

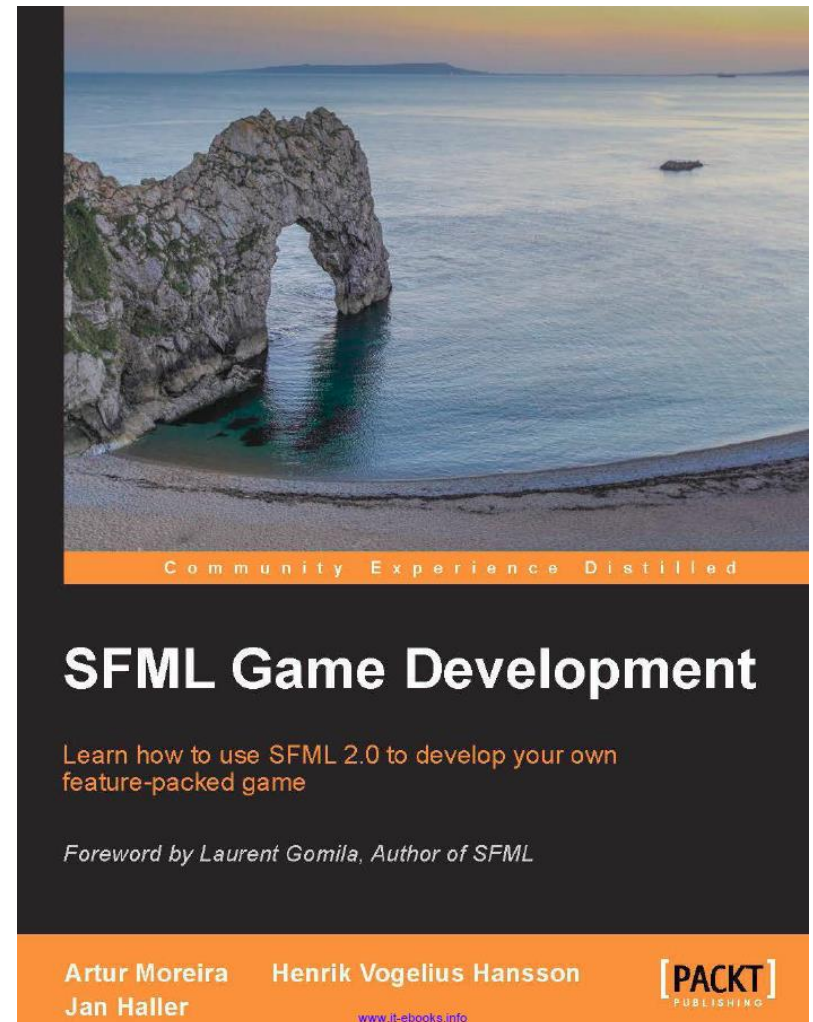
Week 1

Introduction to SFML

Instructor: Hooman Salamat

Textbook

- SFML Game Development
- Google it
- <https://www.packtpub.com/game-development/sfml-game-development>
- Source code on packtpub



Objectives

- Be introduced to SFML or Simple and Fast Multimedia Library, which is a C++ framework
- Learn how to download and install SFML
- Explore an example and see the format of an SFML program
- Examine the Game class of an SFML program

SFML Tutorials

- Before we begin, here is a link to the main SFML tutorial site:
 - <http://www.sfml-dev.org/tutorials/2.4/>
- Here you can also learn how to setup SFML for your version of Visual Studio – which we will go through in detail this week
- <http://sfml-hooman.blogspot.ca/2017/12/setting-up-sfml-242-in-visual-studio.html>

SFML and Visual Studio

- Here is a direct link to the Visual Studio page:
 - <http://www.sfml-dev.org/tutorials/2.4/start-vc.php>

Visual Studio Tips!

- If you choose to link the dynamic libraries, i.e.: *sfml-graphics.lib*, *sfml-window.lib* and *sfml-system.lib*, for **Release** or... *sfml-graphics-d.lib*, *sfml-window-d.lib* and *sfml-system-d.lib* for **Debug**...
 - Do NOT add SFML_STATIC to the Preprocessor section
 - Remember to copy and paste the appropriate DLLs from bin to the same folder as your new .exe!
- You can use `main()` instead of `WinMain()` even after choosing a Windows Application by including the appropriate *sfml-main.lib* or *sfml-main-d.lib* in the Linker->Input

Intro to SFML

- SFML is a library which adds multimedia content to your programs built in C++
- Five modules:
 - System
 - Window
 - Graphics
 - Audio
 - Network
- We'll start the course off by working with the first three for a few weeks

System Module

- The system is the core module
 - All other modules are built upon it
- It provides vector classes (2D and 3D), clocks, threads, Unicode strings and other things
- To use in your program:
 - Include `sfml-system.lib` in your Linker->Input
 - Or `sfml-system-d.lib` for Debug configuration

Window Module

- This module allows you to create application windows as well as collecting user input, such as mouse movement or key presses
 - You've seen Windows Application in Visual Studio before, but thus far your programs have been exclusively Console Applications
- To use in your program:
 - Include `sfml-window.lib` in your Linker->Input
 - Or `sfml-window-d.lib` for Debug configuration

