The Clmg Library 1.5.9

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### **Chapter 1**

### Main Page

This is the reference documentation of the CImg Library, the C++ template image processing library. This documentation have been generated using the tool doxygen. It contains a detailed description of all classes and functions of the CImg Library. If you have downloaded the CImg package, you actually have a local copy of these pages in the CImg/html/reference/directory.

Use the menu above to navigate through the documentation pages. As a first step, you may look at the list of available modules.

You may be interested also in the presentation slides presenting an overview of the Clmg Library capabilities.

2 Main Page

## Chapter 2

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## **Class Index**

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# **Chapter 6**

# **Module Documentation**

# 6.1 Clmg Library Overview

The **Clmg Library** is an image processing library, designed for C++ programmers. It provides useful classes and functions to load/save, display and process various types of images.

## 6.1.1 Library structure

The CImg Library consists in a single header file CImg. h providing a set of C++ template classes that can be used in your own sources, to load/save, process and display images or list of images. Very portable (Unix/X11,Windows, MacOS X, FreeBSD,..), efficient, simple to use, it's a pleasant toolkit for coding image processing stuffs in C++.

The header file CImg.h contains all the classes and functions that compose the library itself. This is one originality of the CImg Library. This particularly means that :

- No pre-compilation of the library is needed, since the compilation of the CImg functions is done at the same time as the compilation of your own C++ code.
- No complex dependencies have to be handled: Just include the CImg.h file, and you get a working C++
  image processing toolkit.
- The compilation is done on the fly: only Clmg functionalities really used by your program are compiled and appear in the compiled executable program. This leads to very compact code, without any unused stuffs.
- · Class members and functions are inlined, leading to better performance during the program execution.

The Clmg Library is structured as follows:

All library classes and functions are defined in the namespace cimg\_library. This namespace encapsulates
the library functionalities and avoid any class name collision that could happen with other includes. Generally,
one uses this namespace as a default namespace:

```
#include "CImg.h"
using namespace cimg_library;
```

- The namespace cimg\_library::cimg defines a set of low-level functions and variables used by the library.
   Documented functions in this namespace can be safely used in your own program. But, never use the cimg\_library::cimg namespace as a default namespace, since it contains functions whose names are already defined in the standard C/C++ library.
- The class cimg\_library::Clmg represents images up to 4-dimensions wide, containing pixels of type T (template parameter). This is actually the main class of the library.

• The class cimg\_library::ClmgList represents lists of cimg\_library::Clmg<T> images. It can be used for instance to store different frames of an image sequence.

- The class cimg\_library::CImgDisplay is able to display images or image lists into graphical display windows.
  As you may guess, the code of this class is highly system-dependent but this is transparent for the programmer, as environment variables are automatically set by the CImg library (see also Setting Environment Variables).
- The class cimg\_library::ClmgException (and its subclasses) are used by the library to throw exceptions when errors occur. Those exceptions can be catched with a bloc try { ..} catch (CImgException) { .. }. Subclasses define precisely the type of encountered errors.

Knowing these four classes is **enough** to get benefit of the Clmg Library functionalities.

#### 6.1.2 Clmg version of "Hello world".

Below is a very simple code that creates a "Hello World" image. This shows you basically how a Clmg program looks like.

Which can be also written in a more compact way as:

Generally, you can write very small code that performs complex image processing tasks. The Clmg Library is very simple to use and provide a lot of interesting algorithms for image manipulation.

## 6.1.3 How to compile?

The Clmg library is a very light and user-friendly library: only standard system libraries are used. It avoid to handle complex dependancies and problems with library compatibility. The only thing you need is a (quite modern) C++ compiler:

- Microsoft Visual C++ 6.0, Visual Studio.NET and Visual Express Edition: Use project files and solution files provided in the Clmg Library package (directory 'compilation/') to see how it works.
- Intel ICL compiler: Use the following command to compile a Clmg-based program with ICL:

```
icl /Ox hello_world.cpp user32.lib gdi32.lib
```

• g++ (MingW windows version): Use the following command to compile a Clmg-based program with g++, on Windows:

```
g++ -o hello_word.exe hello_word.cpp -O2 -lgdi32
```

• g++ (Linux version): Use the following command to compile a Clmg-based program with g++, on Linux:

```
g++ -o hello_word.exe hello_world.cpp -O2 -L/usr/X11R6/lib -lm -lpthread -lX11
```

• g++ (Solaris version): Use the following command to compile a CImg-based program with g++, on Solaris:

```
g++ -o hello_word.exe hello_world.cpp -O2 -lm -lpthread -R/usr/X11R6/lib -lrt -lnsl -lsocket
```

• g++ (Mac OS X version): Use the following command to compile a Clmg-based program with g++, on Mac OS X:

```
g++ -o hello_word.exe hello_world.cpp -O2 -lm -lpthread -I/usr/X11R6/include -L/usr/X11R6/lib -lm -lpthread -1X11
```

• **Dev-Cpp**: Use the project file provided in the Clmg library package to see how it works.

If you are using another compilers and encounter problems, please write me since maintaining compatibility is one of the priority of the Clmg Library. Nevertheless, old compilers that does not respect the C++ norm will not support the Clmg Library.

#### 6.1.4 What's next?

If you are ready to get more, and to start writing more serious programs with Clmg, you are invited to go to the Tutorial: Getting Started. section.

# 6.2 FAQ: Frequently Asked Questions.

## 6.2.1 FAQ Summary

```
General information and availability
What is the CImg Library?
What platforms are supported?
How is CImg distributed?
What kind of people are concerned by CImg?
What are the specificities of the CeCILL license?
Who is behind CImg?
C++ related questions
What is the level of C++ knowledge needed to use CImg?
How to use CImg in my own C++ program?
Why is CImg entirely contained in a single header file?
Other resources
```

## 6.2.2 1. General information and availability

#### 6.2.2.1 1.1. What is the Clmg Library?

- Translations

The Clmg Library is an open-source C++ toolkit for image processing.

It mainly consists in a (big) single header file  $\mathtt{CImg.h}$  providing a set of C++ classes and functions that can be used in your own sources, to load/save, manage/process and display generic images. It's actually a very simple and pleasant toolkit for coding image processing stuffs in C++: Just include the header file  $\mathtt{CImg.h}$ , and you are ready to handle images in your C++ programs.

#### 6.2.2.2 1.2. What platforms are supported?

Clmg has been designed with *portability* in mind. It is regularly tested on different architectures and compilers, and should also work on any decent OS having a decent C++ compiler. Before each release, the Clmg Library is compiled under these different configurations:

- PC Linux 32 bits, with g++.
- PC Windows 32 bits, with Visual C++ 6.0.
- PC Windows 32 bits, with Visual C++ Express Edition.
- Sun SPARC Solaris 32 bits, with g++.
- Mac PPC with OS X and g++.

Clmg has a minimal number of dependencies. In its minimal version, it can be compiled only with standard C++ headers. Anyway, it has interesting extension capabilities and can use external libraries to perform specific tasks more efficiently (Fourier Transform computation using FFTW for instance).

## 6.2.2.3 1.3. How is Clmg distributed?

The Clmg Library is freely distributed as a complete .zip compressed package, hosted at the Sourceforge servers.

The package is distributed under the CeCILL license.

This package contains:

- The main library file CImg.h (C++ header file).
- Several C++ source code showing examples of using CImg.
- A complete library documentation, in HTML and PDF formats.
- Additional library plug-ins that can be used to extend library capabilities for specific uses.

The Clmg Library is a quite lightweight library which is easy to maintain (due to its particular structure), and thus has a fast rythm of release. A new version of the Clmg package is released approximately every three months.

### 6.2.2.4 1.4. What kind of people are concerned by Clmg?

The Clmg library is an *image processing* library, primarily intended for computer scientists or students working in the fields of image processing or computer vision, and knowing bases of C++. As the library is handy and really easy to use, it can be also used by any programmer needing occasional tools for dealing with images in C++, since there are no standard library yet for this purpose.

#### 6.2.2.5 1.5. What are the specificities of the CeCILL license?

The CeCILL license governs the use of the Clmg Library. This is an *open-source* license which gives you rights to access, use, modify and redistribute the source code, under certains conditions. There are two different variants of the CeCILL license used in Clmg (namely CeCILL and CeCILL—C, all open-source), corresponding to different constraints on the source files:

- The Cecillocal license is the most permissive one, close to the GNU LGPL license, and applies only on the main library file Cimg.h. Basically, this license allows to use Cimg.h in a closed-source product without forcing you to redistribute the entire software source code. Anyway, if one modifies the Cimg.h source file, one has to redistribute the modified version of the file that must be governed by the same Cecillocal license.
- The CeCILL license applies to all other files (source examples, plug-ins and documentation) of the Clmg Library package, and is close (even *compatible*) with the *GNU GPL license*. It *does not allow* the use of these files in closed-source products.

You are invited to read the complete descriptions of the the CeCILL-C and CeCILL licenses before releasing a software based on the Clmg Library.

## 6.2.2.6 1.6. Who is behind Clmg?

Clmg has been started by <code>David Tschumperle</code> at the beginning of his PhD thesis, in October 1999. He is still the main coordinator of the project. Since the first release at Sourceforge, a growing number of contributors has appeared. Due to the very simple and compact form of the library, submitting a contribution is quite easy and can be fastly integrated into the supported releases. List of contributors can be found on the front page.

## 6.2.3 2. C++ related questions

#### 6.2.3.1 2.1 What is the level of C++ knowledge needed to use Clmg?

The CImg Library has been designed using C++ templates and object-oriented programming techniques, but in a very accessible level. There are only public classes without any derivation (just like C structures) and there is at most one template parameter for each CImg class (defining the pixel type of the images). The design is simple but clean, making the library accessible even for non professional C++ programmers, while proposing strong extension capabilities for C++ experts.

6.2.3.2 2.2 How to use Clmg in my own C++ program?

Basically, you need to add these two lines in your C++ source code, in order to be able to work with Clmg images:

```
#include "CImg.h"
using namespace cimg_library;
```

#### 6.2.3.3 2.3 Why is Clmg entirely contained in a single header file?

People are often surprised to see that the complete code of the library is contained in a single (big) C++ header file CImg.h. There are good practical and technical reasons to do that. Some arguments are listed below to justify this approach, so (I hope) you won't think this is a awkwardly C++ design of the CImg library:

- First, the library is based on *template datatypes* (images with generic pixel type), meaning that the programmer is free to decide what type of image he instanciates in his code. Even if there are roughly a limited number of fully supported types (basically, the "atomic" types of C++: *unsigned char, int, float, ...*), this is *not imaginable* to pre-compile the library classes and functions for *all possible atomic datatypes*, since many functions and methods can have two or three arguments having different template parameters. This really means *a huge number* of possible combinations. The size of the object binary file generated to cover all possible cases would be just *colossal*. Is the STL library a pre-compiled one? No, Clmg neither. Clmg is not using a classical *.cpp* and *.h* mechanism, just like the STL. Architectures of C++ *template-based* libraries are somewhat special in this sense. This is a proven technical fact.
- Second, why CImg does not have several header files, just like the STL does (one for each class for instance)? This would be possible of course. There are only 4 classes in CImg, the two most important being C-Img<T> and CImgList<T> representing respectively an image and a collection of images. But contrary to the STL library, these two CImg classes are strongly inter-dependent. All CImg algorithms are actually not defined as separate functions acting on containers (as the STL does with his header <a href="algorithm">(algorithm</a>), but are directly methods of the image and image collection classes. This inter-dependence practically means that you will undoubtly need these two main classes at the same time if you are using CImg. If they were defined in separate header files, you would be forced to include both of them. What is the gain then? No gain.
  - Concerning the two other classes: You can disable the third most important class CImgDisplay of the CImg library, by setting the compilation macro  $cimg\_display$  to 0, avoiding thus to compile this class if you don't use display capabilities of CImg in your code. But to be honest, this is a quite small class and doing this doesn't save much compilation time. The last and fourth class is CImgException, which is only few lines long and is obviously required in almost all methods of CImg. Including this one is mandatory.

As a consequence, having a single header file instead of several ones is just a way for you to avoid including all of them, without any consequences on compilation time. This is both good technical and practical reasons to do like this.

• Third, having a single header file has plenty of advantages: Simplicity for the user, and for the developers (maintenance is in fact easier). Look at the CImg.h file, it looks like a mess at a first glance, but it is in fact very well organized and structured. Finding pieces of code in Clmg functions or methods is particularly easy and fast. Also, how about the fact that library installation problems just disappear? Just bring CImg.h with you, put it in your source directory, and the library is ready to go!

I admit the compilation time of CImg-based programs can be sometime long, but don't think that it is due to the fact that you are using a single header file. Using several header files wouldn't arrange anything since you would need all of them. Having a pre-compiled library object would be the only solution to speed up compilation time, but it is not possible at all, due to the too much generic nature of the library.

- 6.2.4 3. Other resources
- 6.2.4.1 3.1 Translations

This FAQ has been translated to Serbo-Croatian language by  ${\tt Web}$   ${\tt Geeks}$  .

# 6.3 Setting Environment Variables

The Clmg library is a multiplatform library, working on a wide variety of systems. This implies the existence of some *environment variables* that must be correctly defined depending on your current system. Most of the time, the Clmg Library defines these variables automatically (for popular systems). Anyway, if your system is not recognized, you will have to set the environment variables by hand. Here is a quick explanations of environment variables.

Setting the environment variables is done with the #define keyword. This setting must be done before including the file CImg.h in your source code. For instance, defining the environment variable cimg\_display would be done like this:

```
#define cimg_display 0
#include "CImg.h"
...
```

Here are the different environment variables used by the CImg Library :

- cimg\_OS: This variable defines the type of your Operating System. It can be set to 1 (*Unix*), 2 (*Windows*), or 0 (*Other configuration*). It should be actually auto-detected by the Clmg library. If this is not the case (cimg\_OS=0), you will probably have to tune the environment variables described below.
- cimg\_display: This variable defines the type of graphical library used to display images in windows. It can be set to 0 (no display library available), 1 (X11-based display) or 2 (Windows-GDI display). If you are running on a system without X11 or Windows-GDI ability, please set this variable to 0. This will disable the display support, since the CImg Library doesn't contain the necessary code to display images on systems other than X11 or Windows GDI.
- cimg\_use\_vt100: This variable tells the library if the system terminal has VT100 color capabilities. It can be defined or not defined. Define this variable to get colored output on your terminal, when using the Clmg Library.
- cimg\_verbosity: This variable defines the level of run-time debug messages that will be displayed by
  the CImg Library. It can be set to 0 (no debug messages), 1 (normal debug messages displayed on standard
  error), 2 (normal debug messages displayed in modal windows, which is the default value), or 3 (high debug
  messages). Note that setting this value to 3 may slow down your program since more debug tests are made by
  the library (particularly to check if pixel access is made outside image boundaries). See also CImgException
  to better understand how debug messages are working.
- cimg\_plugin: This variable tells the library to use a plugin file to add features to the Clmg<T> class. Define it with the path of your plugin file, if you want to add member functions to the Clmg<T> class, without having to modify directly the "<tt>Clmg.h</tt>" file. An include of the plugin file is performed in the Clmg<T> class. If cimg\_plugin if not specified (default), no include is done.
- cimglist\_plugin: Same as cimg\_plugin, but to add features to the ClmgList<T> class.
- cimgdisplay\_plugin : Same as cimg\_plugin, but to add features to the ClmgDisplay<T> class.

All these compilation variables can be checked, using the function <a href="mailto:cimg\_library::cimg::info">cimg\_library::cimg::info</a>(), which displays a list of the different configuration variables and their values on the standard error output.

# 6.4 How to use Clmg library with Visual C++ 2005 Express Edition ?.

# 6.4.1 How to use Clmg library with Visual C++ 2005 Express Edition?

This section has been written by Vincent Garcia and Alexandre Fournier from I3S/Sophia\_Antipolis.

- · Download Clmg library
- · Download and install Visual C++ 2005 Express Edition
- · Download and install Microsoft Windows SDK
- Configure Visual C++ to take into account Microsoft SDK
  - 1. Go to menu "Tools -> options"
  - 2. Select option "Projects and Solutions -> VC++ Directories"
  - 3. In the select liste "Show directories for", choose "include files", and add C:\Program Files\Microsoft Platform SDK\Include (adapt if needed)
  - 4. In the select liste "Show directories for", choose "library files", and add C:\Program Files\Microsoft Platform SDK\Lib (adapt if needed) Edit file C:\Program Files\Microsoft Visual Studio 8\VC\VCProject-Defaults\corewin express.vsprops (adapt if needed)
  - 6. 7. Remplace the line AdditionalDependencies="kernel32.lib"/> by AdditionalDependencies="kernel32.lib user32.lib gdi32.lib winspool.lib comdlg32.lib advapi32.lib shell32.lib ole32.lib oleaut32.lib uuid.lib"/>
- · Restart Visual C++
- · Import Clmg library in your main file

# 6.5 Tutorial: Getting Started.

Let's start to write our first program to get the idea. This will demonstrate how to load and create images, as well as handle image display and mouse events. Assume we want to load a color image lena.jpg, smooth it, display it in a windows, and enter an event loop so that clicking a point in the image will draw the (R,G,B) intensity profiles of the corresponding image line (in another window). Yes, that sounds quite complex for a first code, but don't worry, it will be very simple using the CImg library! Well, just look at the code below, it does the task:

```
#include "CImg.h"
using namespace cimg_library;

int main() {
    CImg<unsigned char> image("lena.jpg"), visu(500,400,1,3,0);
    const unsigned char red[] = { 255,0,0 }, green[] = { 0,255,0 }, blue[] = { 0,0,255 };
    image.blur(2.5);
    CImgDisplay main_disp(image, "Click a point"), draw_disp(visu, "Intensity profile");
    while (!main_disp.is_closed() && !draw_disp.is_closed()) {
        main_disp.wait();
        if (main_disp.button() && main_disp.mouse_y()>=0) {
            const int y = main_disp.mouse_y();
            visu.fill(0).draw_graph(image.get_crop(0,y,0,0,image.width()-1,y,0,0),red,1,1,0,255,0);
            visu.draw_graph(image.get_crop(0,y,0,1,image.width()-1,y,0,1),green,1,1,0,255,0);
            visu.draw_graph(image.get_crop(0,y,0,2,image.width()-1,y,0,2),blue,1,1,0,255,0).display(draw_disp);
        }
        return 0;
}
```

Here is a screenshot of the resulting program :

And here is the detailled explanation of the source, line by line :

```
#include "CImg.h"
```

Include the main and only header file of the Clmg library.

```
using namespace cimg_library;
```

Use the library namespace to ease the declarations afterward.

```
int main() {
```

Definition of the main function.

```
CImg<unsigned char> image("lena.jpg"), visu(500,400,1,3,0);
```

Creation of two instances of images of unsigned char pixels. The first image image is initialized by reading an image file from the disk. Here, lena.jpg must be in the same directory than the current program. Note that you must also have installed the *ImageMagick* package in order to be able to read JPG images. The second image visu is initialized as a black color image with dimension dx=500, dy=400, dz=1 (here, it is a 2D image, not a 3D one), and dv=3 (each pixel has 3 'vector' channels R,G,B). The last argument in the constructor defines the default value of the pixel values (here 0, which means that visu will be initially black).

```
const unsigned char red[] = { 255,0,0 }, green[] = { 0,255,0 }, blue[] = { 0,0,255 };
```

Definition of three different colors as array of unsigned char. This will be used to draw plots with different colors.

```
image.blur(2.5);
```

Blur the image, with a gaussian blur and a standard variation of 2.5. Note that most of the CImg functions have two versions: one that acts in-place (which is the case of blur), and one that returns the result as a new image (the name of the function begins then with  $get_{\_}$ ). In this case, one could have also written  $image = image.get_{\_}$ blur (2.5); (more expensive, since it needs an additional copy operation).

```
CImgDisplay main_disp(image, "Click a point"), draw_disp(visu, "Intensity profile");
```

Creation of two display windows, one for the input image image, and one for the image visu which will be display intensity profiles. By default, CImg displays handles events (mouse,keyboard,..). On Windows, there is a way to create fullscreen displays.

```
while (!main_disp.is_closed() && !draw_disp.is_closed()) {
```

Enter the event loop, the code will exit when one of the two display windows is closed.

```
main_disp.wait();
```

Wait for an event (mouse, keyboard,..) in the display window main\_disp.

```
if (main_disp.button() && main_disp.mouse_y()>=0) {
```

Test if the mouse button has been clicked on the image area. One may distinguish between the 3 different mouse buttons, but in this case it is not necessary

```
const int y = main_disp.mouse_y();
```

Get the image line y-coordinate that has been clicked.

```
visu.fill(0).draw_graph(image.get_crop(0,y,0,0,image.width()-1,y,0,0),red,1,0,256,0);
```

This line illustrates the pipeline property of most of the CImg class functions. The first function  $\mathtt{fill}(0)$  simply sets all pixel values with 0 (i.e. clear the image  $\mathtt{visu}$ ). The interesting thing is that it returns a reference to  $\mathtt{visu}$  and then, can be pipelined with the function  $\mathtt{draw\_graph}()$  which draws a plot in the image  $\mathtt{visu}$ . The plot data are given by another image (the first argument of  $\mathtt{draw\_graph}()$ ). In this case, the given image is the red-component of the line y of the original image, retrieved by the function  $\mathtt{get\_crop}()$  which returns a sub-image of the image  $\mathtt{image}$ . Remember that images coordinates are 4D (x,y,z,v) and for color images, the R,G,B channels are respectively given by  $\mathtt{v=0}$ ,  $\mathtt{v=1}$  and  $\mathtt{v=2}$ .

```
visu.draw_graph(image.get_crop(0,y,0,1,image.width()-1,y,0,1),green,1,0,256,0);
```

Plot the intensity profile for the green channel of the clicked line.

Same thing for the blue channel. Note how the function (which return a reference to visu) is pipelined with the function display () that just paints the image visu in the corresponding display window.

```
\dotstill the end
```

I don't think you need more explanations!

As you have noticed, the CImg library allows to write very small and intuitive code. Note also that this source will perfectly work on Unix and Windows systems. Take also a look to the examples provided in the CImg package ( directory <code>examples/</code>). It will show you how CImg-based code can be surprisingly small. Moreover, there is surely one example close to what you want to do. A good start will be to look at the file <code>CImg\_demo.cpp</code> which contains small and various examples of what you can do with the CImg Library. All CImg classes are used in this source, and the code can be easily modified to see what happens.

# 6.6 Using Drawing Functions.

# 6.6.1 Using Drawing Functions.

This section tells more about drawing features in Clmg images. Drawing functions list can be found in the Clmg functions list (section **Drawing** Functions), and are all defined on a common basis. Here are the important points to understand before using drawing functions:

- Drawing is performed on the instance image. Drawing functions parameters are defined as *const* variables and return a reference to the current instance (\*this), so that drawing functions can be pipelined (see examples below). Drawing is usually done in 2D color images but can be performed in 3D images with any vector-valued dimension, and with any possible pixel type.
- A color parameter is always needed to draw features in an image. The color must be defined as a C-style array whose dimension is at least

# 6.7 Using Image Loops.

The Clmg Library provides different macros that define useful iterative loops over an image. Basically, it can be used to replace one or several for (..) instructions, but it also proposes interesting extensions to classical loops. Below is a list of all existing loop macros, classified in four different categories:

- · Loops over the pixel buffer
- · Loops over image dimensions
- · Loops over interior regions and borders.
- · Loops using neighborhoods.

# 6.7.1 Loops over the pixel buffer

Loops over the pixel buffer are really basic loops that iterate a pointer on the pixel data buffer of a cimg\_library-::CImg image. Two macros are defined for this purpose:

- cimg\_for(img,ptr,T): This macro loops over the pixel data buffer of the image img, using a pointer T\* ptr, starting from the beginning of the buffer (first pixel) till the end of the buffer (first pixel).
  - img must be a (non empty) cimg\_library::CImg image of pixels T.
  - ptr is a pointer of type T\*. This kind of loop should not appear a lot in your own source code, since
    this is a low-level loop and many functions of the Clmg class may be used instead. Here is an example
    of use:

```
CImg<float> img(320,200);
cimg_for(img,ptr,float) { *ptr=0; }  // Equivalent to 'img.fill(0);'
```

- cimg\_rof(img,ptr,T): This macro does the same as cimg\_for() but from the end to the beginning of the pixel buffer.
- cimg\_foroff(img,off): This macro loops over the pixel data buffer of the image img, using an offset, starting from the beginning of the buffer (first pixel, off=0) till the end of the buffer (last pixel value, off = img.-size()-1).
  - img must be a (non empty) cimg\_library::Clmg<T> image of pixels T.
  - off is an inner-loop variable, only defined inside the scope of the loop.

Here is an example of use :

# 6.7.2 Loops over image dimensions

The following loops are probably the most used loops in image processing programs. They allow to loop over the image along one or several dimensions, along a raster scan course. Here is the list of such loop macros for a single dimension:

```
• cimg_forX(img,x): equivalent to: for (int x = 0; x < img.width(); x++).
• cimg_forY(img,y): equivalent to: for (int y = 0; y < img.height(); y++).
```

```
• cimg_forZ(img,z): equivalent to: for (int z = 0; z<img.depth(); z++).
```

cimg\_forC(img,v): equivalent to: for (int v = 0; v<img.spectrum(); v++).</li>

Combinations of these macros are also defined as other loop macros, allowing to loop directly over 2D, 3D or 4D images :

```
cimg_forXY(img,x,y): equivalent to: cimg_forY(img, y) cimg_forX(img, x).
cimg_forXZ(img,x,z): equivalent to: cimg_forZ(img, z) cimg_forX(img, x).
cimg_forYZ(img,y,z): equivalent to: cimg_forZ(img, z) cimg_forY(img, y).
cimg_forXC(img,x,v): equivalent to: cimg_forC(img, v) cimg_forX(img, x).
cimg_forYC(img,y,v): equivalent to: cimg_forC(img, v) cimg_forY(img, y).
cimg_forZC(img,z,v): equivalent to: cimg_forC(img, v) cimg_forZ(img, z).
cimg_forXYZ(img,x,y,z): equivalent to: cimg_forC(img, z) cimg_forXY(img,x,y).
cimg_forXZC(img,x,z,v): equivalent to: cimg_forC(img, v) cimg_forXZ(img,x,z).
cimg_forYZC(img,y,z,v): equivalent to: cimg_forC(img, v) cimg_forYZ(img, y, z).
cimg_forYZC(img,x,y,z,v): equivalent to: cimg_forC(img, v) cimg_forYZ(img, y, z).
cimg_forXYZC(img,x,y,z,v): equivalent to: cimg_forC(img, v) cimg_forYZ(img, y, z, v, z).
```

• For all these loops, x,y,z and v are inner-defined variables only visible inside the scope of the loop. They don't have to be defined before the call of the macro.

• img must be a (non empty) cimg\_library::Clmg image.

Here is an example of use that creates an image with a smooth color gradient:

## 6.7.3 Loops over interior regions and borders.

Similar macros are also defined to loop only on the border of an image, or inside the image (excluding the border). The border may be several pixel wide:

- cimg\_for\_insideX(img,x,n): Loop along the x-axis, except for pixels inside a border of n pixels wide.
- cimg for insideY(img,y,n): Loop along the y-axis, except for pixels inside a border of n pixels wide.
- cimg\_for\_insideZ(img,z,n): Loop along the z-axis, except for pixels inside a border of n pixels wide.
- cimg for insideC(img,v,n): Loop along the v-axis, except for pixels inside a border of n pixels wide.
- cimg\_for\_insideXY(img,x,y,n): Loop along the (x,y)-axes, excepted for pixels inside a border of n pixels wide.
- cimg\_for\_insideXYZ(img,x,y,z,n): Loop along the (x,y,z)-axes, excepted for pixels inside a border of n pixels wide.

#### And also:

- cimg\_for\_borderX(img,x,n): Loop along the x-axis, only for pixels inside a border of n pixels wide.
- cimg for borderY(img,y,n): Loop along the y-axis, only for pixels inside a border of n pixels wide.
- cimg\_for\_borderZ(img,z,n): Loop along the z-axis, only for pixels inside a border of n pixels wide.
- cimg\_for\_borderC(img,v,n): Loop along the z-axis, only for pixels inside a border of n pixels wide.

- cimg\_for\_borderXY(img,x,y,n): Loop along the (x,y)-axes, only for pixels inside a border of n pixels wide.
- cimg\_for\_borderXYZ(img,x,y,z,n): Loop along the (x,y,z)-axes, only for pixels inside a border of n pixels wide.
- For all these loops, x,y,z and v are inner-defined variables only visible inside the scope of the loop. They don't have to be defined before the call of the macro.
- img must be a (non empty) cimg\_library::Clmg image.
- The constant n stands for the size of the border.

Here is an example of use, to create a 2d grayscale image with two different intensity gradients:

```
CImg<> img(256,256);

cimg_for_insideXY(img,x,y,50) img(x,y) = x+y;

cimg_for_borderXY(img,x,y,50) img(x,y) = x-y;

img.display();
```

### 6.7.4 Loops using neighborhoods.

Inside an image loop, it is often useful to get values of neighborhood pixels of the current pixel at the loop location. The Clmg Library provides a very smart and fast mechanism for this purpose, with the definition of several loop macros that remember the neighborhood values of the pixels. The use of these macros can highly optimize your code, and also simplify your program.

#### 6.7.4.1 Neighborhood-based loops for 2D images

For 2D images, the neighborhood-based loop macros are:

- cimg\_for2x2(img,x,y,z,v,I,T) : Loop along the (x,y)-axes using a centered 2x2 neighborhood.
- cimg\_for3x3(img,x,y,z,v,I,T): Loop along the (x,y)-axes using a centered 3x3 neighborhood.
- cimg\_for4x4(img,x,y,z,v,l,T): Loop along the (x,y)-axes using a centered 4x4 neighborhood.
- cimg\_for5x5(img,x,y,z,v,I,T) : Loop along the (x,y)-axes using a centered 5x5 neighborhood.

For all these loops, x and y are inner-defined variables only visible inside the scope of the loop. They don't have to be defined before the call of the macro. img is a non empty CImg < T > image. z and v are constants that define on which image slice and vector channel the loop must apply (usually both 0 for grayscale 2D images). Finally, I is the 2x2, 3x3, 4x4 or 5x5 neighborhood of type I that will be updated with the correct pixel values during the loop (see Defining neighborhoods).

#### 6.7.4.2 Neighborhood-based loops for 3D images

For 3D images, the neighborhood-based loop macros are:

- cimg\_for2x2x2(img,x,y,z,v,I,T): Loop along the (x,y,z)-axes using a centered 2x2x2 neighborhood.
- cimg\_for3x3x3(img,x,y,z,v,I,T): Loop along the (x,y,z)-axes using a centered 3x3x3 neighborhood.

For all these loops, x, y and z are inner-defined variables only visible inside the scope of the loop. They don't have to be defined before the call of the macro. img is a non empty CImg < T > image. v is a constant that defines on which image channel the loop must apply (usually 0 for grayscale 3D images). Finally, I is the 2x2x2 or 3x3x3 neighborhood of type I that will be updated with the correct pixel values during the loop (see Defining neighborhoods).

## 6.7.4.3 Defining neighborhoods

A neighborhood is defined as an instance of a class having operator[] defined. This particularly includes classical C-array, as well as CImg<T> objects.

For instance, a 3x3 neighborhood can be defined either as a 'float[9]' or a 'Clmg<float>(3,3)' variable.

#### 6.7.4.4 Using alternate variable names

There are also some useful macros that can be used to define variables that reference the neighborhood elements. There are:

- Clmg\_2x2(I,type): Define a 2x2 neighborhood named I, of type type.
- Clmg\_3x3(I,type): Define a 3x3 neighborhood named I, of type type.
- Clmg\_4x4(I,type): Define a 4x4 neighborhood named I, of type type.
- Clmg\_5x5(I,type): Define a 5x5 neighborhood named I, of type type.
- Clmg\_2x2x2(I,type): Define a 2x2x2 neighborhood named I, of type type.
- Clmg\_3x3x3(I,type): Define a 3x3x3 neighborhood named I, of type type.

```
• Ipp = imq(x-1, y-1)
```

• Icn = img(x,y+1)

• Inp = img(x+1, y-1)

• Inpc = img(x+1, y-1, z)

• Ippn = img(x-1, y-1, z+1)

· and so on...

For bigger neighborhoods, such as 4x4 or 5x5 neighborhoods, two additionnal indices are introduced: a (stands for 'after') and b (stands for 'before'), so that:

```
• Ibb = img(x-2,y-2)
```

- Ina = img(x+1,y+2)
- · and so on...

The value of a neighborhood pixel outside the image range (image border problem) is automatically set to the same values than the nearest valid pixel in the image (this is also called the *Neumann border condition*).

#### 6.7.4.5 Example codes

More than a long discussion, the above example will demonstrate how to compute the gradient norm of a 3D volume using the  $cimg\_for3x3x3$  () loop macro:

And the following example shows how to deal with neighborhood references to blur a color image by averaging pixel values on a 5x5 neighborhood.

As you can see, explaining the use of the CImg neighborhood macros is actually more difficult than using them!

# 6.8 Using Display Windows.

When opening a display window, you can choose the way the pixel values will be normalized before being displayed on the screen. Screen displays only support color values between [0,255], and some

When displaying an image into the display window using CImgDisplay::display(), values of the image pixels can be eventually linearly normalized between [0,255] for visualization purposes. This may be useful for instance when displaying CImg<double> images with pixel values between [0,1]. The normalization behavior depends on the value of normalize which can be either 0.1 or 2:

- 0 : No pixel normalization is performed when displaying an image. This is the fastest process, but you must be sure your displayed image have pixel values inside the range [0,255].
- 1 : Pixel value normalization is done for each new image display. Image pixels are not modified themselves, only displayed pixels are normalized.
- 2 : Pixel value normalization is done for the first image display, then the normalization parameters are kept and used for all the next image displays.

# 6.9 How pixel data are stored with Clmg.

First, CImg<T> are *very* basic structures, which means that there are no memory tricks, weird memory alignments or disk caches used to store pixel data of images. When an image is instanced, all its pixel values are stored in memory at the same time (yes, you should avoid working with huge images when dealing with CImg, if you have only 64kb of RAM).

A CImg<T> is basically a 4th-dimensional array (width,height,depth,dim), and its pixel data are stored linearly in a single memory buffer of general size (width\*height\*depth\*dim). Nothing more, nothing less. The address of this memory buffer can be retrieved by the function CImg<T>::data(). As each image value is stored as a type T (T being known by the programmer of course), this pointer is a 'T\*', or a 'const T\*' if your image is 'const'. so, 'T \*ptr = img.data()' gives you the pointer to the first value of the image 'img'. The overall size of the used memory for one instance image (in bytes) is then 'width\*height\*depth\*dim\*sizeof(T)'.

Now, the ordering of the pixel values in this buffer follows these rules: The values are *not* interleaved, and are ordered first along the X,Y,Z and V axis respectively (corresponding to the width,height,depth,dim dimensions), starting from the upper-left pixel to the bottom-right pixel of the instane image, with a classical scanline run.

So, a color image with dim=3 and depth=1, will be stored in memory as :

R1R2R3R4R5R6......G1G2G3G4G5G6......B1B2B3B4B5B6.... (i.e following a 'planar' structure)

and *not* as R1G1B1R2G2B2R3G3B3... (interleaved channels), where R1 = img(0,0,0,0) is the first upper-left pixel of the red component of the image, R2 is img(1,0,0,0), G1 = img(0,0,0,1), G2 = img(1,0,0,1), B1 = img(0,0,0,2), and so on...

Another example, a (1x5x1x1) CImg<T> (column vector A) will be stored as : A1A2A3A4A5 where A1 = img(0,0), A2 = img(0,1), ..., A5 = img(0,4).

As you see, it is *very* simple and intuitive: no interleaving, no padding, just simple. This is cool not only because it is simple, but this has in fact a number of interesting properties. For instance, a 2D color image is stored in memory exactly as a 3D scalar image having a depth=3, meaning that when you are dealing with 2D color images, you can write 'img(x,y,k)' instead of 'img(x,y,0,k)' to access the kth channel of the (x,y) pixel. More generally, if you have one dimension that is 1 in your image, you can just skip it in the call to the operator(). Similarly, values of a column vector stored as an image with width=depth=spectrum=1 can be accessed by 'img(y)' instead of 'img(0,y)'. This is very convenient.

Another cool thing is that it allows you to work easily with 'shared' images. A shared image is a Clmg<T> instance that shares its memory with another one (the 'base' image). Destroying a shared image does nothing in fact. Shared images is a convenient way of modifying only *portions* (consecutive in memory) of an image. For instance, if 'img' is a 2D color image, you can write:

 $img.get\_shared\_channel(0).blur(2); img.get\_shared\_channels(1,2).mirror('x'); \\$ 

which just blur the red channel of the image, and mirror the two others along the X-axis. This is possible since channels of an image are not interleaved but are stored as different consecutive planes in memory, so you see that constructing a shared image is possible (and trivial).

# 6.10 Files IO in Clmg.

The Clmg Library can NATIVELY handle the following file formats :

- RAW: consists in a very simple header (in ascii), then the image data.
- · ASC (Ascii)
- HDR (Analyze 7.5)
- INR (Inrimage)
- PPM/PGM (Portable Pixmap)
- BMP (uncompressed)
- PAN (Pandore-5)
- DLM (Matlab ASCII)

If ImageMagick is installed, The CImg Library can save image in formats handled by ImageMagick : JPG, GIF, PNG, TIF,...

# 6.11 Retrieving Command Line Arguments.

The CImg library offers facilities to retrieve command line arguments in a console-based program, as it is a commonly needed operation. Three macros  $cimg\_usage()$ ,  $cimg\_help()$  and  $cimg\_option()$  are defined for this purpose. Using these macros allows to easily retrieve options values from the command line. Invoking the compiled executable with the option -h or -help will automatically display the program usage, followed by the list of requested options.

# 6.11.1 The cimg\_usage() macro

The macro cimg\_usage (usage) may be used to describe the program goal and usage. It is generally inserted one time after the int main (int argc, char \*\*argv) definition.

#### **Parameters**

usage	: A string describing the program goal and usage.
-------	---

#### Precondition

The function where cimq\_usage() is used must have correctly defined argc and argv variables.

### 6.11.2 The cimg\_help() macro

The macro  $cimg_help(str)$  will display the string str only if the -help or -help option are invoked when running the programm.

## 6.11.3 The cimg\_option() macro

The macro <code>cimg\_option(name, default, usage)</code> may be used to retrieve an option value from the command line.

#### **Parameters**

name	: The name of the option to be retrieved from the command line.	
default	: The default value returned by the macro if no options name has been specified when	
	running the program.	
usage	: A brief explanation of the option. If usage==0, the option won't appear on the option lis	
	when invoking the executable with options -h or -help (hidden option).	

#### Returns

cimg\_option() returns an object that has the same type than the default value default. The return value is equal to the one specified on the command line. If no such option have been specified, the return value is equal to the default value default. Warning, this can be confusing in some situations (look at the end of the next section).

### Precondition

The function where <code>cimg\_option()</code> is used must have correctly defined <code>argc</code> and <code>argv</code> variables.

#### 6.11.4 Example of use

The code below uses the macros <code>cimg\_usage()</code> and <code>cimg\_option()</code>. It loads an image, smoothes it an quantifies it with a specified number of values.

Invoking the corresponding executable with test -h -hidden -n 20 -i foo.jpg will display:

#### Warning

As the type of object returned by the macro <code>cimg\_option(option,default,usage)</code> is defined by the type of <code>default</code>, undesired casts may appear when writting code such as:

```
const double sigma = cimg_option("-val",0,"A floating point value");
```

In this case, sigma will always be equal to an integer (since the default value 0 is an integer). When passing a float value on the command line, a *float to integer* cast is then done, truncating the given parameter to an integer value (this is surely not a desired behavior). You must specify 0.0 as the default value in this case.

# 6.11.5 How to learn more about command line options?

You should take a look at the examples <code>examples/gmic.cpp</code> provided in the Clmg Library package. This is a command line based image converter which intensively uses the <code>cimg\_option()</code> and <code>cimg\_usage()</code> macros to retrieve command line parameters.

# **Chapter 7**

# **Namespace Documentation**

# 7.1 cimg\_library Namespace Reference

Contains all classes and functions of the CImg library.

#### **Namespaces**

· cimg

Contains low-level functions and variables of the CImg Library.

### **Classes**

· struct Clmg

Class representing an image (up to 4 dimensions wide), each pixel being of type T.

struct ClmgList

Represent a list of images CImg<T>.

struct CImgException

Instances of CImgException are thrown when errors are encountered in a CImg function call.

struct CImgDisplay

Allow to create windows, display images on them and manage user events (keyboard, mouse and windows events).

## 7.1.1 Detailed Description

Contains all classes and functions of the CImg library. This namespace is defined to avoid functions and class names collisions that could happen with the inclusion of other C++ header files. Anyway, it should not happen often and you should reasonnably start most of your CImg-based programs with

```
#include "CImg.h"
using namespace cimg_library;
```

to simplify the declaration of CImg Library objects afterwards.

# 7.2 cimg\_library::cimg Namespace Reference

Contains low-level functions and variables of the CImg Library.

#### **Functions**

std::FILE \* output (std::FILE \*file)

Get/set default output stream for the CImg library messages.

• void info ()

Print informations about CImq environement variables.

template<typename T > void unused (const T &,...)

Avoid warning messages due to unused parameters. Do nothing actually.

• unsigned int & exception mode (const unsigned int mode)

Set current CImg exception mode.

· unsigned int & exception mode ()

Return current CImg exception mode.

• int dialog (const char \*const title, const char \*const msg, const char \*const button1\_label, const char \*const button2\_label, const char \*const button3\_label, const char \*const button4\_label, const char \*const button5\_label, const char \*const button6\_label, const bool is\_centered)

Display a simple dialog box, and wait for the user's response [specialization].

• double eval (const char \*const expression, const double x, const double y, const double z, const double c)

Evaluate math expression.

• void warn (const char \*const format,...)

Display a warning message on the default output stream.

- int system (const char \*const command, const char \*const module name=0)
- template<typename T >

T & temporary (const T &)

Return a reference to a temporary variable of type T.

• template<typename T >

void swap (T &a, T &b)

Exchange values of variables a and b.

• template<typename T1 , typename T2 >

```
void swap (T1 &a1, T1 &b1, T2 &a2, T2 &b2)
```

Exchange values of variables (a1,a2) and (b1,b2).

• template<typename T1 , typename T2 , typename T3 >

void swap (T1 &a1, T1 &b1, T2 &a2, T2 &b2, T3 &a3, T3 &b3)

Exchange values of variables (a1,a2,a3) and (b1,b2,b3).

template<typename T1, typename T2, typename T3, typename T4</li>

void swap (T1 &a1, T1 &b1, T2 &a2, T2 &b2, T3 &a3, T3 &b3, T4 &a4, T4 &b4)

Exchange values of variables (a1,a2,...,a4) and (b1,b2,...,b4).

template<typename T1, typename T2, typename T3, typename T4, typename T5 > void swap (T1 &a1, T1 &b1, T2 &a2, T2 &b2, T3 &a3, T3 &b3, T4 &a4, T4 &b4, T5 &a5, T5 &b5)

Exchange values of variables (a1,a2,...,a5) and (b1,b2,...,b5).

template<typename T1, typename T2, typename T3, typename T4, typename T5, typename T6 >
 void swap (T1 &a1, T1 &b1, T2 &a2, T2 &b2, T3 &a3, T3 &b3, T4 &a4, T4 &b4, T5 &a5, T5 &b5, T6 &a6, T6 &b6)

Exchange values of variables (a1,a2,...,a6) and (b1,b2,...,b6).

template<typename T1, typename T2, typename T3, typename T4, typename T5, typename T6, typename T7>
 void swap (T1 &a1, T1 &b1, T2 &a2, T2 &b2, T3 &a3, T3 &b3, T4 &a4, T4 &b4, T5 &a5, T5 &b5, T6 &a6, T6 &b6, T7 &a7, T7 &b7)

Exchange values of variables (a1,a2,...,a7) and (b1,b2,...,b7).

template<typename T1, typename T2, typename T3, typename T4, typename T5, typename T6, typename T7, typename T8 > void swap (T1 &a1, T1 &b1, T2 &a2, T2 &b2, T3 &a3, T3 &b3, T4 &a4, T4 &b4, T5 &a5, T5 &b5, T6 &a6, T6 &b6, T7 &a7, T7 &b7, T8 &a8, T8 &b8)

Exchange values of variables (a1,a2,...,a8) and (b1,b2,...,b8).

• bool endianness ()

Return the endianness of the current architecture. • template<typename T > void invert\_endianness (T \*const buffer, const unsigned long size) Reverse endianness of all elements in a memory buffer. • template<typename T > T & invert endianness (T &a) Reverse endianness of a single variable. unsigned long time () Return the value of a system timer, with a millisecond precision. unsigned long tic () Start tic/toc timer for time measurement between code instructions. • unsigned long toc () End tic/toc timer and displays elapsed time from last call to tic(). void sleep (const unsigned int milliseconds) Sleep for a given numbers of milliseconds. unsigned int wait (const unsigned int milliseconds) Wait for a given number of milliseconds since the last call to wait(). • double rand () Return a random variable between [0,1] with respect to an uniform distribution. double crand () Return a random variable between [-1,1] with respect to an uniform distribution. · double grand () Return a random variable following a gaussian distribution and a standard deviation of 1. unsigned int prand (const double z) Return a random variable following a Poisson distribution of parameter z. • template<typename T > T rol (const T a, const unsigned int n=1) Bitwise-rotate value on the left. template<typename T > T ror (const T a, const unsigned int n=1) Bitwise-rotate value on the right. • template<typename T > T abs (const T a) Return absolute value of a value. • template<typename T > T sqr (const T val) Return square of a value. int xln (const int x) Return  $1 + log_10(x)$  of a value x. template<typename t1, typename t2 > cimg::superset< t1, t2 >::type min (const t1 &a, const t2 &b) Return the minimum between two values. - template<typename t1 , typename t2 , typename t3 >cimg::superset2< t1, t2, t3 >::type min (const t1 &a, const t2 &b, const t3 &c) Return the minimum between three values. • template<typename t1 , typename t2 , typename t3 , typename t4 >cimg::superset3< t1, t2, t3, t4 >::type min (const t1 &a, const t2 &b, const t3 &c, const t4 &d) Return the minimum between four values.

Return the maximum between two values.

cimg::superset< t1, t2 >::type max (const t1 &a, const t2 &b)

template<typename t1, typename t2 >

```
    template<typename t1, typename t2, typename t3 >

  cimg::superset2< t1, t2, t3 >::type max (const t1 &a, const t2 &b, const t3 &c)
      Return the maximum between three values.

    template<typename t1, typename t2, typename t3, typename t4>

  cimq::superset3< t1, t2, t3,
  t4 >::type max (const t1 &a, const t2 &b, const t3 &c, const t4 &d)
      Return the maximum between four values.
template<typename T >
  T sign (const T x)
      Return the sign of a value.
• template<typename T >
  unsigned long nearest_pow2 (const T x)
      Return the nearest power of 2 higher than given value.

    double sinc (const double x)

      Return the sinc of a given value.
• template<typename T >
  T mod (const T &x, const T &m)
      Return the modulo of a value.
• template<typename T >
  T minmod (const T a, const T b)
      Return the min-mod of two values.

    double log2 (const double x)

      Return base-2 logarithm of a value.
• template<typename T >
  T round (const T x, const double y=1, const int rounding type=0)
      Return rounded value.
• char uncase (const char x)
      Convert ascii character to lower case.

    void uncase (char *const str)

      Convert C-string to lower case.

    double atof (const char *const str)

      Read value in a C-string.

    int strncasecmp (const char *const str1, const char *const str2, const int l)

      Compare the first 1 characters of two C-strings, ignoring the case.

    int strcasecmp (const char *const str1, const char *const str2)

      Compare two C-strings, ignoring the case.
• bool strpare (char *const str, const char delimiter=' ', const bool is_symmetric=false, const bool is_-
  iterative=false)
      Remove delimiters on the start and/or end of a C-string.

    void strunescape (char *const str)

      Replace escape sequences in C-strings by their binary ascii values.
• const char * basename (const char *const str)
      Return the basename of a filename.

    std::FILE * fopen (const char *const path, const char *const mode)

      Open a file.
• int fclose (std::FILE *file)
      Close a file.

    const char * temporary path (const char *const user path=0, const bool reinit path=false)

      Get/set path to store temporary files.

    const char * imagemagick path (const char *const user path=0, const bool reinit path=false)

      Get/set path to the Program Files/ directory (Windows only).
```

const char \* graphicsmagick\_path (const char \*const user\_path=0, const bool reinit\_path=false)

Get/set path to the GraphicsMagick's gm binary.

const char \* medcon\_path (const char \*const user\_path=0, const bool reinit\_path=false)

Get/set path to the XMedcon's medcon binary.

const char \* ffmpeg\_path (const char \*const user\_path=0, const bool reinit\_path=false)

Get/set path to the FFMPEG's ffmpeg binary.

• const char \* gzip\_path (const char \*const user\_path=0, const bool reinit\_path=false)

Get/set path to the gzip binary.

const char \* gunzip\_path (const char \*const user\_path=0, const bool reinit\_path=false)

Get/set path to the gzip binary.

• const char \* dcraw\_path (const char \*const user\_path=0, const bool reinit\_path=false)

Get/set path to the dcraw binary.

• const char \* wget\_path (const char \*const user\_path=0, const bool reinit\_path=false)

Get/set path to the wget binary.

const char \* curl path (const char \*const user path=0, const bool reinit path=false)

Get/set path to the curl binary.

const char \* split filename (const char \*const filename, char \*const body=0)

Split filename into two C-strings body and extension.

 char \* number\_filename (const char \*const filename, const int number, const unsigned int digits, char \*const str)

Generate a numbered version of a filename.

const char \* file\_type (std::FILE \*const file, const char \*const filename)

Try to guess format from an image file.

• template<typename T >

int fread (T \*const ptr, const unsigned long nmemb, std::FILE \*stream)

Read data from file.

 $\bullet \ \ template {<} typename \ T >$ 

int fwrite (const T \*ptr, const unsigned long nmemb, std::FILE \*stream)

Write data to file.

void fempty (std::FILE \*const file, const char \*const filename)

Create an empty file.

char \* load network external (const char \*const filename, char \*const filename local)

Load file from network as a local temporary file.

• const char \* option (const char \*const name, const int argc, const char \*const \*const argv, const char \*const defaut, const char \*const usage, const bool reset\_static)

Return options specified on the command line.

• template<typename t >

int dialog (const char \*const title, const char \*const msg, const char \*const button1\_label, const char \*const button2\_label, const char \*const button3\_label, const char \*const button4\_label, const char \*const button5\_label, const char \*const button6\_label, const Clmg< t > &logo, const bool is\_centered=false)

Display a simple dialog box, and wait for the user's response.

## **Variables**

const unsigned int keyESC = 1U

Keycode for the ESC key (architecture-dependent).

• const unsigned int keyF1 = 2U

Keycode for the F1 key (architecture-dependent).

const unsigned int keyF2 = 3U

Keycode for the  ${\it F2}$  key (architecture-dependent).

• const unsigned int keyF3 = 4U

Keycode for the F3 key (architecture-dependent).

```
    const unsigned int keyF4 = 5U

     Keycode for the F4 key (architecture-dependent).
• const unsigned int keyF5 = 6U
     Keycode for the F5 key (architecture-dependent).

    const unsigned int keyF6 = 7U

     Keycode for the F6 key (architecture-dependent).
• const unsigned int keyF7 = 8U
     Keycode for the F7 key (architecture-dependent).

    const unsigned int keyF8 = 9U

     Keycode for the F8 key (architecture-dependent).

    const unsigned int keyF9 = 10U

     Keycode for the F9 key (architecture-dependent).

    const unsigned int keyF10 = 11U

     Keycode for the F10 key (architecture-dependent).

    const unsigned int keyF11 = 12U

     Keycode for the F11 key (architecture-dependent).

    const unsigned int keyF12 = 13U

     Keycode for the F12 key (architecture-dependent).

    const unsigned int keyPAUSE = 14U

     Keycode for the PAUSE key (architecture-dependent).
• const unsigned int key1 = 15U
     Keycode for the 1 key (architecture-dependent).

 const unsigned int key2 = 16U

     Keycode for the 2 key (architecture-dependent).
• const unsigned int key3 = 17U
     Keycode for the 3 key (architecture-dependent).

 const unsigned int key4 = 18U

     Keycode for the 4 key (architecture-dependent).
• const unsigned int key5 = 19U
     Keycode for the 5 key (architecture-dependent).
• const unsigned int key6 = 20U
     Keycode for the 6 key (architecture-dependent).
• const unsigned int key7 = 21U
     Keycode for the 7 key (architecture-dependent).

 const unsigned int key8 = 22U

     Keycode for the 8 key (architecture-dependent).

    const unsigned int key9 = 23U

     Keycode for the 9 key (architecture-dependent).

 const unsigned int key0 = 24U

     Keycode for the 0 key (architecture-dependent).

    const unsigned int keyBACKSPACE = 25U

     Keycode for the BACKSPACE key (architecture-dependent).

    const unsigned int keyINSERT = 26U

     Keycode for the INSERT key (architecture-dependent).
• const unsigned int keyHOME = 27U
     Keycode for the HOME key (architecture-dependent).

    const unsigned int keyPAGEUP = 28U

     Keycode for the PAGEUP key (architecture-dependent).

    const unsigned int keyTAB = 29U

     Keycode for the TAB key (architecture-dependent).
```

const unsigned int keyQ = 30U

Keycode for the Q key (architecture-dependent). • const unsigned int keyW = 31U Keycode for the ₩ key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keyE = 32U Keycode for the E key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keyR = 33U Keycode for the R key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keyT = 34U Keycode for the T key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keyY = 35U Keycode for the Y key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keyU = 36U Keycode for the U key (architecture-dependent). • const unsigned int keyl = 37U Keycode for the I key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keyO = 38U Keycode for the O key (architecture-dependent). • const unsigned int keyP = 39U Keycode for the P key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keyDELETE = 40U Keycode for the DELETE key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keyEND = 41U Keycode for the END key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keyPAGEDOWN = 42U Keycode for the PAGEDOWN key (architecture-dependent). • const unsigned int keyCAPSLOCK = 43U Keycode for the CAPSLOCK key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keyA = 44U Keycode for the A key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keyS = 45U Keycode for the S key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keyD = 46U Keycode for the D key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keyF = 47U Keycode for the F key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keyG = 48U Keycode for the G key (architecture-dependent). • const unsigned int keyH = 49U Keycode for the H key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keyJ = 50U Keycode for the J key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keyK = 51U Keycode for the K key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keyL = 52U Keycode for the  $\bot$  key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keyENTER = 53U Keycode for the ENTER key (architecture-dependent).

Keycode for the Z key (architecture-dependent).

const unsigned int keySHIFTLEFT = 54U

const unsigned int keyZ = 55U

Keycode for the SHIFTLEFT key (architecture-dependent).

 const unsigned int keyX = 56U Keycode for the X key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keyC = 57U Keycode for the C key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keyV = 58U Keycode for the V key (architecture-dependent). • const unsigned int keyB = 59U Keycode for the B key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keyN = 60U Keycode for the N key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keyM = 61U Keycode for the M key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keySHIFTRIGHT = 62U Keycode for the SHIFTRIGHT key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keyARROWUP = 63U Keycode for the ARROWUP key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keyCTRLLEFT = 64U Keycode for the CTRLLEFT key (architecture-dependent). • const unsigned int keyAPPLEFT = 65U Keycode for the APPLEFT key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keyALT = 66U Keycode for the ALT key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keySPACE = 67U Keycode for the SPACE key (architecture-dependent). • const unsigned int keyALTGR = 68U Keycode for the ALTGR key (architecture-dependent). • const unsigned int keyAPPRIGHT = 69U • const unsigned int keyMENU = 70U Keycode for the MENU key (architecture-dependent). const unsigned int keyCTRLRIGHT = 71U

Keycode for the APPRIGHT key (architecture-dependent).

Keycode for the CTRLRIGHT key (architecture-dependent).

const unsigned int keyARROWLEFT = 72U

Keycode for the ARROWLEFT key (architecture-dependent).

const unsigned int keyARROWDOWN = 73U

Keycode for the ARROWDOWN key (architecture-dependent).

const unsigned int keyARROWRIGHT = 74U

Keycode for the ARROWRIGHT key (architecture-dependent).

const unsigned int keyPAD0 = 75U

Keycode for the PADO key (architecture-dependent).

• const unsigned int keyPAD1 = 76U

Keycode for the PAD1 key (architecture-dependent).

const unsigned int keyPAD2 = 77U

Keycode for the PAD2 key (architecture-dependent).

• const unsigned int keyPAD3 = 78U

Keycode for the PAD3 key (architecture-dependent).

const unsigned int keyPAD4 = 79U

Keycode for the PAD4 key (architecture-dependent).

const unsigned int keyPAD5 = 80U

Keycode for the PAD5 key (architecture-dependent).

const unsigned int keyPAD6 = 81U

Keycode for the PAD6 key (architecture-dependent).

const unsigned int keyPAD7 = 82U

Keycode for the PAD7 key (architecture-dependent).

const unsigned int keyPAD8 = 83U

Keycode for the PAD8 key (architecture-dependent).

• const unsigned int keyPAD9 = 84U

Keycode for the PAD9 key (architecture-dependent).

const unsigned int keyPADADD = 85U

Keycode for the PADADD key (architecture-dependent).

• const unsigned int keyPADSUB = 86U

Keycode for the PADSUB key (architecture-dependent).

• const unsigned int keyPADMUL = 87U

Keycode for the PADMUL key (architecture-dependent).

• const unsigned int keyPADDIV = 88U

Keycode for the PADDDIV key (architecture-dependent).

const double PI = 3.14159265358979323846

Value of the mathematical constant Pl.

## 7.2.1 Detailed Description

Contains *low-level* functions and variables of the CImg Library. Most of the functions and variables within this namespace are used by the CImg library for low-level operations. You may use them to access specific const values or environment variables internally used by CImg.

## Warning

Never write using namespace cimg\_library::cimg; in your source code. Lot of functions in the cimg:: namespace have the same names as standard C functions that may be defined in the global namespace ::.

### 7.2.2 Function Documentation

```
7.2.2.1 std::FILE * output ( std::FILE * file )
```

Get/set default output stream for the CImg library messages.

**Parameters** 

file Desired output stream. Set to 0 to get the currently used output stream only.

#### Returns

Currently used output stream.

7.2.2.2 void info ( )

Print informations about CImg environement variables.

Note

Output is done on the default output stream.

7.2.2.3 unsigned int& cimg\_library::cimg::exception\_mode ( const unsigned int mode )

Set current  ${\tt CImg}$  exception mode.

The way error messages are handled by CImg can be changed dynamically, using this function.

#### **Parameters**

mode	Desired exception mode. Possible values are:
	0: Hide library messages (quiet mode).
	1: Print library messages on the console.
	2: Display library messages on a dialog window (default behavior).
	• 3: Do as 1 + add extra debug warnings (slow down the code!).
	• 4: Do as 2 + add extra debug warnings (slow down the code!).

7.2.2.4 unsigned int& cimg\_library::cimg::exception\_mode ( )

Return current CImg exception mode.

Note

By default, return the value of configuration macro cimg\_verbosity

7.2.2.5 double eval (const char \*const expression, const double x, const double y, const double z, const double c)

Evaluate math expression.

#### **Parameters**

expression	C-string describing the formula to evaluate.
X	Value of the pre-defined variable x.
У	Value of the pre-defined variable y.
Z	Value of the pre-defined variable z.
С	Value of the pre-defined variable c.

## Returns

Result of the formula evaluation.

Note

Set expression to 0 to keep evaluating the last specified expression.

## Example

7.2.2.6 void cimg\_library::cimg::warn ( const char \*const format, ... )

Display a warning message on the default output stream.

**Parameters** 

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format	C-string containing the format of the message, as with std::printf().

#### Note

If configuration macro cimg\_strict\_warnings is set, this function throws a CImgWarning-Exception instead.

## Warning

As the first argument is a format string, it is highly recommended to write

```
cimg::warn("%s",warning_message);
```

#### instead of

```
cimg::warn(warning_message);
```

if warning message can be arbitrary, to prevent nasty memory access.

7.2.2.7 int cimg\_library::cimg::system ( const char \*const command, const char \*const module\_name = 0 )

#### **Parameters**

command	C-string containing the command line to execute.
module_name	Module name.

#### Returns

Status value of the executed command, whose meaning is OS-dependent.

#### Note

This function is similar to std::system() but it does not open an extra console windows on Windowsbased systems.

7.2.2.8 bool cimg\_library::cimg::endianness ( )

Return the endianness of the current architecture.

#### Returns

false for Little Endian or true for Big Endian.

7.2.2.9 void cimg\_library::cimg::invert\_endianness ( T \*const buffer, const unsigned long size )

Reverse endianness of all elements in a memory buffer.

#### **Parameters**

in,out	buffer	Memory buffer whose endianness must be reversed.
	size	Number of buffer elements to reverse.

## 7.2.2.10 T& cimg\_library::cimg::invert\_endianness ( T & a )

Reverse endianness of a single variable.

#### **Parameters**

in,out	а	Variable to reverse.

#### Returns

Reference to reversed variable.

7.2.2.11 unsigned long cimg\_library::cimg::time ( )

Return the value of a system timer, with a millisecond precision.

Note

The timer does not necessarily starts from 0.

7.2.2.12 unsigned long cimg\_library::cimg::tic ( )

Start tic/toc timer for time measurement between code instructions.

Returns

Current value of the timer (same value as time()).

7.2.2.13 unsigned long cimg\_library::cimg::toc ( )

End tic/toc timer and displays elapsed time from last call to tic().

Returns

Time elapsed (in ms) since last call to tic().

7.2.2.14 void cimg\_library::cimg::sleep ( const unsigned int milliseconds )

Sleep for a given numbers of milliseconds.

**Parameters** 

milliseconds Number of milliseconds to wait for.

Note

This function frees the CPU ressources during the sleeping time. It can be used to temporize your program properly, without wasting CPU time.

7.2.2.15 unsigned int cimg\_library::cimg::wait ( const unsigned int milliseconds )

Wait for a given number of milliseconds since the last call to wait().

#### **Parameters**

milliseconds	Number of milliseconds to wait for.
--------------	-------------------------------------

#### Returns

Number of milliseconds elapsed since the last call to wait().

#### Note

Same as sleep() with a waiting time computed with regard to the last call of wait(). It may be used to temporize your program properly, without wasting CPU time.

7.2.2.16 T cimg\_library::cimg::mod ( const T & x, const T & m )

Return the modulo of a value.

#### **Parameters**

X	Input value.
m	Modulo value.

#### Note

This modulo function accepts negative and floating-points modulo numbers, as well as variables of any type.

7.2.2.17 T cimg\_library::cimg::minmod ( const T a, const T b )

Return the min-mod of two values.

Note

minmod(a,b) is defined to be:

- minmod(a,b) = min(a,b), if a and b have the same sign.
- minmod(a,b) = 0, if a and b have different signs.

7.2.2.18 T cimg library::cimg::round ( const T x, const double y = 1, const int rounding type = 0)

Return rounded value.

## **Parameters**

X	Value to be rounded.
у	Rounding precision.
rounding_type	Type of rounding operation (0 = nearest, $-1$ = backward, 1 = forward).

#### Returns

Rounded value, having the same type as input value x.

7.2.2.19 double cimg\_library::cimg::atof ( const char \*const str )

Read value in a C-string.

str	C-string containing the float value to read.
-----	--

#### Returns

Read value.

#### Note

Same as std::atof() extended to manage the retrieval of fractions from C-strings, as in "1/2".

7.2.2.20 int cimg\_library::cimg::strncasecmp ( const char \*const str1, const char \*const str2, const int I )

Compare the first 1 characters of two C-strings, ignoring the case.

#### **Parameters**

str1	C-string.
str2	C-string.
1	Number of characters to compare.

#### Returns

0 if the two strings are equal, something else otherwise.

#### Note

This function has to be defined since it is not provided by all C++-compilers (not ANSI).

7.2.2.21 int cimg\_library::cimg::strcasecmp ( const char \*const str1, const char \*const str2 )

Compare two C-strings, ignoring the case.

#### **Parameters**

str1	C-string.
str2	C-string.

#### Returns

0 if the two strings are equal, something else otherwise.

#### Note

This function has to be defined since it is not provided by all C++-compilers (not ANSI).

7.2.2.22 bool cimg\_library::cimg::strpare ( char \*const str, const char delimiter = ' ', const bool is\_symmetric = false, const bool is\_iterative = false)

Remove delimiters on the start and/or end of a C-string.

in,out	str	C-string to work with (modified at output).
	delimiter	Delimiter character code to remove.
	is_symmetric	Tells if the removal is done only if delimiters are symmetric (both at the begin-
		ning and the end of $s$ ).
	is_iterative	Tells if the removal is done if several iterations are possible.

#### Returns

true if delimiters have been removed, false otherwise.

7.2.2.23 void cimg\_library::cimg::strunescape ( char \*const str )

Replace escape sequences in C-strings by their binary ascii values.

#### **Parameters**

in,out	str	C-string to work with (modified at output).
--------	-----	---

7.2.2.24 std::FILE\* cimg\_library::cimg::fopen ( const char \*const path, const char \*const mode )

Open a file.

#### **Parameters**

path	Path of the filename to open.
mode	C-string describing the opening mode.

## Returns

Opened file.

#### Note

Same as std::fopen() but throw a CImgIOException when the specified file cannot be opened, instead of returning 0.

7.2.2.25 int cimg\_library::cimg::fclose ( std::FILE \* file )

Close a file.

### **Parameters**

file	File to close.

#### Returns

 $\ensuremath{\text{0}}$  if file has been closed properly, something else otherwise.

# Note

Same as std::fclose() but display a warning message if the file has not been closed properly.

7.2.2.26 const char\* cimg\_library::cimg::temporary\_path ( const char\*const *user\_path* = 0, const bool *reinit\_path* = false

Get/set path to store temporary files.

user_path	Specified path, or 0 to get the path currently used.
reinit_path	Force path to be recalculated (may take some time).

#### Returns

Path where temporary files can be saved.

7.2.2.27 const char\* cimg\_library::cimg::imagemagick\_path ( const char \*const user\_path = 0, const bool reinit\_path = false )

Get/set path to the *Program Files/* directory (Windows only).

#### **Parameters**

user_path	Specified path, or 0 to get the path currently used.
reinit_path	Force path to be recalculated (may take some time).

#### Returns

Path containing the program files. Get/set path to the ImageMagick's convert binary.

#### **Parameters**

user_path	Specified path, or 0 to get the path currently used.
reinit_path	Force path to be recalculated (may take some time).

# Returns

Path containing the convert binary.

7.2.2.28 const char\* cimg\_library::cimg::graphicsmagick\_path ( const char \*const user\_path = 0, const bool reinit\_path = false)

Get/set path to the GraphicsMagick's gm binary.

# **Parameters**

user_path	Specified path, or 0 to get the path currently used.
reinit_path	Force path to be recalculated (may take some time).

# Returns

Path containing the gm binary.

7.2.2.29 const char\* cimg\_library::cimg::medcon\_path ( const char\*const user\_path = 0, const bool reinit\_path = false )

Get/set path to the XMedcon's medcon binary.

#### **Parameters**

user_path	Specified path, or 0 to get the path currently used.
reinit_path	Force path to be recalculated (may take some time).

#### Returns

Path containing the medcon binary.

7.2.2.30 const char\* cimg\_library::cimg::ffmpeg\_path ( const char \*const user\_path = 0, const bool reinit\_path = false )

Get/set path to the FFMPEG's ffmpeg binary.

#### **Parameters**

user_path	Specified path, or 0 to get the path currently used.
reinit_path	Force path to be recalculated (may take some time).

#### Returns

Path containing the ffmpeg binary.

7.2.2.31 const char\* cimg\_library::cimg::gzip\_path ( const char\*const user\_path = 0, const bool reinit\_path = false )

Get/set path to the gzip binary.

#### **Parameters**

user_path	Specified path, or 0 to get the path currently used.
reinit_path	Force path to be recalculated (may take some time).

# Returns

Path containing the gzip binary.

7.2.2.32 const char\* cimg\_library::cimg::gunzip\_path ( const char \*const user\_path = 0, const bool reinit\_path = false )

Get/set path to the gzip binary.

# **Parameters**

user_path	Specified path, or 0 to get the path currently used.
reinit_path	Force path to be recalculated (may take some time).

# Returns

Path containing the  ${\tt gunzip}$  binary.

7.2.2.33 const char\* cimg\_library::cimg::dcraw\_path ( const char \*const user\_path = 0, const bool reinit\_path = false )

Get/set path to the dcraw binary.

user_path	Specified path, or 0 to get the path currently used.
reinit_path	Force path to be recalculated (may take some time).

#### Returns

Path containing the dcraw binary.

7.2.2.34 const char\* cimg\_library::cimg::wget\_path ( const char \*const user\_path = 0, const bool reinit\_path = false )

Get/set path to the wget binary.

#### **Parameters**

user_path	Specified path, or 0 to get the path currently used.
reinit_path	Force path to be recalculated (may take some time).

#### Returns

Path containing the wget binary.

7.2.2.35 const char\* cimg\_library::cimg::curl\_path ( const char \*const user\_path = 0, const bool reinit\_path = false )

Get/set path to the curl binary.

#### **Parameters**

user_path	Specified path, or 0 to get the path currently used.
reinit_path	Force path to be recalculated (may take some time).

#### Returns

Path containing the curl binary.

7.2.2.36 const char\* cimg\_library::cimg::file\_type ( std::FILE \*const file, const char \*const filename )

Try to guess format from an image file.

# Parameters

file	Input file (can be 0 if filename is set).
filename	Filename, as a C-string (can be 0 if file is set).

## Returns

C-string containing the guessed file format, or 0 if nothing has been guessed.

7.2.2.37 int cimg\_library::cimg::fread ( T \*const ptr, const unsigned long nmemb, std::FILE \* stream )

Read data from file.

out	ptr	Pointer to memory buffer that will contain the binary data read from file.
	nmemb	Number of elements to read.
	stream	File to read data from.

#### Returns

Number of read elements.

#### Note

Same as std::fread() but may display warning message if all elements could not be read.

7.2.2.38 int cimg\_library::cimg::fwrite ( const T \* ptr, const unsigned long nmemb, std::FILE \* stream )

Write data to file.

#### **Parameters**

	ptr	Pointer to memory buffer containing the binary data to write on file.
	nmemb	Number of elements to write.
out	stream	File to write data on.

#### Returns

Number of written elements.

#### Note

Similar to std::fwrite but may display warning messages if all elements could not be written.

7.2.2.39 void cimg\_library::cimg::fempty ( std::FILE \*const file, const char \*const filename )

Create an empty file.

### **Parameters**

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tile	Input file (can be 0 if filename is set).
filename	Filename, as a C-string (can be 0 if file is set).

