2 08-28-2025

Relevant Textbook Sections: 2.3, 2.4

2.1 Checkpoint 2.23: Finding the Angle between Two Vectors

Find the measure of the angle, in radians, formed by vectors $a = \langle 1, 2, 0 \rangle$ and $b = \langle 2, 4, 1 \rangle$. Round to the nearest hundredth.

2.2 Checkpoint 2.24: Identifying Orthogonal Vectors

For which value of x is $p = \langle 2, 8, -1 \rangle$ orthogonal to $q = \langle x, -1, 2 \rangle$?

2.3 Checkpoint 2.27: Resolving Vectors into Components

Express v = 5i - j as a sum of orthogonal vectors such that one of the vectors has the same direction as u = 4i + 2j.

Properties of the Cross Product

Let $\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v},$ and \mathbf{w} be vectors in space, and let c be a scalar.

2.4 Checkpoint 2.33 (quick)

Use the properties of the cross product to calculate $(i \times k) \times (k \times j)$.

2.5 Checkpoint 2.38

Find the area of the parallelogram PQRS with vertices P(1,1,0), Q(7,1,0), R(9,4,2), and S(3,4,2).

2.6 Example 2.44: Evaluating Torque

A bolt is tightened by applying a force of 6 N to a 0.15-m wrench (Figure 2.62). The angle between the wrench and the force vector is 40°. Find the magnitude of the torque about the center of the bolt. Round the answer to two decimal places.

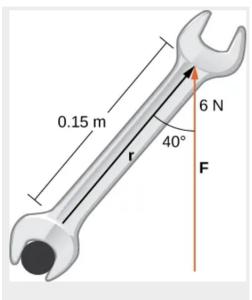


Figure 2.62 Torque describes the twisting action of the wrench.