`resize-quantity`] | | |
| zero or one Specifies the number of beans to be created if the pool | | |

is empty (subject to the `'max-pool-size'` limit). Values are from 0 to MAX_INTEGER.

a|
link:#beaup['max-pool-size']

|zero or one |Specifies the maximum number of beans in the pool. Values are from 0 to MAX_INTEGER. Default is to the EJB container value or 60.

a|
link:#beauq['max-wait-time-in-millis']

|zero or one |Deprecated.

a|
link:#beavr['pool-idle-timeout-in-seconds']

|zero or one |Specifies the maximum time that a bean is allowed to be idle in the pool. After this time, the bean is removed. This is a hint to the server. Default time is 600 seconds (10 minutes).

|=====

[[fvypf]][[GSDPG00358]][[example-2]]

Example
^

[source,oac_no_warn]

```
<bean-pool>
  <steady-pool-size>10</steady-pool-size>
  <resize-quantity>10</resize-quantity>
  <max-pool-size>100</max-pool-size>
  <pool-idle-timeout-in-seconds>600</pool-idle-timeout-in-seconds>
</bean-pool>
```

[[beard]][[GSDPG00097]][[cache]]

`cache`
~~~~~

Configures caching for web application components.

```
[[fvype]][[GSDPG00359]][[superelements-12]]
```

```
Superelements
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

```
link:#beayb['glassfish-web-app'] ('glassfish-web.xml')
```

```
[[fvyp1]][[GSDPG00360]][[subelements-12]]
```

```
Subelements
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

The following table describes subelements for the 'cache' element.

```
[[GSDPG855]][[sthref29]][[fvyrdd]]
```

Table C-11 'cache' Subelements

```
[width="100%",cols="25%,12%,63%",options="header",]
```

```
|=====
```

```
|Element |Required |Description
```

```
a|
```

```
link:#beare['cache-helper']
```

```
|zero or more |Specifies a custom class that implements the CacheHelper
interface.
```

```
a|
```

```
link:#beasm['default-helper']
```

```
|zero or one |Allows you to change the properties of the default,
built-in link:#beare['cache-helper'] class.
```

```
a|
```

```
link:#beavx['property' (with attributes)]
```

```
|zero or more |Specifies a cache property, which has a name and a
value.
```

```
a|
```

```
link:#bearh['cache-mapping']
```

```
|zero or more |Maps a URL pattern or a servlet name to its cacheability
```

constraints.

|=====

[[fvypj]][[GSDPG00361]][[attributes-3]]

Attributes

^^^^^^^^^^

The following table describes attributes for the `cache` element.

[[GSDPG856]][[sthref30]][[fvyrt]]

Table C-12 `cache` Attributes

[width="172%",cols="14%,46%,40%",options="header",]

|=====

|Attribute |Default |Description

|`max-entries` |`4096` |(optional) Specifies the maximum number of entries the cache can contain. Must be a positive integer.

|`timeout-in-seconds` |`30` |(optional) Specifies the maximum amount of time in seconds that an entry can remain in the cache after it is created or refreshed. Can be overridden by a link:#beayg[`timeout`] element.

|`enabled` |`true` |(optional) Determines whether servlet and JSP caching is enabled.

|=====

[[fvypx]][[GSDPG00362]][[properties-1]]

Properties

^^^^^^^^^^

The following table describes properties for the `cache` element.

[[GSDPG857]][[sthref31]][[fvyqr]]

Table C-13 `cache` Properties

[width="100%",cols="24%,23%,53%",options="header",]

|=====

|Property |Default |Description

|`cacheClassName` |`com.sun.appserv.web.cache.LruCache` |Specifies the

fully qualified name of the class that implements the cache functionality. See [link:#fvyrn\[Cache Class Names\]](#) for possible values.

|`MultiLRUSegmentSize`|`4096`|Specifies the number of entries in a segment of the cache table that should have its own LRU (least recently used) list. Applicable only if `cacheClassName` is set to `com.sun.appserv.web.cache.MultiLruCache`.

|`MaxSize`|unlimited; `Long.MAX\_VALUE`|Specifies an upper bound on the cache memory size in bytes (KB or MB units). Example values are `32 KB` or `2 MB`. Applicable only if `cacheClassName` is set to `com.sun.appserv.web.cache.BoundedMultiLruCache`.

|=====

[[fvyrn]][[GSDPG00363]][[cache-class-names]]

Cache Class Names  
 ^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

The following table lists possible values of the `cacheClassName` property.

[[GSDPG858]][[sthref32]][[fvypb]]

Table C-14 `cacheClassName` Values

[width="100%",cols="31%,69%",options="header",]

|=====

|Value|Description

|`com.sun.appserv.web.cache.LruCache`|A bounded cache with an LRU (least recently used) cache replacement policy.

|`com.sun.appserv.web.cache.BaseCache`|An unbounded cache suitable if the maximum number of entries is known.

|`com.sun.appserv.web.cache.MultiLruCache`|A cache suitable for a large number of entries (>4096). Uses the `MultiLRUSegmentSize` property.

|`com.sun.appserv.web.cache.BoundedMultiLruCache`|A cache suitable for limiting the cache size by memory rather than number of entries. Uses the `MaxSize` property.

|=====

[[beare]][[GSDPG00098]][[cache-helper]]

``cache-helper``

~~~~~

Specifies a class that implements the
com.sun.appserv.web.cache.CacheHelper interface.

[[fvyqy]][[GSDPG00364]][[superelements-13]]

Superelements

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

link:#beard[``cache``] (``glassfish-web.xml``)

[[fvyru]][[GSDPG00365]][[subelements-13]]

Subelements

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

The following table describes subelements for the ``cache-helper`` element.

[[GSDPG859]][[sthref33]][[fvyql]]

Table C-15 ``cache-helper`` Subelements

[width="100%",cols="25%,12%,63%",options="header",]

|=====

|Element |Required |Description

a|

link:#beavx[``property`` (with attributes)]

|zero or more |Specifies a property, which has a name and a value.

|=====

[[fvyqu]][[GSDPG00366]][[attributes-4]]

Attributes

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

The following table describes attributes for the ``cache-helper`` element.

[[GSDPG860]][[sthref34]][[fvyrp]]

Table C-16 ``cache-helper`` Attributes

```
[width="181%",cols="8%,49%,43%",options="header",]
|=====
|Attribute |Default |Description
|`name` |`default` |Specifies a unique name for the helper class, which
|is referenced in the link:#bearh[`cache-mapping`] element.

|`class-name` |none |Specifies the fully qualified class name of the
|cache helper, which must implement the com.sun.appserv.web.CacheHelper
|interface.
|=====
```

```
[[bearf]][[GSDPG00099]][[cache-helper-ref]]
```

```
`cache-helper-ref`
~~~~~
```

Specifies the `name` of the link:#beare[`cache-helper`] used by the parent link:#bearh[`cache-mapping`] element.

```
[[fvypq]][[GSDPG00367]][[superelements-14]]
```

```
Superelements
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

```
link:#bearh[`cache-mapping`] (`glassfish-web.xml`)
```

```
[[fvysq]][[GSDPG00368]][[subelements-14]]
```

```
Subelements
^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

none - contains data

```
[[bearg]][[GSDPG00100]][[cache-idle-timeout-in-seconds]]
```

```
`cache-idle-timeout-in-seconds`
~~~~~
```

Specifies the maximum time that a bean can remain idle in the cache. After this amount of time, the container can passivate this bean. A value of `0` specifies that beans never become candidates for passivation. Default is 600.

Applies to stateful session beans and entity beans.

```
[[fvyqc]][[GSDPG00369]][[superelements-15]]
```

Superelements

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

link:#beara['bean-cache'] ('glassfish-ejb-jar.xml')

[[fvyqo]][[GSDPG00370]][[subelements-15]]

Subelements

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

none - contains data

[[bearh]][[GSDPG00101]][[cache-mapping]]

`cache-mapping`

~~~~~

Maps a URL pattern or a servlet name to its cacheability constraints.

[[fvyqi]][[GSDPG00371]][[superelements-16]]

## Superelements

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

link:#beard['cache'] ('glassfish-web.xml')

[[fvyqn]][[GSDPG00372]][[subelements-16]]

## Subelements

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

The following table describes subelements for the `cache-mapping` element.

[[GSDPG861]][[sthref35]][[fvypt]]

Table C-17 `cache-mapping` Subelements

[width="100%",cols="20%,30%,50%",options="header",]

|=====

|Element |Required |Description

a|

link:#beaxo['servlet-name']

|requires one `servlet-name` or `url-pattern` |Contains the name of a

servlet.

a|  
link:#beayl['url-pattern']

|requires one 'servlet-name' or 'url-pattern' |Contains a servlet URL pattern for which caching is enabled.

a|  
link:#bearf['cache-helper-ref']

|required if 'dispatcher', 'timeout', 'refresh-field', 'http-method', 'key-field', and 'constraint-field' are not used |Contains the 'name' of the link:#beare['cache-helper'] used by the parent 'cache-mapping' element.

a|  
link:#beasp['dispatcher']

|zero or one if 'cache-helper-ref' is not used |Contains a comma-separated list of 'RequestDispatcher' methods for which caching is enabled.

a|  
link:#beayg['timeout']

|zero or one if 'cache-helper-ref' is not used |Contains the link:#bearh['cache-mapping'] specific maximum amount of time in seconds that an entry can remain in the cache after it is created or refreshed.

a|  
link:#beawj['refresh-field']

|zero or one if 'cache-helper-ref' is not used |Specifies a field that gives the application component a programmatic way to refresh a cached entry.

a|  
link:#beatk['http-method']

|zero or more if 'cache-helper-ref' is not used |Contains an HTTP method that is eligible for caching.



```
a|
link:#beatz['key-field']
```

|zero or more if 'cache-helper-ref' is not used |Specifies a component of the key used to look up and extract cache entries.

```
a|
link:#bease['constraint-field']
```

|zero or more if 'cache-helper-ref' is not used |Specifies a cacheability constraint for the given 'url-pattern' or 'servlet-name'.  
|=====

```
[[beari]][[GSDPG00102]][[call-property]]
```

```
`call-property`
```

```
~~~~~
```

Specifies JAX-RPC property values that can be set on a 'javax.xml.rpc.Call' object before it is returned to the web service client. The property names can be any properties supported by the JAX-RPC 'Call' implementation.

```
[[fvyri]][[GSDPG00373]][[superelements-17]]
```

```
Superelements
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

```
link:#beavt['port-info'], link:#beaxk['service-ref']
('glassfish-web.xml', 'glassfish-ejb-jar.xml',
'glassfish-application-client.xml')
```

```
[[fvyqp]][[GSDPG00374]][[subelements-17]]
```

```
Subelements
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

The following table describes subelements for the 'call-property' element.

```
[[GSDPG862]][[sthref36]][[fvyrw]]
```

Table C-18 'call-property' subelements

```
[width="100%",cols="24%,12%,64%",options="header",]
|=====
|Element |Required |Description
a|
link:#beavf['name']
```

```
|only one |Specifies the name of the entity.
a|
link:#beayo['value']
```

```
|only one |Specifies the value of the entity.
|=====
```

```
[[bearj]][[GSDPG00103]][[caller-propagation]]
```

```
`caller-propagation`
~~~~~
```

Specifies whether the target accepts propagated caller identities. The values are `NONE`, `SUPPORTED`, or `REQUIRED`.

```
[[fvyqj]][[GSDPG00375]][[superelements-18]]
```

```
Superelements
^
```

```
link:#beaxb['sas-context'] (`glassfish-ejb-jar.xml`)
```

```
[[fvyrb]][[GSDPG00376]][[subelements-18]]
```

```
Subelements
^
```

none - contains data

```
[[beark]][[GSDPG00104]][[cert-db]]
```

```
`cert-db`
~~~~~
```

Not implemented. Included for backward compatibility only. Attribute values are ignored.

```
[[fvyqa]][[GSDPG00377]][[superelements-19]]
```

## Superelements

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

link:#beaxf['security'] ('sun-acc.xml')

[[fvyre]][[GSDPG00378]][[subelements-19]]

## Subelements

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

none

[[fvyrr]][[GSDPG00379]][[attributes-5]]

## Attributes

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

The following table describes attributes for the 'cert-db' element.

