LATEX INFO

In new Jupyter notebooks I have been working you can just type latex in markdown cells and it works.

Example of new way on next line, but won't work in old canopy I have on home computer. (kept old one so far because lets me edit directly in cnaopy whereas new Canopy goes to browser and is a bit annoying in opening and closing.)

To see it work, easiest way is to upload to tmpnb.org and use there.

Easy Equation writing examples

$$c = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$$

Logarithmic growth of a population of cells can be described mathematically as

$$N = N_o e^{\ln 2(t/t_2)}$$

(from page 177 of Methods in Yeast Genetics, 205 Edition)

See here for an awesome reference for MathJax

"and use single \$\$ (rather than double \$\$\$) to keep the equation in-line. stackoverflow.com/q/ 19412644/1224255" - from http://stackoverflow.com/questions/13208286/how-to-write-latex-in-ipython-notebook (<—this itself was tricky to write and I had to use minrk's April 18th answer at https://github.com/ipython/ipython/issues/3197/ as a basis

Based on here I figured out (probably again) how to add hyphen when in math mode in Jupyter notebooks and not have it loolike a minus sign.

 $\$ \frac{mito\ purification\ RNA\textrm-Seq\ data}{total\ cell\ RNA\textrm-seq\ data} \ VS.

$$\frac{obs_a-obs_b}{exp_a-exp_b}$$

```
#from JupyterLab demo notebook November 2, 2016
from IPython.display import Latex
Latex('''The mass-energy equivalence is described by the famous equation

$$E=mc^2$$

discovered in 1905 by Albert Einstein.
In natural units ($c$ = 1), the formula expresses the identity

\\begin{equation}
E=m
\\end{equation}''')
```

```
<IPython.core.display.Latex object>
%latex
\begin{aligned}
t} & = \frac{4\pi}{c}\vec{\mathbb{j}} \\
\n \c \c \c \mathbf{E}} \& = 4 \pi \c \c
\nabla \times \vec{\mathbf{E}}\, +\, \frac1c\, \frac{\partial\vec{\mathbf{B}}}}
{\hat{0}} \
\nabla \cdot \vec{\mathbf{B}} & = 0
\end{aligned}
<IPython.core.display.Latex object>
%latex
$$
\frac{1}{3}\
$$
\frac{obs}{expe}\
$$
$$ Ai(z) =
\frac13\sqrt{z}\left[
I_{-1/3}(\gamma)
-I_{1/3}(\zeta) \right]
\pi^{-1}\simeq \{z/3\}K_{1/3}(zeta)
$$
{\bf 10.4.15}
$$ Ai(-z) =
\frac13\sqrt{z}
\left[
J_{1/3}(\zeta) +
J_{-1/3}(\zeta) \rightarrow \gamma
\frac12 \sqrt{z/3} \left[
e^{\pi i/6} H_{1/3}^{(1)}(zeta)
+ e^{-\pi i/6}H_{1/3}^{(2)}(\zeta)
\right]
$$
<IPython.core.display.Latex object>
```