Graphics Module

- The Graphics module allows you to include all functionality related to 2D rendering
 - Using images, texts, shapes and colors
- To use in your program:
 - Include `sfml-graphics.lib` in your Linker->Input
 - Or `sfml-graphics-d.lib` for Debug configuration

Audio Module

- The Audio module is, of course, provided so that you can add sounds to your game
 - Covers sound effects and music tracks
- To use in your program:
 - Include `sfml-audio.lib` in your Linker->Input
 - Or `sfml-audio-d.lib` for Debug configuration

Network Module

- Yes! SFML has a Network module that will allow you to setup multiplayer games
 - Includes everything you need to communicate over a LAN or the Internet using protocols such as HTTP and FTP
- And yes, we will be covering that in this course!
- To use in your program:
 - Include sfml-network.lib in your Linker->Input
 - Or sfml-network-d.lib for Debug configuration

SFML "Hello World"

```
#include <SFML/Graphics.hpp>

int main()
{
    sf::RenderWindow window(sf::VideoMode(200, 200), "Hello World!");
    sf::CircleShape shape(100.f);
    shape.setFillColor(sf::Color::Green);

    while (window.isOpen())
    {
        sf::Event event;
        while (window.pollEvent(event))
        {
            if (event.type == sf::Event::Closed)
                window.close();
        }

        window.clear();
        window.draw(shape);
        window.display();
    }

    return 0;
}
```

Tips for Good Coding

- By this point, you should know how to code efficiently and use object-oriented features
- But let's reiterate some good concepts:
- Modularity
 - Keep your code separated into small pieces that perform a particular function
 - Separated into headers and implementation files
 - This will allow you to reuse that code easily, not only in the current program but other programs as well

Tips for Good Coding (cont'd.)

■ Abstraction

- Encapsulate functionality into classes and functions
- This will prevent code duplications
- Functions go way back to first term

■ Consistency

- Choose your coding style and stick to it so that it can be read easily and is more professional
- Usually, this refers to how you use whitespace
- Also how you use body braces, i.e.: { }

Abstraction into Practice

- To get you more familiar with SFML, we're going to take a minimal example on the next slide and convert the code into a class
- Through this, you should be able to see how we can break down the functionality into pieces and demonstrate how those pieces work together
- So let's get started!

Minimal Example

```
#include <SFML/Graphics.hpp>

int main()
{
    sf::RenderWindow window(sf::VideoMode(640, 480), "SFML Application");
    sf::CircleShape shape;
    shape.setRadius(40.f);
    shape.setPosition(100.f, 100.f);
    shape.setFillColor(sf::Color::Cyan);
    while (window.isOpen())
    {
        sf::Event event;
        while (window.pollEvent(event))
        {
            if (event.type == sf::Event::Closed)
                window.close();
        }
        window.clear();
        window.draw(shape);
        window.display();
    }
}
```

Game Class

```
class Game
{
    public:
        Game();
        void run();
    private:
        void processEvents();
        void update();
        void render();
    private:
        sf::RenderWindow mWindow;
        sf::CircleShape mPlayer;
};

int main()
{
    Game game;
    game.run();
}
```

Game Implementation

```
Game::Game()
: mWindow(sf::VideoMode(640, 480), "SFML Application"), mPlayer()
{
    mPlayer.setRadius(40.f);
    mPlayer.setPosition(100.f, 100.f);
    mPlayer.setFillColor(sf::Color::Cyan);
}

void Game::run()
{
    while (mWindow.isOpen())
    {
        processEvents();
        update();
        render();
    }
}
```

Game Implementation (cont'd.)

```
void Game::processEvents()
{
    sf::Event event;
    while (mWindow.pollEvent(event))
    {
        if (event.type == sf::Event::Closed)
            mWindow.close();
    }
}

void Game::update()
{
}
```