[[GSDPG863]][[sthref37]][[fvypo]]

Table C-19 'cert-db' attributes

| [width="100%",cols="14%,11%,75%",options="header",] |         |                                                            |
|-----------------------------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| =====                                               |         |                                                            |
| Attribute                                           | Default | Description                                                |
| 'path'                                              | none    | Specifies the absolute path of the certificate database.   |
| 'password'                                          | none    | Specifies the password to access the certificate database. |
| =====                                               |         |                                                            |

[[bear1]][[GSDPG00105]][[check-all-at-commit]]

'check-all-at-commit'

~~~~~

This element is not implemented. Do not use.

[[fvyrj]][[GSDPG00380]][[superelements-20]]

## Superelements

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

link:#beasd['consistency'] ('sun-cmp-mappings.xml')

```
[[bearm]][[GSDPG00106]][[check-modified-at-commit]]
```

```
`check-modified-at-commit`
```

```
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

Checks concurrent modification of fields in modified beans at commit time.

```
[[fvyqf]][[GSDPG00381]][[superelements-21]]
```

```
Superelements
```

```
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

```
link:#beasd['consistency'] ('sun-cmp-mappings.xml')
```

```
[[fvyqz]][[GSDPG00382]][[subelements-20]]
```

```
Subelements
```

```
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

none - element is present or absent

```
[[bearn]][[GSDPG00107]][[check-version-of-accessed-instances]]
```

```
`check-version-of-accessed-instances`
```

```
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

Checks the version column of the modified beans.

Version consistency allows the bean state to be cached between transactions instead of read from a database. The bean state is verified by primary key and version column values. This occurs during a custom query (for dirty instances only) or commit (for both clean and dirty instances).

The version column must be a numeric type, and must be in the primary table. You must provide appropriate update triggers for this column.

```
[[fvyqt]][[GSDPG00383]][[superelements-22]]
```

```
Superelements
```

```
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

```
link:#beasd['consistency'] ('sun-cmp-mappings.xml')
```

```
[[fvypp]][[GSDPG00384]][[subelements-21]]
```

## Subelements

^^^^^^^^^^^^

The following table describes subelements for the `'check-version-of-accessed-instances'` element.

[[GSDPG864]][[sthref38]][[fvyrq]]

Table C-20 `'check-version-of-accessed-instances'` Subelements

[width="100%",cols="33%,11%,56%",options="header",]

|=====

|Element |Required |Description

a|

link:#bearz['column-name']

|only one |Specifies the name of the version column.

|=====

[[bearo]][[GSDPG00108]][[checkpoint-at-end-of-method]]

`'checkpoint-at-end-of-method'`

~~~~~

Specifies that the stateful session bean state is checkpointed, or persisted, after the specified methods are executed. The `'availability-enabled'` attribute of the parent `link:#beass['ejb']` element must be set to `'true'`.

[[fvyrq]][[GSDPG00385]][[superelements-23]]

## Superelements

^^^^^^^^^^^^

link:#beass['ejb'] ('glassfish-ejb-jar.xml')

[[fvyrq]][[GSDPG00386]][[subelements-22]]

## Subelements

^^^^^^^^^^^^

The following table describes subelements for the `'checkpoint-at-end-of-method'` element.

[[GSDPG865]][[sthref39]][[fvyqx]]

Table C-21 `checkpoint-at-end-of-method` Subelements

```
[width="100%",cols="25%,13%,62%",options="header",]
```

```
|=====
```

```
|Element |Required |Description
```

```
a|
```

```
link:#beauz['method']
```

```
|one or more |Specifies a bean method.
```

```
|=====
```

```
[[bearp]][[GSDPG00109]][[checkpointed-methods]]
```

```
`checkpointed-methods`
```

```
~~~~~
```

Deprecated. Supported for backward compatibility. Use

link:#bearo['checkpoint-at-end-of-method'] instead.

```
[[fvyrk]][[GSDPG00387]][[superelements-24]]
```

Superelements

```
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

```
link:#beass['ejb'] ('glassfish-ejb-jar.xml')
```

```
[[bearq]][[GSDPG00110]][[class-loader]]
```

```
`class-loader`
```

```
~~~~~
```

Configures the class loader for the web module.

```
[[fvyrv]][[GSDPG00388]][[superelements-25]]
```

Superelements

```
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

```
link:#beayb['glassfish-web-app'] ('glassfish-web.xml')
```

```
[[fvyrh]][[GSDPG00389]][[subelements-23]]
```

Subelements

```
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

The following table describes subelements for the `'class-loader'` element.

[[GSDPG866]][[sthref40]][[fvyqg]]

Table C-22 `'class-loader'` Subelements

| [width="100%",cols="25%,12%,63%",options="header",]<br> =====     |          |             |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|-------------|
| Element                                                           | Required | Description |
| a                                                                 |          |             |
| link:#beavx['property' (with attributes)]                         |          |             |
| zero or more  Specifies a property, which has a name and a value. |          |             |
| =====                                                             |          |             |

[[fvyr1]][[GSDPG00390]][[attributes-6]]

Attributes  
^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^

The following table describes attributes for the `'class-loader'` element.

[[GSDPG867]][[sthref41]][[fvyr5]]

Table C-23 `'class-loader'` Attributes

| [width="172%",cols="17%,46%,37%",options="header",]<br> =====                                                                                                                   |         |             |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|-------------|
| Attribute                                                                                                                                                                       | Default | Description |
| 'extra-class-path'                                                                                                                                                              | null    | a           |
| (optional) Specifies a colon or semicolon separated list of additional classpaths for this web module. Paths can be absolute or relative to the web module's root, for example: |         |             |
| [source,oac_no_warn]                                                                                                                                                            |         |             |
| ----                                                                                                                                                                            |         |             |
| extra-class-path="WEB-INF/lib/extra/extra.jar"                                                                                                                                  |         |             |
| ----                                                                                                                                                                            |         |             |
| 'delegate'                                                                                                                                                                      | 'true'  | a           |
| (optional) If 'true', the web module follows the standard class loader delegation model and delegates to its parent class loader first before                                   |         |             |

looking in the local class loader. You must set this to `'true'` for a web module that accesses EJB components or that acts as a web service client or endpoint.

If `'false'`, the web module follows the delegation model specified in the Servlet specification and looks in its class loader before looking in the parent class loader. It's safe to set this to `'false'` only for a web module that does not interact with any other modules.

For a number of packages, including `'java.*'` and `'javax.*'`, symbol resolution is always delegated to the parent class loader regardless of the `delegate` setting. This prevents applications from overriding core Java runtime classes or changing the API versions of specifications that are part of the Java EE platform.

|`'dynamic-reload-''interval'` | + |(optional) Not implemented. Included for backward compatibility with previous Oracle Web Server versions.  
|=====

#### [NOTE]

=====

If the `'delegate'` attribute is set to `'false'`, the class loader delegation behavior complies with the Servlet 2.4 specification, section 9.7.2. If set to its default value of `'true'`, classes and resources residing in container-wide library JAR files are loaded in preference to classes and resources packaged within the WAR file.

Portable programs that use this element should not be packaged with any classes or interfaces that are a part of the Java EE specification. The behavior of a program that includes such classes or interfaces in its WAR file is undefined.

=====

[[gcfko]][[GSDPG00391]][[properties-2]]

Properties  
^AAAAAAAAA

The following table describes properties for the `'class-loader'` element.

[[GSDPG868]][[sthref42]][[gcfjs]]



Table C-24 `class-loader` Properties

| [width="181%",cols="15%,49%,36%",options="header",]                                                                                                                             |         |             |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|-------------|
| =====                                                                                                                                                                           |         |             |
| Property                                                                                                                                                                        | Default | Description |
| `ignoreHiddenJarFiles`  `false`  If `true`, specifies that all JAR and ZIP files in the `WEB-INF/lib` directory that start with a period (`.`) are ignored by the class loader. |         |             |
| =====                                                                                                                                                                           |         |             |

```
[[bearr]][[GSDPG00111]][[client-container]]
```

```
`client-container`
```

```
~~~~~
```

Defines the GlassFish Server specific configuration for the application client container. This is the root element; there can only be one `client-container` element in a `sun-acc.xml` file. See [link:dd-files.html#beaqp\[The sun-acc.xml File\]](#).

```
[[fvypv]][[GSDPG00392]][[superelements-26]]
```

```
Superelements
```

```
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

```
none
```

```
[[fvypk]][[GSDPG00393]][[subelements-24]]
```

```
Subelements
```

```
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

The following table describes subelements for the `client-container` element.

```
[[GSDPG869]][[sthref43]][[fvypm]]
```

Table C-25 `client-container` Subelements

| [width="100%",cols="28%,12%,60%",options="header",] |          |             |
|-----------------------------------------------------|----------|-------------|
| =====                                               |          |             |
| Element                                             | Required | Description |
| a                                                   |          |             |
| link:#beaye[`target-server`]                        |          |             |

|one or more a|

Specifies the IIOP listener for the target server. Also specifies IIOP endpoints used for load balancing. If the GlassFish Server instance on which the application client is deployed participates in a cluster, GlassFish Server finds all currently active IIOP endpoints in the cluster automatically. However, a client should have at least two endpoints specified for bootstrapping purposes, in case one of the endpoints has failed.

A listener or endpoint is in the form host:`port`, where the host is an IP address or host name, and the port specifies the port number.

a|

link:#beaqy[`auth-realm`]

|zero or one |Specifies the optional configuration for JAAS authentication realm.

a|

link:#bears[`client-credential`]

|zero or one |Specifies the default client credential that is sent to the server.

a|

link:#beauj[`log-service`]

|zero or one |Specifies the default log file and the severity level of the message.

a|

link:#beauy[`message-security-config`]

|zero or more |Specifies configurations for message security providers.

a|

link:#beavx[`property` (with attributes)]

|zero or more |Specifies a property, which has a name and a value.

|=====

[[fvyqq]][[GSDPG00394]][[attributes-7]]

## Attributes

^^^^^^^^^^

The following table describes attributes for the `<client-container>` element.

[[GSDPG870]][[sthref44]][[fvyqb]]

Table C-26 `<client-container>` Attributes

| [width="172%",cols="11%,46%,43%",options="header",] |                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| =====                                               |                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Attribute                                           | Default                   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <code>&lt;send-password&gt;</code>                  | <code>&lt;true&gt;</code> | If <code>&lt;true&gt;</code> , specifies that client authentication credentials must be sent to the server. Without authentication credentials, all access to protected EJB components results in exceptions. |
| =====                                               |                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

[[fvyrm]][[GSDPG00395]][[properties-3]]

## Properties

^^^^^^^^^^

The following table describes properties for the `<client-container>` element.

[[GSDPG871]][[sthref45]][[fvyqm]]

Table C-27 `<client-container>` Properties

| [width="172%",cols="22%,46%,32%",options="header",] |                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| =====                                               |                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Property                                            | Default                   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <code>&lt;com.sun.appserv.iio endpoints&gt;</code>  | <code>&lt;none&gt;</code> | Specifies a comma-separated list of one or more IIOP endpoints used for load balancing. An IIOP endpoint is in the form <code>host:port</code> , where the host is an IP address or host name, and the port specifies the port number. Deprecated. Use <code>link:bea:target-server</code> elements instead. |
| =====                                               |                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

[[bears]][[GSDPG00112]][[client-credential]]

``client-credential``

~~~~~

Default client credentials that are sent to the server. If this element is present, the credentials are automatically sent to the server, without prompting the user for the user name and password on the client side.

[[fvyqk]][[GSDPG00396]][[superelements-27]]

Superelements

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

link:#bearr[`client-container`] (`sun-acc.xml`)

[[fvyqd]][[GSDPG00397]][[subelements-25]]

Subelements

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

The following table describes subelements for the ``client-credential`` element.