7.2.2.40 char\* cimg\_library::cimg::load\_network\_external ( const char \*const filename, char \*const filename\_local )

Load file from network as a local temporary file.

#### **Parameters**

	filename	Filename, as a C-string.
out	filename_local	C-string containing the path to a local copy of filename.

# Returns

Value of filename\_local.

#### Note

Use external binaries wget or curl to perform. You must have one of these tools installed to be able to use this function.

7.2.2.41 int cimg\_library::cimg::dialog ( const char \*const title, const char \*const msg, const char \*const button1\_label, const char \*const button2\_label, const char \*const button3\_label, const char \*const button4\_label, const char \*const button5\_label, const char \*const button6\_label, const Clmg< t > & logo, const bool is\_centered = false)

Display a simple dialog box, and wait for the user's response.

title	Title of the dialog window.
msg	Main message displayed inside the dialog window.
button1_label	Label of the 1st button.
button2_label	Label of the 2nd button (0 to hide button).
button3_label	Label of the 3rd button (0 to hide button).
button4_label	Label of the 4th button (0 to hide button).
button5_label	Label of the 5th button (0 to hide button).
button6_label	Label of the 6th button (0 to hide button).
logo	Image logo displayed at the left of the main message.
is_centered	Tells if the dialog window must be centered on the screen.

# Returns

Indice of clicked button (from 0 to 5), or -1 if the dialog window has been closed by the user.

# Note

- Up to 6 buttons can be defined in the dialog window.
- The function returns when a user clicked one of the button or closed the dialog window.
- If a button text is set to 0, the corresponding button (and the followings) will not appear in the dialog box. At least one button must be specified.

# **Chapter 8**

# **Class Documentation**

# 8.1 Clmg < T > Struct Template Reference

Class representing an image (up to 4 dimensions wide), each pixel being of type T.

# **Public Types**

typedef T \* iterator

Simple iterator type, to loop through each pixel value of an image instance.

typedef const T \* const\_iterator

Simple const iterator type, to loop through each pixel value of a const image instance.

typedef T value\_type

Pixel value type.

# Constructors / Destructor / Instance Management

• ~CImg ()

Destroy image.

• Clmg ()

Construct empty image.

Clmg (const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y=1, const unsigned int size\_z=1, const unsigned int size\_c=1)

Construct image with specified size.

Clmg (const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y, const unsigned int size\_z, const unsigned int size\_c, const T value)

Construct image with specified size and initialize pixel values.

Clmg (const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y, const unsigned int size\_z, const unsigned int size\_c, const int value0, const int value1,...)

Construct image with specified size and initialize pixel values from a sequence of integers.

• Clmg (const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y, const unsigned int size\_z, const unsigned int size\_z, const double value0, const double value1,...)

Construct image with specified size and initialize pixel values from a sequence of doubles.

• Clmg (const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y, const unsigned int size\_z, const unsigned int size\_z, const unsigned int size\_z, const unsigned int size\_z, const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigne

Construct image with specified size and initialize pixel values from a value string.

template<typename t >

Clmg (const t \*const values, const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y=1, const unsigned int size\_z=1, const unsigned int size\_c=1, const bool is\_shared=false)

Construct image with specified size and initialize pixel values from a memory buffer.

• Clmg (const T \*const values, const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y=1, const unsigned int size\_z=1, const unsigned int size\_c=1, const bool is\_shared=false)

Construct image with specified size and initialize pixel values from a memory buffer [specialization].

Clmg (const char \*const filename)

Construct image from reading an image file.

template<typename t >

Clmg (const Clmg< t > &img)

Construct image copy.

Clmg (const Clmg< T > &img)

Construct image copy [specialization].

template<typename t >

Clmg (const Clmg< t > &img, const bool is\_shared)

Advanced copy constructor.

Clmg (const Clmg< T > &img, const bool is\_shared)

Advanced copy constructor [specialization].

template<typename t >

Clmg (const Clmg< t > &img, const char \*const dimensions)

Construct image with dimensions borrowed from another image.

template<typename t >

Clmg (const Clmg< t > &img, const char \*const dimensions, const T value)

Construct image with dimensions borrowed from another image and initialize pixel values.

Clmg (const ClmgDisplay &disp)

Construct image from a display window.

Clmg< T > & assign ()

Construct empty image [in-place version].

Clmg< T > & assign (const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y=1, const unsigned int size\_z=1, const unsigned int size\_c=1)

Construct image with specified size [in-place version].

 Clmg< T > & assign (const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y, const unsigned int size\_z, const unsigned int size\_c, const T value)

Construct image with specified size and initialize pixel values [in-place version].

 Clmg< T > & assign (const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y, const unsigned int size\_z, const unsigned int size\_c, const int value0, const int value1,...)

Construct image with specified size and initialize pixel values from a sequence of integers [in-place version].

• Clmg< T > & assign (const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y, const unsigned int size\_z, const unsigned int size c, const double value0, const double value1,...)

Construct image with specified size and initialize pixel values from a sequence of doubles [in-place version].

• Clmg< T > & assign (const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y, const unsigned int size\_z, const unsigned int size\_c, const char \*const values, const bool repeat\_values)

Construct image with specified size and initialize pixel values from a value string [in-place version].

• template<typename t >

Clmg< T > & assign (const t \*const values, const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y=1, const unsigned int size\_z=1, const unsigned int size\_c=1)

Construct image with specified size and initialize pixel values from a memory buffer [in-place version].

• Clmg< T > & assign (const T \*const values, const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y=1, const unsigned int size z=1, const unsigned int size c=1)

Construct image with specified size and initialize pixel values from a memory buffer [specialization].

template<typename t >

 $\label{eq:const} \text{CImg} < T > \& \text{ assign (const } t * \text{const values, const unsigned int size} \_x, \text{ const unsigned int size} \_y, \text{ const unsigned int size} \_z, \text{ const unsigned int size} \_c, \text{ const bool } is\_\text{shared})$ 

Construct image with specified size and initialize pixel values from a memory buffer [overloading].

Clmg< T > & assign (const T \*const values, const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y, const unsigned int size\_z, const unsigned int size\_c, const bool is\_shared)

Construct image with specified size and initialize pixel values from a memory buffer [overloading].

Clmg< T > & assign (const char \*const filename)

Construct image from reading an image file [in-place version].

template<typename t >

```
Clmg< T > & assign (const Clmg< t > &img)
```

Construct image copy [in-place version].

template<typename t >

```
Clmg< T > & assign (const Clmg< t > &img, const bool is shared)
```

In-place version of the advanced copy constructor.

template<typename t >

```
Clmg< T > & assign (const Clmg< t > &img, const char *const dimensions)
```

Construct image with dimensions borrowed from another image [in-place version].

template<typename t >

```
Clmg< T > & assign (const Clmg< t > &img, const char *const dimensions, const T value)
```

Construct image with dimensions borrowed from another image and initialize pixel values [in-place version].

Clmg< T > & assign (const ClmgDisplay &disp)

Construct image from a display window [in-place version].

• Clmg< T > & clear ()

Construct empty image [in-place version].

template<typename t >

```
Clmg< t > & move_to (Clmg< t > &img)
```

Transfer content of an image instance into another one.

Clmg< T > & move\_to (Clmg< T > &img)

Transfer content of an image instance into another one [specialization].

 $\bullet \ \ template{<} typename\ t>$ 

```
ClmgList< t > & move to (ClmgList< t > &list, const unsigned int pos=\sim0U)
```

Transfer content of an image instance into a new image in an image list.

Clmg< T > & swap (Clmg< T > &img)

Swap fields of two image instances.

static Clmg< T > & empty ()

Return a reference to an empty image.

## **Overloaded Operators**

- T & operator() (const unsigned int x, const unsigned int y=0, const unsigned int z=0, const unsigned int c=0)

  Access to a pixel value.
- const T & operator() (const unsigned int x, const unsigned int y=0, const unsigned int z=0, const unsigned int c=0) const

Access to a pixel value [const version].

• T & operator() (const unsigned int x, const unsigned int y, const unsigned int z, const unsigned int c, const unsigned long wh, const unsigned long whd=0)

Access to a pixel value.

• const T & operator() (const unsigned int x, const unsigned int y, const unsigned int z, const unsigned int z, const unsigned int z, const unsigned long wh. const unsigned long whd=0) const

Access to a pixel value [const version].

operator T \* ()

Implicitely cast an image into a T\*.

operator const T \* () const

Implicitely cast an image into a T\* [const version].

Clmg< T > & operator= (const T value)

```
Assign a value to all image pixels.

    Clmg< T > & operator= (const char *const expression)

     Assign pixels values from a specified expression.
• template<typename t >
  Clmg< T > & operator= (const Clmg< t > &img)
     Copy an image into the current image instance.

    Clmg< T > & operator= (const Clmg< T > &img)

      Copy an image into the current image instance [specialization].

    Clmg< T > & operator= (const ClmgDisplay &disp)

     Copy the content of a display window to the current image instance.

    template<typename t >

  Clmg< T > & operator+= (const t value)
     In-place addition operator.

    Clmg< T > & operator+= (const char *const expression)

     In-place addition operator.
• template<typename t >
  Clmg< T > & operator+= (const Clmg< t > &img)
     In-place addition operator.

    Clmg< T > & operator++ ()

     In-place increment operator (prefix).

    Clmg< T > operator++ (int)

     In-place increment operator (postfix).
• Clmg< T > operator+ () const
     Return a non-shared copy of the image instance.
• template<typename t >
  Clmg< typename cimg::superset
  < T, t >::type > operator+ (const t value) const
     Addition operator.

    Clmg< Tfloat > operator+ (const char *const expression) const

     Addition operator.

    template<typename t >

  Clmg< typename cimg::superset
  < T, t >::type > operator+ (const Clmg< t > &img) const
     Addition operator.

    template<typename t >

  Clmg< T > & operator-= (const t value)
     In-place substraction operator.

    Clmg< T > & operator= (const char *const expression)

     In-place substraction operator.
• template<typename t >
  Clmg< T > & operator== (const Clmg< t > &img)
     In-place substraction operator.
• Clmg< T > & operator-- ()
     In-place decrement operator (prefix).
• Clmg< T > operator-- (int)
     In-place decrement operator (postfix).

    Clmg< T > operator- () const

     Replace each pixel by its opposite value.

    template<typename t >

  Clmg< typename cimg::superset
  < T, t >::type > operator- (const t value) const
     Substraction operator.
```

```
    Clmg< Tfloat > operator- (const char *const expression) const

     Substraction operator.

    template<typename t >

  Clmg< typename cimg::superset
  < T, t >::type > operator- (const Clmg< t > &img) const
     Substraction operator.

    template<typename t >

  Clmg< T > & operator*= (const t value)
     In-place multiplication operator.

    Clmg< T > & operator*= (const char *const expression)

     In-place multiplication operator.

    template<typename t >

  Clmg< T > & operator*= (const Clmg< t > &img)
     In-place multiplication operator.

    template<typename t >

  Clmg< typename cimg::superset
  < T, t >::type > operator* (const t value) const
     Multiplication operator.

    Clmg< Tfloat > operator* (const char *const expression) const

     Multiplication operator.

    template<typename t >

  Clmg< typename cimg::superset
  < T, t >::type > operator* (const Clmg< t > &img) const
     Multiplication operator.
• template<typename t >
  Clmg< T > & operator/= (const t value)
     In-place division operator.

    Clmg< T > & operator/= (const char *const expression)

     In-place division operator.
• template<typename t >
  Clmg< T > & operator/= (const Clmg< t > &img)
     In-place division operator.
template<typename t >
  Clmg< typename cimg::superset
  < T, t >::type > operator/ (const t value) const
     Division operator.

    Clmg< Tfloat > operator/ (const char *const expression) const

     Division operator.

    template<typename t >

  Clmg< typename cimg::superset
  < T, t >::type > operator/ (const Clmg< t > &img) const
     Division operator.
• template<typename t >
  Clmg< T > & operator%= (const t value)
     In-place modulo operator.

    Clmg< T > & operator%= (const char *const expression)

     In-place modulo operator.

    template<typename t >

  Clmg< T > & operator%= (const Clmg< t > &img)
     In-place modulo operator.

    template<typename t >

  Clmg< typename cimg::superset
  < T, t >::type > operator% (const t value) const
```

Modulo operator. Clmg< Tfloat > operator% (const char \*const expression) const Modulo operator. template<typename t > Clmg< typename cimg::superset < T, t >::type > operator% (const Clmg< t > &img) const Modulo operator. template<typename t > Clmg< T > & operator&= (const t value) In-place bitwise AND operator. Clmg< T > & operator&= (const char \*const expression) In-place bitwise AND operator. template<typename t > CImg < T >& operator&= (const CImg < t >&img) In-place bitwise AND operator. template<typename t > Clmg< T > operator& (const t value) const Bitwise AND operator. Clmg< T > operator& (const char \*const expression) const Bitwise AND operator. template<typename t > Clmg< T > operator& (const Clmg< t > &img) const Bitwise AND operator. template<typename t > Clmg< T > & operator = (const t value) In-place bitwise OR operator. Clmg< T > & operator = (const char \*const expression) In-place bitwise OR operator. template<typename t > CImg < T > & operator = (const CImg < t > & img)In-place bitwise OR operator. • template<typename t >Clmg< T > operator (const t value) const Bitwise OR operator. Clmg< T > operator (const char \*const expression) const Bitwise OR operator. template<typename t > Clmg< T > operator (const Clmg< t > &img) const Bitwise OR operator. template<typename t > Clmg< T > & operator $^{\land}$  = (const t value) In-place bitwise XOR operator. Clmg< T > & operator<sup>∧</sup> = (const char \*const expression) In-place bitwise XOR operator. • template<typename t >Clmg< T > & operator $^{\land}$  = (const Clmg< t > &img) In-place bitwise XOR operator. • template<typename t > Clmg< T > operator<sup>∧</sup> (const t value) const Bitwise XOR operator. Clmg< T > operator<sup>∧</sup> (const char \*const expression) const

Bitwise XOR operator.

```
• template<typename t >
  Clmg< T > operator^{\land} (const Clmg< t > &img) const
     Bitwise XOR operator.

    template<typename t >

  Clmg< T > & operator<<= (const t value)
      In-place bitwise left shift operator.

    Clmg< T > & operator<<= (const char *const expression)</li>

      In-place bitwise left shift operator.
• template<typename t >
  Clmg< T > & operator<<= (const Clmg< t > &img)
      In-place bitwise left shift operator.

    template<typename t >

  Clmg< T > operator<< (const t value) const
      Bitwise left shift operator.

    Clmg< T > operator<< (const char *const expression) const</li>

      Bitwise left shift operator.

    template<typename t >

  Clmg< T > operator<< (const Clmg< t > &img) const
      Bitwise left shift operator.

    template<typename t >

  Clmg< T > & operator>>= (const t value)
      In-place bitwise right shift operator.

    Clmg< T > & operator>>= (const char *const expression)

      In-place bitwise right shift operator.

    template<typename t >

  CImg < T > \& operator >>= (const CImg < t > \& img)
     In-place bitwise right shift operator.
• template<typename t >
  Clmg< T > operator>> (const t value) const
      Bitwise right shift operator.

    Clmg< T > operator>> (const char *const expression) const

     Bitwise right shift operator.

    template<typename t >

  Clmg< T > operator>> (const Clmg< t > &img) const
      Bitwise right shift operator.

    Clmg< T > operator ~ () const

      Bitwise inversion operator.
• template<typename t >
  bool operator== (const t value) const
      Test if all pixels of an image have the same value.

    bool operator== (const char *const expression) const

      Test if all pixel values of an image follow a specified expression.
• template<typename t >
  bool operator== (const Clmg< t > &img) const
      Test if two images have the same size and values.

    template<typename t >

  bool operator!= (const t value) const
      Test if pixels of an image are all different from a value.
• bool operator!= (const char *const expression) const
      Test if all pixel values of an image are different from a specified expression.

    template<typename t >

  bool operator!= (const CImg< t > &img) const
```

Test if two images have different sizes or values.

• template<typename t >

ClmgList< typename

cimg::superset< T, t >::type > operator, (const Clmg< t > &img) const

Construct an image list from two images.

• template<typename t >

CImgList< typename

cimg::superset < T, t >::type > operator, (const ClmgList < t > &list) const

Construct an image list from image instance and an input image list.

ClmgList< T > operator< (const char axis) const</li>

Split image along specified axis.

#### **Instance Characteristics**

• int width () const

Return the number of image columns.

· int height () const

Return the number of image rows.

· int depth () const

Return the number of image slices.

• int spectrum () const

Return the number of image channels.

· unsigned long size () const

Return the total number of pixel values.

• T \* data ()

Return a pointer to the first pixel value.

const T \* data () const

Return a pointer to the first pixel value [const version].

• T \* data (const unsigned int x, const unsigned int y=0, const unsigned int z=0, const unsigned int c=0)

Return a pointer to a located pixel value.

const T \* data (const unsigned int x, const unsigned int y=0, const unsigned int z=0, const unsigned int c=0)

Return a pointer to a located pixel value [const version].

long offset (const int x, const int y=0, const int z=0, const int c=0) const

Return the offset to a located pixel value, with respect to the beginning of the pixel buffer.

• iterator begin ()

Return a Clmg<T>::iterator pointing to the first pixel value.

· const\_iterator begin () const

Return a Clmg<T>::iterator pointing to the first value of the pixel buffer [const version].

· iterator end ()

Return a Clmg<T>::iterator pointing next to the last pixel value.

· const\_iterator end () const

Return a Clmg<T>::iterator pointing next to the last pixel value [const version].

• T & front ()

Return a reference to the first pixel value.

const T & front () const

Return a reference to the first pixel value [const version].

T & back ()

Return a reference to the last pixel value.

• const T & back () const

Return a reference to the last pixel value [const version].

T & at (const int offset, const T out\_value)

Access to a pixel value at a specified offset, using Dirichlet boundary conditions.

T at (const int offset, const T out value) const

Access to a pixel value at a specified offset, using Dirichlet boundary conditions [const version].

T & at (const int offset)

Access to a pixel value at a specified offset, using Neumann boundary conditions.

• T at (const int offset) const

Access to a pixel value at a specified offset, using Neumann boundary conditions [const version].

T & atX (const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value)

Access to a pixel value, using Dirichlet boundary conditions for the X-coordinate.

• T atX (const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out value) const

Access to a pixel value, using Dirichlet boundary conditions for the X-coordinate [const version].

T & atX (const int x, const int y=0, const int z=0, const int c=0)

Access to a pixel value, using Neumann boundary conditions for the X-coordinate.

T atX (const int x, const int y=0, const int z=0, const int c=0) const

Access to a pixel value, using Neumann boundary conditions for the X-coordinate [const version].

T & atXY (const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value)

Access to a pixel value, using Dirichlet boundary conditions for the X and Y-coordinates.

• T atXY (const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out value) const

Access to a pixel value, using Dirichlet boundary conditions for the X and Y coordinates [const version].

T & atXY (const int x, const int y, const int z=0, const int c=0)

Access to a pixel value, using Neumann boundary conditions for the X and Y-coordinates.

T atXY (const int x, const int y, const int z=0, const int c=0) const

Access to a pixel value, using Neumann boundary conditions for the X and Y-coordinates [const version].

T & atXYZ (const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value)

Access to a pixel value, using Dirichlet boundary conditions for the X,Y and Z-coordinates.

T atXYZ (const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value) const

Access to a pixel value, using Dirichlet boundary conditions for the X,Y and Z-coordinates [const version].

• T & atXYZ (const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c=0)

Access to a pixel value, using Neumann boundary conditions for the X,Y and Z-coordinates.

• T atXYZ (const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c=0) const

Access to a pixel value, using Neumann boundary conditions for the X,Y and Z-coordinates [const version].

T & atXYZC (const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value)

Access to a pixel value, using Dirichlet boundary conditions.

T atXYZC (const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value) const

Access to a pixel value, using Dirichlet boundary conditions [const version].

T & atXYZC (const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c)

Access to a pixel value, using Neumann boundary conditions.

T atXYZC (const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c) const

Access to a pixel value, using Neumann boundary conditions [const version].

• Tfloat linear atX (const float fx, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out value) const

Return pixel value, using linear interpolation and Dirichlet boundary conditions for the X-coordinate.

Tfloat linear\_atX (const float fx, const int y=0, const int z=0, const int c=0) const

Return pixel value, using linear interpolation and Neumann boundary conditions for the X-coordinate.

• Tfloat linear\_atXY (const float fx, const float fy, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value) const

Return pixel value, using linear interpolation and Dirichlet boundary conditions for the X and Y-coordinates.

Tfloat linear\_atXY (const float fx, const float fy, const int z=0, const int c=0) const

Return pixel value, using linear interpolation and Neumann boundary conditions for the X and Y-coordinates.

• Tfloat linear atXYZ (const float fx, const float fy, const float fz, const int c, const T out value) const

Return pixel value, using linear interpolation and Dirichlet boundary conditions for the X,Y and Z-coordinates.

• Tfloat linear atXYZ (const float fx, const float fy=0, const float fz=0, const int c=0) const

Return pixel value, using linear interpolation and Neumann boundary conditions for the X,Y and Z-coordinates.

 $\bullet \ \, \text{Tfloat linear\_atXYZC (const float fx, const float fy, const float fz, const float fc, const T out\_value) const}\\$ 

Return pixel value, using linear interpolation and Dirichlet boundary conditions for all X,Y,Z and C-coordinates.

• Tfloat linear\_atXYZC (const float fx, const float fy=0, const float fz=0, const float fc=0) const

Return pixel value, using linear interpolation and Neumann boundary conditions for all X,Y,Z and C-coordinates.

• Tfloat cubic\_atX (const float fx, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value) const

Return pixel value, using cubic interpolation and Dirichlet boundary conditions for the X-coordinate.

Tfloat cubic\_atX (const float fx, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value, const Tfloat min\_value, const Tfloat max value) const

Return damped pixel value, using cubic interpolation and Dirichlet boundary conditions for the X-coordinate.

• Tfloat cubic\_atX (const float fx, const int y=0, const int z=0, const int c=0) const

Return pixel value, using cubic interpolation and Neumann boundary conditions for the X-coordinate.

Tfloat cubic\_atX (const float fx, const int y, const int z, const int c, const Tfloat min\_value, const Tfloat max\_-value) const

Return damped pixel value, using cubic interpolation and Neumann boundary conditions for the X-coordinate.

• Tfloat cubic\_atXY (const float fx, const float fy, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value) const

Return pixel value, using cubic interpolation and Dirichlet boundary conditions for the X and Y-coordinates.

Tfloat cubic\_atXY (const float fx, const float fy, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value, const Tfloat min\_value, const Tfloat max\_value) const

Return damped pixel value, using cubic interpolation and Dirichlet boundary conditions for the X and Y-coordinates.

• Tfloat cubic\_atXY (const float fx, const float fy, const int z=0, const int c=0) const

Return pixel value, using cubic interpolation and Neumann boundary conditions for the X and Y-coordinates.

Tfloat cubic\_atXY (const float fx, const float fy, const int z, const int c, const Tfloat min\_value, const Tfloat max\_value) const

Return damped pixel value, using cubic interpolation and Neumann boundary conditions for the X and Y-coordinates.

• Tfloat cubic\_atXYZ (const float fx, const float fy, const float fz, const int c, const T out\_value) const

Return pixel value, using cubic interpolation and Dirichlet boundary conditions for the X,Y and Z-coordinates.

• Tfloat cubic\_atXYZ (const float fx, const float fy, const float fz, const int c, const T out\_value, const Tfloat min\_value, const Tfloat max\_value) const

Return damped pixel value, using cubic interpolation and Dirichlet boundary conditions for the X,Y and Z-coordinates.

• Tfloat cubic\_atXYZ (const float fx, const float fy, const float fz, const int c=0) const

Return pixel value, using cubic interpolation and Neumann boundary conditions for the X,Y and Z-coordinates.

Tfloat cubic\_atXYZ (const float fx, const float fy, const float fz, const int c, const Tfloat min\_value, const Tfloat max\_value) const

Return damped pixel value, using cubic interpolation and Neumann boundary conditions for the X,Y and Z-coordinates.

Clmg< T > & set\_linear\_atXY (const T &value, const float fx, const float fy=0, const int z=0, const int z=0, const bool is\_added=false)

Set pixel value, using linear interpolation for the X and Y-coordinates.

Clmg< T > & set\_linear\_atXYZ (const T &value, const float fx, const float fy=0, const float fz=0, const int c=0, const bool is added=false)

Set pixel value, using linear interpolation for the X,Y and Z-coordinates.

Clmg< charT > value\_string (const char separator=',', const unsigned int max\_size=0) const

Return a C-string containing a list of all values of the image instance.

static const char \* pixel\_type ()

Return the type of image pixel values as a C string.

# **Instance Checking**

· bool is shared () const

Test shared state of the pixel buffer.

bool is\_empty () const

Test if image instance is empty.

· bool is\_inf () const

Test if image instance contains a 'inf' value.

• bool is nan () const

Test if image instance contains a 'nan' value.

bool is\_sameX (const unsigned int size\_x) const

Test if image width is equal to specified value.

template<typename t >

bool is\_sameX (const Clmg< t > &img) const

Test if image width is equal to specified value.

bool is\_sameX (const CImgDisplay &disp) const

Test if image width is equal to specified value.

bool is\_sameY (const unsigned int size\_y) const

Test if image height is equal to specified value.

template<typename t >

bool is\_sameY (const Clmg< t > &img) const

Test if image height is equal to specified value.

bool is\_sameY (const ClmgDisplay &disp) const

Test if image height is equal to specified value.

bool is\_sameZ (const unsigned int size\_z) const

Test if image depth is equal to specified value.

template<typename t >

bool is\_sameZ (const Clmg< t > &img) const

Test if image depth is equal to specified value.

bool is\_sameC (const unsigned int size\_c) const

Test if image spectrum is equal to specified value.

template<typename t >

bool is\_sameC (const Clmg< t > &img) const

Test if image spectrum is equal to specified value.

• bool is\_sameXY (const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y) const

Test if image width and height are equal to specified values.

• template<typename t >

bool is\_sameXY (const Clmg< t > &img) const

Test if image width and height are the same as that of another image.

bool is\_sameXY (const ClmgDisplay &disp) const

Test if image width and height are the same as that of an existing display window.

bool is\_sameXZ (const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_z) const

Test if image width and depth are equal to specified values.

template<typename t >

bool is\_sameXZ (const Clmg< t > &img) const

Test if image width and depth are the same as that of another image.

bool is\_sameXC (const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_c) const

Test if image width and spectrum are equal to specified values.

template<typename t >

bool is sameXC (const Clmg< t > &img) const

Test if image width and spectrum are the same as that of another image.

• bool is\_sameYZ (const unsigned int size\_y, const unsigned int size\_z) const

Test if image height and depth are equal to specified values.

• template<typename t >

```
bool is_sameYZ (const Clmg< t > &img) const
```

Test if image height and depth are the same as that of another image.

bool is\_sameYC (const unsigned int size\_y, const unsigned int size\_c) const

Test if image height and spectrum are equal to specified values.

template<typename t >

```
bool is_sameYC (const Clmg< t > &img) const
```

Test if image height and spectrum are the same as that of another image.

bool is sameZC (const unsigned int size z, const unsigned int size c) const

Test if image depth and spectrum are equal to specified values.

• template<typename t >

```
bool is sameZC (const Clmg< t > &img) const
```

Test if image depth and spectrum are the same as that of another image.

• bool is\_sameXYZ (const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y, const unsigned int size\_z) const

Test if image width, height and depth are equal to specified values.

template<typename t >

```
bool is sameXYZ (const Clmg< t > &img) const
```

Test if image width, height and depth are the same as that of another image.

bool is\_sameXYC (const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y, const unsigned int size\_c) const

Test if image width, height and spectrum are equal to specified values.

template<typename t >

```
bool is_sameXYC (const Clmg< t > &img) const
```

Test if image width, height and spectrum are the same as that of another image.

• bool is\_sameXZC (const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_z, const unsigned int size\_c) const

Test if image width, depth and spectrum are equal to specified values.

template<typename t >

```
bool is_sameXZC (const Clmg< t > &img) const
```

Test if image width, depth and spectrum are the same as that of another image.

• bool is\_sameYZC (const unsigned int size\_y, const unsigned int size\_z, const unsigned int size\_c) const

Test if image height, depth and spectrum are equal to specified values.

template<typename t >

```
bool is_sameYZC (const Clmg< t > &img) const
```

Test if image height, depth and spectrum are the same as that of another image.

• bool is\_sameXYZC (const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y, const unsigned int size\_z, const unsigned int size\_c) const

Test if image width, height, depth and spectrum are equal to specified values.

 $\bullet \ \ template{<} typename\ t>$ 

```
bool is_sameXYZC (const Clmg< t > &img) const
```

Test if image width, height, depth and spectrum are the same as that of another image.

• bool containsXYZC (const int x, const int y=0, const int z=0, const int c=0) const

Test if specified coordinates are inside image bounds.

• template<typename t >

```
bool contains (const T &pixel, t &x, t &y, t &z, t &c) const
```

Test if pixel value is inside image bounds and get its X,Y,Z and C-coordinates.

• template<typename t >

```
bool contains (const T &pixel, t &x, t &y, t &z) const
```

Test if pixel value is inside image bounds and get its X,Y and Z-coordinates.

template<typename t >

```
bool contains (const T &pixel, t &x, t &y) const
```

Test if pixel value is inside image bounds and get its X and Y-coordinates.

template<typename t >

bool contains (const T &pixel, t &x) const

Test if pixel value is inside image bounds and get its X-coordinate.

· bool contains (const T &pixel) const

Test if pixel value is inside image bounds.

template<typename t >

bool is\_overlapped (const CImg < t > &img) const

Test if pixel buffers of instance and input images overlap.

- template<typename tp , typename tc , typename to >

bool is\_object3d (const ClmgList< tp > &primitives, const ClmgList< tc > &colors, const to &opacities, const bool full check=true, char \*const error message=0) const

Test if the set {\*this,primitives,colors,opacities} defines a valid 3d object.

bool is\_Clmg3d (const bool full\_check=true, char \*const error\_message=0) const

Test if image instance represents a valid serialization of a 3d object.

#### **Mathematical Functions**

• Clmg< T > & sqr ()

Compute the square value of each pixel value.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_sqr () const

Compute the square value of each pixel value [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > & sqrt ()

Compute the square root of each pixel value.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_sqrt () const

Compute the square root of each pixel value [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > & exp ()

Compute the exponential of each pixel value.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_exp () const

Compute the exponential of each pixel value [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > & log ()

Compute the logarithm of each pixel value.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_log () const

Compute the logarithm of each pixel value [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & log2 ()

Compute the base-2 logarithm of each pixel value.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_log2 () const

Compute the base-10 logarithm of each pixel value [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > & log10 ()

Compute the base-10 logarithm of each pixel value.

Clmg< Tfloat > get log10 () const

Compute the base-10 logarithm of each pixel value [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & abs ()

Compute the absolute value of each pixel value.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_abs () const

Compute the absolute value of each pixel value [new-instance version].

• CImg< T > & sign ()

Compute the sign of each pixel value.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_sign () const

Compute the sign of each pixel value [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > & cos ()

Compute the cosine of each pixel value.

• Clmg< Tfloat > get cos () const

Compute the cosine of each pixel value [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > & sin ()

Compute the sine of each pixel value.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_sin () const

Compute the sine of each pixel value [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & sinc ()

Compute the sinc of each pixel value.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_sinc () const

Compute the sinc of each pixel value [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > & tan ()

Compute the tangent of each pixel value.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_tan () const

Compute the tangent of each pixel value [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > & cosh ()

Compute the hyperbolic cosine of each pixel value.

Clmg< Tfloat > get cosh () const

Compute the hyperbolic cosine of each pixel value [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > & sinh ()

Compute the hyperbolic sine of each pixel value.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_sinh () const

Compute the hyperbolic sine of each pixel value [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > & tanh ()

Compute the hyperbolic tangent of each pixel value.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_tanh () const

Compute the hyperbolic tangent of each pixel value [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > & acos ()

Compute the arccosine of each pixel value.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_acos () const

Compute the arccosine of each pixel value [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > & asin ()

Compute the arcsine of each pixel value.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_asin () const

Compute the arcsine of each pixel value [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > & atan ()

Compute the arctangent of each pixel value.

Clmg< Tfloat > get atan () const

Compute the arctangent of each pixel value [new-instance version].

• template<typename t >

```
Clmg< T > & atan2 (const Clmg< t > &img)
```

Compute the arctangent2 of each pixel value.

template<typename t >

```
Clmg< Tfloat > get_atan2 (const Clmg< t > &img) const
```

Compute the arctangent2 of each pixel value [new-instance version].

• template<typename t >

```
CImg < T > \& mul (const CImg < t > \&img)
```

In-place pointwise multiplication.

template<typename t >

Clmg< typename cimg::superset

In-place pointwise multiplication [new-instance version].

template<typename t >

CImg < T > & div (const CImg < t > &img)

In-place pointwise division.

template<typename t >

Clmg< typename cimg::superset

< T, t >::type > get\_div (const Clmg< t > &img) const

In-place pointwise division [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & pow (const double p)

Raise each pixel value to a specified power.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_pow (const double p) const

Raise each pixel value to a specified power [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & pow (const char \*const expression)

Raise each pixel value to a power, specified from an expression.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_pow (const char \*const expression) const

Raise each pixel value to a power, specified from an expression [new-instance version].

template<typename t >

```
Clmg< T > & pow (const Clmg< t > &img)
```

Raise each pixel value to a power, pointwisely specified from another image.

template<typename t >

```
Clmg< Tfloat > get_pow (const Clmg< t > &img) const
```

Raise each pixel value to a power, pointwisely specified from another image [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > & rol (const unsigned int n=1)

Compute the bitwise left rotation of each pixel value.

• Clmg< T > get rol (const unsigned int n=1) const

Compute the bitwise left rotation of each pixel value [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & rol (const char \*const expression)

Compute the bitwise left rotation of each pixel value.

Clmg< T > get\_rol (const char \*const expression) const

Compute the bitwise left rotation of each pixel value [new-instance version].

 $\bullet \ \ template{<} typename\ t>$ 

```
CImg < T > \& rol (const CImg < t > \&img)
```

Compute the bitwise left rotation of each pixel value.

• template<typename t >

```
Clmg< T > get_rol (const Clmg< t > &img) const
```

Compute the bitwise left rotation of each pixel value [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & ror (const unsigned int n=1)

Compute the bitwise right rotation of each pixel value.

Clmg< T > get\_ror (const unsigned int n=1) const

Compute the bitwise right rotation of each pixel value [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > & ror (const char \*const expression)

Compute the bitwise right rotation of each pixel value.

Clmg< T > get\_ror (const char \*const expression) const

Compute the bitwise right rotation of each pixel value [new-instance version].

template<typename t >

```
CImg < T > \& ror (const CImg < t > \& img)
```

Compute the bitwise right rotation of each pixel value.

template<typename t >

```
Clmg< T > get_ror (const Clmg< t > &img) const
```

Compute the bitwise right rotation of each pixel value [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & min (const T val)

Pointwise min operator between instance image and a value.

• Clmg< T > get\_min (const T val) const

Pointwise min operator between instance image and a value [new-instance version].

```
• template<typename t >
  Clmg< T > & min (const Clmg< t > &img)
     Pointwise min operator between two images.

    template<typename t >

  Clmq< typename cimq::superset
  < T, t >::type > get_min (const Clmg< t > &img) const
      Pointwise min operator between two images [new-instance version].
• Clmg< T > & min (const char *const expression)
     Pointwise min operator between an image and an expression.

    Clmg< Tfloat > get min (const char *const expression) const

     Pointwise min operator between an image and an expression [new-instance version].

    Clmg< T > & max (const T val)

     Pointwise max operator between instance image and a value.

    Clmg< T > get max (const T val) const

     Pointwise max operator between instance image and a value [new-instance version].

    template<typename t >

  CImg < T > & max (const CImg < t > & img)
     Pointwise max operator between two images.

    template<typename t >

  Clmg< typename cimg::superset
  < T, t >::type > get_max (const Clmg< t > &img) const
      Pointwise max operator between two images [new-instance version].

    Clmg< T > & max (const char *const expression)

     Pointwise max operator between an image and an expression.

    Clmg< Tfloat > get_max (const char *const expression) const

     Pointwise max operator between an image and an expression [new-instance version].

    T & min ()

     Return a reference to the minimum pixel value.
· const T & min () const
     Return a reference to the minimum pixel value [const version].

    T & max ()

     Return a reference to the maximum pixel value.
· const T & max () const
     Return a reference to the maximum pixel value [const version].

    template<typename t >

  T & min_max (t &max_val)
     Return a reference to the minimum pixel value as well as the maximum pixel value.

    template<typename t >

  const T & min max (t &max val) const
     Return a reference to the minimum pixel value as well as the maximum pixel value [const version].
 template<typename t >
  T & max_min (t &min_val)
     Return a reference to the maximum pixel value as well as the minimum pixel value.

    template<typename t >

  const T & max_min (t &min_val) const
      Return a reference to the maximum pixel value as well as the minimum pixel value [const version].
• T kth_smallest (const unsigned int k) const
      Return the kth smallest pixel value.
· T median () const
     Return the median pixel value.
```

• Tdouble sum () const

Return the sum of all the pixel values.

Tdouble mean () const

Return the average pixel value.

Tdouble variance (const unsigned int variance method=1) const

Return the variance of the pixel values.

template<typename t >

Tdouble variance\_mean (const unsigned int variance\_method, t &mean) const

Return the variance as well as the average of the pixel values.

• Tdouble variance\_noise (const unsigned int variance\_method=2) const

Return estimated variance of the noise.

template<typename t >

Tdouble MSE (const Clmg< t > &img) const

Compute the MSE (Mean-Squared Error) between two images.

template<typename t >

Tdouble PSNR (const Clmg< t > &img, const Tdouble max\_value=255) const

Compute the PSNR (Peak Signal-to-Noise Ratio) between two images.

• double eval (const char \*const expression, const double x=0, const double y=0, const double z=0, const double c=0) const

Evaluate math formula.

template<typename t >

Clmg< doubleT > eval (const char \*const expression, const Clmg< t > &xyzc) const

Evaluate math formula on a set of variables.

Clmg< Tdouble > get\_stats (const unsigned int variance\_method=1) const

Compute statistics vector from the pixel values.

Clmg< T > & stats (const unsigned int variance method=1)

Compute statistics vector from the pixel values [in-place version].

# **Vector / Matrix Operations**

• Tdouble magnitude (const int magnitude\_type=2) const

Compute norm of the image, viewed as a matrix.

• Tdouble trace () const

Compute the trace of the image, viewed as a matrix.

• Tdouble det () const

Compute the determinant of the image, viewed as a matrix.

template<typename t >

Tdouble dot (const Clmg< t > &img) const

Compute the dot product between instance and argument, viewed as matrices.

- Clmg< T > get\_vector\_at (const unsigned int x, const unsigned int y=0, const unsigned int z=0) const
   Get vector-valued pixel located at specified position.
- Clmg< T > get\_matrix\_at (const unsigned int x=0, const unsigned int y=0, const unsigned int z=0) const
   Get (square) matrix-valued pixel located at specified position.
- Clmg< T > get\_tensor\_at (const unsigned int x, const unsigned int y=0, const unsigned int z=0) const
   Get tensor-valued pixel located at specified position.
- template<typename t >

Clmg< T > & set\_vector\_at (const Clmg< t > &vec, const unsigned int x, const unsigned int y=0, const unsigned int z=0)

Set vector-valued pixel at specified position.

template<typename t >

 $CImg < T > \& set_matrix_at$  (const CImg < t > &mat, const unsigned int x=0, const unsigned int y=0, const unsigned int z=0)

Set (square) matrix-valued pixel at specified position.

• template<typename t >

Clmg< T > & set\_tensor\_at (const Clmg< t > &ten, const unsigned int x=0, const unsigned int y=0, const unsigned int z=0)

Set tensor-valued pixel at specified position.

• CImg< T > & vector ()

Unroll pixel values along axis y.

Clmg< T > get\_vector () const

Unroll pixel values along axis y [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > & matrix ()

Resize image to become a scalar square matrix.

• Clmg< T > get matrix () const

Resize image to become a scalar square matrix [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > & tensor ()

Resize image to become a symmetric tensor.

• Clmg< T > get\_tensor () const

Resize image to become a symmetric tensor [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & diagonal ()

Resize image to become a diagonal matrix.

Clmg< T > get\_diagonal () const

Resize image to become a diagonal matrix [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & identity\_matrix ()

Replace the image by an identity matrix.

• Clmg< T > get\_identity\_matrix () const

Replace the image by an identity matrix [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & sequence (const T a0, const T a1)

Fill image with a linear sequence of values.

• Clmg< T > get\_sequence (const T a0, const T a1) const

Fill image with a linear sequence of values [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & transpose ()

Transpose the image, viewed as a matrix.

Clmg< T > get\_transpose () const

Transpose the image, viewed as a matrix [new-instance version].

template<typename t >

```
Clmg< T > & cross (const Clmg< t > &img)
```

Compute the cross product between two 1x3 images, viewed as 3d vectors.

template<typename t >

Clmg< typename cimg::superset

```
< T, t >::type > get_cross (const Clmg< t > &img) const
```

Compute the cross product between two 1x3 images, viewed as 3d vectors [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & invert (const bool use\_LU=true)

Invert the instance image, viewed as a matrix.

• Clmg< Tfloat > get\_invert (const bool use\_LU=true) const

Invert the instance image, viewed as a matrix [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & pseudoinvert ()

Compute the Moore-Penrose pseudo-inverse of the instance image, viewed as a matrix.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_pseudoinvert () const

Compute the Moore-Penrose pseudo-inverse of the instance image, viewed as a matrix [new-instance version].

• template<typename t >

```
CImg< T > & solve (const CImg< t > &A)
```

Solve a system of linear equations.

• template<typename t >

Clmg< typename cimg::superset2

< T, t, float >::type > get\_solve (const Clmg< t > &A) const

Solve a system of linear equations [new-instance version].

template<typename t >

```
Clmg< T > & solve_tridiagonal (const Clmg< t > &A)
```

Solve a tridiagonal system of linear equations.

template<typename t >

Clmg< typename cimg::superset2

< T, t, float >::type > get\_solve\_tridiagonal (const Clmg< t > &A) const

Solve a tridiagonal system of linear equations [new-instance version].

template<tvpename t >

```
const Clmg< T > & eigen (Clmg< t > &val, Clmg< t > &vec) const
```

Compute eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the instance image, viewed as a matrix.

ClmgList< Tfloat > get\_eigen () const

Compute eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the instance image, viewed as a matrix.

template<typename t >

```
const Clmg< T > & symmetric_eigen (Clmg< t > &val, Clmg< t > &vec) const
```

Compute eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the instance image, viewed as a symmetric matrix.

• ClmgList< Tfloat > get symmetric eigen () const

Compute eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the instance image, viewed as a symmetric matrix.

template<typename t >

```
Clmg< T > & sort (Clmg< t > &permutations, const bool is_increasing=true)
```

Sort pixel values and get sorting permutations.

template<typename t >

Clmg< T > get\_sort (Clmg< t > &permutations, const bool is\_increasing=true) const

Sort pixel values and get sorting permutations [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & sort (const bool is\_increasing=true, const char axis=0)

Sort pixel values.

Clmg< T > get sort (const bool is increasing=true, const char axis=0) const

Sort pixel values [new-instance version].

template<tvpename t >

const CImg< T > & SVD (CImg< t > &U, CImg< t > &S, CImg< t > &V, const bool sorting=true, const unsigned int max\_iteration=40, const float lambda=0) const

Compute the SVD of the instance image, viewed as a general matrix.

 ClmgList< Tfloat > get\_SVD (const bool sorting=true, const unsigned int max\_iteration=40, const float lambda=0) const

Compute the SVD of the instance image, viewed as a general matrix.

• template<typename t >

Clmg < T > & dijkstra (const unsigned int starting\_node, const unsigned int ending\_node,  $Clmg < t > \& previous_node$ )

Return minimal path in a graph, using the Dijkstra algorithm.

template<typename t >

Clmg< T > get\_dijkstra (const unsigned int starting\_node, const unsigned int ending\_node, Clmg< t > &previous\_node) const

Return minimal path in a graph, using the Dijkstra algorithm [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & dijkstra (const unsigned int starting\_node, const unsigned int ending\_node=~0U)

Return minimal path in a graph, using the Dijkstra algorithm.

• Clmg< Tfloat > get\_dijkstra (const unsigned int starting\_node, const unsigned int ending\_node=~0U) const

Return minimal path in a graph, using the Dijkstra algorithm [new-instance version].

template<typename tf, typename t >
 static Clmg< T > dijkstra (const tf &distance, const unsigned int nb\_nodes, const unsigned int starting\_node, const unsigned int ending\_node, Clmg< t > &previous\_node)

Compute minimal path in a graph, using the Dijkstra algorithm.

• template<typename tf , typename t >

static Clmg < T > dijkstra (const tf &distance, const unsigned int nb\_nodes, const unsigned int starting\_node, const unsigned int ending\_node= $\sim$ 0U)

Return minimal path in a graph, using the Dijkstra algorithm.

static Clmg< T > string (const char \*const str, const bool is last zero=true)

Return an image containing the ascii codes of the specified string.

static Clmg< T > vector (const T &a0)

Return a 1x1 image containing specified value.

static Clmg< T > vector (const T &a0, const T &a1)

Return a 1x2 image containing specified values.

static Clmg< T > vector (const T &a0, const T &a1, const T &a2)

Return a 1x3 image containing specified values.

static Clmg< T > vector (const T &a0, const T &a1, const T &a2, const T &a3)

Return a 1x4 image containing specified values.

static CImg< T > vector (const T &a0, const T &a1, const T &a2, const T &a3, const T &a4)

Return a 1x5 image containing specified values.

static Clmg< T > vector (const T &a0, const T &a1, const T &a2, const T &a3, const T &a4, const T &a5)

Return a 1x6 image containing specified values.

static Clmg< T > vector (const T &a0, const T &a1, const T &a2, const T &a3, const T &a4, const T &a5, const T &a6)

Return a 1x7 image containing specified values.

static Clmg< T > vector (const T &a0, const T &a1, const T &a2, const T &a3, const T &a4, const T &a5, const T &a6, const T &a7)

Return a 1x8 image containing specified values.

static Clmg< T > vector (const T &a0, const T &a1, const T &a2, const T &a3, const T &a4, const T &a5, const T &a6, const T &a7, const T &a8)

Return a 1x9 image containing specified values.

static Clmg< T > vector (const T &a0, const T &a1, const T &a2, const T &a3, const T &a4, const T &a5, const T &a6, const T &a7, const T &a8, const T &a9)

Return a 1x10 image containing specified values.

static Clmg< T > vector (const T &a0, const T &a1, const T &a2, const T &a3, const T &a4, const T &a5, const T &a6, const T &a7, const T &a8, const T &a9, const T &a10)

Return a 1x11 image containing specified values.

static Clmg< T > vector (const T &a0, const T &a1, const T &a2, const T &a3, const T &a4, const T &a5, const T &a6, const T &a7, const T &a8, const T &a9, const T &a10, const T &a11)

Return a 1x12 image containing specified values.

static Clmg< T > vector (const T &a0, const T &a1, const T &a2, const T &a3, const T &a4, const T &a5, const T &a6, const T &a7, const T &a8, const T &a9, const T &a10, const T &a11, const T &a12)

Return a 1x13 image containing specified values.

static CImg< T > vector (const T &a0, const T &a1, const T &a2, const T &a3, const T &a4, const T &a5, const T &a6, const T &a7, const T &a8, const T &a9, const T &a10, const T &a11, const T &a12, const T &a13)

Return a 1x14 image containing specified values.

static CImg< T > vector (const T &a0, const T &a1, const T &a2, const T &a3, const T &a4, const T &a5, const T &a6, const T &a7, const T &a8, const T &a9, const T &a10, const T &a11, const T &a12, const T &a13, const T &a14)

Return a 1x15 image containing specified values.

static CImg< T > vector (const T &a0, const T &a1, const T &a2, const T &a3, const T &a4, const T &a5, const T &a6, const T &a7, const T &a8, const T &a9, const T &a10, const T &a11, const T &a12, const T &a13, const T &a14, const T &a15)

Return a  $1 \times 16$  image containing specified values.

static Clmg< T > matrix (const T &a0)

Return a 1x1 matrix containing specified coefficients.

static Clmg< T > matrix (const T &a0, const T &a1, const T &a2, const T &a3)

Return a 2x2 matrix containing specified coefficients.

static Clmg< T > matrix (const T &a0, const T &a1, const T &a2, const T &a3, const T &a4, const T &a5, const T &a6, const T &a7, const T &a8)

Return a 3x3 matrix containing specified coefficients.

static CImg< T > matrix (const T &a0, const T &a1, const T &a2, const T &a3, const T &a4, const T &a5, const T &a6, const T &a7, const T &a8, const T &a9, const T &a10, const T &a11, const T &a12, const T &a13, const T &a14, const T &a15)

Return a 4x4 matrix containing specified coefficients.

static CImg< T > matrix (const T &a0, const T &a1, const T &a2, const T &a3, const T &a4, const T &a5, const T &a6, const T &a7, const T &a8, const T &a9, const T &a10, const T &a11, const T &a12, const T &a13, const T &a14, const T &a15, const T &a16, const T &a17, const T &a18, const T &a19, const T &a20, const T &a21, const T &a22, const T &a23, const T &a24)

Return a 5x5 matrix containing specified coefficients.

static Clmg< T > tensor (const T &a0)

Return a 1x1 symmetric matrix containing specified coefficients.

static Clmg< T > tensor (const T &a0, const T &a1, const T &a2)

Return a 2x2 symmetric matrix tensor containing specified coefficients.

static Clmg< T > tensor (const T &a0, const T &a1, const T &a2, const T &a3, const T &a4, const T &a5)

Return a 3x3 symmetric matrix containing specified coefficients.

static Clmg< T > diagonal (const T &a0)

Return a 1x1 diagonal matrix containing specified coefficients.

static Clmg< T > diagonal (const T &a0, const T &a1)

Return a 2x2 diagonal matrix containing specified coefficients.

static Clmg< T > diagonal (const T &a0, const T &a1, const T &a2)

Return a 3x3 diagonal matrix containing specified coefficients.

static Clmg< T > diagonal (const T &a0, const T &a1, const T &a2, const T &a3)

Return a 4x4 diagonal matrix containing specified coefficients.

static CImg< T > diagonal (const T &a0, const T &a1, const T &a2, const T &a3, const T &a4)

Return a 5x5 diagonal matrix containing specified coefficients.

static Clmg< T > identity\_matrix (const unsigned int N)

Return a NxN identity matrix.

static Clmg< T > sequence (const unsigned int N, const T a0, const T a1)

Return a N-numbered sequence vector from a 0 to a 1.

static Clmg< T > rotation\_matrix (const float x, const float y, const float z, const float w, const bool is\_quaternion=false)

Return a 3x3 rotation matrix along the (x,y,z)-axis with an angle w.

# **Value Manipulation**

Clmg< T > & fill (const T val)

Fill all pixel values with specified value.

Clmg< T > get\_fill (const T val) const

Fill all pixel values with specified value [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & fill (const T val0, const T val1)

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values.

Clmg< T > get\_fill (const T val0, const T val1) const

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2)

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [overloading].

Clmg< T > get\_fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2) const

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2, const T val3)

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [overloading].

Clmg< T > get\_fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2, const T val3) const

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2, const T val3, const T val4)

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [overloading].

Clmg< T > get\_fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2, const T val3, const T val4) const

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2, const T val3, const T val4, const T val5)

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [overloading].

Clmg< T > get\_fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2, const T val3, const T val4, const T val5) const
 Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2, const T val3, const T val4, const T val5, const T val6)

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [overloading].

Clmg< T > get\_fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2, const T val3, const T val4, const T val5, const T val6) const

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2, const T val3, const T val4, const T val5, const T val6, const T val7)

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [overloading].

Clmg< T > get\_fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2, const T val3, const T val4, const T val5, const T val6, const T val7) const

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2, const T val3, const T val4, const T val5, const T val6, const T val7, const T val8)

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [overloading].

Clmg< T > get\_fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2, const T val3, const T val4, const T val5, const T val6, const T val7, const T val8) const

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > & fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2, const T val3, const T val4, const T val5, const T val6, const T val7, const T val8, const T val9)

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [overloading].

Clmg< T > get\_fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2, const T val3, const T val4, const T val5, const T val6, const T val7, const T val8, const T val9) const

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2, const T val3, const T val4, const T val5, const T val6, const T val7, const T val8, const T val9, const T val10)

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [overloading].

Clmg< T > get\_fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2, const T val3, const T val4, const T val5, const T val6, const T val7, const T val8, const T val9, const T val10) const

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2, const T val3, const T val4, const T val5, const T val6, const T val7, const T val8, const T val9, const T val10, const T val11)

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [overloading].

• Clmg< T > get\_fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2, const T val3, const T val4, const T val5, const T val6, const T val7, const T val8, const T val9, const T val10, const T val11) const

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2, const T val3, const T val4, const T val5, const T val6, const T val7, const T val8, const T val9, const T val10, const T val11, const T val12)

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [overloading].

Clmg< T > get\_fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2, const T val3, const T val4, const T val5, const T val6, const T val7, const T val8, const T val9, const T val10, const T val11, const T val12) const

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2, const T val3, const T val4, const T val5, const T val6, const T val7, const T val8, const T val9, const T val10, const T val11, const T val12, const T val13)

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [overloading].

Clmg< T > get\_fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2, const T val3, const T val4, const T val5, const T val6, const T val7, const T val8, const T val9, const T val10, const T val11, const T val12, const T val13) const

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2, const T val3, const T val4, const T val5, const T val6, const T val7, const T val8, const T val9, const T val10, const T val11, const T val12, const T val13, const T val14)

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [overloading].

Clmg< T > get\_fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2, const T val3, const T val4, const T val5, const T val6, const T val7, const T val8, const T val9, const T val10, const T val11, const T val12, const T val13, const T val14) const

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2, const T val3, const T val4, const T val5, const T val6, const T val7, const T val8, const T val9, const T val10, const T val11, const T val12, const T val13, const T val14, const T val15)

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [overloading].

Clmg< T > get\_fill (const T val0, const T val1, const T val2, const T val3, const T val4, const T val5, const T val6, const T val7, const T val8, const T val9, const T val10, const T val11, const T val12, const T val13, const T val14, const T val15) const

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & fill (const char \*const expression, const bool repeat\_flag)

Fill sequentially pixel values according to a given expression.

Clmg< T > get\_fill (const char \*const values, const bool repeat\_values) const

Fill sequentially pixel values according to a given expression [new-instance version].

• template<typename t >

Clmg< T > & fill (const Clmg< t > &values, const bool repeat values=true)

Fill sequentially pixel values according to the values found in another image.

template<typename t >

 $\label{eq:clmg} \textit{Clmg} < \textit{T} > \textit{get\_fill} \; (\textit{const Clmg} < \textit{t} > \& \textit{values}, \, \textit{const bool repeat\_values=true}) \; \textit{const}$ 

Fill sequentially pixel values according to the values found in another image [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & fillX (const unsigned int y, const unsigned int z, const unsigned int c, const int a0,...)

Fill pixel values along the X-axis at a specified pixel position.

Clmg< T > & fillX (const unsigned int y, const unsigned int z, const unsigned int c, const double a0,...)

Fill pixel values along the X-axis at a specified pixel position [overloading].

• Clmg< T > & fillY (const unsigned int x, const unsigned int z, const unsigned int c, const int a0,...)

Fill pixel values along the Y-axis at a specified pixel position.

Clmg< T > & fillY (const unsigned int x, const unsigned int z, const unsigned int c, const double a0,...)

Fill pixel values along the Y-axis at a specified pixel position [overloading].

• CImg < T > & fill Z (const unsigned int x, const unsigned int y, const unsigned int c, const int a0,...)

Fill pixel values along the Z-axis at a specified pixel position.

Clmg< T > & fillZ (const unsigned int x, const unsigned int y, const unsigned int c, const double a0,...)

Fill pixel values along the Z-axis at a specified pixel position [overloading].

Clmg< T > & fillC (const unsigned int x, const unsigned int y, const unsigned int z, const int a0,...)

Fill pixel values along the C-axis at a specified pixel position.

• Clmg< T > & fillC (const unsigned int x, const unsigned int y, const unsigned int z, const double a0,...)

Fill pixel values along the C-axis at a specified pixel position [overloading].

Clmg< T > & discard (const T value)

Discard specified value in the image buffer.

Clmg< T > get\_discard (const T value) const

Discard specified value in the image buffer [new-instance version].

• template<typename t >

Clmg< T > & discard (const Clmg< t > &values)

Discard specified sequence of values in the image buffer.

• template<typename t >

Clmg< T > get discard (const Clmg< t > &values) const

Discard specified sequence of values in the image buffer [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & invert\_endianness ()

Invert endianness of all pixel values.

Clmg< T > get\_invert\_endianness () const

Invert endianness of all pixel values [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & rand (const T val\_min, const T val\_max)

Fill image with random values in specified range.

Clmg< T > get\_rand (const T val\_min, const T val\_max) const

Fill image with random values in specified range [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > & round (const double y=1, const int rounding type=0)

Round pixel values.

• Clmg< T > get\_round (const double y=1, const unsigned int rounding\_type=0) const

Round pixel values [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & noise (const double sigma, const unsigned int noise\_type=0)

Add random noise to pixel values.

Clmg< T > get\_noise (const double sigma, const unsigned int noise\_type=0) const

Add random noise to pixel values [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & normalize (const T min\_value, const T max\_value)

Linearly normalize pixel values.

• Clmg< Tfloat > get\_normalize (const T min\_value, const T max\_value) const

Linearly normalize pixel values [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & normalize ()

Normalize multi-valued pixels of the image instance, with respect to their L2-norm.

Clmg< Tfloat > get normalize () const

Normalize multi-valued pixels of the image instance, with respect to their L2-norm [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & norm (const int norm\_type=2)

Compute L2-norm of each multi-valued pixel of the image instance.

Clmg< Tfloat > get norm (const int norm type=2) const

Compute L2-norm of each multi-valued pixel of the image instance [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & cut (const T min\_value, const T max\_value)

Cut pixel values in specified range.

Clmg< T > get\_cut (const T min\_value, const T max\_value) const

Cut pixel values in specified range [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > & quantize (const unsigned int nb\_levels, const bool keep\_range=true)

Uniformly quantize pixel values.

Threshold pixel values.

• Clmg< T > get\_quantize (const unsigned int n, const bool keep\_range=true) const

Uniformly quantize pixel values [new-instance version].

 $\bullet \ \ \, \textbf{CImg} < \textbf{T} > \textbf{\& threshold} \ \, (\textbf{const T value}, \, \textbf{const bool soft\_threshold=false}, \, \textbf{const bool strict\_threshold=false}) \\$ 

Clmg< T > get\_threshold (const T value, const bool soft\_threshold=false, const bool strict\_threshold=false)
const

Threshold pixel values [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & histogram (const unsigned int nb\_levels, const T min\_value, const T max\_value)

Compute the histogram of pixel values.

Clmg< T > & histogram (const unsigned int nb\_levels)

Compute the histogram of pixel values [overloading].

Clmg< ulongT > get\_histogram (const unsigned int nb\_levels, const T min\_value, const T max\_value) const

Compute the histogram of pixel values [new-instance version].

Clmg< ulongT > get\_histogram (const unsigned int nb\_levels) const

Compute the histogram of pixel values [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & equalize (const unsigned int nb levels, const T min value, const T max value)

Equalize histogram of pixel values.

• Clmg< T > & equalize (const unsigned int nb levels)

Equalize histogram of pixel values [overloading].

Clmg< T > get\_equalize (const unsigned int nblevels, const T val\_min, const T val\_max) const

Equalize histogram of pixel values [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > get\_equalize (const unsigned int nblevels) const

Equalize histogram of pixel values [new-instance version].

template<typename t >

Clmg< T > & index (const Clmg< t > &colormap, const float dithering=1, const bool map\_indexes=false)

Index multi-valued pixels regarding to a specified colormap.

template<typename t >

Clmg< typename Clmg< t >::Tuint > get\_index (const Clmg< t > &colormap, const float dithering=1, const bool map\_indexes=true) const

Index multi-valued pixels regarding to a specified colormap [new-instance version].

template<typename t >

CImg < T > & map (const CImg < t > & colormap)

Map predefined colormap on the scalar (indexed) image instance.

• template<typename t >

Clmg< t > get\_map (const Clmg< t > &colormap) const

Map predefined colormap on the scalar (indexed) image instance [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > & label (const bool is high connectivity=false, const Tfloat tolerance=0)

Label connected components.

- Clmg< unsigned long > get\_label (const bool is\_high\_connectivity=false, const Tfloat tolerance=0) const Label connected components [new-instance version].
- template<typename t >

```
Clmg< T > & label (const Clmg< t > &connectivity_mask, const Tfloat tolerance=0)
```

Label connected components [overloading].

template<typename t >

Clmg< unsigned long > get\_label (const Clmg< t > &connectivity\_mask, const Tfloat tolerance=0) const Label connected components [new-instance version].

# **Color Base Management**

• Clmg< T > & sRGBtoRGB ()

Convert pixel values from sRGB to RGB color spaces.

• Clmg< Tfloat > get\_sRGBtoRGB () const

Convert pixel values from sRGB to RGB color spaces [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & RGBtosRGB ()

Convert pixel values from RGB to sRGB color spaces.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_RGBtosRGB () const

Convert pixel values from RGB to sRGB color spaces [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & RGBtoHSV ()

Convert pixel values from RGB to HSV color spaces.

Clmg< Tfloat > get RGBtoHSV () const

Convert pixel values from RGB to HSV color spaces [new-instance version].

CImg< T > & HSVtoRGB ()

Convert pixel values from HSV to RGB color spaces.

Clmg< Tuchar > get\_HSVtoRGB () const

Convert pixel values from HSV to RGB color spaces [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & RGBtoHSL ()

Convert pixel values from RGB to HSL color spaces.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_RGBtoHSL () const

Convert pixel values from RGB to HSL color spaces [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > & HSLtoRGB ()

Convert pixel values from HSL to RGB color spaces.

Clmg< Tuchar > get\_HSLtoRGB () const

Convert pixel values from HSL to RGB color spaces [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & RGBtoHSI ()

Convert pixel values from RGB to HSI color spaces.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_RGBtoHSI () const

Convert pixel values from RGB to HSI color spaces [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & HSltoRGB ()

Convert pixel values from HSI to RGB color spaces.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_HSltoRGB () const

Convert pixel values from HSI to RGB color spaces [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & RGBtoYCbCr ()

Convert pixel values from RGB to YCbCr color spaces.

Clmg< Tuchar > get\_RGBtoYCbCr () const

Convert pixel values from RGB to YCbCr color spaces [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & YCbCrtoRGB ()

Convert pixel values from RGB to YCbCr color spaces.

Clmg< Tuchar > get\_YCbCrtoRGB () const

Convert pixel values from RGB to YCbCr color spaces [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & RGBtoYUV ()

Convert pixel values from RGB to YUV color spaces.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_RGBtoYUV () const

Convert pixel values from RGB to YUV color spaces [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & YUVtoRGB ()

Convert pixel values from YUV to RGB color spaces.

Clmg< Tuchar > get\_YUVtoRGB () const

Convert pixel values from YUV to RGB color spaces [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & RGBtoCMY ()

Convert pixel values from RGB to CMY color spaces.

Clmg< Tuchar > get\_RGBtoCMY () const

Convert pixel values from RGB to CMY color spaces [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & CMYtoRGB ()

Convert pixel values from CMY to RGB color spaces.

Clmg< Tuchar > get\_CMYtoRGB () const

Convert pixel values from CMY to RGB color spaces [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & CMYtoCMYK ()

Convert pixel values from CMY to CMYK color spaces.

Clmg< Tuchar > get\_CMYtoCMYK () const

Convert pixel values from CMY to CMYK color spaces [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & CMYKtoCMY ()

Convert pixel values from CMYK to CMY color spaces.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_CMYKtoCMY () const

Convert pixel values from CMYK to CMY color spaces [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & RGBtoXYZ ()

Convert pixel values from RGB to XYZ\_709 color spaces.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_RGBtoXYZ () const

Convert pixel values from RGB to XYZ\_709 color spaces [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & XYZtoRGB ()

Convert pixel values from XYZ\_709 to RGB color spaces.

Clmg< Tuchar > get\_XYZtoRGB () const

Convert pixel values from XYZ\_709 to RGB color spaces [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & XYZtoLab ()

Convert pixel values from XYZ\_709 to Lab color spaces.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_XYZtoLab () const

Convert pixel values from XYZ\_709 to Lab color spaces [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & LabtoXYZ ()

Convert pixel values from Lab to XYZ\_709 color spaces.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_LabtoXYZ () const

Convert pixel values from Lab to XYZ\_709 color spaces [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & XYZtoxyY ()

Convert pixel values from XYZ\_709 to xyY color spaces.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_XYZtoxyY () const

Convert pixel values from XYZ\_709 to xyY color spaces [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & xyYtoXYZ ()

Convert pixel values from xyY pixels to XYZ\_709 color spaces.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_xyYtoXYZ () const

Convert pixel values from xyY pixels to XYZ\_709 color spaces [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > & RGBtoLab ()

Convert pixel values from RGB to Lab color spaces.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_RGBtoLab () const

Convert pixel values from RGB to Lab color spaces [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & LabtoRGB ()

Convert pixel values from Lab to RGB color spaces.

Clmg< Tuchar > get\_LabtoRGB () const

Convert pixel values from Lab to RGB color spaces [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & RGBtoxyY ()

Convert pixel values from RGB to xyY color spaces.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_RGBtoxyY () const

Convert pixel values from RGB to xyY color spaces [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & xyYtoRGB ()

Convert pixel values from xyY to RGB color spaces.

• Clmg< Tuchar > get\_xyYtoRGB () const

Convert pixel values from xyY to RGB color spaces [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & RGBtoCMYK ()

Convert pixel values from RGB to CMYK color spaces.

Clmg< Tfloat > get RGBtoCMYK () const

Convert pixel values from RGB to CMYK color spaces [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > & CMYKtoRGB ()

Convert pixel values from CMYK to RGB color spaces.

Clmg< Tuchar > get\_CMYKtoRGB () const

Convert pixel values from CMYK to RGB color spaces [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & RGBtoBayer ()

Convert RGB color image to a Bayer-coded scalar image.

• Clmg< T > get\_RGBtoBayer () const

Convert RGB color image to a Bayer-coded scalar image [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & BayertoRGB (const unsigned int interpolation\_type=3)

Convert Bayer-coded scalar image to a RGB color image.

• Clmg< Tuchar > get\_BayertoRGB (const unsigned int interpolation\_type=3) const

Convert Bayer-coded scalar image to a RGB color image [new-instance version].

static const Clmg< Tuchar > & default\_LUT256 ()

Return colormap "default", containing 256 colors entries in RGB.

static const Clmg< Tuchar > & HSV\_LUT256 ()

Return colormap "HSV", containing 256 colors entries in RGB.

static const Clmg< Tuchar > & lines\_LUT256 ()

Return colormap "lines", containing 256 colors entries in RGB.

static const Clmg< Tuchar > & hot LUT256 ()

Return colormap "hot", containing 256 colors entries in RGB.

static const Clmg< Tuchar > & cool\_LUT256 ()

Return colormap "cool", containing 256 colors entries in RGB.

static const Clmg< Tuchar > & jet LUT256 ()

Return colormap "jet", containing 256 colors entries in RGB.

• static const Clmg< Tuchar > & flag LUT256 ()

Return colormap "flag", containing 256 colors entries in RGB.

static const Clmg
 Tuchar > & cube LUT256 ()

Return colormap "cube", containing 256 colors entries in RGB.

#### Geometric / Spatial Manipulation

• Clmg< T > & resize (const int size\_x, const int size\_y=-100, const int size\_z=-100, const int size\_c=-100, const int size\_c=-100, const int interpolation\_type=1, const unsigned int boundary\_conditions=0, const float centering\_x=0, const float centering\_v=0, cons

Resize image to new dimensions.

• Clmg< T > get\_resize (const int size\_x, const int size\_y=-100, const int size\_z=-100, const int size\_c=-100, const int interpolation\_type=1, const unsigned int boundary\_conditions=0, const float centering\_x=0, const float centering\_z=0, const float centering\_c=0) const

Resize image to new dimensions [new-instance version].

template<typename t >

Clmg< T > & resize (const Clmg< t > &src, const int interpolation\_type=1, const unsigned int boundary\_conditions=0, const float centering\_x=0, const float centering\_y=0, const float centering\_z=0, const float centering\_c=0)

Resize image to dimensions of another image.

template<typename t >

Clmg< T > get\_resize (const Clmg< t > &src, const int interpolation\_type=1, const unsigned int boundary\_conditions=0, const float centering\_x=0, const float centering\_y=0, const float centering\_z=0, const float centering\_c=0, co

Resize image to dimensions of another image [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & resize (const ClmgDisplay &disp, const int interpolation\_type=1, const unsigned int boundary\_conditions=0, const float centering\_x=0, const float centering\_y=0, const float centering\_z=0, const float centering\_c=0)

Resize image to dimensions of a display window.

 Clmg
 T > get\_resize (const ClmgDisplay &disp, const int interpolation\_type=1, const unsigned int boundary\_conditions=0, const float centering\_x=0, const float centering\_y=0, const float centering\_z=0, const float centering\_c=0) const

Resize image to dimensions of a display window [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & resize halfXY ()

Resize image to half-size along XY axes, using an optimized filter.

Clmg< T > get resize halfXY () const

Resize image to half-size along XY axes, using an optimized filter [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & resize doubleXY ()

Resize image to double-size, using the Scale2X algorithm.

Clmg< T > get\_resize\_doubleXY () const

Resize image to double-size, using the Scale2X algorithm [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & resize tripleXY ()

Resize image to triple-size, using the Scale3X algorithm.

Clmg< T > get\_resize\_tripleXY () const

Resize image to triple-size, using the Scale3X algorithm [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & mirror (const char axis)

Mirror image content along specified axis.

Clmg< T > get\_mirror (const char axis) const

Mirror image content along specified axis [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & mirror (const char \*const axes)

Mirror image content along specified axes.

Clmg< T > get\_mirror (const char \*const axes) const

Mirror image content along specified axes [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & shift (const int delta\_x, const int delta\_y=0, const int delta\_z=0, const int delta\_c=0, const int boundary conditions=0)

Shift image content.

 Clmg< T > get\_shift (const int delta\_x, const int delta\_y=0, const int delta\_z=0, const int delta\_c=0, const int boundary\_conditions=0) const

Shift image content [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & permute\_axes (const char \*const order)

Permute axes order.

• Clmg< T > get permute axes (const char \*const order) const

Permute axes order [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & unroll (const char axis)

Unroll pixel values along specified axis.

Clmg< T > get unroll (const char axis) const

Unroll pixel values along specified axis [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & rotate (const float angle, const unsigned int interpolation=1, const unsigned int boundary=0)

Rotate image with arbitrary angle.