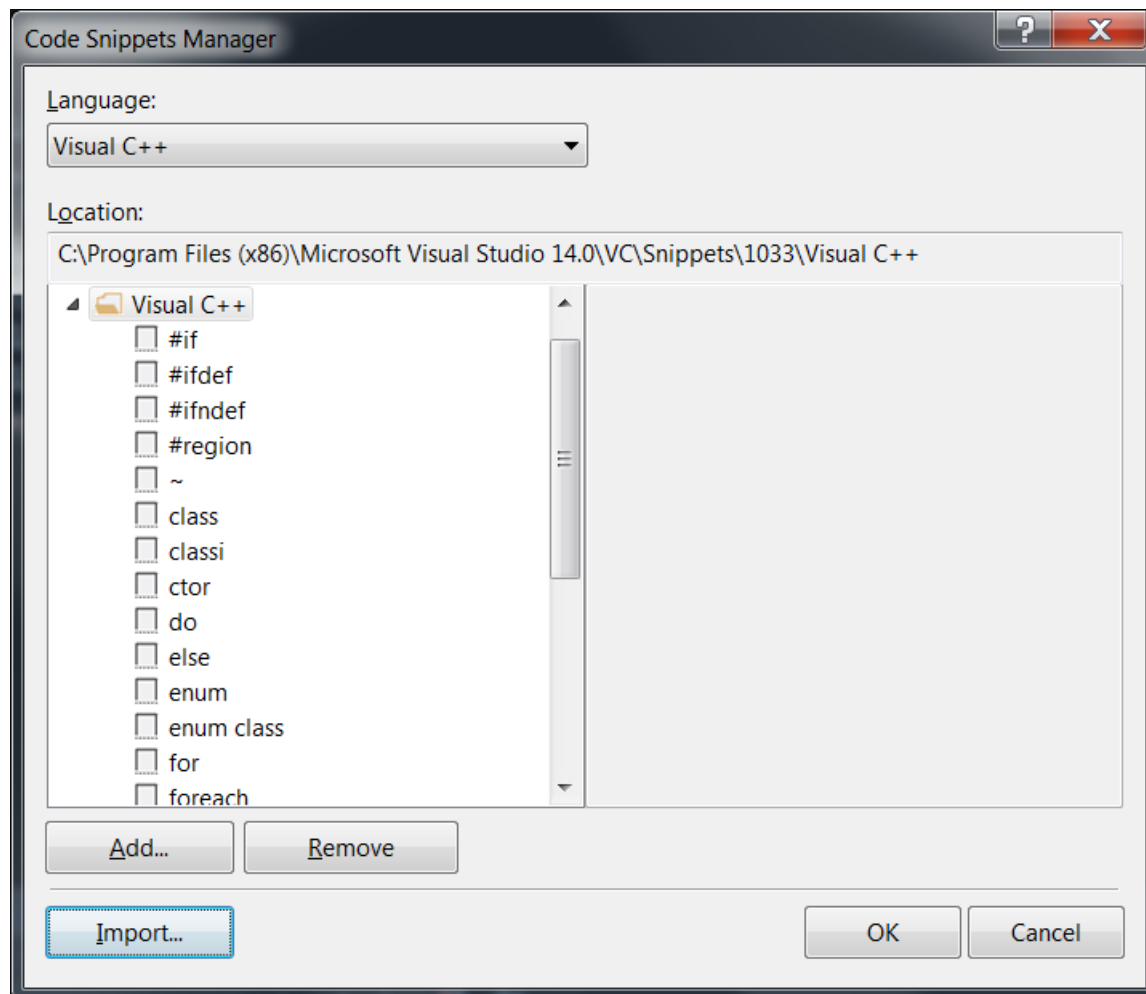
Appendix A – Code Snippet

- Templates you use to insert code
 - Speed up entry of common code constructs
- Named with a short alias
- Activate by either typing the alias, pressing the **Tab** key twice, or using IntelliSense menu to insert the code snippet
 - Pressing **Ctrl+K+X** activates the code snippet list
- Pressing **Tab** twice after selecting the item alias inserts the code snippet text

Code Snippet

- Code snippets are XML files
- Can create your own code snippets
- File needs to end with .snippet filename extension
- You can see all the code snippets that are currently installed, plus their location on disk, by clicking **Tools/Code Snippets Manager**. Snippets are displayed by language.
- You can add and remove snippet directories with the **Add** and **Remove** buttons in the **Code Snippets Manager** dialog. To add individual code snippets, use the **Import** button.

Code Snippet Manager



Code Snippet Template

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
```

```
<CodeSnippets
```

```
  xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/VisualStudio/2005/CodeSnippet">
```

```
    <CodeSnippet Format="1.0.0">
```

```
      <Header>
```

```
        <Title></Title>
```

```
      </Header>
```

```
      <Snippet>
```

```
        <Code Language="">
```

```
          <![CDATA[]]>
```

```
        </Code>
```

```
      </Snippet>
```

```
    </CodeSnippet>
```

```
</CodeSnippets>
```


Code Snippets

- All the existing snippets for VS2015 are under
C:\Program Files (x86)\Microsoft Visual
Studio 14.0\VC\Snippets\1033\Visual C++\
- C:\Program Files (x86)\Microsoft Visual
Studio\2017\Community\Xml\1033\Snippets

Mycpp.snippet

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
<CodeSnippets xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/VisualStudio/2005/CodeSnippet">
  <CodeSnippet Format="1.0.0">
    <Header>
      <Title>test1</Title>
      <Shortcut>test1</Shortcut>
      <Description>Code snippet for 'test1'</Description>
      <Author>Hooman Salamat</Author>
    </Header>
    <Snippet>
      <Code Language="cpp"><![CDATA[Console.WriteLine("Hello, World!")]]>
    </Code>
  </Snippet>
</CodeSnippet>
<CodeSnippet Format="1.0.0">
  <Header>
    <Title>test2</Title>
    <Shortcut>test2</Shortcut>
    <Description>Code snippet for 'test2'</Description>
    <Author>Hooman Salamat</Author>
  </Header>
  <Snippet>
    <Code Language="cpp"><![CDATA[Console.WriteLine("Bye, World!")]]>
  </Code>
</Snippet>
</CodeSnippet>
</CodeSnippets>
```