

GATE 2023 Computer Science and Information Technology(CS)

November 10, 2023

1. Consider the given C-code and its corresponding assembly code, with a few operands U1-U4 being unknown. Some useful information as well as the semantics of each unique assembly instruction is annotated as inline comments in the code.

//C-code	;assembly-code (; indicates comments)
	;r1-r5 are 32-bit integer registers
	;initialize r1=0, r2=10
	;initialize r3, r4 with base address of a, b
int a[10], b[10], i;	
// int is 32-bit	
for (i=0; i<10;i++)	L01: jeq r1, r2, end ;if(r1==r2) goto end
a[i] = b[i] * 8;	L02: lw r5, 0(r4) ;r5 <- Memory[r4+0]
	L03: shl r5, r5, U1 ;r5 <- r5 << U1
	L04: sw r5, 0(r3) ;Memory[r3+0] <- r5
	L05: add r3, r3, U2 ;r3 <- r3+U2
	L06: add r4, r4, U3
	L07: add r1, r1, 1
	L08: jmp U4 ;goto U4
	L09: end

Figure 1: code

Which one of the following options is a CORRECT replacement for operands in the position (U1,U2,U3,U4) in the above assembly code?

- (a) (8,4,1,L02)
- (b) (3,4,4,L01)

(c) (8,1,1,L02)

(d) (3,1,1,L01)