Lecture 05

Lect. PhD. Arthur Molnar

Modular

Introduction
Python Modules
Python Packages
Modular
programming in

Modular Programming

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Overview

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- Introduction
- Python Modules
- Python Packages
- Modular programming in Assignment 4

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Modular programming - a software design technique that increases the extent to which software is composed of independent, interchangeable components called **modules**, each of which accomplishes one aspect within the program and contains everything necessary to accomplish this.

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Modules are:

- Independent
- Interchangeable

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Discussion

Why is modular programming needed? Advantages and drawbacks...

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- Allows grouping related functionalities
- Allows easier delivery and deployment of related functionalities
- Helps with solving naming conflicts

Modules in Python

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A Python module¹ - a file containing Python statements and definitions (executable statements).

- Name: The file name is the module name with the suffix ".py" appended
- **Docstring**: triple-quoted module doc string that defines the contents of the module file. Provide summary of the module and a description about the module's contents, purpose and usage.
- Executable statements: function definitions, module variables, initialization code

¹https://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/modules.html → ⟨ ≧ → ⟨ ≧ → ⟨ ≥ → ⟨ ○ ⟩

Importing modules

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In order to use a module it must be imported first. The import statement:

- Searches the global namespace for the module. If the module exists, it is already imported and nothing more needs to be done.
- 2 Searches for the module.
- 3 Variables and functions defined in the module are inserted into a new symbol table (a new namespace). Only the module name is added to the current symbol table

Module search path

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Python Modules

Where does the 'import spam' statement search for module spam.py?

- Built-in modules with the given name
- Directories in the sys.path variable:
 - Directory containing the input script
 - Directories specified by environment variable

PHYTONPATH

Directories specified by the environment variable **PYTHONHOME**, an installation-dependent default path

If the module name can't be found anywhere, an **ImportError** exception is raised.

Demo

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Modules

 $ex09_modules.zip$

Demo

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Environment Variables

This website has more info on accessing and changing environment variables in the Windows OS - www.computerhope.com/issues/ch000549.htm

Learning more about modules

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- dir(module_name) can be used to examine the module's symbol tables.
- help(module_name) can be used to get help on the module, its data types and functions.
- pydoc A module that allows you to save extracted documentation to HTML format. Best used in command line at the operating system prompt.

Packages

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- Packages² are a way of structuring Python's module namespace by using "dotted module names"
- **A.B** denotes submodule **B** found in package **A**.
- The same rules apply for importing packages as with modules
- On the drive, directory hierarchies represent packages, so
 B.py will be found in a directory called A
- Each package directory contains an __init__.py file, telling Python to interpret it as a collection of modules
- __init__.py can be empty, or include package initialization code.

²https://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/modules.html#packages

Required modules for Assignment 4

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Create modules for:

- User interface Functions related to user interaction. Contains input and data validation, print operations. This is the only module where input/print operations are present.
- **Functions** Contains functions required to implement program features
- **Domain** Create and manage expenses, transactions, numbers (e.g. the **problem domain**).

Demo

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Code review

The code in the following archive is a modular implementation of the calculator program for rational numbers: ex10_calculatorModular.zip