[[GSDPG872]][[sthref46]][[fvyro]]

Table C-28 ``client-credential`` subelement

[width="100%",cols="37%,14%,49%",options="header",]

|=====

|Element |Required |Description

a|

link:#beavx[`property`] (with attributes)]

|zero or more |Specifies a property, which has a name and a value.

|=====

[[fvyqv]][[GSDPG00398]][[attributes-8]]

Attributes

^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

The following table describes attributes for the ``client-credential`` element.

[[GSDPG873]][[sthref47]][[fvypi]]

Table C-29 `client-credential` attributes

[width="100%",cols="12%,14%,74%",options="header",]		
=====		
Attribute	Default	Description
`user-name`	none	The user name used to authenticate the Application client container.
`password`	none	The password used to authenticate the Application client container.
`realm`	default realm for the domain	(optional) The realm (specified by name) where credentials are to be resolved.
=====		

```
[[beart]][[GSDPG00113]][[cmp]]
```

```
`cmp`
~~~~~
```

Describes runtime information for a CMP entity bean object for EJB 1.1 and EJB 2.1 beans.

```
[[fvyrq]][[GSDPG00399]][[superelements-28]]
```

```
Superelements
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

```
link:#beass['ejb'] ('glassfish-ejb-jar.xml')
```

```
[[fvyqw]][[GSDPG00400]][[subelements-26]]
```

```
Subelements
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

The following table describes subelements for the `cmp` element.

```
[[GSDPG874]][[sthref48]][[fvypw]]
```

Table C-30 `cmp` Subelements

[width="100%",cols="22%,11%,67%",options="header",]		
=====		
Element	Required	Description

```

a|
link:#beaun['mapping-properties']

|zero or one |This element is not implemented.

a|
link:#beatq['is-one-one-cmp']

|zero or one |This element is not implemented.

a|
link:#beavk['one-one-finders']

|zero or one |Describes the finders for CMP 1.1 beans.

a|
link:#beavu['prefetch-disabled']

|zero or one |Disables prefetching of entity bean states for the
specified query methods.
|=====

[[bearu]][[GSDPG00114]][[cmp-field-mapping]]

`cmp-field-mapping`
~~~~~

The `cmp-field-mapping` element associates a field with one or more
columns to which it maps. The column can be from a bean's primary table
or any defined secondary table. If a field is mapped to multiple
columns, the column listed first in this element is used as a source for
getting the value from the database. The columns are updated in the
order they appear. There is one `cmp-field-mapping` element for each
`cmp-field` element defined in the `ejb-jar.xml` file.

[[fvypy]][[GSDPG00401]][[superelements-29]]

Superelements
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

link:#beasy['entity-mapping'] (`sun-cmp-mappings.xml`)

[[fvyra]][[GSDPG00402]][[subelements-27]]

```

Subelements

^^^^^^^^^^^^

The following table describes subelements for the `'cmp-field-mapping'` element.

[[GSDPG875]][[sthref49]][[fvyqh]]

Table C-31 `'cmp-field-mapping'` Subelements

[width="100%",cols="15%,12%,73%",options="header",]

|=====

|Element |Required |Description

a|

link:#beatd['field-name']

|only one |Specifies the Java identifier of a field. This identifier must match the value of the `'field-name'` subelement of the `'cmp-field'` that is being mapped.

a|

link:#bearz['column-name']

|one or more |Specifies the name of a column from the primary table, or the qualified table name (TABLE.COLUMN) of a column from a secondary or related table.

a|

link:#beawh['read-only']

|zero or one |Specifies that a field is read-only.

a|

link:#beatc['fetched-with']

|zero or one |Specifies the fetch group for this CMP field's mapping.

|=====

[[bearv]][[GSDPG00115]][[cmp-resource]]

`'cmp-resource'`

~~~~~

Specifies the database to be used for storing CMP beans. For more information about this element, see "link:../application-development-guide/container\_managed-persistence.html#GSDVG00154[Configuring the CMP Resource]" in GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Application Development Guide.

[[fvypz]][[GSDPG00403]][[superelements-30]]

Superelements  
^

link:#beasx['enterprise-beans'] ('glassfish-ejb-jar.xml')

[[fvyrf]][[GSDPG00404]][[subelements-28]]

Subelements  
^

The following table describes subelements for the 'cmp-resource' element.

[[GSDPG876]][[sthref50]][[fvyps]]

Table C-32 'cmp-resource' Subelements

| [width="100%",cols="33%,12%,55%",options="header",] |             |                                                                 |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| =====                                               |             |                                                                 |
| Element                                             | Required    | Description                                                     |
| a                                                   |             |                                                                 |
| link:#beatw['jndi-name']                            |             |                                                                 |
|                                                     | only one    | Specifies the absolute 'jndi-name' of a JDBC resource.          |
| a                                                   |             |                                                                 |
| link:#beasn['default-resource-principal']           |             |                                                                 |
|                                                     | zero or one | Specifies the default runtime bindings of a resource reference. |
| a                                                   |             |                                                                 |
| link:#beavy['property' (with subelements)]          |             |                                                                 |



|zero or more |Specifies a property name and value. Used to configure  
 'PersistenceManagerFactory' properties.

a|  
 link:#beasi['create-tables-at-deploy']

|zero or one |If 'true', specifies that database tables are created for  
 beans that are automatically mapped by the EJB container.

a|  
 link:#beasq['drop-tables-at-undeploy']

|zero or one |If 'true', specifies that database tables that were  
 automatically created when the bean(s) were last deployed are dropped  
 when the bean(s) are undeployed.

a|  
 link:#beask['database-vendor-name']

|zero or one |Specifies the name of the database vendor for which  
 tables can be created.

a|  
 link:#beaxd['schema-generator-properties']

|zero or one |Specifies field-specific type mappings and allows you to  
 set the 'use-unique-table-names' property.  
 |=====

[[bearw]][[GSDPG00116]][[cmr-field-mapping]]

'cmr-field-mapping'  
 ~~~~~

A container-managed relationship field has a name and one or more column
 pairs that define the relationship. There is one 'cmr-field-mapping'
 element for each 'cmr-field' element in the 'ejb-jar.xml' file. A
 relationship can also participate in a fetch group.

[[fvyr]][[GSDPG00405]][[superelements-31]]

Superelements
 ^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

```
link:#beasy['entity-mapping'] ('sun-cmp-mappings.xml')
```

```
[[fvypu]][[GSDPG00406]][[subelements-29]]
```

Subelements

```
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
```

The following table describes subelements for the `'cmr-field-mapping'` element.

```
[[GSDPG877]][[sthref51]][[fvypn]]
```

Table C-33 `'cmr-field-mapping'` Subelements

```
[width="100%",cols="18%,12%,70%",options="header",]
```

```
|=====
```

```
|Element |Required |Description
```

```
a|
```

```
link:#bearx['cmr-field-name']
```

|only one |Specifies the Java identifier of a field. Must match the value of the `'cmr-field-name'` subelement of the `'cmr-field'` that is being mapped.

```
a|
```

```
link:#beasa['column-pair']
```

|one or more |Specifies the pair of columns that determine the relationship between two database tables.

```
a|
```

```
link:#beatc['fetched-with']
```

|zero or one |Specifies the fetch group for this CMR field's relationship.

```
|=====
```

```
[[bearx]][[GSDPG00117]][[cmr-field-name]]
```

```
'cmr-field-name'
```

```
~~~~~
```

Specifies the Java identifier of a field. Must match the value of the 'cmr-field-name' subelement of the 'cmr-field' element in the 'ejb-jar.xml' file.

```
[[fvyrx]][[GSDPG00407]][[superelements-32]]
```

Superelements
 ^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

link:#bearw['cmr-field-mapping'] ('sun-cmp-mappings.xml')

```
[[fvvry]][[GSDPG00408]][[subelements-30]]
```

Subelements
 ^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

none - contains data

```
[[beary]][[GSDPG00118]][[cmt-timeout-in-seconds]]
```

'cmt-timeout-in-seconds'
 ~~~~~

Overrides the Transaction Timeout setting of the Transaction Service for an individual bean. The default value, '0', specifies that the default Transaction Service timeout is used. If positive, this value is used for all methods in the bean that start a new container-managed transaction. This value is not used if the bean joins a client transaction.

```
[[fvysf]][[GSDPG00409]][[superelements-33]]
```

Superelements  
 ^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

link:#beass['ejb'] ('glassfish-ejb-jar.xml')

```
[[fvysc]][[GSDPG00410]][[subelements-31]]
```

Subelements  
 ^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

none - contains data

```
[[bearz]][[GSDPG00119]][[column-name]]
```

'column-name'  
 ~~~~~

Specifies the name of a column from the primary table, or the qualified table name (TABLE.COLUMN) of a column from a secondary or related table.

```
[[fvyse]][[GSDPG00411]][[superelements-34]]
```

Superelements
 ^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

```
link:#bearn['check-version-of-accessed-instances'],
link:#bearu['cmp-field-mapping'], link:#beasa['column-pair']
('sun-cmp-mappings.xml')
```

```
[[fvysb]][[GSDPG00412]][[subelements-32]]
```

Subelements
 ^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

none - contains data

```
[[beasa]][[GSDPG00120]][[column-pair]]
```

'column-pair'
 ~~~~~

Specifies the pair of columns that determine the relationship between two database tables. Each 'column-pair' must contain exactly two 'column-name' subelements, which specify the column's names. The first 'column-name' element names the table that this bean is mapped to, and the second 'column-name' names the column in the related table.

```
[[fvysa]][[GSDPG00413]][[superelements-35]]
```

Superelements  
 ^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

```
link:#bearw['cmr-field-mapping'], link:#beaxe['secondary-table']
('sun-cmp-mappings.xml')
```

```
[[fvysg]][[GSDPG00414]][[subelements-33]]
```

Subelements  
 ^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

The following table describes subelements for the 'column-pair' element.

```
[[GSDPG878]][[sthref52]][[fvysh]]
```

Table C-34 'column-pair' Subelements

| [width="100%",cols="14%,10%,76%",options="header",]                                                                                                          |          |                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| =====                                                                                                                                                        |          |                                                                                                                                                  |
| Element                                                                                                                                                      | Required | Description                                                                                                                                      |
| a                                                                                                                                                            |          |                                                                                                                                                  |
| link:#bearz['column-name']                                                                                                                                   |          |                                                                                                                                                  |
|                                                                                                                                                              |          |                                                                                                                                                  |
| two                                                                                                                                                          |          | Specifies the name of a column from the primary table, or the qualified table name (TABLE.COLUMN) of a column from a secondary or related table. |
| =====                                                                                                                                                        |          |                                                                                                                                                  |
| [[beasb]][[GSDPG00121]][[commit-option]]                                                                                                                     |          |                                                                                                                                                  |
| `commit-option`                                                                                                                                              |          |                                                                                                                                                  |
| ~~~~~                                                                                                                                                        |          |                                                                                                                                                  |
| Specifies the commit option used on transaction completion. Valid values for GlassFish Server are 'B' or 'C'. Default value is 'B'. Applies to entity beans. |          |                                                                                                                                                  |

[NOTE]

Commit option A is not supported for this GlassFish Server release.

Superelements<sup>^^^</sup>^

ejb(glassfish-ejb-jar.xml)

Subelements<sup>^^</sup>^^

none - contains data

compatibility~~~~~

Specifies the GlassFish Server release with which to be backward compatible in terms of JAR

visibility requirements for applications. The current allowed value is **v2**, which refers to GlassFish Server version 2 or GlassFish Server version 9.1 or 9.1.1. Starting in Java EE 6, the Java EE specification imposes stricter requirements than Java EE 5 did on which JAR files can be visible to various modules within an EAR file. Setting this element to **v2** removes these Java EE 6 and later restrictions.

Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

**glassfish-application** (**glassfish-application.xml**), **glassfish-ejb-jar** (**glassfish-ejb-jar.xml**)

Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

none - contains data

**confidentiality** <sup>~~~~</sup>~~

Specifies if the target supports privacy-protected messages. The values are **NONE**, **SUPPORTED**, or **REQUIRED**.

Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

**transport-config** (**glassfish-ejb-jar.xml**)

Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

none - contains data

**connector-connection-pool** <sup>~~~~~</sup>~~~~~

Defines a connector connection pool.

Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

**resources** (**glassfish-resources.xml**)

Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

The following table describes subelements for the `connector-connection-pool` element.

Table C-35 `connector-connection-pool` Subelements

| Element                                               | Required     | Description                                                                                              |
|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>description</code>                              | zero or one  | Contains a text description of this element.                                                             |
| <code>security-map</code>                             | zero or more | Maps the principal received during servlet or EJB authentication to the credentials accepted by the EIS. |
| <code>property</code> (with <code>attributes</code> ) | zero or more | Specifies a property or a variable.                                                                      |

Attributes <sup>^^</sup>^

The following table describes attributes for the `connector-connection-pool` element. Changing the following attributes requires a server restart or the redeployment or disabling and re-enabling of applications that refer to the resource: `resource-adapter-name`, `connection-definition-name`, `transaction-support`, `associate-with-thread`, `lazy-connection-association`, and `lazy-connection-enlistment`.

Table C-36 `connector-connection-pool` Attributes

| Attribute         | Default | Description                                                                                                                                                |
|-------------------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>name</code> | none    | Specifies the name of the connection pool. A <code>connector-resource</code> element's <code>pool-name</code> attribute refers to this <code>name</code> . |

| Attribute                               | Default | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-----------------------------------------|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>resource-adapter-name</code>      | none    | Specifies the name of the deployed connector module or application. If no name is specified during deployment, the name of the <code>.rar</code> file is used. If the resource adapter is embedded in an application, then it is <code>app_name`#`rar_name</code> . |
| <code>connection-definition-name</code> | none    | Specifies a unique name, identifying a resource adapter's <code>connection-definition</code> element in the <code>ra.xml</code> file. This is usually the <code>connectionfactory-interface</code> of the <code>connection-definition</code> element.               |
| <code>steady-pool`-size`</code>         | 8       | (optional) Specifies the initial and minimum number of connections maintained in the pool.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <code>max-pool-size</code>              | 32      | (optional) Specifies the maximum number of connections that can be created to satisfy client requests.                                                                                                                                                              |
| <code>max-wait-time-in`-millis`</code>  | 60000   | (optional) Specifies the amount of time, in milliseconds, that the caller is willing to wait for a connection. If <code>0</code> , the caller is blocked indefinitely until a resource is available or an error occurs.                                             |



| Attribute                              | Default            | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|----------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>pool-resize`-quantity`</code>    | <code>2</code>     | <p>(optional) Specifies the number of idle connections to be destroyed if the existing number of connections is above the <code>steady-pool-size</code> (subject to the <code>max-pool-size</code> limit).</p> <p>This is enforced periodically at the <code>idle-timeout-in-seconds</code> interval. An idle connection is one that has not been used for a period of <code>idle-timeout-in-seconds</code>. When the pool size reaches <code>steady-pool-size</code>, connection removal stops.</p> |
| <code>idle-timeout`-in-seconds`</code> | <code>300</code>   | (optional) Specifies the maximum time that a connection can remain idle in the pool. After this amount of time, the pool can close this connection.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <code>fail-all-``connections</code>    | <code>false</code> | (optional) If <code>true</code> , closes all connections in the pool if a single validation check fails.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

| Attribute                                             | Default | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-------------------------------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>transaction'-support'</code>                    | none    | <p>(optional) Specifies the transaction support for this connection pool. Overrides the transaction support defined in the resource adapter in a downward compatible way: supports a transaction level lower than or equal to the resource adapter's, but not higher. Allowed values in descending order are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>XATransaction</code> - Supports distributed transactions.</li> <li>• <code>LocalTransaction</code> - Supports local transactions only.</li> <li>• <code>NoTransaction</code> - No transaction support.</li> </ul> |
| <code>is-connection-validation-required</code>        | false   | <p>(optional) Specifies whether connections have to be validated before being given to the application. If a resource's validation fails, it is destroyed, and a new resource is created and returned.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <code>validate-atmost-once-''period-in-seconds</code> | 0       | <p>Specifies the time interval within which a connection is validated at most once. Minimizes the number of validation calls. A value of zero allows unlimited validation calls.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

| Attribute                                                       | Default            | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>connection-leak-timeout-in-seconds</code>                 | <code>0</code>     | Detects potential connection leaks by the application. A connection that is not returned back to the pool by the application within the specified period is assumed to be potentially leaking, and a stack trace of the caller is logged. A zero value disables leak detection. A nonzero value enables leak tracing. |
| <code>connection-leak-<br/>`reclaim</code>                      | <code>false</code> | If <code>true</code> , the pool will reclaim a connection after <code>connection-leak-timeout-in-seconds</code> occurs.                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <code>connection-creation-<br/>`retry-attempts</code>           | <code>0</code>     | Specifies the number of attempts to create a new connection.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <code>connection-creation-<br/>retry-interval-in-seconds</code> | <code>10</code>    | Specifies the time interval between attempts to create a connection when <code>connection-creation-retry-attempts</code> is greater than <code>0</code> .                                                                                                                                                             |
| <code>lazy-connection-<br/>`enlistment</code>                   | <code>false</code> | If <code>true</code> , a connection is not enlisted in a transaction until it is used. If <code>false</code> , any connection object available to a transaction is enlisted in the transaction.                                                                                                                       |
| <code>lazy-connection-<br/>`association</code>                  | <code>false</code> | If <code>true</code> , a physical connection is not associated with a logical connection until it is used. If <code>false</code> , a physical connection is associated with a logical connection even before it is used.                                                                                              |

| Attribute             | Default | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-----------------------|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| associate-with-thread | false   | <p>If <b>true</b>, allows connections to be saved as <b>ThreadLocal</b> in the calling thread. Connections get reclaimed only when the calling thread dies or when the calling thread is not in use and the pool has run out of connections. If <b>false</b>, the thread must obtain a connection from the pool each time the thread requires a connection.</p> <p>This attribute associates connections with a thread such that when the same thread is in need of connections, it can reuse the connections already associated with that thread. In this case, the overhead of getting connections from the pool is avoided. However, when this value is set to <b>true</b>, you should verify that the value of the <b>max-pool-size</b> attribute is comparable to the <b>max-thread-pool-size</b> attribute of the associated thread pool. If the <b>max-thread-pool-size</b> value is much higher than the <b>max-pool-size</b> value, a lot of time is spent associating connections with a new thread after dissociating them from an older one. Use this attribute in cases where the thread pool should reuse connections to avoid this overhead.</p> |

| Attribute                               | Default            | Description                                                                                                                                   |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>match-connections</code>          | <code>true</code>  | If <code>true</code> , enables connection matching. You can set to <code>false</code> if connections are homogeneous.                         |
| <code>max-connection-usage-count</code> | <code>0</code>     | Specifies the number of times a connections is reused by the pool, after which it is closed. A zero value disables this feature.              |
| <code>ping</code>                       | <code>false</code> | (optional) Specifies whether to ping the pool during pool creation or reconfiguration to identify and warn of any erroneous attribute values. |
| <code>pooling</code>                    | <code>true</code>  | (optional) If <code>false</code> , disables connection pooling.                                                                               |

### Properties <sup>^^^</sup>

Most properties of the `connector-connection-pool` element are the names of setter methods of the `managedconnectionfactory-class` element in the `ra.xml` file. Properties of the `connector-connection-pool` element override the `ManagedConnectionFactory` JavaBean configuration settings.

All but the last four properties in the following table are `connector-connection-pool` properties of `jmsra`, the resource adapter used to communicate with the Open Message Queue software. For a complete list of the available properties (called administered object attributes in the Message Queue software), see the [Open Message Queue Administration Guide](#).

Changes to `connector-connection-pool` properties require a server restart.

Table C-37 `connector-connection-pool` Properties

| Property                 | Default           | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>AddressList</code> | <code>none</code> | Specifies a list of host/port combinations of the Message Queue software. For JMS resources of the Type <code>jakarta.jms.TopicConnectionFactory</code> or <code>jakarta.jms.QueueConnectionFactory</code> . |

| Property                         | Default               | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>ClientId</code>            | <code>none</code>     | <p>Specifies the JMS Client Identifier to be associated with a <code>Connection</code> created using the <code>createTopicConnection</code> method of the <code>TopicConnectionFactory</code> class. For JMS resources of the Type <code>jakarta.jms.TopicConnectionFactory</code>.</p> <p>Durable subscription names are unique and only valid within the scope of a client identifier. To create or reactivate a durable subscriber, the connection must have a valid client identifier. The JMS specification ensures that client identifiers are unique and that a given client identifier is allowed to be used by only one active connection at a time.</p> |
| <code>UserName</code>            | <code>guest</code>    | Specifies the user name for connecting to the Message Queue software. For JMS resources of the Type <code>jakarta.jms.TopicConnectionFactory</code> or <code>jakarta.jms.QueueConnectionFactory</code> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <code>Password</code>            | <code>guest</code>    | Specifies the password for connecting to the Message Queue software. For JMS resources of the Type <code>jakarta.jms.TopicConnectionFactory</code> or <code>jakarta.jms.QueueConnectionFactory</code> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <code>ReconnectAttempts</code>   | <code>6</code>        | Specifies the number of attempts to connect (or reconnect) for each address in the <code>imqAddressList</code> before the client runtime moves on to try the next address in the list. A value of <code>-1</code> indicates that the number of reconnect attempts is unlimited (the client runtime attempts to connect to the first address until it succeeds).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <code>ReconnectInterval</code>   | <code>30000</code>    | Specifies the interval between reconnect attempts in milliseconds. This applies to attempts on each address in the <code>imqAddressList</code> and on successive addresses in the list. If too short, this time interval does not give a broker time to recover. If too long, the reconnect might represent an unacceptable delay.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <code>ReconnectEnabled</code>    | <code>false</code>    | If <code>true</code> , specifies that the client runtime attempts to reconnect to a message server (or the list of addresses in <code>imqAddressList</code> ) when a connection is lost.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <code>AddressListBehavior</code> | <code>priority</code> | Specifies whether connection attempts are in the order of addresses in the <code>imqAddressList</code> attribute ( <code>priority</code> ) or in a random order ( <code>random</code> ). If many clients are attempting a connection using the same connection factory, use a random order to prevent them from all being connected to the same address.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

| Property                           | Default | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|------------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>AddressListIterations</code> | -1      | Specifies the number of times the client runtime iterates through the <code>imqAddressList</code> in an effort to establish (or reestablish) a connection. A value of -1 indicates that the number of attempts is unlimited. |



All JMS administered object resource properties that worked with version 7 of the GlassFish Server are supported for backward compatibility.

## `connector-resource` ~~~~

Defines the connection factory object of a specific connection definition in a connector (resource adapter).

Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

`resources` (`glassfish-resources.xml`)

Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

The following table describes subelements for the `connector-resource` element.

Table C-38 `connector-resource` Subelements

| Element                                               | Required     | Description                                  |
|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------------------|
| <code>description</code>                              | zero or one  | Contains a text description of this element. |
| <code>property</code> (with <code>attributes</code> ) | zero or more | Specifies a property or a variable.          |

Attributes <sup>^^</sup>^

The following table describes attributes for the `connector-resource` element.

Table C-39 `connector-resource` Attributes

| Attribute                | Default           | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>jndi-name</code>   | none              | Specifies the JNDI name for the resource.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <code>pool-name</code>   | none              | Specifies the <code>name</code> of the associated <code>connector-connection-pool</code> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <code>object-type</code> | <code>user</code> | <p>(optional) Defines the type of the resource. Allowed values are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>system-all</code> - A system resource for all server instances and the domain application server.</li> <li>• <code>system-admin</code> - A system resource only for the domain application server.</li> <li>• <code>system-instance</code> - A system resource for all server instances only.</li> <li>• <code>user</code> - A user resource.</li> </ul> |
| <code>enabled</code>     | <code>true</code> | (optional) Determines whether this resource is enabled at runtime.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

`consistency` ~~~~~

Specifies container behavior in guaranteeing transactional consistency of the data in the bean.