Clmg< T > get\_rotate (const float angle, const unsigned int interpolation=1, const unsigned int boundary=0)

Rotate image with arbitrary angle [new-instance version].

 Clmg< T > & rotate (const float angle, const float cx, const float cy, const float zoom, const unsigned int interpolation=1, const unsigned int boundary=3)

Rotate image with arbitrary angle, around a center point.

Clmg< T > get\_rotate (const float angle, const float cx, const float cy, const float zoom, const unsigned int interpolation=1, const unsigned int boundary=3) const

Rotate image with arbitrary angle, around a center point [new-instance version].

template<typename t >

 $\label{eq:clmg} \begin{aligned} &\text{Clmg} < \text{T} > \text{\& warp (const Clmg} < \text{t} > \text{\&warp, const bool is\_relative=false, const unsigned int interpolation=1, const unsigned int boundary\_conditions=0)} \end{aligned}$ 

Warp image content by a warping field.

• template<typename t >

 $Clmg < T > get\_warp$  (const Clmg < t > &warp, const bool is\_relative=false, const unsigned int interpolation=1, const unsigned int boundary\_conditions=0) const

Warp image content by a warping field [new-instance version]

Clmg< T > get\_projections2d (const unsigned int x0, const unsigned int y0, const unsigned int z0) const
 Generate a 2d representation of a 3d image, with XY,XZ and YZ views.

• Clmg< T > & projections2d (const unsigned int x0, const unsigned int y0, const unsigned int z0)

Construct a 2d representation of a 3d image, with XY,XZ and YZ views [in-place version].

• Clmg< T > & crop (const int x0, const int y0, const int z0, const int c0, const int x1, const int y1, const int z1, const int c1, const bool boundary conditions=false)

Crop image region.

• Clmg< T > get\_crop (const int x0, const int y0, const int z0, const int c0, const int x1, const int y1, const int z1, const int c1, const bool boundary conditions=false) const

Crop image region [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > & crop (const int x0, const int y0, const int z0, const int x1, const int y1, const int z1, const bool boundary\_conditions=false)

Crop image region [overloading].

Clmg< T > get\_crop (const int x0, const int y0, const int z0, const int x1, const int y1, const int z1, const bool boundary conditions=false) const

Crop image region [new-instance version].

- Clmg< T > & crop (const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const bool boundary\_conditions=false)
   Crop image region [overloading].
- Clmg< T > get\_crop (const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const bool boundary\_-conditions=false) const

Crop image region [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & crop (const int x0, const int x1, const bool boundary\_conditions=false)

Crop image region [overloading].

Clmg< T > get\_crop (const int x0, const int x1, const bool boundary\_conditions=false) const

Crop image region [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & autocrop (const T value, const char \*const axes="czyx")

Autocrop image region, regarding the specified background value.

Clmg< T > get\_autocrop (const T value, const char \*const axes="czyx") const

Autocrop image region, regarding the specified background value [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & autocrop (const T \*const color=0, const char \*const axes="zyx")

Autocrop image region, regarding the specified background color.

• Clmg< T > get\_autocrop (const T \*const color=0, const char \*const axes="zyx") const

Autocrop image region, regarding the specified background color [new-instance version].

template<typename t >

Clmg< T > & autocrop (const Clmg< t > &color, const char \*const axes="zyx")

Autocrop image region, regarding the specified background color [overloading].

template<typename t >

Clmg< T > get\_autocrop (const Clmg< t > &color, const char \*const axes="zyx") const

Autocrop image region, regarding the specified background color [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > get column (const int x0) const

Return specified image column.

Clmg< T > & column (const int x0)

Return specified image column [in-place version].

Clmg< T > & columns (const int x0, const int x1)

Return specified range of image columns.

• Clmg< T > get columns (const int x0, const int x1) const

Return specified range of image columns [in-place version].

Clmg< T > get\_row (const int y0) const

Return specified image row.

• Clmg< T > & row (const int y0)

Return specified image row [in-place version].

Clmg< T > get\_rows (const int y0, const int y1) const

Return specified range of image rows.

• Clmg< T > & rows (const int y0, const int y1)

Return specified range of image rows [in-place version].

Clmg< T > get\_slice (const int z0) const

Return specified image slice.

• Clmg< T > & slice (const int z0)

Return specified image slice [in-place version].

Clmg< T > get\_slices (const int z0, const int z1) const

Return specified range of image slices.

Clmg< T > & slices (const int z0, const int z1)

Return specified range of image slices [in-place version].

• Clmg< T > get\_channel (const int c0) const

Return specified image channel.

Clmg< T > & channel (const int c0)

Return specified image channel [in-place version].

• Clmg< T > get\_channels (const int c0, const int c1) const

Return specified range of image channels.

• Clmg< T > & channels (const int c0, const int c1)

Return specified range of image channels [in-place version].

Clmg< floatT > get\_streamline (const float x, const float y, const float z, const float L=256, const float dl=0.1f, const unsigned int interpolation\_type=2, const bool is\_backward\_tracking=false, const bool is\_oriented\_only=false) const

Return stream line of a 2d or 3d vector field.

 Clmg< T > get\_shared\_points (const unsigned int x0, const unsigned int x1, const unsigned int y0=0, const unsigned int z0=0, const unsigned int c0=0)

Return a shared-memory image referencing a range of pixels of the image instance.

const Clmg< T > get\_shared\_points (const unsigned int x0, const unsigned int x1, const unsigned int y0=0, const unsigned int z0=0, const unsigned int c0=0) const

Return a shared-memory image referencing a range of pixels of the image instance [const version].

 Clmg< T > get\_shared\_rows (const unsigned int y0, const unsigned int y1, const unsigned int z0=0, const unsigned int c0=0)

Return a shared-memory image referencing a range of rows of the image instance.

 const Clmg< T > get\_shared\_rows (const unsigned int y0, const unsigned int y1, const unsigned int z0=0, const unsigned int c0=0) const

Return a shared-memory image referencing a range of rows of the image instance [const version].

Clmg< T > get shared row (const unsigned int y0, const unsigned int z0=0, const unsigned int c0=0)

Return a shared-memory image referencing one row of the image instance.

const Clmg< T > get\_shared\_row (const unsigned int y0, const unsigned int z0=0, const unsigned int c0=0)
 const

Return a shared-memory image referencing one row of the image instance [const version].

• Clmg< T > get\_shared\_slices (const unsigned int z0, const unsigned int z1, const unsigned int c0=0)

Return a shared memory image referencing a range of slices of the image instance.

const Clmg< T > get\_shared\_slices (const unsigned int z0, const unsigned int z1, const unsigned int c0=0)
const

Return a shared memory image referencing a range of slices of the image instance [const version].

Clmg< T > get\_shared\_slice (const unsigned int z0, const unsigned int c0=0)

Return a shared-memory image referencing one slice of the image instance.

• const Clmg< T > get\_shared\_slice (const unsigned int z0, const unsigned int c0=0) const

Return a shared-memory image referencing one slice of the image instance [const version].

• Clmg< T > get shared channels (const unsigned int c0, const unsigned int c1)

Return a shared-memory image referencing a range of channels of the image instance.

const CImg< T > get\_shared\_channels (const unsigned int c0, const unsigned int c1) const

Return a shared-memory image referencing a range of channels of the image instance [const version].

Clmg< T > get\_shared\_channel (const unsigned int c0)

Return a shared-memory image referencing one channel of the image instance.

const Clmg< T > get\_shared\_channel (const unsigned int c0) const

Return a shared-memory image referencing one channel of the image instance [const version].

• Clmg< T > get shared ()

Return a shared-memory version of the image instance.

const Clmg< T > get\_shared () const

Return a shared-memory version of the image instance [const version].

ClmgList< T > get\_split (const char axis, const int nb=0) const

Split image into a list along specified axis.

ClmgList< T > get\_split (const T value, const bool keep\_values, const bool is\_shared) const

Split image into a list of one-column vectors, according to a specified splitting value.

template<typename t >

ClmgList< T > get\_split (const Clmg< t > &values, const bool keep\_values, const bool is\_shared) const

Split image into a list of one-column vectors, according to a specified splitting value sequence.

ClmgList< T > get split (const bool is shared) const

Split the image into a list of one-column vectors each having same values.

template<typename t >

Clmg < T > & append (const Clmg < t > & append (const clmg < t > & axis='x', const float align=0)

Append two images along specified axis.

• Clmg< T > & append (const Clmg< T > &img, const char axis='x', const float align=0)

Append two images along specified axis [specialization].

• template<typename t >

Clmg< typename cimg::superset

< T, t >::type > get append (const Clmg< T > &img, const char axis='x', const float align=0) const

Append two images along specified axis [const version].

Clmg< T > get\_append (const Clmg< T > &img, const char axis='x', const float align=0) const

Append two images along specified axis [specialization].

template<typename tfunc >

static Clmg< float T > streamline (const tfunc &func, const float x, const float y, const float z, const float L=256, const float dl=0.1f, const unsigned int interpolation\_type=2, const bool is\_backward\_tracking=false, const bool is\_oriented\_only=false, const float x0=0, const float y0=0, const float z0=0, const float x1=0, const float y1=0, const float z1=0)

Return stream line of a 3d vector field.

static CImg< floatT > streamline (const char \*const expression, const float x, const float y, const float z, const float L=256, const float dl=0.1f, const unsigned int interpolation\_type=2, const bool is\_backward\_tracking=true, const bool is\_oriented\_only=false, const float x0=0, const float y0=0, const float z0=0, const float x1=0, const float y1=0, const float z1=0)

Return stream line of a 3d vector field [overloading].

# Filtering / Transforms

template<typename t >

 $Clmg < T > \& correlate (const Clmg < t > \&mask, const unsigned int boundary_conditions=1, const bool is normalized=false)$ 

Correlate image by a mask.

• template<typename t >

Clmg< typename cimg::superset2

< T, t, float >::type > get\_correlate (const Clmg< t > &mask, const unsigned int boundary\_conditions=1, const bool is\_normalized=false) const

Correlate image by a mask [new-instance version].

template<typename t >

Clmg< T > & convolve (const Clmg< t > &mask, const unsigned int boundary\_conditions=1, const bool is normalized=false)

Convolve image by a mask.

template<typename t >

Clmg< typename cimg::superset2

< T, t, float >::type > get\_convolve (const Clmg< t > &mask, const unsigned int boundary\_conditions=1, const bool is normalized=false) const

Convolve image by a mask [new-instance version].

template<typename t >

 $Clmg < T > \& erode (const Clmg < t > \&mask, const unsigned int boundary_conditions=1, const bool is_normalized=false)$ 

Erode image by a structuring element.

template<typename t >

Clmg< typename cimg::superset

< T, t >::type > get\_erode (const Clmg< t > &mask, const unsigned int boundary\_conditions=1, const bool is\_normalized=false) const

Erode image by a structuring element [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & erode (const unsigned int sx, const unsigned int sy, const unsigned int sz=1)

Erode image by a rectangular structuring element of specified size.

Clmg< T > get\_erode (const unsigned int sx, const unsigned int sy, const unsigned int sz=1) const

Erode image by a rectangular structuring element of specified size [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > & erode (const unsigned int s)

Erode the image by a square structuring element of specified size.

• Clmg< T > get\_erode (const unsigned int s) const

Erode the image by a square structuring element of specified size [new-instance version].

template<typename t >

 $CImg < T > \& dilate (const CImg < t > \&mask, const unsigned int boundary_conditions=1, const bool is_normalized=false)$ 

Dilate image by a structuring element.

• template<typename t >

Clmg< typename cimg::superset

< T, t >::type > get\_dilate (const Clmg< t > &mask, const unsigned int boundary\_conditions=1, const bool is normalized=false) const

Dilate image by a structuring element [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & dilate (const unsigned int sx, const unsigned int sy, const unsigned int sz=1)

Dilate image by a rectangular structuring element of specified size.

• Clmg< T > get dilate (const unsigned int sx, const unsigned int sy, const unsigned int sz=1) const

Dilate image by a rectangular structuring element of specified size [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & dilate (const unsigned int s)

Dilate image by a square structuring element of specified size.

Clmg< T > get dilate (const unsigned int s) const

Dilate image by a square structuring element of specified size [new-instance version].

template<typename t >

Clmg< T > & watershed (const Clmg< t > &priority, const bool fill\_lines=true)

Compute watershed transform.

• template<typename t >

 $\label{eq:clmg} \textit{CImg} < \textit{T} > \textit{get\_watershed} \; (\textit{const CImg} < \textit{t} > \textit{\&priority}, \; \textit{const bool fill\_lines=true}) \; \textit{const} \;$ 

Compute watershed transform [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & deriche (const float sigma, const int order=0, const char axis='x', const bool boundary\_conditions=true)

Apply recursive Deriche filter.

 Clmg< Tfloat > get\_deriche (const float sigma, const int order=0, const char axis='x', const bool boundaryconditions=true) const

Apply recursive Deriche filter [new-instance version].

Clmg
 T > & vanvliet (const float sigma, const int order, const char axis='x', const bool boundary\_-conditions=true)

Van Vliet recursive Gaussian filter.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_vanvliet (const float sigma, const int order, const char axis='x', const bool boundary\_-conditions=true) const

Blur image using Van Vliet recursive Gaussian filter. [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & blur (const float sigma\_x, const float sigma\_y, const float sigma\_z, const bool boundary\_conditions=true, const bool is\_gaussian=false)

Blur image.

• Clmg< Tfloat > get\_blur (const float sigma\_x, const float sigma\_y, const float sigma\_z, const bool boundary\_conditions=true, const bool is\_gaussian=false) const

Blur image [new-instance version].

- Clmg< T > & blur (const float sigma, const bool boundary\_conditions=true, const bool is\_gaussian=false)

  Blur image isotropically.
- Clmg
   Tfloat > get\_blur (const float sigma, const bool boundary\_conditions=true, const bool is\_gaussian=false) const

Blur image isotropically [new-instance version].

• template<typename t >

Clmg< T > & blur\_anisotropic (const Clmg< t > &G, const float amplitude=60, const float dl=0.8f, const float da=30, const float gauss\_prec=2, const unsigned int interpolation\_type=0, const bool is\_fast\_approx=1)

Blur image anisotropically, directed by a field of diffusion tensors.

 $\bullet \ \ template{<} typename\ t>$ 

Clmg< T > get\_blur\_anisotropic (const Clmg< t > &G, const float amplitude=60, const float dl=0.8f, const float da=30, const float gauss\_prec=2, const unsigned int interpolation\_type=0, const bool is\_fast\_approx=true) const

Blur image anisotropically, directed by a field of diffusion tensors [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & blur\_anisotropic (const float amplitude, const float sharpness=0.7f, const float anisotropy=0.6f, const float alpha=0.6f, const float sigma=1.1f, const float dl=0.8f, const float da=30, const float gauss\_prec=2, const unsigned int interpolation\_type=0, const bool is\_fast\_approx=true)

Blur image anisotropically, in an edge-preserving way.

Clmg< T > get\_blur\_anisotropic (const float amplitude, const float sharpness=0.7f, const float anisotropy=0.-6f, const float alpha=0.6f, const float sigma=1.1f, const float dl=0.8f, const float da=30, const float gauss\_prec=2, const unsigned int interpolation type=0, const bool is fast approx=true) const

Blur image anisotropically, in an edge-preserving way [new-instance version].

• template<typename t >

Clmg< T > & blur\_bilateral (const Clmg< t > &guide, const float sigma\_x, const float sigma\_y, const float sigma\_z, const float sigma\_r, const int bgrid\_x, const int bgrid\_y, const int bgrid\_z, const int bgrid\_r, const bool interpolation\_type=true)

Blur image, with the joint bilateral filter.

• template<typename t >

Clmg< T > get\_blur\_bilateral (const Clmg< t > &guide, const float sigma\_x, const float sigma\_y, const float sigma\_z, const float sigma\_r, const int bgrid\_x, const int bgrid\_y, const int bgrid\_z, const int bgrid\_r, const bool interpolation\_type=true) const

Blur image, with the joint bilateral filter [new-instance version].

template<typename t >

Clmg< T > & blur\_bilateral (const Clmg< t > &guide, const float sigma\_s, const float sigma\_r, const int bgrid\_r=32, const bool interpolation\_type=true)

Blur image using the joint bilateral filter.

• template<typename t >

 $Clmg < T > get\_blur\_bilateral$  (const Clmg < t > &guide, const float sigma\_s, const float sigma\_r, const int bgrid\_s=-33, const int bgrid\_r=32, const bool interpolation\_type=true) const

Blur image using the bilateral filter [new-instance version].

 Clmg< T > & blur\_patch (const float sigma\_s, const float sigma\_p, const unsigned int patch\_size=3, const unsigned int lookup\_size=4, const float smoothness=0, const bool is\_fast\_approx=true)

Blur image using patch-based space.

• Clmg< T > get\_blur\_patch (const float sigma\_s, const float sigma\_p, const unsigned int patch\_size=3, const unsigned int lookup\_size=4, const float smoothness=0, const bool is\_fast\_approx=true) const

Blur image using patch-based space [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & blur median (const unsigned int n)

Blur image with the median filter.

Clmg< T > get\_blur\_median (const unsigned int n) const

Blur image with the median filter [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & sharpen (const float amplitude, const bool sharpen\_type=false, const float edge=1, const float alpha=0, const float sigma=0)

Sharpen image.

• Clmg< T > get\_sharpen (const float amplitude, const bool sharpen\_type=false, const float edge=1, const float alpha=0, const float sigma=0) const

Sharpen image [new-instance version].

• ClmgList< Tfloat > get\_gradient (const char \*const axes=0, const int scheme=3) const

Return image gradient.

ClmgList< Tfloat > get hessian (const char \*const axes=0) const

Return image hessian.

Clmg< T > & laplacian ()

Compute image laplacian.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_laplacian () const

Compute image laplacian [new-instance version].

• Clmg< T > & structure\_tensors (const unsigned int scheme=2)

Compute the structure tensor field of an image.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_structure\_tensors (const unsigned int scheme=2) const

Compute the structure tensor field of an image [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & diffusion\_tensors (const float sharpness=0.7f, const float anisotropy=0.6f, const float alpha=0.-6f, const float sigma=1.1f, const bool is\_sqrt=false)

Compute field of diffusion tensors for edge-preserving smoothing.

• Clmg< Tfloat > get\_diffusion\_tensors (const float sharpness=0.7f, const float anisotropy=0.6f, const float alpha=0.6f, const float sigma=1.1f, const bool is\_sqrt=false) const

Compute field of diffusion tensors for edge-preserving smoothing [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & displacement (const Clmg< T > &source, const float smoothness=0.1f, const float precision=5.0f, const unsigned int nb\_scales=0, const unsigned int iteration\_max=10000, const bool is\_backward=false)

Estimate displacement field between two images.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_displacement (const Clmg< T > &source, const float smoothness=0.1f, const float precision=5.0f, const unsigned int nb\_scales=0, const unsigned int iteration\_max=10000, const bool is\_backward=false) const

Estimate displacement field between two images [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & distance (const T value, const unsigned int metric=2)

Compute Euclidean distance function to a specified value.

• Clmg< Tfloat > get\_distance (const T value, const unsigned int metric=2) const

Compute distance to a specified value [new-instance version].

• template<typename t >

Clmg< T > & distance (const T value, const Clmg< t > &metric\_mask)

Compute chamfer distance to a specified value, with a custom metric.

• template<typename t >

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_distance (const T value, const Clmg< t > &metric\_mask) const

Compute chamfer distance to a specified value, with a custom metric [new-instance version].

• template<typename t , typename to >

 $CImg < T > \& distance\_dijkstra$  (const T value, const CImg < t > &metric, const bool is\_high\_connectivity,  $CImg < to > \&return\_path$ )

Compute distance to a specified value, according to a custom metric (use dijkstra algorithm).

• template<typename t , typename to >

Clmg< typename cimg::superset

< t, long >::type > get\_distance\_dijkstra (const T value, const Clmg< t > &metric, const bool is\_high\_connectivity, Clmg< to > &return\_path) const

Compute distance map to a specified value, according to a custom metric (use dijkstra algorithm). [new-instance version].

template<typename t >

 $Clmg < T > & distance_dijkstra$  (const T value, const Clmg < t > &metric, const bool is\_high\_connectivity=false)

Compute distance map to a specified value, according to a custom metric (use dijkstra algorithm). [overloading].

template<typename t >

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_distance\_dijkstra (const T value, const Clmg< t > &metric, const bool is\_high\_-connectivity=false) const

Compute distance map to a specified value, according to a custom metric (use dijkstra algorithm). [new-instance version].

template<typename t >

Clmg< T > & distance\_eikonal (const T value, const Clmg< t > &metric)

Compute distance map to one source point, according to a custom metric (use fast marching algorithm).

template<typename t >

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_distance\_eikonal (const T value, const Clmg< t > &metric) const

Compute distance map to one source point, according to a custom metric (use fast marching algorithm).

 Clmg< T > & distance\_eikonal (const unsigned int nb\_iterations, const float band\_size=0, const float time\_step=0.5f)

Compute distance function to 0-valued isophotes, using the Eikonal PDE.

 Clmg< Tfloat > get\_distance\_eikonal (const unsigned int nb\_iterations, const float band\_size=0, const float time\_step=0.5f) const

Compute distance function to 0-valued isophotes, using the Eikonal PDE [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & haar (const char axis, const bool invert=false, const unsigned int nb\_scales=1)

Compute Haar multiscale wavelet transform.

• Clmg< Tfloat > get\_haar (const char axis, const bool invert=false, const unsigned int nb\_scales=1) const

Compute Haar multiscale wavelet transform [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & haar (const bool invert=false, const unsigned int nb\_scales=1)

Compute Haar multiscale wavelet transform [overloading].

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_haar (const bool invert=false, const unsigned int nb\_scales=1) const

Compute Haar multiscale wavelet transform [new-instance version].

ClmgList< Tfloat > get\_FFT (const char axis, const bool is\_invert=false) const

Compute 1d Fast Fourier Transform, along a specified axis.

• ClmgList< Tfloat > get\_FFT (const bool is\_invert=false) const

Compute n-d Fast Fourier Transform.

static void FFT (Clmg< T > &real, Clmg< T > &imag, const char axis, const bool is\_invert=false)

Compute 1d Fast Fourier Transform, along a specified axis.

static void FFT (Clmg< T > &real, Clmg< T > &imag, const bool is\_invert=false, const unsigned int nb\_-threads=0)

Compute n-d Fast Fourier Transform.

# 3d Objects Management

Clmg< T > & shift\_object3d (const float tx, const float ty=0, const float tz=0)

Shift 3d object's vertices.

• Clmg< Tfloat > get shift object3d (const float tx, const float ty=0, const float tz=0) const

Shift 3d object's vertices [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & shift\_object3d ()

Shift 3d object's vertices, so that it becomes centered.

Clmg< Tfloat > get shift object3d () const

Shift 3d object's vertices, so that it becomes centered [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > & resize\_object3d (const float sx, const float sy=-100, const float sz=-100)

Resize 3d object.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_resize\_object3d (const float sx, const float sy=-100, const float sz=-100) const

Resize 3d object [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > resize\_object3d ()

Resize 3d object to unit size.

Clmg< Tfloat > get\_resize\_object3d () const

Resize 3d object to unit size [new-instance version].

• template<typename tf , typename tp , typename tff >

Clmg< T > & append\_object3d (ClmgList< tf > &primitives, const Clmg< tp > &obj\_vertices, const Clmg-List< tff > &obj\_vertices, const Clmg-List< tf

Merge two 3d objects together.

template<typename tp , typename tt , typename tt , typename tx >
 const Clmg< T > & texturize\_object3d (ClmgList< tp > &primitives, ClmgList< tc > &colors, const Clmg<
 tt > &texture, const Clmg< tx > &coords=Clmg< tx >::empty()) const

Texturize primitives of a 3d object.

• template<typename tf , typename tc , typename te >

Clmg< floatT > get\_elevation3d (ClmgList< tf > &primitives, ClmgList< tc > &colors, const Clmg< te > &elevation) const

Generate a 3d elevation of the image instance.

• template<typename tf , typename tc >

Clmg< floatT > get\_projections3d (ClmgList< tf > &primitives, ClmgList< tc > &colors, const unsigned int x0, const unsigned int z0, const bool normalize\_colors=false) const

Generate the 3d projection planes of the image instance.

• template<typename tf >

Clmg< floatT > get\_isoline3d (ClmgList< tf > &primitives, const float isovalue, const int size\_x=-100, const int size y=-100) const

Generate a isoline of the image instance as a 3d object.

template<typename tf >

Clmg< float  $T > get_{isosurface3d}$  (ClmgList< tf > &primitives, const float isovalue, const int size\_x=-100, const int size\_y=-100, const int size\_z=-100) const

Generate an isosurface of the image instance as a 3d object.

- template<typename tp , typename tc , typename to >

Clmg< T > & object3dtoClmg3d (const ClmgList< tp > &primitives, const ClmgList< tc > &colors, const to &opacities, const bool full\_check=true)

Convert 3d object into a Clmg3d representation.

• template<typename tp , typename tc >

 $\label{eq:clmg} \mbox{Clmg< T} > \mbox{\& object3dtoClmg3d (const ClmgList< tp > \&primitives, const ClmgList< tc > \&colors, const bool full\_check=true)} \\$ 

Convert 3d object into a Clmg3d representation [overloading].

• template<typename tp >

Clmg< T > & object3dtoClmg3d (const ClmgList< tp > &primitives, const bool full check=true)

Convert 3d object into a Clmg3d representation [overloading].

Clmg< T > & object3dtoClmg3d (const bool full\_check=true)

Convert 3d object into a Clmg3d representation [overloading].

template<typename tp , typename tc , typename to >

Clmg< floatT > get\_object3dtoClmg3d (const ClmgList< tp > &primitives, const ClmgList< tc > &colors, const to &opacities, const bool full\_check=true) const

Convert 3d object into a Clmg3d representation [new-instance version].

template<typename tp , typename tc >

 $\label{local_const_const} \mbox{Clmg< floatT} > \mbox{get\_object3dtoClmg3d (const ClmgList< tp} > \mbox{\&primitives, const ClmgList< tc} > \mbox{\&colors, const bool full check=true) const}$ 

Convert 3d object into a Clmg3d representation [overloading].

• template<typename tp >

Clmg< floatT > get\_object3dtoClmg3d (const ClmgList< tp > &primitives, const bool full\_check=true) const

Convert 3d object into a Clmg3d representation [overloading].

Clmg< floatT > get\_object3dtoClmg3d (const bool full\_check=true) const

Convert 3d object into a Clmg3d representation [overloading].

• template<typename tp , typename tc , typename to >

Clmg< T > & Clmg3dtoobject3d (ClmgList< tp > &primitives, ClmgList< tc > &colors, ClmgList< to > &opacities, const bool full\_check=true)

Convert Clmg3d representation into a 3d object.

- template<typename tp , typename tc , typename to >

Clmg< T > get\_Clmg3dtoobject3d (ClmgList< tp > &primitives, ClmgList< tc > &colors, ClmgList< to > &opacities, const bool full check=true) const

Convert Clmg3d representation into a 3d object [new-instance version].

• template<typename tf , typename tfunc >

static Clmg< float T > elevation3d (ClmgList< tf > &primitives, const tfunc &func, const float x0, const float y0, const float x1, const float y1, const int size\_x=256, const int size\_y=256)

Compute 3d elevation of a function as a 3d object.

• template<typename tf >

static Clmg< float T > elevation3d (ClmgList< tf > &primitives, const char \*const expression, const float x0, const float y0, const float x1, const float y1, const int size x=256, const int size y=256)

Compute 3d elevation of a function, as a 3d object [overloading].

• template<typename tf , typename tfunc >

static Clmg< float T > isoline3d (ClmgList< tf > &primitives, const tfunc &func, const float isovalue, const float x0, const float y0, const float x1, const float y1, const int size\_x=256, const int size\_y=256)

Compute 0-isolines of a function, as a 3d object.

 $\bullet \ \ \text{template}{<} \text{typename tf} >$ 

static CImg< float T > isoline3d (CImgList< tf > &primitives, const char \*const expression, const float isovalue, const float x0, const float y0, const float x1, const float y1, const int size\_x=256, const int size\_y=256)

Compute isolines of a function, as a 3d object [overloading].

ullet template<typename tf , typename tfunc >

static CImg< float T > isosurface3d (CImgList< tf > &primitives, const tfunc &func, const float isovalue, const float x0, const float y0, const float z0, const float x1, const float y1, const float z1, const int size\_x=32, const int size\_y=32, const int size\_z=32)

Compute isosurface of a function, as a 3d object.

ullet template<typename tf >

static Clmg< float T > isosurface3d (ClmgList< tf P > minitives, const char \*const expression, const float isovalue, const float x0, const float y0, const float z0, const float x1, const float y1, const float z1, const int dx=32, const int dy=32, const int dz=32)

Compute isosurface of a function, as a 3d object [overloading].

template<typename tf >

static CImg< float T > box3d (CImgList< tf P = 00, const float size\_x=200, const float size\_y=100, const float size\_z=100)

Generate a 3d box object.

template<typename tf >
 static Clmg< floatT > cone3d (ClmgList< tf > &primitives, const float radius=50, const float size\_z=100, const unsigned int subdivisions=24)

Generate a 3d cone.

• template<typename tf >

static CImg< floatT > cylinder3d (CImgList< tf > &primitives, const float radius=50, const float size\_z=100, const unsigned int subdivisions=24)

Generate a 3d cylinder.

• template<typename tf >

static Clmg< floatT > torus3d (ClmgList< tf > &primitives, const float radius1=100, const float radius2=30, const unsigned int subdivisions1=24, const unsigned int subdivisions2=12)

Generate a 3d torus.

• template<typename tf >

static Clmg< floatT > plane3d (ClmgList< tf > &primitives, const float size\_x=100, const float size\_y=100, const unsigned int subdivisions x=10, const unsigned int subdivisions y=10)

Generate a 3d XY-plane.

• template<typename tf >

static Clmg< floatT > sphere3d (ClmgList< tf > &primitives, const float radius=50, const unsigned int subdivisions=3)

Generate a 3d sphere.

template<typename tf, typename t >
 static Clmg< floatT > ellipsoid3d (ClmgList< tf > &primitives, const Clmg< t > &tensor, const unsigned int subdivisions=3)

Generate a 3d ellipsoid.

# **Drawing Functions**

• template<typename tc >

 $\label{eq:clmg} CImg < T > \& \ draw\_point \ (const \ int \ x0, \ const \ int \ y0, \ const \ int \ z0, \ const \ tc \ *const \ color, \ const \ float \ opacity=1)$ 

Draw a 3d point.

template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_point (const int x0, const int y0, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1)

Draw a 2d point [simplification].

 $\bullet \ \ \text{template}{<} \text{typename t , typename tc} >$ 

Clmg< T > & draw point (const Clmg< t > &points, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1)

template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_line (const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1, const unsigned int pattern= $\sim$ 0U, const bool init\_hatch=true)

Draw a 2d line.

• template<typename tz , typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_line (Clmg< tz > &zbuffer, const int x0, const int y0, const float z0, const int x1, const int y1, const float z1, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1, const unsigned int pattern= $\sim$ 0U, const bool init\_hatch=true)

Draw a 2d line, with z-buffering.

• template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_line (const int x0, const int y0, const int z0, const int x1, const int y1, const int z1, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1, const unsigned int pattern= $\sim$ 0U, const bool init hatch=true)

Draw a 3d line.

• template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_line (const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const Clmg< tc > &texture, const int tx0, const int ty0, const int tx1, const int ty1, const float opacity=1, const unsigned int pattern= $\sim$ 0U, const bool init hatch=true)

Draw a textured 2d line.

• template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_line (const int x0, const int y0, const float z0, const int x1, const int y1, const float z1, const Clmg< tc > &texture, const int tx0, const int ty0, const int tx1, const int ty1, const float opacity=1, const unsigned int pattern= $\sim$ 0U, const bool init\_hatch=true)

Draw a textured 2d line, with perspective correction.

• template<typename tz , typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_line (Clmg< tz > &zbuffer, const int x0, const int y0, const float z0, const int x1, const int y1, const float z1, const Clmg< tc > &texture, const int tx0, const int ty0, const int tx1, const int ty1, const float opacity=1, const unsigned int pattern= $\sim$ 0U, const bool init hatch=true)

Draw a textured 2d line, with perspective correction and z-buffering.

template<typename t , typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_line (const Clmg< t > &points, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1, const unsigned int pattern= $\sim$ 0U, const bool init hatch=true)

Draw a set of consecutive lines.

• template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_arrow (const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1, const float angle=30, const float length=-10, const unsigned int pattern= $\sim$ 0U)

Draw a 2d arrow.

template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_spline (const int x0, const int y0, const float u0, const float v0, const int x1, const int y1, const float u1, const float v1, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1, const float precision=0.25, const unsigned int pattern= $\sim$ 0U, const bool init\_hatch=true)

Draw a 2d spline.

• template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_spline (const int x0, const int y0, const int z0, const float u0, const float v0, const float w0, const int x1, const int y1, const int z1, const float u1, const float v1, const float w1, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1, const float precision=4, const unsigned int pattern= $\sim$ 0U, const bool init\_hatch=true)

Draw a 3d spline [overloading].

template<typename t >

Clmg< T > & draw\_spline (const int x0, const int y0, const float u0, const float v0, const int x1, const int y1, const float u1, const float v1, const Clmg< t > &texture, const int tx0, const int ty0, const int tx1, const int ty1, const float opacity=1, const float precision=4, const unsigned int pattern= $\sim$ 0U, const bool init\_hatch=true)

Draw a textured 2d spline.

• template<typename tp , typename tt , typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_spline (const Clmg< tp > &points, const Clmg< tt > &tangents, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1, const bool is\_closed\_set=false, const float precision=4, const unsigned int pattern= $\sim$ 0-U, const bool init hatch=true)

Draw a set of consecutive splines.

• template<typename tp , typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_spline (const Clmg< tp > &points, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1, const bool is closed set=false, const float precision=4, const unsigned int pattern= $\sim$ 0U, const bool init hatch=true)

Draw a set of consecutive splines [overloading].

• template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_triangle (const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const int x2, const int y2, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1)

Draw a filled 2d triangle.

 $\bullet \ \ \text{template}{<} \text{typename tc} >$ 

Clmg< T > & draw\_triangle (const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const int x2, const int y2, const tc \*const color, const float opacity, const unsigned int pattern)

Draw a outlined 2d triangle.

• template<typename tz , typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_triangle (Clmg< tz > &zbuffer, const int x0, const int y0, const float z0, const int x1, const int y1, const float z1, const int x2, const int y2, const float z2, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1, const float brightness=1)

Draw a filled 2d triangle, with z-buffering.

• template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_triangle (const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const int x2, const int y2, const tc \*const color, const float brightness0, const float brightness1, const float brightness2, const float opacity=1)

Draw a Gouraud-shaded 2d triangle.

• template<typename tz , typename tc >

Clmg< T> & draw\_triangle (Clmg< tz> &zbuffer, const int x0, const int y0, const float z0, const int x1, const int y1, const float z1, const int x2, const int y2, const float z2, const tc \*const color, const float brightness0, const float brightness1, const float brightness2, const float opacity=1)

Draw a Gouraud-shaded 2d triangle, with z-buffering [overloading].

• template<typename tc1 , typename tc2 , typename tc3 >

Clmg< T > & draw\_triangle (const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const int x2, const int y2, const tc1 \*const color1, const tc2 \*const color2, const tc3 \*const color3, const float opacity=1)

Draw a color-interpolated 2d triangle.

template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_triangle (const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const int x2, const int y2, const Clmg< tc > &texture, const int tx0, const int ty0, const int tx1, const int ty1, const int tx2, const int ty2, const float opacity=1, const float brightness=1)

Draw a textured 2d triangle.

template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_triangle (const int x0, const int y0, const float z0, const int x1, const int y1, const float z1, const int x2, const int y2, const float z2, const Clmg< tc > &texture, const int tx0, const int ty0, const int tx1, const int ty1, const int tx2, const int ty2, const float opacity=1, const float brightness=1)

Draw a 2d textured triangle, with perspective correction.

• template<typename tz , typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_triangle (Clmg< tz > &zbuffer, const int x0, const int y0, const float z0, const int x1, const int y1, const float z1, const int x2, const int y2, const float z2, const Clmg< tc > &texture, const int tx0, const int ty0, const int tx1, const int ty1, const int tx2, const int ty2, const float opacity=1, const float brightness=1)

Draw a textured 2d triangle, with perspective correction and z-buffering.

• template<typename tc , typename tl >

Clmg< T > & draw\_triangle (const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const int x2, const int y2, const tc \*const color, const Clmg< tl > &light, const int lx0, const int ly0, const int lx1, const int lx2, const int ly2, const float opacity=1)

Draw a Phong-shaded 2d triangle.

- template<typename tz , typename tc , typename tl >

Clmg< T > & draw\_triangle (Clmg< tz > &zbuffer, const int x0, const int y0, const float z0, const int x1, const int y1, const float z1, const int x2, const int y2, const float z2, const tc \*const color, const Clmg< tl > &light, const int lx0, const int ly0, const int lx1, const int ly1, const int lx2, const int ly2, const float opacity=1)

Draw a Phong-shaded 2d triangle, with z-buffering.

• template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_triangle (const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const int x2, const int y2, const Clmg< to > &texture, const int tx0, const int ty0, const int tx1, const int ty1, const int tx2, const int ty2, const float brightness0, const float brightness2, const float opacity=1)

Draw a textured Gouraud-shaded 2d triangle.

• template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_triangle (const int x0, const int y0, const float z0, const int x1, const int y1, const float z1, const int x2, const int y2, const float z2, const Clmg< tc > &texture, const int tx0, const int ty0, const int tx1, const int ty1, const int ty2, const float brightness0, const float brightness1, const float brightness2, const float opacity=1)

Draw a textured Gouraud-shaded 2d triangle, with perspective correction [overloading].

• template<typename tz , typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_triangle (Clmg< tz > &zbuffer, const int x0, const int y0, const float z0, const int x1, const int y1, const float z1, const int x2, const int y2, const float z2, const Clmg< tc > &texture, const int tx0, const int ty0, const int tx1, const int ty1, const int tx2, const int ty2, const float brightness0, const float brightness1, const float brightness2, const float opacity=1)

Draw a textured Gouraud-shaded 2d triangle, with perspective correction and z-buffering [overloading].

ullet template<typename tc , typename tl >

Clmg< T > & draw\_triangle (const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const int x2, const int y2, const Clmg< tc > &texture, const int tx0, const int ty0, const int tx1, const int ty1, const int tx2, const int ty2, const Clmg< tl > &light, const int lx0, const int ly0, const int lx1, const int ly1, const int lx2, const int ly2, const float opacity=1)

Draw a textured Phong-shaded 2d triangle.

• template<typename tc , typename tl >

Clmg< T > & draw\_triangle (const int x0, const int y0, const float z0, const int x1, const int y1, const float z1, const int x2, const int y2, const float z2, const Clmg< tc > &texture, const int tx0, const int ty0, const int tx1, const int ty1, const int tx2, const int ty2, const Clmg< tl > &light, const int lx0, const int ly0, const int lx1, const int ly1, const int lx2, const int ly2, const float opacity=1)

Draw a textured Phong-shaded 2d triangle, with perspective correction.

- template<typename tz , typename tc , typename tl >

Clmg< T > & draw\_triangle (Clmg< tz > &zbuffer, const int x0, const int y0, const float z0, const int x1, const int y1, const float z1, const int x2, const int y2, const float z2, const Clmg< tc > &texture, const int tx0, const int ty0, const int tx1, const int tx1, const int tx2, const int ty2, const Clmg< tl > &light, const int lx0, const int ly0, const int lx1, const int ly1, const int lx2, const int ly2, const float opacity=1)

Draw a textured Phong-shaded 2d triangle, with perspective correction and z-buffering.

• Clmg< T > & draw\_rectangle (const int x0, const int y0, const int z0, const int c0, const int x1, const int y1, const int z1, const int c1, const T val, const float opacity=1)

Draw a filled 4d rectangle.

• template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_rectangle (const int x0, const int y0, const int z0, const int x1, const int y1, const int z1, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1)

Draw a filled 3d rectangle.

template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_rectangle (const int x0, const int y0, const int z0, const int x1, const int y1, const int z1, const tc \*const color, const float opacity, const unsigned int pattern)

Draw an outlined 3d rectangle [overloading].

template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_rectangle (const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1)

Draw a filled 2d rectangle.

• template<typename tc >

Clmg< T> & draw\_rectangle (const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const tc \*const color, const float opacity, const unsigned int pattern)

Draw a outlined 2d rectangle [overloading].

• template<typename t , typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_polygon (const Clmg< t > &points, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1)

Draw a filled 2d polygon.

• template<typename t , typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_polygon (const Clmg< t > &points, const tc \*const color, const float opacity, const unsigned int pattern)

Draw a outlined 2d polygon [overloading].

• template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_ellipse (const int x0, const int y0, const float r1, const float r2, const float angle, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1)

Draw a filled 2d ellipse.

• template<typename t , typename tc >

 $CImg < T > \& draw_ellipse$  (const int x0, const int y0, const CImg < t > & tensor, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1)

Draw a filled 2d ellipse [overloading].

• template<typename tc >

Clmg< T> & draw\_ellipse (const int x0, const int y0, const float r1, const float r2, const float angle, const tc \*const color, const float opacity, const unsigned int pattern)

Draw an outlined 2d ellipse.

• template<typename t , typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_ellipse (const int x0, const int y0, const Clmg< t > &tensor, const tc \*const color, const float opacity, const unsigned int pattern)

Draw an outlined 2d ellipse [overloading].

template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw circle (const int x0, const int y0, int radius, const to \*const color, const float opacity=1)

Draw a filled 2d circle.

template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_circle (const int x0, const int y0, int radius, const tc \*const color, const float opacity, const unsigned int pattern)

Draw an outlined 2d circle.

• template<typename t >

Clmg< T > & draw\_image (const int x0, const int y0, const int z0, const int c0, const Clmg< t > &sprite, const float opacity=1)

Draw an image.

Clmg< T > & draw\_image (const int x0, const int y0, const int z0, const int c0, const Clmg< T > &sprite, const float opacity=1)

Draw an image [specialization].

template<typename t >

 $Clmg < T > \& draw_image$  (const int x0, const int y0, const int z0, const Clmg < t > &sprite, const float opacity=1)

Draw an image [overloading].

template<typename t >

Clmg< T > & draw\_image (const int x0, const int y0, const Clmg< t > &sprite, const float opacity=1)

Draw an image [overloading].

• template<typename t >

Clmg< T > & draw image (const int x0, const Clmg< t > &sprite, const float opacity=1)

Draw an image [overloading].

template<typename t >

Clmg< T > & draw\_image (const Clmg< t > &sprite, const float opacity=1)

Draw an image [overloading].

• template<typename ti , typename tm >

Clmg< T > & draw\_image (const int x0, const int y0, const int z0, const int c0, const Clmg< ti > &sprite, const Clmg< tm > &mask, const float opacity=1, const float mask\_max\_value=1)

Draw a masked image.

• template<typename ti , typename tm >

Clmg< T > & draw\_image (const int x0, const int y0, const int z0, const Clmg< ti > &sprite, const Clmg< tm > &mask, const float opacity=1, const float mask\_max\_value=1)

Draw a masked image [overloading].

ullet template<typename ti , typename tm >

 $CImg < T > \& draw_image (const int x0, const int y0, const <math>CImg < ti > \& sprite, const <math>CImg < tm > \& mask, const float opacity=1, const float mask_max_value=1)$ 

Draw a image [overloading].

• template<typename ti , typename tm >

Clmg< T > & draw\_image (const int x0, const Clmg< ti > &sprite, const Clmg< tm > &mask, const float opacity=1, const float mask\_max\_value=1)

Draw a image [overloading].

• template<typename ti , typename tm >

 $\label{eq:clmg} $$\operatorname{CImg}< T > \& draw\_image (const \ Clmg < ti > \& sprite, \ const \ Clmg < tm > \& mask, \ const \ float \ opacity=1, \ const \ float \ mask\_max\_value=1)$$ 

Draw an image.

- template<typename tc1 , typename tc2 , typename t >

Clmg< T > & draw\_text (const int x0, const int y0, const char \*const text, const tc1 \*const foreground\_color, const tc2 \*const background\_color, const float opacity, const ClmgList< t > &font,...)

Draw a text string.

ullet template<typename tc , typename t >

Clmg< T > & draw\_text (const int x0, const int y0, const char \*const text, const to \*const foreground\_color, const int, const float opacity, const ClmgList< t > &font,...)

Draw a text string [overloading].

template<typename tc , typename t >

Clmg< T > & draw\_text (const int x0, const int y0, const char \*const text, const int, const tc \*const background\_color, const float opacity, const ClmgList< t > &font,...)

Draw a text string [overloading].

• template<typename tc1 , typename tc2 >

Clmg< T > & draw\_text (const int x0, const int y0, const char \*const text, const tc1 \*const foreground\_color, const tc2 \*const background\_color, const float opacity=1, const unsigned int font\_height=13,...)

Draw a text string [overloading].

• template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_text (const int x0, const int y0, const char \*const text, const tc \*const foreground\_color, const int background\_color=0, const float opacity=1, const unsigned int font\_height=13,...)

Draw a text string [overloading].

template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_text (const int x0, const int y0, const char \*const text, const int, const tc \*const background\_color, const float opacity=1, const unsigned int font\_height=13,...)

Draw a text string [overloading].

• template<typename t1 , typename t2 >

Clmg< T > & draw\_quiver (const Clmg< t1 > &flow, const t2 \*const color, const float opacity=1, const unsigned int sampling=25, const float factor=-20, const bool is\_arrow=true, const unsigned int pattern= $\sim$ 0U)

Draw a 2d vector field.

• template<typename t1 , typename t2 >

Clmg< T > & draw\_quiver (const Clmg< t1 > &flow, const Clmg< t2 > &color, const float opacity=1, const unsigned int sampling=25, const float factor=-20, const bool is\_arrow=true, const unsigned int pattern= $\sim$ 0U)

Draw a 2d vector field, using a field of colors.

• template<typename t , typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_axis (const Clmg< t > &values\_x, const int y, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1, const unsigned int pattern= $\sim$ 0U, const unsigned int font\_height=13, const bool allow\_zero=true)

Draw a labeled horizontal axis.

• template<typename t , typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_axis (const int x, const Clmg< t > &values\_y, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1, const unsigned int pattern= $\sim$ 0U, const unsigned int font\_height=13, const bool allow\_zero=true)

Draw a labeled vertical axis.

- template<typename tx , typename ty , typename tc>

Clmg< T > & draw\_axes (const Clmg< tx > &values\_x, const Clmg< ty > &values\_y, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1, const unsigned int pattern\_x= $\sim$ 0U, const unsigned int pattern\_y= $\sim$ 0U, const unsigned int font height=13, const bool allow zero=true)

Draw labeled horizontal and vertical axes.

template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_axes (const float x0, const float x1, const float y0, const float y1, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1, const int subdivisionx=-60, const int subdivisiony=-60, const float precisionx=0, const float precisiony=0, const unsigned int pattern\_x= $\sim$ 0U, const unsigned int pattern\_y= $\sim$ 0U, const unsigned int font\_height=13)

Draw labeled horizontal and vertical axes [overloading].

template<typename tx , typename ty , typename tc >
 Clmg< T > & draw\_grid (const Clmg< tx > &values\_x, const Clmg< ty > &values\_y, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1, const unsigned int pattern\_x=~0U, const unsigned int pattern\_y=~0U)

Draw 2d grid.

• template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_grid (const float delta\_x, const float delta\_y, const float offsetx, const float offsety, const bool inverty, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1, const unsigned int pattern\_x= $\sim$ 0-U, const unsigned int pattern y= $\sim$ 0U)

Draw 2d grid [simplification].

• template<typename t , typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_graph (const Clmg< t > &data, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1, const unsigned int plot\_type=1, const int vertex\_type=1, const double ymin=0, const double ymax=0, const unsigned int pattern= $\sim$ 0U)

Draw 1d graph.

• template<typename tc , typename t >

Clmg< T > & draw\_fill (const int x, const int y, const int z, const tc \*const color, const float opacity, Clmg< t > & region, const float sigma=0, const bool is high connexity=false)

Draw filled 3d region with the flood fill algorithm.

template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_fill (const int x, const int y, const int z, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1, const float sigma=0, const bool is high connexity=false)

Draw filled 3d region with the flood fill algorithm [simplification].

• template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_fill (const int x, const int y, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1, const float sigma=0, const bool is\_high\_connexity=false)

Draw filled 2d region with the flood fill algorithm [simplification].

Clmg< T > & draw\_plasma (const float alpha=1, const float beta=0, const unsigned int scale=8)

Draw a random plasma texture.

• template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_mandelbrot (const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const Clmg< tc > &colormap, const float opacity=1, const double z0r=-2, const double z0i=-2, const double z1r=2, const double z1i=2, const unsigned int iteration\_max=255, const bool is\_normalized\_iteration=false, const bool is\_julia\_set=false, const double param r=0, const double param r=0.

Draw a quadratic Mandelbrot or Julia 2d fractal.

template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_mandelbrot (const Clmg< tc > &colormap, const float opacity=1, const double z0r=-2, const double z1r=2, const double z1i=2, const unsigned int iteration\_max=255, const bool is\_normalized\_iteration=false, const bool is\_julia\_set=false, const double param\_r=0, const double param i=0)

Draw a quadratic Mandelbrot or Julia 2d fractal [overloading].

template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_gaussian (const float xc, const float sigma, const to \*const color, const float opacity=1)

Draw a 1d gaussian function.

• template<typename t , typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_gaussian (const float xc, const float yc, const Clmg< t > &tensor, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1)

Draw a 2d gaussian function.

• template<typename tc >

Clmg< T> & draw\_gaussian (const int xc, const int yc, const float r1, const float r2, const float ru, const float rv, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1)

Draw a 2d gaussian function [overloading].

template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_gaussian (const float xc, const float yc, const float sigma, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1)

Draw a 2d gaussian function [overloading].

• template<typename t , typename tc >

 $CImg < T > \& draw_gaussian$  (const float xc, const float yc, const float zc, const CImg < t > & tensor, const to \*const color, const float opacity=1)

Draw a 3d gaussian function [overloading].

• template<typename tc >

Clmg< T > & draw\_gaussian (const float xc, const float yc, const float zc, const float sigma, const tc \*const color, const float opacity=1)

Draw a 3d gaussian function [overloading].

• template<typename tp , typename tf , typename tc , typename to >

Clmg< T > & draw\_object3d (const float x0, const float y0, const float z0, const Clmg< tp > &vertices, const ClmgList< tf > &primitives, const ClmgList< tc > &colors, const Clmg< to > &opacities, const unsigned int render\_type=4, const bool is\_double\_sided=false, const float focale=700, const float lightx=0, const float lighty=0, const float lightz=-5e8, const float specular lightness=0.2f, const float specular shininess=0.1f)

Draw a 3d object.

template<typename tp , typename tf , typename tc , typename to , typename tz >
 CImg< T > & draw\_object3d (const float x0, const float y0, const float z0, const CImg< tp > &vertices, const
 CImgList< tf > &primitives, const CImgList< tc > &colors, const CImg< to > &opacities, const unsigned
 int render\_type, const bool is\_double\_sided, const float focale, const float lightx, const float lighty, const float
 lightz, const float specular\_lightness, const float specular\_shininess, CImg< tz > &zbuffer)

Draw a 3d object [simplification].

• template<typename tp , typename tf , typename tc , typename to >

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{CImg} < \text{T} > \& \ draw\_object3d \ (const \ float \ x0, \ const \ float \ y0, \ const \ float \ z0, \ const \ CImg < tp > \& \ vertices, \ const \ CImg < tp > \& \ vertices, \ const \ CImg \ const \ float \ y0, \ const \ float \ z0, \ const \ float \ z0, \ const \ float \ unsigned \ int \ render\_type=4, \ const \ bool \ is\_double\_sided=false, \ const \ float \ focale=700, \ const \ float \ lightx=0, \ const \ float \ lighty=0, \ const \ float \ lighty=0, \ const \ float \ lighty=0.2f, \ const \ float \ specular\_shininess=0.1f) \end{aligned}$ 

Draw a 3d object [simplification].

template<typename tp , typename tf , typename tc , typename tc , typename tz >
 CImg< T > & draw\_object3d (const float x0, const float y0, const float z0, const CImg< tp > &vertices, const
 CImgList< tf > &primitives, const CImgList< tc > &colors, const CImgList< to > &opacities, const unsigned int render\_type, const bool is\_double\_sided, const float focale, const float lightx, const float lighty, const float lightz, const float specular\_lightness, const float specular\_shininess, CImg< tz > &zbuffer)

Draw a 3d object [simplification].

- template < typename tp , typename tf , typename tc >

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{CImg} < \text{T} > \& \ draw\_object3d \ (const \ float \ x0, \ const \ float \ y0, \ const \ float \ z0, \ const \ CImg < tp > \& \ vertices, \ const \ CImg < tp > \& \ vertices, \ const \ CImg < tp > \& \ vertices, \ const \ CImg < tp > \& \ vertices, \ const \ const \ float \ light < tc > \& \ const \ float \ light < label{eq:const} \\ & \ double\_sided=false, \ const \ float \ focale=700, \ const \ float \ light < label{eq:const} \\ & \ const \ float \ specular\_lightness=0.2f, \ const \ float \ specular\_shininess=0.1f) \\ \end{array}$ 

Draw a 3d object [simplification].

- template<typename tp , typename tf , typename tc , typename tz >

Clmg< T > & draw\_object3d (const float x0, const float y0, const float z0, const Clmg< tp > &vertices, const ClmgList< tf > &primitives, const ClmgList< tc > &colors, const unsigned int render\_type, const bool is\_double\_sided, const float focale, const float lightx, const float lighty, const float lightz, const float specular\_lightness, const float specular\_shininess, Clmg< tz > &zbuffer)

Draw a 3d object [simplification].

# **Data Input**

- Clmg< T > & select (ClmgDisplay &disp, const unsigned int feature\_type=2, unsigned int \*const XYZ=0)
   Launch simple interface to select a shape from an image.
- Clmg< T > & select (const char \*const title, const unsigned int feature\_type=2, unsigned int \*const XYZ=0)

  Simple interface to select a shape from an image [overloading].
- Clmg< intT > get\_select (ClmgDisplay &disp, const unsigned int feature\_type=2, unsigned int \*const XY-Z=0) const

Simple interface to select a shape from an image [new-instance version].

• Clmg< intT > get\_select (const char \*const title, const unsigned int feature\_type=2, unsigned int \*const XYZ=0) const

Simple interface to select a shape from an image [new-instance version].

• Clmg< intT > get\_select\_graph (ClmgDisplay &disp, const unsigned int plot\_type=1, const unsigned int vertex\_type=1, const char \*const labelx=0, const double xmin=0, const double xmax=0, const char \*const labely=0, const double ymin=0, const double ymax=0) const

Select sub-graph in a graph.

Clmg< T > & load (const char \*const filename)

Load image from a file.

Clmg< T > & load ascii (const char \*const filename)

Load image from an ascii file.

Clmg< T > & load ascii (std::FILE \*const file)

Load image from an ascii file [overloading].

Clmg< T > & load\_dlm (const char \*const filename)

Load image from a DLM file.

Clmg< T > & load dlm (std::FILE \*const file)

Load image from a DLM file [overloading].

Clmg< T > & load\_bmp (const char \*const filename)

Load image from a BMP file.

Clmg< T > & load\_bmp (std::FILE \*const file)

Load image from a BMP file [overloading].

• Clmg< T > & load jpeg (const char \*const filename)

Load image from a JPEG file.

Clmg< T > & load\_jpeg (std::FILE \*const file)

Load image from a JPEG file [overloading].

Clmg< T > & load\_magick (const char \*const filename)

Load image from a file, using Magick++ library.

Clmg< T > & load\_png (const char \*const filename)

Load image from a PNG file.

Clmg< T > & load png (std::FILE \*const file)

Load image from a PNG file [overloading].

Clmg< T > & load\_pnm (const char \*const filename)

Load image from a PNM file.

Clmg< T > & load\_pnm (std::FILE \*const file)

Load image from a PNM file [overloading].

Clmg< T > & load\_pfm (const char \*const filename)

Load image from a PFM file.

Clmg< T > & load\_pfm (std::FILE \*const file)

Load image from a PFM file [overloading].

- Clmg< T > & load\_rgb (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int dimw, const unsigned int dimh=1)
   Load image from a RGB file.
- Clmg< T > & load\_rgb (std::FILE \*const file, const unsigned int dimw, const unsigned int dimh=1)

Load image from a RGB file [overloading].

- Clmg< T > & load\_rgba (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int dimw, const unsigned int dimh=1)
   Load image from a RGBA file.
- Clmg< T > & load\_rgba (std::FILE \*const file, const unsigned int dimw, const unsigned int dimh=1)

Load image from a RGBA file [overloading].

Clmg< T > & load\_tiff (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int first\_frame=0, const unsigned int last\_frame=~0U, const unsigned int step\_frame=1)

Load image from a TIFF file.

Clmg< T > & load minc2 (const char \*const filename)

Load image from a MINC2 file.

• Clmg< T > & load analyze (const char \*const filename, float \*const voxel size=0)

Load image from an ANALYZE7.5/NIFTI file.

• Clmg< T > & load\_analyze (std::FILE \*const file, float \*const voxel\_size=0)

Load image from an ANALYZE7.5/NIFTI file [overloading].

Clmg< T > & load cimg (const char \*const filename, const char axis='z', const float align=0)

Load image from a .cimg[z] file.

Clmg< T > & load\_cimg (std::FILE \*const file, const char axis='z', const float align=0)

Load image from a .cimg[z] file [overloading].

• Clmg< T > & load\_cimg (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int n0, const unsigned int n1, const unsigned int x0, const unsigned int y0, const unsigned int z0, const unsigned int c0, const unsigned int x1, const unsigned int y1, const unsigned int z1, const unsigned int c1, const char axis='z', const float align=0)

Load sub-images of a .cimg file.

• Clmg< T > & load\_cimg (std::FILE \*const file, const unsigned int n0, const unsigned int n1, const unsigned int x0, const unsigned int y0, const unsigned int z0, const unsigned int c0, const unsigned int x1, const unsigned int y1, const unsigned int z1, const unsigned int c1, const char axis='z', const float align=0)

Load sub-images of a .cimg file [overloading].

Clmg< T > & load inr (const char \*const filename, float \*const voxel size=0)

Load image from an INRIMAGE-4 file.

Clmg< T > & load\_inr (std::FILE \*const file, float \*const voxel\_size=0)

Load image from an INRIMAGE-4 file [overloading].

• Clmg< T > & load exr (const char \*const filename)

Load image from a EXR file.

Clmg< T > & load pandore (const char \*const filename)

Load image from a PANDORE-5 file.

Clmg< T > & load\_pandore (std::FILE \*const file)

Load image from a PANDORE-5 file [overloading].

• Clmg< T > & load\_parrec (const char \*const filename, const char axis='c', const float align=0)

Load image from a PAR-REC (Philips) file.

• Clmg< T > & load\_raw (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int size\_x=0, const unsigned int size\_y=1, const unsigned int size\_z=1, const unsigned int size\_c=1, const bool is\_multiplexed=false, const bool invert\_endianness=false, const unsigned long offset=0)

Load image from a raw binary file.

Clmg< T > & load\_raw (std::FILE \*const file, const unsigned int size\_x=0, const unsigned int size\_y=1, const unsigned int size\_z=1, const unsigned int size\_c=1, const bool is\_multiplexed=false, const bool invert\_endianness=false, const unsigned long offset=0)

Load image from a raw binary file [overloading].

Clmg< T > & load\_ffmpeg (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int first\_frame=0, const unsigned int last\_frame=~0U, const unsigned int step\_frame=1, const bool pixel\_format=true, const bool resume=false, const char axis='z', const float align=0)

Load image sequence using FFMPEG av's libraries.

Clmg< T > & load\_yuv (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y=1, const unsigned int first\_frame=0, const unsigned int last\_frame=~0U, const unsigned int step\_frame=1, const bool yuv2rgb=true, const char axis='z')

Load image sequence from a YUV file.

Clmg< T > & load\_yuv (std::FILE \*const file, const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y=1, const unsigned int first\_frame=0, const unsigned int last\_frame=~0U, const unsigned int step\_frame=1, const bool yuv2rgb=true, const char axis='z')

Load image sequence from a YUV file [overloading].

- template<typename tf , typename tc >

Clmg< T > & load off (ClmgList< tf > &primitives, ClmgList< tc > &colors, const char \*const filename)

Load 3d object from a .OFF file.

• template<typename tf , typename tc >

Clmg< T > & load off (ClmgList< tf > &primitives, ClmgList< tc > &colors, std::FILE \*const file)

Load 3d object from a .OFF file [overloading].

• Clmg< T > & load\_ffmpeg\_external (const char \*const filename, const char axis='z', const float align=0)

Load image sequence using FFMPEG's external tool 'ffmpeg'.

Clmg< T > & load\_gif\_external (const char \*const filename, const char axis='z', const float align=0)

Load gif file, using Imagemagick or GraphicsMagicks's external tools.

Clmg< T > & load\_graphicsmagick\_external (const char \*const filename)

Load image using GraphicsMagick's external tool 'gm'.

Clmg< T > & load\_gzip\_external (const char \*const filename)

Load gzipped image file, using external tool 'gunzip'.

Clmg< T > & load\_imagemagick\_external (const char \*const filename)

Load image using ImageMagick's external tool 'convert'.

Clmg< T > & load medcon external (const char \*const filename)

Load image from a DICOM file, using XMedcon's external tool 'medcon'.

Clmg< T > & load dcraw external (const char \*const filename)

Load image from a RAW Color Camera file, using external tool 'dcraw'.

• Clmg< T > & load\_camera (const unsigned int camera\_index=0, const unsigned int skip\_frames=0, const bool release\_camera=true, const unsigned int capture\_width=0, const unsigned int capture\_height=0)

Load image from a camera stream, using OpenCV.

• Clmg< T > & load other (const char \*const filename)

Load image using various non-native ways.

static Clmg< T > get load (const char \*const filename)

Load image from a file [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get load ascii (const char \*const filename)

Load image from an ascii file [in-place version].

static Clmg< T > get\_load\_ascii (std::FILE \*const file)

Loadimage from an ascii file [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get load dlm (const char \*const filename)

Load image from a DLM file [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get\_load\_dlm (std::FILE \*const file)

Load image from a DLM file [new-instance version].

static CImg< T > get\_load\_bmp (const char \*const filename)

Load image from a BMP file [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get\_load\_bmp (std::FILE \*const file)

Load image from a BMP file [new-instance version].

static CImg< T > get\_load\_jpeg (const char \*const filename)

Load image from a JPEG file [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get\_load\_jpeg (std::FILE \*const file)

Load image from a JPEG file [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get\_load\_magick (const char \*const filename)

Load image from a file, using Magick++ library [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get\_load\_png (const char \*const filename)

Load image from a PNG file [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get\_load\_png (std::FILE \*const file)

Load image from a PNG file [new-instance version].

static CImg< T > get\_load\_pnm (const char \*const filename)

Load image from a PNM file [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get\_load\_pnm (std::FILE \*const file)

Load image from a PNM file [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get\_load\_pfm (const char \*const filename)

Load image from a PFM file [new-instance version].

• static Clmg< T > get\_load\_pfm (std::FILE \*const file)

Load image from a PFM file [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get\_load\_rgb (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int dimw, const unsigned int dimh=1)

Load image from a RGB file [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get\_load\_rgb (std::FILE \*const file, const unsigned int dimw, const unsigned int dimh=1)
 Load image from a RGB file [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get\_load\_rgba (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int dimw, const unsigned int dimh=1)

Load image from a RGBA file [new-instance version].

• static Clmg< T > get\_load\_rgba (std::FILE \*const file, const unsigned int dimw, const unsigned int dimh=1)

Load image from a RGBA file [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get\_load\_tiff (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int first\_frame=0, const unsigned int last frame=~0U, const unsigned int step frame=1)

Load image from a TIFF file [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get\_load\_minc2 (const char \*const filename)

Load image from a MINC2 file [new-instance version].

static CImg< T > get\_load\_analyze (const char \*const filename, float \*const voxel\_size=0)

Load image from an ANALYZE7.5/NIFTI file [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get\_load\_analyze (std::FILE \*const file, float \*const voxel\_size=0)

Load image from an ANALYZE7.5/NIFTI file [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get\_load\_cimg (const char \*const filename, const char axis='z', const float align=0)

Load image from a .cimg[z] file [new-instance version]

static CImg < T > get load cimg (std::FILE \*const file, const char axis='z', const float align=0)

Load image from a .cimg[z] file [new-instance version]

static CImg
 T > get\_load\_cimg (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int n0, const unsigned int n1, const unsigned int x0, const unsigned int y0, const unsigned int z0, const unsigned int c0, const unsigned int x1, const unsigned int y1, const unsigned int z1, const unsigned int c1, const char axis='z', const float align=0)

Load sub-images of a .cimg file [new-instance version].

• static Clmg< T > get\_load\_cimg (std::FILE \*const file, const unsigned int n0, const unsigned int n1, const unsigned int x0, const unsigned int y0, const unsigned int z0, const unsigned int c0, const unsigned int x1, const unsigned int y1, const unsigned int z1, const unsigned int c1, const char axis='z', const float align=0)

Load sub-images of a .cimg file [new-instance version].

• static Clmg< T > get\_load\_inr (const char \*const filename, float \*const voxel\_size=0)

Load image from an INRIMAGE-4 file [new-instance version].

• static Clmg< T > get\_load\_inr (std::FILE \*const file, float \*voxel\_size=0)

Load image from an INRIMAGE-4 file [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get load exr (const char \*const filename)

Load image from a EXR file [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get\_load\_pandore (const char \*const filename)

Load image from a PANDORE-5 file [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get\_load\_pandore (std::FILE \*const file)

Load image from a PANDORE-5 file [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get\_load\_parrec (const char \*const filename, const char axis='c', const float align=0)

Load image from a PAR-REC (Philips) file [new-instance version].

• static Clmg < T > get\_load\_raw (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int size\_x=0, const unsigned int size\_y=1, const unsigned int size\_z=1, const unsigned int size\_c=1, const bool is\_multiplexed=false, const bool invert\_endianness=false, const unsigned long offset=0)

Load image from a raw binary file [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get\_load\_raw (std::FILE \*const file, const unsigned int size\_x=0, const unsigned int size\_y=1, const unsigned int size\_z=1, const unsigned int size\_c=1, const bool is\_multiplexed=false, const bool invert\_endianness=false, const unsigned long offset=0)

Load image from a raw binary file [new-instance version].

• static Clmg< T > get\_load\_ffmpeg (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int first\_frame=0, const unsigned int last\_frame=~0U, const unsigned int step\_frame=1, const bool pixel\_format=true, const bool resume=false, const char axis='z', const float align=0)

Load image sequence using FFMPEG av's libraries [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get\_load\_yuv (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y=1, const unsigned int first\_frame=0, const unsigned int last\_frame=~0U, const unsigned int step\_frame=1, const bool yuv2rgb=true, const char axis='z')

Load image sequence from a YUV file [new-instance version].

static CImg< T > get\_load\_yuv (std::FILE \*const file, const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y=1, const unsigned int first\_frame=0, const unsigned int last\_frame=~0U, const unsigned int step\_frame=1, const bool yuv2rgb=true, const char axis='z')

Load image sequence from a YUV file [new-instance version].

template<typename tf , typename tc >
 static Clmg< T > get\_load\_off (ClmgList< tf > &primitives, ClmgList< tc > &colors, const char \*const filename)

Load 3d object from a .OFF file [new-instance version].

template<typename tf, typename tc >
 static Clmg< T > get\_load\_off (ClmgList< tf > &primitives, ClmgList< tc > &colors, std::FILE \*const file)
 Load 3d object from a .OFF file [new-instance version].

 static Clmg< T > get\_load\_ffmpeg\_external (const char \*const filename, const char axis='z', const float align=0)

Load image sequence using FFMPEG's external tool 'ffmpeg' [new-instance version].

static Clmg
 T > get\_load\_gif\_external (const char \*const filename, const char axis='z', const float align=0)

Load gif file, using ImageMagick or GraphicsMagick's external tool 'convert' [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get\_load\_graphicsmagick\_external (const char \*const filename)

Load image using GraphicsMagick's external tool 'gm' [new-instance version].

- static Clmg< T > get\_load\_gzip\_external (const char \*const filename)

Load gzipped image file, using external tool 'gunzip' [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get\_load\_imagemagick\_external (const char \*const filename)

Load image using ImageMagick's external tool 'convert' [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get\_load\_medcon\_external (const char \*const filename)

Load image from a DICOM file, using XMedcon's external tool 'medcon' [new-instance version].

• static Clmg < T > get load dcraw external (const char \*const filename)

Load image from a RAW Color Camera file, using external tool 'dcraw' [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get\_load\_camera (const unsigned int camera\_index=0, const unsigned int skip\_frames=0, const bool release\_camera=true, const unsigned int capture\_width=0, const unsigned int capture\_height=0)

Load image from a camera stream, using OpenCV [new-instance version].

static Clmg< T > get\_load\_other (const char \*const filename)

Load image using various non-native ways [new-instance version].

# **Data Output**

- const CImg < T > & print (const char \*const title=0, const bool display\_stats=true) const
   Display informations about the image data.
- const Clmg
   T > & display (ClmgDisplay &disp) const

Display image into a ClmgDisplay window.

- const Clmg< T > & display (ClmgDisplay &disp, const bool display\_info, unsigned int \*const XYZ=0) const Display image into a ClmgDisplay window, in an interactive way.
- const CImg< T > & display (const char \*const title=0, const bool display\_info=true, unsigned int \*const XYZ=0) const

Display image into an interactive window.

template<typename tp , typename tf , typename tc , typename to >
 const Clmg
 T > & display\_object3d (ClmgDisplay &disp, const Clmg
 tp > &vertices, const ClmgList
 tf > &primitives, const ClmgList
 tc > &colors, const to &opacities, const bool centering=true, const int render\_static=4, const int render\_motion=1, const bool is\_double\_sided=true, const float focale=700, const float light\_x=0, const float light\_y=0, const float light\_z=-5e8f, const float specular\_lightness=0.2f, const float specular\_shininess=0.1f, const bool display axes=true, float \*const pose matrix=0) const

Display object 3d in an interactive window.

template<typename tp , typename tf , typename tc , typename to >
 const Clmg< T > & display\_object3d (const char \*const title, const Clmg< tp > & vertices, const ClmgList<
 tf > & primitives, const ClmgList< tc > & colors, const to & opacities, const bool centering=true, const int render\_static=4, const int render\_motion=1, const bool is\_double\_sided=true, const float focale=700, const float light\_x=0, const float light\_y=0, const float light\_z=-5e8f, const float specular\_lightness=0.2f, const float specular\_shininess=0.1f, const bool display axes=true, float \*const pose matrix=0) const

Display object 3d in an interactive window [simplification].