Superelements ^^^^

`entity-mapping` (`sun-cmp-mappings.xml`)

Subelements ^^ ^^

The following table describes subelements for the `consistency` element.

Table C-40 `consistency` Subelements



| Element                                          | Required                           | Description                                                                |
|--------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>none</code>                                | exactly one subelement is required | No consistency checking occurs.                                            |
| <code>check-modified-at-commit</code>            | exactly one subelement is required | Checks concurrent modification of fields in modified beans at commit time. |
| <code>lock-when-loaded</code>                    | exactly one subelement is required | Obtains an exclusive lock when the data is loaded.                         |
| <code>check-all-at-commit</code>                 | +                                  | This element is not implemented. Do not use.                               |
| <code>lock-when-modified</code>                  | +                                  | This element is not implemented. Do not use.                               |
| <code>check-version-of-accessed-instances</code> | exactly one subelement is required | Checks the version column of the modified beans.                           |

### `constraint-field` NNNNNN

Specifies a cacheability constraint for the given `url-pattern` or `servlet-name`.

All `constraint-field` constraints must pass for a response to be cached. If there are `value` constraints, at least one of them must pass.

Superelements ^^^^

`cache-mapping` (glassfish-web.xml)

Subelements ^^^^

The following table describes subelements for the `constraint-field` element.

Table C-41 `constraint-field` Subelements

| Element                             | Required     | Description                                                  |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>constraint-field-value</code> | zero or more | Contains a value to be matched to the input parameter value. |

## Attributes <sup>^^^</sup>^

The following table describes attributes for the `constraint-field` element.

Table C-42 `constraint-field` Attributes

| Attribute                             | Default                        | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>name</code>                     | <code>none</code>              | Specifies the input parameter name.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <code>scope</code>                    | <code>request.parameter</code> | (optional) Specifies the scope from which the input parameter is retrieved. Allowed values are <code>context.attribute</code> , <code>request.header</code> , <code>request.parameter</code> , <code>request.cookie</code> , <code>request.attribute</code> , and <code>session.attribute</code> . |
| <code>cache-on-match</code>           | <code>true</code>              | (optional) If <code>true</code> , caches the response if matching succeeds. Overrides the same attribute in a <code>constraint-field-value</code> subelement.                                                                                                                                      |
| <code>cache-on-match`-failure`</code> | <code>false</code>             | (optional) If <code>true</code> , caches the response if matching fails. Overrides the same attribute in a <code>constraint-field-value</code> subelement.                                                                                                                                         |

## `constraint-field-value` <sup>^^^^</sup>

Specifies a value to be matched to the input parameter value. The matching is case sensitive. For example:

```
<value match-expr="in-range">1-60</value>
```

## Superelements <sup>^^^^</sup>^

`constraint-field` (glassfish-web.xml)

## Subelements <sup>^^^</sup>^^

none - contains data

Attributes <sup>^^^</sup>^

The following table describes attributes for the `constraint-field-value` element.

Table C-43 `constraint-field-value` Attributes

| Attribute                           | Default             | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>match-expr</code>             | <code>equals</code> | (optional) Specifies the type of comparison performed with the value. Allowed values are <code>equals</code> , <code>not-equals</code> , <code>greater</code> , <code>lesser</code> , and <code>in-range</code> .<br><br>If <code>match-expr</code> is <code>greater</code> or <code>lesser</code> , the value must be a number. If <code>match-expr</code> is <code>in-range</code> , the value must be of the form <code>n1`-`n2</code> , where <code>n1</code> and <code>n2</code> are numbers. |
| <code>cache-on-match</code>         | <code>true</code>   | (optional) If <code>true</code> , caches the response if matching succeeds.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <code>cache-on-match-failure</code> | <code>false</code>  | (optional) If <code>true</code> , caches the response if matching fails.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

`context-root` <sup>~~~~</sup>~

Contains the web context root for the application or web application that was packaged as a WAR file. Overrides the corresponding element in the `application.xml` or `web.xml` file.

If the parent element is `java-web-start-access`, this element contains the context root for the Java Web Start enabled application client module. If none is specified, a default is generated; see `java-web-start-access`.

If you are setting up load balancing, web module context roots must be unique within a server instance. See the [GlassFish Server Open Source Edition High Availability Administration Guide](#) for more information about load balancing.

Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

`web` (`glassfish-application.xml`), `glassfish-web-app` (`glassfish-web.xml`), `java-web-start-access` (`glassfish-application-client.xml`)

Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

none - contains data

`cookie-properties` ~

Specifies session cookie properties.



If cookie settings are defined declaratively in the `web.xml` file, the cookie properties defined here take precedence. If cookie settings are defined programmatically using `javax.servlet.SessionCookieConfig` methods, those cookie settings take precedence over the cookie properties defined here.

Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

`session-config` (`glassfish-web.xml`)

Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

The following table describes subelements for the `cookie-properties` element.

Table C-44 `cookie-properties` Subelements

| Element                                 | Required     | Description                                         |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| <code>property</code> (with attributes) | zero or more | Specifies a property, which has a name and a value. |

Properties <sup>^^</sup>^

The following table describes properties for the `cookie-properties` element.

Table C-45 `cookie-properties` Properties

| Property                         | Default                                            | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>cookieName</code>          | none                                               | Specifies the cookie name.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <code>cookiePath</code>          | Context path at which the web module is installed. | Specifies the pathname that is set when the cookie is created. The browser sends the cookie if the pathname for the request contains this pathname. If set to / (slash), the browser sends cookies to all URLs served by GlassFish Server. You can set the path to a narrower mapping to limit the request URLs to which the browser sends cookies.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <code>cookieMaxAgeSeconds</code> | none                                               | Specifies the expiration time (in seconds) after which the browser expires the cookie. If this is unset, the cookie doesn't expire.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <code>cookieDomain</code>        | (unset)                                            | Specifies the domain for which the cookie is valid.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <code>cookieComment</code>       | none                                               | Specifies the comment that identifies the session tracking cookie in the cookie file.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <code>cookieSecure</code>        | dynamic                                            | <p>Sets the <code>Secure</code> attribute of any <code>JSESSIONID</code> cookies associated with the web application. Allowed values are as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><code>true</code> — Sets <code>Secure</code> to <code>true</code>.</li> <li><code>false</code> — Sets <code>Secure</code> to <code>false</code>.</li> <li><code>dynamic</code> — The <code>JSESSIONID</code> cookie inherits the <code>Secure</code> setting of the request that initiated the session.</li> </ul> <p>To set the <code>Secure</code> attribute of a <code>JSESSIONIDSSO</code> cookie, use the <code>ssoCookieSecure</code> <code>virtual-server</code> property. For details, see <a href="#">create-virtual-server(1)</a>.</p> |
| <code>cookieHttpOnly</code>      | none                                               | Specifies that the cookie is marked HTTP only. Allowed values are <code>true</code> or <code>false</code> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

### `create-tables-at-deploy` ~~~~~~

Specifies whether database tables are created for beans that are automatically mapped by the EJB container. If `true`, creates tables in the database. If `false` (the default if this element is not present), does not create tables.

This element can be overridden during deployment. See "[Generation Options for CMP](#)" in GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Application Development Guide.

### Superelements ^^^^

`cmp-resource` (`glassfish-ejb-jar.xml`)

Subelements<sup>^^^</sup>^^

none - contains data

`custom-resource`<sub>~~~~~</sub>^^

Defines a custom resource, which specifies a custom server-wide resource object factory. Such object factories implement the `javax.naming.spi.ObjectFactory` interface.

Superelements<sup>^^^</sup>^

`resources` (`glassfish-resources.xml`)

Subelements<sup>^^^</sup>^^

The following table describes subelements for the `custom-resource` element.

Table C-46 `custom-resource` Subelements

| Element                                               | Required     | Description                                  |
|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------------------|
| <code>description</code>                              | zero or one  | Contains a text description of this element. |
| <code>property</code> (with <code>attributes</code> ) | zero or more | Specifies a property or a variable.          |

Attributes<sup>^^^</sup>^

The following table describes attributes for the `custom-resource` element.

Table C-47 `custom-resource` Attributes

| Attribute                  | Default           | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|----------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>jndi-name</code>     | none              | Specifies the JNDI name for the resource.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <code>res-type</code>      | none              | Specifies the fully qualified type of the resource.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <code>factory-class</code> | none              | Specifies the fully qualified name of the user-written factory class, which implements <code>javax.naming.spi.ObjectFactory</code> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <code>object-type</code>   | <code>user</code> | (optional) Defines the type of the resource. Allowed values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>system-all</code> - A system resource for all server instances and the domain application server.</li> <li>• <code>system-admin</code> - A system resource only for the domain application server.</li> <li>• <code>system-instance</code> - A system resource for all server instances only.</li> <li>• <code>user</code> - A user resource.</li> </ul> |
| <code>enabled</code>       | <code>true</code> | (optional) Determines whether this resource is enabled at runtime.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

### `database-vendor-name` ~

Specifies the name of the database vendor for which tables can be created. Allowed values are `javadb`, `db2`, `mssql`, `mysql`, `oracle`, `postgresql`, `pointbase`, `derby` (also for CloudScape), and `sybase`, case-insensitive.

If no value is specified, a connection is made to the resource specified by the `jndi-name` subelement of the `cmp-resource` element, and the database vendor name is read. If the connection cannot be established, or if the value is not recognized, SQL-92 compliance is presumed.

This element can be overridden during deployment. See "[Generation Options for CMP](#)" in GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Application Development Guide.

Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

`cmp-resource (glassfish-ejb-jar.xml)`

Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

none - contains data

`debugging-enabled` ~~~~~~

Specifies whether the debugging servlet is enabled for this web service endpoint. Allowed values are `true` (the default) and `false`.

Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

`webservice-endpoint (glassfish-web.xml, glassfish-ejb-jar.xml)`

Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

none - contains data

`default` ~~~

Specifies that a field belongs to the default hierarchical fetch group, and enables prefetching for a CMR field. To disable prefetching for specific query methods, use a `prefetch-disabled` element in the `glassfish-ejb-jar.xml` file.

Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

`fetch-with (sun-cmp-mappings.xml)`

Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

none - element is present or absent

`default-helper` ~~~~~~



Passes property values to the built-in `default cache-helper` class.

Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

`cache (glassfish-web.xml)`

Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

The following table describes subelements for the `default-helper` element.

Table C-48 `default-helper` Subelements

| Element                                 | Required     | Description                                         |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| <code>property</code> (with attributes) | zero or more | Specifies a property, which has a name and a value. |

Properties <sup>^^</sup>^

The following table describes properties for the `default-helper` element.

Table C-49 `default-helper` Properties

| Property                               | Default                                                                                                                                             | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>cacheKeyGeneratorAttrName</code> | Uses the built-in <code>default cache-helper</code> key generation, which concatenates the servlet path with <code>key-field</code> values, if any. | The caching engine looks in the <code>ServletContext</code> for an attribute with a name equal to the value specified for this property to determine whether a customized <code>CacheKeyGenerator</code> implementation is used. An application can provide a customized key generator rather than using the <code>default</code> helper. See " <a href="#">The CacheKeyGenerator Interface</a> " in GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Application Development Guide. |

`default-resource-principal` ~~~~~~

Specifies the default principal (user) for the resource.

If this element is used in conjunction with a JMS Connection Factory resource, the `name` and `password` subelements must be valid entries in the Open Message Queue broker user repository. See "[Configuring and Managing Security Services](#)" in Open Message Queue Administration Guide for details.

Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

`resource-ref` (`glassfish-web.xml`, `glassfish-ejb-jar.xml`, `glassfish-application-client.xml`); `cmp-resource`, `mdb-connection-factory` (`glassfish-ejb-jar.xml`)

Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

The following table describes subelements for the `default-resource-principal` element.

Table C-50 `default-resource-principal` Subelements

| Element               | Required | Description                                                                          |
|-----------------------|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>name</code>     | only one | Specifies the default resource principal name used to sign on to a resource manager. |
| <code>password</code> | only one | Specifies password of the default resource principal.                                |

`description` <sup>~~~~</sup>~

Specifies a text description of the containing element.

Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

`property` ([with attributes](#)), `valve` (`glassfish-web.xml`); `activation-config`, `method` (`glassfish-ejb-jar.xml`); `target-server` (`sun-acc.xml`); `admin-object-resource`, `connector-connection-pool`, `connector-resource`, `custom-resource`, `external-jndi-resource`, `jdbc-connection-pool`, `jdbc-resource`, `mail-resource`, `property` ([with attributes](#)), `resource-adapter-config` (`glassfish-resources.xml`)

Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

none - contains data

**disable-nonportable-jndi-names** ~~~~~~

Because the EJB 3.1 specification defines portable EJB JNDI names, there is less need for GlassFish Server specific JNDI names. By default, GlassFish Server specific default JNDI names are applied automatically for backward compatibility. To disable GlassFish Server specific JNDI names for an EJB module, set the value of this element to **true**. The default is **false**.

Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

**glassfish-ejb-jar** (**glassfish-ejb-jar.xml**)

Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

none - contains data

**dispatcher** ~~~~

Specifies a comma-separated list of **RequestDispatcher** methods for which caching is enabled on the target resource. Valid values are **REQUEST**, **FORWARD**, **INCLUDE**, and **ERROR** . If this element is not specified, the default is **REQUEST**. See SRV.6.2.5 of the Servlet 2.4 specification for more information.

Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

**cache-mapping** (**glassfish-web.xml**)

Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

none - contains data

**drop-tables-at-undeploy** ~~~~~~

Specifies whether database tables that were automatically created when the bean(s) were last

deployed are dropped when the bean(s) are undeployed. If `true`, drops tables from the database. If `false` (the default if this element is not present), does not drop tables.

This element can be overridden during deployment. See "[Generation Options for CMP](#)" in GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Application Development Guide.

Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

`cmp-resource` (`glassfish-ejb-jar.xml`)

Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

none - contains data

`ejb` <sub>~~</sub>

Defines runtime properties for a single enterprise bean within the application. The subelements listed below apply to particular enterprise beans as follows:

- All types of beans: `ejb-name`, `ejb-ref`, `resource-ref`, `resource-env-ref`, `ior-security-config`, `gen-classes`, `jndi-name`, `use-thread-pool-id`, `message-destination-ref`, `pass-by-reference`, `service-ref`
- Stateless session beans: `bean-pool`, `webservice-endpoint`
- Stateful session beans: `bean-cache`, `webservice-endpoint`, `checkpoint-at-end-of-method`
- Entity beans: `commit-option`, `bean-cache`, `bean-pool`, `cmp`, `is-read-only-bean`, `refresh-period-in-seconds`, `flush-at-end-of-method`
- Message-driven beans: `mdb-resource-adapter`, `mdb-connection-factory`, `jms-durable-subscription-name`, `jms-max-messages-load`, `bean-pool`

Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

`enterprise-beans` (`glassfish-ejb-jar.xml`)

Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

The following table describes subelements for the `ejb` element.

Table C-51 `ejb` Subelements

| Element                                    | Required     | Description                                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>ejb-name</code>                      | only one     | Matches the <code>ejb-name</code> in the corresponding <code>ejb-jar.xml</code> file.                                                                  |
| <code>jndi-name</code>                     | zero or more | Specifies the absolute <code>jndi-name</code> .                                                                                                        |
| <code>ejb-ref</code>                       | zero or more | Maps the absolute JNDI name to the <code>ejb-ref</code> element in the corresponding Java EE XML file.                                                 |
| <code>resource-ref</code>                  | zero or more | Maps the absolute JNDI name to the <code>resource-ref</code> in the corresponding Java EE XML file.                                                    |
| <code>resource-env-ref</code>              | zero or more | Maps the absolute JNDI name to the <code>resource-env-ref</code> in the corresponding Java EE XML file.                                                |
| <code>service-ref</code>                   | zero or more | Specifies runtime settings for a web service reference.                                                                                                |
| <code>message-destination-ref</code>       | zero or more | Specifies the name of a physical message destination.                                                                                                  |
| <code>pass-by-reference</code>             | zero or one  | Specifies the passing method used by an enterprise bean calling a remote interface method in another bean that is colocated within the same process.   |
| <code>cmp</code>                           | zero or one  | Specifies runtime information for a container-managed persistence (CMP) entity bean for EJB 1.1 and EJB 2.1 beans.                                     |
| <code>principal</code>                     | zero or one  | Specifies the principal (user) name in an enterprise bean that has the <code>run-as</code> role specified.                                             |
| <code>mdb-connection-factory</code>        | zero or one  | Specifies the connection factory associated with a message-driven bean.                                                                                |
| <code>jms-durable-subscription-name</code> | zero or one  | Specifies the durable subscription associated with a message-driven bean.                                                                              |
| <code>jms-max-messages-load</code>         | zero or one  | Specifies the maximum number of messages to load into a Java Message Service session at one time for a message-driven bean to serve. The default is 1. |
| <code>ior-security-config</code>           | zero or one  | Specifies the security information for the IOR.                                                                                                        |
| <code>is-read-only-bean</code>             | zero or one  | Specifies that this entity bean is read-only.                                                                                                          |
| <code>refresh-period-in-seconds</code>     | zero or one  | Specifies the rate at which a read-only-bean must be refreshed from the data source.                                                                   |
| <code>commit-option</code>                 | zero or one  | Has valid values of B or C. Default value is B.                                                                                                        |

| Element                                  | Required     | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>cmt-timeout-in-seconds</code>      | zero or one  | Overrides the Transaction Timeout setting of the Transaction Service for an individual bean.                                                                                                               |
| <code>use-thread-pool-id</code>          | zero or one  | Specifies the thread pool from which threads are selected for remote invocations of this bean.                                                                                                             |
| <code>gen-classes</code>                 | zero or one  | Specifies all the generated class names for a bean.                                                                                                                                                        |
| <code>bean-pool</code>                   | zero or one  | Specifies the bean pool properties. Used for stateless session beans, entity beans, and message-driven beans.                                                                                              |
| <code>bean-cache</code>                  | zero or one  | Specifies the bean cache properties. Used only for stateful session beans and entity beans.                                                                                                                |
| <code>mdb-resource-adapter</code>        | zero or one  | Specifies runtime configuration information for a message-driven bean.                                                                                                                                     |
| <code>webservice-endpoint</code>         | zero or more | Specifies information about a web service endpoint.                                                                                                                                                        |
| <code>flush-at-end-of-method</code>      | zero or one  | Specifies the methods that force a database flush after execution. Used for entity beans.                                                                                                                  |
| <code>checkpointed-methods</code>        | zero or one  | Deprecated. Supported for backward compatibility. Use <code>checkpoint-at-end-of-method</code> instead.                                                                                                    |
| <code>checkpoint-at-end-of-method</code> | zero or one  | Specifies that the stateful session bean state is checkpointed, or persisted, after the specified methods are executed. The <code>availability-enabled</code> attribute must be set to <code>true</code> . |
| <code>per-request-load-balancing</code>  | zero or one  | Specifies the per-request load balancing behavior of EJB 2.x and 3.x remote client invocations on a stateless session bean.                                                                                |

## Attributes <sup>^^^</sup>

The following table describes attributes for the `ejb` element.

Table C-52 `ejb` Attributes

| Attribute                         | Default            | Description                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>availability-enabled</code> | <code>false</code> | (optional) If set to <code>true</code> , and if availability is enabled in the EJB container, high-availability features apply to this bean if it is a stateful session bean. |

Example ^^

```
<ejb>
  <ejb-name>CustomerEJB</ejb-name>
  <jndi-name>customer</jndi-name>
  <resource-ref>
    <res-ref-name>jdbc/SimpleBank</res-ref-name>
    <jndi-name>jdbc/__default</jndi-name>
  </resource-ref>
  <is-read-only-bean>false</is-read-only-bean>
  <commit-option>B</commit-option>
  <bean-pool>
    <steady-pool-size>10</steady-pool-size>
    <resize-quantity>10</resize-quantity>
    <max-pool-size>100</max-pool-size>
    <pool-idle-timeout-in-seconds>600</pool-idle-timeout-in-seconds>
  </bean-pool>
  <bean-cache>
    <max-cache-size>100</max-cache-size>
    <resize-quantity>10</resize-quantity>
    <removal-timeout-in-seconds>3600</removal-timeout-in-seconds>
    <victim-selection-policy>LRU</victim-selection-policy>
  </bean-cache>
</ejb>
```

`ejb-name` ~~~

In the `glassfish-ejb-jar.xml` file, matches the `ejb-name` in the corresponding `ejb-jar.xml` file. The name must be unique among the names of the enterprise beans in the same EJB JAR file.

There is no architected relationship between the `ejb-name` in the deployment descriptor and the JNDI name that the deployer assigns to the EJB component's home.

In the `sun-cmp-mappings.xml` file, specifies the `ejb-name` of the entity bean in the `ejb-jar.xml` file to which the container-managed persistence (CMP) bean corresponds.

Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

`ejb`, `method` (`glassfish-ejb-jar.xml`); `entity-mapping` (`sun-cmp-mappings.xml`)

Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

none - contains data

`ejb-ref` <sub>~~~~</sub>

Maps the `ejb-ref-name` in the corresponding Java EE deployment descriptor file `ejb-ref` entry to the absolute `jndi-name` of a resource.

The `ejb-ref` element is used for the declaration of a reference to an EJB's home. Applies to session beans or entity beans.

Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

`glassfish-web-app` (`glassfish-web.xml`), `ejb` (`glassfish-ejb-jar.xml`), `glassfish-application-client` (`glassfish-application-client.xml`)

Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

The following table describes subelements for the `ejb-ref` element.

Table C-53 `ejb-ref` Subelements

| Element                   | Required | Description                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>ejb-ref-name</code> | only one | Specifies the <code>ejb-ref-name</code> in the corresponding Java EE deployment descriptor file <code>ejb-ref</code> entry. |
| <code>jndi-name</code>    | only one | Specifies the absolute <code>jndi-name</code> of a resource.                                                                |

`ejb-ref-name` <sub>~~~~</sub>~~



Specifies the `ejb-ref-name` in the corresponding Java EE deployment descriptor file `ejb-ref` entry.

Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

`ejb-ref` (`glassfish-web.xml`, `glassfish-ejb-jar.xml`, `glassfish-application-client.xml`)

Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

none - contains data

`eligible` <sup>~</sup>~

Specifies whether the application client module is eligible to be Java Web Start enabled. Allowed values are `true` (the default) and `false`.

Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

`java-web-start-access` (`glassfish-application-client.xml`)

Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

none - contains data

`endpoint-address-uri` <sup>~~~~~</sup>~

Specifies the relative path combined with the web server root to form the fully qualified endpoint address for a web service endpoint. This is a required element for EJB endpoints and an optional element for servlet endpoints.

For servlet endpoints, this value is relative to the web application context root. For EJB endpoints, the URI is relative to root of the web server (the first portion of the URI is a context root). The context root portion must not conflict with the context root of any web application deployed to the same web server.

In all cases, this value must be a fixed pattern (no `"`*"` allowed).

If the web service endpoint is a servlet that implements only a single endpoint and has only one

`url-pattern`, it is not necessary to set this value, because the web container derives it from the `web.xml` file.

Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

`webservice-endpoint` (`glassfish-web.xml`, `glassfish-ejb-jar.xml`)

Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

none - contains data

Example <sup>^^</sup>^

If the web server is listening at <http://localhost:8080>, the following `endpoint-address-uri`:

```
<endpoint-address-uri>StockQuoteService/StockQuotePort</endpoint-address-uri>
```

results in the following target endpoint address:

```
http://localhost:8080/StockQuoteService/StockQuotePort
```

`enterprise-beans` <sup>~~~~~</sup>

Specifies all the runtime properties for an EJB JAR file in the application.

Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

`glassfish-ejb-jar` (`glassfish-ejb-jar.xml`)

Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

The following table describes subelements for the `enterprise-beans` element.

Table C-54 `enterprise-beans` Subelements

| Element                                  | Required     | Description                                                                                                                                           |
|------------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>name</code>                        | zero or one  | Specifies the name string.                                                                                                                            |
| <code>unique-id</code>                   | zero or one  | Specifies a unique system identifier. This data is automatically generated and updated at deployment/redeployment. Do not specify or edit this value. |
| <code>ejb</code>                         | zero or more | Defines runtime properties for a single enterprise bean within the application.                                                                       |
| <code>pm-descriptors</code>              | zero or one  | Deprecated.                                                                                                                                           |
| <code>cmp-resource</code>                | zero or one  | Specifies the database to be used for storing container-managed persistence (CMP) beans in an EJB JAR file.                                           |
| <code>message-destination</code>         | zero or more | Specifies the name of a logical message destination.                                                                                                  |
| <code>webservice-description</code>      | zero or more | Specifies a name and optional publish location for a web service.                                                                                     |
| <code>property</code> (with subelements) | zero or more | Specifies a property or a variable.                                                                                                                   |

Example ^^

```

<enterprise-beans>
  <ejb>
    <ejb-name>CustomerEJB</ejb-name>
    <jndi-name>customer</jndi-name>
    <resource-ref>
      <res-ref-name>jdbc/SimpleBank</res-ref-name>
      <jndi-name>jdbc/__default</jndi-name>
    </resource-ref>
    <is-read-only-bean>false</is-read-only-bean>
    <commit-option>B</commit-option>
    <bean-pool>
      <steady-pool-size>10</steady-pool-size>
      <resize-quantity>10</resize-quantity>
      <max-pool-size>100</max-pool-size>
      <pool-idle-timeout-in-seconds>600</pool-idle-timeout-in-seconds>
    </bean-pool>
    <bean-cache>
      <max-cache-size>100</max-cache-size>
      <resize-quantity>10</resize-quantity>
      <removal-timeout-in-seconds>3600</removal-timeout-in-seconds>
      <victim-selection-policy>LRU</victim-selection-policy>
    </bean-cache>
  </ejb>
</enterprise-beans>

```

## entity-mapping ~~~~~~

Specifies the mapping a bean to database columns.

## Superelements ^^^^

sun-cmp-mapping (sun-cmp-mappings.xml)

## Subelements ^^^^

The following table describes subelements for the **entity-mapping** element.

Table C-55 **entity-mapping** Subelements

| Element                        | Required     | Description                                                                                                   |
|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>ejb-name</code>          | only one     | Specifies the name of the entity bean in the <code>ejb-jar.xml</code> file to which the CMP bean corresponds. |
| <code>table-name</code>        | only one     | Specifies the name of a database table. The table must be present in the database schema file.                |
| <code>cmp-field-mapping</code> | one or more  | Associates a field with one or more columns to which it maps.                                                 |
| <code>cmr-field-mapping</code> | zero or more | A container-managed relationship field has a name and one or more column pairs that define the relationship.  |
| <code>secondary-table</code>   | zero or more | Describes the relationship between a bean's primary and secondary table.                                      |
| <code>consistency</code>       | zero or one  | Specifies container behavior in guaranteeing transactional consistency of the data in the bean.               |

### `establish-trust-in-client` NNNNNNNN

Specifies if the target is capable of authenticating a client. The values are `NONE`, `SUPPORTED`, or `REQUIRED`.

Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

`transport-config` (`glassfish-ejb-jar.xml`)

Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

none - contains data

### `establish-trust-in-target` NNNNNNNN

Specifies if the target is capable of authenticating to a client. The values are `NONE`, `SUPPORTED`, or `REQUIRED`.

Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

`transport-config` (`glassfish-ejb-jar.xml`)

Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

none - contains data

**external-jndi-resource** ~~~~~

Defines a resource that resides in an external JNDI repository. For example, a generic Java object could be stored in an LDAP server. An external JNDI factory must implement the `javax.naming.spi.InitialContextFactory` interface.

Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

**resources** (glassfish-resources.xml)

Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

The following table describes subelements for the **external-jndi-resource** element.

Table C-56 **external-jndi-resource** Subelements

| Element                                   | Required     | Description                                  |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------------------|
| <b>description</b>                        | zero or one  | Contains a text description of this element. |
| <b>property</b> (with <b>attributes</b> ) | zero or more | Specifies a property or a variable.          |

Attributes <sup>^^^</sup>^

The following table describes attributes for the **external-jndi-resource** element.

Table C-57 **external-jndi-resource** Attributes

| Attribute        | Default | Description                               |
|------------------|---------|-------------------------------------------|
| <b>jndi-name</b> | none    | Specifies the JNDI name for the resource. |

| Attribute                     | Default           | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>jndi-lookup-name</code> | none              | Specifies the JNDI lookup name for the resource.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <code>res-type</code>         | none              | Specifies the fully qualified type of the resource.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <code>factory-class</code>    | none              | Specifies the fully qualified name of the factory class, which implements <code>javax.naming.spi.InitialContextFactory</code> .<br><br>For more information about JNDI, see the <a href="#">GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Application Development Guide</a> .                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <code>object-type</code>      | <code>user</code> | (optional) Defines the type of the resource. Allowed values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>system-all</code> - A system resource for all server instances and the domain application server.</li> <li>• <code>system-admin</code> - A system resource only for the domain application server.</li> <li>• <code>system-instance</code> - A system resource for all server instances only.</li> <li>• <code>user</code> - A user resource.</li> </ul> |
| <code>enabled</code>          | <code>true</code> | (optional) Determines whether this resource is enabled at runtime.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

### `fetches-with ~~~~`

Specifies the fetch group configuration for fields and relationships. The `fetches-with` element has different allowed and default subelements based on its parent element and the data types of the fields.

- If there is no `fetches-with` subelement of a `cmp-field-mapping`, and the data type is not BLOB, CLOB, VARBINARY, LONGVARBINARY, or OTHER, `fetches-with` can have any valid subelement. The default subelement is as follows:

```
<fetched-with><default/></fetched-with>
```

- If there is no **fetched-with** subelement of a **cmp-field-mapping**, and the data type is BLOB, CLOB, VARBINARY, LONGVARBINARY, or OTHER, **fetched-with** can have any valid subelement except **<default/>**. The default subelement is as follows:

```
<fetched-with><none/></fetched-with>
```

- If there is no **fetched-with** subelement of a **cmr-field-mapping**, **fetched-with** can have any valid subelement. The default subelement is as follows:

```
<fetched-with><none/></fetched-with>
```

Managed fields are multiple CMP or CMR fields that are mapped to the same column. A managed field can have any **fetched-with** subelement except **<default/>**. For additional information, see "[Managed Fields](#)" in GlassFish Server Open Source Edition Application Development Guide.

## Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

**cmp-field-mapping**, **cmr-field-mapping** (**sun-cmp-mappings.xml**)

## Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

The following table describes subelements for the **fetched-with** element.

Table C-58 **fetched-with** Subelements

| Element            | Required                           | Description                                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>default</b>     | exactly one subelement is required | Specifies that a CMP field belongs to the default hierarchical fetch group, which means it is fetched any time the bean is loaded from a database. Enables prefetching of a CMR field. |
| <b>level</b>       | exactly one subelement is required | Specifies the level number of a hierarchical fetch group.                                                                                                                              |
| <b>named-group</b> | exactly one subelement is required | Specifies the name of an independent fetch group.                                                                                                                                      |



| Element     | Required                           | Description                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>none</b> | exactly one subelement is required | Specifies that this field or relationship is placed into its own individual fetch group, which means it is loaded from a database the first time it is accessed in this transaction. |

**field-name** ~~~~~

Specifies the Java identifier of a field. This identifier must match the value of the **field-name** subelement of the **cmp-field** element in the **ejb-jar.xml** file.

Superelements ^^^^

**cmp-field-mapping** (sun-cmp-mappings.xml)

Subelements ^^

none - contains data

**finder** ~~~

Describes the finders for CMP 1.1 with a method name and query.

Superelements ^^^^

**one-one-finders** (glassfish-ejb-jar.xml)

Subelements ^^

The following table describes subelements for the **finder** element.

Table C-59 **finder** Subelements

| Element            | Required | Description                               |
|--------------------|----------|-------------------------------------------|
| <b>method-name</b> | only one | Specifies the method name for the finder. |

| Element                      | Required    | Description                                                     |
|------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>query-params</code>    | zero or one | Specifies the query parameters for the CMP 1.1 finder.          |
| <code>query-filter</code>    | zero or one | Specifies the query filter for the CMP 1.1 finder.              |
| <code>query-variables</code> | zero or one | Specifies variables in query expression for the CMP 1.1 finder. |
| <code>query-ordering</code>  | zero or one | Specifies the query ordering for the CMP 1.1 finder.            |

### `flush-at-end-of-method` flush-at-end-of-method flush-at-end-of-method flush-at-end-of-method

Specifies the methods that force a database flush after execution. Applicable to entity beans.

Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

`ejb` (`glassfish-ejb-jar.xml`)

Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

The following table describes subelements for the `flush-at-end-of-method` element.

Table C-60 `flush-at-end-of-method` Subelements

| Element             | Required    | Description              |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| <code>method</code> | one or more | Specifies a bean method. |

### `gen-classes` ~~~~~

Specifies all the generated class names for a bean.



This value is automatically generated by the server at deployment or redeployment time. Do not specify it or change it after deployment.

Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

**ejb (glassfish-ejb-jar.xml)****Subelements** <sup>^^^</sup>^^

The following table describes subelements for the **gen-classes** element.

Table C-61 **gen-classes** Subelements

| Element                 | Required    | Description                                                                                 |
|-------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>remote-impl</b>      | zero or one | Specifies the fully-qualified class name of the generated <b>EJBObject</b> impl class.      |
| <b>local-impl</b>       | zero or one | Specifies the fully-qualified class name of the generated <b>EJBLocalObject</b> impl class. |
| <b>remote-home-impl</b> | zero or one | Specifies the fully-qualified class name of the generated <b>EJBHome</b> impl class.        |
| <b>local-home-impl</b>  | zero or one | Specifies the fully-qualified class name of the generated <b>EJBLocalHome</b> impl class.   |

**glassfish-application** <sup>~~~~</sup>~~~~

Defines the GlassFish Server specific configuration for an application. This is the root element; there can only be one **glassfish-application** element in a **glassfish-application.xml** file. See [The glassfish-application.xml File](#).

**Superelements** <sup>^^^</sup>^^^

none

**Subelements** <sup>^^^</sup>^^

The following table describes subelements for the **glassfish-application** element.

Table C-62 **glassfish-application** Subelements

| Element                              | Required     | Description                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>web</code>                     | zero or more | Specifies the application's web tier configuration.                                                                                   |
| <code>pass-by-reference</code>       | zero or one  | Determines whether EJB modules use pass-by-value or pass-by-reference semantics.                                                      |
| <code>unique-id</code>               | zero or one  | Contains the unique ID for the application.                                                                                           |
| <code>security-role-mapping</code>   | zero or more | Maps a role in the corresponding Java EE XML file to a user or group.                                                                 |
| <code>realm</code>                   | zero or one  | Specifies an authentication realm.                                                                                                    |
| <code>ejb-ref</code>                 | zero or more | Maps the absolute JNDI name to the <code>ejb-ref</code> in the corresponding Java EE XML file.                                        |
| <code>resource-ref</code>            | zero or more | Maps the absolute JNDI name to the <code>resource-ref</code> in the corresponding Java EE XML file.                                   |
| <code>resource-env-ref</code>        | zero or more | Maps the absolute JNDI name to the <code>resource-env-ref</code> in the corresponding Java EE XML file.                               |
| <code>service-ref</code>             | zero or more | Specifies runtime settings for a web service reference.                                                                               |
| <code>message-destination-ref</code> | zero or more | Specifies the name of a physical message destination.                                                                                 |
| <code>message-destination</code>     | zero or more | Specifies the name of a logical message destination.                                                                                  |
| <code>archive-name</code>            | zero or one  | Specifies the name of the archive file.                                                                                               |
| <code>compatibility</code>           | zero or one  | Specifies the GlassFish Server release with which to be backward compatible in terms of JAR visibility requirements for applications. |
| <code>keep-state</code>              | zero or one  | Retains web sessions, stateful session bean instances, and persistently created EJB timers across redeployments.                      |
| <code>version-identifier</code>      | zero or one  | Contains version information for an application.                                                                                      |

### `glassfish-application-client` NEEDS REVIEW

Defines the GlassFish Server specific configuration for an application client. This is the root element; there can only be one `glassfish-application-client` element in a `glassfish-application-client.xml` file. See [The glassfish-application-client.xml file](#).