• template<typename tp , typename tf , typename tc > const Clmg< T > & display\_object3d (ClmgDisplay &disp, const Clmg< tp > &vertices, const ClmgList< tf > &primitives, const ClmgList< tc > &colors, const bool centering=true, const int render\_static=4, const int render\_motion=1, const bool is\_double\_sided=true, const float focale=700, const float light\_x=0, const float light\_y=0, const float light\_z=-5e8f, const float specular\_lightness=0.2f, const float specular\_shininess=0.1f, const bool display\_axes=true, float \*const pose\_matrix=0) const

Display object 3d in an interactive window [simplification].

template<typename tp , typename tf , typename tc >
 const Clmg< T > & display\_object3d (const char \*const title, const Clmg< tp > &vertices, const ClmgList<
 tf > &primitives, const ClmgList< tc > &colors, const bool centering=true, const int render\_static=4, const int render\_motion=1, const bool is\_double\_sided=true, const float focale=700, const float light\_x=0, const float light\_y=0, const float light\_z=-5e8f, const float specular\_lightness=0.2f, const float specular\_shininess=0.1f, const bool display axes=true, float \*const pose matrix=0) const

Display object 3d in an interactive window [simplification].

template<typename tp , typename tf >
 const Clmg< T > & display\_object3d (ClmgDisplay &disp, const Clmg< tp > &vertices, const ClmgList
 tf > &primitives, const bool centering=true, const int render\_static=4, const int render\_motion=1, const bool is\_double\_sided=true, const float focale=700, const float light\_x=0, const float light\_y=0, const float light\_z=-5e8f, const float specular\_lightness=0.2f, const float specular\_shininess=0.1f, const bool display\_axes=true, float \*const pose matrix=0) const

Display object 3d in an interactive window [simplification].

template<typename tp , typename tf >
 const Clmg< T > & display\_object3d (const char \*const title, const Clmg< tp > &vertices, const ClmgList
 tf > &primitives, const bool centering=true, const int render\_static=4, const int render\_motion=1, const bool is\_double\_sided=true, const float focale=700, const float light\_x=0, const float light\_y=0, const float light\_z=5e8f, const float specular\_lightness=0.2f, const float specular\_shininess=0.1f, const bool display\_axes=true, float \*const pose\_matrix=0) const

Display object 3d in an interactive window [simplification].

template<typename tp >
 const Clmg< T > & display\_object3d (ClmgDisplay &disp, const Clmg< tp > &vertices, const bool centering=true, const int render\_static=4, const int render\_motion=1, const bool is\_double\_sided=true, const float focale=700, const float light\_x=0, const float light\_y=0, const float light\_z=-5e8f, const float specular\_lightness=0.2f, const float specular\_shininess=0.1f, const bool display\_axes=true, float \*const pose\_matrix=0) const

Display object 3d in an interactive window [simplification].

template<typename tp >
 const Clmg< T > & display\_object3d (const char \*const title, const Clmg< tp > &vertices, const bool centering=true, const int render\_static=4, const int render\_motion=1, const bool is\_double\_sided=true, const float focale=700, const float light\_x=0, const float light\_y=0, const float light\_z=-5e8f, const float specular\_lightness=0.2f, const float specular\_shininess=0.1f, const bool display\_axes=true, float \*const pose\_matrix=0) const

Display object 3d in an interactive window [simplification].

• const Clmg< T > & display\_graph (ClmgDisplay &disp, const unsigned int plot\_type=1, const unsigned int vertex\_type=1, const char \*const labelx=0, const double xmin=0, const double xmax=0, const char \*const labely=0, const double ymin=0, const double ymax=0) const

Display 1d graph in an interactive window.

• const Clmg < T > & display\_graph (const char \*const title=0, const unsigned int plot\_type=1, const unsigned int vertex\_type=1, const char \*const labelx=0, const double xmin=0, const double xmax=0, const char \*const labely=0, const double ymin=0, const double ymax=0) const

Display 1d graph in an interactive window [overloading].

- const Clmg < T > & save (const char \*const filename, const int number=-1, const unsigned int digits=6) const Save image as a file.
- const Clmg< T > & save\_ascii (const char \*const filename) const

Save image as an ascii file.

const Clmg< T > & save ascii (std::FILE \*const file) const

Save image as an ascii file [overloading].

const Clmg< T > & save\_cpp (const char \*const filename) const

Save image as a .cpp source file.

const Clmg< T > & save\_cpp (std::FILE \*const file) const

Save image as a .cpp source file [overloading].

const Clmg< T > & save\_dlm (const char \*const filename) const

Save image as a DLM file.

const Clmg< T > & save\_dlm (std::FILE \*const file) const

Save image as a DLM file [overloading].

const Clmg< T > & save\_bmp (const char \*const filename) const

Save image as a BMP file.

const Clmg< T > & save\_bmp (std::FILE \*const file) const

Save image as a BMP file [overloading].

- const Clmg< T > & save\_jpeg (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int quality=100) const
   Save image as a JPEG file.
- const Clmg < T > & save\_jpeg (std::FILE \*const file, const unsigned int quality=100) const
   Save image as a JPEG file [overloading].
- const Clmg < T > & save\_magick (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int bytes\_per\_pixel=0) const Save image, using built-in ImageMagick++ library.
- const Clmg< T > & save\_png (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int bytes\_per\_pixel=0) const Save image as a PNG file.
- const CImg < T > & save\_png (std::FILE \*const file, const unsigned int bytes\_per\_pixel=0) const
   Save image as a PNG file [overloading].
- const Clmg < T > & save\_pnm (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int bytes\_per\_pixel=0) const
   Save image as a PNM file.
- const CImg < T > & save\_pnm (std::FILE \*const file, const unsigned int bytes\_per\_pixel=0) const
   Save image as a PNM file [overloading].
- const CImg< T > & save\_pnk (const char \*const filename) const
  - Save image as a PNK file.

Save image as a PNK file [overloading].

• const Clmg< T > & save pfm (const char \*const filename) const

Save image as a PFM file.

const Clmg< T > & save\_pfm (std::FILE \*const file) const

const Clmg< T > & save pnk (std::FILE \*const file) const

Save image as a PFM file [overloading].

const Clmg< T > & save\_rgb (const char \*const filename) const

Save image as a RGB file.

const Clmg< T > & save\_rgb (std::FILE \*const file) const

Save image as a RGB file [overloading].

const Clmg< T > & save\_rgba (const char \*const filename) const

Save image as a RGBA file.

const Clmg< T > & save\_rgba (std::FILE \*const file) const

Save image as a RGBA file [overloading].

- const Clmg < T > & save\_tiff (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int compression\_type=0) const
   Save image as a TIFF file.
- const Clmg < T > & save\_minc2 (const char \*const filename, const char \*const imitate\_file=0) const
   Save image as a MINC2 file.
- const Clmg < T > & save\_analyze (const char \*const filename, const float \*const voxel\_size=0) const
   Save image as an ANALYZE7.5 or NIFTI file.
- const Clmg < T > & save\_cimg (const char \*const filename, const bool is\_compressed=false) const
   Save image as a .cimg file.
- const Clmg < T > & save\_cimg (std::FILE \*const file, const bool is\_compressed=false) const
   Save image as a .cimg file [overloading].
- const Clmg< T > & save\_cimg (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int n0, const unsigned int x0, const unsigned int y0, const unsigned int z0, const unsigned int c0) const

Save image as a sub-image into an existing .cimg file.

const Clmg< T > & save\_cimg (std::FILE \*const file, const unsigned int n0, const unsigned int x0, const unsigned int z0, const unsigned int c0) const

Save image as a sub-image into an existing .cimg file [overloading].

- const Clmg< T > & save\_inr (const char \*const filename, const float \*const voxel\_size=0) const
   Save image as an INRIMAGE-4 file.
- const Clmg < T > & save\_inr (std::FILE \*const file, const float \*const voxel\_size=0) const
   Save image as an INRIMAGE-4 file [overloading].
- const Clmg< T > & save\_exr (const char \*const filename) const

Save image as an OpenEXR file.

- const Clmg < T > & save\_pandore (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int colorspace=0) const Save image as a Pandore-5 file.
- const Clmg< T > & save\_pandore (std::FILE \*const file, const unsigned int colorspace=0) const
   Save image as a Pandore-5 file [overloading].
- const Clmg < T > & save\_raw (const char \*const filename, const bool is\_multiplexed=false) const
   Save image as a raw data file.
- const Clmg< T > & save\_raw (std::FILE \*const file, const bool is\_multiplexed=false) const
   Save image as a raw data file [overloading].
- const Clmg< T > & save\_ffmpeg (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int fps=25, const unsigned int bitrate=2048) const

Save image as a video file, using the FFmpeg library.

- const Clmg < T > & save\_yuv (const char \*const filename, const bool is\_rgb=true) const
   Save image as a .yuv video file.
- const Clmg < T > & save\_yuv (std::FILE \*const file, const bool is\_rgb=true) const
   Save image as a .yuv video file [overloading].

• template<typename tf , typename tc >

const CImg < T > & save\_off (const CImgList < tf > &primitives, const CImgList < tc > &colors, const char \*const filename) const

Save 3d object as an Object File Format (.off) file.

template<typename tf, typename tc >
 const Clmg< T > & save\_off (const ClmgList< tf > &primitives, const ClmgList< tc > &colors, std::FILE
 \*const file) const

Save 3d object as an Object File Format (.off) file [overloading].

• const Clmg< T > & save\_ffmpeg\_external (const char \*const filename, const char \*const codec=0, const unsigned int fps=25, const unsigned int bitrate=2048) const

Save volumetric image as a video, using ffmpeg external binary.

const Clmg< T > & save\_gzip\_external (const char \*const filename) const

Save image using gzip external binary.

 const Clmg< T > & save\_graphicsmagick\_external (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int quality=100) const

Save image using GraphicsMagick's external binary.

const Clmg < T > & save\_imagemagick\_external (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int quality=100)
 const

Save image using ImageMagick's external binary.

- const Clmg < T > & save\_medcon\_external (const char \*const filename) const
   Save image as a Dicom file.
- const Clmg< T > & save\_other (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int quality=100) const
- static void save\_empty\_cimg (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int dx, const unsigned int dy=1, const unsigned int dz=1, const unsigned int dc=1)

Save blank image as a .cimg file.

• static void save\_empty\_cimg (std::FILE \*const file, const unsigned int dx, const unsigned int dy=1, const unsigned int dz=1, const unsigned int dz=1)

Save blank image as a .cimg file [overloading].

# 8.1.1 Detailed Description

template<typename T = float>struct cimg\_library::Clmg< T>

Class representing an image (up to 4 dimensions wide), each pixel being of type T.

This is the main class of the Clmg Library. It declares and constructs an image, allows access to its pixel values, and is able to perform various image operations.

Image representation

A CImg image is defined as an instance of the container CImg < T>, which contains a regular grid of pixels, each pixel value being of type T. The image grid can have up to 4 dimensions: width, height, depth and number of channels. Usually, the three first dimensions are used to describe spatial coordinates (x, y, z), while the number of channels is rather used as a vector-valued dimension (it may describe the R,G,B color channels for instance). If you need a fifth dimension, you can use image lists CImgList < T> rather than simple images CImg < T>.

Thus, the CImg < T > class is able to represent volumetric images of vector-valued pixels, as well as images with less dimensions (1d scalar signal, 2d color images, ...). Most member functions of the class CImg < T > are designed to handle this maximum case of (3+1) dimensions.

Concerning the pixel value type T: fully supported template types are the basic C++ types: unsigned char, char, short, unsigned int, int, unsigned long, long, float, double, .... Typically, fast image display can be done using CImg<unsigned char> images, while complex image processing algorithms may be rather coded using CImg<float> or CImg<double> images that have floating-point pixel values. The default value for the template T is float. Using your own template types may be possible. However, you will certainly have to define the complete set of arithmetic and logical operators for your class.

Image structure

The CImg<T> structure contains *six* fields:

• \_width defines the number of *columns* of the image (size along the X-axis).

- \_height defines the number of *rows* of the image (size along the Y-axis).
- \_depth defines the number of *slices* of the image (size along the Z-axis).
- \_spectrum defines the number of channels of the image (size along the C-axis).
- \_data defines a pointer to the pixel data (of type T).
- \_is\_shared is a boolean that tells if the memory buffer data is shared with another image.

You can access these fields publicly although it is recommended to use the dedicated functions width(), height(), depth(), spectrum() and ptr() to do so. Image dimensions are not limited to a specific range (as long as you got enough available memory). A value of 1 usually means that the corresponding dimension is flat. If one of the dimensions is 0, or if the data pointer is null, the image is considered as *empty*. Empty images should not contain any pixel data and thus, will not be processed by Clmg member functions (a ClmgInstanceException will be thrown instead). Pixel data are stored in memory, in a non interlaced mode (See How pixel data are stored with Clmg.).

Image declaration and construction

Declaring an image can be done by using one of the several available constructors. Here is a list of the most used:

- Construct images from arbitrary dimensions:
  - CImg<char> img; declares an empty image.
  - CImg<unsigned char> img(128,128); declares a 128x128 greyscale image with unsigned char pixel values.
  - CImg<double> img(3,3); declares a 3x3 matrix with double coefficients.
  - CImg<unsigned char> img(256,256,1,3); declares a 256x256x1x3 (color) image (colors are stored as an image with three channels).
  - CImg<double> img(128,128,128); declares a 128x128x128 volumetric and greyscale image (with double pixel values).
  - CImg<> img (128, 128, 128, 3); declares a 128x128x128 volumetric color image (with float pixels, which is the default value of the template parameter T).
  - Note: images pixels are not automatically initialized to 0. You may use the function fill() to do it, or use the specific constructor taking 5 parameters like this: CImg<> img(128,128,128,128,3,0); declares a 128x128x128 volumetric color image with all pixel values to 0.
- · Construct images from filenames:
  - CImg<unsigned char> img("image.jpg"); reads a JPEG color image from the file "image.jpg".
  - CImg<float> img("analyze.hdr"); reads a volumetric image (ANALYZE7.5 format) from the file "analyze.hdr".
  - **Note:** You need to install ImageMagick to be able to read common compressed image formats (JPG,PNG, ...) (See Files IO in Clmg.).
- · Construct images from C-style arrays:
  - CImg<int> img(data\_buffer, 256, 256); constructs a 256x256 greyscale image from a int\* buffer data\_buffer (of size 256x256=65536).
  - CImg<unsigned char> img(data\_buffer, 256, 256, 1, 3, false); constructs a 256x256 color image from a unsigned char\* buffer data\_buffer (where R,G,B channels follow each others).
  - CImg<unsigned char> img(data\_buffer, 256, 256, 1, 3, true); constructs a
     256x256 color image from a unsigned char\* buffer data\_buffer (where R,G,B channels are multiplexed).

The complete list of constructors can be found here.

Most useful functions

The CImg<T> class contains a lot of functions that operates on images. Some of the most useful are:

- operator()(): allows to access or write pixel values.
- display(): displays the image in a new window.

# 8.1.2 Member Typedef Documentation

### 8.1.2.1 typedef T\* iterator

Simple iterator type, to loop through each pixel value of an image instance.

Note

- The CImg<T>::iterator type is defined to be a T\*.
- You will seldom have to use iterators in Clmg, most classical operations being achieved (often in a faster way) using methods of Clmg<T>.

# Example

# 8.1.2.2 typedef const T\* const\_iterator

Simple const iterator type, to loop through each pixel value of a const image instance.

Note

- The CImg<T>::const\_iterator type is defined to be a const T\*.
- You will seldom have to use iterators in Clmg, most classical operations being achieved (often in a faster way) using methods of CImg<T>.

## Example

# 8.1.2.3 typedef T value\_type

Pixel value type.

Refer to the type of the pixel values of an image instance.

Note

- The  $CImg<T>::value\_type$  type of a CImg<T> is defined to be a T.
- CImg<T>::value\_type is actually not used in Clmg methods. It has been mainly defined for compatibility with STL naming conventions.

# 8.1.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
8.1.3.1 \simClmg()
```

Destroy image.

Note

- The pixel buffer data() is deallocated if necessary, e.g. for non-empty and non-shared image instances.
- · Destroying an empty or shared image does nothing actually.

# Warning

When destroying a non-shared image, make sure that you will not operate on a remaining shared image
that shares its buffer with the destroyed instance, in order to avoid further invalid memory access (to a
deallocated buffer).

```
8.1.3.2 Clmg()
```

Construct empty image.

Note

- An empty image has no pixel data and all of its dimensions width(), height(), depth(), spectrum() are set to 0, as well as its pixel buffer pointer data().
- An empty image may be re-assigned afterwards, e.g. with the family of assign(unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int) methods, or by operator=(const Clmg<t>&). In all cases, the type of pixels stays T.
- · An empty image is never shared.

# Example

8.1.3.3 Clmg (const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y = 1, const unsigned int size\_z = 1, const unsigned int size\_z = 1, const unsigned int size\_z = 1 (const unsigned int size\_z = 1) [explicit]

Construct image with specified size.

## **Parameters**

size_x	Image width().
size_y	Image height().
size_z	Image depth().
size_c	Image spectrum() (number of channels).

# Note

- It is able to create only *non-shared* images, and allocates thus a pixel buffer data() for each constructed image instance.
- Setting one dimension size\_x,size\_y,size\_z or size\_c to 0 leads to the construction of an *empty* image.
- A CImgInstanceException is thrown when the pixel buffer cannot be allocated (e.g. when requested size is too big for available memory).

## Warning

• The allocated pixel buffer is *not* filled with a default value, and is likely to contain garbage values. In order to initialize pixel values during construction (e.g. with 0), use constructor Clmg(unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,T) instead.

# Example

```
 \label{eq:condition}    \text{CImg<float> img1(256,256,1,3);} \qquad // \text{ Construct a } 256x256x1x3 \text{ (color) image, filled with garbage values.}    \\    \text{CImg<float> img2(256,256,1,3,0);} \qquad // \text{ Construct a } 256x256x1x3 \text{ (color) image, filled with value '0'.}
```

8.1.3.4 CImg ( const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y, const unsigned int size\_z, const unsigned int size\_c, const T value )

Construct image with specified size and initialize pixel values.

### **Parameters**

size_x	Image width().
size_y	Image height().
size_z	Image depth().
size_c	Image spectrum() (number of channels).
value	Initialization value.

#### Note

• Similar to Clmg(unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int), but it also fills the pixel buffer with the specified value.

### Warning

- It cannot be used to construct a vector-valued image and initialize it with *vector-valued* pixels (e.g. RGB vector, for color images). For this task, you may use fillC() after construction.
- 8.1.3.5 Clmg ( const unsigned int *size\_x*, const unsigned int *size\_y*, const unsigned int *size\_z*, c

Construct image with specified size and initialize pixel values from a sequence of integers.

Construct a new image instance of size  $size_x x size_y x size_z x size_c$ , with pixels of type T, and initialize pixel values from the specified sequence of integers value0, value1,...

# **Parameters**

size_x	Image width().
size_y	Image height().
size_z	Image depth().
size_c	Image spectrum() (number of channels).
value0	First value of the initialization sequence (must be an integer).
value1	Second value of the initialization sequence (must be an integer).

## Note

• Similar to Clmg(unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int), but it also fills the pixel buffer with a sequence of specified integer values.

# Warning

• You must specify *exactly* size\_x\*size\_y\*size\_z\*size\_c integers in the initialization sequence. Otherwise, the constructor may crash or fill your image pixels with garbage.

#### Example

```
const CImg<float> img(2,2,1,3, \ // \ Construct\ a\ 2x2\ color\ (RGB)\ image. 0,255,0,255, // Set the 4 values for the red component. 0,0,255,255, // Set the 4 values for the green component. 64,64,64,64); // Set the 4 values for the blue component. img.resize(150,150).display();
```

8.1.3.6 CImg ( const unsigned int *size\_x*, const unsigned int *size\_y*, const unsigned int *size\_z*, const unsigned int *size\_z*, const double *value0*, const double *value1*, ... )

Construct image with specified size and initialize pixel values from a sequence of doubles.

Construct a new image instance of size size\_x x size\_y x size\_z x size\_c, with pixels of type T, and initialize pixel values from the specified sequence of doubles value0,value1,...

#### **Parameters**

size_x	Image width().
size_y	Image height().
size_z	Image depth().
size_c	Image spectrum() (number of channels).
value0	First value of the initialization sequence (must be a double).
value1	Second value of the initialization sequence (must be a double).

# Note

 Similar to Clmg(unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,int,int,...), but takes a sequence of double values instead of integers.

# Warning

• You must specify exactly dx\*dy\*dz\*dc doubles in the initialization sequence. Otherwise, the constructor may crash or fill your image with garbage. For instance, the code below will probably crash on most platforms:

```
\texttt{const CImg} < \texttt{float} > \texttt{img} (2,2,1,1, \ 0.5,0.5,255,255); \ // \ \texttt{FAIL} : \ \texttt{The two last arguments are 'int', not 'double'} !
```

8.1.3.7 CImg ( const unsigned int *size\_x*, const unsigned int *size\_y*, const unsigned int *size\_z*, c

Construct image with specified size and initialize pixel values from a value string.

Construct a new image instance of size  $size_x x size_y x size_z x size_c$ , with pixels of type T, and initializes pixel values from the specified string values.

## **Parameters**

size_x	Image width().
size_y	Image height().

size_z	Image depth().
size_c	Image spectrum() (number of channels).
values	Value string describing the way pixel values are set.
repeat_values	Tells if the value filling process is repeated over the image.

### Note

- Similar to Clmg(unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int), but it also fills the pixel buffer with values described in the value string values.
- Value string values may describe two different filling processes:
  - Either values is a sequences of values assigned to the image pixels, as in "1,2,3,7,8,2". In this case, set repeat\_values to true to periodically fill the image with the value sequence.
  - Either, values is a formula, as in "cos(x/10)\*sin(y/20)". In this case, parameter repeat\_values is pointless.
- For both cases, specifying repeat\_values is mandatory. It disambiguates the possible overloading of constructor Clmg(unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,T) with T being a const char\*.
- A CImgArgumentException is thrown when an invalid value string values is specified.

# Example

8.1.3.8 Clmg (const t \*const values, const unsigned int  $size\_x$ , const unsigned int  $size\_y = 1$ , const unsigned int  $size\_z = 1$ , const unsigned int  $size\_c = 1$ , const bool  $is\_shared = false$ )

Construct image with specified size and initialize pixel values from a memory buffer.

Construct a new image instance of size size\_x x size\_y x size\_z x size\_c, with pixels of type T, and initializes pixel values from the specified t\* memory buffer.

## **Parameters**

values	Pointer to the input memory buffer.
size_x	Image width().
size_y	Image height().
size_z	Image depth().
size_c	Image spectrum() (number of channels).
is_shared	Tells if input memory buffer must be shared by the current instance.

## Note

- If is\_shared is false, the image instance allocates its own pixel buffer, and values from the specified input buffer are copied to the instance buffer. If buffer types T and t are different, a regular static cast is performed during buffer copy.
- Otherwise, the image instance does not allocate a new buffer, and uses the input memory buffer as its
  own pixel buffer. This case requires that types T and t are the same. Later, destroying such a shared
  image will not deallocate the pixel buffer, this task being obviously charged to the initial buffer allocator.
- A CImgInstanceException is thrown when the pixel buffer cannot be allocated (e.g. when requested size is too big for available memory).

## Warning

• You must take care when operating on a shared image, since it may have an invalid pixel buffer pointer data() (e.g. already deallocated).

### Example

```
unsigned char tab[256*256] = { 0 };
CImg<unsigned char> img1(tab,256,256,1,1,false), // Construct new non-shared image from buffer 'tab'. img2(tab,256,256,1,1,true); // Construct new shared-image from buffer 'tab'. tab[1024] = 255; // Here, 'img2' is indirectly modified, but not 'img1'.
```

# 8.1.3.9 Clmg (const char \*const filename) [explicit]

Construct image from reading an image file.

Construct a new image instance with pixels of type  $\mathbb{T}$ , and initialize pixel values with the data read from an image file.

#### **Parameters**

```
filename Filename, as a C-string.
```

#### Note

- Similar to Clmg(unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int), but it reads the image dimensions and pixel values from the specified image file.
- The recognition of the image file format by Clmg higly depends on the tools installed on your system and on the external libraries you used to link your code against.
- Considered pixel type T should better fit the file format specification, or data loss may occur during file load (e.g. constructing a CImg<unsigned char> from a float-valued image file).
- A CImgIOException is thrown when the specified filename cannot be read, or if the file format is not recognized.

# Example

```
const CImg<float> img("reference.jpg");
img.display();
```

# 8.1.3.10 Clmg (const Clmg< t> & img)

Construct image copy.

Construct a new image instance with pixels of type T, as a copy of an existing CImg<t> instance.

# **Parameters**

```
img Input image to copy.
```

## Note

- Constructed copy has the same size width() x height() x depth() x spectrum() and pixel values as the input image img.
- If input image img is shared and if types T and t are the same, the constructed copy is also shared, and shares its pixel buffer with img. Modifying a pixel value in the constructed copy will thus also modifies it in the input image img. This behavior is needful to allow functions to return shared images.
- Otherwise, the constructed copy allocates its own pixel buffer, and copies pixel values from the input image img into its buffer. The copied pixel values may be eventually statically casted if types T and t are different.

- Constructing a copy from an image img when types t and T are the same is significantly faster than with different types.
- A CImgInstanceException is thrown when the pixel buffer cannot be allocated (e.g. not enough available memory).

# 8.1.3.11 Clmg ( const Clmg < t > & img, const bool is\_shared )

Advanced copy constructor.

Construct a new image instance with pixels of type T, as a copy of an existing CImg < t > instance, while forcing the shared state of the constructed copy.

#### **Parameters**

img	Input image to copy.
is_shared	Tells about the shared state of the constructed copy.

#### Note

- Similar to Clmg(const Clmg<t>&), except that it allows to decide the shared state of the constructed image, which does not depend anymore on the shared state of the input image img:
  - If is\_shared is true, the constructed copy will share its pixel buffer with the input image img.
     For that case, the pixel types T and t must be the same.
  - If is\_shared is false, the constructed copy will allocate its own pixel buffer, whether the input image img is shared or not.
- A CImgArgumentException is thrown when a shared copy is requested with different pixel types
   T and t.

### 8.1.3.12 Clmg (const Clmg < t > & img, const char \*const dimensions)

Construct image with dimensions borrowed from another image.

Construct a new image instance with pixels of type T, and size get from some dimensions of an existing CImg < t > Imstance.

## **Parameters**

img	Input image from which dimensions are borrowed.
dimensions	C-string describing the image size along the X,Y,Z and C-dimensions.

### Note

- Similar to Clmg(unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int), but it takes the image dimensions (not its pixel values) from an existing CImg<t> instance.
- The allocated pixel buffer is *not* filled with a default value, and is likely to contain garbage values. In order to initialize pixel values (e.g. with 0), use constructor Clmg(const Clmg<t>&,const char\*,T) instead.

# Example

8.1.3.13 CImg ( const CImg < t > & img, const char \*const dimensions, const T value )

Construct image with dimensions borrowed from another image and initialize pixel values.

Construct a new image instance with pixels of type T, and size get from the dimensions of an existing CImg < t > instance, and set all pixel values to specified value.

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### **Parameters**

	img	Input image from which dimensions are borrowed.
	dimensions	String describing the image size along the X,Y,Z and V-dimensions.
Γ	value	Value used for initialization.

### Note

• Similar to Clmg(const Clmg<t>&,const char\*), but it also fills the pixel buffer with the specified value.

# 8.1.3.14 Clmg (const ClmgDisplay & disp ) [explicit]

Construct image from a display window.

Construct a new image instance with pixels of type T, as a snapshot of an existing CImgDisplay instance.

#### **Parameters**

disp	Input display window.

#### Note

- The width() and height() of the constructed image instance are the same as the specified CImg-Display.
- The depth() and spectrum() of the constructed image instance are respectively set to 1 and 3 (i.e. a 2d color image).
- The image pixels are read as 8-bits RGB values.

### 8.1.4 Member Function Documentation

### 8.1.4.1 Clmg<T>& assign ( )

Construct empty image [in-place version].

In-place version of the default constructor Clmg(). It simply resets the instance to an empty image.

8.1.4.2 CImg<T>& assign ( const unsigned int  $size\_x$ , const unsigned int  $size\_y = 1$ , const unsigned int  $size\_c = 1$ )

Construct image with specified size [in-place version].

In-place version of the constructor Clmg(unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int).

8.1.4.3 CImg<T>& assign ( const unsigned int *size\_x*, const unsigned int *size\_y*, const unsigned int *size\_z*, const unsigned int *size\_c*, const T *value* )

Construct image with specified size and initialize pixel values [in-place version].

In-place version of the constructor CImg(unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,T).

8.1.4.4 CImg<T>& assign ( const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y, const unsigned int size\_z, const unsigned int size\_z, const int value0, const int value1, ... )

Construct image with specified size and initialize pixel values from a sequence of integers [in-place version].

In-place version of the constructor Clmg(unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,int,int,...).

8.1.4.5 CImg<T>& assign ( const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y, const unsigned int size\_z, const unsigned int size\_z, const double value0, const double value1, ... )

Construct image with specified size and initialize pixel values from a sequence of doubles [in-place version]. In-place version of the constructor Clmg(unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,double,double,...).

8.1.4.6 CImg<T>& assign ( const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y, const unsigned int size\_z, const unsigned int size\_z, const char \*const values, const bool repeat\_values )

Construct image with specified size and initialize pixel values from a value string [in-place version].

In-place version of the constructor Clmg(unsigned int,unsigned int,uns

8.1.4.7 CImg<T>& assign ( const t \*const values, const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y = 1, const unsigned int size\_c = 1)

Construct image with specified size and initialize pixel values from a memory buffer [in-place version]. In-place version of the constructor Clmg(const t\*,unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int).

8.1.4.8 Clmg<T>& assign ( const char \*const filename )

Construct image from reading an image file [in-place version].

In-place version of the constructor Clmg(const char\*).

8.1.4.9 Clmg<T>& assign (const Clmg<t>& img)

Construct image copy [in-place version].

In-place version of the constructor Clmg(const Clmg<t>&).

8.1.4.10 Clmg<T>& assign (const Clmg<t>& img, const bool is\_shared)

In-place version of the advanced copy constructor.

In-place version of the constructor Clmg(const Clmg<t>&,bool).

8.1.4.11 CImg<T>& assign (const CImg<t>& img, const char \*const dimensions)

Construct image with dimensions borrowed from another image [in-place version].

In-place version of the constructor Clmg(const Clmg<t>&,const char\*).

8.1.4.12 CImg<T>& assign ( const CImg< t> & img, const char \*const dimensions, const T value )

Construct image with dimensions borrowed from another image and initialize pixel values [in-place version]. In-place version of the constructor Clmg(const Clmg<t>&,const char\*,T).

8.1.4.13 Clmg<T>& assign (const ClmgDisplay & disp)

Construct image from a display window [in-place version].

In-place version of the constructor Clmg(const ClmgDisplay&).

```
8.1.4.14 Clmg<T>& clear ( )
```

Construct empty image [in-place version].

Equivalent to assign().

#### Note

· It has been defined for compatibility with STL naming conventions.

```
8.1.4.15 Clmg<t>& move_to ( Clmg<t> & img )
```

Transfer content of an image instance into another one.

Transfer the dimensions and the pixel buffer content of an image instance into another one, and replace instance by an empty image. It avoids the copy of the pixel buffer when possible.

#### **Parameters**

```
img Destination image.
```

### Note

• Pixel types T and t of source and destination images can be different, though the process is designed to be instantaneous when T and t are the same.

### Example

```
CImg<float> src(256,256,1,3,0), // Construct a 256x256x1x3 (color) image filled with value '0'. dest(16,16); // Construct a 16x16x1x1 (scalar) image. src.move\_to(dest); // Now, 'src' is empty and 'dest' is the 256x256x1x3 image.
```

# 8.1.4.16 ClmgList<t>& move\_to ( ClmgList<t> & list, const unsigned int pos = $\sim$ 0U )

Transfer content of an image instance into a new image in an image list.

Transfer the dimensions and the pixel buffer content of an image instance into a newly inserted image at position pos in specified CImgList < t > instance.

### **Parameters**

list	Destination list.
pos	Position of the newly inserted image in the list.

# Note

- When optionnal parameter pos is ommited, the image instance is transferred as a new image at the end of the specified list.
- It is convenient to sequentially insert new images into image lists, with no additional copies of memory buffer.

### Example

### 8.1.4.17 CImg<T>& swap ( CImg<T> & img )

Swap fields of two image instances.

#### **Parameters**

img	Image to swap fields with.
-----	----------------------------

### Note

• It can be used to interchange the content of two images in a very fast way. Can be convenient when dealing with algorithms requiring two swapping buffers.

### Example

# 8.1.4.18 static Clmg<T>& empty() [static]

Return a reference to an empty image.

#### Note

This function is useful mainly to declare optional parameters having type CImg < T > in functions prototypes, e.g.

```
\label{eq:const_int_x=0} \mbox{void f(const int } x=0, \mbox{ const int } y=0, \mbox{ const CImg<float>& img=CImg<float>::empty());} \\
```

8.1.4.19 T& operator() ( const unsigned int x, const unsigned int y = 0, const unsigned int z = 0, const unsigned int c = 0)

Access to a pixel value.

Return a reference to a located pixel value of the image instance, being possibly *const*, whether the image instance is *const* or not. This is the standard method to get/set pixel values in CImg<T> images.

# **Parameters**

X	X-coordinate of the pixel value.
у	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.
С	C-coordinate of the pixel value.

### Note

- Range of pixel coordinates start from (0,0,0,0) to (width()-1,height()-1,depth()-1,spectrum()-1)
- Due to the particular arrangement of the pixel buffers defined in Clmg, you can omit one coordinate if the corresponding dimension is equal to 1. For instance, pixels of a 2d image (depth() equal to 1) can be accessed by img(x,y,c) instead of img(x,y,0,c).

# Warning

• There is *no* boundary checking done in this operator, to make it as fast as possible. You *must* take care of out-of-bounds access by yourself, if necessary. For debuging purposes, you may want to define macro 'cimg\_verbosity'>=3 to enable additional boundary checking operations in this operator. In that case, warning messages will be printed on the error output when accessing out-of-bounds pixels.

### Example

8.1.4.20 T& operator() ( const unsigned int x, const unsigned int y, const unsigned int z, const unsigned int c, const unsigned long wh, const unsigned long whd = 0)

Access to a pixel value.

### **Parameters**

X	X-coordinate of the pixel value.
У	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.
С	C-coordinate of the pixel value.
wh	Precomputed offset, must be equal to width()*height().
whd	Precomputed offset, must be equal to width () *height () *depth ().

#### Note

• Similar to (but faster than) operator()(). It uses precomputed offsets to optimize memory access. You may use it to optimize the reading/writing of several pixel values in the same image (e.g. in a loop).

### 8.1.4.21 operator T \* ( )

Implicitely cast an image into a T\*.

Implicitely cast a CImg < T > instance into a T\* or const T\* pointer, whether the image instance is *const* or not. The returned pointer points on the first value of the image pixel buffer.

### Note

- It simply returns the pointer data() to the pixel buffer.
- This implicit conversion is convenient to test the empty state of images (data() being 0 in this case), e.g.

• It also allows to use brackets to access pixel values, without need for a CImg<T>::operator[](), e.g.

```
 \begin{split} &\text{CImg<float> img(100,100);} \\ &\text{const float value = img[99];} \text{ // Access to value of the last pixel on the first row.} \\ &\text{img[510] = 255;} &\text{ // Set pixel value at (10,5).} \end{split}
```

### 8.1.4.22 Clmg<T>& operator= ( const T value )

Assign a value to all image pixels.

Assign specified value to each pixel value of the image instance.

#### **Parameters**

value Value that will be assigned to image pixels.

Note

- · The image size is never modified.
- The value may be casted to pixel type T if necessary.

### Example

```
 \begin{split} &\text{CImg}<\text{char}> \text{ img} \text{ (100,100); } \text{ } // \text{ Declare image (with garbage values).} \\ &\text{img = 0; } &\text{ } // \text{ Set all pixel values to '0'.} \\ &\text{img = 1.2; } &\text{ } // \text{ Set all pixel values to '1' (cast of '1.2' as a 'char').} \end{split}
```

8.1.4.23 Clmg<T>& operator= ( const char \*const expression )

Assign pixels values from a specified expression.

Initialize all pixel values from the specified string expression.

### **Parameters**

```
expression Value string describing the way pixel values are set.
```

Note

- String parameter expression may describe different things:
  - If expression is a list of values (as in "1, 2, 3, 8, 3, 2"), or a formula (as in " (x\*y) %255"), the pixel values are set from specified expression and the image size is not modified.
  - If expression is a filename (as in "reference.jpg"), the corresponding image file is loaded and replace the image instance. The image size is modified if necessary.

### Example

8.1.4.24 CImg<T>& operator= ( const CImg< t> & img )

Copy an image into the current image instance.

Similar to the in-place copy constructor assign(const Clmg<t>&).

8.1.4.25 Clmg<T>& operator= ( const ClmgDisplay & disp )

Copy the content of a display window to the current image instance.

Similar to assign(const ClmgDisplay&).

8.1.4.26 Clmg<T>& operator+= ( const t value )

In-place addition operator.

Add specified value to all pixels of an image instance.

#### **Parameters**

value	Value to add.
-------	---------------

### Note

- Resulting pixel values are casted to fit the pixel type T. For instance, adding 0.2 to a CImg<char> is possible but does nothing indeed.
- Overflow values are treated as with standard C++ numeric types. For instance,

```
CImg<unsigned char> img(100,100,1,1,255); // Construct a 100x100 image with pixel values '255'. img+=1; // Add '1' to each pixels -> Overflow. // here all pixels of image 'img' are equal to '0'.
```

To prevent value overflow, you may want to consider pixel type T as float or double, and use cut()
after addition.

### Example

### 8.1.4.27 Clmg<T>& operator+= ( const char \*const expression )

In-place addition operator.

Add values to image pixels, according to the specified string expression.

# **Parameters**

expression	Value string describing the way pixel values are added.

### Note

• Similar to operator=(const char\*), except that it adds values to the pixels of the current image instance, instead of assigning them.

```
8.1.4.28 CImg<T>& operator+= ( const CImg< t> & img )
```

In-place addition operator.

Add values to image pixels, according to the values of the input image imq.

### **Parameters**

```
img Input image to add.
```

### Note

- The size of the image instance is never modified.
- It is not mandatory that input image img has the same size as the image instance. If less values are available in img, then the values are added periodically. For instance, adding one WxH scalar image (spectrum() equal to 1) to one WxH color image (spectrum() equal to 3) means each color channel will be incremented with the same values at the same locations.

### Example

### 8.1.4.29 Clmg<T>& operator++ ( )

In-place increment operator (prefix).

Add 1 to all image pixels, and return a reference to the current incremented image instance.

Note

• Writing ++img is equivalent to img+=1.

```
8.1.4.30 Clmg<T> operator++ ( int )
```

In-place increment operator (postfix).

Add 1 to all image pixels, and return a new copy of the initial (pre-incremented) image instance.

Note

• Use the prefixed version operator++() if you don't need a copy of the initial (pre-incremented) image instance, since a useless image copy may be expensive in terms of memory usage.

```
8.1.4.31 Clmg<T> operator+ ( ) const
```

Return a non-shared copy of the image instance.

Note

- Use this operator to ensure you get a non-shared copy of an image instance with same pixel type T. Indeed, the usual copy constructor Clmg<T>(const Clmg<T>&) returns a shared copy of a shared input image, and it may be not desirable to work on a regular copy (e.g. for a resize operation) if you have no informations about the shared state of the input image.
- Writing (+img) is equivalent to CImg<T>(img, false).

```
8.1.4.32 CImg< typename cimg::superset<T,t>::type> operator+ ( const t value ) const
```

Addition operator.

Similar to operator+=(const t), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image may be a superset of the initial pixel type T, if necessary.

```
8.1.4.33 CImg<Tfloat> operator+ ( const char *const expression ) const
```

Addition operator.

Similar to operator+=(const char\*), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image may be a superset of the initial pixel type T, if necessary.

8.1.4.34 CImg< typename cimg::superset<T,t>::type> operator+ ( const CImg< t> & img) const

Addition operator.

Similar to operator+=(const Clmg<t>&), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image may be a superset of the initial pixel type T, if necessary.

```
8.1.4.35 Clmg<T>& operator== ( const t value )
```

In-place substraction operator.

Similar to operator+=(const t), except that it performs a substraction instead of an addition.

```
8.1.4.36 Clmg<T>& operator== ( const char *const expression )
```

In-place substraction operator.

Similar to operator+=(const char\*), except that it performs a substraction instead of an addition.

```
8.1.4.37 Clmg<T>& operator= ( const Clmg< t> & img )
```

In-place substraction operator.

Similar to operator+=(const Clmg<t>&), except that it performs a substraction instead of an addition.

```
8.1.4.38 Clmg<T>& operator-- ( )
```

In-place decrement operator (prefix).

Similar to operator++(), except that it performs a decrement instead of an increment.

```
8.1.4.39 Clmg<T> operator-- ( int )
```

In-place decrement operator (postfix).

Similar to operator++(int), except that it performs a decrement instead of an increment.

```
8.1.4.40 Clmg<T> operator-( ) const
```

Replace each pixel by its opposite value.

Note

• If the computed opposite values are out-of-range, they are treated as with standard C++ numeric types. For instance, the unsigned char opposite of 1 is 255.

### Example

8.1.4.41 Clmg< typename cimg::superset<T,t>::type > operator-( const t value ) const

Substraction operator.

Similar to operator=(const t), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image may be a superset of the initial pixel type T, if necessary.

8.1.4.42 CImg<Tfloat> operator- ( const char \*const expression ) const

Substraction operator.

Similar to operator-=(const char\*), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image may be a superset of the initial pixel type T, if necessary.

```
8.1.4.43 CImg< typename cimg::superset<T,t>::type> operator- ( const CImg< t> & img ) const
```

Substraction operator.

Similar to operator-=(const Clmg<t>&), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image may be a superset of the initial pixel type  $\mathbb{T}$ , if necessary.

```
8.1.4.44 Clmg<T>& operator*= ( const t value )
```

In-place multiplication operator.

Similar to operator+=(const t), except that it performs a multiplication instead of an addition.

```
8.1.4.45 Clmg<T>& operator*= ( const char *const expression )
```

In-place multiplication operator.

Similar to operator+=(const char\*), except that it performs a multiplication instead of an addition.

```
8.1.4.46 CImg<T>& operator*= ( const CImg< t> & img )
```

In-place multiplication operator.

Replace the image instance by the matrix multiplication between the image instance and the specified matrix img.

**Parameters** 

```
img | Second operand of the matrix multiplication.
```

Note

- It does *not* compute a pointwise multiplication between two images. For this purpose, use mul(const Clmg<t>&) instead.
- The size of the image instance can be modified by this operator.

# Example

```
8.1.4.47 CImg < typename cimg::superset < T,t>::type > operator* ( const t value ) const
```

Multiplication operator.

Similar to operator\*=(const t), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image may be a superset of the initial pixel type  $\mathbb{T}$ , if necessary.

8.1.4.48 CImg<Tfloat> operator\* ( const char \*const expression ) const

Multiplication operator.

Similar to operator\*=(const char\*), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image may be a superset of the initial pixel type T, if necessary.

8.1.4.49 CImg< typename cimg::superset<T,t>::type> operator\* ( const CImg< t> & img ) const

Multiplication operator.

Similar to operator\*=(const Clmg<t>&), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image may be a superset of the initial pixel type  $\mathbb{T}$ , if necessary.

8.1.4.50 Clmg<T>& operator/= ( const t value )

In-place division operator.

Similar to operator+=(const t), except that it performs a division instead of an addition.

8.1.4.51 Clmg<T>& operator/= ( const char \*const expression )

In-place division operator.

Similar to operator+=(const char\*), except that it performs a division instead of an addition.

8.1.4.52 Clmg<T>& operator/= ( const Clmg< t> & img )

In-place division operator.

 $\label{eq:continuous} \textbf{Replace the image instance by the (right) matrix division between the image instance and the specified matrix <math>\verb"img"$ .}

**Parameters** 

img | Second operand of the matrix division.

Note

- It does not compute a pointwise division between two images. For this purpose, use div(const Clmg<t>&) instead.
- It returns the matrix operation A\*inverse(img).
- The size of the image instance can be modified by this operator.

8.1.4.53 CImg< typename cimg::superset<T,t>::type > operator/ ( const t value ) const

Division operator.

Similar to operator/=(const t), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image may be a superset of the initial pixel type  $\mathbb{T}$ , if necessary.

8.1.4.54 CImg<Tfloat> operator/ ( const char \*const expression ) const

Division operator.

Similar to operator/=(const char\*), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image may be a superset of the initial pixel type T, if necessary.

8.1.4.55 CImg< typename cimg::superset<T,t>::type> operator/ ( const CImg< t> & img) const

Division operator.

Similar to operator/=(const Clmg<t>&), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image may be a superset of the initial pixel type  $\mathbb{T}$ , if necessary.

8.1.4.56 Clmg<T>& operator%= ( const t value )

In-place modulo operator.

Similar to operator+=(const t), except that it performs a modulo operation instead of an addition.

8.1.4.57 Clmg<T>& operator%= ( const char \*const expression )

In-place modulo operator.

Similar to operator+=(const char\*), except that it performs a modulo operation instead of an addition.

8.1.4.58 Clmg<T>& operator%= ( const Clmg< t> & img )

In-place modulo operator.

Similar to operator+=(const Clmg<t>&), except that it performs a modulo operation instead of an addition.

8.1.4.59 CImg< typename cimg::superset<T,t>::type > operator% ( const t value ) const

Modulo operator.

Similar to operator%=(const t), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image may be a superset of the initial pixel type  $\mathbb{T}$ , if necessary.

8.1.4.60 CImg<Tfloat> operator% ( const char \*const expression ) const

Modulo operator.

Similar to operator%=(const char\*), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image may be a superset of the initial pixel type  $\mathbb{T}$ , if necessary.

8.1.4.61 CImg< typename cimg::superset<T,t>::type> operator% ( const CImg< t> & img ) const

Modulo operator.

Similar to operator%=(const Clmg<t>&), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image may be a superset of the initial pixel type T, if necessary.

8.1.4.62 Clmg<T>& operator&= ( const t value )

In-place bitwise AND operator.

Similar to operator+=(const t), except that it performs a bitwise AND operation instead of an addition.

8.1.4.63 CImg<T>& operator&= ( const char \*const expression )

In-place bitwise AND operator.

Similar to operator+=(const char\*), except that it performs a bitwise AND operation instead of an addition.

8.1.4.64 CImg<T>& operator&= ( const CImg< t> & img )

In-place bitwise AND operator.

Similar to operator+=(const Clmg<t>&), except that it performs a bitwise AND operation instead of an addition.

8.1.4.65 Clmg<T> operator& ( const t value ) const

Bitwise AND operator.

Similar to operator&=(const t), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image is T.

8.1.4.66 CImg<T> operator& ( const char \*const expression ) const

Bitwise AND operator.

Similar to operator&=(const char\*), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image is T.

8.1.4.67 CImg<T> operator& ( const CImg< t> & img ) const

Bitwise AND operator.

Similar to operator&=(const Clmg<t>&), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image is T.

8.1.4.68 CImg<T>& operator|= ( const t *value* )

In-place bitwise OR operator.

Similar to operator+=(const t), except that it performs a bitwise OR operation instead of an addition.

8.1.4.69 CImg<T>& operator = ( const char \*const expression )

In-place bitwise OR operator.

Similar to operator+=(const char\*), except that it performs a bitwise OR operation instead of an addition.

8.1.4.70 Clmg<T>& operator|= ( const Clmg< t> & img )

In-place bitwise OR operator.

Similar to operator+=(const Clmg<t>&), except that it performs a bitwise OR operation instead of an addition.

8.1.4.71 CImg<T> operator ( const t value ) const

Bitwise OR operator.

Similar to operator = (const t), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image is T.

8.1.4.72 CImg<T> operator ( const char \*const expression ) const

Bitwise OR operator.

Similar to operator = (const char\*), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image is T.

8.1.4.73 CImg<T> operator| ( const CImg< t> & img ) const

Bitwise OR operator.

Similar to operator = (const Clmg<t>&), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image is T.

8.1.4.74 CImg<T>& operator $^{\land}$ = ( const t *value* )

In-place bitwise XOR operator.

Similar to operator+=(const t), except that it performs a bitwise XOR operation instead of an addition.

Warning

• It does not compute the power of pixel values. For this purpose, use pow(const t) instead.

8.1.4.75 CImg<T>& operator $^{\land}$ = ( const char \*const *expression* )

In-place bitwise XOR operator.

Similar to operator+=(const char\*), except that it performs a bitwise XOR operation instead of an addition.

Warning

• It does not compute the power of pixel values. For this purpose, use pow(const char\*) instead.

8.1.4.76 Clmg<T>& operator $^{\land}$ = ( const Clmg< t> & img )

In-place bitwise XOR operator.

Similar to operator+=(const Clmg<t>&), except that it performs a bitwise XOR operation instead of an addition.

Warning

• It does not compute the power of pixel values. For this purpose, use pow(const Clmg<t>&) instead.

8.1.4.77 CImg<T> operator $^{\wedge}$  ( const t *value* ) const

Bitwise XOR operator.

Similar to operator $^{\wedge}$ =(const t), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image is T.

8.1.4.78 Clmg<T> operator<sup>\(\chi\)</sup> ( const char \*const *expression* ) const

Bitwise XOR operator.

Similar to operator $^{\wedge}$ =(const char\*), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image is T.

8.1.4.79 CImg<T> operator $^{\wedge}$  ( const CImg< t> & img ) const

Bitwise XOR operator.

Similar to operator $^{\wedge}$ =(const Clmg<t>&), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image is T.

8.1.4.80 Clmg<T>& operator<<= ( const t value )

In-place bitwise left shift operator.

Similar to operator+=(const t), except that it performs a bitwise left shift instead of an addition.

8.1.4.81 CImg<T>& operator<<= ( const char \*const expression )

In-place bitwise left shift operator.

Similar to operator+=(const char\*), except that it performs a bitwise left shift instead of an addition.

8.1.4.82 Clmg<T>& operator<<= ( const Clmg< t> & img )

In-place bitwise left shift operator.

Similar to operator+=(const Clmg<t>&), except that it performs a bitwise left shift instead of an addition.

8.1.4.83 Clmg<T> operator<< ( const t value ) const

Bitwise left shift operator.

Similar to operator <<= (const t), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image is T.

8.1.4.84 Clmg<T> operator<< ( const char \*const expression ) const

Bitwise left shift operator.

Similar to operator <<= (const char\*), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image is T.

8.1.4.85 Clmg<T> operator<< ( const Clmg< t> & img ) const

Bitwise left shift operator.

Similar to operator <<= (const Clmg<t>&), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image is T.

8.1.4.86 CImg<T>& operator>>= ( const t *value* )

In-place bitwise right shift operator.

Similar to operator+=(const t), except that it performs a bitwise right shift instead of an addition.

8.1.4.87 CImg<T>& operator>>= ( const char \*const expression )

In-place bitwise right shift operator.

Similar to operator+=(const char\*), except that it performs a bitwise right shift instead of an addition.

```
8.1.4.88 Clmg<T>& operator>>= ( const Clmg< t> & img )
```

In-place bitwise right shift operator.

Similar to operator+=(const Clmg<t>&), except that it performs a bitwise right shift instead of an addition.

```
8.1.4.89 Clmg<T> operator>> ( const t value ) const
```

Bitwise right shift operator.

Similar to operator>>=(const t), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image is T.

```
8.1.4.90 Clmg<T> operator>> ( const char *const expression ) const
```

Bitwise right shift operator.

Similar to operator>>=(const char\*), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image is T.

```
8.1.4.91 CImg < T > operator >> (const CImg < t > & img) const
```

Bitwise right shift operator.

Similar to operator>>=(const Clmg<t>&), except that it returns a new image instance instead of operating in-place. The pixel type of the returned image is T.

```
8.1.4.92 Clmg<T> operator\sim ( ) const
```

Bitwise inversion operator.

Similar to operator-(), except that it compute the bitwise inverse instead of the opposite value.

```
8.1.4.93 bool operator== ( const t value ) const
```

Test if all pixels of an image have the same value.

Return true is all pixels of the image instance are equal to the specified value.

**Parameters** 

value Reference value to compare with.

```
8.1.4.94 bool operator== ( const char *const expression ) const
```

Test if all pixel values of an image follow a specified expression.

Return true is all pixels of the image instance are equal to the specified expression.

**Parameters** 

expression Value string describing the way pixel values are compared.

8.1.4.95 bool operator== ( const CImg< t > & img ) const

Test if two images have the same size and values.

Return true if the image instance and the input image img have the same dimensions and pixel values, and false otherwise.

#### **Parameters**

img Input image to compare with.

Note

• The pixel buffer pointers data() of the two compared images do not have to be the same for operator==() to return true. Only the dimensions and the pixel values matter. Thus, the comparison can be true even for different pixel types T and t.

### Example

```
const CImg<float> img1(1,3,1,1, 0,1,2); // Construct a 1x3 vector [0;1;2] (with 'float' pixel values). const CImg<char> img2(1,3,1,1, 0,1,2); // Construct a 1x3 vector [0;1;2] (with 'char' pixel values). if (img1==img2) { // Test succeeds, image dimensions and values are the same. std::printf("'img1' and 'img2' have same dimensions and values."); }
```

8.1.4.96 bool operator!= ( const t value ) const

Test if pixels of an image are all different from a value.

Return true is all pixels of the image instance are different than the specified value.

### **Parameters**

value	Reference value to compare with.
-------	----------------------------------

8.1.4.97 bool operator!= ( const char \*const expression ) const

Test if all pixel values of an image are different from a specified expression.

Return true is all pixels of the image instance are different to the specified expression.

# **Parameters**

expression	Value string describing the way pixel values are compared.
------------	--

8.1.4.98 bool operator!= ( const CImg< t > & img ) const

Test if two images have different sizes or values.

Return true if the image instance and the input image img have different dimensions or pixel values, and false otherwise.

### **Parameters**

img   Input image to compare with.
------------------------------------

Note

• Writing img1!=img2 is equivalent to ! (img1==img2).

8.1.4.99 CImgList< typename cimg::superset<T,t>::type > operator, ( const CImg< t > & img ) const

Construct an image list from two images.

Return a new list of image (CImgList instance) containing exactly two elements:

A copy of the image instance, at position [0].

8.1 Clmg < T > Struct Template Reference 137 • A copy of the specified image img, at position [1].

#### **Parameters**

img Input image that will be the second image of the resulting list.

Note

• The family of operator,() is convenient to easily create list of images, but it is also *quite slow* in practice (see warning below).

- Constructed lists contain no shared images. If image instance or input image img are shared, they are inserted as new non-shared copies in the resulting list.
- The pixel type of the returned list may be a superset of the initial pixel type T, if necessary.

# Warning

Pipelining operator,() N times will perform N copies of the entire content of a (growing) image list. This
may become very expensive in terms of speed and used memory. You should avoid using this technique
to build a new ClmgList instance from several images, if you are seeking for performance. Fast insertions
of images in an image list are possible with ClmgList<T>::insert(const Clmg<t>&,unsigned int,bool) or
move\_to(ClmgList<t>&,unsigned int).

### Example

8.1.4.100 CImgList< typename cimg::superset<T,t>::type> operator, ( const CImgList< t> & list) const

Construct an image list from image instance and an input image list.

Return a new list of images (CImgList instance) containing exactly list.size() + 1 elements:

- A copy of the image instance, at position [0].
- A copy of the specified image list list, from positions [1] to [list.size()].

### **Parameters**

list | Input image list that will be appended to the image instance.

Note

• Similar to operator, (const Clmg<t>&) const, except that it takes an image list as an argument.

8.1.4.101 CImgList<T> operator< ( const char axis ) const

Split image along specified axis.

Return a new list of images (CImgList instance) containing the splitted components of the instance image along the specified axis.

### **Parameters**

```
axis | Splitting axis (can be 'x','y','z' or 'c')
```

### Note

Similar to get split(char,int) const, with default second argument.

### Example

```
const CImg<unsigned char> img("reference.jpg"); // Load a RGB color image.
const CImgList<unsigned char> list = (img<'c'); // Get a list of its three R,G,B channels.
(img,list).display();</pre>
```

```
8.1.4.102 static const char* pixel_type( ) [static]
```

Return the type of image pixel values as a C string.

Return a char\* string containing the usual type name of the image pixel values (i.e. a stringified version of the template parameter T).

### Note

- The returned string may contain spaces (as in "unsigned char").
- If the pixel type T does not correspond to a registered type, the string "unknown" is returned.

```
8.1.4.103 int width ( ) const
```

Return the number of image columns.

Return the image width, i.e. the image dimension along the X-axis.

# Note

- The width() of an empty image is equal to 0.
- width() is typically equal to 1 when considering images as vectors for matrix calculations.
- width() returns an int, although the image width is internally stored as an unsigned int. Using
  an int is safer and prevents arithmetic traps possibly encountered when doing calculations involving
  unsigned int variables. Access to the initial unsigned int variable is possible (though not recommended) by (\*this).\_width.

```
8.1.4.104 int height ( ) const
```

Return the number of image rows.

Return the image height, i.e. the image dimension along the Y-axis.

# Note

- The height() of an empty image is equal to 0.
- height() returns an int, although the image height is internally stored as an unsigned int. Using
  an int is safer and prevents arithmetic traps possibly encountered when doing calculations involving
  unsigned int variables. Access to the initial unsigned int variable is possible (though not recommended) by (\*this).\_height.

```
8.1.4.105 int depth ( ) const
```

Return the number of image slices.

Return the image depth, i.e. the image dimension along the Z-axis.

Note

- The depth() of an empty image is equal to 0.
- depth() is typically equal to 1 when considering usual 2d images. When depth()> 1, the image is said to be *volumetric*.
- depth() returns an int, although the image depth is internally stored as an unsigned int. Using an int is safer and prevents arithmetic traps possibly encountered when doing calculations involving unsigned int variables. Access to the initial unsigned int variable is possible (though not recommended) by (\*this).\_depth.

```
8.1.4.106 int spectrum ( ) const
```

Return the number of image channels.

Return the number of image channels, i.e. the image dimension along the C-axis.

Note

- The spectrum() of an empty image is equal to 0.
- spectrum() is typically equal to 1 when considering scalar-valued images, to 3 for RGB-coded color images, and to 4 for RGBA-coded color images (with alpha-channel). The number of channels of an image instance is not limited. The meaning of the pixel values is not linked up to the number of channels (e.g. a 4-channel image may indifferently stands for a RGBA or CMYK color image).
- spectrum() returns an int, although the image spectrum is internally stored as an unsigned int. Using an int is safer and prevents arithmetic traps possibly encountered when doing calculations involving unsigned int variables. Access to the initial unsigned int variable is possible (though not recommended) by (\*this).\_spectrum.

```
8.1.4.107 unsigned long size ( ) const
```

Return the total number of pixel values.

Return width () \*height () \*depth () \*spectrum (), i.e. the total number of values of type T in the pixel buffer of the image instance.

Note

- The size() of an empty image is equal to 0.
- The allocated memory size for a pixel buffer of a non-shared CImg<T> instance is equal to size()\*sizeof(T).

# **Example**

```
8.1.4.108 T* data ( )
```

Return a pointer to the first pixel value.

Return a T\*, or a const T\* pointer to the first value in the pixel buffer of the image instance, whether the instance is const or not.

### Note

- The data() of an empty image is equal to 0 (null pointer).
- The allocated pixel buffer for the image instance starts from data() and goes to data()+size()-1 (included).
- To get the pointer to one particular location of the pixel buffer, use data(unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int) instead.

```
8.1.4.109 T* data (const unsigned int x, const unsigned int y = 0, const unsigned int z = 0, const unsigned int c = 0)
```

Return a pointer to a located pixel value.

Return a T\*, or a const T\* pointer to the value located at (x,y,z,c) in the pixel buffer of the image instance, whether the instance is const or not.

#### **Parameters**

X	X-coordinate of the pixel value.
У	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.
С	C-coordinate of the pixel value.

# Note

• Writing img.data(x,y,z,c) is equivalent to & (img(x,y,z,c)). Thus, this method has the same properties as operator()(unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int).

```
8.1.4.110 long offset (const int x, const int y = 0, const int z = 0, const int c = 0) const
```

Return the offset to a located pixel value, with respect to the beginning of the pixel buffer.

# **Parameters**

X	X-coordinate of the pixel value.
у	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.
С	C-coordinate of the pixel value.

# Note

• Writing img.data(x,y,z,c) is equivalent to & (img(x,y,z,c)) - img.data(). Thus, this method has the same properties as operator()(unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int).

# **Example**

```
8.1.4.111 iterator begin ( )
```

Return a Clmg<T>::iterator pointing to the first pixel value.

Note

- Equivalent to data().
- · It has been mainly defined for compatibility with STL naming conventions.

```
8.1.4.112 iterator end ( )
```

Return a Clmg<T>::iterator pointing next to the last pixel value.

Note

- Writing img.end() is equivalent to img.data() + img.size().
- · It has been mainly defined for compatibility with STL naming conventions.

### Warning

• The returned iterator actually points to a value located *outside* the acceptable bounds of the pixel buffer. Trying to read or write the content of the returned iterator will probably result in a crash. Use it mainly as an strict upper bound for a Clmg<T>::iterator.

### Example

Return a reference to the first pixel value.

Note

- Writing img.front() is equivalent to img[0], or img(0,0,0,0).
- It has been mainly defined for compatibility with STL naming conventions.

```
8.1.4.114 T& back ( )
```

Return a reference to the last pixel value.

Note

- Writing img.end() is equivalent to img[img.size()-1], or img(img.width()-1,img.height()-1,img.depth()-1,img.spectrum()-1).
- It has been mainly defined for compatibility with STL naming conventions.