Superelements<sup>^^^</sup>^

none

Subelements<sup>^^</sup>^^

The following table describes subelements for the `glassfish-application-client` element.

Table C-63 `glassfish-application-client` subelements

| Element                              | Required     | Description                                                                                             |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>ejb-ref</code>                 | zero or more | Maps the absolute JNDI name to the <code>ejb-ref</code> in the corresponding Java EE XML file.          |
| <code>resource-ref</code>            | zero or more | Maps the absolute JNDI name to the <code>resource-ref</code> in the corresponding Java EE XML file.     |
| <code>resource-env-ref</code>        | zero or more | Maps the absolute JNDI name to the <code>resource-env-ref</code> in the corresponding Java EE XML file. |
| <code>service-ref</code>             | zero or more | Specifies runtime settings for a web service reference.                                                 |
| <code>message-destination-ref</code> | zero or more | Specifies the name of a physical message destination.                                                   |
| <code>message-destination</code>     | zero or more | Specifies the name of a logical message destination.                                                    |
| <code>java-web-start-access</code>   | zero or one  | Specifies changes to default Java Web Start parameters.                                                 |
| <code>version-identifier</code>      | zero or one  | Contains version information for an application client.                                                 |

`glassfish-ejb-jar`<sup>~</sup>

Defines the GlassFish Server specific configuration for an EJB JAR file. This is the root element; there can only be one `glassfish-ejb-jar` element in a `glassfish-ejb-jar.xml` file. See [The `glassfish-ejb-jar.xml` File](#).

Superelements<sup>^^^</sup>^

none

## Subelements<sup>^^^</sup>^^

The following table describes subelements for the `glassfish-ejb-jar` element.

Table C-64 `glassfish-ejb-jar` Subelements

| Element                                     | Required     | Description                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>security-role-mapping</code>          | zero or more | Maps a role in the corresponding Java EE XML file to a user or group.                                                                 |
| <code>enterprise-beans</code>               | only one     | Describes all the runtime properties for an EJB JAR file in the application.                                                          |
| <code>compatibility</code>                  | zero or one  | Specifies the GlassFish Server release with which to be backward compatible in terms of JAR visibility requirements for applications. |
| <code>disable-nonportable-jndi-names</code> | zero or one  | Disables GlassFish Server specific JNDI names.                                                                                        |
| <code>keep-state</code>                     | zero or one  | Retains stateful session bean instances and persistently created EJB timers across redeployments.                                     |
| <code>version-identifier</code>             | zero or one  | Contains version information for an EJB module.                                                                                       |

## `glassfish-web-app`<sup>~~~~~</sup>~

Defines GlassFish Server specific configuration for a web module. This is the root element; there can only be one `glassfish-web-app` element in a `glassfish-web.xml` file. See [The `glassfish-web.xml` File](#).

## Superelements<sup>^^^^</sup>^

none

## Subelements<sup>^^^</sup>^^

The following table describes subelements for the `glassfish-web-app` element.

Table C-65 `glassfish-web-app` Subelements

| Element                                 | Required     | Description                                                                                                                                  |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>context-root</code>               | zero or one  | Contains the web context root for the web module.                                                                                            |
| <code>security-role-mapping</code>      | zero or more | Maps roles to users or groups in the currently active realm.                                                                                 |
| <code>servlet</code>                    | zero or more | Specifies a principal name for a servlet, which is used for the <code>run-as</code> role defined in <code>web.xml</code> .                   |
| <code>idempotent-url-pattern</code>     | zero or more | Specifies a URL pattern for idempotent requests.                                                                                             |
| <code>session-config</code>             | zero or one  | Specifies session manager, session cookie, and other session-related information.                                                            |
| <code>ejb-ref</code>                    | zero or more | Maps the absolute JNDI name to the <code>ejb-ref</code> in the corresponding Java EE XML file.                                               |
| <code>resource-ref</code>               | zero or more | Maps the absolute JNDI name to the <code>resource-ref</code> in the corresponding Java EE XML file.                                          |
| <code>resource-env-ref</code>           | zero or more | Maps the absolute JNDI name to the <code>resource-env-ref</code> in the corresponding Java EE XML file.                                      |
| <code>service-ref</code>                | zero or more | Specifies runtime settings for a web service reference.                                                                                      |
| <code>message-destination-ref</code>    | zero or more | Specifies the name of a physical message destination.                                                                                        |
| <code>cache</code>                      | zero or one  | Configures caching for web application components.                                                                                           |
| <code>class-loader</code>               | zero or one  | Specifies class loader configuration information.                                                                                            |
| <code>jsp-config</code>                 | zero or one  | Specifies JSP configuration information.                                                                                                     |
| <code>locale-charset-info</code>        | zero or one  | Deprecated. Use the <code>parameter-encoding</code> subelement of <code>glassfish-web-app</code> instead.                                    |
| <code>parameter-encoding</code>         | zero or one  | Determines the default request character encoding and how the web container decodes parameters from forms according to a hidden field value. |
| <code>property</code> (with attributes) | zero or more | Specifies a property, which has a name and a value.                                                                                          |
| <code>valve</code>                      | zero or more | Specifies a custom valve.                                                                                                                    |
| <code>message-destination</code>        | zero or more | Specifies the name of a logical message destination.                                                                                         |

| Element                             | Required     | Description                                                       |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>webservice-description</code> | zero or more | Specifies a name and optional publish location for a web service. |
| <code>keep-state</code>             | zero or one  | Retains web sessions across redeployments.                        |
| <code>version-identifier</code>     | zero or one  | Contains version information for a web application.               |

## Attributes <sup>^^^</sup>^

The following table describes attributes for the `glassfish-web-app` element.

Table C-66 `glassfish-web-app` Attributes

| Attribute                                  | Default | Description                                                                                                                                              |
|--------------------------------------------|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>error-url</code>                     | (blank) | (optional) Not implemented. Do not use.                                                                                                                  |
| <code>httpServlet-security-provider</code> | none    | (optional) Specifies the <code>HttpServlet</code> message layer provider that the web container's servlet <code>auth-constraint</code> processing calls. |

## Properties <sup>^^^</sup>^

The following table describes properties for the `glassfish-web-app` element.

Table C-67 `glassfish-web-app` Properties



| Property                  | Default            | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>allowLinking</code> | <code>false</code> | <p>If <code>true</code>, resources in this web application that are symbolic links are served. You can also define this property for a virtual server. Web applications on the virtual server that do not define this property use the virtual server's value. For details, see <a href="#">create-virtual-server(1)</a>.</p> <p>Caution: Setting this property to <code>true</code> on Windows systems exposes JSP source code.</p> |

| Property                        | Default | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>alternatedocroot_n</code> | none    | <p>Specifies an alternate document root (docroot), where n is a positive integer that allows specification of more than one. Alternate docroots allow web applications to serve requests for certain resources from outside their own docroot, based on whether those requests match one (or more) of the URI patterns of the web application's alternate docroots.</p> <p>If a request matches an alternate docroot's URI pattern, it is mapped to the alternate docroot by appending the request URI (minus the web application's context root) to the alternate docroot's physical location (directory). If a request matches multiple URI patterns, the alternate docroot is determined according to the following precedence order:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Exact match</li> <li>• Longest path match</li> <li>• Extension match</li> </ul> <p>For example, the following properties specify three alternate docroots. The URI pattern of the first alternate docroot uses an exact match, whereas the URI patterns of the second and third alternate docroots use extension and longest path prefix matches, respectively.</p> <pre>&lt;property   name="alternatedocroot_1"     value="from=/my.jpg   dir=/srv/images/jpg"/&gt; &lt;property   name="alternatedocroot_2"     value="from=*.jpg   dir=/srv/images/jpg"/&gt; &lt;property   name="alternatedocroot_3"</pre> |

| Property             | Default | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|----------------------|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>valve_n</code> | none    | <p>This property is deprecated. Use the <code>valve</code> subelement instead.</p> <p>Specifies a fully qualified class name of a custom valve, where n is a positive integer that allows specification of more than one. The valve class must implement the <code>org.apache.catalina.Valve</code> interface from Tomcat or previous GlassFish Server releases, or the <code>org.glassfish.web.valve.GlassFishValve</code> interface from the current GlassFish Server release. For example:</p> <div><pre>&lt;property name="valve_1" value="org.glassfish.extension.V alve"/&gt;</pre></div> <p>You can set this property for all the web applications on a specific virtual server. For details, see <a href="#">create-virtual-server (1)</a>.</p> |

| Property                             | Default | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>listener_n</code>              | none    | <p>Specifies a fully qualified class name of a custom Catalina listener, where n is a positive integer that allows specification of more than one. The listener class must implement the <code>org.apache.catalina.ContainerListener</code>, <code>org.apache.catalina.LifecycleListener</code>, or <code>org.apache.catalina.InstanceListener</code> interface. For example:</p> <pre>&lt;property name="listener_1" value="org.glassfish.extension.M yLifecycleListener"/&gt;</pre> <p>You can set this property for all the web applications on a specific virtual server. For details, see <a href="#">create-virtual-server (1)</a>.</p> |
| <code>crossContextAllowed</code>     | true    | <p>If <b>true</b>, allows this web application to access the contexts of other web applications using the <code>`ServletContext.` `getContext() `method</code>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <code>relativeRedirectAllowed</code> | false   | <p>If <b>true</b>, allows this web application to send a relative URL to the client using <code>HttpServletResponse.` `sendRedirect()</code>, and instructs the web container not to translate any relative URLs to fully qualified ones.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <code>reuseSessionID</code>          | false   | <p>If <b>true</b>, sessions generated for this web application use the session ID specified in the request.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

| Property                                   | Default                                                                             | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>securePagesWithPragma</code>         | <code>true</code>                                                                   | Set this property to <code>false</code> to ensure that for this web application file downloads using SSL work properly in Internet Explorer.<br><br>You can set this property for all the web applications on a specific virtual server. For details, see <a href="#">create-virtual-server (1)</a> . |
| <code>singleThreadedServletPoolSize</code> | <code>5</code>                                                                      | Specifies the maximum number of servlet instances allocated for each <code>SingleThreadModel</code> servlet in the web application.                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <code>tempdir</code>                       | domain-dir`/generated/`app-name<br><br>or<br><br>domain-dir`/generated/`module-name | Specifies a temporary directory for use by this web module. This value is used to construct the value of the <code>javax.servlet.context.`tempdir</code> context attribute. Compiled JSP files are also placed in this directory.                                                                     |
| <code>useResponseCTForHeaders</code>       | <code>false</code>                                                                  | If <code>true</code> , response headers are encoded using the response's charset instead of the default (UTF-8).                                                                                                                                                                                      |

`group-map ~~~~`

Maps an EIS group to a group defined in the GlassFish Server domain.

Superelements `^^^`

`work-security-map (glassfish-resources.xml)`

Subelements `^^^`

none

## Attributes <sup>^^^</sup>^

The following table describes attributes for the `group-map` element.

Table C-68 `group-map` Attributes

| Attribute                 | Default | Description                                               |
|---------------------------|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>eis-group</code>    | none    | Specifies an EIS group.                                   |
| <code>mapped-group</code> | none    | Specifies a group defined in the GlassFish Server domain. |

## `group-name` <sup>~~~~</sup>

Specifies a group name in the current realm.

## Superelements <sup>^^^</sup>^

`security-role-mapping` (`glassfish-application.xml`, `glassfish-web.xml`, `glassfish-ejb-jar.xml`)

## Subelements <sup>^^</sup>^^

none - contains data

## `http-method` <sup>^^^</sup>^

Specifies an HTTP method that is eligible for caching. The default is `GET`.

## Superelements