```
8.1.4.115 T& at ( const int offset, const T out_value )
```

Access to a pixel value at a specified offset, using Dirichlet boundary conditions.

Return a reference to the pixel value of the image instance located at a specified offset, or to a specified default value in case of out-of-bounds access.

### **Parameters**

offset	Offset to the desired pixel value.
out_value	Default value returned if offset is outside image bounds.

#### Note

- Writing img.at (offset,out\_value) is similar to img[offset], except that if offset is out-side bounds (e.g. offset<0 or offset>=img.size()), a reference to a value out\_value is safely returned instead.
- Due to the additional boundary checking operation, this method is slower than operator()(). Use it when you are *not* sure about the validity of the specified pixel offset.

### 8.1.4.116 T& at ( const int offset )

Access to a pixel value at a specified offset, using Neumann boundary conditions.

Return a reference to the pixel value of the image instance located at a specified offset, or to the nearest pixel location in the image instance in case of out-of-bounds access.

### **Parameters**

offset	Offset to the desired pixel value.

#### Note

- Similar to at(int,const T), except that an out-of-bounds access returns the value of the nearest pixel in the image instance, regarding the specified offset, i.e.
  - If offset<0, then img[0] is returned.
  - If offset>=img.size(), then img[img.size()-1] is returned.
- Due to the additional boundary checking operation, this method is slower than operator()(). Use it when you are *not* sure about the validity of the specified pixel offset.
- If you know your image instance is *not* empty, you may rather use the slightly faster method \_at (int).

# 8.1.4.117 T& atX (const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value)

Access to a pixel value, using Dirichlet boundary conditions for the X-coordinate.

Return a reference to the pixel value of the image instance located at (x,y,z,c), or to a specified default value in case of out-of-bounds access along the X-axis.

### **Parameters**

X	X-coordinate of the pixel value.
у	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.
С	C-coordinate of the pixel value.
out_value	Default value returned if $(x,y,z,c)$ is outside image bounds.

# Note

- Similar to operator()(), except that an out-of-bounds access along the X-axis returns the specified value out\_value.
- Due to the additional boundary checking operation, this method is slower than operator()(). Use it when you are *not* sure about the validity of the specified pixel coordinates.

### Warning

 There is no boundary checking performed for the Y,Z and C-coordinates, so they must be inside image bounds.

8.1.4.118 T& atX (const int x, const int y = 0, const int z = 0, const int c = 0)

Access to a pixel value, using Neumann boundary conditions for the X-coordinate.

Return a reference to the pixel value of the image instance located at (x,y,z,c), or to the nearest pixel location in the image instance in case of out-of-bounds access along the X-axis.

#### Parameters

X	X-coordinate of the pixel value.
У	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.
С	C-coordinate of the pixel value.

#### Note

- Similar to at(int,int,int,int,const T), except that an out-of-bounds access returns the value of the nearest pixel in the image instance, regarding the specified X-coordinate.
- Due to the additional boundary checking operation, this method is slower than operator()(). Use it when you are *not* sure about the validity of the specified pixel coordinates.
- If you know your image instance is *not* empty, you may rather use the slightly faster method \_\_ at (int,int,int,int).

### Warning

 There is no boundary checking performed for the Y,Z and C-coordinates, so they must be inside image bounds.

8.1.4.119 T& atXY (const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value)

Access to a pixel value, using Dirichlet boundary conditions for the X and Y-coordinates.

Similar to atX(int,int,int,int,const T), except that boundary checking is performed both on X and Y-coordinates.

8.1.4.120 T& atXY (const int x, const int y, const int z = 0, const int c = 0)

Access to a pixel value, using Neumann boundary conditions for the X and Y-coordinates.

Similar to atX(int,int,int,int), except that boundary checking is performed both on X and Y-coordinates.

# Note

• If you know your image instance is *not* empty, you may rather use the slightly faster method \_atX-Y(int,int,int).

8.1.4.121 T& atXYZ (const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value)

Access to a pixel value, using Dirichlet boundary conditions for the X,Y and Z-coordinates.

Similar to atX(int,int,int,int,const T), except that boundary checking is performed both on X,Y and Z-coordinates.

8.1.4.122 T& atXYZ (const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c = 0)

Access to a pixel value, using Neumann boundary conditions for the X,Y and Z-coordinates.

Similar to atX(int,int,int,int), except that boundary checking is performed both on X,Y and Z-coordinates.

### Note

• If you know your image instance is *not* empty, you may rather use the slightly faster method \_atXY- Z (int,int,int).

8.1.4.123 T& atXYZC ( const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value )

Access to a pixel value, using Dirichlet boundary conditions.

Similar to atX(int,int,int,int,const T), except that boundary checking is performed on all X,Y,Z and C-coordinates.

8.1.4.124 T& atXYZC (const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c)

Access to a pixel value, using Neumann boundary conditions.

Similar to atX(int,int,int,int), except that boundary checking is performed on all X,Y,Z and C-coordinates.

#### Note

If you know your image instance is not empty, you may rather use the slightly faster method \_atXYZ-C(int,int,int,int).

8.1.4.125 Tfloat linear\_atX ( const float fx, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value ) const

Return pixel value, using linear interpolation and Dirichlet boundary conditions for the X-coordinate.

Return a linearly-interpolated pixel value of the image instance located at (fx,y,z,c), or a specified default value in case of out-of-bounds access along the X-axis.

### Parameters

fx	X-coordinate of the pixel value (float-valued).
У	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.
С	C-coordinate of the pixel value.
out_value	Default value returned if $(fx,y,z,c)$ is outside image bounds.

### Note

- Similar to atX(int,int,int,int,const T), except that the returned pixel value is approximated by a linear interpolation along the X-axis, if corresponding coordinates are not integers.
- The type of the returned pixel value is extended to float, if the pixel type T is not float-valued.

# Warning

 There is no boundary checking performed for the Y,Z and C-coordinates, so they must be inside image bounds.

8.1.4.126 Tfloat linear\_atX (const float fx, const int y = 0, const int z = 0, const int c = 0) const

Return pixel value, using linear interpolation and Neumann boundary conditions for the X-coordinate.

Return a linearly-interpolated pixel value of the image instance located at (fx,y,z,c), or the value of the nearest pixel location in the image instance in case of out-of-bounds access along the X-axis.

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### **Parameters**

fx	X-coordinate of the pixel value (float-valued).
у	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.
С	C-coordinate of the pixel value.

### Note

- Similar to linear\_atX(float,int,int,int,const T) const, except that an out-of-bounds access returns the value of the nearest pixel in the image instance, regarding the specified X-coordinate.
- If you know your image instance is *not* empty, you may rather use the slightly faster method \_linear\_\_atX(float,int,int,int).

### Warning

 There is no boundary checking performed for the Y,Z and C-coordinates, so they must be inside image bounds.

8.1.4.127 Tfloat linear\_atXY (const float fx, const float fy, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value) const

Return pixel value, using linear interpolation and Dirichlet boundary conditions for the X and Y-coordinates.

Similar to linear\_atX(float,int,int,int,const T) const, except that the linear interpolation and the boundary checking are achieved both for X and Y-coordinates.

8.1.4.128 Tfloat linear\_atXY (const float fx, const float fy, const int z = 0, const int c = 0) const

Return pixel value, using linear interpolation and Neumann boundary conditions for the X and Y-coordinates.

Similar to linear\_atX(float,int,int,int) const, except that the linear interpolation and the boundary checking are achieved both for X and Y-coordinates.

### Note

• If you know your image instance is *not* empty, you may rather use the slightly faster method \_linear\_\_atXY (float, float, int, int).

8.1.4.129 Tfloat linear\_atXYZ ( const float fx, const float fy, const float fz, const int c, const T out\_value ) const

Return pixel value, using linear interpolation and Dirichlet boundary conditions for the X,Y and Z-coordinates.

Similar to linear\_atX(float,int,int,int,const T) const, except that the linear interpolation and the boundary checking are achieved both for X,Y and Z-coordinates.

8.1.4.130 Tfloat linear\_atXYZ (const float fx, const float fy = 0, const float fz = 0, const int c = 0) const

Return pixel value, using linear interpolation and Neumann boundary conditions for the X,Y and Z-coordinates.

Similar to linear\_atX(float,int,int,int) const, except that the linear interpolation and the boundary checking are achieved both for X,Y and Z-coordinates.

### Note

• If you know your image instance is *not* empty, you may rather use the slightly faster method \_linear\_\_atXYZ (float, float, float, int).

8.1.4.131 Tfloat linear\_atXYZC ( const float fx, const float fy, const float fz, const float fc, const T out\_value ) const

Return pixel value, using linear interpolation and Dirichlet boundary conditions for all X,Y,Z and C-coordinates.

Similar to linear\_atX(float,int,int,int,const T) const, except that the linear interpolation and the boundary checking are achieved for all X,Y,Z and C-coordinates.

8.1.4.132 Tfloat linear\_atXYZC (const float fx, const float fy = 0, const float fz = 0, const float fc = 0) const

Return pixel value, using linear interpolation and Neumann boundary conditions for all X,Y,Z and C-coordinates.

Similar to linear\_atX(float,int,int,int) const, except that the linear interpolation and the boundary checking are achieved for all X,Y,Z and C-coordinates.

#### Note

• If you know your image instance is *not* empty, you may rather use the slightly faster method \_linear\_\_atXYZC(float, float, float, float).

8.1.4.133 Tfloat cubic\_atX (const float fx, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value) const

Return pixel value, using cubic interpolation and Dirichlet boundary conditions for the X-coordinate.

Return a cubicly-interpolated pixel value of the image instance located at (fx,y,z,c), or a specified default value in case of out-of-bounds access along the X-axis. The cubic interpolation uses Hermite splines.

### **Parameters**

	fx	d X-coordinate of the pixel value (float-valued).
Ì	У	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Ì	Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.
Ì	С	C-coordinate of the pixel value.
	out_value	Default value returned if (fx,y,z,c) is outside image bounds.

### Note

- Similar to linear\_atX(float,int,int,const T) const, except that the returned pixel value is approximated by a *cubic* interpolation along the X-axis.
- The type of the returned pixel value is extended to float, if the pixel type T is not float-valued.

### Warning

- There is no boundary checking performed for the Y,Z and C-coordinates, so they must be inside image bounds.
- 8.1.4.134 Tfloat cubic\_atX ( const float fx, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value, const Tfloat min\_value, const Tfloat max\_value ) const

Return damped pixel value, using cubic interpolation and Dirichlet boundary conditions for the X-coordinate.

Similar to cubic\_atX(float,int,int,int,const T) const, except that you can specify the authorized minimum and maximum of the returned value.

8.1.4.135 Tfloat cubic\_atX (const float fx, const int y = 0, const int z = 0, const int c = 0) const

Return pixel value, using cubic interpolation and Neumann boundary conditions for the X-coordinate.

Return a cubicly-interpolated pixel value of the image instance located at (fx,y,z,c), or the value of the nearest pixel location in the image instance in case of out-of-bounds access along the X-axis. The cubic interpolation uses Hermite splines.

### **Parameters**

fx	X-coordinate of the pixel value (float-valued).
У	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.
С	C-coordinate of the pixel value.

### Note

- Similar to cubic\_atX(float,int,int,const T) const, except that the returned pixel value is approximated by a cubic interpolation along the X-axis.
- If you know your image instance is not empty, you may rather use the slightly faster method \_cubic-\_atX(float,int,int,int).

### Warning

- There is *no* boundary checking performed for the Y,Z and C-coordinates, so they must be inside image bounds.
- 8.1.4.136 Tfloat cubic\_atX ( const float fx, const int y, const int z, const int c, const Tfloat min\_value, const Tfloat max\_value ) const

Return damped pixel value, using cubic interpolation and Neumann boundary conditions for the X-coordinate.

Similar to cubic\_atX(float,int,int,int) const, except that you can specify the authorized minimum and maximum of the returned value.

8.1.4.137 Tfloat cubic atXY (const float fx, const float fy, const int z, const int c, const T out value) const

Return pixel value, using cubic interpolation and Dirichlet boundary conditions for the X and Y-coordinates.

Similar to cubic\_atX(float,int,int,int,const T) const, except that the cubic interpolation and boundary checking are achieved both for X and Y-coordinates.

8.1.4.138 Tfloat cubic\_atXY (const float fx, const float fy, const int z, const int z, const T out\_value, const Tfloat min\_value, const Tfloat max\_value) const

Return damped pixel value, using cubic interpolation and Dirichlet boundary conditions for the X and Y-coordinates.

Similar to cubic\_atXY(float,float,int,int,const T) const, except that you can specify the authorized minimum and maximum of the returned value.

8.1.4.139 Tfloat cubic\_atXY (const float fx, const float fy, const int z = 0, const int c = 0) const

Return pixel value, using cubic interpolation and Neumann boundary conditions for the X and Y-coordinates.

Similar to cubic\_atX(float,int,int,int) const, except that the cubic interpolation and boundary checking are achieved for both X and Y-coordinates.

### Note

• If you know your image instance is *not* empty, you may rather use the slightly faster method \_cubic-\_atXY(float, float, int, int).

8.1.4.140 Tfloat cubic\_atXY ( const float fx, const float fy, const int z, const int c, const Tfloat min\_value, const Tfloat max\_value ) const

Return damped pixel value, using cubic interpolation and Neumann boundary conditions for the X and Y-coordinates.

Similar to cubic\_atXY(float,float,int,int) const, except that you can specify the authorized minimum and maximum of the returned value.

8.1.4.141 Tfloat cubic atXYZ (const float fx, const float fy, const float fz, const int c, const T out value) const

Return pixel value, using cubic interpolation and Dirichlet boundary conditions for the X,Y and Z-coordinates.

Similar to cubic\_atX(float,int,int,int,const T) const, except that the cubic interpolation and boundary checking are achieved both for X,Y and Z-coordinates.

8.1.4.142 Tfloat cubic\_atXYZ ( const float fx, const float fy, const float fz, const int c, const T out\_value, const Tfloat min value, const Tfloat max value ) const

Return damped pixel value, using cubic interpolation and Dirichlet boundary conditions for the X,Y and Z-coordinates.

Similar to cubic\_atXYZ(float,float,float,int,const T) const, except that you can specify the authorized minimum and maximum of the returned value.

8.1.4.143 Tfloat cubic\_atXYZ (const float fx, const float fy, const float fz, const int c = 0) const

Return pixel value, using cubic interpolation and Neumann boundary conditions for the X,Y and Z-coordinates.

Similar to cubic\_atX(float,int,int,int) const, except that the cubic interpolation and boundary checking are achieved both for X,Y and Z-coordinates.

Note

- If you know your image instance is not empty, you may rather use the slightly faster method \_cubic\_ \_atXYZ (float, float, float, int).
- 8.1.4.144 Tfloat cubic\_atXYZ (const float fx, const float fy, const float fz, const int c, const Tfloat min\_value, const Tfloat max\_value) const

Return damped pixel value, using cubic interpolation and Neumann boundary conditions for the X,Y and Z-coordinates.

Similar to cubic\_atXYZ(float,float,float,int) const, except that you can specify the authorized minimum and maximum of the returned value.

8.1.4.145 CImg<T>& set\_linear\_atXY ( const T & value, const float fx, const float fy = 0, const int z = 0, const int c = 0, const bool is\_added = false )

Set pixel value, using linear interpolation for the X and Y-coordinates.

Set pixel value at specified coordinates (fx, fy, z, c) in the image instance, in a way that the value is spread amongst several neighbors if the pixel coordinates are indeed float-valued.

### **Parameters**

value	Pixel value to set.
fx	X-coordinate of the pixel value (float-valued).
fy	Y-coordinate of the pixel value (float-valued).
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.
С	C-coordinate of the pixel value.
is_added	Tells if the pixel value is added to (true), or simply replace (false) the current image
	pixel(s).

### Returns

A reference to the current image instance.

### Note

• If specified coordinates are outside image bounds, no operations are performed.

8.1.4.146 CImg<T>& set\_linear\_atXYZ ( const T & value, const float fx, const float fy = 0, const float fz = 0, const int c = 0, const bool is\_added = false)

Set pixel value, using linear interpolation for the X,Y and Z-coordinates.

Similar to set\_linear\_atXY(const T&,float,float,int,int,bool), except that the linear interpolation is achieved both for X.Y and Z-coordinates.

8.1.4.147 CImg<charT> value\_string ( const char separator = ' , ' , const unsigned int max\_size = 0 ) const

Return a C-string containing a list of all values of the image instance.

Return a new CImg<char> image whose buffer data() is a char\* string describing the list of all pixel values of the image instance (written in base 10), separated by specified separator character.

### **Parameters**

separator	A char character which specifies the separator between values in the returned C-string.
max_size	Maximum size of the returned image.

# Note

- The returned image is never empty.
- For an empty image instance, the returned string is "".
- If max\_size is equal to 0, there are no limits on the size of the returned string.
- Otherwise, if the maximum number of string characters is exceeded, the value string is cut off and terminated by character  $' \setminus 0'$ . In that case, the returned image size is  $\max_{size} + 1$ .

# 8.1.4.148 bool is\_shared ( ) const

Test shared state of the pixel buffer.

Return true if image instance has a shared memory buffer, and false otherwise.

### Note

- A shared image do not own his pixel buffer data() and will not deallocate it on destruction.
- Most of the time, a CImg<T> image instance will *not* be shared.
- · A shared image can only be obtained by a limited set of constructors and methods (see list below).

8.1.4.149 bool is\_empty ( ) const

Test if image instance is empty.

Return true, if image instance is empty, i.e. does *not* contain any pixel values, has dimensions  $0 \times 0 \times 0 \times 0$  and a pixel buffer pointer set to 0 (null pointer), and false otherwise.

8.1.4.150 bool is\_inf ( ) const

Test if image instance contains a 'inf' value.

Return true, if image instance contains a 'inf' value, and false otherwise.

8.1.4.151 bool is\_nan ( ) const

Test if image instance contains a 'nan' value.

Return true, if image instance contains a 'nan' value, and false otherwise.

8.1.4.152 bool is\_sameXY ( const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y ) const

Test if image width and height are equal to specified values.

Test if is\_sameX(unsigned int) const and is\_sameY(unsigned int) const are both verified.

8.1.4.153 bool is\_sameXY ( const CImg< t > & img ) const

Test if image width and height are the same as that of another image.

Test if is\_sameX(const Clmg<t>&) const and is\_sameY(const Clmg<t>&) const are both verified.

8.1.4.154 bool is\_sameXY ( const CImgDisplay & disp ) const

Test if image width and height are the same as that of an existing display window.

Test if is\_sameX(const ClmgDisplay&) const and is\_sameY(const ClmgDisplay&) const are both verified.

8.1.4.155 bool is\_sameXZ ( const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_z ) const

Test if image width and depth are equal to specified values.

Test if is sameX(unsigned int) const and is sameZ(unsigned int) const are both verified.

8.1.4.156 bool is\_sameXZ ( const CImg  $\!<$  t  $\!>$  & img ) const

Test if image width and depth are the same as that of another image.

Test if is\_sameX(const Clmg<t>&) const and is\_sameZ(const Clmg<t>&) const are both verified.

8.1.4.157 bool is\_sameXC ( const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_c ) const

Test if image width and spectrum are equal to specified values.

Test if is\_sameX(unsigned int) const and is\_sameC(unsigned int) const are both verified.

8.1.4.158 bool is\_sameXC ( const CImg< t > & img ) const

Test if image width and spectrum are the same as that of another image.

Test if is sameX(const Clmg<t>&) const and is sameC(const Clmg<t>&) const are both verified.

8.1.4.159 bool is\_sameYZ ( const unsigned int size\_y, const unsigned int size\_z ) const

Test if image height and depth are equal to specified values.

Test if is sameY(unsigned int) const and is sameZ(unsigned int) const are both verified.

8.1.4.160 bool is\_sameYZ ( const CImg< t > & img ) const

Test if image height and depth are the same as that of another image.

Test if is\_sameY(const Clmg<t>&) const and is\_sameZ(const Clmg<t>&) const are both verified.

8.1.4.161 bool is\_sameYC ( const unsigned int size\_y, const unsigned int size\_c ) const

Test if image height and spectrum are equal to specified values.

Test if is\_sameY(unsigned int) const and is\_sameC(unsigned int) const are both verified.

8.1.4.162 bool is\_sameYC ( const CImg< t > & img ) const

Test if image height and spectrum are the same as that of another image.

Test if is\_sameY(const Clmg<t>&) const and is\_sameC(const Clmg<t>&) const are both verified.

8.1.4.163 bool is\_sameZC ( const unsigned int size\_z, const unsigned int size\_c ) const

Test if image depth and spectrum are equal to specified values.

Test if is\_sameZ(unsigned int) const and is\_sameC(unsigned int) const are both verified.

8.1.4.164 bool is\_sameZC ( const CImg< t > & img ) const

Test if image depth and spectrum are the same as that of another image.

Test if is sameZ(const Clmg<t>&) const and is sameC(const Clmg<t>&) const are both verified.

8.1.4.165 bool is\_sameXYZ ( const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y, const unsigned int size\_z) const

Test if image width, height and depth are equal to specified values.

Test if is\_sameXY(unsigned int, unsigned int) const and is\_sameZ(unsigned int) const are both verified.

8.1.4.166 bool is\_sameXYZ ( const Clmg< t > & img ) const

Test if image width, height and depth are the same as that of another image.

Test if is\_sameXY(const Clmg<t>&) const and is\_sameZ(const Clmg<t>&) const are both verified.

8.1.4.167 bool is\_sameXYC ( const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y, const unsigned int size\_c ) const

Test if image width, height and spectrum are equal to specified values.

Test if is\_sameXY(unsigned int,unsigned int) const and is\_sameC(unsigned int) const are both verified.

8.1.4.168 bool is\_sameXYC ( const Clmg< t > & img ) const

Test if image width, height and spectrum are the same as that of another image.

Test if is sameXY(const Clmg<t>&) const and is sameC(const Clmg<t>&) const are both verified.

8.1.4.169 bool is\_sameXZC ( const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_z) const

Test if image width, depth and spectrum are equal to specified values.

Test if is sameXZ(unsigned int,unsigned int) const and is sameC(unsigned int) const are both verified.

8.1.4.170 bool is same XZC (const CImg< t > & img) const

Test if image width, depth and spectrum are the same as that of another image.

Test if is sameXZ(const Clmg<t>&) const and is sameC(const Clmg<t>&) const are both verified.

8.1.4.171 bool is\_sameYZC ( const unsigned int size y, const unsigned int size z, const unsigned int size c) const

Test if image height, depth and spectrum are equal to specified values.

Test if is\_sameYZ(unsigned int,unsigned int) const and is\_sameC(unsigned int) const are both verified.

8.1.4.172 bool is\_sameYZC ( const CImg< t > & img ) const

Test if image height, depth and spectrum are the same as that of another image.

Test if is\_sameYZ(const Clmg<t>&) const and is\_sameC(const Clmg<t>&) const are both verified.

8.1.4.173 bool is\_sameXYZC ( const unsigned int *size\_x*, const unsigned int *size\_y*, const unsigned int *size\_z*, const unsigned int *size\_c*) const

Test if image width, height, depth and spectrum are equal to specified values.

Test if is\_sameXYZ(unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int) const and is\_sameC(unsigned int) const are both verified.

8.1.4.174 bool is\_sameXYZC ( const CImg< t > & img ) const

Test if image width, height, depth and spectrum are the same as that of another image.

Test if is\_sameXYZ(const Clmg<t>&) const and is\_sameC(const Clmg<t>&) const are both verified.

8.1.4.175 bool contains XYZC (const int x, const int y = 0, const int z = 0, const int c = 0) const

Test if specified coordinates are inside image bounds.

Return true if pixel located at (x,y,z,c) is inside bounds of the image instance, and false otherwise.

#### **Parameters**

X	X-coordinate of the pixel value.
у	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.
С	C-coordinate of the pixel value.

#### Note

- Return true only if all these conditions are verified:
  - The image instance is *not* empty.

```
- 0<=x<=width()-1.

- 0<=y<=height()-1.

- 0<=z<=depth()-1.

- 0<=c<=spectrum()-1.
```

#### 8.1.4.176 bool contains ( const T & pixel, t & x, t & y, t & z, t & c ) const

Test if pixel value is inside image bounds and get its X,Y,Z and C-coordinates.

Return true, if specified reference refers to a pixel value inside bounds of the image instance, and false otherwise.

#### **Parameters**

	pixel	Reference to pixel value to test.
out	X	X-coordinate of the pixel value, if test succeeds.
out	У	Y-coordinate of the pixel value, if test succeeds.
out	Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value, if test succeeds.
out	С	C-coordinate of the pixel value, if test succeeds.

#### Note

Useful to convert an offset to a buffer value into pixel value coordinates:

#### 8.1.4.177 bool contains (const T & pixel, t & x, t & y, t & z) const

Test if pixel value is inside image bounds and get its X,Y and Z-coordinates.

Similar to contains(const T&,t&,t&,t&,t&) const, except that only the X,Y and Z-coordinates are set.

```
8.1.4.178 bool contains (const T & pixel, t & x, t & y) const
```

Test if pixel value is inside image bounds and get its X and Y-coordinates.

Similar to contains(const T&,t&,t&,t&) const, except that only the X and Y-coordinates are set.

```
8.1.4.179 bool contains (const T & pixel, t & x) const
```

Test if pixel value is inside image bounds and get its X-coordinate.

Similar to contains(const T&,t&,t&,t&,t&) const, except that only the X-coordinate is set.

8.1.4.180 bool contains (const T & pixel) const

Test if pixel value is inside image bounds.

Similar to contains(const T&,t&,t&,t&) const, except that no pixel coordinates are set.

8.1.4.181 bool is\_overlapped ( const CImg < t > & img ) const

Test if pixel buffers of instance and input images overlap.

Return true, if pixel buffers attached to image instance and input image img overlap, and false otherwise.

#### **Parameters**

img	Input image to compare with.

#### Note

- Buffer overlapping may happen when manipulating shared images.
- If two image buffers overlap, operating on one of the image will probably modify the other one.
- Most of the time, CImg<T> instances are *non-shared* and do not overlap between each others.

#### Example

8.1.4.182 bool is\_object3d ( const ClmgList< tp > & primitives, const ClmgList< tc > & colors, const to & opacities, const bool full\_check = true, char \*const error\_message = 0 ) const

Test if the set {\*this,primitives,colors,opacities} defines a valid 3d object.

Return true is the 3d object represented by the set {\*this,primitives,colors,opacities} defines a valid 3d object, and false otherwise. The vertex coordinates are defined by the instance image.

#### **Parameters**

	primitives	List of primitives of the 3d object.
	colors	List of colors of the 3d object.
	opacities	List (or image) of opacities of the 3d object.
	full_check	Tells if full checking of the 3d object must be performed.
out	error_message	C-string to contain the error message, if the test does not succeed.

#### Note

- Set full\_checking to false to speed-up the 3d object checking. In this case, only the size of each 3d object component is checked.
- Size of the string error\_message should be at least 128-bytes long, to be able to contain the error message.

8.1.4.183 bool is\_Clmg3d ( const bool full\_check = true, char \*const error\_message = 0 ) const

Test if image instance represents a valid serialization of a 3d object.

Return true if the image instance represents a valid serialization of a 3d object, and false otherwise.

#### **Parameters**

	full_check	Tells if full checking of the instance must be performed.
out	error_message	C-string to contain the error message, if the test does not succeed.

#### Note

- Set full\_check to false to speed-up the 3d object checking. In this case, only the size of each 3d object component is checked.
- Size of the string error\_message should be at least 128-bytes long, to be able to contain the error message.

```
8.1.4.184 Clmg<T>& sqr()
```

Compute the square value of each pixel value.

Replace each pixel value  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}$  of the image instance by its square value  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}^2$ .

#### Note

- The [in-place version] of this method statically casts the computed values to the pixel type T.
- The [new-instance version] returns a CImg<float> image, if the pixel type T is not float-valued.

## Example

```
const CImg<float> img("reference.jpg");
(img,img.get_sqr().normalize(0,255)).display();
```

```
8.1.4.185 Clmg<T>& sqrt ( )
```

Compute the square root of each pixel value.

Replace each pixel value  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}$  of the image instance by its square root  $\sqrt{I_{(x,y,z,c)}}$ .

#### Note

- The [in-place version] of this method statically casts the computed values to the pixel type T.
- The [new-instance version] returns a CImg<float> image, if the pixel type T is not float-valued.

## Example

```
const CImg<float> img("reference.jpg");
(img,img.get_sqrt().normalize(0,255)).display();
```

## 8.1.4.186 Clmg<T>& exp()

Compute the exponential of each pixel value.

Replace each pixel value  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}$  of the image instance by its exponential  $e^{I_{(x,y,z,c)}}$ .

#### Note

- The [in-place version] of this method statically casts the computed values to the pixel type  ${\tt T}$ .
- The [new-instance version] returns a CImg < float > image, if the pixel type T is not float-valued.

```
8.1.4.187 Clmg<T>& log( )
```

Compute the logarithm of each pixel value.

Replace each pixel value  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}$  of the image instance by its logarithm  $\log_e(I_{(x,y,z,c)})$ .

Note

- The [in-place version] of this method statically casts the computed values to the pixel type T.
- The [new-instance version] returns a CImq<float> image, if the pixel type T is not float-valued.

```
8.1.4.188 Clmg<T>& log2 ( )
```

Compute the base-2 logarithm of each pixel value.

Replace each pixel value  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}$  of the image instance by its base-2 logarithm  $\log_2(I_{(x,y,z,c)})$ .

Note

- The [in-place version] of this method statically casts the computed values to the pixel type T.
- The [new-instance version] returns a CImg<float> image, if the pixel type T is not float-valued.

```
8.1.4.189 Clmg<T>& log10 ( )
```

Compute the base-10 logarithm of each pixel value.

Replace each pixel value  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}$  of the image instance by its base-10 logarithm  $\log_{10}(I_{(x,y,z,c)})$ .

Note

- The [in-place version] of this method statically casts the computed values to the pixel type T.
- The [new-instance version] returns a CImg<float> image, if the pixel type T is not float-valued.

```
8.1.4.190 Clmg<T>& abs ( )
```

Compute the absolute value of each pixel value.

Replace each pixel value  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}$  of the image instance by its absolute value  $|I_{(x,y,z,c)}|$ .

Note

- The [in-place version] of this method statically casts the computed values to the pixel type T.
- The [new-instance version] returns a CImg<float> image, if the pixel type  ${\tt T}$  is not float-valued.

```
8.1.4.191 Clmg<T>& sign ( )
```

Compute the sign of each pixel value.

Replace each pixel value  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}$  of the image instance by its sign  $sign(I_{(x,y,z,c)})$ .

Note

- The sign is set to:
  - 1 if pixel value is strictly positive.
  - − 1 if pixel value is strictly negative.
  - 0 if pixel value is equal to 0.
- The [in-place version] of this method statically casts the computed values to the pixel type T.
- The [new-instance version] returns a CImg<float> image, if the pixel type T is not float-valued.

```
8.1.4.192 Clmg<T>& cos ( )
```

Compute the cosine of each pixel value.

Replace each pixel value  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}$  of the image instance by its cosine  $\cos(I_{(x,y,z,c)})$ .

Note

- Pixel values are regarded as being in radian.
- The [in-place version] of this method statically casts the computed values to the pixel type T.
- The [new-instance version] returns a CImq<float> image, if the pixel type T is not float-valued.

```
8.1.4.193 Clmg<T>& sin ( )
```

Compute the sine of each pixel value.

Replace each pixel value  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}$  of the image instance by its sine  $\sin(I_{(x,y,z,c)})$ .

Note

- Pixel values are regarded as being in radian.
- The [in-place version] of this method statically casts the computed values to the pixel type T.
- The [new-instance version] returns a CImg < float > image, if the pixel type T is not float-valued.

```
8.1.4.194 CImg<T>& sinc ( )
```

Compute the sinc of each pixel value.

Replace each pixel value  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}$  of the image instance by its sinc  $\mathrm{sinc}(I_{(x,y,z,c)})$ .

Note

- Pixel values are regarded as being exin radian.
- The [in-place version] of this method statically casts the computed values to the pixel type T.
- The [new-instance version] returns a CImg<float> image, if the pixel type T is not float-valued.

```
8.1.4.195 Clmg<T>& tan ( )
```

Compute the tangent of each pixel value.

Replace each pixel value  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}$  of the image instance by its tangent  $tan(I_{(x,y,z,c)})$ .

Note

- Pixel values are regarded as being exin radian.
- The [in-place version] of this method statically casts the computed values to the pixel type  ${\tt T}$ .
- The [new-instance version] returns a CImg<float> image, if the pixel type T is not float-valued.

```
8.1.4.196 Clmg<T>& cosh ( )
```

Compute the hyperbolic cosine of each pixel value.

Replace each pixel value  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}$  of the image instance by its hyperbolic cosine  $\cosh(I_{(x,y,z,c)})$ .

Note

- The [in-place version] of this method statically casts the computed values to the pixel type T.
- The [new-instance version] returns a CImg<float> image, if the pixel type T is not float-valued.

```
8.1.4.197 CImg < T > & sinh ( )
```

Compute the hyperbolic sine of each pixel value.

Replace each pixel value  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}$  of the image instance by its hyperbolic sine  $\sinh(I_{(x,y,z,c)})$ .

Note

- The [in-place version] of this method statically casts the computed values to the pixel type T.
- The [new-instance version] returns a CImg < float > image, if the pixel type T is not float-valued.

```
8.1.4.198 Clmg<T>& tanh ( )
```

Compute the hyperbolic tangent of each pixel value.

Replace each pixel value  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}$  of the image instance by its hyperbolic tangent  $\tanh(I_{(x,y,z,c)})$ .

Note

- The [in-place version] of this method statically casts the computed values to the pixel type T.
- The [new-instance version] returns a CImg<float> image, if the pixel type T is not float-valued.

```
8.1.4.199 Clmg<T>& acos ( )
```

Compute the arccosine of each pixel value.

Replace each pixel value  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}$  of the image instance by its arccosine  $a\cos(I_{(x,y,z,c)})$ .

Note

- The [in-place version] of this method statically casts the computed values to the pixel type  ${\tt T}$ .
- The [new-instance version] returns a CImg<float> image, if the pixel type T is not float-valued.

```
8.1.4.200 CImg<T>& asin ( )
```

Compute the arcsine of each pixel value.

Replace each pixel value  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}$  of the image instance by its arcsine  $a\sin(I_{(x,y,z,c)})$ .

Note

- The [in-place version] of this method statically casts the computed values to the pixel type T.
- The [new-instance version] returns a CImg<float> image, if the pixel type T is not float-valued.

```
8.1.4.201 Clmg<T>& atan ( )
```

Compute the arctangent of each pixel value.

Replace each pixel value  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}$  of the image instance by its arctangent  $atan(I_{(x,y,z,c)})$ .

Note

- The [in-place version] of this method statically casts the computed values to the pixel type T.
- The [new-instance version] returns a CImg<float> image, if the pixel type T is not float-valued.

```
8.1.4.202 Clmg<T>& atan2 ( const Clmg< t> & img )
```

Compute the arctangent2 of each pixel value.

Replace each pixel value  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}$  of the image instance by its arctangent2 atan2( $I_{(x,y,z,c)}$ ).

**Parameters** 

img | Image whose pixel values specify the second argument of the atan2 () function.

Note

- The [in-place version] of this method statically casts the computed values to the pixel type T.
- The [new-instance version] returns a CImq<float> image, if the pixel type T is not float-valued.

#### Example

```
8.1.4.203 Clmg<T>& mul ( const Clmg< t> & img )
```

In-place pointwise multiplication.

Compute the pointwise multiplication between the image instance and the specified input image img.

Parameters

```
img Input image, as the second operand of the multiplication.
```

Note

- Similar to operator+=(const Clmg<t>&), except that it performs a pointwise multiplication instead of an addition.
- It does not perform a matrix multiplication. For this purpose, use operator\*=(const Clmg<t>&) instead.

## Example

```
CImg<float>
  img("reference.jpg"),
  shade(img.width,img.height(),1,1,"-(x-w/2)^2-(y-h/2)^2",false);
shade.normalize(0,1);
(img,shade,img.get_mul(shade)).display();
```

```
8.1.4.204 CImg<T>& div ( const CImg< t> & img )
```

In-place pointwise division.

Similar to mul(const Clmg<t>&), except that it performs a pointwise division instead of a multiplication.

```
8.1.4.205 CImg<T>& pow ( const double p )
```

Raise each pixel value to a specified power.

Replace each pixel value  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}$  of the image instance by its power  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}^p$ .

**Parameters** 

```
p Exponent value.
```

Note

- The [in-place version] of this method statically casts the computed values to the pixel type  ${\tt T}$ .
- The [new-instance version] returns a CImg < float > image, if the pixel type T is not float-valued.

#### Example

```
8.1.4.206 CImg<T>& pow ( const char *const expression )
```

Raise each pixel value to a power, specified from an expression.

Similar to operator+=(const char\*), except it performs a pointwise exponentiation instead of an addition.

```
8.1.4.207 Clmg<T>& pow ( const Clmg< t> & img )
```

Raise each pixel value to a power, pointwisely specified from another image.

Similar to operator+=(const Clmg<t>& img), except that it performs an exponentiation instead of an addition.

```
8.1.4.208 Clmg<T>& rol (const unsigned int n = 1)
```

Compute the bitwise left rotation of each pixel value.

Similar to operator <<= (unsigned int), except that it performs a left rotation instead of a left shift.

```
8.1.4.209 CImg<T>& rol ( const char *const expression )
```

Compute the bitwise left rotation of each pixel value.

Similar to operator <<= (const char\*), except that it performs a left rotation instead of a left shift.

```
8.1.4.210 Clmg<T>& rol ( const Clmg< t> & img )
```

Compute the bitwise left rotation of each pixel value.

Similar to operator<<=(const Clmg<t>&), except that it performs a left rotation instead of a left shift.

8.1.4.211 CImg<T>& ror ( const unsigned int n = 1 )

Compute the bitwise right rotation of each pixel value.

Similar to operator>>=(unsigned int), except that it performs a right rotation instead of a right shift.

8.1.4.212 Clmg<T>& ror ( const char \*const expression )

Compute the bitwise right rotation of each pixel value.

Similar to operator>>=(const char\*), except that it performs a right rotation instead of a right shift.

8.1.4.213 Clmg<T>& ror ( const Clmg< t> & img )

Compute the bitwise right rotation of each pixel value.

Similar to operator>>=(const Clmg<t>&), except that it performs a right rotation instead of a right shift.

8.1.4.214 CImg<T>& min ( const T *val* )

Pointwise min operator between instance image and a value.

**Parameters** 

val Value used as the reference argument of the min operator.

Note

Replace each pixel value  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}$  of the image instance by  $\min(I_{(x,y,z,c)}, \text{val})$ .

8.1.4.215 Clmg<T>& min ( const Clmg< t> & img )

Pointwise min operator between two images.

Parameters

*img* Image used as the reference argument of the min operator.

Note

Replace each pixel value  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}$  of the image instance by  $\min(I_{(x,y,z,c)}, \operatorname{img}_{(x,y,z,c)})$ .

8.1.4.216 CImg<T>& min ( const char \*const expression )

Pointwise min operator between an image and an expression.

**Parameters** 

expression Math formula as a C-string.

Note

Replace each pixel value  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}$  of the image instance by  $\min(I_{(x,y,z,c)}, \exp(x,y,z,c))$ .

Pointwise max operator between instance image and a value.

val Value used as the reference argument of the max operator.

Note

Replace each pixel value  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}$  of the image instance by  $\max(I_{(x,y,z,c)}, \text{val})$ .

8.1.4.218 CImg<T>& max ( const CImg<t> & img )

Pointwise max operator between two images.

**Parameters** 

img Image used as the reference argument of the max operator.

Note

Replace each pixel value  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}$  of the image instance by  $\max(I_{(x,y,z,c)}, \mathrm{img}_{(x,y,z,c)})$ .

8.1.4.219 Clmg<T>& max ( const char \*const expression )

Pointwise max operator between an image and an expression.

**Parameters** 

expression | Math formula as a C-string.

Note

Replace each pixel value  $I_{(x,y,z,c)}$  of the image instance by  $\max(I_{(x,y,z,c)}, \exp(x,y,z,c))$ .

8.1.4.220 T& min\_max ( t & max\_val )

Return a reference to the minimum pixel value as well as the maximum pixel value.

**Parameters** 

out max\_val Maximum pixel value.

8.1.4.221 T& max\_min ( t & min\_val )

Return a reference to the maximum pixel value as well as the minimum pixel value.

**Parameters** 

out min\_val Minimum pixel value.

8.1.4.222 T kth\_smallest ( const unsigned int k ) const

Return the kth smallest pixel value.

#### **Parameters**

k Rank of the search smallest element.

8.1.4.223 Tdouble variance (const unsigned int  $variance\_method = 1$ ) const

Return the variance of the pixel values.

#### **Parameters**

# $\begin{array}{c} \textit{variance}\_{-}\\ \textit{method} \end{array} \ \, \text{Method used to estimate the variance. Can be:} \\ \bullet \ \, 0\colon \text{Second moment, computed as } 1/N \sum\limits_{k=1}^N (x_k - \bar{x})^2 = 1/N \left(\sum\limits_{k=1}^N x_k^2 - \left(\sum\limits_{k=1}^N x_k\right)^2/N\right) \\ \text{with } \bar{x} = 1/N \sum\limits_{k=1}^N x_k. \\ \bullet \ \, 1\colon \text{Best unbiased estimator, computed as } \frac{1}{N-1} \sum\limits_{k=1}^N (x_k - \bar{x})^2. \\ \bullet \ \, 2\colon \text{Least median of squares.} \\ \bullet \ \, 3\colon \text{Least trimmed of squares.} \end{array}$

8.1.4.224 Tdouble variance\_mean ( const unsigned int variance\_method, t & mean ) const

Return the variance as well as the average of the pixel values.

## **Parameters**

	variance	Method used to estimate the variance (see variance(const unsigned int) const).
	method	
out	mean	Average pixel value.

8.1.4.225 Tdouble variance\_noise ( const unsigned int *variance\_method* = 2 ) const

Return estimated variance of the noise.

## **Parameters**

variance	Method used to compute the variance (see variance(const unsigned int) const).
method	

Note

Because of structures such as edges in images it is recommanded to use a robust variance estimation. The variance of the noise is estimated by computing the variance of the Laplacian  $(\Delta I)^2$  scaled by a factor c insuring  $cE[(\Delta I)^2] = \sigma^2$  where  $\sigma$  is the noise variance.

8.1.4.226 Tdouble MSE ( const CImg< t > & img ) const

Compute the MSE (Mean-Squared Error) between two images.

img	Image used as the second argument of the MSE operator.
-----	--

8.1.4.227 Tdouble PSNR ( const Clmg < t > & img, const Tdouble max\_value = 255 ) const

Compute the PSNR (Peak Signal-to-Noise Ratio) between two images.

#### **Parameters**

img	Image used as the second argument of the PSNR operator.
max_value	Maximum theoretical value of the signal.

8.1.4.228 double eval ( const char \*const expression, const double z = 0, const double z = 0, const double z = 0) const double z = 0

Evaluate math formula.

#### **Parameters**

expression	Math formula, as a C-string.
X	Value of the pre-defined variable x.
У	Value of the pre-defined variable y.
Z	Value of the pre-defined variable z.
С	Value of the pre-defined variable c.

8.1.4.229 CImg<doubleT> eval ( const char \*const expression, const CImg<t > & xyzc ) const

Evaluate math formula on a set of variables.

#### **Parameters**

expression	Math formula, as a C-string.
xyzc	Set of values (x,y,z,c) used for the evaluation.

8.1.4.230 Tdouble magnitude ( const int magnitude\_type = 2 ) const

Compute norm of the image, viewed as a matrix.

#### **Parameters**

magnitude_type	Norm type. Can be:
	• -1: Linf-norm
	• 0: L2-norm
	• 1: L1-norm

8.1.4.231 Tdouble dot ( const CImg < t > & img ) const

Compute the dot product between instance and argument, viewed as matrices.

#### **Parameters**

img	Image used as a second argument of the dot product.
-----	---

8.1.4.232 CImg<T> get\_vector\_at ( const unsigned int x, const unsigned int y = 0, const unsigned int z = 0) const

Get vector-valued pixel located at specified position.

#### **Parameters**

X	X-coordinate of the pixel value.
у	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.

8.1.4.233 CImg<T> get\_matrix\_at ( const unsigned int x = 0, const unsigned int y = 0, const unsigned int z = 0) const

Get (square) matrix-valued pixel located at specified position.

#### **Parameters**

X	X-coordinate of the pixel value.
У	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.

#### Note

- The spectrum() of the image must be a square.

8.1.4.234 CImg<T> get\_tensor\_at ( const unsigned int x, const unsigned int y = 0, const unsigned int z = 0 ) const

Get tensor-valued pixel located at specified position.

#### **Parameters**

X	X-coordinate of the pixel value.
У	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.

8.1.4.235 CImg<T>& set\_vector\_at ( const CImg< t> & vec, const unsigned int x, const unsigned int y = 0, const unsigned int z = 0 )

Set vector-valued pixel at specified position.

#### **Parameters**

vec	Vector to put on the instance image.
X	X-coordinate of the pixel value.
У	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.

8.1.4.236 CImg<T>& set\_matrix\_at ( const CImg<t> & mat, const unsigned int x = 0, const unsigned int y = 0, const unsigned int z = 0 )

Set (square) matrix-valued pixel at specified position.

mat	Matrix to put on the instance image.
X	X-coordinate of the pixel value.
У	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.

8.1.4.237 CImg<T>& set\_tensor\_at ( const CImg< t> & ten, const unsigned int x = 0, const unsigned int y = 0, const unsigned int z = 0 )

Set tensor-valued pixel at specified position.

#### **Parameters**

ten	Tensor to put on the instance image.
X	X-coordinate of the pixel value.
У	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.

```
8.1.4.238 Clmg<T>& vector ( )
```

Unroll pixel values along axis y.

Note

## Equivalent to

```
unroll('y');
```

8.1.4.239 Clmg<T>& diagonal ( )

Resize image to become a diagonal matrix.

Note

Transform the image as a diagonal matrix so that each of its initial value becomes a diagonal coefficient.

```
8.1.4.240 CImg<T>& identity_matrix ( )
```

Replace the image by an identity matrix.

Note

If the instance image is not square, it is resized to a square matrix using its maximum dimension as a reference.

8.1.4.241 Clmg<T>& sequence (const T a0, const T a1)

Fill image with a linear sequence of values.

#### **Parameters**

a0	Starting value of the sequence.
a1	Ending value of the sequence.

# 8.1.4.242 CImg<T>& transpose ( )

Transpose the image, viewed as a matrix.

Note

## Equivalent to

```
permute_axes("yxzc");
```

# 8.1.4.243 CImg<T>& cross ( const CImg< t> & img )

Compute the cross product between two 1x3 images, viewed as 3d vectors.

#### **Parameters**

img	Image used as the second argument of the cross product.
-----	---

Note

The first argument of the cross product is \*this.

# 8.1.4.244 Clmg<T>& invert ( const bool $use\_LU = true$ )

Invert the instance image, viewed as a matrix.

## **Parameters**

use_LU	Choose the inverting algorithm. Can be:
	• true: LU-based matrix inversion.
	false: SVD-based matrix inversion.

# 

Solve a system of linear equations.

# **Parameters**

Α	Matrix of the linear system.

Note

Solve AX=B where B=\*this.

# 8.1.4.246 CImg<T>& solve\_tridiagonal ( const CImg< t> & A )

Solve a tridiagonal system of linear equations.

Α	Coefficients of the tridiagonal system. A is a tridiagonal matrix A = [ b0,c0,0,; a1,b1,c1,0,
	;;,0,aN,bN ], stored as a 3 columns matrix

#### Note

Solve AX=B where B=\*this, using the Thomas algorithm.

8.1.4.247 const Clmg<T>& eigen ( Clmg< t > & val, Clmg< t > & vec ) const

Compute eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the instance image, viewed as a matrix.

#### **Parameters**

out	val	Vector of the estimated eigenvalues, in decreasing order.
out	vec	Matrix of the estimated eigenvalues, sorted by columns.

## 8.1.4.248 ClmgList<Tfloat> get\_eigen ( ) const

Compute eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the instance image, viewed as a matrix.

#### Returns

A list of two images [val; vec], whose meaning is similar as in eigen(Clmg<t>&,Clmg<t>&) const.

## 8.1.4.249 const Clmg<T>& symmetric\_eigen ( Clmg<t> & val, Clmg<t> & vec ) const

Compute eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the instance image, viewed as a symmetric matrix.

## Parameters

out	val	Vector of the estimated eigenvalues, in decreasing order.
out	vec	Matrix of the estimated eigenvalues, sorted by columns.

# 8.1.4.250 CImgList<Tfloat> get\_symmetric\_eigen ( ) const

Compute eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the instance image, viewed as a symmetric matrix.

#### Returns

A list of two images [val; vec], whose meaning are similar as in symmetric\_eigen(CImg<t>&,C-Img<t>&) const.

8.1.4.251 Clmg<T>& sort ( Clmg< t> & permutations, const bool is\_increasing = true )

Sort pixel values and get sorting permutations.

#### **Parameters**

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out	permutations	Permutation map used for the sorting.
	is_increasing	Tells if pixel values are sorted in an increasing (true) or decreasing (false)
		way.

8.1.4.252 Clmg<T>& sort ( const bool is\_increasing = true, const char axis = 0 )

Sort pixel values.

#### **Parameters**

is_increasing	Tells if pixel values are sorted in an increasing (true) or decreasing (false) way.
axis	Tells if the value sorting must be done along a specific axis. Can be:
	0: All pixel values are sorted, independently on their initial position.
	- $'\mathrm{x}'$ : Image columns are sorted, according to the first value in each column.
	<ul> <li>'y': Image rows are sorted, according to the first value in each row.</li> </ul>
	• 'z': Image slices are sorted, according to the first value in each slice.
	• ' c': Image channels are sorted, according to the first value in each channel.

8.1.4.253 const Clmg<T>& SVD ( Clmg<t> & U, Clmg<t> & S, Clmg<t> & V, const bool sorting = true, const unsigned int max\_iteration = 40, const float lambda = 0) const

Compute the SVD of the instance image, viewed as a general matrix.

Compute the SVD decomposition \*this=U\*S\*V' where U and V are orthogonal matrices and S is a diagonal matrix. V' denotes the matrix transpose of V.

#### **Parameters**

out	U	First matrix of the SVD product.
out	S	Coefficients of the second (diagonal) matrix of the SVD product. These coeffi-
		cients are stored as a vector.
out	V	Third matrix of the SVD product.
	sorting	Tells if the diagonal coefficients are sorted (in decreasing order).
	max_iteration	Maximum number of iterations considered for the algorithm convergence.
	lambda	Epsilon used for the algorithm convergence.

#### Note

The instance matrix can be computed from  ${\tt U},{\tt S}$  and  ${\tt V}$  by

```
const CImg<> A; // Input matrix (assumed to contain some values). CImg<> U,S,V; A.SVD(U,S,V)
```

8.1.4.254 CImgList<Tfloat> get\_SVD ( const bool *sorting* = true, const unsigned int *max\_iteration* = 40, const float lambda = 0 ) const

Compute the SVD of the instance image, viewed as a general matrix.

#### Returns

A list of three images [U; S; V], whose meaning is similar as in SVD(Clmg < t > &, Clmg < t > &, C

8.1.4.255 static CImg<T> dijkstra ( const tf & distance, const unsigned int nb\_nodes, const unsigned int starting\_node, const unsigned int ending\_node, CImg<t> & previous\_node ) [static]

Compute minimal path in a graph, using the Dijkstra algorithm.

#### **Parameters**

distance	An object having operator()(unsigned int i, unsigned int j) which returns distance between two
	nodes (i,j).
nb_nodes	Number of graph nodes.
starting_node	Indice of the starting node.
ending_node	Indice of the ending node (set to $\sim$ 0U to ignore ending node).
previous_node	Array that gives the previous node indice in the path to the starting node (optional parameter).

#### Returns

Array of distances of each node to the starting node.

8.1.4.256 CImg<T>& dijkstra ( const unsigned int *starting\_node*, const unsigned int *ending\_node*, CImg< t> & previous\_node )

Return minimal path in a graph, using the Dijkstra algorithm.

#### **Parameters**

starting_node	Indice of the starting node.
ending_node	Indice of the ending node.
previous_node	Array that gives the previous node indice in the path to the starting node (optional parameter).

## Returns

Array of distances of each node to the starting node.

## Note

image instance corresponds to the adjacency matrix of the graph.

8.1.4.257 static Clmg<T> string ( const char \*const str, const bool is\_last\_zero = true ) [static]

Return an image containing the ascii codes of the specified string.

## Parameters

str	input C-string to encode as an image.
is_last_zero	Tells if the ending '0' character appear in the resulting image.

8.1.4.258 static Clmg<T> vector ( const T & a0 ) [static]

Return a 1x1 image containing specified value.

#### **Parameters**

a0	First vector value.

8.1.4.259 static Clmg<T> vector ( const T & a0, const T & a1 ) [static]

Return a 1x2 image containing specified values.

a0	First vector value.
a1	Second vector value.

8.1.4.260 static Clmg<T> vector ( const T & a0, const T & a1, const T & a2 ) [static]

Return a 1x3 image containing specified values.

#### **Parameters**

a0	First vector value.
a1	Second vector value.
a2	Third vector value.

8.1.4.261 static Clmg<T> vector ( const T & a0, const T & a1, const T & a2, const T & a3 ) [static]

Return a 1x4 image containing specified values.

#### **Parameters**

a0	First vector value.
a1	Second vector value.
a2	Third vector value.
аЗ	Fourth vector value.

8.1.4.262 static Clmg<T> matrix (const T & a0) [static]

Return a 1x1 matrix containing specified coefficients.

## **Parameters**

a0	First matrix value.

Note

Equivalent to vector(const T&).

8.1.4.263 static Clmg<T> matrix ( const T & a0, const T & a1, const T & a2, const T & a3 ) [static]

Return a 2x2 matrix containing specified coefficients.

#### **Parameters**

a0	First matrix value.
a1	Second matrix value.
a2	Third matrix value.
аЗ	Fourth matrix value.

8.1.4.264 static CImg<T> matrix (const T & a0, const T & a1, const T & a2, const T & a3, const T & a4, const T & a5, const T & a6, const T & a7, const T & a8) [static]

Return a 3x3 matrix containing specified coefficients.

#### **Parameters**

a0	First matrix value.
a1	Second matrix value.
a2	Third matrix value.
аЗ	Fourth matrix value.
a4	Fifth matrix value.
a5	Sixth matrix value.
a6	Seventh matrix value.
a7	Eighth matrix value.
a8	Nineth matrix value.

8.1.4.265 static Clmg<T> tensor ( const T & a0 ) [static]

Return a 1x1 symmetric matrix containing specified coefficients.

#### **Parameters**

a0	First matrix value.

#### Note

Equivalent to vector(const T&).

8.1.4.266 static Clmg<T> identity\_matrix ( const unsigned int N ) [static]

Return a NxN identity matrix.

## Parameters

N	Dimension of the matrix.

8.1.4.267 static Clmg<T> sequence ( const unsigned int N, const T a0, const T a1 ) [static]

Return a N-numbered sequence vector from a0 to a1.

#### **Parameters**

N	Size of the resulting vector.
a0	Starting value of the sequence.
a1	Ending value of the sequence.

8.1.4.268 static Clmg<T> rotation\_matrix ( const float x, const float y, const float z, const float w, const bool is\_quaternion = false ) [static]

Return a 3x3 rotation matrix along the (x,y,z)-axis with an angle w.

X	X-coordinate of the rotation axis, or first quaternion coordinate.
у	Y-coordinate of the rotation axis, or second quaternion coordinate.

Z	Z-coordinate of the rotation axis, or third quaternion coordinate.
W	Angle of the rotation axis, or fourth quaternion coordinate.
is_quaternion	Tell is the four arguments denotes a set { axis + angle } or a quaternion.

## 8.1.4.269 Clmg<T>& fill ( const T *val* )

Fill all pixel values with specified value.

#### **Parameters**

val	Fill value.

## 8.1.4.270 CImg<T>& fill (const T val0, const T val1)

Fill sequentially all pixel values with specified values.

#### **Parameters**

val0	First fill value.
val1	Second fill value.

## 8.1.4.271 Clmg<T>& fill ( const char \*const expression, const bool repeat\_flag )

Fill sequentially pixel values according to a given expression.

#### **Parameters**

expression	C-string describing a math formula, or a list of values.
repeat_flag	In case a list of values is provided, tells if this list must be repeated for the filling.

# 8.1.4.272 Clmg<T>& fill ( const Clmg< t> & values, const bool repeat\_values = true )

Fill sequentially pixel values according to the values found in another image.

#### **Parameters**

values	Image containing the values used for the filling.
repeat_values	In case there are less values than necessary in values, tells if these values must be re-
	peated for the filling.

# 8.1.4.273 Clmg<T>& fillX (const unsigned int y, const unsigned int z, const unsigned int c, const int a0, ...)

Fill pixel values along the X-axis at a specified pixel position.

## **Parameters**

У	Y-coordinate of the filled column.
Z	Z-coordinate of the filled column.
С	C-coordinate of the filled column.
a0	First fill value.

## 8.1.4.274 Clmg<T>& fillY (const unsigned int x, const unsigned int z, const unsigned int c, const int a0, ...)

Fill pixel values along the Y-axis at a specified pixel position.

#### **Parameters**

X	X-coordinate of the filled row.
Z	Z-coordinate of the filled row.
С	C-coordinate of the filled row.
a0	First fill value.

## 8.1.4.275 CImg<T>& fillZ ( const unsigned int x, const unsigned int y, const unsigned int c, const int a0, ... )

Fill pixel values along the Z-axis at a specified pixel position.

#### **Parameters**

X	X-coordinate of the filled slice.
У	Y-coordinate of the filled slice.
С	C-coordinate of the filled slice.
a0	First fill value.

# 8.1.4.276 CImg<T>& fillC (const unsigned int x, const unsigned int y, const unsigned int z, const int a0, ...)

Fill pixel values along the C-axis at a specified pixel position.

#### **Parameters**

X	X-coordinate of the filled channel.
У	Y-coordinate of the filled channel.
Z	Z-coordinate of the filled channel.
a0	First filling value.

# 8.1.4.277 CImg<T>& discard ( const T value )

Discard specified value in the image buffer.

#### **Parameters**

value	Value to discard.

#### Note

Discarded values will change the image geometry, so the resulting image is returned as a one-column vector.

## 8.1.4.278 CImg<T>& discard ( const CImg< t> & values )

Discard specified sequence of values in the image buffer.

#### **Parameters**

values	Sequence of values to discard.

#### Note

Discarded values will change the image geometry, so the resulting image is returned as a one-column vector.

## 8.1.4.279 CImg<T>& rand (const T val\_min, const T val\_max)

Fill image with random values in specified range.

val_min	Minimal random value.
val_max	Maximal random value.

#### Note

Random samples are following a uniform distribution.

8.1.4.280 CImg<T>& round (const double y = 1, const int rounding\_type = 0)

## Round pixel values.

#### **Parameters**

у	Rounding precision.
rounding_type	Rounding type. Can be:
	<ul> <li>-1: Backward.</li> <li>0: Nearest.</li> <li>1: Forward.</li> </ul>

8.1.4.281 CImg<T>& noise (const double sigma, const unsigned int noise\_type = 0)

Add random noise to pixel values.

#### **Parameters**

sigma	Amplitude of the random additive noise. If sigma<0, it stands for a percentage of the global
	value range.
noise_type	Type of additive noise (can be 0=gaussian, 1=uniform, 2=Salt and Pepper,
	3=Poisson <b>or</b> 4=Rician).

## Returns

A reference to the modified image instance.

## Note

- For Poisson noise (noise\_type=3), parameter sigma is ignored, as Poisson noise only depends on the image value itself.
- Function CImg<T>::get\_noise() is also defined. It returns a non-shared modified copy of the image instance.

## Example

```
const CImg<float> img("reference.jpg"), res = img.get_noise(40);
(img,res.normalize(0,255)).display();
```

8.1.4.282 CImg<T>& normalize ( const T min\_value, const T max\_value )

Linearly normalize pixel values.

#### **Parameters**

min_value	Minimum desired value of the resulting image.
max_value	Maximum desired value of the resulting image.

## **Example**

```
const CImg<float> img("reference.jpg"), res = img.get_normalize(160,220);
(img,res).display();
```

## 8.1.4.283 Clmg<T>& normalize ( )

Normalize multi-valued pixels of the image instance, with respect to their L2-norm.

#### Example

```
const CImg<float> img("reference.jpg"), res = img.get_normalize();
(img,res.normalize(0,255)).display();
```

#### 8.1.4.284 CImg<T>& norm ( const int *norm\_type* = 2 )

Compute L2-norm of each multi-valued pixel of the image instance.

#### **Parameters**

norm_type	Type of computed vector norm (can be $0=Linf$ , $1=L1$ or $2=L2$ ).
-----------	---

## Example

```
const CImg<float> img("reference.jpg"), res = img.get_norm();
(img,res.normalize(0,255)).display();
```

# 8.1.4.285 Clmg<T>& cut ( const T min\_value, const T max\_value )

Cut pixel values in specified range.

## **Parameters**

min_value	Minimum desired value of the resulting image.
max_value	Maximum desired value of the resulting image.

### Example

```
const CImg<float> img("reference.jpg"), res = img.get_cut(160,220);
(img,res).display();
```

## 8.1.4.286 Clmg<T>& quantize ( const unsigned int nb\_levels, const bool keep\_range = true )

Uniformly quantize pixel values.

nb_levels	Number of quantization levels.

keen range	Tells if resulting values keep the same range as the original ones.	
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#### Example

```
const CImg<float> img("reference.jpg"), res = img.get_quantize(4);
(img,res).display();
```

8.1.4.287 Clmg<T>& threshold ( const T value, const bool soft\_threshold = false, const bool strict\_threshold = false )

Threshold pixel values.

#### **Parameters**

value	Threshold value
soft_threshold	Tells if soft thresholding must be applied (instead of hard one).
strict_threshold	Tells if threshold value is strict.

#### Example

```
const CImg<float> img("reference.jpg"), res = img.get_threshold(128);
(img,res.normalize(0,255)).display();
```

8.1.4.288 CImg<T>& histogram ( const unsigned int nb\_levels, const T min\_value, const T max\_value )

Compute the histogram of pixel values.

#### **Parameters**

nb_levels	Number of desired histogram levels.
min_value	Minimum pixel value considered for the histogram computation. All pixel values lower than
	min_value will not be counted.
max_value	Maximum pixel value considered for the histogram computation. All pixel values higher than
	max_value will not be counted.

#### Note

- The histogram H of an image I is the 1d function where H(x) counts the number of occurences of the value x in the image I.
- The resulting histogram is always defined in 1d. Histograms of multi-valued images are not multi-dimensional.

## Example

```
const CImg<float> img = CImg<float>("reference.jpg").histogram(256);
img.display_graph(0,3);
```

8.1.4.289 CImg<T>& equalize ( const unsigned int nb\_levels, const T min\_value, const T max\_value )

Equalize histogram of pixel values.

nb_levels	Number of histogram levels used for the equalization.
min_value	Minimum pixel value considered for the histogram computation. All pixel values lower than
	min_value will not be counted.
max_value	Maximum pixel value considered for the histogram computation. All pixel values higher than
	max_value will not be counted.

#### Example

```
const CImg<float> img("reference.jpg"), res = img.get_equalize(256);
(img,res).display();
```

8.1.4.290 Clmg<T>& index ( const Clmg< t> & colormap, const float dithering = 1, const bool map\_indexes = false )

Index multi-valued pixels regarding to a specified colormap.

#### **Parameters**

colormap	Multi-valued colormap used as the basis for multi-valued pixel indexing.
dithering	Level of dithering (0=disable, 1=standard level).
map_indexes	Tell if the values of the resulting image are the colormap indices or the colormap vectors.

#### Note

• img.index(colormap, dithering, 1) is equivalent to img.index(colormap, dithering, 0).map(col

#### Example

```
const CImg<float> img("reference.jpg"), colormap(3,1,1,3, 0,128,255, 0,128,255, 0,128,255);
const CImg<float> res = img.get_index(colormap,1,true);
(img,res).display();
```

## 8.1.4.291 Clmg<T>& map ( const Clmg< t> & colormap )

Map predefined colormap on the scalar (indexed) image instance.

## **Parameters**

colormap	Multi-valued colormap used for mapping the indexes.
----------	---

#### Example

8.1.4.292 CImg<T>& label ( const bool is\_high\_connectivity = false, const Tfloat tolerance = 0 )

Label connected components.

is_high	Boolean that choose between 4(false)- or 8(true)-connectivity in 2d case, and between
connectivity	6(false)- or 26(true)-connectivity in 3d case.

tolerance	Tolerance used to determine if two neighboring pixels belong to the same region.
luicianice	i idiciande useu la deleitilite il lwa neignbaring pixels beland la life same region.

#### Note

The algorithm of connected components computation has been primarily done by A. Meijster, according to the publication: 'W.H. Hesselink, A. Meijster, C. Bron, "Concurrent Determination of Connected Components.", In: Science of Computer Programming 41 (2001), pp. 173–194'. The submitted code has then been modified to fit Clmg coding style and constraints.

8.1.4.293 CImg<T>& label ( const CImg< t> & connectivity\_mask, const Tfloat tolerance = 0 )

Label connected components [overloading].

#### **Parameters**

connectivity	Mask of the neighboring pixels.
mask	
tolerance	Tolerance used to determine if two neighboring pixels belong to the same region.

8.1.4.294 static const Clmg<Tuchar>& default\_LUT256( ) [static]

Return colormap "default", containing 256 colors entries in RGB.

#### Returns

The following 256x1x1x3 colormap is returned:

**8.1.4.295** static const Clmg<Tuchar>& HSV\_LUT256( ) [static]

Return colormap "HSV", containing 256 colors entries in RGB.

#### Returns

The following 256x1x1x3 colormap is returned:

8.1.4.296 static const CImg<Tuchar>& lines\_LUT256( ) [static]

Return colormap "lines", containing 256 colors entries in RGB.

#### Returns

The following 256x1x1x3 colormap is returned:

8.1.4.297 static const Clmg<Tuchar>& hot\_LUT256( ) [static]

Return colormap "hot", containing 256 colors entries in RGB.

#### Returns

The following 256x1x1x3 colormap is returned:

```
8.1.4.298 static const Clmg<Tuchar>& cool_LUT256( ) [static]
Return colormap "cool", containing 256 colors entries in RGB.
Returns
     The following 256x1x1x3 colormap is returned:
8.1.4.299 static const Clmg<Tuchar>& jet_LUT256( ) [static]
Return colormap "jet", containing 256 colors entries in RGB.
Returns
     The following 256x1x1x3 colormap is returned:
8.1.4.300 static const Clmg<Tuchar>& flag_LUT256( ) [static]
Return colormap "flag", containing 256 colors entries in RGB.
Returns
     The following 256x1x1x3 colormap is returned:
8.1.4.301 static const Clmg<Tuchar>& cube_LUT256( ) [static]
Return colormap "cube", containing 256 colors entries in RGB.
Returns
     The following 256x1x1x3 colormap is returned:
8.1.4.302 Clmg<T>& RGBtoXYZ( )
Convert pixel values from RGB to XYZ_709 color spaces.
Note
     Uses the standard D65 white point.
8.1.4.303 Clmg<T>& RGBtoBayer ( )
Convert RGB color image to a Bayer-coded scalar image.
Note
     First (upper-left) pixel if the red component of the pixel color.
8.1.4.304 CImg<T>& resize ( const int size_x, const int size_y = -100, const int size_z = -100, const int size_c = -100,
          const int interpolation type = 1, const unsigned int boundary conditions = 0, const float centering x = 0, const
         float centering y = 0, const float centering z = 0, const float centering c = 0
```

Resize image to new dimensions.

size_x	Number of columns (new size along the X-axis).
size_y	Number of rows (new size along the Y-axis).
size_z	Number of slices (new size along the Z-axis).
size_c	Number of vector-channels (new size along the C-axis).
interpolation	Method of interpolation:
type	• -1 = no interpolation: raw memory resizing.
	<ul> <li>0 = no interpolation: additional space is filled according to boundary conditions.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>1 = nearest-neighbor interpolation.</li> </ul>
	• 2 = moving average interpolation.
	• 3 = linear interpolation.
	• 4 = grid interpolation.
	• 5 = cubic interpolation.
	• 6 = lanczos interpolation.
boundary conditions	Border condition type.
centering_x	Set centering type (only if interpolation_type=0).
centering_y	Set centering type (only if interpolation_type=0).
centering_z	Set centering type (only if interpolation_type=0).
centering_c	Set centering type (only if interpolation_type=0).

#### Note

If pd[x,y,z,v] < 0, it corresponds to a percentage of the original size (the default value is -100).

8.1.4.305 CImg<T>& resize ( const CImg< t> & src, const int interpolation\_type = 1, const unsigned int boundary\_conditions = 0, const float centering\_x = 0, const float centering\_y = 0, const float centering\_z = 0, const float centering\_c = 0)

Resize image to dimensions of another image.

## **Parameters**

src	Reference image used for dimensions.
interpolation	Interpolation method.
type	
boundary	Boundary conditions.
conditions	
centering_x	Set centering type (only if interpolation_type=0).
centering_y	Set centering type (only if interpolation_type=0).
centering_z	Set centering type (only if interpolation_type=0).
centering_c	Set centering type (only if interpolation_type=0).

8.1.4.306 CImg<T>& resize ( const CImgDisplay & disp, const int interpolation\_type = 1, const unsigned int boundary\_conditions = 0, const float centering\_x = 0, const float centering\_y = 0, const float centering\_z = 0, const float centering\_c = 0)

Resize image to dimensions of a display window.

#### **Parameters**

disp	Reference display window used for dimensions.
interpolation	Interpolation method.
type	
boundary	Boundary conditions.
conditions	
centering_x	Set centering type (only if interpolation_type=0).
centering_y	Set centering type (only if interpolation_type=0).
centering_z	Set centering type (only if interpolation_type=0).
centering_c	Set centering type (only if interpolation_type=0).

8.1.4.307 Clmg<T>& resize\_doubleXY()

Resize image to double-size, using the Scale2X algorithm.

Note

Use anisotropic upscaling algorithm described here.

8.1.4.308 Clmg<T>& resize\_tripleXY()

Resize image to triple-size, using the Scale3X algorithm.

Note

Use anisotropic upscaling algorithm described here.

8.1.4.309 Clmg<T>& mirror ( const char axis )

Mirror image content along specified axis.

**Parameters** 

axis	Mirror axis
------	-------------

8.1.4.310 CImg<T>& mirror ( const char \*const axes )

Mirror image content along specified axes.

**Parameters** 

axes Mirror axes, as a C-string.
----------------------------------

Note

axes may contains multiple character, e.g. "xyz"

8.1.4.311 CImg<T>& shift ( const int delta\_x, const int delta\_y = 0, const int delta\_z = 0, const int delta\_c = 0, const int boundary\_conditions = 0 )

Shift image content.

delta_x	Amount of displacement along the X-axis.
delta_y	Amount of displacement along the Y-axis.
delta_z	Amount of displacement along the Z-axis.
delta_c	Amount of displacement along the C-axis.
boundary	Border condition.
conditions	

- boundary\_conditions can be:
  - 0: Zero border condition (Dirichlet).
  - 1: Nearest neighbors (Neumann).
  - 2: Repeat Pattern (Fourier style).

## 8.1.4.312 Clmg<T>& permute\_axes ( const char \*const order )

Permute axes order.

#### **Parameters**

order	Axes permutations, as a C-string of 4 characters.	This function permutes image content
	regarding the specified axes permutation.	

## 8.1.4.313 CImg<T>& unroll (const char axis)

Unroll pixel values along specified axis.

# Parameters

axis	Unroll axis (can be 'x', 'y', 'z' or c'c').

8.1.4.314 CImg<T>& rotate ( const float angle, const unsigned int interpolation = 1, const unsigned int boundary = 0 )

Rotate image with arbitrary angle.

#### **Parameters**

angle	Rotation angle, in degrees.
interpolation	Type of interpolation. Can be { 0=nearest   1=linear   2=cubic }.
boundary	Boundary conditions. Can be { 0=dirichlet   1=neumann   2=periodic }.

## Note

Most of the time, size of the image is modified.

8.1.4.315 CImg<T>& rotate ( const float angle, const float cx, const float cy, const float zoom, const unsigned int interpolation = 1, const unsigned int boundary = 3)

Rotate image with arbitrary angle, around a center point.

#### **Parameters**

angle	Rotation angle, in degrees.
CX	X-coordinate of the rotation center.
су	Y-coordinate of the rotation center.
zoom	Zoom factor.
boundary	Boundary conditions. Can be { 0=dirichlet   1=neumann   2=periodic }.
conditions	
interpolation	Type of interpolation. Can be { 0=nearest   1=linear   2=cubic }.
type	

8.1.4.316 CImg<T>& warp ( const CImg< t> & warp, const bool is\_relative = false, const unsigned int interpolation = 1, const unsigned int boundary\_conditions = 0)

Warp image content by a warping field.

#### **Parameters**

warp	Warping field.
is_relative	Tells if warping field gives absolute or relative warping coordinates.
interpolation	Can be { 0=nearest   1=linear   2=cubic }.
boundary	Boundary conditions. Can be { 0=dirichlet   1=neumann   2=periodic }.
conditions	

8.1.4.317 CImg<T> get\_projections2d ( const unsigned int x0, const unsigned int y0, const unsigned int z0) const

Generate a 2d representation of a 3d image, with XY,XZ and YZ views.

#### **Parameters**

x0	X-coordinate of the projection point.
y0	Y-coordinate of the projection point.
z0	Z-coordinate of the projection point.

8.1.4.318 CImg<T>& crop ( const int x0, const int y0, const int z0, const int c0, const int x1, const int y1, const int z1, const int c1, const bool boundary\_conditions = false)

Crop image region.

## **Parameters**

8.1.4.319 CImg<T>& autocrop ( const T \*const color = 0, const char \*const axes = "zyx" )

Autocrop image region, regarding the specified background color.

color	Color used for the crop. If 0, color is guessed.
axes	Axes used for the crop.

# 8.1.4.320 CImg<T> get\_column ( const int x0 ) const

Return specified image column.

## **Parameters**

х0	Image column.

## 8.1.4.321 Clmg<T>& columns (const int x0, const int x1)

Return specified range of image columns.

#### **Parameters**

х0	Starting image column.
x1	Ending image column.

# 8.1.4.322 CImg<T>& row ( const int y0 )

Return specified image row [in-place version].

## **Parameters**

yı
----

## 8.1.4.323 CImg<T> get\_rows ( const int y0, const int y1 ) const

Return specified range of image rows.

## **Parameters**

y0	Starting image row.
y1	Ending image row.

## 8.1.4.324 CImg<T> get\_slice ( const int z0 ) const

Return specified image slice.

## **Parameters**

z0	Image slice.

# 8.1.4.325 CImg<T> get\_slices ( const int z0, const int z1 ) const

Return specified range of image slices.

#### **Parameters**

z0	Starting image slice.
z1	Ending image slice.

# 8.1.4.326 CImg<T> get\_channel ( const int c0 ) const

Return specified image channel.

#### **Parameters**

c0	Image channel.

## 8.1.4.327 CImg<T> get\_channels ( const int c0, const int c1 ) const

Return specified range of image channels.

#### **Parameters**

c0	Starting image channel.
c1	Ending image channel.

8.1.4.328 static CImg < float T > streamline ( const tfunc & func, const float x, const float y, const float z, cons

Return stream line of a 3d vector field.

## **Parameters**

func	Vector field function.
Х	X-coordinate of the starting point of the streamline.
У	Y-coordinate of the starting point of the streamline.
Z	Z-coordinate of the starting point of the streamline.
L	Streamline length.
dl	Streamline length increment.
interpolation	Type of interpolation. Can be { 0=nearest int   1=linear   2=2nd-order
type	RK   3=4th-order RK. }.
is_backward	Tells if the streamline is estimated forward or backward.
tracking	
is_oriented_only	Tells if the direction of the vectors must be ignored.
x0	X-coordinate of the first bounding-box vertex.
y0	Y-coordinate of the first bounding-box vertex.
z0	Z-coordinate of the first bounding-box vertex.
x1	X-coordinate of the second bounding-box vertex.
y1	Y-coordinate of the second bounding-box vertex.
z1	Z-coordinate of the second bounding-box vertex.

8.1.4.329 CImg<T> get\_shared\_points ( const unsigned int x0, const unsigned int x1, const unsigned int y0 = 0, const unsigned int z0 = 0, const unsigned int z0 = 0)

Return a shared-memory image referencing a range of pixels of the image instance.

x0	X-coordinate of the starting pixel.
x1	X-coordinate of the ending pixel.
y0	Y-coordinate.
z0	Z-coordinate.
c0	C-coordinate.

8.1.4.330 CImg<T> get\_shared\_rows ( const unsigned int y0, const unsigned int y1, const unsigned int z0 = 0, const unsigned int c0 = 0)

Return a shared-memory image referencing a range of rows of the image instance.

### **Parameters**

y0	Y-coordinate of the starting row.
y1	Y-coordinate of the ending row.
z0	Z-coordinate.
c0	C-coordinate.

8.1.4.331 CImg<T> get\_shared\_row ( const unsigned int y0, const unsigned int z0 = 0, const unsigned int c0 = 0)

Return a shared-memory image referencing one row of the image instance.

#### **Parameters**

y0	Y-coordinate.
z0	Z-coordinate.
c0	C-coordinate.

8.1.4.332 CImg<T> get\_shared\_slices ( const unsigned int z0, const unsigned int z1, const unsigned int c0 = 0)

Return a shared memory image referencing a range of slices of the image instance.

# **Parameters**

z0	Z-coordinate of the starting slice.
z1	Z-coordinate of the ending slice.
c0	C-coordinate.

8.1.4.333 CImg<T> get\_shared\_slice ( const unsigned int z0, const unsigned int c0 = 0 )

Return a shared-memory image referencing one slice of the image instance.

# **Parameters**

z0	Z-coordinate.
c0	C-coordinate.

8.1.4.334 CImg<T> get\_shared\_channels ( const unsigned int c0, const unsigned int c1 )

Return a shared-memory image referencing a range of channels of the image instance.

### **Parameters**

c0	C-coordinate of the starting channel.
c1	C-coordinate of the ending channel.

# 8.1.4.335 CImg<T> get\_shared\_channel ( const unsigned int c0 )

Return a shared-memory image referencing one channel of the image instance.

### **Parameters**

c0	C-coordinate.

# 8.1.4.336 CImgList<T> get\_split ( const char axis, const int nb = 0 ) const

Split image into a list along specified axis.

### **Parameters**

axis	Splitting axis. Can be { 'x'   'y'   'z'   'c' }.
nb	Number of splitted parts.

### Note

- If nb==0, there are as much splitted parts as the image size along the specified axis.
- If nb<=0, instance image is splitted into blocs of -nb pixel wide.
- If nb>0, instance image is splitted into nb blocs.

# 8.1.4.337 ClmgList<T> get\_split ( const T value, const bool keep\_values, const bool is\_shared ) const

Split image into a list of one-column vectors, according to a specified splitting value.

### **Parameters**

value	Splitting value.
keep_values	Tells if the splitting value must be kept in the splitted blocs.
is_shared	Tells if the splitted blocs have shared memory buffers.

# $\textbf{8.1.4.338} \quad \textbf{CImgList} < \textbf{T} > \textbf{get\_split} \ ( \ \textbf{const} \ \textbf{CImg} < \textbf{t} > \textbf{\&} \ \textit{values}, \ \textbf{const} \ \textbf{bool} \ \textit{keep\_values}, \ \textbf{const} \ \textbf{bool} \ \textit{is\_shared} \ ) \ \textbf{const} \ \textbf{c$

Split image into a list of one-column vectors, according to a specified splitting value sequence.

### **Parameters**

values	Splitting value sequence.
keep_values	Tells if the splitting sequence must be kept in the splitted blocs.
is_shared	Tells if the splitted blocs have shared memory buffers.

# 8.1.4.339 Clmg<T>& append ( const Clmg<t> & img, const char axis = ' x', const float align = 0 )

Append two images along specified axis.

img	Image to append with instance image.
axis	Appending axis. Can be { 'x'   'y'   'z'   'c' }.
align	Append alignment in [0,1].

8.1.4.340 Clmg<T>& correlate ( const Clmg< t> & mask, const unsigned int boundary\_conditions = 1, const bool is\_normalized = false )

Correlate image by a mask.

### **Parameters**

mask	= the correlation kernel.
boundary	= the border condition type (0=zero, 1=dirichlet)
conditions	
is_normalized	= enable local normalization.

### Note

• The correlation of the image instance \*this by the mask mask is defined to be:  $res(x,y,z) = sum_{\{i,j,k\}}$  (\*this)(x+i,y+j,z+k)\*mask(i,j,k).

8.1.4.341 Clmg<T>& convolve ( const Clmg< t> & mask, const unsigned int boundary\_conditions = 1, const bool is\_normalized = false )

Convolve image by a mask.

### **Parameters**

mask	= the correlation kernel.
boundary	= the border condition type (0=zero, 1=dirichlet)
conditions	
is_normalized	= enable local normalization.

### Note

• The result res of the convolution of an image img by a mask mask is defined to be:  $res(x,y,z) = sum_{i,j,k} img(x-i,y-j,z-k)*mask(i,j,k)$ 

8.1.4.342 Clmg<T>& erode ( const Clmg< t> & mask, const unsigned int boundary\_conditions = 1, const bool is\_normalized = false )

Erode image by a structuring element.

### **Parameters**

mask	Structuring element.
boundary	Boundary conditions.
conditions	
is_normalized	Tells if the erosion is locally normalized.

8.1.4.343 CImg<T>& erode ( const unsigned int sx, const unsigned int sy, const unsigned int sz = 1 )

Erode image by a rectangular structuring element of specified size.

### **Parameters**

SX	Width of the structuring element.
sy	Height of the structuring element.
SZ	Depth of the structuring element.

# 8.1.4.344 CImg<T>& erode (const unsigned int s)

Erode the image by a square structuring element of specified size.

## **Parameters**

S	Size of the structuring element.

# 8.1.4.345 CImg<T>& dilate ( const CImg< t> & mask, const unsigned int boundary\_conditions = 1, const bool is\_normalized = false )

Dilate image by a structuring element.

### **Parameters**

mask	Structuring element.
boundary	Boundary conditions.
conditions	
is_normalized	Tells if the erosion is locally normalized.

# 8.1.4.346 CImg<T>& dilate (const unsigned int sx, const unsigned int sy, const unsigned int sz = 1)

Dilate image by a rectangular structuring element of specified size.

## **Parameters**

SX	Width of the structuring element.
sy	Height of the structuring element.
SZ	Depth of the structuring element.

# 8.1.4.347 CImg<T>& dilate ( const unsigned int s )

Dilate image by a square structuring element of specified size.

## **Parameters**

S	Size of the structuring element.

# 8.1.4.348 Clmg<T>& watershed ( const Clmg< t> & priority, const bool fill\_lines = true )

Compute watershed transform.

priority Priority map.
------------------------

****	
fill lines	Tells if watershed lines must be filled or not.
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### Note

Non-zero values of the instance instance are propagated to zero-valued ones according to specified the priority map.

8.1.4.349 CImg<T>& deriche ( const float *sigma*, const int *order* = 0, const char *axis* = ' x', const bool boundary\_conditions = true )

Apply recursive Deriche filter.

### **Parameters**

sigma	Standard deviation of the filter.
order	Order of the filter. Can be { 0=smooth-filter   1=1st-derivative
	2=2nd-derivative }.
axis	Axis along which the filter is computed. Can be { 'x'   'y'   'z'   'c' }.
boundary	Boundary conditions. Can be { 0=dirichlet   1=neumann }.
conditions	

8.1.4.350 CImg<T>& vanvliet ( const float *sigma*, const int *order*, const char *axis* = '  $\times$ ', const bool *boundary\_conditions* = true )

Van Vliet recursive Gaussian filter.

## **Parameters**

sigma	standard deviation of the Gaussian filter
order	the order of the filter 0,1,2,3
axis	Axis along which the filter is computed. Can be { 'x'   'y'   'z'   'c' }.
boundary conditions	Boundary conditions. Can be { 0=dirichlet   1=neumann }.

### Note

dirichlet boundary condition has a strange behavior

lan T. Young, Lucas J. van Vliet, Recursive implementation of the Gaussian filter, Signal Processing, Volume 44, Issue 2, June 1995, Pages 139-151,

8.1.4.351 CImg<T>& blur ( const float  $sigma\_x$ , const float  $sigma\_y$ , const float  $sigma\_z$ , const bool  $boundary\_conditions$  = true, const bool  $is\_gaussian$  = false )

# Blur image.

sigma_x	Standard deviation of the blur, along the X-axis.
sigma_y	Standard deviation of the blur, along the Y-axis.
sigma_z	Standard deviation of the blur, along the Z-axis.
boundary	Boundary conditions. Can be { false=dirichlet   true=neumann }.
conditions	

is aaussian	Tells if the blur uses a gaussian (true) or guasi-gaussian (false) kernel.	

Note

- The blur is computed as a 0-order Deriche filter. This is not a gaussian blur.
- This is a recursive algorithm, not depending on the values of the standard deviations.

## See Also

```
deriche(), vanvliet().
```

8.1.4.352 Clmg<T>& blur ( const float sigma, const bool boundary\_conditions = true, const bool is\_gaussian = false )

Blur image isotropically.

### **Parameters**

sigma	Standard deviation of the blur.
boundary	Boundary conditions. Can be { 0=dirichlet   1=neumann }.a
conditions	

### See Also

```
deriche(), vanvliet().
```

8.1.4.353 CImg<T>& blur\_anisotropic ( const CImg< t> & G, const float amplitude = 60, const float dI = 0 . 8f, const float da = 30, const float gauss\_prec = 2, const unsigned int interpolation\_type = 0, const bool is\_fast\_approx = 1)

Blur image anisotropically, directed by a field of diffusion tensors.

### **Parameters**

G	Field of square roots of diffusion tensors/vectors used to drive the smoothing.
amplitude	Amplitude of the smoothing.
dl	Spatial discretization.
da	Angular discretization.
gauss_prec	Precision of the diffusion process.
interpolation	Interpolation scheme. Can be { 0=nearest-neighbor   1=linear
type	2=Runge-Kutta }.
is_fast_approx	Tells if a fast approximation of the gaussian function is used or not.

8.1.4.354 CImg<T>& blur\_anisotropic ( const float amplitude, const float sharpness = 0.7f, const float anisotropy = 0.6f, const float alpha = 0.6f, const float sigma = 1.1f, const float dl = 0.8f, const float da = 30, const float gauss\_prec = 2, const unsigned int interpolation\_type = 0, const bool is\_fast\_approx = true )

Blur image anisotropically, in an edge-preserving way.

amplitude	Amplitude of the smoothing.

sharpness	Sharpness.
anisotropy	Anisotropy.
alpha	Standard deviation of the gradient blur.
sigma	Standard deviation of the structure tensor blur.
dl	Spatial discretization.
da	Angular discretization.
gauss_prec	Precision of the diffusion process.
interpolation	Interpolation scheme. Can be { 0=nearest-neighbor   1=linear
type	2=Runge-Kutta }.
is_fast_approx	Tells if a fast approximation of the gaussian function is used or not.

8.1.4.355 CImg<T>& blur\_bilateral ( const CImg< t > & guide, const float sigma\_x, const float sigma\_y, const float sigma\_z, const float sigma\_r, const int bgrid\_y, const int bgrid\_y, const int bgrid\_z, c

Blur image, with the joint bilateral filter.

### **Parameters**

guide	Image used to model the smoothing weights.
sigma_x	Amount of blur along the X-axis.
sigma_y	Amount of blur along the Y-axis.
sigma_z	Amount of blur along the Z-axis.
sigma_r	Amount of blur along the value axis.
bgrid_x	Size of the bilateral grid along the X-axis.
bgrid_y	Size of the bilateral grid along the Y-axis.
bgrid_z	Size of the bilateral grid along the Z-axis.
bgrid_r	Size of the bilateral grid along the value axis.
interpolation	Use interpolation for image slicing.
type	

## Note

This algorithm uses the optimisation technique proposed by S. Paris and F. Durand, in ECCV'2006 (extended for 3d volumetric images).

8.1.4.356 CImg<T>& blur\_bilateral ( const CImg< t> & guide, const float sigma\_s, const float sigma\_r, const int bgrid\_s = -33, const int bgrid\_r = 32, const bool interpolation\_type = true )

Blur image using the joint bilateral filter.

# **Parameters**

guide	Image used to model the smoothing weights.
sigma_s	Amount of blur along the XYZ-axes.
sigma_r	Amount of blur along the value axis.
bgrid_s	Size of the bilateral grid along the XYZ-axes.
bgrid_r	Size of the bilateral grid along the value axis.
interpolation	Use interpolation for image slicing.
type	

8.1.4.357 CImg<T>& blur\_patch ( const float sigma\_s, const float sigma\_p, const unsigned int patch\_size = 3, const unsigned int lookup\_size = 4, const float smoothness = 0, const bool is\_fast\_approx = true )

Blur image using patch-based space.

### **Parameters**

sigma_s	Amount of blur along the XYZ-axes.
sigma_p	Amount of blur along the value axis.
patch_size	Size of the patchs.
lookup_size	Size of the window to search similar patchs.
smoothness	Smoothness for the patch comparison.
is_fast_approx	Tells if a fast approximation of the gaussian function is used or not.

8.1.4.358 CImg<T>& blur\_median ( const unsigned int n )

Blur image with the median filter.

## **Parameters**

n	Size of the median filter.
---	----------------------------

8.1.4.359 CImg<T>& sharpen ( const float amplitude, const bool sharpen\_type = false, const float edge = 1, const float alpha = 0, const float sigma = 0)

# Sharpen image.

# **Parameters**

amplitude	Sharpening amplitude
sharpen_type	Select sharpening method. Can be { false=inverse diffusion   true=shock
	filters }.
edge	Edge threshold (shock filters only).
alpha	Gradient smoothness (shock filters only).
sigma	Tensor smoothness (shock filters only).

8.1.4.360 ClmgList<Tfloat> get\_gradient ( const char \*const axes = 0, const int scheme = 3 ) const

Return image gradient.

# **Parameters**

axes	Axes considered for the gradient computation, as a C-string (e.g "xy").
scheme	= Numerical scheme used for the gradient computation:
	• -1 = Backward finite differences
	0 = Centered finite differences
	1 = Forward finite differences
	• 2 = Using Sobel masks
	3 = Using rotation invariant masks
	4 = Using Deriche recusrsive filter.
	• 5 = Using Van Vliet recusrsive filter.

8.1.4.361 CImgList<Tfloat> get\_hessian ( const char \*const axes = 0 ) const

Return image hessian.

axes	Axes considered for the hessian computation, as a C-string (e.g "xy").
------	--

8.1.4.362 CImg<T>& structure\_tensors ( const unsigned int scheme = 2 )

Compute the structure tensor field of an image.

#### **Parameters**

scheme   Numerical scheme. Can be { 0=central   1=fwd/bwd1   2=fwd/	owd2 }
---	--------

8.1.4.363 Clmg<T>& diffusion\_tensors ( const float sharpness = 0 . 7 f, const float anisotropy = 0 . 6 f, const float alpha = 0 . 6 f, const float sigma = 1 . 1 f, const bool is\_sqrt = false )

Compute field of diffusion tensors for edge-preserving smoothing.

### **Parameters**

sharpness	Sharpness
anisotropy	Anisotropy
alpha	Standard deviation of the gradient blur.
sigma	Standard deviation of the structure tensor blur.
is_sqrt	Tells if the square root of the tensor field is computed instead.

8.1.4.364 CImg<T>& displacement ( const CImg< T > & source, const float smoothness = 0 . 1f, const float precision = 5 . 0f, const unsigned int nb\_scales = 0, const unsigned int iteration\_max = 10000, const bool is\_backward = false)

Estimate displacement field between two images.

### **Parameters**

source	Reference image.
smoothness	Smoothness of estimated displacement field.
precision	Precision required for algorithm convergence.
nb_scales	Number of scales used to estimate the displacement field.
iteration_max	Maximum number of iterations allowed for one scale.
is_backward	If false, match $I2(X+U(X)) = I1(X)$ , else match $I2(X) = I1(X-U(X))$ .

8.1.4.365 CImg<T>& distance (const T value, const unsigned int metric = 2)

Compute Euclidean distance function to a specified value.

# **Parameters**

value	Reference value.
metric	Type of metric. Can be { 0=Chebyshev   1=Manhattan   2=Euclidean
	3=Squared-euclidean }.

### Note

The distance transform implementation has been submitted by A. Meijster, and implements the article 'W.H. Hesselink, A. Meijster, J.B.T.M. Roerdink, "A general algorithm for computing distance transforms in linear time.", In: Mathematical Morphology and its Applications to Image and Signal Processing, J. Goutsias, L. Vincent, and D.S. Bloomberg (eds.), Kluwer, 2000, pp. 331-340.' The submitted code has then been modified to fit Clmg coding style and constraints.

8.1.4.366 CImg<T>& distance ( const T value, const CImg<t>& metric\_mask )

Compute chamfer distance to a specified value, with a custom metric.

### **Parameters**

value	Reference value.
metric_mask	Metric mask.

#### Note

The algorithm code has been initially proposed by A. Meijster, and modified by D. Tschumperlé.

8.1.4.367 CImg<T>& distance\_dijkstra ( const T value, const CImg< t> & metric, const bool is\_high\_connectivity, CImg< to > & return\_path )

Compute distance to a specified value, according to a custom metric (use dijkstra algorithm).

### **Parameters**

value	Reference value.
metric	Field of distance potentials.
is_high	Tells if the algorithm uses low or high connectivity.
connectivity	

8.1.4.368 CImg<T>& distance\_eikonal ( const T *value*, const CImg< t> & *metric* )

Compute distance map to one source point, according to a custom metric (use fast marching algorithm).

### **Parameters**

value	Reference value.
metric	Field of distance potentials.

8.1.4.369 CImg<T>& distance\_eikonal ( const unsigned int *nb\_iterations*, const float *band\_size* = 0, const float *time\_step* = 0.5f)

Compute distance function to 0-valued isophotes, using the Eikonal PDE.

## **Parameters**

nb_iterations	Number of PDE iterations.
band_size	Size of the narrow band.
time_step	Time step of the PDE iterations.

8.1.4.370 Clmg<T>& haar ( const char axis, const bool invert = false, const unsigned int nb\_scales = 1 )

Compute Haar multiscale wavelet transform.

axis	Axis considered for the transform.

invert	Set inverse of direct transform.
nb_scales	Number of scales used for the transform.

8.1.4.371 Clmg<T>& haar ( const bool invert = false, const unsigned int nb\_scales = 1 )

Compute Haar multiscale wavelet transform [overloading].

### **Parameters**

invert	Set inverse of direct transform.
nb_scales	Number of scales used for the transform.

8.1.4.372 CImgList<Tfloat> get\_FFT ( const char axis, const bool is\_invert = false ) const

Compute 1d Fast Fourier Transform, along a specified axis.

## **Parameters**

axis	Axis along which the FFT is computed.
is_invert	Tells if the forward (false) or inverse (true) FFT is computed.

8.1.4.373 static void FFT ( Clmg < T > & real, Clmg < T > & imag, const char axis, const bool is\_invert = false ) [static]

Compute 1d Fast Fourier Transform, along a specified axis.

### **Parameters**

in,out	real	Real part of the pixel values.
in,out	imag	Imaginary part of the pixel values.
	axis	Axis along which the FFT is computed.
	is_invert	Tells if the forward (false) or inverse (true) FFT is computed.

8.1.4.374 static void FFT ( Clmg< T > & real, Clmg< T > & imag, const bool is\_invert = false, const unsigned int nb\_threads = 0 ) [static]

Compute n-d Fast Fourier Transform.

### **Parameters**

in,out	real	Real part of the pixel values.
in,out	imag	Imaginary part of the pixel values.
	is_invert	Tells if the forward (false) or inverse (true) FFT is computed.
	nb_threads	Number of parallel threads used for the computation. Use 0 to set this to the
		number of available cpus.

8.1.4.375 CImg<T>& shift\_object3d ( const float tx, const float ty = 0, const float tz = 0 )

Shift 3d object's vertices.

### **Parameters**

tx	X-coordinate of the 3d displacement vector.
ty	Y-coordinate of the 3d displacement vector.
tz	Z-coordinate of the 3d displacement vector.

## 8.1.4.376 Clmg<T>& shift\_object3d ( )

Shift 3d object's vertices, so that it becomes centered.

Note

The object center is computed as its barycenter.

8.1.4.377 Clmg<T>& resize\_object3d ( const float sx, const float sy = -100, const float sz = -100)

Resize 3d object.

### **Parameters**

SX	Width of the 3d object's bounding box.
sy	Height of the 3d object's bounding box.
SZ	Depth of the 3d object's bounding box.

8.1.4.378 CImg<T>& append\_object3d ( CImgList< tf > & primitives, const CImg< tp > & obj\_vertices, const CImgList< tff > & obj\_primitives )

Merge two 3d objects together.

# **Parameters**

in,out	primitives	Primitives data of the current 3d object.
	obj_vertices	Vertices data of the additional 3d object.
	obi primitives	Primitives data of the additional 3d object.

8.1.4.379 const Clmg<T>& texturize\_object3d ( ClmgList< tp > & primitives, ClmgList< tc > & colors, const Clmg< tt > & texture, const Clmg< tx > & coords = Clmg<tx>: : empty () ) const

Texturize primitives of a 3d object.

### **Parameters**

in,out	primitives	Primitives data of the 3d object.
in,out	colors	Colors data of the 3d object.
	texture	Texture image to map to 3d object.
	coords	Texture-mapping coordinates.

8.1.4.380 CImg<floatT> get\_elevation3d ( CImgList< tf > & primitives, CImgList< tc > & colors, const CImg< te > & elevation ) const

Generate a 3d elevation of the image instance.

out	primitives	The returned list of the 3d object primitives (template type <i>tf</i> should be at least
		unsigned int).
out	colors	The returned list of the 3d object colors.
	elevation	The input elevation map.

#### Returns

The N vertices (xi,yi,zi) of the 3d object as a Nx3 Clmg<float> image (0<=i<=N-1).

### Example

```
const CImg<float> img("reference.jpg");
CImgList<unsigned int> faces3d;
CImgList<unsigned char> colors3d;
const CImg<float> points3d = img.get_elevation3d(faces3d,colors3d,img.get_norm()*0.2);
CImg<unsigned char>().display_object3d("Elevation3d",points3d,faces3d,colors3d);
```

8.1.4.381 Clmg<floatT> get\_projections3d ( ClmgList< tf> & primitives, ClmgList< tc> & colors, const unsigned int x0, const unsigned int y0, const unsigne

Generate the 3d projection planes of the image instance.

# **Parameters**

out	primitives	Primitives data of the returned 3d object.
out	colors	Colors data of the returned 3d object.
	x0	X-coordinate of the projection point.
	y0	Y-coordinate of the projection point.
	z0	Z-coordinate of the projection point.
	normalize_colors	Tells if the created textures have normalized colors.

8.1.4.382 Clmg<floatT> get\_isoline3d ( ClmgList< tf > & primitives, const float isovalue, const int size\_x = -100, const int size\_y = -100) const

Generate a isoline of the image instance as a 3d object.

# **Parameters**

out	primitives	The returned list of the 3d object primitives (template type <i>tf</i> should be at least <i>unsigned int</i> ).
	isovalue	The returned list of the 3d object colors.
	size_x	The number of subdivisions along the X-axis.
	size_y	The number of subdisivions along the Y-axis.

### Returns

The N vertices (xi,yi,zi) of the 3d object as a Nx3 Clmg<float> image (0<=i<=N-1).

## Example

```
const CImg<float> img("reference.jpg");
CImgList<unsigned int> faces3d;
const CImg<float> points3d = img.get_isoline3d(faces3d,100);
CImg<unsigned char>().display_object3d("Isoline3d",points3d,faces3d,colors3d);
```

8.1.4.383 Clmg<floatT> get\_isosurface3d ( ClmgList< tf > & primitives, const float isovalue, const int size\_x = -100, const int size\_y = -100, const int size\_z = -100) const

Generate an isosurface of the image instance as a 3d object.

### **Parameters**

out	primitives	The returned list of the 3d object primitives (template type <i>tf</i> should be at least
		unsigned int).
	isovalue	The returned list of the 3d object colors.
	size_x	Number of subdivisions along the X-axis.
	size_y	Number of subdisivions along the Y-axis.
	size_z	Number of subdisivions along the Z-axis.

### Returns

The N vertices (xi,yi,zi) of the 3d object as a Nx3 Clmg<float> image (0<=i<=N-1).

# Example

```
const CImg<float> img = CImg<unsigned char>("reference.jpg").resize(-100,-100,20);
CImgList<unsigned int> faces3d;
const CImg<float> points3d = img.get_isosurface3d(faces3d,100);
CImg<unsigned char>().display_object3d("Isosurface3d",points3d,faces3d,colors3d);
```

8.1.4.384 static CImg<floatT> elevation3d ( CImgList< tf > & primitives, const tfunc & func, const float x0, const float y0, const float y1, const int size\_x = 256, const int size\_y = 256) [static]

Compute 3d elevation of a function as a 3d object.

### **Parameters**

out	primitives	Primitives data of the resulting 3d object.
	func	Elevation function. Is of type float (*func) (const float
		x, const float y).
	x0	X-coordinate of the starting point.
	y0	Y-coordinate of the starting point.
	x1	X-coordinate of the ending point.
	y1	Y-coordinate of the ending point.
	size_x	Resolution of the function along the X-axis.
	size_y	Resolution of the function along the Y-axis.

8.1.4.385 static Clmg<floatT> isoline3d ( ClmgList< tf> & primitives, const tfunc & func, const float isovalue, const float x0, const float y0, const float y1, const int size\_x = 256, const int size\_y = 256) [static]

Compute 0-isolines of a function, as a 3d object.

out	primitives	Primitives data of the resulting 3d object.
	func	Elevation function. Is of type float (*func) (const float
		x, const float y).
	isovalue	Isovalue to extract from function.
	x0	X-coordinate of the starting point.
	y0	Y-coordinate of the starting point.
	x1	X-coordinate of the ending point.
	y1	Y-coordinate of the ending point.
	size_x	Resolution of the function along the X-axis.

	size_y	Resolution of the function along the Y-axis.

### Note

Use the marching squares algorithm for extracting the isolines.

8.1.4.386 static Clmg<floatT> isosurface3d ( ClmgList< tf > & primitives, const tfunc & func, const float isovalue, const float x0, const float y0, const float z0, const float x1, const float y1, const float z1, const int size\_x = 32, const int size\_y = 32, const int size\_z = 32) [static]

Compute isosurface of a function, as a 3d object.

### **Parameters**

out	primitives	Primitives data of the resulting 3d object.
	func	<pre>Implicit function. Is of type float (*func) (const float x, const</pre>
		float y, const float z).
	isovalue	Isovalue to extract.
	x0	X-coordinate of the starting point.
	y0	Y-coordinate of the starting point.
	z0	Z-coordinate of the starting point.
	x1	X-coordinate of the ending point.
	y1	Y-coordinate of the ending point.
	z1	Z-coordinate of the ending point.
	size_x	Resolution of the elevation function along the X-axis.
	size_y	Resolution of the elevation function along the Y-axis.
	size_z	Resolution of the elevation function along the Z-axis.

# Note

Use the marching cubes algorithm for extracting the isosurface.

8.1.4.387 static Clmg<floatT> box3d ( ClmgList< tf > & primitives, const float size\_x = 200, const float size\_y = 100, const float size\_z = 100 ) [static]

Generate a 3d box object.

## **Parameters**

out	primitives	The returned list of the 3d object primitives (template type tf should be at least
		unsigned int).
	size_x	The width of the box (dimension along the X-axis).
	size_y	The height of the box (dimension along the Y-axis).
	size_z	The depth of the box (dimension along the Z-axis).

# Returns

The N vertices (xi,yi,zi) of the 3d object as a Nx3 Clmg<float> image (0<=i<=N-1).

# Example

```
CImgList<unsigned int> faces3d;
const CImg<float> points3d = CImg<float>::box3d(faces3d,10,20,30);
CImg<unsigned char>().display_object3d("Box3d",points3d,faces3d);
```

8.1.4.388 static CImg<floatT> cone3d ( CImgList< tf> & primitives, const float radius = 50, const float size\_z = 100, const unsigned int subdivisions = 24 ) [static]

Generate a 3d cone.

out	primitives	The returned list of the 3d object primitives (template type <i>tf</i> should be at least
		unsigned int).
	radius	The radius of the cone basis.
	size_z	The cone's height.
	subdivisions	The number of basis angular subdivisions.

## Returns

The N vertices (xi,yi,zi) of the 3d object as a Nx3 Clmg<float> image (0<=i<=N-1).

# Example

```
CImgList<unsigned int> faces3d;
const CImg<float> points3d = CImg<float>::cone3d(faces3d,50);
CImg<unsigned char>().display_object3d("Cone3d",points3d,faces3d);
```

8.1.4.389 static Clmg<floatT> cylinder3d ( ClmgList< tf > & primitives, const float radius = 50, const float size\_z = 100, const unsigned int subdivisions = 24 ) [static]

# Generate a 3d cylinder.

### **Parameters**

out	primitives	The returned list of the 3d object primitives (template type tf should be at least
		unsigned int).
	radius	The radius of the cylinder basis.
	size_z	The cylinder's height.
	subdivisions	The number of basis angular subdivisions.

# Returns

The N vertices (xi,yi,zi) of the 3d object as a Nx3 Clmg<float> image (0<=i<=N-1).

# Example

```
CImgList<unsigned int> faces3d;
const CImg<float> points3d = CImg<float>::cylinder3d(faces3d,50);
CImg<unsigned char>().display_object3d("Cylinder3d",points3d,faces3d);
```

8.1.4.390 static CImg<floatT> torus3d ( CImgList< tf > & primitives, const float radius1 = 100, const float radius2 = 30, const unsigned int subdivisions1 = 24, const unsigned int subdivisions2 = 12) [static]

## Generate a 3d torus.

out	primitives	The returned list of the 3d object primitives (template type tf should be at least
		unsigned int).
	radius1	The large radius.
	radius2	The small radius.
	subdivisions1	The number of angular subdivisions for the large radius.
	subdivisions2	The number of angular subdivisions for the small radius.

#### Returns

The N vertices (xi,yi,zi) of the 3d object as a Nx3 Clmg<float> image (0<=i<=N-1).

# Example

```
CImgList<unsigned int> faces3d;
const CImg<float> points3d = CImg<float>::torus3d(faces3d,20,4);
CImg<unsigned char>().display_object3d("Torus3d",points3d,faces3d);
```

8.1.4.391 static CImg<floatT> plane3d ( CImgList< tf > & primitives, const float size\_x = 100, const float size\_y = 100, const unsigned int subdivisions\_x = 10, const unsigned int subdivisions\_y = 10) [static]

Generate a 3d XY-plane.

### **Parameters**

out	primitives	The returned list of the 3d object primitives (template type <i>tf</i> should be at least <i>unsigned int</i> ).
	size_x	The width of the plane (dimension along the X-axis).
	size_y	The height of the plane (dimensions along the Y-axis).
	subdivisions_x	The number of planar subdivisions along the X-axis.
	subdivisions_y	The number of planar subdivisions along the Y-axis.

### Returns

The N vertices (xi,yi,zi) of the 3d object as a Nx3 Clmg<float> image (0<=i<=N-1).

### Example

```
CImgList<unsigned int> faces3d;
const CImg<float> points3d = CImg<float>::plane3d(faces3d,100,50);
CImg<unsigned char>().display_object3d("Plane3d",points3d,faces3d);
```

8.1.4.392 static Clmg<floatT> sphere3d ( ClmgList< tf > & primitives, const float radius = 50, const unsigned int subdivisions = 3 ) [static]

Generate a 3d sphere.

### **Parameters**

out	primitives	The returned list of the 3d object primitives (template type tf should be at least
		unsigned int).
	radius	The radius of the sphere (dimension along the X-axis).
	subdivisions	The number of recursive subdivisions from an initial icosahedron.

# Returns

The N vertices (xi,yi,zi) of the 3d object as a Nx3 Clmg<float> image (0<=i<=N-1).

# Example

```
CImgList<unsigned int> faces3d;
const CImg<float> points3d = CImg<float>::sphere3d(faces3d,100,4);
CImg<unsigned char>().display_object3d("Sphere3d",points3d,faces3d);
```

8.1.4.393 static CImg<floatT> ellipsoid3d ( CImgList< tf> & primitives, const CImg< t> & tensor, const unsigned int subdivisions = 3 ) [static]

Generate a 3d ellipsoid.

out	primitives	The returned list of the 3d object primitives (template type <i>tf</i> should be at least
		unsigned int).
	tensor	The tensor which gives the shape and size of the ellipsoid.
	subdivisions	The number of recursive subdivisions from an initial stretched icosahedron.

### Returns

The N vertices (xi,yi,zi) of the 3d object as a Nx3 Clmg<float> image (0<=i<=N-1).

## Example

8.1.4.394 CImg<T>& object3dtoCImg3d ( const CImgList< tp>& primitives, const CImgList< tc>& colors, const to & opacities, const bool full\_check = true )

Convert 3d object into a Clmg3d representation.

## **Parameters**

primitives	Primitives data of the 3d object.
colors	Colors data of the 3d object.
opacities	Opacities data of the 3d object.
full_check	Tells if full checking of the 3d object must be performed.

8.1.4.395 Clmg<T>& Clmg3dtoobject3d ( ClmgList< tp > & primitives, ClmgList< tc > & colors, ClmgList< to > & opacities, const bool full\_check = true )

Convert Clmg3d representation into a 3d object.

# Parameters

out	primitives	Primitives data of the 3d object.
out	colors	Colors data of the 3d object.
out	opacities	Opacities data of the 3d object.
	full_check	Tells if full checking of the 3d object must be performed.

8.1.4.396 CImg<T>& draw\_point ( const int x0, const int y0, const int z0, const tc \*const color, const float opacity = 1 )

# Draw a 3d point.

x0	X-coordinate of the point.
y0	Y-coordinate of the point.
z0	Z-coordinate of the point.
color	Pointer to spectrum() consecutive values, defining the drawing color.
opacity	Drawing opacity.

### Note

• To set pixel values without clipping needs, you should use the faster CImg::operator()() function.

# Example:

```
CImg<unsigned char> img(100,100,1,3,0);
const unsigned char color[] = { 255,128,64 };
img.draw_point(50,50,color);
```

8.1.4.397 CImg<T>& draw\_point ( const CImg< t> & points, const tc \*const color, const float opacity = 1 )

### **Parameters**

ſ	points	Image of vertices coordinates.
Ī	color	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values, defining the drawing color.
ĺ	opacity	Drawing opacity.

8.1.4.398 CImg<T>& draw\_line ( const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const tc \*const color, const float opacity = 1, const unsigned int pattern =  $\sim$ 0U, const bool init\_hatch = true )

### Draw a 2d line.

### **Parameters**

x0	X-coordinate of the starting line point.
y0	Y-coordinate of the starting line point.
x1	X-coordinate of the ending line point.
y1	Y-coordinate of the ending line point.
color	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values of type T, defining the drawing color.
opacity	Drawing opacity.
pattern	An integer whose bits describe the line pattern.
init_hatch	Tells if a reinitialization of the hash state must be done.

### Note

- Line routine uses Bresenham's algorithm.
- Set init\_hatch = false to draw consecutive hatched segments without breaking the line pattern.

## Example:

```
CImg<unsigned char> img(100,100,1,3,0);
const unsigned char color[] = { 255,128,64 };
img.draw_line(40,40,80,70,color);
```

8.1.4.399 CImg<T>& draw\_line ( CImg< tz> & zbuffer, const int x0, const int y0, const float z0, const int x1, const int y1, const float z1, const tc \*const color, const float opacity = 1, const unsigned int pattern =  $\sim$ 0U, const bool init\_hatch = true)

Draw a 2d line, with z-buffering.

zbuffer	Zbuffer image.

х0	X-coordinate of the starting point.
y0	Y-coordinate of the starting point.
z0	Z-coordinate of the starting point
x1	X-coordinate of the ending point.
y1	Y-coordinate of the ending point.
<i>z</i> 1	Z-coordinate of the ending point.
color	Pointer to spectrum() consecutive values of type T, defining the drawing color.
opacity	Drawing opacity.
pattern	An integer whose bits describe the line pattern.
init_hatch	Tells if a reinitialization of the hash state must be done.

8.1.4.400 CImg<T>& draw\_line ( const int x0, const int y0, const int z0, const int x1, const int y1, const int z1, const to \*const color, const float opacity = 1, const unsigned int pattern =  $\sim$ 0U, const bool init\_hatch = true )

# Draw a 3d line.

## **Parameters**

x0	X-coordinate of the starting point.
y0	Y-coordinate of the starting point.
z0	Z-coordinate of the starting point
x1	X-coordinate of the ending point.
y1	Y-coordinate of the ending point.
z1	Z-coordinate of the ending point.
color	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values of type T, defining the drawing color.
opacity	Drawing opacity.
pattern	An integer whose bits describe the line pattern.
init_hatch	Tells if a reinitialization of the hash state must be done.

8.1.4.401 CImg<T>& draw\_line ( const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const CImg< tc>& texture, const int tx0, const int ty0, const int tx1, const int ty1, const float opacity = 1, const unsigned int pattern =  $\sim$ 0U, const bool init\_hatch = true )

# Draw a textured 2d line.

# **Parameters**

x0	X-coordinate of the starting line point.
y0	Y-coordinate of the starting line point.
x1	X-coordinate of the ending line point.
y1	Y-coordinate of the ending line point.
texture	Texture image defining the pixel colors.
tx0	X-coordinate of the starting texture point.
ty0	Y-coordinate of the starting texture point.
tx1	X-coordinate of the ending texture point.
ty1	Y-coordinate of the ending texture point.
opacity	Drawing opacity.
pattern	An integer whose bits describe the line pattern.
init_hatch	Tells if the hash variable must be reinitialized.

# Note

· Line routine uses the well known Bresenham's algorithm.

# Example:

 $\label{eq:consigned_char} {\tt CImg} < {\tt unsigned_char} > {\tt img(100,100,1,3,0), texture("texture256x256.ppm");}$ 

```
const unsigned char color[] = { 255,128,64 };
img.draw_line(40,40,80,70,texture,0,0,255,255);
```

8.1.4.402 CImg<T>& draw\_line ( const int x0, const int y0, const float z0, const int x1, const int y1, const float z1, const CImg< to > & texture, const int tx0, const int ty0, const int tx1, const int ty1, const float opacity = 1, const unsigned int pattern =  $\sim 0$ U, const bool init\_hatch = true )

Draw a textured 2d line, with perspective correction.

### **Parameters**

ν0	V coordinate of the starting point
х0	X-coordinate of the starting point.
y0	Y-coordinate of the starting point.
<i>z</i> 0	Z-coordinate of the starting point
x1	X-coordinate of the ending point.
y1	Y-coordinate of the ending point.
z1	Z-coordinate of the ending point.
texture	Texture image defining the pixel colors.
tx0	X-coordinate of the starting texture point.
ty0	Y-coordinate of the starting texture point.
tx1	X-coordinate of the ending texture point.
ty1	Y-coordinate of the ending texture point.
opacity	Drawing opacity.
pattern	An integer whose bits describe the line pattern.
init_hatch	Tells if the hash variable must be reinitialized.

8.1.4.403 CImg<T>& draw\_line ( CImg< tz> & zbuffer, const int x0, const int y0, const float z0, const int x1, const int y1, const float z1, const CImg< tc> & texture, const int tx0, const int ty0, const int tx1, const int ty1, const float opacity = 1, const unsigned int pattern =  $\sim$ 0U, const bool init\_hatch = true )

Draw a textured 2d line, with perspective correction and z-buffering.

### **Parameters**

zbuffer	Z-buffer image.
х0	X-coordinate of the starting point.
y0	Y-coordinate of the starting point.
z0	Z-coordinate of the starting point
x1	X-coordinate of the ending point.
y1	Y-coordinate of the ending point.
z1	Z-coordinate of the ending point.
texture	Texture image defining the pixel colors.
tx0	X-coordinate of the starting texture point.
ty0	Y-coordinate of the starting texture point.
tx1	X-coordinate of the ending texture point.
ty1	Y-coordinate of the ending texture point.
opacity	Drawing opacity.
pattern	An integer whose bits describe the line pattern.
init_hatch	Tells if the hash variable must be reinitialized.

8.1.4.404 CImg<T>& draw\_line ( const CImg< t> & points, const tc \*const color, const float opacity = 1, const unsigned int pattern =  $\sim$ 0U, const bool init\_hatch = true )

Draw a set of consecutive lines.

points	Coordinates of vertices, stored as a list of vectors.
color	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values of type T, defining the drawing color.
opacity	Drawing opacity.
pattern	An integer whose bits describe the line pattern.
init_hatch	If set to true, init hatch motif.

## Note

- This function uses several call to the single Clmg::draw\_line() procedure, depending on the vectors size in points.
- 8.1.4.405 CImg<T>& draw\_arrow ( const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const tc \*const color, const float opacity = 1, const float angle = 30, const float length = -10, const unsigned int pattern =  $\sim 0U$ )

## Draw a 2d arrow.

## **Parameters**

x0	X-coordinate of the starting arrow point (tail).
y0	Y-coordinate of the starting arrow point (tail).
x1	X-coordinate of the ending arrow point (head).
y1	Y-coordinate of the ending arrow point (head).
color	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values of type T, defining the drawing color.
angle	Aperture angle of the arrow head.
length	Length of the arrow head. If negative, describes a percentage of the arrow length.
opacity	Drawing opacity.
pattern	An integer whose bits describe the line pattern.

8.1.4.406 CImg<T>& draw\_spline ( const int x0, const int y0, const float u0, const float v0, const int x1, const int y1, const float u1, const float v1, const to \*const color, const float opacity = 1, const float precision = 0.25, const unsigned int pattern =  $\sim$ 0U, const bool init\_hatch = true)

# Draw a 2d spline.

### **Parameters**

х0	X-coordinate of the starting curve point
y0	Y-coordinate of the starting curve point
u0	X-coordinate of the starting velocity
v0	Y-coordinate of the starting velocity
x1	X-coordinate of the ending curve point
y1	Y-coordinate of the ending curve point
u1	X-coordinate of the ending velocity
v1	Y-coordinate of the ending velocity
color	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values of type T, defining the drawing color.
precision	Curve drawing precision.
opacity	Drawing opacity.
pattern	An integer whose bits describe the line pattern.
init_hatch	If true, init hatch motif.

# Note

• The curve is a 2d cubic Bezier spline, from the set of specified starting/ending points and corresponding velocity vectors.

• The spline is drawn as a serie of connected segments. The precision parameter sets the average number of pixels in each drawn segment.

• A cubic Bezier curve is sometimes defined by a set of 4 points  $\{(x0,y0), (xa,ya), (xb,yb), (x1,y1)\}$  where (x0,y0) is the starting point, (x1,y1) is the ending point and (xa,ya), (xb,yb) are two *control* points. The starting and ending velocities (u0,v0) and (u1,v1) can be deduced easily from the control points as u0 = (xa - x0), v0 = (ya - y0), u1 = (x1 - xb) and v1 = (y1 - yb).

### Example:

```
CImg<unsigned char> img(100,100,1,3,0);
const unsigned char color[] = { 255,255,255 };
img.draw_spline(30,30,0,100,90,40,0,-100,color);
```

8.1.4.407 CImg<T>& draw\_spline ( const int x0, const int y0, const int z0, const float u0, const float v0, const float v0, const int x1, const int y1, const int z1, const float u1, const float v1, const float v1, const float v1, const float v1, const bool init\_hatch = true )

Draw a 3d spline [overloading].

#### Note

- Similar to Clmg::draw spline() for a 3d spline in a volumetric image.
- 8.1.4.408 CImg<T>& draw\_spline ( const int x0, const int y0, const float u0, const float v0, const int x1, const int y1, const float v1, const float v1, const CImg<t>& texture, const int tx0, const int ty0, const int tx1, const int ty1, const float opacity = 1, const float precision = 4, const unsigned int pattern =  $\sim$ 0U, const bool init\_hatch = true )

Draw a textured 2d spline.

### **Parameters**

X-coordinate of the starting curve point
Y-coordinate of the starting curve point
X-coordinate of the starting velocity
Y-coordinate of the starting velocity
X-coordinate of the ending curve point
Y-coordinate of the ending curve point
X-coordinate of the ending velocity
Y-coordinate of the ending velocity
Texture image defining line pixel colors.
X-coordinate of the starting texture point.
Y-coordinate of the starting texture point.
X-coordinate of the ending texture point.
Y-coordinate of the ending texture point.
Curve drawing precision.
Drawing opacity.
An integer whose bits describe the line pattern.
if true, reinit hatch motif.

8.1.4.409 CImg<T>& draw\_spline ( const CImg< tp > & points, const CImg< tt > & tangents, const tc \*const color, const float opacity = 1, const bool is\_closed\_set = false, const float precision = 4, const unsigned int pattern = ~0U, const bool init\_hatch = true )

Draw a set of consecutive splines.

points	Vertices data.	
tangents	angents data.	
color	pinter to spectrum() consecutive values of type T, defining the drawing color.	
opacity	Drawing opacity.	
is_closed_set	Tells if the drawn spline set is closed.	
precision	Precision of the drawing.	
pattern	An integer whose bits describe the line pattern.	
init_hatch	If true, init hatch motif.	

8.1.4.410 CImg<T>& draw\_spline ( const CImg< tp > & points, const tc \*const color, const float opacity = 1, const bool is\_closed\_set = false, const float precision = 4, const unsigned int pattern = ~0U, const bool init\_hatch = true)

Draw a set of consecutive splines [overloading].

Similar to previous function, with the point tangents automatically estimated from the given points set.

8.1.4.411 CImg<T>& draw\_triangle ( const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const int x2, const int y2, const to \*const color, const float opacity = 1 )

Draw a filled 2d triangle.

### **Parameters**

х0	X-coordinate of the first vertex.
y0	Y-coordinate of the first vertex.
x1	X-coordinate of the second vertex.
y1	Y-coordinate of the second vertex.
x2	X-coordinate of the third vertex.
y2	Y-coordinate of the third vertex.
color	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values of type T, defining the drawing color.
opacity	Drawing opacity.

8.1.4.412 CImg<T>& draw\_triangle ( const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const int x2, const int y2, const tc \*const color, const float opacity, const unsigned int pattern )

Draw a outlined 2d triangle.

х0	X-coordinate of the first vertex.	
y0	Y-coordinate of the first vertex.	
x1	x1 X-coordinate of the second vertex.	
y1	Y-coordinate of the second vertex.	
x2	X-coordinate of the third vertex.	
y2	Y-coordinate of the third vertex.	
color	Pointer to spectrum() consecutive values of type T, defining the drawing color.	
opacity	Drawing opacity.	
pattern	An integer whose bits describe the outline pattern.	

8.1.4.413 CImg<T>& draw\_triangle ( CImg< tz> & zbuffer, const int x0, const int y0, const float z0, const int x1, const int y1, const float z1, const int x2, const int y2, const float z2, const tc \*const color, const float opacity = 1, const float brightness = 1 )

Draw a filled 2d triangle, with z-buffering.

zbuffer	Z-buffer image.	
x0	X-coordinate of the first vertex.	
y0	Y-coordinate of the first vertex.	
z0	Z-coordinate of the first vertex.	
x1	X-coordinate of the second vertex.	
y1	Y-coordinate of the second vertex.	
z1	Z-coordinate of the second vertex.	
x2	X-coordinate of the third vertex.	
y2	Y-coordinate of the third vertex.	
z2	Z-coordinate of the third vertex.	
color	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values of type T, defining the drawing color.	
opacity	Drawing opacity.	
brightness	Brightness factor.	

8.1.4.414 CImg<T>& draw\_triangle ( const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const int x2, const int y2, const to \*const color, const float brightness0, const float brightness1, const float brightness2, const float opacity = 1 )

Draw a Gouraud-shaded 2d triangle.

## **Parameters**

x0	X-coordinate of the first vertex in the image instance.	
y0	Y-coordinate of the first vertex in the image instance.	
x1	X-coordinate of the second vertex in the image instance.	
y1	y1 Y-coordinate of the second vertex in the image instance.	
x2	X-coordinate of the third vertex in the image instance.	
y2	Y-coordinate of the third vertex in the image instance.	
color	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values, defining the drawing color.	
brightness0	ess0 Brightness factor of the first vertex (in [0,2]).	
brightness1	brightness 1 brightness factor of the second vertex (in [0,2]).	
brightness2	brightness2 brightness factor of the third vertex (in [0,2]).	
opacity	Drawing opacity.	

8.1.4.415 CImg<T>& draw\_triangle ( const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const int x2, const int y2, const tc1 \*const color1, const tc2 \*const color2, const tc3 \*const color3, const float opacity = 1 )

Draw a color-interpolated 2d triangle.

х0	X-coordinate of the first vertex in the image instance.	
y0	Y-coordinate of the first vertex in the image instance.	
x1	X-coordinate of the second vertex in the image instance.	
y1	Y-coordinate of the second vertex in the image instance.	
x2	X-coordinate of the third vertex in the image instance.	
<i>y</i> 2	Y-coordinate of the third vertex in the image instance.	
color1	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values of type T, defining the color of the first vertex.	
color2	color2 Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values of type T, defining the color of the seconf verte	
color3	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values of type T, defining the color of the third vertex.	

opacity	Drawing opacity.	

8.1.4.416 CImg<T>& draw\_triangle ( const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const int x2, const int y2, const int x2, const int x3, const int x4, const

Draw a textured 2d triangle.

# **Parameters**

X-coordinate of the first vertex in the image instance.
Y-coordinate of the first vertex in the image instance.
X-coordinate of the second vertex in the image instance.
Y-coordinate of the second vertex in the image instance.
X-coordinate of the third vertex in the image instance.
Y-coordinate of the third vertex in the image instance.
Texture image used to fill the triangle.
X-coordinate of the first vertex in the texture image.
Y-coordinate of the first vertex in the texture image.
X-coordinate of the second vertex in the texture image.
Y-coordinate of the second vertex in the texture image.
X-coordinate of the third vertex in the texture image.
Y-coordinate of the third vertex in the texture image.
Drawing opacity.
Brightness factor of the drawing (in [0,2]).

8.1.4.417 CImg<T>& draw\_triangle ( const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const int x2, const int y2, const int y2, const int y2, const int y3, const int y4, const

Draw a Phong-shaded 2d triangle.

color.

8.1.4.418 CImg<T>& draw\_triangle ( const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const int x2, const int y2, const CImg< to > & texture, const int tx0, const int ty0, const int tx1, const int ty1, const int tx2, const int ty2, const float brightness0, const float brightness1, const float brightness2, const float opacity = 1

Draw a textured Gouraud-shaded 2d triangle.

### **Parameters**

х0	X-coordinate of the first vertex in the image instance.
y0	Y-coordinate of the first vertex in the image instance.
x1	X-coordinate of the second vertex in the image instance.
y1	Y-coordinate of the second vertex in the image instance.
x2	X-coordinate of the third vertex in the image instance.
y2	Y-coordinate of the third vertex in the image instance.
texture	Texture image used to fill the triangle.
tx0	X-coordinate of the first vertex in the texture image.
ty0	Y-coordinate of the first vertex in the texture image.
tx1	X-coordinate of the second vertex in the texture image.
ty1	Y-coordinate of the second vertex in the texture image.
tx2	X-coordinate of the third vertex in the texture image.
ty2	Y-coordinate of the third vertex in the texture image.
brightness0	Brightness factor of the first vertex.
brightness1	Brightness factor of the second vertex.
brightness2	Brightness factor of the third vertex.
opacity	Drawing opacity.

8.1.4.419 CImg<T>& draw\_triangle ( const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const int x2, const int y2, const CImg< to > & texture, const int tx0, const int ty0, const int tx1, const int ty1, const int tx2, const int ty2, const CImg< tl > & light, const int tx0, const int ty0, const int tx1, const int tx1, const int tx2, const int tx2, const int tx2, const int tx3, const int tx4, const int t

Draw a textured Phong-shaded 2d triangle.

# **Parameters**

X-coordinate of the first vertex in the image instance.	
Y-coordinate of the first vertex in the image instance.	
X-coordinate of the second vertex in the image instance.	
Y-coordinate of the second vertex in the image instance.	
X-coordinate of the third vertex in the image instance.	
Y-coordinate of the third vertex in the image instance.	
Texture image used to fill the triangle.	
X-coordinate of the first vertex in the texture image.	
Y-coordinate of the first vertex in the texture image.	
X-coordinate of the second vertex in the texture image.	
Y-coordinate of the second vertex in the texture image.	
X-coordinate of the third vertex in the texture image.	
Y-coordinate of the third vertex in the texture image.	
Light image.	
X-coordinate of the first vertex in the light image.	
Y-coordinate of the first vertex in the light image.	
X-coordinate of the second vertex in the light image.	
Y-coordinate of the second vertex in the light image.	
X-coordinate of the third vertex in the light image.	
Y-coordinate of the third vertex in the light image.	
Drawing opacity.	

8.1.4.420 CImg<T>& draw\_rectangle ( const int x0, const int y0, const int z0, const int z0, const int z1, const int z1, const int z1, const T z1, con

Draw a filled 4d rectangle.

x0	X-coordinate of the upper-left rectangle corner.	
y0	Y-coordinate of the upper-left rectangle corner.	
z0	Z-coordinate of the upper-left rectangle corner.	
c0	C-coordinate of the upper-left rectangle corner.	
x1	X-coordinate of the lower-right rectangle corner.	
y1	Y-coordinate of the lower-right rectangle corner.	
z1	Z-coordinate of the lower-right rectangle corner.	
c1	C-coordinate of the lower-right rectangle corner.	
val	Scalar value used to fill the rectangle area.	
opacity	Drawing opacity.	

8.1.4.421 CImg<T>& draw\_rectangle ( const int x0, const int y0, const int z0, const int z1, const

Draw a filled 3d rectangle.

## **Parameters**

х0	X-coordinate of the upper-left rectangle corner.
y0	Y-coordinate of the upper-left rectangle corner.
z0	Z-coordinate of the upper-left rectangle corner.
x1	X-coordinate of the lower-right rectangle corner.
y1	Y-coordinate of the lower-right rectangle corner.
z1	Z-coordinate of the lower-right rectangle corner.
color	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values of type T, defining the drawing color.
opacity	Drawing opacity.

8.1.4.422 CImg<T>& draw\_rectangle ( const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const it x1, const it x1, const int y1, const it x1, const it x1, const int y1, const it x1, const it

Draw a filled 2d rectangle.

# **Parameters**

х0	X-coordinate of the upper-left rectangle corner.
y0	Y-coordinate of the upper-left rectangle corner.
x1	X-coordinate of the lower-right rectangle corner.
y1	Y-coordinate of the lower-right rectangle corner.
color	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values of type T, defining the drawing color.
opacity	Drawing opacity.

8.1.4.423 Clmg<T>& draw\_polygon ( const Clmg< t> & points, const tc \*const color, const float opacity = 1 )

Draw a filled 2d polygon.

points	Set of polygon vertices.
color	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values of type T, defining the drawing color.
opacity	Drawing opacity.

8.1.4.424 CImg<T>& draw\_ellipse ( const int x0, const int y0, const float r1, const float r2, const float angle, const to \*const color, const float opacity = 1 )

Draw a filled 2d ellipse.

x0	X-coordinate of the ellipse center.
y0	Y-coordinate of the ellipse center.
r1	First radius of the ellipse.
r2	Second radius of the ellipse.
angle	Angle of the first radius.
color	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values, defining the drawing color.
opacity	Drawing opacity.

8.1.4.425 CImg<T>& draw\_ellipse ( const int x0, const int y0, const CImg<t>& tensor, const tc \*const color, const float opacity = 1 )

# Draw a filled 2d ellipse [overloading].

## **Parameters**

x0	X-coordinate of the ellipse center.
y0	Y-coordinate of the ellipse center.
tensor	Diffusion tensor describing the ellipse.
color	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values, defining the drawing color.
opacity	Drawing opacity.

8.1.4.426 CImg<T>& draw\_ellipse ( const int x0, const int y0, const float r1, const float r2, const float angle, const tc \*const color, const float opacity, const unsigned int pattern )

Draw an outlined 2d ellipse.

# **Parameters**

x0	X-coordinate of the ellipse center.
y0	Y-coordinate of the ellipse center.
r1	First radius of the ellipse.
r2	Second radius of the ellipse.
angle	Angle of the first radius.
color	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values, defining the drawing color.
opacity	Drawing opacity.
pattern	An integer whose bits describe the outline pattern.

8.1.4.427 CImg<T>& draw\_ellipse ( const int x0, const int y0, const CImg<t>& tensor, const tc \*const color, const float opacity, const unsigned int pattern )

# Draw an outlined 2d ellipse [overloading].

х0	X-coordinate of the ellipse center.
y0	Y-coordinate of the ellipse center.
tensor	Diffusion tensor describing the ellipse.
color	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values, defining the drawing color.
opacity	Drawing opacity.

pattern An integer whose bits describe the outline pattern.	
---	--

8.1.4.428 CImg<T>& draw\_circle ( const int x0, const int y0, int radius, const tc \*const color, const float opacity = 1 )

Draw a filled 2d circle.

## **Parameters**

	х0	X-coordinate of the circle center.
	y0	Y-coordinate of the circle center.
rad	dius	Circle radius.
CC	olor	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values, defining the drawing color.
opa	city	Drawing opacity.

## Note

- · Circle version of the Bresenham's algorithm is used.
- 8.1.4.429 CImg<T>& draw\_circle ( const int x0, const int y0, int radius, const tc \*const color, const float opacity, const unsigned int pattern )

Draw an outlined 2d circle.

## **Parameters**

х0	X-coordinate of the circle center.
y0	Y-coordinate of the circle center.
radius	Circle radius.
color	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values, defining the drawing color.
opacity	Drawing opacity.
pattern	An integer whose bits describe the outline pattern.

8.1.4.430 CImg<T>& draw\_image ( const int x0, const int y0, const int z0, const int c0, const CImg< t> & sprite, const float opacity = 1 )

Draw an image.

## **Parameters**

sprite	Sprite image.
x0	X-coordinate of the sprite position.
y0	Y-coordinate of the sprite position.
z0	Z-coordinate of the sprite position.
c0	C-coordinate of the sprite position.
opacity	Drawing opacity.

8.1.4.431 CImg<T>& draw\_image ( const int x0, const int y0, const int z0, const int c0, const CImg< ti > & sprite, const CImg< tm > & mask, const float opacity = 1, const float mask\_max\_value = 1)

Draw a masked image.

sprite	Sprite image.
mask	Mask image.
x0	X-coordinate of the sprite position in the image instance.
y0	Y-coordinate of the sprite position in the image instance.
z0	Z-coordinate of the sprite position in the image instance.
c0	C-coordinate of the sprite position in the image instance.
mask_max	Maximum pixel value of the mask image mask.
value	
opacity	Drawing opacity.

#### Note

- Pixel values of mask set the opacity of the corresponding pixels in sprite.
- Dimensions along x,y and z of sprite and mask must be the same.
- 8.1.4.432 CImg<T>& draw\_text ( const int x0, const int y0, const char \*const text, const tc1 \*const foreground\_color, const tc2 \*const background\_color, const float opacity, const CImgList< t>& font, ... )

Draw a text string.

### **Parameters**

х0	X-coordinate of the text in the image instance.
y0	Y-coordinate of the text in the image instance.
text	Format of the text ('printf'-style format string).
foreground_color	Pointer to spectrum() consecutive values, defining the foreground drawing color.
background	Pointer to spectrum() consecutive values, defining the background drawing color.
color	
opacity	Drawing opacity.
font	Font used for drawing text.

8.1.4.433 CImg<T>& draw\_text ( const int x0, const int y0, const char \*const text, const tc \*const foreground\_color, const int , const float opacity, const CImgList< t> & font, ... )

Draw a text string [overloading].

Note

A transparent background is used for the text.

8.1.4.434 CImg<T>& draw\_text ( const int x0, const int y0, const char \*const text, const int , const tc \*const background\_color, const float opacity, const CImgList< t>& font, ... )

Draw a text string [overloading].

Note

A transparent foreground is used for the text.

8.1.4.435 CImg<T>& draw\_text ( const int x0, const int y0, const char \*const text, const tc1 \*const foreground\_color, const tc2 \*const background\_color, const float opacity = 1, const unsigned int font\_height = 13, ... )

Draw a text string [overloading].

### **Parameters**

х0	X-coordinate of the text in the image instance.
y0	Y-coordinate of the text in the image instance.
text	Format of the text ('printf'-style format string).
foreground_color	Array of spectrum() values of type T, defining the foreground color (0 means 'transparent').
background	Array of spectrum() values of type T, defining the background color (0 means 'transparent').
color	
opacity	Drawing opacity.
font_height	Height of the text font (exact match for 13,23,53,103, interpolated otherwise).

8.1.4.436 CImg<T>& draw\_quiver ( const CImg< t1 > & flow, const t2 \*const color, const float opacity = 1, const unsigned int sampling = 25, const float factor = -20, const bool is\_arrow = true, const unsigned int pattern =  $\sim 00$  )

Draw a 2d vector field.

### **Parameters**

flow	Image of 2d vectors used as input data.
color	Image of spectrum()-D vectors corresponding to the color of each arrow.
opacity	Drawing opacity.
sampling	Length (in pixels) between each arrow.
factor	Length factor of each arrow (if <0, computed as a percentage of the maximum length).
is_arrow	Tells if arrows must be drawn, instead of oriented segments.
pattern	Used pattern to draw lines.

### Note

Clipping is supported.

8.1.4.437 CImg<T>& draw\_quiver ( const CImg< t1 > & flow, const CImg< t2 > & color, const float opacity = 1, const unsigned int sampling = 25, const float factor = -20, const bool is\_arrow = true, const unsigned int pattern =  $\sim$ 0U )

Draw a 2d vector field, using a field of colors.

# **Parameters**

flow	Image of 2d vectors used as input data.
color	Image of spectrum()-D vectors corresponding to the color of each arrow.
opacity	Opacity of the drawing.
sampling	Length (in pixels) between each arrow.
factor	Length factor of each arrow (if $<$ 0, computed as a percentage of the maximum length).
is_arrow	Tells if arrows must be drawn, instead of oriented segments.
pattern	Used pattern to draw lines.

# Note

Clipping is supported.

8.1.4.438 CImg<T>& draw\_axis ( const CImg< t> & values\_x, const int y, const to \*const color, const float opacity = 1, const unsigned int pattern =  $\sim$ 0U, const unsigned int font\_height = 13, const bool allow\_zero = true )

Draw a labeled horizontal axis.

values_x	Values along the horizontal axis.
У	Y-coordinate of the horizontal axis in the image instance.
color	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values, defining the drawing color.
opacity	Drawing opacity.
pattern	Drawing pattern.
font_height	Height of the labels (exact match for 13,23,53,103, interpolated otherwise).
allow_zero	Enable/disable the drawing of label '0' if found.

8.1.4.439 CImg<T>& draw\_axis ( const int x, const CImg< t> & values\_y, const tc \*const color, const float opacity = 1, const unsigned int pattern =  $\sim$ 0U, const unsigned int font\_height = 13, const bool allow\_zero = true )

Draw a labeled vertical axis.

### **Parameters**

X	X-coordinate of the vertical axis in the image instance.
values_y	Values along the Y-axis.
color	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values, defining the drawing color.
opacity	Drawing opacity.
pattern	Drawing pattern.
font_height	Height of the labels (exact match for 13,23,53,103, interpolated otherwise).
allow_zero	Enable/disable the drawing of label '0' if found.

8.1.4.440 CImg<T>& draw\_axes ( const CImg< tx > & values\_x, const CImg< ty > & values\_y, const tc \*const color, const float opacity = 1, const unsigned int pattern\_x = ~0U, const unsigned int pattern\_y = ~0U, const unsigned int font\_height = 13, const bool allow\_zero = true )

Draw labeled horizontal and vertical axes.

## **Parameters**

values_x	Values along the X-axis.
values_y	Values along the Y-axis.
color	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values, defining the drawing color.
opacity	Drawing opacity.
pattern_x	Drawing pattern for the X-axis.
pattern_y	Drawing pattern for the Y-axis.
font_height	Height of the labels (exact match for 13,23,53,103, interpolated otherwise).
allow_zero	Enable/disable the drawing of label '0' if found.

8.1.4.441 CImg<T>& draw\_grid ( const CImg< tx> & values\_x, const CImg< ty> & values\_y, const tc \*const color, const float opacity = 1, const unsigned int pattern\_x =  $\sim$ 0U, const unsigned int pattern\_y =  $\sim$ 0U)

# Draw 2d grid.

values_x	X-coordinates of the vertical lines.
values_y	Y-coordinates of the horizontal lines.
color	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values, defining the drawing color.

opacity	Drawing opacity.
pattern_x	Drawing pattern for vertical lines.
pattern_y	Drawing pattern for horizontal lines.

8.1.4.442 CImg<T>& draw\_graph ( const CImg< t> & data, const tc \*const color, const float opacity = 1, const unsigned int plot\_type = 1, const int vertex\_type = 1, const double ymin = 0, const double ymax = 0, const unsigned int pattern =  $\sim$ 0U )

# Draw 1d graph.

data	Image containing the graph values $I = f(x)$ .	
color	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values, defining the drawing color.	
opacity		
plot_type	Define the type of the plot:	
	• 0 = No plot.	
	• 1 = Plot using segments.	
	• 2 = Plot using cubic splines.	
	• 3 = Plot with bars.	
vertex_type	Define the type of points:	
	• 0 = No points.	
	• 1 = Point.	
	• 2 = Straight cross.	
	• 3 = Diagonal cross.	
	• 4 = Filled circle.	
	• 5 = Outlined circle.	
	• 6 = Square.	
	• 7 = Diamond.	

	ymin	Lower bound of the y-range.
	ymax	Upper bound of the y-range.
pattern Drawing pattern.		

### Note

- if ymin==ymax==0, the y-range is computed automatically from the input samples.
- 8.1.4.443 CImg<T>& draw\_fill ( const int x, const int y, const int z, const tc \*const color, const float opacity, CImg< t > & region, const float sigma = 0, const bool is\_high\_connexity = false)

Draw filled 3d region with the flood fill algorithm.

#### **Parameters**

	X	X-coordinate of the starting point of the region to fill.
	у	Y-coordinate of the starting point of the region to fill.
	Z	Z-coordinate of the starting point of the region to fill.
	color	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values, defining the drawing color.
out	region	Image that will contain the mask of the filled region mask, as an output.
	sigma	Tolerance concerning neighborhood values.
	opacity	Opacity of the drawing.
	is_high	Tells if 8-connexity must be used (only for 2d images).
	connexity	

## Returns

region is initialized with the binary mask of the filled region.

8.1.4.444 CImg<T>& draw\_plasma ( const float alpha = 1, const float beta = 0, const unsigned int scale = 8)

Draw a random plasma texture.

## **Parameters**

alpha	Alpha-parameter.
beta	Beta-parameter.
scale	Scale-parameter.

## Note

Use the mid-point algorithm to render.

8.1.4.445 CImg<T>& draw\_mandelbrot ( const int x0, const int y0, const int x1, const int y1, const CImg< to > & colormap, const float opacity = 1, const double z0r = -2, const double z0i = -2, const double z1r = 2, const double z1r = 2, const double z1i = 2, const unsigned int iteration\_max = 255, const bool is\_normalized\_iteration = false, const bool is\_julia\_set = false, const double param\_z10 = 0, const double param\_z10 = 0

Draw a quadratic Mandelbrot or Julia 2d fractal.

x0	X-coordinate of the upper-left pixel.
y0	Y-coordinate of the upper-left pixel.
x1	X-coordinate of the lower-right pixel.
y1	Y-coordinate of the lower-right pixel.
colormap	Colormap.
opacity	Drawing opacity.
z0r	Real part of the upper-left fractal vertex.
z0i	Imaginary part of the upper-left fractal vertex.
z1r	Real part of the lower-right fractal vertex.
z1i	Imaginary part of the lower-right fractal vertex.
iteration_max	Maximum number of iterations for each estimated point.
is_normalized	Tells if iterations are normalized.
iteration	
is_julia_set	Tells if the Mandelbrot or Julia set is rendered.
param_r	Real part of the Julia set parameter.
param_i	Imaginary part of the Julia set parameter.

### Note

Fractal rendering is done by the Escape Time Algorithm.

8.1.4.446 CImg<T>& draw\_gaussian ( const float xc, const float sigma, const tc \*const color, const float opacity = 1 )

Draw a 1d gaussian function.

### **Parameters**

XC	X-coordinate of the gaussian center.
sigma	Standard variation of the gaussian distribution.
color	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values, defining the drawing color.
opacity	Drawing opacity.

8.1.4.447 CImg<T>& draw\_gaussian ( const float xc, const float yc, const CImg< t> & tensor, const tc \*const color, const float opacity = 1 )

Draw a 2d gaussian function.

## **Parameters**

XC	X-coordinate of the gaussian center.
ус	Y-coordinate of the gaussian center.
tensor	Covariance matrix (must be 2x2).
color	Pointer to spectrum () consecutive values, defining the drawing color.
opacity	Drawing opacity.

8.1.4.448 CImg<T>& draw\_object3d ( const float x0, const float y0, const float z0, const CImg<tp > & vertices, const CImgList<tf > & primitives, const CImgList<tc > & colors, const CImg<to > & opacities, const unsigned int render\_type = 4, const bool is\_double\_sided = false, const float focale = 700, const float lightx = 0, const float lighty = 0, const float lightz = -5e8, const float specular\_lightness = 0.2f, const float specular\_shininess = 0.1f)

Draw a 3d object.

x0	X-coordinate of the 3d object position
y0	Y-coordinate of the 3d object position
z0	Z-coordinate of the 3d object position
vertices	Image Nx3 describing 3d point coordinates
primitives	List of P primitives
colors	List of P color (or textures)
opacities	Image or list of P opacities
render_type	d Render type (0=Points, 1=Lines, 2=Faces (no light), 3=Faces (flat), 4=Faces(Gouraud)
is_double_sided	Tells if object faces have two sides or are oriented.
focale	length of the focale (0 for parallel projection)
lightx	X-coordinate of the light
lighty	Y-coordinate of the light
lightz	Z-coordinate of the light
specular	Amount of specular light.
lightness	
specular	Shininess of the object
shininess	

8.1.4.449 Clmg<T>& select ( ClmgDisplay & disp, const unsigned int feature\_type = 2, unsigned int \*const XYZ = 0 )

Launch simple interface to select a shape from an image.

## **Parameters**

disp	Display window to use.	
feature_type	Type of feature to select. Can be { 0=point   1=line   2=rectangle	
	3=ellipse }.	
XYZ	Pointer to 3 values X,Y,Z which tells about the projection point coordinates, for volumetric	
	images.	

8.1.4.450 CImg<T>& load ( const char \*const filename )

Load image from a file.

## **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.

# Note

The extension of filename defines the file format. If no filename extension is provided,  $Clmg < T > ::get_-load()$  will try to load the file as a .cimg or .cimgz file.

8.1.4.451 CImg<T>& load\_ascii ( const char \*const filename )

Load image from an ascii file.

## **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C -string.

8.1.4.452 CImg<T>& load\_dlm ( const char \*const filename )

Load image from a DLM file.

**Parameters** 

filename Filename, as a C-string.

8.1.4.453 CImg<T>& load\_bmp ( const char \*const filename )

Load image from a BMP file.

**Parameters** 

filename | Filename, as a C-string.

8.1.4.454 CImg<T>& load\_jpeg ( const char \*const filename )

Load image from a JPEG file.

**Parameters** 

filename Filename, as a C-string.

8.1.4.455 CImg<T>& load\_magick ( const char \*const filename )

Load image from a file, using Magick++ library.

**Parameters** 

filename Filename, as a C-string.

8.1.4.456 CImg<T>& load\_png ( const char \*const filename )

Load image from a PNG file.

**Parameters** 

filename Filename, as a C-string.

8.1.4.457 CImg<T>& load\_pnm ( const char \*const filename )

Load image from a PNM file.

**Parameters** 

filename | Filename, as a C-string.

8.1.4.458 CImg<T>& load\_pfm ( const char \*const filename )

Load image from a PFM file.

Parameters

filename Filename, as a C-string.

8.1.4.459 CImg<T>& load\_rgb ( const char \*const filename, const unsigned int dimw, const unsigned int dimh = 1 )
Load image from a RGB file.

### **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.	
dimw	Width of the image buffer.	
dimh	Height of the image buffer.	

8.1.4.460 CImg<T>& load\_rgba ( const char \*const filename, const unsigned int dimw, const unsigned int dimh = 1 )

Load image from a RGBA file.

## **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.	
dimw	Width of the image buffer.	
dimh	Height of the image buffer.	

8.1.4.461 CImg<T>& load\_tiff ( const char \*const *filename*, const unsigned int *first\_frame* = 0, const unsigned int *last\_frame* =  $\sim$ 0U, const unsigned int *step\_frame* = 1)

Load image from a TIFF file.

### **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
first_frame	First frame to read (for multi-pages tiff).
last_frame	Last frame to read (for multi-pages tiff).
step_frame	Step value of frame reading.

## Note

- libtiff support is enabled by defining the precompilation directive cimq\_use\_tif.
- When libtiff is enabled, 2D and 3D (multipage) several channel per pixel are supported for char, uchar, short, ushort, float and double pixel types.
- If <code>cimg\_use\_tif</code> is not defined at compilation time the function uses <code>CImg<T>& load\_other(const char\*)</code>.

8.1.4.462 CImg<T>& load\_minc2 ( const char \*const filename )

Load image from a MINC2 file.

### **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.

8.1.4.463 CImg<T>& load\_analyze ( const char \*const *filename*, float \*const *voxel\_size* = 0 )

Load image from an ANALYZE7.5/NIFTI file.

	filename	Filename, as a C-string.
--	----------	--------------------------

		Deleter to the three countries and from the file
out	voxel_size	Pointer to the three voxel sizes read from the file.

8.1.4.464 CImg<T>& load\_cimg ( const char \*const filename, const char axis = ' z', const float align = 0)

Load image from a .cimg[z] file.

### **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
axis	Appending axis, if file contains multiple images. Can be { 'x'   'y'   'z'   'c' }.
align	Appending alignment.

8.1.4.465 CImg<T>& load\_cimg ( const char \*const *filename*, const unsigned int *n0*, const unsigned int *n1*, const unsigned int *x0*, const unsigned int *x0*, const unsigned int *x1*, const unsigned int *x2*, const unsigned int *x2*, const unsigned int *x3*, const unsigned int *x4*, const

Load sub-images of a .cimg file.

### **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.	
n0	Starting frame.	
n1	Ending frame ( $\sim$ 0U for max).	
x0	X-coordinate of the starting sub-image vertex.	
y0	Y-coordinate of the starting sub-image vertex.	
z0	Z-coordinate of the starting sub-image vertex.	
c0	C-coordinate of the starting sub-image vertex.	
x1	X-coordinate of the ending sub-image vertex ( $\sim$ 0U for max).	
y1	Y-coordinate of the ending sub-image vertex ( $\sim$ 0U for max).	
z1	Z-coordinate of the ending sub-image vertex ( $\sim$ 0U for max).	
c1	C-coordinate of the ending sub-image vertex ( $\sim$ 0U for max).	
axis	Appending axis, if file contains multiple images. Can be { 'x'   'y'   'z'   'c' }.	
align	Appending alignment.	

8.1.4.466 CImg<T>& load\_inr ( const char \*const filename, float \*const voxel\_size = 0 )

Load image from an INRIMAGE-4 file.

## **Parameters**

	filename	Filename, as a C-string.
out	voxel_size	Pointer to the three voxel sizes read from the file.

8.1.4.467 CImg<T>& load\_exr ( const char \*const filename )

Load image from a EXR file.

filename	Filename, as a C-string.

8.1.4.468 CImg<T>& load\_pandore ( const char \*const filename )

Load image from a PANDORE-5 file.

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
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8.1.4.469 CImg<T>& load\_parrec ( const char \*const filename, const char axis = ' c', const float align = 0)

Load image from a PAR-REC (Philips) file.

### **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
axis	Appending axis, if file contains multiple images. Can be { 'x'   'y'   'z'   'c' }.
align	Appending alignment.

8.1.4.470 CImg<T>& load\_raw ( const char \*const filename, const unsigned int size\_x = 0, const unsigned int size\_y = 1, const unsigned int size\_z = 1, const unsigned int size\_c = 1, const bool is\_multiplexed = false, const bool invert\_endianness = false, const unsigned long offset = 0)

Load image from a raw binary file.

### **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
size_x	Width of the image buffer.
size_y	Height of the image buffer.
size_z	Depth of the image buffer.
size_c	Spectrum of the image buffer.
is_multiplexed	Tells if the image values are multiplexed along the C-axis.
invert	Tells if the endianness of the image buffer must be inverted.
endianness	
offset	Starting offset of the read in the specified file.

8.1.4.471 CImg < T > & load\_ffmpeg ( const char \*const filename, const unsigned int first\_frame = 0, const unsigned int last\_frame =  $\sim$  0U, const unsigned int step\_frame = 1, const bool pixel\_format = true, const bool resume = false, const char axis = 'z', const float align = 0)

Load image sequence using FFMPEG av's libraries.

## **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
first_frame	Index of the first frame to read.
last_frame	Index of the last frame to read.
step_frame	Step value for frame reading.
pixel_format	To be documented.
resume	To be documented.
axis	Appending axis, if file contains multiple images. Can be { 'x'   'y'   'z'   'c' }.
align	Appending alignment.

8.1.4.472 CImg<T>& load\_yuv ( const char \*const *filename*, const unsigned int *size\_x*, const unsigned int *size\_y* = 1, const unsigned int *first\_frame* = 0, const unsigned int *last\_frame* =  $\sim$ 0U, const unsigned int *step\_frame* = 1, const bool *yuv2rgb* = true, const char *axis* = 'z')

Load image sequence from a YUV file.

### **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
size_x	Width of the frames.
size_y	Height of the frames.
first_frame	Index of the first frame to read.
last_frame	Index of the last frame to read.
step_frame	Step value for frame reading.
yuv2rgb	Tells if the YUV to RGB transform must be applied.
axis	Appending axis, if file contains multiple images. Can be { 'x'   'y'   'z'   'c' }.

 $\textbf{8.1.4.473} \quad \textbf{Clmg} < \textbf{T} > \textbf{\& load\_off ( ClmgList} < \textbf{tf} > \textbf{\& primitives, ClmgList} < \textbf{tc} > \textbf{\& colors, const char} * \textbf{const filename )}$ 

Load 3d object from a .OFF file.

## **Parameters**

out	primitives	Primitives data of the 3d object.
out	colors	Colors data of the 3d object.
	filename	Filename, as a C-string.

8.1.4.474 Clmg<T>& load\_ffmpeg\_external ( const char \*const filename, const char axis = 'z', const float align = 0)

Load image sequence using FFMPEG's external tool 'ffmpeg'.

### **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
axis	Appending axis, if file contains multiple images. Can be { 'x'   'y'   'z'   'c' }.
align	Appending alignment.

8.1.4.475 CImg<T>& load\_gif\_external ( const char \*const filename, const char axis = ' z', const float align = 0 )

Load gif file, using Imagemagick or GraphicsMagicks's external tools.

## **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
use	Tells if GraphicsMagick's tool 'gm' is used instead of ImageMagick's tool 'convert'.
graphicsmagick	
axis	Appending axis, if file contains multiple images. Can be { 'x'   'y'   'z'   'c' }.
align	Appending alignment.

8.1.4.476 Clmg<T>& load\_graphicsmagick\_external ( const char \*const filename )

Load image using GraphicsMagick's external tool 'gm'.

## **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
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8.1.4.477 CImg<T>& load\_gzip\_external ( const char \*const filename )

Load gzipped image file, using external tool 'gunzip'.

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
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8.1.4.478 CImg<T>& load\_imagemagick\_external ( const char \*const filename )

Load image using ImageMagick's external tool 'convert'.

### **Parameters**

£:1	Filosomo ao a C atrina
tilename	Filename, as a C-string.
monanio	i nonamo, ao a o oming.

8.1.4.479 CImg<T>& load\_medcon\_external ( const char \*const filename )

Load image from a DICOM file, using XMedcon's external tool 'medcon'.

### **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
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8.1.4.480 CImg<T>& load\_dcraw\_external ( const char \*const filename )

Load image from a RAW Color Camera file, using external tool 'dcraw'.

### **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
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8.1.4.481 CImg<T>& load\_camera ( const unsigned int *camera\_index* = 0, const unsigned int *skip\_frames* = 0, const bool release\_camera = true, const unsigned int capture\_width = 0, const unsigned int capture\_height = 0)

Load image from a camera stream, using OpenCV.

## Parameters

camera_index	Index of the camera to capture images from.
skip_frames	Number of frames to skip before the capture.
release_camera	Tells if the camera ressource must be released at the end of the method.

8.1.4.482 Clmg<T>& load\_other ( const char \*const filename )

Load image using various non-native ways.

## **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.

8.1.4.483 const Clmg<T>& print ( const char \*const title = 0, const bool display\_stats = true ) const

Display informations about the image data.

### **Parameters**

title	Name for the considered image.
display_stats	Tells to compute and display image statistics.

8.1.4.484 const Clmg<T>& display ( ClmgDisplay & disp ) const

Display image into a CImgDisplay window.

## **Parameters**

dis	Display window.

8.1.4.485 const CImg<T>& display ( CImgDisplay & disp, const bool display\_info, unsigned int \*const XYZ = 0 ) const

Display image into a CImgDisplay window, in an interactive way.

### **Parameters**

disp	Display window.
display_info	Tells if image informations are displayed on the standard output.

8.1.4.486 const CImg<T>& display ( const char \*const *title* = 0, const bool *display\_info* = true, unsigned int \*const *XYZ* = 0 ) const

Display image into an interactive window.

## **Parameters**

title	Window title
display_info	Tells if image informations are displayed on the standard output.

8.1.4.487 const CImg<T>& display\_object3d ( CImgDisplay & disp, const CImg< tp > & vertices, const CImgList< tf > & primitives, const CImgList< tc > & colors, const to & opacities, const bool centering = true, const int render\_static = 4, const int render\_motion = 1, const bool is\_double\_sided = true, const float focale = 700, const float light\_x = 0, const float light\_y = 0, const float light\_z = -5e8f, const float specular\_lightness = 0.2f, const float specular\_shininess = 0.1f, const bool display\_axes = true, float \*const pose\_matrix = 0 ) const

Display object 3d in an interactive window.

disp	Display window.
vertices	Vertices data of the 3d object.
primitives	Primitives data of the 3d object.
colors	Colors data of the 3d object.
opacities	Opacities data of the 3d object.
centering	Tells if the 3d object must be centered for the display.
render_static	Rendering mode.
render_motion	Rendering mode, when the 3d object is moved.
is_double_sided	Tells if the object primitives are double-sided.

focale	Focale
light_x	X-coordinate of the light source.
light_y	Y-coordinate of the light source.
light_z	Z-coordinate of the light source.
specular	Amount of specular light.
lightness	
specular	Shininess of the object material.
shininess	
display_axes	Tells if the 3d axes are displayed.
pose_matrix	Pointer to 12 values, defining a 3d pose (as a 4x3 matrix).

8.1.4.488 const CImg<T>& display\_graph ( CImgDisplay & disp, const unsigned int plot\_type = 1, const unsigned int vertex\_type = 1, const char \*const labelx = 0, const double xmin = 0, const double xmax = 0, const char \*const labely = 0, const double ymin = 0, const double ymax = 0 ) const

Display 1d graph in an interactive window.

### **Parameters**

disp	Display window.
plot_type	Plot type. Can be { 0=points   1=segments   2=splines   3=bars }.
vertex_type	Vertex type.
labelx	Title for the horizontal axis, as a C-string.
xmin	Minimum value along the X-axis.
xmax	Maximum value along the X-axis.
labely	Title for the vertical axis, as a C-string.
ymin	Minimum value along the X-axis.
ymax	Maximum value along the X-axis.

8.1.4.489 const Clmg<T>& save ( const char \*const filename, const int number = -1, const unsigned int digits = 6 ) const

Save image as a file.

## **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
number	When positive, represents an index added to the filename. Otherwise, no number is added.
digits	Number of digits used for adding the number to the filename.

## Note

- The used file format is defined by the file extension in the filename filename.
- Parameter number can be used to add a 6-digit number to the filename before saving.

8.1.4.490 const Clmg<T>& save\_ascii ( const char \*const filename ) const

Save image as an ascii file.

## **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.

8.1.4.491 const Clmg<T>& save\_cpp ( const char \*const filename ) const

Save image as a .cpp source file.

### **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
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8.1.4.492 const Clmg<T>& save\_dlm ( const char \*const filename ) const

Save image as a DLM file.

# **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.

8.1.4.493 const CImg<T>& save\_bmp ( const char \*const filename ) const

Save image as a BMP file.

## **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
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8.1.4.494 const CImg<T>& save\_jpeg ( const char \*const filename, const unsigned int quality = 100 ) const

Save image as a JPEG file.

### **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
quality	Image quality (in %)

8.1.4.495 const Clmg<T>& save\_magick ( const char \*const filename, const unsigned int bytes\_per\_pixel = 0 ) const

Save image, using built-in ImageMagick++ library.

## **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
bytes_per_pixel	Force the number of bytes per pixel for the saving, when possible.

8.1.4.496 const CImg<T>& save\_png ( const char \*const filename, const unsigned int bytes\_per\_pixel = 0 ) const

Save image as a PNG file.

### **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
bytes_per_pixel	Force the number of bytes per pixels for the saving, when possible.

8.1.4.497 const CImg<T>& save\_pnm ( const char \*const filename, const unsigned int bytes\_per\_pixel = 0 ) const

Save image as a PNM file.

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
bytes_per_pixel	Force the number of bytes per pixels for the saving.

8.1.4.498 const Clmg<T>& save\_pnk ( const char \*const filename ) const

Save image as a PNK file.

## **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.

8.1.4.499 const Clmg<T>& save\_pfm ( const char \*const *filename* ) const

Save image as a PFM file.

### **Parameters**

file name   File name   as a C string	
filename   Filename, as a C-string.	
mename i noname, as a o string.	

8.1.4.500 const Clmg<T>& save\_rgb ( const char \*const filename ) const

Save image as a RGB file.

## **Parameters**

filename	Filonamo as a C-string
mename	Filename, as a C-string.

8.1.4.501 const CImg<T>& save\_rgba ( const char \*const filename ) const

Save image as a RGBA file.

## **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.

8.1.4.502 const Clmg<T>& save\_tiff ( const char \*const filename, const unsigned int compression\_type = 0 ) const

Save image as a TIFF file.

## **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
compression	Type of data compression. Can be { 1=None   2=CCITTRLE   3=CCITTFAX3
type	4=CCITTFAX4   5=LZW   6=JPEG }.

### Note

- libtiff support is enabled by defining the precompilation directive <code>cimg\_use\_tif</code>.
- When libtiff is enabled, 2D and 3D (multipage) several channel per pixel are supported for char, uchar, short, ushort, float and double pixel types.
- If cimg\_use\_tif is not defined at compilation time the function uses Clmg<T>&save\_other(const char\*).

8.1.4.503 const CImg<T>& save\_minc2 ( const char \*const *filename*, const char \*const *imitate\_file* = 0 ) const Save image as a MINC2 file.

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
imitate_file	If non-zero, reference filename, as a C-string, to borrow header from.

8.1.4.504 const CImg<T>& save\_analyze ( const char \*const filename, const float \*const voxel\_size = 0 ) const

Save image as an ANALYZE7.5 or NIFTI file.

### **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
voxel_size	Pointer to 3 consecutive values that tell about the voxel sizes along the X,Y and Z dimensions.

8.1.4.505 const Clmg<T>& save cimg ( const char \*const filename, const bool is compressed = false ) const

Save image as a .cimg file.

## **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
is_compressed	Tells if the file contains compressed image data.

8.1.4.506 const CImg<T>& save\_cimg ( const char \*const *filename*, const unsigned int *n0*, const unsigned int *x0*, const unsigned int *z0*, const unsigned int *c0* ) const

Save image as a sub-image into an existing .cimg file.

### **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
n0	Index of the image inside the file.
x0	X-coordinate of the sub-image location.
y0	Y-coordinate of the sub-image location.
z0	Z-coordinate of the sub-image location.
c0	C-coordinate of the sub-image location.

8.1.4.507 static void save\_empty\_cimg ( const char \*const filename, const unsigned int dx, const unsigned int dy = 1, const unsigned int dz = 1, const unsigned int dc = 1) [static]

Save blank image as a .cimg file.

## **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
dx	Width of the image.
dy	Height of the image.
dz	Depth of the image.
dc	Number of channels of the image.

## Note

- All pixel values of the saved image are set to 0.
- Use this method to save large images without having to instanciate and allocate them.

8.1.4.508 static void save\_empty\_cimg ( std::FILE \*const file, const unsigned int dx, const unsigned int dy = 1, const unsigned int dz = 1, const unsigned int dc = 1) [static]

Save blank image as a .cimg file [overloading].

Same as save\_empty\_cimg(const char \*,unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int,unsigned int) with a file stream argument instead of a filename string.

8.1.4.509 const Clmg<T>& save\_inr ( const char \*const filename, const float \*const voxel\_size = 0 ) const

Save image as an INRIMAGE-4 file.

#### **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
voxel_size	Pointer to 3 values specifying the voxel sizes along the X,Y and Z dimensions.

8.1.4.510 const Clmg<T>& save\_exr ( const char \*const filename ) const

Save image as an OpenEXR file.

### **Parameters**

_		
	filename	Filename, as a C-string.

Note

The OpenEXR file format is described here.

8.1.4.511 const CImg<T>& save\_pandore ( const char \*const filename, const unsigned int colorspace = 0 ) const

Save image as a Pandore-5 file.

## **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
colorspace	Colorspace data field in output file (see Pandore file specifications for more
	informations).

8.1.4.512 const CImg<T>& save\_pandore ( std::FILE \*const file, const unsigned int colorspace = 0 ) const

Save image as a Pandore-5 file [overloading].

Same as save\_pandore(const char \*,unsigned int) const with a file stream argument instead of a filename string.

8.1.4.513 const Clmg<T>& save\_raw ( const char \*const filename, const bool is\_multiplexed = false ) const

Save image as a raw data file.

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
is_multiplexed	Tells if the image channels are stored in a multiplexed way (true) or not (false).

Note

The .raw format does not store the image dimensions in the output file, so you have to keep track of them somewhere to be able to read the file correctly afterwards.

8.1.4.514 const Clmg<T>& save\_raw ( std::FILE \*const file, const bool is\_multiplexed = false ) const

Save image as a raw data file [overloading].

Same as save\_raw(const char \*,bool) const with a file stream argument instead of a filename string.

8.1.4.515 const CImg<T>& save\_ffmpeg ( const char \*const *filename*, const unsigned int *fps* = 25, const unsigned int *bitrate* = 2048) const

Save image as a video file, using the FFmpeg library.

### **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
fps	Video framerate.
bitrate	Video bitrate.

### Note

- Each slice of the instance image is considered to be a single frame of the output video file.
- This method uses functions provided by the FFmpeg library. Configuration macro cimg\_use\_-ffmpeg must be set for the method to succeed natively. Otherwise, the method calls save\_ffmpeg\_external(const char\*,unsigned int,unsigned int,unsign

8.1.4.516 const Clmg<T>& save\_yuv ( const char \*const filename, const bool is\_rgb = true ) const

Save image as a .yuv video file.

### **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
is_rgb	Tells if pixel values of the instance image are RGB-coded (true) or YUV-coded (false).

# Note

Each slice of the instance image is considered to be a single frame of the output video file.

8.1.4.517 const Clmg<T>& save\_yuv ( std::FILE \*const file, const bool is\_rgb = true ) const

Save image as a .yuv video file [overloading].

Same as save\_yuv(const char\*,bool) const with a file stream argument instead of a filename string.

8.1.4.518 const Clmg<T>& save\_off ( const ClmgList< tf > & primitives, const ClmgList< tc > & colors, const char \*const filename ) const

Save 3d object as an Object File Format (.off) file.

### **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
primitives	List of 3d object primitives.
colors	List of 3d object colors.

### Note

- Instance image contains the vertices data of the 3d object.
- Textured, transparent or sphere-shaped primitives cannot be managed by the .off file format. Such primitives will be lost or simplified during file saving.
- The .off file format is described here.

8.1.4.519 const Clmg<T>& save\_off ( const ClmgList< tf > & primitives, const ClmgList< tc > & colors, std::FILE \*const file ) const

Save 3d object as an Object File Format (.off) file [overloading].

Same as save\_off(const ClmgList<tf>&,const ClmgList<tc>&,const char\*) const with a file stream argument instead of a filename string.

8.1.4.520 const Clmg<T>& save\_ffmpeg\_external ( const char \*const *filename*, const char \*const *codec* = 0, const unsigned int *fps* = 25, const unsigned int *bitrate* = 2048 ) const

Save volumetric image as a video, using ffmpeg external binary.

#### **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
codec	Video codec, as a C-string.
fps	Video framerate.
bitrate	Video bitrate.

## Note

- Each slice of the instance image is considered to be a single frame of the output video file.
- This method uses ffmpeg, an external executable binary provided by FFmpeg. It must be installed for the method to succeed.

8.1.4.521 const CImg<T>& save\_gzip\_external ( const char \*const filename ) const

Save image using gzip external binary.

## Parameters

filename	Filename, as a C-string.

## Note

This method uses gzip, an external executable binary provided by gzip. It must be installed for the method to succeed.

8.1.4.522 const CImg<T>& save\_graphicsmagick\_external ( const char \*const filename, const unsigned int quality = 1 0 0 ) const

Save image using GraphicsMagick's external binary.

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
quality	Image quality (expressed in percent), when the file format supports it.

#### Note

This method uses gm, an external executable binary provided by GraphicsMagick. It must be installed for the method to succeed.

8.1.4.523 const Clmg < T > & save\_imagemagick\_external ( const char \*const filename, const unsigned int quality = 1 0 0 ) const

Save image using ImageMagick's external binary.

#### Parameters 4 6 1

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
quality	Image quality (expressed in percent), when the file format supports it.

#### Note

This method uses <code>convert</code>, an external executable binary provided by <code>ImageMagick</code>. It must be installed for the method to succeed.

8.1.4.524 const CImg<T>& save\_medcon\_external ( const char \*const filename ) const

Save image as a Dicom file.

### **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.

## Note

This method uses medcon, an external executable binary provided by (X) Medcon. It must be installed for the method to succeed.

8.1.4.525 const CImg<T>& save\_other ( const char \*const filename, const unsigned int quality = 100) const

### **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.
quality	Image quality (expressed in percent), when the file format supports it.

## Note

- The filename extension tells about the desired file format.
- This method tries to save the instance image as a file, using external tools from ImageMagick or GraphicsMagick. At least one of these tool must be installed for the method to succeed.
- It is recommended to use the generic method save(const char\*, int) const instead, as it can handle some file formats natively.

# 8.2 ClmgDisplay Struct Reference

Allow to create windows, display images on them and manage user events (keyboard, mouse and windows events).

## **Constructors / Destructor / Instance Management**

∼CImgDisplay ()

Destructor.

• ClmgDisplay ()

Construct an empty display.

• CImgDisplay (const unsigned int width, const unsigned int height, const char \*const title=0, const unsigned int normalization=3, const bool is\_fullscreen=false, const bool is\_closed=false)

Construct a display with specified dimensions.

• template<typename T >

ClmgDisplay (const Clmg< T > &img, const char \*const title=0, const unsigned int normalization=3, const bool is fullscreen=false, const bool is closed=false)

Construct a display from an image.

template<typename T >

ClmgDisplay (const ClmgList< T > &list, const char \*const title=0, const unsigned int normalization=3, const bool is fullscreen=false, const bool is closed=false)

Construct a display from an image list.

ClmgDisplay (const ClmgDisplay &disp)

Construct a display as a copy of an existing one.

• CImgDisplay & assign ()

Destructor - Empty constructor [in-place version].

• ClmgDisplay & assign (const unsigned int width, const unsigned int height, const char \*const title=0, const unsigned int normalization=3, const bool is\_fullscreen=false, const bool is\_closed=false)

Construct a display with specified dimensions [in-place version].

• template<typename T >

ClmgDisplay & assign (const Clmg< T > &img, const char \*const title=0, const unsigned int normalization=3, const bool is fullscreen=false, const bool is closed=false)

Construct a display from an image [in-place version].

template<typename T >

ClmgDisplay & assign (const ClmgList< T > &list, const char \*const title=0, const unsigned int normalization=3, const bool is\_fullscreen=false, const bool is\_closed=false)

Construct a display from an image list [in-place version].

• ClmgDisplay & assign (const ClmgDisplay &disp)

Construct a display as a copy of another one [in-place version].

static ClmgDisplay & empty ()

Return a reference to an empty display.

## **Overloaded Operators**

• template<typename t >

ClmgDisplay & operator= (const Clmg< t > &img)

Display image on associated window.

template<typename t >

CImgDisplay & operator= (const CImgList< t > &list)

Display list of images on associated window.

CImgDisplay & operator= (const CImgDisplay &disp)

Construct a display as a copy of another one [in-place version].

• operator bool () const

Return false if display is empty, true otherwise.

## **Instance Checking**

· bool is empty () const

Return true if display is empty, false otherwise.

bool is\_closed () const

Return true if display is closed (i.e. not visible on the screen), false otherwise.

bool is\_resized () const

Return true if associated window has been resized on the screen, false otherwise.

• bool is\_moved () const

Return true if associated window has been moved on the screen, false otherwise.

• bool is\_event () const

Return true if any event has occured on the associated window, false otherwise.

• bool is\_fullscreen () const

Return true if current display is in fullscreen mode, false otherwise.

bool is\_key () const

Return true if any key is being pressed on the associated window, false otherwise.

bool is\_key (const unsigned int keycode) const

Return true if key specified by given keycode is being pressed on the associated window, false otherwise.

· bool is key (const char \*const keycode) const

Return true if key specified by given keycode is being pressed on the associated window, false otherwise.

• bool is\_key\_sequence (const unsigned int \*const keycodes\_sequence, const unsigned int length, const bool remove\_sequence=false)

Return true if specified key sequence has been typed on the associated window, false otherwise.

• bool is keyESC () const

Return true if the ESC key is being pressed on the associated window, false otherwise.

- bool is\_keyF1 () const
- · bool is\_keyF2 () const
- · bool is keyF3 () const
- · bool is keyF4 () const
- bool is\_keyF5 () const
- bool is\_keyF6 () const
- · bool is keyF7 () const
- bool is\_keyF8 () const
- bool is\_keyF9 () const
- bool is\_keyF10 () const
- bool is\_keyF11 () const
- bool is\_keyF12 () const
- bool is\_keyPAUSE () const
- bool is\_key1 () const
- bool is key2 () const
- bool is\_key3 () const
- bool is\_key4 () const
- bool is\_key5 () const
- bool **is\_key6** () const
- bool is\_key7 () constbool is\_key8 () const
- 5001 **15\_R6y6** () 001101
- bool is\_key9 () const
- bool is\_key0 () const
- bool is\_keyBACKSPACE () const
- bool is\_keyINSERT () const
- bool is\_keyHOME () const
- bool is\_keyPAGEUP () const
- bool is\_keyTAB () const

- bool is\_keyQ () const
- bool is\_keyW () const
- bool is\_keyE () const
- bool is\_keyR () const
- bool is\_keyT () const
- bool is\_keyY () const
- bool is keyU () const
- bool is\_keyl () const
- bool is\_keyO () const
- · bool is keyP () const
- · bool is keyDELETE () const
- · bool is keyEND () const
- bool is\_keyPAGEDOWN () const
- bool is keyCAPSLOCK () const
- bool is\_keyA () const
- · bool is keyS () const
- bool is keyD () const
- bool is\_keyF () const
- bool is\_keyG () const
- bool is\_keyH () const
- bool is\_keyJ () const
- bool is\_keyK () const
- bool is keyL () const
- bool is\_keyENTER () const
- bool is\_keySHIFTLEFT () const
- bool is\_keyZ () const
- bool is\_keyX () const
- bool is\_keyC () const
- bool is\_keyV () const
- bool is\_keyB () const
- bool is\_keyN () const
- bool is keyM () const
- bool is\_keySHIFTRIGHT () const
- bool is\_keyARROWUP () const
- bool is\_keyCTRLLEFT () const
- bool is\_keyAPPLEFT () const
- bool is\_keyALT () const
- bool is\_keySPACE () const
- · bool is\_keyALTGR () const
- · bool is\_keyAPPRIGHT () const
- bool is keyMENU () const
- bool is\_keyCTRLRIGHT () const
- bool is\_keyARROWLEFT () const
- bool is\_keyARROWDOWN () const
- bool is\_keyARROWRIGHT () const
- bool is\_keyPAD0 () const
- bool is keyPAD1 () const
- bool is\_keyPAD2 () const
- bool is\_keyPAD3 () const
- bool is\_keyPAD4 () const
- · bool is keyPAD5 () const
- bool is\_keyPAD6 () const
- bool is keyPAD7 () const
- bool is keyPAD8 () const
- bool is\_keyPAD9 () const

- bool is\_keyPADADD () const
- bool is\_keyPADSUB () const
- bool is\_keyPADMUL () const
- bool is\_keyPADDIV () const

### **Instance Characteristics**

• int width () const

Return display width.

• int height () const

Return display height.

• unsigned int normalization () const

Return normalization type of the display.

• const char \* title () const

Return title of the associated window as a C-string.

• int window\_width () const

Return width of the associated window.

• int window\_height () const

Return height of the associated window.

• int window\_x () const

Return X-coordinate of the associated window.

• int window\_y () const

Return Y-coordinate of the associated window.

• int mouse\_x () const

Return X-coordinate of the mouse pointer.

• int mouse\_y () const

Return Y-coordinate of the mouse pointer.

· unsigned int button () const

Return current state of the mouse buttons.

• int wheel () const

Return current state of the mouse wheel.

• unsigned int key (const unsigned int pos=0) const

Return one entry from the pressed keys history.

• unsigned int released\_key (const unsigned int pos=0) const

Return one entry from the released keys history.

float frames\_per\_second ()

Return the current refresh rate, in frames per second.

• static int screen\_width ()

Return width of the screen (current resolution along the X-axis).

• static int screen\_height ()

Return height of the screen (current resolution along the Y-axis).

• static unsigned int keycode (const char \*const keycode)

Return keycode corresponding to the specified string.

## **Window Manipulation**

• template<typename T >

ClmgDisplay & display (const Clmg< T > &img)

Display image on associated window.

• template<typename T >

ClmgDisplay & display (const ClmgList< T > &list, const char axis='x', const float align=0)

Display list of images on associated window.

• CImgDisplay & show ()

Show (closed) associated window on the screen.

· CImgDisplay & close ()

Close (visible) associated window and make it disappear from the screen.

ClmgDisplay & move (const int pos x, const int pos y)

Move associated window to a new location.

ClmgDisplay & resize (const bool force\_redraw=true)

Resize display to the size of the associated window.

ClmgDisplay & resize (const int width, const int height, const bool force\_redraw=true)

Resize display to the specified size.

• template<typename T >

ClmgDisplay & resize (const Clmg< T > &img, const bool force\_redraw=true)

Resize display to the size of an input image.

ClmgDisplay & resize (const ClmgDisplay &disp, const bool force\_redraw=true)

Resize display to the size of another ClmgDisplay instance.

ClmgDisplay & set\_normalization (const unsigned int normalization)

Set normalization type.

ClmgDisplay & set\_title (const char \*const format,...)

Set title of the associated window.

• ClmgDisplay & set fullscreen (const bool is fullscreen, const bool force redraw=true)

Enable or disable fullscreen mode.

• ClmgDisplay & toggle\_fullscreen (const bool force\_redraw=true)

Toggle fullscreen mode.

• ClmgDisplay & show\_mouse ()

Show mouse pointer.

• ClmgDisplay & hide\_mouse ()

Hide mouse pointer.

ClmgDisplay & set mouse (const int pos x, const int pos y)

Move mouse pointer to a specified location.

• ClmgDisplay & set\_button ()

Simulate a mouse button release event.

ClmgDisplay & set\_button (const unsigned int button, const bool is\_pressed=true)

Simulate a mouse button press or release event.

CImgDisplay & set\_wheel ()

Flush all mouse wheel events.

ClmgDisplay & set\_wheel (const int amplitude)

Simulate a wheel event.

CImgDisplay & set\_key ()

Flush all key events.

ClmgDisplay & set\_key (const unsigned int keycode, const bool is\_pressed=true)

Simulate a keyboard press/release event.

· CImgDisplay & flush ()

Flush all display events.

· CImgDisplay & wait ()

Wait for any user event occuring on the current display.

ClmgDisplay & wait (const unsigned int milliseconds)

Wait for a given number of milliseconds since the last call to wait().

• template<typename T >

ClmgDisplay & render (const Clmg< T > &img)

Render image into internal display buffer.

· CImgDisplay & paint ()

Paint internal display buffer on associated window.

• template<typename T >

const ClmgDisplay & snapshot (Clmg< T > &img) const

Take a snapshot of the associated window content.

static void wait (ClmgDisplay &disp1)

Wait for any event occuring on the display disp1.

• static void wait (ClmgDisplay &disp1, ClmgDisplay &disp2)

Wait for any event occuring either on the display disp1 or disp2.

static void wait (ClmgDisplay &disp1, ClmgDisplay &disp2, ClmgDisplay &disp3)

Wait for any event occuring either on the display disp1, disp2 or disp3.

static void wait (ClmgDisplay &disp1, ClmgDisplay &disp2, ClmgDisplay &disp3, ClmgDisplay &disp4)

Wait for any event occurring either on the display disp1, disp2, disp3 or disp4.

static void wait (CImgDisplay &disp1, CImgDisplay &disp2, CImgDisplay &disp3, CImgDisplay &disp4, CImgDisplay &disp5)

Wait for any event occuring either on the display disp1, disp2, disp3, disp4 or disp5.

static void wait (ClmgDisplay &disp1, ClmgDisplay &disp2, ClmgDisplay &disp3, ClmgDisplay &disp4, ClmgDisplay &disp5, ClmgDisplay &disp6)

Wait for any event occuring either on the display disp1, disp2, disp3, disp4, ... disp6.

static void wait (ClmgDisplay &disp1, ClmgDisplay &disp2, ClmgDisplay &disp3, ClmgDisplay &disp4, ClmgDisplay &disp5, ClmgDisplay &disp6, ClmgDisplay &disp7)

Wait for any event occuring either on the display disp1, disp2, disp3, disp4, ... disp7.

static void wait (ClmgDisplay &disp1, ClmgDisplay &disp2, ClmgDisplay &disp3, ClmgDisplay &disp4, ClmgDisplay &disp5, ClmgDisplay &disp6, ClmgDisplay &disp7, ClmgDisplay &disp8)

Wait for any event occuring either on the display disp1, disp2, disp3, disp4, ... disp8.

static void wait (ClmgDisplay &disp1, ClmgDisplay &disp2, ClmgDisplay &disp3, ClmgDisplay &disp4, ClmgDisplay &disp5, ClmgDisplay &disp6, ClmgDisplay &disp7, ClmgDisplay &disp8, ClmgDisplay &disp9)

Wait for any event occuring either on the display disp1, disp2, disp3, disp4, ... disp9.

static void wait (CImgDisplay &disp1, CImgDisplay &disp2, CImgDisplay &disp3, CImgDisplay &disp4, C-ImgDisplay &disp5, CImgDisplay &disp6, CImgDisplay &disp7, CImgDisplay &disp8, CImgDisplay &disp9, CImgDisplay &disp10)

Wait for any event occurring either on the display disp1, disp2, disp3, disp4, ... disp10.

• static void wait all ()

Wait for any window event occuring in any opened ClmgDisplay.

### 8.2.1 Detailed Description

Allow to create windows, display images on them and manage user events (keyboard, mouse and windows events).

CImgDisplay methods rely on a low-level graphic library to perform: it can be either **X-Window** (X11, for Unix-based systems) or **GDI32** (for Windows-based systems). If both libraries are missing, CImgDisplay will not be able to display images on screen, and will enter a minimal mode where warning messages will be outputed each time the program is trying to call one of the CImgDisplay method.

The configuration variable <code>cimg\_display</code> tells about the graphic library used. It is set automatically by <code>CImg</code> when one of these graphic libraries has been detected. But, you can override its value if necessary. Valid choices are:

- · 0: Disable display capabilities.
- 1: Use X-Window (X11) library.
- · 2: Use GDI32 library.

Remember to link your program against **X11** or **GDI32** libraries if you use ClmgDisplay.

### 8.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
8.2.2.1 \simClmgDisplay()
```

Destructor.

Note

If the associated window is visible on the screen, it is closed by the call to the destructor.

```
8.2.2.2 ClmgDisplay()
```

Construct an empty display.

Note

Constructing an empty ClmgDisplay instance does not make a window appearing on the screen, until display of valid data is performed.

## Example

```
CImgDisplay disp; // Does actually nothing.
...
disp.display(img); // Construct new window and display image in it.
```

8.2.2.3 CImgDisplay ( const unsigned int *width*, const unsigned int *height*, const char \*const *title* = 0, const unsigned int *normalization* = 3, const bool *is\_fullscreen* = false, const bool *is\_closed* = false)

Construct a display with specified dimensions.

## Parameters

width	Window width.
height	Window height.
title	Window title.
normalization	Normalization type (0=none, 1=always, 2=once, 3=pixel type-dependent, see normaliza-
	tion()).
is_fullscreen	Tells if fullscreen mode is enabled.
is_closed	Tells if associated window is initially visible or not.

Note

A black background is initially displayed on the associated window.

8.2.2.4 ClmgDisplay (const Clmg < T > & img, const char \*const title = 0, const unsigned int normalization = 3, const bool is\_fullscreen = false, const bool is\_closed = false) [explicit]

Construct a display from an image.

img	Image used as a model to create the window.
title	Window title.
normalization	Normalization type (0=none, 1=always, 2=once, 3=pixel type-dependent, see normaliza-
	tion()).
is_fullscreen	Tells if fullscreen mode is enabled.
is_closed	Tells if associated window is initially visible or not.

## Note

The pixels of the input image are initially displayed on the associated window.

8.2.2.5 ClmgDisplay ( const ClmgList < T > & list, const char \*const title = 0, const unsigned int normalization = 3, const bool is\_fullscreen = false, const bool is\_closed = false) [explicit]

Construct a display from an image list.

#### **Parameters**

list	The images list to display.
title	Window title.
normalization	Normalization type (0=none, 1=always, 2=once, 3=pixel type-dependent, see normaliza-
	tion()).
is_fullscreen	Tells if fullscreen mode is enabled.
is_closed	Tells if associated window is initially visible or not.

## Note

All images of the list, appended along the X-axis, are initially displayed on the associated window.

# 8.2.2.6 ClmgDisplay ( const ClmgDisplay & disp )

Construct a display as a copy of an existing one.

## **Parameters**

disp	Display instance to copy.

## Note

The pixel buffer of the input window is initially displayed on the associated window.

## 8.2.3 Member Function Documentation

# 8.2.3.1 ClmgDisplay& assign ( )

Destructor - Empty constructor [in-place version].

### Note

Replace the current instance by an empty display.

```
8.2.3.2 static ClmgDisplay& empty() [static]
```

Return a reference to an empty display.

Note

Can be useful for writing function prototypes where one of the argument (of type ClmgDisplay&) must have a default value.

### Example

```
void foo(CImgDisplay& disp=CImgDisplay::empty());
```

## 8.2.3.3 ClmgDisplay& operator= ( const Clmg< t> & img )

Display image on associated window.

Note

```
disp = img is equivalent to disp.display(img).
```

## 8.2.3.4 ClmgDisplay& operator= ( const ClmgList< t > & list )

Display list of images on associated window.

Note

```
disp = list is equivalent to disp.display(list).
```

## 8.2.3.5 ClmgDisplay& operator= ( const ClmgDisplay & disp )

Construct a display as a copy of another one [in-place version].

Note

Equivalent to assign(const ClmgDisplay&).

```
8.2.3.6 operator bool ( ) const
```

Return false if display is empty, true otherwise.

Note

```
if (disp) { ... } is equivalent to if (!disp.is_empty()) { ... }.
```

## 8.2.3.7 bool is\_closed ( ) const

Return true if display is closed (i.e. not visible on the screen), false otherwise.

Note

- When a user physically closes the associated window, the display is set to closed.
- · A closed display is not destroyed. Its associated window can be show again on the screen using show().

### 8.2.3.8 bool is\_key ( ) const

Return true if any key is being pressed on the associated window, false otherwise.

Note

The methods below do the same only for specific keys.

## 8.2.3.9 bool is\_key ( const unsigned int keycode ) const

Return true if key specified by given keycode is being pressed on the associated window, false otherwise.

### **Parameters**

```
keycode Keycode to test.
```

Note

Keycode constants are defined in the cimg namespace and are architecture-dependent. Use them to ensure your code stay portable (see cimg::keyESC).

## Example

```
CImgDisplay disp(400,400);
while (!disp.is_closed()) {
  if (disp.key(cimg::keyTAB)) { ... } // Equivalent to 'if (disp.is_keyTAB())'.
  disp.wait();
}
```

## 8.2.3.10 bool is\_key ( const char \*const keycode ) const

Return true if key specified by given keycode is being pressed on the associated window, false otherwise.

### **Parameters**

```
keycode C-string containing the keycode label of the key to test.
```

Note

Use it when the key you want to test can be dynamically set by the user.

## Example

```
CImgDisplay disp(400,400);
const char *const keycode = "TAB";
while (!disp.is_closed()) {
   if (disp.is_key(keycode)) { ... } // Equivalent to 'if (disp.is_keyTAB())'.
   disp.wait();
}
```

8.2.3.11 bool is\_key\_sequence ( const unsigned int \*const keycodes\_sequence, const unsigned int length, const bool remove\_sequence = false )

Return true if specified key sequence has been typed on the associated window, false otherwise.

### **Parameters**

ſ	keycodes	Buffer of keycodes to test.
	sequence	
	length	Number of keys in the keycodes_sequence buffer.
	remove	Tells if the key sequence must be removed from the key history, if found.
	sequence	

#### Note

Keycode constants are defined in the cimg namespace and are architecture-dependent. Use them to ensure your code stay portable (see cimg::keyESC).

## Example

```
CImgDisplay disp(400,400);
const unsigned int key_seq[] = { cimg::keyCTRLLEFT, cimg::keyD };
while (!disp.is_closed()) {
   if (disp.is_key_sequence(key_seq,2)) { ... } // Test for the 'CTRL+D' keyboard event.
   disp.wait();
}
```

## 8.2.3.12 bool is\_keyESC ( ) const

Return true if the ESC key is being pressed on the associated window, false otherwise.

Note

Similar methods exist for all keys managed by CImg (see cimg::keyESC).

```
8.2.3.13 int width ( ) const
```

Return display width.

Note

The width of the display (i.e. the width of the pixel data buffer associated to the ClmgDisplay instance) may be different from the actual width of the associated window.

```
8.2.3.14 int height ( ) const
```

Return display height.

Note

The height of the display (i.e. the height of the pixel data buffer associated to the ClmgDisplay instance) may be different from the actual height of the associated window.

8.2.3.15 unsigned int normalization ( ) const

Return normalization type of the display.

The normalization type tells about how the values of an input image are normalized by the CImgDisplay to be correctly displayed. The range of values for pixels displayed on screen is [0,255]. If the range of values of the data to display is different, a normalization may be required for displaying the data in a correct way. The normalization type can be one of:

- 0: Value normalization is disabled. It is then assumed that all input data to be displayed by the ClmgDisplay instance have values in range [0, 255].
- 1: Value normalization is always performed (this is the default behavior). Before displaying an input image, its values will be (virtually) stretched in range [0,255], so that the contrast of the displayed pixels will be maximum. Use this mode for images whose minimum and maximum values are not prescribed to known values (e.g. float-valued images). Note that when normalized versions of images are computed for display purposes, the actual values of these images are not modified.
- 2: Value normalization is performed once (on the first image display), then the same normalization coefficients are kept for next displayed frames.
- 3: Value normalization depends on the pixel type of the data to display. For integer pixel types, the normalization is done regarding the minimum/maximum values of the type (no normalization occurs then for unsigned char). For float-valued pixel types, the normalization is done regarding the minimum/maximum value of the image data instead.

```
8.2.3.16 const char* title ( ) const
```

Return title of the associated window as a C-string.

Note

Window title may be not visible, depending on the used window manager or if the current display is in fullscreen mode.

```
8.2.3.17 int window_width ( ) const
```

Return width of the associated window.

Note

The width of the display (i.e. the width of the pixel data buffer associated to the ClmgDisplay instance) may be different from the actual width of the associated window.

```
8.2.3.18 int window_height ( ) const
```

Return height of the associated window.

Note

The height of the display (i.e. the height of the pixel data buffer associated to the CImgDisplay instance) may be different from the actual height of the associated window.

```
8.2.3.19 int window_x ( ) const
```

Return X-coordinate of the associated window.

Note

The returned coordinate corresponds to the location of the upper-left corner of the associated window.

```
8.2.3.20 int window_y ( ) const
```

Return Y-coordinate of the associated window.

Note

The returned coordinate corresponds to the location of the upper-left corner of the associated window.

```
8.2.3.21 int mouse_x ( ) const
```

Return X-coordinate of the mouse pointer.

Note

- If the mouse pointer is outside window area, -1 is returned.
- Otherwise, the returned value is in the range [0,width()-1].

```
8.2.3.22 int mouse_y ( ) const
```

Return Y-coordinate of the mouse pointer.

Note

- If the mouse pointer is outside window area, −1 is returned.
- Otherwise, the returned value is in the range [0,height()-1].

```
8.2.3.23 unsigned int button ( ) const
```

Return current state of the mouse buttons.

Note

Three mouse buttons can be managed. If one button is pressed, its corresponding bit in the returned value is set:

- bit 0 (value 0x1): State of the left mouse button.
- bit 1 (value 0x2): State of the right mouse button.
- bit 2 (value 0x4): State of the middle mouse button.

Several bits can be activated if more than one button are pressed at the same time.

### Example

```
CImgDisplay disp(400,400);
while (!disp.is_closed()) {
  if (disp.button()&1) { // Left button clicked.
    ...
  }
  if (disp.button()&2) { // Right button clicked.
    ...
  }
  if (disp.button()&4) { // Middle button clicked.
    ...
  }
  disp.wait();
}
```

```
8.2.3.24 int wheel ( ) const
```

Return current state of the mouse wheel.

Note

- The returned value can be positive or negative depending on whether the mouse wheel has been scrolled forward or backward.
- Scrolling the wheel forward add 1 to the wheel value.
- Scrolling the wheel backward substract 1 to the wheel value.
- The returned value cumulates the number of forward of backward scrolls since the creation of the display, or since the last reset of the wheel value (using set\_wheel()). It is strongly recommended to quickly reset the wheel counter when an action has been performed regarding the current wheel value. Otherwise, the returned wheel value may be for instance 0 despite the fact that many scrolls have been done (as many in forward as in backward directions).

### Example

8.2.3.25 unsigned int key ( const unsigned int pos = 0 ) const

Return one entry from the pressed keys history.

**Parameters** 

pos Indice to read from the pressed keys history (indice 0 corresponds to latest entry).

### Returns

Keycode of a pressed key or 0 for a released key.

Note

- Each CImgDisplay stores a history of the pressed keys in a buffer of size 128. When a new key is pressed, its keycode is stored in the pressed keys history. When a key is released, 0 is put instead. This means that up to the 64 last pressed keys may be read from the pressed keys history. When a new value is stored, the pressed keys history is shifted so that the latest entry is always stored at position 0.
- Keycode constants are defined in the cimg namespace and are architecture-dependent. Use them to ensure your code stay portable (see <a href="cimg::keyESC">cimg::keyESC</a>).

8.2.3.26 unsigned int released\_key ( const unsigned int pos = 0 ) const

Return one entry from the released keys history.

**Parameters** 

pos Indice to read from the released keys history (indice 0 corresponds to latest entry).

#### Returns

Keycode of a released key or 0 for a pressed key.

#### Note

- Each CImgDisplay stores a history of the released keys in a buffer of size 128. When a new key is released, its keycode is stored in the pressed keys history. When a key is pressed, 0 is put instead. This means that up to the 64 last released keys may be read from the released keys history. When a new value is stored, the released keys history is shifted so that the latest entry is always stored at position 0.
- Keycode constants are defined in the cimg namespace and are architecture-dependent. Use them to ensure your code stay portable (see <a href="mailto:cimg::keyESC">cimg::keyESC</a>).

```
8.2.3.27 static unsigned int keycode ( const char *const keycode ) [static]
```

Return keycode corresponding to the specified string.

Note

Keycode constants are defined in the cimg namespace and are architecture-dependent. Use them to ensure your code stay portable (see cimg::keyESC).

### Example

```
const unsigned int keyTAB = CImgDisplay::keycode("TAB"); // Return cimg::keyTAB.
```

# 8.2.3.28 float frames\_per\_second ( )

Return the current refresh rate, in frames per second.

Note

Returns a significant value when the current instance is used to display successive frames. It measures the delay between successive calls to frames\_per\_second().

8.2.3.29 ClmgDisplay& display ( const Clmg< T> & img )

Display image on associated window.

**Parameters** 

img Input image to display.
-----------------------------

Note

This method returns immediately.

8.2.3.30 CImgDisplay& display (const CImgList< T> & list, const char axis = ' $\times$ ', const float align = 0)

Display list of images on associated window.

#### **Parameters**

list	List of images to display.
axis	Axis used to append the images along, for the visualization (can be x, y, z or c).
align	Relative position of aligned images when displaying lists with images of different sizes (0 for
	upper-left, 0.5 for centering and 1 for lower-right).

#### Note

This method returns immediately.

## 8.2.3.31 ClmgDisplay& show ( )

Show (closed) associated window on the screen.

#### Note

- · Force the associated window of a display to be visible on the screen, even if it has been closed before.
- Using show() on a visible display does nothing.

## 8.2.3.32 ClmgDisplay& close ( )

Close (visible) associated window and make it disappear from the screen.

### Note

- A closed display only means the associated window is not visible anymore. This does not mean the display has been destroyed. Use show() to make the associated window reappear.
- Using close() on a closed display does nothing.

# 8.2.3.33 ClmgDisplay& move ( const int pos\_x, const int pos\_y )

Move associated window to a new location.

### **Parameters**

pos_x	X-coordinate of the new window location.
pos_y	Y-coordinate of the new window location.

## Note

Depending on the window manager behavior, this method may not succeed (no exceptions are thrown nevertheless).

## 8.2.3.34 ClmgDisplay& resize ( const bool force\_redraw = true )

Resize display to the size of the associated window.

# **Parameters**

force_redraw	Tells if the previous window content must be updated and refreshed as well.
iorec rearaw	i the previous window content must be apacted and remested as well.

#### Note

- Calling this method ensures that width() and window\_width() become equal, as well as height() and window\_height().
- · The associated window is also resized to specified dimensions.

### 8.2.3.35 ClmgDisplay& resize ( const int width, const int height, const bool force\_redraw = true )

Resize display to the specified size.

### **Parameters**

width	Requested display width.
height	Requested display height.
force_redraw	Tells if the previous window content must be updated and refreshed as well.

#### Note

The associated window is also resized to specified dimensions.

## 8.2.3.36 ClmgDisplay& resize ( const Clmg < T > & img, const bool force\_redraw = true )

Resize display to the size of an input image.

### **Parameters**

img	Input image to take size from.
force_redraw	Tells if the previous window content must be resized and updated as well.

### Note

- Calling this method ensures that width() and img.width() become equal, as well as height() and img.height().
- The associated window is also resized to specified dimensions.

# 8.2.3.37 ClmgDisplay& resize ( const ClmgDisplay & disp, const bool force\_redraw = true )

Resize display to the size of another ClmgDisplay instance.

## **Parameters**

disp	Input display to take size from.
force_redraw	Tells if the previous window content must be resized and updated as well.

### Note

- Calling this method ensures that width() and disp.width() become equal, as well as height() and disp.height().
- · The associated window is also resized to specified dimensions.

## 8.2.3.38 ClmgDisplay& set\_normalization ( const unsigned int normalization )

Set normalization type.

#### **Parameters**

normalization	New normalization mode.
---------------	-------------------------

## 8.2.3.39 ClmgDisplay& set\_title ( const char \*const format, ... )

Set title of the associated window.

#### **Parameters**

format	C-string containing the format of the title, as with std::printf().

#### Warning

As the first argument is a format string, it is highly recommended to write

```
disp.set_title("%s",window_title);
instead of
```

disp.set\_title(window\_title);

if window\_title can be arbitrary, to prevent nasty memory access.

### 8.2.3.40 ClmgDisplay& set\_fullscreen ( const bool is\_fullscreen, const bool force\_redraw = true )

Enable or disable fullscreen mode.

#### **Parameters**

is_fullscreen	Tells is the fullscreen mode must be activated or not.
force_redraw	Tells if the previous window content must be displayed as well.

### Note

- When the fullscreen mode is enabled, the associated window fills the entire screen but the size of the current display is not modified.
- The screen resolution may be switched to fit the associated window size and ensure it appears the
  largest as possible. For X-Window (X11) users, the configuration flag cimg\_use\_xrandr has to be
  set to allow the screen resolution change (requires the X11 extensions to be enabled).

### 8.2.3.41 ClmgDisplay& toggle\_fullscreen ( const bool force\_redraw = true )

Toggle fullscreen mode.

## **Parameters**

force_redraw	Tells if the previous window content must be displayed as well.

## Note

Enable fullscreen mode if it was not enabled, and disable it otherwise.

## 8.2.3.42 CImgDisplay& show\_mouse ( )

Show mouse pointer.

### Note

Depending on the window manager behavior, this method may not succeed (no exceptions are thrown nevertheless).

### 8.2.3.43 ClmgDisplay& hide\_mouse ( )

Hide mouse pointer.

Note

Depending on the window manager behavior, this method may not succeed (no exceptions are thrown nevertheless).

8.2.3.44 ClmgDisplay& set\_mouse ( const int pos\_x, const int pos\_y )

Move mouse pointer to a specified location.

Note

Depending on the window manager behavior, this method may not succeed (no exceptions are thrown nevertheless).

### 8.2.3.45 ClmgDisplay& set\_button()

Simulate a mouse button release event.

Note

All mouse buttons are considered released at the same time.

8.2.3.46 ClmgDisplay& set\_button ( const unsigned int button, const bool is\_pressed = true )

Simulate a mouse button press or release event.

**Parameters** 

button	Buttons event code, where each button is associated to a single bit.
is_pressed	Tells if the mouse button is considered as pressed or released.

## 8.2.3.47 ClmgDisplay& set\_wheel ( )

Flush all mouse wheel events.

Note

Make wheel() to return 0, if called afterwards.

8.2.3.48 CImgDisplay& set\_wheel ( const int amplitude )

Simulate a wheel event.

**Parameters** 

amplitude	Amplitude of the wheel scrolling to simulate.

Note

Make wheel() to return amplitude, if called afterwards.

8.2.3.49 ClmgDisplay& set\_key()

Flush all key events.

Note

Make key() to return 0, if called afterwards.

8.2.3.50 ClmgDisplay& set\_key ( const unsigned int keycode, const bool is\_pressed = true )

Simulate a keyboard press/release event.

#### **Parameters**

keycode	Keycode of the associated key.
is_pressed	Tells if the key is considered as pressed or released.

#### Note

Keycode constants are defined in the cimg namespace and are architecture-dependent. Use them to ensure your code stay portable (see cimg::keyESC).

8.2.3.51 ClmgDisplay& flush ( )

Flush all display events.

Note

Remove all passed events from the current display.

8.2.3.52 CImgDisplay& wait ( const unsigned int milliseconds )

Wait for a given number of milliseconds since the last call to wait().

**Parameters** 

milliseconds	Number of milliseconds to wait for.
--------------	-------------------------------------

Note

Similar to cimg::wait().

8.2.3.53 ClmgDisplay& render ( const Clmg< T> & img )

Render image into internal display buffer.

**Parameters** 

img	Input image data to render.

### Note

- · Convert image data representation into the internal display buffer (architecture-dependent structure).
- The content of the associated window is not modified, until paint() is called.
- Should not be used for common ClmgDisplay uses, since display() is more useful.

### 8.2.3.54 ClmgDisplay& paint ( )

Paint internal display buffer on associated window.

Note

- · Update the content of the associated window with the internal display buffer, e.g. after a render() call.
- Should not be used for common ClmgDisplay uses, since display() is more useful.

### 8.2.3.55 const ClmgDisplay& snapshot ( Clmg< T> & img ) const

Take a snapshot of the associated window content.

#### **Parameters**

out	img	Output snapshot. Can be empty on input.

# 8.3 ClmgException Struct Reference

Instances of CImgException are thrown when errors are encountered in a CImg function call.

Inherits exception.

Inherited by CImgArgumentException, CImgDisplayException, CImgInstanceException, CImgIOException, and C-ImgWarningException.

## **Public Member Functions**

const char \* what () const throw ()

Return a C-string containing the error message associated to the thrown exception.

## 8.3.1 Detailed Description

Instances of CImgException are thrown when errors are encountered in a CImg function call.

Overview

ClmgException is the base class of all exceptions thrown by CImg. ClmgException is never thrown itself. Derived classes that specify the type of errord are thrown instead. These derived classes can be:

• ClmgArgumentException: Thrown when one argument of a called CImg function is invalid. This is probably one of the most thrown exception by CImg. For instance, the following example throws a CImgArgument-Exception:

```
CImg<float> img(100,100,1,3); // Define a 100x100 color image with float-valued pixels. img.mirror('e'); // Try to mirror image along the (non-existing) 'e'-axis.
```

- ClmgDisplayException: Thrown when something went wrong during the display of images in ClmgDisplay instances.
- CImgInstanceException: Thrown when an instance associated to a called CImg method does not fit the function requirements. For instance, the following example throws a CImgInstanceException:

• CImglOException: Thrown when an error occured when trying to load or save image files. This happens when trying to read files that do not exist or with invalid formats. For instance, the following example throws a CImglOException:

```
const CImg<float> img("missing_file.jpg"); // Try to load a file that does not exist.
```

• ClmgWarningException: Thrown only if configuration macro cimg\_strict\_warnings is set, and when a CImg function has to display a warning message (see cimg::warn()).

It is not recommended to throw CImgException instances by yourself, since they are expected to be thrown only by CImg. When an error occurs in a library function call, CImg may display error messages on the screen or on the standard output, depending on the current CImg exception mode. The CImg exception mode can be get and set by functions cimg::exception\_mode() and cimg::exception\_mode(unsigned int).

**Exceptions handling** 

In all cases, when an error occurs in CImg, an instance of the corresponding exception class is thrown. This may lead the program to break (this is the default behavior), but you can bypass this behavior by handling the exceptions by yourself, using a usual try { ... } catch () { ... } bloc, as in the following example:

# 8.4 ClmgList < T > Struct Template Reference

Represent a list of images Clmg<T>.

### **Public Types**

- typedef Clmg< T > \* iterator
  - Simple iterator type, to loop through each image of a list.
- typedef const Clmg< T > \* const\_iterator
  - Simple const iterator type, to loop through each image of a const list instance.
- typedef T value\_type

Pixel value type.

## Constructors / Destructor / Instance Management

- ∼CImgList ()
  - Destructor.
- ClmgList ()

Default constructor.

• ClmgList (const unsigned int n)

Construct list containing empty images.

• ClmgList (const unsigned int n, const unsigned int width, const unsigned int height=1, const unsigned int depth=1, const unsigned int spectrum=1)

Construct list containing images of specified size.

• ClmgList (const unsigned int n, const unsigned int width, const unsigned int height, const unsigned int depth, const unsigned int spectrum, const T val)

Construct list containing images of specified size, and initialize pixel values.

• ClmgList (const unsigned int n, const unsigned int width, const unsigned int height, const unsigned int depth, const unsigned int spectrum, const int val0, const int val1,...)

Construct list containing images of specified size, and initialize pixel values from a sequence of integers.

• ClmgList (const unsigned int n, const unsigned int width, const unsigned int height, const unsigned int depth, const unsigned int spectrum, const double val0, const double val1,...)

Construct list containing images of specified size, and initialize pixel values from a sequence of doubles.

template<typename t >

ClmgList (const unsigned int n, const Clmg< t > &img, const bool is\_shared=false)

Construct list containing copies of an input image.

template<typename t >

ClmgList (const Clmg< t > &img, const bool is shared=false)

Construct list from one image.

• template<typename t1 , typename t2 >

ClmgList (const Clmg< t1 > &img1, const Clmg< t2 > &img2, const bool is\_shared=false)

Construct list from two images.

template<typename t1 , typename t2 , typename t3 >

ClmgList (const Clmg< t1 > &img1, const Clmg< t2 > &img2, const Clmg< t3 > &img3, const bool is\_shared=false)

Construct list from three images.

• template<typename t1 , typename t2 , typename t3 , typename t4 >

ClmgList (const Clmg< t1 > &img1, const Clmg< t2 > &img2, const Clmg< t3 > &img3, const Clmg< t4 > &img4, const bool is\_shared=false)

Construct list from four images.

• template<typename t1, typename t2, typename t3, typename t4, typename t5>

```
ClmgList (const Clmg< t1 > &img1, const Clmg< t2 > &img2, const Clmg< t3 > &img3, const Clmg< t4 > &img4, const Clmg< t5 > &img5, const bool is_shared=false)
```

Construct list from five images.

• template<typename t1 , typename t2 , typename t3 , typename t4 , typename t5 , typename t6 >

```
 \begin{array}{l} \textbf{ClmgList} \ (\text{const Clmg} < \text{t1} > \&\text{img1}, \ \text{const Clmg} < \text{t2} > \&\text{img2}, \ \text{const Clmg} < \text{t3} > \&\text{img3}, \ \text{const Clmg} < \text{t4} \\ > \&\text{img4}, \ \text{const Clmg} < \text{t5} > \&\text{img5}, \ \text{const Clmg} < \text{t6} > \&\text{img6}, \ \text{const bool is\_shared=false)} \\ \end{array}
```

Construct list from six images.

template<typename t1, typename t2, typename t3, typename t4, typename t5, typename t6, typename t7>
 ClmgList (const Clmg< t1 > &img1, const Clmg< t2 > &img2, const Clmg< t3 > &img3, const Clmg
 t4 > &img4, const Clmg< t5 > &img5, const Clmg< t6 > &img6, const Clmg< t7 > &img7, const bool is shared=false)

Construct list from seven images.

```
    template<typename t1 , typename t2 , typename t3 , typename t4 , typename t5 , typename t6 , typename t7 , typename t8 > CImgList (const CImg< t1 > &img1, const CImg< t2 > &img2, const CImg< t3 > &img3, const CImg< t4 > &img4, const CImg< t5 > &img5, const CImg< t6 > &img6, const CImg< t7 > &img7, const CImg< t8 > &img8, const bool is_shared=false)
```

Construct list from eight images.

template<typename t >

ClmgList (const ClmgList< t > &list)

Construct list copy.

ClmgList (const ClmgList< T > &list)

Construct list copy [specialization].

• template<typename t >

ClmgList (const ClmgList< t > &list, const bool is\_shared)

Construct list copy, and force the shared state of the list elements.

• ClmgList (const char \*const filename)

Construct list by reading the content of a file.

ClmgList (const ClmgDisplay &disp)

Construct list from the content of a display window.

ClmgList< T > get\_shared ()

Return a list with elements being shared copies of images in the list instance.

const ClmgList< T > get\_shared () const

Return a list with elements being shared copies of images in the list instance [const version].

ClmgList< T > & assign ()

Destructor [in-place version].

ClmgList< T > & clear ()

Destructor [in-place version].

ClmgList< T > & assign (const unsigned int n)

Construct list containing empty images [in-place version].

 ClmgList< T > & assign (const unsigned int n, const unsigned int width, const unsigned int height=1, const unsigned int depth=1, const unsigned int spectrum=1)

Construct list containing images of specified size [in-place version].

 ClmgList< T > & assign (const unsigned int n, const unsigned int width, const unsigned int height, const unsigned int depth, const unsigned int spectrum, const T val)

Construct list containing images of specified size, and initialize pixel values [in-place version].

• ClmgList< T > & assign (const unsigned int n, const unsigned int width, const unsigned int height, const unsigned int depth, const unsigned int spectrum, const int val0, const int val1,...)

Construct list containing images of specified size, and initialize pixel values from a sequence of integers [in-place version].

 ClmgList< T > & assign (const unsigned int n, const unsigned int width, const unsigned int height, const unsigned int depth, const unsigned int spectrum, const double val0, const double val1,...)

Construct list containing images of specified size, and initialize pixel values from a sequence of doubles [in-place version].

template<typename t >

CImgList < T > & assign (const unsigned int n, const <math>CImg < t > &img, const bool is shared=false)

Construct list containing copies of an input image [in-place version].

 $\bullet \ \ template {<} typename\ t>$ 

ClmgList< T > & assign (const Clmg< t > &img, const bool is\_shared=false)

Construct list from one image [in-place version].

• template<typename t1 , typename t2 >

ClmgList< T > & assign (const Clmg< t1 > &img1, const Clmg< t2 > &img2, const bool is\_shared=false)

Construct list from two images [in-place version].

- template<typename t1 , typename t2 , typename t3 >

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{CImgList} < T > \& \ assign \ (const \ \textbf{CImg} < t1 > \&img1, \ const \ \textbf{CImg} < t2 > \&img2, \ const \ \textbf{CImg} < t3 > \&img3, \ const \ bool \ is \ shared=false) \end{array}$ 

Construct list from three images [in-place version].

- template<typename t1 , typename t2 , typename t3 , typename t4 >

ClmgList< T > & assign (const Clmg< t1 > &img1, const Clmg< t2 > &img2, const Clmg< t3 > &img3, const Clmg< t4 > &img4, const bool is\_shared=false)

Construct list from four images [in-place version].

template<typename t1, typename t2, typename t3, typename t4, typename t5 >
 ClmgList< T > & assign (const Clmg< t1 > &img1, const Clmg< t2 > &img2, const Clmg< t3 > &img3, const Clmg< t4 > &img4, const Clmg< t5 > &img5, const bool is shared=false)

Construct list from five images [in-place version].

• template<typename t1 , typename t2 , typename t3 , typename t4 , typename t5 , typename t6 >  $\begin{array}{l} \text{CImgList} < \text{T} > \text{\& assign (const CImg} < \text{t1} > \text{\&img1, const CImg} < \text{t2} > \text{\&img2, const CImg} < \text{t3} > \text{\&img3, const CImg} < \text{t4} > \text{\&img4, const CImg} < \text{t5} > \text{\&img5, const CImg} < \text{t6} > \text{\&img6, const bool is\_shared=false)} \end{array}$ 

Construct list from six images [in-place version].

template<typename t1 , typename t2 , typename t3 , typename t4 , typename t5 , typename t6 , typename t7 >
 CImgList< T > & assign (const CImg< t1 > &img1, const CImg< t2 > &img2, const CImg< t3 > &img3, const CImg< t4 > &img4, const CImg< t5 > &img5, const CImg< t6 > &img6, const CImg< t7 > &img7, const bool is\_shared=false)

Construct list from seven images [in-place version].

• template<typename t1 , typename t2 , typename t3 , typename t4 , typename t5 , typename t6 , typename t7 , typename t8 >  $\begin{array}{l} \text{CImgList} < \text{T} > \text{\& assign (const CImg} < \text{t1} > \text{\&img1, const CImg} < \text{t2} > \text{\&img2, const CImg} < \text{t3} > \text{\&img3, const CImg} < \text{t4} > \text{\&img4, const CImg} < \text{t5} > \text{\&img5, const CImg} < \text{t6} > \text{\&img6, const CImg} < \text{t7} > \text{\&img7, const CImg} < \text{t8} > \text{\&img8, const bool is\_shared=false)} \\ \end{array}$ 

Construct list from eight images [in-place version].

template<typename t >

ClmgList< T > & assign (const ClmgList< t > &list, const bool is\_shared=false)

Construct list as a copy of an existing list and force the shared state of the list elements [in-place version].

ClmgList< T > & assign (const ClmgList< T > &list, const bool is\_shared=false)

Construct list as a copy of an existing list and force the shared state of the list elements [in-place version] [specialization].

ClmgList< T > & assign (const char \*const filename)

Construct list by reading the content of a file [in-place version].

ClmgList< T > & assign (const ClmgDisplay &disp)

Construct list from the content of a display window [in-place version].

• template<typename t >

```
ClmgList< t > & move to (ClmgList< t > &list)
```

Transfer the content of the list instance to another list.

template<typename t >

```
ClmgList< t > & move_to (ClmgList< t > &list, const unsigned int pos)
```

Transfer the content of the list instance at a specified position in another list.

ClmgList< T > & swap (ClmgList< T > &list)

Swap all fields between two list instances.

static ClmgList< T > & empty ()

Return a reference to an empty list.

### **Overloaded Operators**

• Clmg< T > & operator() (const unsigned int pos)

Return a reference to one image element of the list.

const Clmg< T > & operator() (const unsigned int pos) const

Return a reference to one image of the list.

 T & operator() (const unsigned int pos, const unsigned int x, const unsigned int y=0, const unsigned int z=0, const unsigned int c=0)

Return a reference to one pixel value of one image of the list.

const T & operator() (const unsigned int pos, const unsigned int x, const unsigned int y=0, const unsigned int z=0, const unsigned int c=0) const

Return a reference to one pixel value of one image of the list [const version].

operator CImg< T > \* ()

Return pointer to the first image of the list.

• operator const CImg< T> \* () const

Return pointer to the first image of the list [const version].

template<typename t >

```
ClmgList< T > & operator= (const Clmg< t > &img)
```

Construct list from one image [in-place version].

• template<typename t >

ClmgList< T > & operator= (const ClmgList< t > &list)

Construct list from another list.

ClmgList< T > & operator= (const ClmgList< T > &list)

Construct list from another list [specialization].

CImgList< T > & operator= (const char \*const filename)

Construct list by reading the content of a file [in-place version].

ClmgList< T > & operator= (const ClmgDisplay &disp)

Construct list from the content of a display window [in-place version].

ClmgList< T > operator+ () const

Return a non-shared copy of a list.

• template<typename t >

```
ClmgList< T > & operator, (const Clmg< t > &img)
```

Return a copy of the list instance, where image img has been inserted at the end.

• template<typename t

```
ClmgList< T > operator, (const Clmg< t > &img) const
```

Return a copy of the list instance, where image img has been inserted at the end [const version].

template<typename t >

```
ClmgList< T > & operator, (const ClmgList< t > &list)
```

Return a copy of the list instance, where all elements of input list list have been inserted at the end.

template<typename t >

```
ClmgList< T > & operator, (const ClmgList< t > &list) const
```

Return a copy of the list instance, where all elements of input list list have been inserted at the end [const version].

Clmg< T > operator> (const char axis) const

Return image corresponding to the appending of all images of the instance list along specified axis.

ClmgList< T > operator< (const char axis) const</li>

Return list corresponding to the splitting of all images of the instance list along specified axis.

## **Instance Characteristics**

• int width () const

Return the size of the list, i.e. the number of images contained in it.

• unsigned int size () const

Return the size of the list, i.e. the number of images contained in it.

Clmg< T > \* data ()

Return pointer to the first image of the list.

• const Clmg< T > \* data () const

Return pointer to the first image of the list [const version].

Clmg< T > \* data (const unsigned int pos)

Return pointer to the pos-th image of the list.

- const Clmg< T > \* data (const unsigned int I) const
- iterator begin ()

Return iterator to the first image of the list.

· const iterator begin () const

Return iterator to the first image of the list [const version].

• iterator end ()

Return iterator to one position after the last image of the list.

· const\_iterator end () const

Return iterator to one position after the last image of the list [const version].

• Clmg< T > & front ()

Return reference to the first image of the list.

• const Clmg< T > & front () const

Return reference to the first image of the list [const version].

const Clmg< T > & back () const

Return a reference to the last image of the list.

• Clmg< T > & back ()

Return a reference to the last image of the list [const version].

• Clmg< T > & at (const int pos)

Return pos-th image of the list.

T & atNXYZC (const int pos, const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value)

Access to pixel value with Dirichlet boundary conditions.

T atNXYZC (const int pos, const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value) const

Access to pixel value with Dirichlet boundary conditions [const version].

• T & atNXYZC (const int pos, const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c)

Access to pixel value with Neumann boundary conditions.

T atNXYZC (const int pos, const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c) const

Access to pixel value with Neumann boundary conditions [const version].

• T & atNXYZ (const int pos, const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out value)

Access to pixel value with Dirichlet boundary conditions for the three first coordinates (pos, x, y, z).

• T atNXYZ (const int pos, const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value) const

Access to pixel value with Dirichlet boundary conditions for the three first coordinates  $(p \circ s, x, y, z)$  [const version].

T & atNXYZ (const int pos, const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c=0)

Access to pixel value with Neumann boundary conditions for the four first coordinates  $(p \circ s, x, y, z)$ .

T atNXYZ (const int pos, const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c=0) const

Access to pixel value with Neumann boundary conditions for the four first coordinates (pos, x,y,z) [const version].

T & atNXY (const int pos, const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value)

Access to pixel value with Dirichlet boundary conditions for the three first coordinates (pos, x,y).

• T atNXY (const int pos, const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value) const

Access to pixel value with Dirichlet boundary conditions for the three first coordinates (pos, x,y) [const version].

T & atNXY (const int pos, const int x, const int y, const int z=0, const int c=0)

Access to pixel value with Neumann boundary conditions for the three first coordinates (pos, x,y).

• T atNXY (const int pos, const int x, const int y, const int z=0, const int c=0) const

Access to pixel value with Neumann boundary conditions for the three first coordinates (pos, x, y) [const version].

• T & atNX (const int pos, const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out value)

Access to pixel value with Dirichlet boundary conditions for the two first coordinates (pos,x).

• T atNX (const int pos, const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value) const

Access to pixel value with Dirichlet boundary conditions for the two first coordinates (pos,x) [const version].

• T & atNX (const int pos, const int x, const int y=0, const int z=0, const int c=0)

Access to pixel value with Neumann boundary conditions for the two first coordinates (pos, x).

• T atNX (const int pos, const int x, const int y=0, const int z=0, const int c=0) const

Access to pixel value with Neumann boundary conditions for the two first coordinates (pos, x) [const version].

• T & atN (const int pos, const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out value)

Access to pixel value with Dirichlet boundary conditions for the first coordinates (pos).

T atN (const int pos, const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value) const

Access to pixel value with Dirichlet boundary conditions for the first coordinates (pos) [const version].

T & atN (const int pos, const int x=0, const int y=0, const int z=0, const int c=0)

Return pixel value with Neumann boundary conditions for the first coordinates (pos).

• T atN (const int pos, const int x=0, const int y=0, const int z=0, const int c=0) const

Return pixel value with Neumann boundary conditions for the first coordinates (pos) [const version].

Clmg< charT > value\_string (const char separator=',', const unsigned int max\_size=0) const

Return a C-string containing the values of all images in the instance list.

static const char \* pixel\_type ()

Return the type of image pixel values as a C string.

## **Instance Checking**

```
· bool is_empty () const
     Return true if list is empty.

    bool is_sameN (const unsigned int size_n) const

      Test if number of image elements is equal to specified value.
• template<typename t >
 bool is sameN (const ClmgList< t > &list) const
     Test if number of image elements is equal between two images lists.

    template<typename t >

  bool is_sameXY (const Clmg< t > &img) const

    template<typename t >

  bool is_sameXY (const ClmgList< t > &list) const

    template<typename t >

  bool is_sameNXY (const unsigned int n, const Clmg< t > &img) const

    template<typename t >

  bool is_sameNXY (const ClmgList< t > &list) const

    template<typename t >

  bool is_sameXZ (const Clmg< t > &img) const

    template<typename t >

  bool is_sameXZ (const ClmgList< t > &list) const

    template<typename t >

  bool is_sameNXZ (const unsigned int n, const Clmg< t > &img) const
• template<typename t >
  bool is_sameNXZ (const ClmgList< t > &list) const

    template<typename t >

  bool is_sameXC (const Clmg< t > &img) const
• template<typename t >
  bool is_sameXC (const ClmgList< t > &list) const

    template<typename t >

  bool is_sameNXC (const unsigned int n, const Clmg < t > &img) const
template<typename t >
  bool is_sameNXC (const ClmgList< t > &list) const

    template<typename t >

  bool is_sameYZ (const Clmg< t > &img) const
• template<typename t >
  bool is_sameYZ (const ClmgList< t > &list) const

    template<typename t >

  bool is sameNYZ (const unsigned int n, const Clmg< t > &img) const
• template<typename t >
  bool is_sameNYZ (const ClmgList< t > &list) const
• template<typename t >
  bool is_sameYC (const Clmg< t > &img) const
• template<typename t >
  bool is_sameYC (const ClmgList< t > &list) const
template<typename t >
  bool is_sameNYC (const unsigned int n, const Clmg< t > &img) const
• template<typename t >
  bool is_sameNYC (const ClmgList< t > &list) const

    template<typename t >

  bool is_sameXYZ (const Clmg< t > &img) const
• template<typename t >
  bool is_sameXYZ (const ClmgList< t > &list) const
```

bool  $is\_sameNXYZ$  (const unsigned int n, const Clmg< t > &img) const

template<typename t >

template<typename t >

bool is sameNXYZ (const ClmgList< t > &list) const

• template<typename t >

bool is\_sameXYC (const Clmg< t > &img) const

• template<typename t >

bool is sameXYC (const ClmgList< t > &list) const

• template<typename t >

bool  $is\_sameNXYC$  (const unsigned int n, const Clmg< t > &img) const

template<typename t >

bool **is\_sameNXYC** (const ClmgList< t > &list) const

template<typename t >

bool **is\_sameYZC** (const Clmg< t > &img) const

template<typename t >

bool is\_sameYZC (const ClmgList< t > &list) const

template<typename t >

bool **is\_sameNYZC** (const unsigned int n, const Clmg< t > &img) const

template<typename t >

bool is\_sameNYZC (const ClmgList< t > &list) const

template<typename t >

bool **is\_sameXYZC** (const Clmg< t > &img) const

template<typename t >

bool is sameXYZC (const ClmgList< t > &list) const

template<typename t >

bool is sameNXYZC (const unsigned int n, const Clmg< t > &img) const

• template<typename t >

bool **is\_sameNXYZC** (const ClmgList< t > &list) const

- · bool is\_sameX (const unsigned int val) const
- bool is\_sameNX (const unsigned int n, const unsigned int val) const
- bool is\_sameY (const unsigned int val) const
- · bool is sameNY (const unsigned int n, const unsigned int val) const
- bool is\_sameZ (const unsigned int val) const
- bool is\_sameNZ (const unsigned int n, const unsigned int val) const
- bool is\_sameC (const unsigned int val) const
- bool is sameNC (const unsigned int n, const unsigned int val) const
- bool is\_sameXY (const unsigned int val1, const unsigned int val2) const
- · bool is sameNXY (const unsigned int n, const unsigned int val1, const unsigned int val2) const
- bool is\_sameXZ (const unsigned int val1, const unsigned int val2) const
- $\bullet \ \ \text{bool} \ \textbf{is\_sameNXZ} \ (\text{const unsigned int n, const unsigned int val1}, \ \text{const unsigned int val2}) \ \text{const}$
- bool **is\_sameXC** (const unsigned int val1, const unsigned int val2) const
- bool is sameNXC (const unsigned int n, const unsigned int val1, const unsigned int val2) const
- bool is\_sameYZ (const unsigned int val1, const unsigned int val2) const
- bool is\_sameNYZ (const unsigned int n, const unsigned int val1, const unsigned int val2) const
- bool is\_sameYC (const unsigned int val1, const unsigned int val2) const
- bool is\_sameNYC (const unsigned int n, const unsigned int val1, const unsigned int val2) const
- bool is sameZC (const unsigned int val1, const unsigned int val2) const
- bool is sameNZC (const unsigned int n, const unsigned int val2) const
- · bool is\_sameXYZ (const unsigned int val1, const unsigned int val2, const unsigned int val3) const
- bool is\_sameNXYZ (const unsigned int n, const unsigned int val1, const unsigned int val2, const unsigned int val3) const
- bool is sameXYC (const unsigned int val1, const unsigned int val2, const unsigned int val3) const
- bool is\_sameNXYC (const unsigned int n, const unsigned int val1, const unsigned int val2, const unsigned int val3) const
- · bool is sameXZC (const unsigned int val1, const unsigned int val2, const unsigned int val3) const
- bool is\_sameNXZC (const unsigned int n, const unsigned int val1, const unsigned int val2, const unsigned int val3) const
- bool is sameYZC (const unsigned int val1, const unsigned int val2, const unsigned int val3) const

- bool **is\_sameNYZC** (const unsigned int n, const unsigned int val1, const unsigned int val2, const unsigned int val3) const
- bool is\_sameXYZC (const unsigned int dx, const unsigned int dy, const unsigned int dz, const unsigned int dc) const

Test if dimensions of each image of the list match specified arguments.

bool is\_sameNXYZC (const unsigned int n, const unsigned int dx, const unsigned int dy, const unsigned int dz, const unsigned int dc) const

Test if list dimensions match specified arguments.

• bool containsNXYZC (const int n, const int x=0, const int y=0, const int z=0, const int c=0) const

Test if list contains one particular pixel location.

bool containsN (const int n) const

Test if list contains image with specified indice.

template<typename t >

bool contains (const T &pixel, t &n, t &x, t &y, t &z, t &c) const

Test if one image of the list contains the specified referenced value.

template<typename t >

bool contains (const T &pixel, t &n, t &x, t &y, t &z) const

Test if one of the image list contains the specified referenced value.

template<typename t >

bool contains (const T &pixel, t &n, t &x, t &y) const

Test if one of the image list contains the specified referenced value.

template<typename t >

bool contains (const T &pixel, t &n, t &x) const

Test if one of the image list contains the specified referenced value.

template<typename t >

bool contains (const T &pixel, t &n) const

Test if one of the image list contains the specified referenced value.

bool contains (const T &pixel) const

Test if one of the image list contains the specified referenced value.

template<typename t >

bool contains (const Clmg< T > &img, t &n) const

Test if the list contains the image 'img'.

bool contains (const Clmg< T > &img) const

Test if the list contains the image img.

### **Mathematical Functions**

• T & min ()

Return a reference to the minimum pixel value of the instance list.

· const T & min () const

Return a reference to the minimum pixel value of the instance list [const version].

T & max ()

Return a reference to the maximum pixel value of the instance list.

const T & max () const

Return a reference to the maximum pixel value of the instance list [const version].

 $\bullet \ \ template{<} typename\ t>$ 

T & min\_max (t &max\_val)

Return a reference to the minimum pixel value of the instance list and return the maximum vvalue as well.

template<typename t >

const T & min max (t &max val) const

Return a reference to the minimum pixel value of the instance list and return the maximum vvalue as well [const version].

• template<typename t >

T & max min (t &min val)

Return a reference to the minimum pixel value of the instance list and return the minimum value as well.

template<typename t >

const T & max min (t &min val) const

Return a reference to the minimum pixel value of the instance list and return the minimum value as well [const version].

### **List Manipulation**

template<typename t >

ClmgList< T > & insert (const Clmg< t > &img, const unsigned int pos= $\sim$ 0U, const bool is\_shared=false)

Insert a copy of the image img into the current image list, at position pos.

- ClmgList< T > & insert (const Clmg< T > &img, const unsigned int pos=~0U, const bool is\_shared=false)
   Insert a copy of the image img into the current image list, at position pos [specialization].
- template<typename t >

 $\label{eq:const_const_const} \begin{center} $\text{ClmgList} < T > \text{get\_insert} \ (\text{const Clmg} < t > \text{\&img, const unsigned int pos} = \sim 0U, \ \text{const bool is\_shared=false}) \\ \end{center}$ 

Insert a copy of the image img into the current image list, at position pos [new-instance version].

ClmgList< T > & insert (const unsigned int n, const unsigned int pos=~0U)

Insert n empty images img into the current image list, at position pos.

ClmgList< T > get\_insert (const unsigned int n, const unsigned int pos=~0U) const

Insert n empty images img into the current image list, at position pos [new-instance version].

template<typename t >

ClmgList< T > & insert (const unsigned int n, const Clmg< t > &img, const unsigned int pos= $\sim$ 0U, const bool is shared=false)

Insert n copies of the image img into the current image list, at position pos.

template<typename t >

ClmgList< T > get\_insert (const unsigned int n, const Clmg< t > &img, const unsigned int pos= $\sim$ 0U, const bool is\_shared=false) const

Insert n copies of the image img into the current image list, at position pos [new-instance version].

template<typename t >

ClmgList< T > & insert (const ClmgList< t > &list, const unsigned int pos= $\sim$ 0U, const bool is\_shared=false)

Insert a copy of the image list list into the current image list, starting from position pos.

template<typename t >

ClmgList< T > get\_insert (const ClmgList< t > &list, const unsigned int pos= $\sim$ 0U, const bool is\_shared=false) const

Insert a copy of the image list list into the current image list, starting from position pos [new-instance version].

template<typename t >

ClmgList< T > & insert (const unsigned int n, const ClmgList< t > &list, const unsigned int pos= $\sim$ 0U, const bool is\_shared=false)

Insert n copies of the list list at position pos of the current list.

• template<typename t>

ClmgList< T > get\_insert (const unsigned int n, const ClmgList< t > &list, const unsigned int pos= $\sim$ 0U, const bool is\_shared=false) const

Insert n copies of the list list at position pos of the current list [new-instance version].

ClmgList< T > & remove (const unsigned int pos1, const unsigned int pos2)

Remove all images between from indexes.

ClmgList< T > get\_remove (const unsigned int pos1, const unsigned int pos2) const

Remove all images between from indexes [new-instance version].

ClmgList< T > & remove (const unsigned int pos)

Remove image at index pos from the image list.

ClmgList< T > get\_remove (const unsigned int pos) const

Remove image at index pos from the image list [new-instance version].

ClmgList< T > & remove ()

Remove last image.

ClmgList< T > get\_remove () const

Remove last image [new-instance version].

ClmgList< T > & reverse ()

Reverse list order.

ClmgList< T > get\_reverse () const

Reverse list order [new-instance version].

ClmgList< T > & images (const unsigned int pos0, const unsigned int pos1)

Return a sublist.

• ClmgList< T > get\_images (const unsigned int pos0, const unsigned int pos1) const

Return a sublist [new-instance version].

• ClmgList< T > get\_shared\_images (const unsigned int pos0, const unsigned int pos1)

Return a shared sublist.

const CImgList< T > get\_shared\_images (const unsigned int pos0, const unsigned int pos1) const

Return a shared sublist [new-instance version].

Clmg< T > get\_append (const char axis, const float align=0) const

Return a single image which is the appending of all images of the current CImgList instance.

ClmgList< T > & split (const char axis, const int nb=0)

Return a list where each image has been split along the specified axis.

ClmgList< T > get\_split (const char axis, const int nb=0) const

Return a list where each image has been split along the specified axis [new-instance version].

template<typename t >

```
ClmgList< T > & push_back (const Clmg< t > &img)
```

Insert image at the end of the list.

 $\bullet \ \ template{<} typename\ t>$ 

```
ClmgList< T > & push_front (const Clmg< t > &img)
```

Insert image at the front of the list.

• template<typename t>

```
ClmgList< T > & push back (const ClmgList< t > &list)
```

Insert list at the end of the current list.

• template<typename t >

```
ClmgList< T > & push_front (const ClmgList< t > &list)
```

Insert list at the front of the current list.

ClmgList< T > & pop\_back ()

Remove last image.

ClmgList< T > & pop\_front ()

Remove first image.

ClmgList< T > & erase (const iterator iter)

Remove image pointed by iterator.

### **Data Input**

 Clmg< intT > get\_select (ClmgDisplay &disp, const bool feature\_type=true, const char axis='x', const float align=0) const

Display a simple interactive interface to select images or sublists.

• Clmg< intT > get\_select (const char \*const title, const bool feature\_type=true, const char axis='x', const float align=0) const

Display a simple interactive interface to select images or sublists.

ClmgList< T > & load (const char \*const filename)

Load a list from a file.

ClmgList< T > & load\_cimg (const char \*const filename)

Load a list from a .cimg file.

ClmgList< T > & load cimg (std::FILE \*const file)

Load a list from a .cimg file.

ClmgList< T > & load\_cimg (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int n0, const unsigned int n1, const unsigned int x0, const unsigned int y0, const unsigned int z0, const unsigned int c0, const unsigned int x1, const unsigned int y1, const unsigned int z1, const unsigned int c1)

Load a sublist list from a (non compressed) .cimg file.

ClmgList< T > & load\_cimg (std::FILE \*const file, const unsigned int n0, const unsigned int n1, const unsigned int x0, const unsigned int y0, const unsigned int z0, const unsigned int c0, const unsigned int x1, const unsigned int z1, const unsigned int c1)

Load a sub-image list from a (non compressed) .cimg file [overloading].

ClmgList< T > & load\_parrec (const char \*const filename)

Load a list from a PAR/REC (Philips) file.

ClmgList< T > & load\_yuv (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y, const unsigned int first\_frame=0, const unsigned int last\_frame=~0U, const unsigned int step\_frame=1, const bool yuv2rgb=true)

Load a list from a YUV image sequence file.

ClmgList< T > & load\_yuv (std::FILE \*const file, const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y, const unsigned int first\_frame=0, const unsigned int last\_frame=~0U, const unsigned int step\_frame=1, const bool yuv2rgb=true)

Load a list from an image sequence YUV file [overloading].

ClmgList< T > & load\_ffmpeg (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int first\_frame=0, const unsigned int last\_frame=~0U, const unsigned int step\_frame=1, const bool pixel\_format=true, const bool resume=false)

Load an image from a video file, using ffmpeg libraries.

ClmgList< T > & load\_ffmpeg\_external (const char \*const filename)

Load an image from a video file using the external tool 'ffmpeg'.

ClmgList< T > & load\_gif\_external (const char \*const filename)

Load gif file, using ImageMagick or GraphicsMagick's external tools.

ClmgList< T > & load\_gzip\_external (const char \*const filename)

Load a gzipped list, using external tool 'gunzip'.

template<typename tf , typename tc >

ClmgList< T > & load\_off (const char \*const filename, ClmgList< tf > &primitives, ClmgList< tc > &colors)

Load a 3d object from a .OFF file.

ClmgList< T > & load\_tiff (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int first\_frame=0, const unsigned int last\_frame=~0U, const unsigned int step\_frame=1)

Load images from a TIFF file.

static ClmgList< T > get\_load (const char \*const filename)

Load a list from a file [new-instance version].

static ClmgList< T > get\_load\_cimg (const char \*const filename)

Load a list from a .cimg file [new-instance version].

static ClmgList< T > get\_load\_cimg (std::FILE \*const file)

Load a list from a .cimg file [new-instance version].

static ClmgList< T > get\_load\_cimg (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int n0, const unsigned int n1, const unsigned int x0, const unsigned int y0, const unsigned int z0, const unsigned int c0, const unsigned int x1, const unsigned int z1, const unsigned int z1)

Load a sublist list from a (non compressed) .cimg file [new-instance version].

• static CImgList< T > get\_load\_cimg (std::FILE \*const file, const unsigned int n0, const unsigned int n1, const unsigned int x0, const unsigned int y0, const unsigned int z0, const unsigned int x1, const unsigned int z1, const unsigned int z1, const unsigned int c1)

Load a sub-image list from a (non compressed) .cimg file [new-instance version].

static ClmgList< T > get\_load\_parrec (const char \*const filename)

Load a list from a PAR/REC (Philips) file [new-instance version].

static ClmgList< T > get\_load\_yuv (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y=1, const unsigned int first\_frame=0, const unsigned int last\_frame=~0U, const unsigned int step\_frame=1, const bool yuv2rgb=true)

Load a list from a YUV image sequence file [new-instance version].

static ClmgList< T > get\_load\_yuv (std::FILE \*const file, const unsigned int size\_x, const unsigned int size\_y=1, const unsigned int first\_frame=0, const unsigned int last\_frame=~0U, const unsigned int step\_frame=1, const bool yuv2rgb=true)

Load a list from an image sequence YUV file [new-instance version].

static ClmgList< T > get\_load\_ffmpeg (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int first\_frame=0, const unsigned int last\_frame=~0U, const unsigned int step\_frame=1, const bool pixel\_format=true)

Load an image from a video file, using ffmpeg libraries [new-instance version].

static ClmgList< T > get\_load\_ffmpeg\_external (const char \*const filename)

Load an image from a video file using the external tool 'ffmpeg' [new-instance version].

• static ClmgList< T > get\_load\_gif\_external (const char \*const filename)

Load gif file, using ImageMagick or GraphicsMagick's external tools [new-instance version].

static ClmgList< T > get load gzip external (const char \*const filename)

Load a gzipped list, using external tool 'gunzip' [new-instance version].

template<typename tf, typename tc >
 static ClmgList< T > get\_load\_off (const char \*const filename, ClmgList< tf > &primitives, ClmgList< tc >
 &colors)

Load a 3d object from a .OFF file [new-instance version].

static ClmgList< T > get\_load\_tiff (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int first\_frame=0, const unsigned int last frame=~0U, const unsigned int step frame=1)

Load a multi-page TIFF file [new-instance version].

Print informations about the list on the standard output.

## **Data Output**

 $\bullet \ \ const \ \textbf{ClmgList} < T > \& \ print \ (const \ char *const \ title=0, \ const \ bool \ display\_stats=true) \ const$ 

• const ClmgList< T > & display (ClmgDisplay &disp, const char axis='x', const float align=0) const

Display the current ClmgList instance in an existing ClmgDisplay window (by reference).

 const ClmgList< T > & display (ClmgDisplay &disp, const bool display\_info, const char axis='x', const float align=0, unsigned int \*const XYZ=0) const

Display the current ClmgList instance in a new display window.

const ClmgList< T > & display (const char \*const title=0, const bool display\_info=true, const char axis='x', const float align=0, unsigned int \*const XYZ=0) const

Display the current ClmgList instance in a new display window.

const CImgList< T > & save (const char \*const filename, const int number=-1, const unsigned int digits=6)
 const

Save list into a file.

• const ClmgList< T > & save\_gif\_external (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int fps=25, const unsigned int nb\_loops=0)

Save image sequence as a GIF animated file.

const ClmgList< T > & save\_ffmpeg (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int fps=25, const unsigned int bitrate=2048) const

Save image sequence, using FFMPEG library.

const ClmgList< T > & save\_yuv (const char \*const filename=0, const bool is\_rgb=true) const

Save list as a YUV image sequence file.

• const ClmgList< T > & save yuv (std::FILE \*const file, const bool is rgb=true) const

Save image sequence into a YUV file.

const ClmgList< T > & save\_cimg (const char \*const filename, const bool is\_compressed=false) const
 Save list into a .cimg file.

const CImgList< T > & save\_cimg (std::FILE \*file, const bool is\_compressed=false) const
 Save list into a .cimg file.

const ClmgList< T > & save\_cimg (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int n0, const unsigned int x0, const unsigned int y0, const unsigned int z0, const unsigned int c0) const

Insert the image instance into into an existing .cimg file, at specified coordinates.

const ClmgList< T > & save\_cimg (std::FILE \*const file, const unsigned int n0, const unsigned int x0, const unsigned int z0, const unsigned int z0, const unsigned int z0 const

Insert the image instance into into an existing .cimg file, at specified coordinates.

- const CImgList < T > & save\_tiff (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int compression\_type=0) const
   Save list as a TIFF file.
- const ClmgList< T > & save gzip external (const char \*const filename) const

Save list as a gzipped file, using external tool 'gzip'.

• const ClmgList< T > & save\_ffmpeg\_external (const char \*const filename, const char \*const codec=0, const unsigned int fps=25, const unsigned int bitrate=2048) const

Save image sequence, using the external tool 'ffmpeg'.

• static bool is saveable (const char \*const filename)

Tell if an image list can be saved as one single file.

 static void save\_empty\_cimg (const char \*const filename, const unsigned int nb, const unsigned int dx, const unsigned int dy=1, const unsigned int dz=1, const unsigned int dc=1)

Save empty (non-compressed) .cimg file with specified dimensions.

static void save\_empty\_cimg (std::FILE \*const file, const unsigned int nb, const unsigned int dx, const unsigned int dy=1, const unsigned int dz=1, const unsigned int dc=1)

Save empty .cimg file with specified dimensions.

## **Others**

ClmgList< T > & crop\_font ()

Crop font along the X-axis.

ClmgList< T > get crop font () const

Crop font along the X-axis [new-instance version].

ClmgList< T > & FFT (const char axis, const bool invert=false)

Compute a 1d Fast Fourier Transform, along specified axis.

• ClmgList< Tfloat > get FFT (const char axis, const bool invert=false) const

Compute a 1-D Fast Fourier Transform, along specified axis [new-instance version].

ClmgList< T > & FFT (const bool invert=false)

Compute a n-d Fast Fourier Transform.

ClmgList< Tfloat > get\_FFT (const bool invert=false) const

Compute a n-d Fast Fourier Transform [new-instance version].

ClmgList< T > & reverse\_object3d ()

Reverse primitives orientations of a 3d object.

• ClmgList< T > get reverse object3d () const

Reverse primitives orientations of a 3d object [new-instance version].

• static const ClmgList< ucharT > & font (const unsigned int font\_height, const bool is\_variable\_width=true)

Return a Clmg pre-defined font with desired size.

### 8.4.1 Detailed Description

template<typename T = float>struct cimg\_library::ClmgList< T>

Represent a list of images Clmg<T>.

## 8.4.2 Member Typedef Documentation

## 8.4.2.1 typedef Clmg<T>\* iterator

Simple iterator type, to loop through each image of a list.

Note

- The CImgList<T>::iterator type is defined as a CImg<T>\*.
- You may use it like this:

```
CImgList<> list;    // Assuming this image list is not empty.
for (CImgList<>::iterator it = list.begin(); it<list.end(); ++it) (*it).mirror('x');</pre>
```

• Using the loop macro cimglist\_for is another (more concise) alternative:

```
cimglist_for(list,1) list[1].mirror('x');
```

### 8.4.2.2 typedef const Clmg<T>\* const\_iterator

Simple const iterator type, to loop through each image of a const list instance.

Note

- The CImgList<T>::const\_iterator type is defined to be a const CImg<T>\*.
- Similar to ClmgList<T>::iterator, but for constant list instances.

## 8.4.2.3 typedef T value type

Pixel value type.

Refer to the pixels value type of the images in the list.

Note

- The CImgList<T>::value\_type type of a CImgList<T> is defined to be a T. It is then similar to CImg<T>::value\_type.
- CImgList<T>::value\_type is actually not used in Clmg methods. It has been mainly defined for compatibility with STL naming conventions.

### 8.4.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
8.4.3.1 \simClmgList()
```

Destructor.

Destroy current list instance.

Note

- Any allocated buffer is deallocated.
- · Destroying an empty list does nothing actually.

## 8.4.3.2 ClmgList()

Default constructor.

Construct a new empty list instance.

#### Note

- An empty list has no pixel data and its dimension width() is set to 0, as well as its image buffer pointer data().
- An empty list may be reassigned afterwards, with the family of the assign() methods. In all cases, the type of pixels stays T.

## **8.4.3.3 ClmgList (const unsigned int** *n***)** [explicit]

Construct list containing empty images.

#### **Parameters**

n	Number of empty images.
	1 7 0

#### Note

Useful when you know by advance the number of images you want to manage, as it will allocate the right amount of memory for the list, without needs for reallocation (that may occur when starting from an empty list and inserting several images in it).

8.4.3.4 CImgList (const unsigned int *n*, const unsigned int *width*, const unsigned int *height* = 1, const unsigned int *spectrum* = 1)

Construct list containing images of specified size.

### **Parameters**

n	Number of images.
width	Width of images.
height	Height of images.
depth	Depth of images.
spectrum	Number of channels of images.

### Note

Pixel values are not initialized and may probably contain garbage.

8.4.3.5 CImgList (const unsigned int *n*, const unsigned int *width*, const unsigned int *height*, const unsigned int *spectrum*, const T *val* )

Construct list containing images of specified size, and initialize pixel values.

### **Parameters**

n	Number of images.

width	Width of images.
height	Height of images.
depth	Depth of images.
spectrum	Number of channels of images.
val	Initialization value for images pixels.

8.4.3.6 CImgList (const unsigned int *n*, const unsigned int *width*, const unsigned int *height*, const unsigned int *depth*, const unsigned int *spectrum*, const int *val0*, const int *val1*, ... )

Construct list containing images of specified size, and initialize pixel values from a sequence of integers.

### **Parameters**

n	Number of images.
width	Width of images.
height	Height of images.
depth	Depth of images.
spectrum	Number of channels of images.
val0	First value of the initializing integers sequence.
val1	Second value of the initializing integers sequence.

### Warning

You must specify at least width\*height\*depth\*spectrum values in your argument list, or you will probably segfault.

8.4.3.7 CImgList (const unsigned int *n*, const unsigned int *width*, const unsigned int *height*, const unsigned int *depth*, const unsigned int *spectrum*, const double *val0*, const double *val1*, ... )

Construct list containing images of specified size, and initialize pixel values from a sequence of doubles.

# Parameters

n	Number of images.
width	Width of images.
height	Height of images.
depth	Depth of images.
spectrum	Number of channels of images.
val0	First value of the initializing doubles sequence.
val1	Second value of the initializing doubles sequence.

## Warning

You must specify at least width\*height\*depth\*spectrum values in your argument list, or you will probably segfault.

8.4.3.8 ClmgList ( const unsigned int n, const Clmg< t > & img, const bool  $is\_shared$  = false )

Construct list containing copies of an input image.

#### **Parameters**

	n	Number of images.
	img	Input image to copy in the constructed list.
is_	shared	Tells if the elements of the list are shared or non-shared copies of img.

**8.4.3.9** ClmgList(const Clmg < t > & img, const bool is\_shared = false) [explicit]

Construct list from one image.

### **Parameters**

img	Input image to copy in the constructed list.
is_shared	Tells if the element of the list is a shared or non-shared copy of img.

8.4.3.10 ClmgList ( const Clmg < t1 > & img1, const Clmg < t2 > & img2, const bool is\_shared = false )

Construct list from two images.

#### **Parameters**

img1	First input image to copy in the constructed list.
img2	Second input image to copy in the constructed list.
is_shared	Tells if the elements of the list are shared or non-shared copies of input images.

8.4.3.11 CImgList ( const CImg < t1 > & img1, const CImg < t2 > & img2, const CImg < t3 > & img3, const bool is\_shared = false )

Construct list from three images.

### **Parameters**

img1	First input image to copy in the constructed list.
img2	Second input image to copy in the constructed list.
img3	Third input image to copy in the constructed list.
is_shared	Tells if the elements of the list are shared or non-shared copies of input images.

8.4.3.12 ClmgList ( const Clmg < t1 > & img1, const Clmg < t2 > & img2, const Clmg < t3 > & img3, const Clmg < t4 > & img4, const bool is\_shared = false )

Construct list from four images.

### **Parameters**

img1	First input image to copy in the constructed list.
img2	Second input image to copy in the constructed list.
img3	Third input image to copy in the constructed list.
img4	Fourth input image to copy in the constructed list.
is_shared	Tells if the elements of the list are shared or non-shared copies of input images.

8.4.3.13 ClmgList ( const Clmg < t1 > & img1, const Clmg < t2 > & img2, const Clmg < t3 > & img3, const Clmg < t4 > & img4, const Clmg < t5 > & img5, const bool is\_shared = false )

Construct list from five images.

#### **Parameters**

img1	First input image to copy in the constructed list.
img2	Second input image to copy in the constructed list.
img3	Third input image to copy in the constructed list.
img4	Fourth input image to copy in the constructed list.
img5	Fifth input image to copy in the constructed list.
is_shared	Tells if the elements of the list are shared or non-shared copies of input images.

8.4.3.14 ClmgList ( const Clmg < t1 > & img1, const Clmg < t2 > & img2, const Clmg < t3 > & img3, const Clmg < t4 > & img4, const Clmg < t5 > & img5, const Clmg < t6 > & img6, const bool is\_shared = false )

Construct list from six images.

#### **Parameters**

img1	First input image to copy in the constructed list.
img2	Second input image to copy in the constructed list.
img3	Third input image to copy in the constructed list.
img4	Fourth input image to copy in the constructed list.
img5	Fifth input image to copy in the constructed list.
img6	Sixth input image to copy in the constructed list.
is_shared	Tells if the elements of the list are shared or non-shared copies of input images.

8.4.3.15 CImgList ( const CImg< t1 > & img1, const CImg< t2 > & img2, const CImg< t3 > & img3, const CImg< t4 > & img4, const CImg< t5 > & img5, const CImg< t6 > & img6, const CImg< t7 > & img7, const bool is\_shared = false)

Construct list from seven images.

### **Parameters**

img1	First input image to copy in the constructed list.
img2	Second input image to copy in the constructed list.
img3	Third input image to copy in the constructed list.
img4	Fourth input image to copy in the constructed list.
img5	Fifth input image to copy in the constructed list.
img6	Sixth input image to copy in the constructed list.
img7	Seventh input image to copy in the constructed list.
is_shared	Tells if the elements of the list are shared or non-shared copies of input images.

8.4.3.16 CImgList ( const CImg < t1 > & img1, const CImg < t2 > & img2, const CImg < t3 > & img3, const CImg < t4 > & img4, const CImg < t5 > & img5, const CImg < t6 > & img6, const CImg < t7 > & img7, const CImg < t8 > & img8, const bool is\_shared = false )

Construct list from eight images.

## **Parameters**

img1	First input image to copy in the constructed list.
img2	Second input image to copy in the constructed list.
img3	Third input image to copy in the constructed list.

img4	Fourth input image to copy in the constructed list.
img5	Fifth input image to copy in the constructed list.
img6	Sixth input image to copy in the constructed list.
img7	Seventh input image to copy in the constructed list.
img8	Eighth input image to copy in the constructed list.
is_shared	Tells if the elements of the list are shared or non-shared copies of input images.

## 8.4.3.17 ClmgList ( const ClmgList < t > & list )

Construct list copy.

### **Parameters**

list	Input list to copy.

#### Note

The shared state of each element of the constructed list is kept the same as in list.

## 8.4.3.18 ClmgList ( const ClmgList < t > & list, const bool is\_shared )

Construct list copy, and force the shared state of the list elements.

#### **Parameters**

list	Input list to copy.
is_shared	Tells if the elements of the list are shared or non-shared copies of input images.

## **8.4.3.19 ClmgList (const char \*const filename)** [explicit]

Construct list by reading the content of a file.

# Parameters

filename	Filename, as a C-string.

## **8.4.3.20 ClmgList (const ClmgDisplay & disp )** [explicit]

Construct list from the content of a display window.

## Parameters

disp	Display window to get content from.
------	-------------------------------------

## Note

Constructed list contains a single image only.

## 8.4.4 Member Function Documentation

## 8.4.4.1 ClmgList<T> get\_shared( )

Return a list with elements being shared copies of images in the list instance.

```
Note
      list2 = list1.get_shared() is equivalent to list2.assign(list1,true).
8.4.4.2 ClmgList<T>& assign()
Destructor [in-place version].
See Also
      CImgList().
8.4.4.3 ClmgList<T>& clear ( )
Destructor [in-place version].
Equivalent to assign().
Note
      Only here for compatibility with STL naming conventions.
8.4.4.4 CImgList<T>& assign (const unsigned int n)
Construct list containing empty images [in-place version].
See Also
      CImgList(unsigned int).
8.4.4.5 CImgList<T>& assign (const unsigned int n, const unsigned int width, const unsigned int height = 1, const
        unsigned int depth = 1, const unsigned int spectrum = 1)
Construct list containing images of specified size [in-place version].
See Also
      ClmgList(unsigned int, unsigned int, unsigned int, unsigned int, unsigned int).
8.4.4.6 CImgList<T>& assign (const unsigned int n, const unsigned int width, const unsigned int height, const unsigned
        int depth, const unsigned int spectrum, const T val )
Construct list containing images of specified size, and initialize pixel values [in-place version].
See Also
      ClmgList(unsigned int, unsigned int, unsigned int, unsigned int, unsigned int, const T).
8.4.4.7 CImqList<T>& assign (const unsigned int n, const unsigned int width, const unsigned int height, const unsigned
        int depth, const unsigned int spectrum, const int val0, const int val1, ... )
Construct list containing images of specified size, and initialize pixel values from a sequence of integers [in-place
version].
```

CImgList(unsigned int, unsigned int, unsigned int, unsigned int, unsigned int, const int, const int, ...).

See Also

8.4.4.8 CImgList<T>& assign ( const unsigned int *n*, const unsigned int *width*, const unsigned int *height*, const unsigned int *depth*, const unsigned int *spectrum*, const double *val0*, const double *val1*, ... )

Construct list containing images of specified size, and initialize pixel values from a sequence of doubles **[in-place version]**.

See Also

ClmgList(unsigned int, unsigned int, unsigned int, unsigned int, unsigned int, const double, const double, ...).

8.4.4.9 ClmgList<T>& assign ( const unsigned int n, const Clmg< t> & img, const bool  $is\_shared = false$  )

Construct list containing copies of an input image [in-place version].

See Also

CImgList(unsigned int, const CImg<t>&, bool).

8.4.4.10 ClmgList<T>& assign ( const Clmg< t> & img, const bool is\_shared = false )

Construct list from one image [in-place version].

See Also

ClmgList(const Clmg<t>&, bool).

8.4.4.11 CImgList<T>& assign ( const CImg< t1 > & img1, const CImg< t2 > & img2, const bool  $is\_shared = false$ )

Construct list from two images [in-place version].

See Also

ClmgList(const Clmg<t>&, const Clmg<t>&, bool).

8.4.4.12 ClmgList<T>& assign ( const Clmg< t1 > & img1, const Clmg< t2 > & img2, const Clmg< t3 > & img3, const bool  $is\_shared = false$ )

Construct list from three images [in-place version].

See Also

ClmgList(const Clmg<t>&, const Clmg<t>&, const Clmg<t>&, bool).

8.4.4.13 ClmgList<T>& assign ( const Clmg< t1 > & img1, const Clmg< t2 > & img2, const Clmg< t3 > & img3, const Clmg< t4 > & img4, const bool is\_shared = false )

Construct list from four images [in-place version].

See Also

ClmgList(const Clmg<t>&, const Clmg<t>&, const Clmg<t>&, const Clmg<t>&, bool).

8.4.4.14 ClmgList<T>& assign ( const Clmg< t1 > & img1, const Clmg< t2 > & img2, const Clmg< t3 > & img3, const Clmg< t4 > & img4, const Clmg< t5 > & img5, const bool is\_shared = false)

Construct list from five images [in-place version].

See Also

 $CImgList(const\ CImg < t > \&,\ const\ CImg < t > \&,\ const\ CImg < t > \&,\ const\ CImg < t > \&,\ bool).$ 

8.4.4.15 CImgList<T>& assign ( const CImg< t1 > & img1, const CImg< t2 > & img2, const CImg< t3 > & img3, const CImg< t4 > & img4, const CImg< t5 > & img5, const CImg< t6 > & img6, const bool is\_shared = false)

Construct list from six images [in-place version].

See Also

$$\label{limg_to_st} \begin{split} & \text{CImgList}(\text{const CImg}< t>\&, \, \text{const CImg}< t>\&, \, \text{const$$

8.4.4.16 CImgList<T>& assign ( const CImg< t1 > & img1, const CImg< t2 > & img2, const CImg< t3 > & img3, const CImg< t4 > & img4, const CImg< t5 > & img5, const CImg< t6 > & img6, const CImg< t7 > & img7, const bool is\_shared = false )

Construct list from seven images [in-place version].

See Also

8.4.4.17 CImgList<T>& assign ( const CImg< t1 > & img1, const CImg< t2 > & img2, const CImg< t3 > & img3, const CImg< t4 > & img4, const CImg< t5 > & img5, const CImg< t6 > & img6, const CImg< t7 > & img7, const CImg< t8 > & img8, const bool is\_shared = false)

Construct list from eight images [in-place version].

See Also

8.4.4.18 ClmgList<T>& assign ( const ClmgList< t> & list, const bool is\_shared = false )

Construct list as a copy of an existing list and force the shared state of the list elements [in-place version].

See Also

CImgList(const CImgList<t>&, bool is\_shared).

8.4.4.19 ClmgList<T>& assign ( const char \*const filename )

Construct list by reading the content of a file [in-place version].

See Also

ClmgList(const char \*const).

8.4.4.20 ClmgList<T>& assign (const ClmgDisplay & disp)

Construct list from the content of a display window [in-place version].

See Also

CImgList(const CImgDisplay&).

Transfer the content of the list instance to another list.

**Parameters** 

list	Destination list.

Note

When returning, the current list instance is empty and the initial content of list is destroyed.

Transfer the content of the list instance at a specified position in another list.

**Parameters** 

list	Destination list.
pos	Index of the insertion in the list.

Note

When returning, the list instance is empty and the initial content of list is preserved (only images indexes may be modified).

8.4.4.23 ClmgList<T>& swap ( ClmgList<T> & list )

Swap all fields between two list instances.

**Parameters** 

list	List to swap fields with.

Note

Can be used to exchange the content of two lists in a fast way.

8.4.4.24 static ClmgList<T>& empty() [static]

Return a reference to an empty list.

Note

Can be used to define default values in a function taking a ClmgList<T> as an argument.

```
void f(const CImgList<char>& list=CImgList<char>::empty());
```

8.4.4.25 CImg < T > & operator() (const unsigned int pos)

Return a reference to one image element of the list.

**Parameters** 

pos	Indice of the image element.

8.4.4.26 const CImg<T>& operator() ( const unsigned int pos ) const

Return a reference to one image of the list.

**Parameters** 

pos	Indice of the image element.

8.4.4.27 T& operator() ( const unsigned int pos, const unsigned int x, const unsigned int y = 0, const unsigned int z = 0, const unsigned int z = 0)

Return a reference to one pixel value of one image of the list.

**Parameters** 

pos	Indice of the image element.
X	X-coordinate of the pixel value.
У	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.
С	C-coordinate of the pixel value.

Note

```
list (n, x, y, z, c) is equivalent to list [n] (x, y, z, c).
```

8.4.4.28 operator CImg< T> \* ( )

Return pointer to the first image of the list.

Note

Images in a list are stored as a buffer of CImg < T >.

8.4.4.29 ClmgList<T>& operator= ( const Clmg< t> & img )

Construct list from one image [in-place version].

**Parameters** 

img Input image to copy in the constructed list.

Note

```
list = img; is equivalent to list.assign(img);.
```

8.4.4.30 ClmgList<T>& operator= ( const ClmgList< t> & *list* )

Construct list from another list.

**Parameters** 

```
list | Input list to copy.
```

Note

```
list1 = list2 is equivalent to list1.assign(list2);.
```

```
8.4.4.31 ClmgList<T>& operator= ( const char *const filename )
```

Construct list by reading the content of a file [in-place version].

See Also

CImgList(const char \*const).

```
8.4.4.32 ClmgList<T>& operator= ( const ClmgDisplay & disp )
```

Construct list from the content of a display window [in-place version].

See Also

CImgList(const CImgDisplay&).

```
8.4.4.33 ClmgList<T> operator+ ( ) const
```

Return a non-shared copy of a list.

Note

+list is equivalent to CImgList<T>(list, false). It forces the copy to have non-shared elements.

```
8.4.4.34 CImgList<T>& operator, (const CImg<t>& img)
```

Return a copy of the list instance, where image img has been inserted at the end.

**Parameters** 

```
img Image inserted at the end of the instance copy.
```

Note

Define a convenient way to create temporary lists of images, as in the following code:

```
(img1,img2,img3,img4).display("My four images");
```

8.4.4.35 CImgList<T>& operator, ( const CImgList< t > & list )

Return a copy of the list instance, where all elements of input list list have been inserted at the end.

#### **Parameters**

ilst   List inserted at the end of the instance copy.	list	List inserted at the end of the instance copy.
---	------	--

8.4.4.36 CImg<T> operator> ( const char axis ) const

Return image corresponding to the appending of all images of the instance list along specified axis.

#### **Parameters**

```
axis Appending axis. Can be { 'x' | 'y' | 'z' | 'c' }.
```

Note

```
list>'x' is equivalent to list.get_append('x').
```

8.4.4.37 CImgList<T> operator< ( const char axis ) const

Return list corresponding to the splitting of all images of the instance list along specified axis.

### **Parameters**

axis	Axis used for image splitting.

Note

```
list<'x' is equivalent to list.get_split('x').
```

```
8.4.4.38 static const char* pixel_type( ) [static]
```

Return the type of image pixel values as a C string.

Return a char\* string containing the usual type name of the image pixel values (i.e. a stringified version of the template parameter T).

Note

- The returned string may contain spaces (as in "unsigned char").
- If the pixel type T does not correspond to a registered type, the string "unknown" is returned.

```
8.4.4.39 int width ( ) const
```

Return the size of the list, i.e. the number of images contained in it.

Note

Similar to size() but returns result as a (signed) integer.

```
8.4.4.40 unsigned int size ( ) const
```

Return the size of the list, i.e. the number of images contained in it.

Note

Similar to width() but returns result as an unsigned integer.

```
8.4.4.41 Clmg<T>* data ( )
```

Return pointer to the first image of the list.

Note

Images in a list are stored as a buffer of CImg < T >.

8.4.4.42 Clmg<T>\* data ( const unsigned int pos )

Return pointer to the pos-th image of the list.

# **Parameters**

pos	Indice of the image element to access.

## Note

list.data(n); is equivalent to list.data + n;.

# 8.4.4.43 Clmg<T>& at ( const int pos )

Return pos-th image of the list.

## **Parameters**

pos	Indice of the image element to access.
-----	--

8.4.4.44 T& atNXYZC (const int pos, const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value)

Access to pixel value with Dirichlet boundary conditions.

# **Parameters**

pos	Indice of the image element to access.
X	X-coordinate of the pixel value.
У	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.
С	C-coordinate of the pixel value.
out_value	Default value returned if offset is outside image bounds.

## Note

```
list.atNXYZC(p, x, y, z, c); is equivalent to list[p].atXYZC(x, y, z, c);.
```

8.4.4.45 T& atNXYZC (const int pos, const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c)

Access to pixel value with Neumann boundary conditions.

pos	Indice of the image element to access.
X	X-coordinate of the pixel value.
У	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.
С	C-coordinate of the pixel value.

Note

```
list.atNXYZC(p, x, y, z, c); is equivalent to list[p].atXYZC(x, y, z, c);.
```

8.4.4.46 T& atNXYZ (const int pos, const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value)

Access to pixel value with Dirichlet boundary conditions for the three first coordinates (pos, x,y,z).

#### **Parameters**

pos	Indice of the image element to access.
X	X-coordinate of the pixel value.
У	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.
С	C-coordinate of the pixel value.
out_value	Default value returned if offset is outside image bounds.

#### Note

```
list.atNXYZ(p,x,y,z,c); is equivalent to list[p].atXYZ(x,y,z,c);.
```

8.4.4.47 T& atNXYZ (const int pos, const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c = 0)

Access to pixel value with Neumann boundary conditions for the four first coordinates (pos, x,y,z).

#### **Parameters**

pos	Indice of the image element to access.
X	X-coordinate of the pixel value.
У	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.
С	C-coordinate of the pixel value.

## Note

```
list.atNXYZ(p,x,y,z,c); is equivalent to list[p].atXYZ(x,y,z,c);.
```

8.4.4.48 T& atNXY (const int pos, const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value)

Access to pixel value with Dirichlet boundary conditions for the three first coordinates (pos, x,y).

# Parameters

noo	Indice of the image element to access
pos	Indice of the image element to access.
X	X-coordinate of the pixel value.
у	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.
С	C-coordinate of the pixel value.
out_value	Default value returned if offset is outside image bounds.

# Note

```
list.atNXYZ(p,x,y,z,c); is equivalent to list[p].atXYZ(x,y,z,c);.
```

8.4.4.49 T& atNXY (const int pos, const int x, const int y, const int z = 0, const int c = 0)

Access to pixel value with Neumann boundary conditions for the three first coordinates (pos, x, y).

pos	Indice of the image element to access.
X	X-coordinate of the pixel value.
У	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.
С	C-coordinate of the pixel value.

## Note

```
list.atNXYZ(p,x,y,z,c); is equivalent to list[p].atXYZ(x,y,z,c);.
```

8.4.4.50 T& atNX (const int pos, const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value)

Access to pixel value with Dirichlet boundary conditions for the two first coordinates (pos,x).

## **Parameters**

pos	Indice of the image element to access.
X	X-coordinate of the pixel value.
У	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.
С	C-coordinate of the pixel value.
out_value	Default value returned if offset is outside image bounds.

## Note

```
list.atNXYZ(p,x,y,z,c); is equivalent to list[p].atXYZ(x,y,z,c);.
```

8.4.4.51 T& atNX (const int pos, const int x, const int y = 0, const int z = 0, const int c = 0)

Access to pixel value with Neumann boundary conditions for the two first coordinates (pos, x).

# **Parameters**

pos	Indice of the image element to access.
X	X-coordinate of the pixel value.
у	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.
С	C-coordinate of the pixel value.

## Note

```
list.atNXYZ(p,x,y,z,c); is equivalent to list[p].atXYZ(x,y,z,c);.
```

8.4.4.52 T& atN (const int pos, const int x, const int y, const int z, const int c, const T out\_value)

Access to pixel value with Dirichlet boundary conditions for the first coordinates (pos).

pos	Indice of the image element to access.
X	X-coordinate of the pixel value.
У	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.
С	C-coordinate of the pixel value.
out_value	Default value returned if offset is outside image bounds.

Note

list.atNXYZ(p,x,y,z,c); is equivalent to list[p].atXYZ(x,y,z,c);.

8.4.4.53 T& atN (const int pos, const int x = 0, const int y = 0, const int z = 0, const int c = 0)

Return pixel value with Neumann boundary conditions for the first coordinates (pos).

#### **Parameters**

pos	Indice of the image element to access.
X	X-coordinate of the pixel value.
у	Y-coordinate of the pixel value.
Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value.
С	C-coordinate of the pixel value.

## Note

list.atNXYZ(p,x,y,z,c); is equivalent to list[p].atXYZ(x,y,z,c);.

8.4.4.54 CImg < charT > value\_string ( const char separator = ' , ' , const unsigned int max\_size = 0 ) const

Return a C-string containing the values of all images in the instance list.

## **Parameters**

separator Character separator set between consecutive pixel values.	
max_size	Maximum size of the returned string.

## Note

The result is returne as a CImg<char> image whose pixel buffer contains the desired C-string.

8.4.4.55 bool is\_sameN ( const unsigned int size\_n ) const

Test if number of image elements is equal to specified value.

## **Parameters**

size_n	Number of image elements to test.

8.4.4.56 bool is\_sameN ( const CImgList< t > & list ) const

Test if number of image elements is equal between two images lists.

## **Parameters**

list	Input list to compare with.

8.4.4.57 bool is\_sameXYZC ( const unsigned int dx, const unsigned int dy, const unsigned int dc ) const

Test if dimensions of each image of the list match specified arguments.

dx	Checked image width.	
dy	hecked image height.	
dz	Checked image depth.	
dc	Checked image spectrum.	

8.4.4.58 bool is\_sameNXYZC ( const unsigned int *n*, const unsigned int *dx*, const unsigned int *dy*, const unsigned int *dz*, const unsigned int *dc* ) const

Test if list dimensions match specified arguments.

## **Parameters**

n	Number of images in the list.	
dx	dx Checked image width.	
dy	Checked image height.	
dz	Checked image depth.	
dc	Checked image spectrum.	

8.4.4.59 bool contains NXYZC (const int n, const int x = 0, const int y = 0, const int z = 0, const int c = 0) const

Test if list contains one particular pixel location.

## **Parameters**

n Index of the image whom checked pixel value belong to.		
X	x X-coordinate of the checked pixel value.	
У	Y-coordinate of the checked pixel value.	
Z	Z-coordinate of the checked pixel value.	
С	C-coordinate of the checked pixel value.	

# 8.4.4.60 bool contains N (const int n) const

Test if list contains image with specified indice.

# Parameters

n	Index of the checked image.

# 8.4.4.61 bool contains ( const T & pixel, t & n, t & x, t & y, t & z, t & c ) const

Test if one image of the list contains the specified referenced value.

	pixel	Reference to pixel value to test.
out	n	Index of image containing the pixel value, if test succeeds.
out	X	X-coordinate of the pixel value, if test succeeds.
out	у	Y-coordinate of the pixel value, if test succeeds.
out	Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value, if test succeeds.
out	С	C-coordinate of the pixel value, if test succeeds.

Note

If true, set coordinates (n,x,y,z,c).

8.4.4.62 bool contains (const T & pixel, t & n, t & x, t & y, t & z) const

Test if one of the image list contains the specified referenced value.

## **Parameters**

	pixel	Reference to pixel value to test.
out	n	Index of image containing the pixel value, if test succeeds.
out	X	X-coordinate of the pixel value, if test succeeds.
out	у	Y-coordinate of the pixel value, if test succeeds.
out	Z	Z-coordinate of the pixel value, if test succeeds.

## Note

If true, set coordinates (n,x,y,z).

8.4.4.63 bool contains ( const T & pixel, t & n, t & x, t & y ) const

Test if one of the image list contains the specified referenced value.

## **Parameters**

	pixel	Reference to pixel value to test.
out	n	Index of image containing the pixel value, if test succeeds.
out	X	X-coordinate of the pixel value, if test succeeds.
out	У	Y-coordinate of the pixel value, if test succeeds.

# Note

If true, set coordinates (n,x,y).

8.4.4.64 bool contains ( const T & pixel, t & n, t & x ) const

Test if one of the image list contains the specified referenced value.

# Parameters

		pixel	Reference to pixel value to test.
0	ut	n	Index of image containing the pixel value, if test succeeds.
0	ut	X	X-coordinate of the pixel value, if test succeeds.

# Note

If true, set coordinates (n,x).

8.4.4.65 bool contains (const T & pixel, t & n) const

Test if one of the image list contains the specified referenced value.

		pixel	Reference to pixel value to test.
ĺ	out	n	Index of image containing the pixel value, if test succeeds.

## Note

If true, set coordinates (n).

8.4.4.66 bool contains (const T & pixel) const

Test if one of the image list contains the specified referenced value.

## **Parameters**

pixel	Reference to pixel value to test.
μ	The second to price takes to took

8.4.4.67 bool contains (const CImg< T> & img, t & n) const

Test if the list contains the image 'img'.

## **Parameters**

	img	Reference to image to test.
out	n	Index of image in the list, if test succeeds.

## Note

If true, returns the position (n) of the image in the list.

8.4.4.68 bool contains ( const CImg< T> & img ) const

Test if the list contains the image img.

# **Parameters**

img	Reference to image to test.

8.4.4.69 T& min\_max ( t & max\_val )

Return a reference to the minimum pixel value of the instance list and return the maximum vvalue as well.

## **Parameters**

out	max_val	Value of the maximum value found.

8.4.4.70 const T& min\_max ( t & max\_val ) const

Return a reference to the minimum pixel value of the instance list and return the maximum vvalue as well **[const version]**.

## **Parameters**

out	max_val	Value of the maximum value found.

## 8.4.4.71 T& max\_min ( t & min\_val )

Return a reference to the minimum pixel value of the instance list and return the minimum value as well.

## **Parameters**

out	min_val	Value of the minimum value found.

8.4.4.72 CImgList<T>& insert ( const CImg< t > & img, const unsigned int pos =  $\sim$ 0U, const bool is\_shared = false )

Insert a copy of the image img into the current image list, at position pos.

## **Parameters**

img	Image to insert a copy to the list.
pos	Index of the insertion.
is_shared	Tells if the inserted image is a shared copy of img or not.

# 8.4.4.73 CImgList<T>& insert ( const unsigned int n, const unsigned int $pos = \sim 0 \, \text{U}$ )

Insert n empty images img into the current image list, at position pos.

# **Parameters**

n	Number of empty images to insert.
pos	Index of the insertion.

# 8.4.4.74 CImgList<T>& insert ( const unsigned int n, const CImg< t> & img, const unsigned int $pos = \sim 0$ U, const bool is\_shared = false )

Insert n copies of the image img into the current image list, at position pos.

## **Parameters**

n	Number of image copies to insert.
img	Image to insert by copy.
pos	Index of the insertion.
is_shared	Tells if inserted images are shared copies of img or not.

# 8.4.4.75 CImgList<T>& insert ( const CImgList< t > & list, const unsigned int pos = $\sim$ 0U, const bool is\_shared = false )

Insert a copy of the image list list into the current image list, starting from position pos.

list	Image list to insert.
pos	Index of the insertion.
is_shared	Tells if inserted images are shared copies of images of list or not.

8.4.4.76 CImgList<T>& insert ( const unsigned int n, const CImgList< t> & list, const unsigned int  $pos = \sim 0$ U, const bool is\_shared = false )

Insert n copies of the list list at position pos of the current list.

## **Parameters**

n	Number of list copies to insert.
list	Image list to insert.
pos	Index of the insertion.
is_shared	Tells if inserted images are shared copies of images of list or not.

# 8.4.4.77 CImgList<T>& remove ( const unsigned int *pos1*, const unsigned int *pos2* )

Remove all images between from indexes.

## **Parameters**

pos1	Starting index of the removal.
pos2	Ending index of the removal.

# 8.4.4.78 CImgList<T>& remove ( const unsigned int pos )

Remove image at index pos from the image list.

## **Parameters**

nos	Index of the image to remove.
poo	madx of the image to remove.

# 8.4.4.79 ClmgList<T>& images ( const unsigned int pos0, const unsigned int pos1 )

Return a sublist.

# **Parameters**

ſ	pos0	Starting index of the sublist.
	pos1	Ending index of the sublist.

# 8.4.4.80 CImgList<T> get\_shared\_images ( const unsigned int pos0, const unsigned int pos1 )

Return a shared sublist.

## **Parameters**

pos0	Starting index of the sublist.
pos1	Ending index of the sublist.

# 8.4.4.81 CImg<T> get\_append ( const char axis, const float align = 0 ) const

Return a single image which is the appending of all images of the current ClmgList instance.

# Parameters

axis	Appending axis. Can be { 'x'   'y'   'z'   'c' }.
align	Appending alignment.

# 8.4.4.82 CImgList<T>& split ( const char axis, const int nb = 0 )

Return a list where each image has been split along the specified axis.

axis	Axis to split images along.
nb	Number of spliting parts for each image.

# 8.4.4.83 ClmgList<T>& push\_back ( const Clmg< t> & img )

Insert image at the end of the list.

## **Parameters**

img	Image to insert.

# 8.4.4.84 ClmgList<T>& push\_front ( const Clmg< t> & img )

Insert image at the front of the list.

## **Parameters**

img	Image to insert.

# 8.4.4.85 ClmgList<T>& push\_back ( const ClmgList< t> & *list* )

Insert list at the end of the current list.

# **Parameters**

list	List to insert.

# 8.4.4.86 ClmgList<T>& push\_front ( const ClmgList< t> & *list* )

Insert list at the front of the current list.

# Parameters

list	List to insert.

# 8.4.4.87 ClmgList<T>& erase ( const iterator iter )

Remove image pointed by iterator.

## **Parameters**

iter	Iterator pointing to the image to remove.

# 8.4.4.88 CImg<intT> get\_select ( CImgDisplay & disp, const bool feature\_type = true, const char axis = ' $\times$ ', const float align = 0 ) const

Display a simple interactive interface to select images or sublists.

disp	Window instance to display selection and user interface.
feature_type	Can be false to select a single image, or true to select a sublist.
axis	Axis along whom images are appended for visualization.
align	Alignment setting when images have not all the same size.

## Returns

A one-column vector containing the selected image indexes.

8.4.4.89 CImg<intT> get\_select ( const char \* const title, const bool feature\_type = true, const char axis = ' x', const float align = 0 ) const

Display a simple interactive interface to select images or sublists.

#### **Parameters**

title	Title of a new window used to display selection and user interface.
feature_type	Can be false to select a single image, or true to select a sublist.
axis	Axis along whom images are appended for visualization.
align	Alignment setting when images have not all the same size.

## Returns

A one-column vector containing the selected image indexes.

8.4.4.90 ClmgList<T>& load ( const char \*const filename )

Load a list from a file.

# **Parameters**

_		
	filename	Filename to read data from.

8.4.4.91 CImgList<T>& load\_cimg ( const char \*const filename )

Load a list from a .cimg file.

# **Parameters**

filename   Filename to read data from.	
--	--

8.4.4.92 ClmgList<T>& load\_cimg ( std::FILE \*const file )

Load a list from a .cimg file.

## **Parameters**

file	File to read data from.
------	-------------------------

8.4.4.93 CImgList<T>& load\_cimg ( const char \*const *filename*, const unsigned int *n0*, const unsigned int *n1*, const unsigned int *x0*, const unsigned int *y0*, const unsigned int *z0*, const unsigned int *c0*, const unsigned int *x1*, const unsigned int *z1*, const unsigned int *z1* )

Load a sublist list from a (non compressed) .cimg file.

filename	Filename to read data from.	
<i>n0</i> Starting index of images to read ( $\sim$ 0U for max).		
<i>n1</i> Ending index of images to read ( $\sim$ 0U for max).		
x0	Starting X-coordinates of image regions to read.	
y0	Starting Y-coordinates of image regions to read.	
z0	Starting Z-coordinates of image regions to read.	
c0 Starting C-coordinates of image regions to read.		
x1	Ending X-coordinates of image regions to read (~0U for max).	
y1	Ending Y-coordinates of image regions to read ( $\sim$ 0U for max).	
z1	Ending Z-coordinates of image regions to read ( $\sim$ 0U for max).	
c1	Ending C-coordinates of image regions to read ( $\sim$ 0U for max).	

8.4.4.94 ClmgList<T>& load\_parrec ( const char \*const filename )

Load a list from a PAR/REC (Philips) file.

## **Parameters**

filename	Filename to read data from.

8.4.4.95 CImgList<T>& load\_yuv ( const char \*const *filename*, const unsigned int *size\_x*, const unsigned int *size\_y*, const unsigned int *first\_frame* = 0, const unsigned int *last\_frame* = ~0U, const unsigned int *step\_frame* = 1, const bool yuv2rgb = true)

Load a list from a YUV image sequence file.

# **Parameters**

filename	Filename to read data from.	
size_x	size_x Width of the images.	
size_y	Height of the images.	
first_frame	Index of first image frame to read.	
last_frame Index of last image frame to read.		
step_frame Step applied between each frame.		
yuv2rgb Apply YUV to RGB transformation during reading.		

8.4.4.96 CImgList<T>& load\_ffmpeg ( const char \*const filename, const unsigned int first\_frame = 0, const unsigned int last\_frame =  $\sim$ 0U, const unsigned int step\_frame = 1, const bool pixel\_format = true, const bool resume = false)

Load an image from a video file, using ffmpeg libraries.

filename	Filename, as a C-string.	
first_frame	first_frame Index of the first frame to read.	
last_frame	Index of the last frame to read.	
step_frame	Step value for frame reading.	
pixel_format To be documented.		

resume	lo be documented	

8.4.4.97 CImgList<T>& load\_ffmpeg\_external ( const char \*const filename )

Load an image from a video file using the external tool 'ffmpeg'.

**Parameters** 

filename	Filename to read data from.
----------	-----------------------------

8.4.4.98 CImgList<T>& load\_gif\_external ( const char \*const filename )

Load gif file, using ImageMagick or GraphicsMagick's external tools.

## **Parameters**

filename	filename   Filename to read data from.	
use	Tells if GraphicsMagick's tool 'gm' is used instead of ImageMagick's tool 'convert'.	
graphicsmagick		

8.4.4.99 CImgList<T>& load\_gzip\_external ( const char \*const filename )

Load a gzipped list, using external tool 'gunzip'.

## **Parameters**

filename Filename to read data from.	
--------------------------------------	--

8.4.4.100 CImgList<T>& load\_off ( const char \*const filename, CImgList< tf > & primitives, CImgList< tc > & colors )

Load a 3d object from a .OFF file.

# **Parameters**

	filename	Filename to read data from.
out	primitives	At return, contains the list of 3d object primitives.
out	colors	At return, contains the list of 3d object colors.

## Returns

List of 3d object vertices.

8.4.4.101 CImgList<T>& load\_tiff ( const char \*const filename, const unsigned int first\_frame = 0, const unsigned int last\_frame =  $\sim$ 0U, const unsigned int step\_frame = 1)

Load images from a TIFF file.

filename	Filename to read data from.
first_frame	Index of first image frame to read.
last_frame	Index of last image frame to read.
step_frame	Step applied between each frame.

8.4.4.102 const ClmgList<T>& print ( const char \*const title = 0, const bool display\_stats = true ) const

Print informations about the list on the standard output.

## **Parameters**

title	Label set to the informations displayed.
display_stats	Tells if image statistics must be computed and displayed.

8.4.4.103 const ClmgList<T>& display ( ClmgDisplay & disp, const char axis = '  $\times$ ', const float align = 0 ) const

Display the current ClmgList instance in an existing ClmgDisplay window (by reference).

## **Parameters**

disp	Reference to an existing ClmgDisplay instance, where the current image list will be displayed.
axis	Appending axis. Can be { 'x'   'y'   'z'   'c' }.
align	Appending alignmenet.

## Note

This function displays the list images of the current ClmgList instance into an existing ClmgDisplay window. Images of the list are appended in a single temporarly image for visualization purposes. The function returns immediately.

8.4.4.104 const CImgList<T>& display ( CImgDisplay & disp, const bool display\_info, const char axis = ' x', const float align = 0, unsigned int \*const XYZ = 0 ) const

Display the current ClmgList instance in a new display window.

## **Parameters**

disp	Display window.
display_info	Tells if image informations are displayed on the standard output.
axis	Alignment axis for images viewing.
align	Apending alignment.

## Note

This function opens a new window with a specific title and displays the list images of the current ClmgList instance into it. Images of the list are appended in a single temporarly image for visualization purposes. The function returns when a key is pressed or the display window is closed by the user.

8.4.4.105 const CImgList<T>& display ( const char \*const *title* = 0, const bool *display\_info* = true, const char *axis* = 'x', const float *align* = 0, unsigned int \*const *XYZ* = 0 ) const

Display the current ClmgList instance in a new display window.

## **Parameters**

title	Title of the opening display window.
display_info	Tells if list informations must be written on standard output.
axis	Appending axis. Can be { 'x'   'y'   'z'   'c' }.
align	Appending alignment.

8.4.4.106 const CImgList<T>& save ( const char \*const filename, const int number = -1, const unsigned int digits = 6 ) const

Save list into a file.

## **Parameters**

filename	Filename to write data to.
number	When positive, represents an index added to the filename. Otherwise, no number is added.
digits	Number of digits used for adding the number to the filename.

8.4.4.107 static bool is\_saveable ( const char \*const filename ) [static]

Tell if an image list can be saved as one single file.

## **Parameters**

filename	Filename, as a C-string.

## Returns

true if the file format supports multiple images, false otherwise.

8.4.4.108 const CImgList<T>& save\_gif\_external ( const char \*const filename, const unsigned int fps = 25, const unsigned int nb\_loops = 0 )

Save image sequence as a GIF animated file.

# Parameters

filename	Filename to write data to.
fps	Number of desired frames per second.
nb_loops	Number of loops (0 for infinite looping).

8.4.4.109 const CImgList<T>& save\_ffmpeg ( const char \*const filename, const unsigned int fps = 25, const unsigned int bitrate = 2048) const

Save image sequence, using FFMPEG library.

## **Parameters**

filename	Filename to write data to.
fps	Desired framerate (in frames per seconds) if chosen format supports it.
bitrate	Desired bitrate (in bits per seconds) if chosen format supports it.

8.4.4.110 const ClmgList<T>& save\_yuv ( const char \*const filename = 0, const bool is\_rgb = true ) const

Save list as a YUV image sequence file.

filename	Filename to write data to.
is_rgb	Tells if the RGB to YUV conversion must be done for saving.

8.4.4.111 const ClmgList<T>& save\_yuv ( std::FILE \*const file, const bool is\_rgb = true ) const

Save image sequence into a YUV file.

## **Parameters**

file	File to write data to.
is_rgb	Tells if the RGB to YUV conversion must be done for saving.

8.4.4.112 const ClmgList<T>& save\_cimg ( const char \*const filename, const bool is\_compressed = false ) const

Save list into a .cimg file.

## **Parameters**

filename	Filename to write data to.
is_compressed	Tells if data compression must be enabled.

8.4.4.113 const ClmgList<T>& save\_cimg ( std::FILE \* file, const bool is\_compressed = false ) const

Save list into a .cimg file.

# **Parameters**

file	File to write data to.
is_compressed	Tells if data compression must be enabled.

8.4.4.114 const CImgList<T>& save\_cimg ( const char \*const *filename*, const unsigned int *n0*, const unsigned int *x0*, const unsigned int *y0*, const unsigned int *z0*, const unsigned int *c0* ) const

Insert the image instance into into an existing .cimg file, at specified coordinates.

## **Parameters**

filename	Filename to write data to.
n0	Starting index of images to write.
x0	Starting X-coordinates of image regions to write.
y0	Starting Y-coordinates of image regions to write.
z0	Starting Z-coordinates of image regions to write.
c0	Starting C-coordinates of image regions to write.

8.4.4.115 const CImgList<T>& save\_cimg ( std::FILE \*const file, const unsigned int n0, const unsigned int x0, const unsigned int z0, const unsigned int c0 ) const

Insert the image instance into into an existing .cimg file, at specified coordinates.

## **Parameters**

file	File to write data to.
n0	Starting index of images to write.
x0	Starting X-coordinates of image regions to write.
y0	Starting Y-coordinates of image regions to write.
z0	Starting Z-coordinates of image regions to write.
c0	Starting C-coordinates of image regions to write.

8.4.4.116 static void save\_empty\_cimg ( const char \*const filename, const unsigned int dx, const unsigned int dy = 1, const unsigned int dz = 1, const unsigned int dz = 1) [static]

Save empty (non-compressed) .cimg file with specified dimensions.

## **Parameters**

filename	Filename to write data to.
nb	Number of images to write.
dx	Width of images in the written file.
dy	Height of images in the written file.
dz	Depth of images in the written file.
dc	Spectrum of images in the written file.

8.4.4.117 static void save\_empty\_cimg ( std::FILE \*const file, const unsigned int nb, const unsigned int dx, const unsigned int dz = 1, const unsigned int dc = 1) [static]

Save empty .cimg file with specified dimensions.

# **Parameters**

file	File to write data to.
nb	Number of images to write.
dx	Width of images in the written file.
dy	Height of images in the written file.
dz	Depth of images in the written file.
dc	Spectrum of images in the written file.

8.4.4.118 const CImgList<T>& save\_tiff ( const char \*const filename, const unsigned int compression\_type = 0 ) const

Save list as a TIFF file.

## **Parameters**

filename	Filename to write data to.
compression	Compression mode used to write data.
type	

8.4.4.119 const ClmgList<T>& save\_gzip\_external ( const char \*const filename ) const

Save list as a gzipped file, using external tool 'gzip'.

filename	Filename to write data to.
----------	----------------------------

8.4.4.120 const CImgList<T>& save\_ffmpeg\_external ( const char \*const *filename*, const char \*const *codec* = 0, const unsigned int *fps* = 25, const unsigned int *bitrate* = 2048 ) const

Save image sequence, using the external tool 'ffmpeg'.

# **Parameters**

filename	Filename to write data to.
codec	Type of compression.
fps	Number of frames per second.
bitrate	Output bitrate

**8.4.4.121** static const ClmgList<ucharT>& font ( const unsigned int *font\_height*, const bool *is\_variable\_width* = true ) [static]

Return a Clmg pre-defined font with desired size.

## **Parameters**

font_height	Height of the desired font (exact match for 13,23,53,103).
is_variable	Decide if the font has a variable (true) or fixed (false) width.
width	

8.4.4.122 ClmgList<T>& FFT ( const char axis, const bool invert = false )

Compute a 1d Fast Fourier Transform, along specified axis.

# Parameters

axis	Axis along which the Fourier transform is computed.
invert	Tells if the direct (false) or inverse transform (true) is computed.

8.4.4.123 ClmgList<T>& FFT ( const bool invert = false )

Compute a n-d Fast Fourier Transform.

invert	Tells if the direct (false) or inverse transform (true) is computed.

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