

Seminar 7

1. Determine a basis and the dimension of the following subspaces of the real vector space \mathbb{R}^3 :

$$A = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid z = 0\}$$

$$B = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid x + y + z = 0\}$$

$$C = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid x = y = z\}.$$

2. Let K be a field and $S = \{(x_1, \dots, x_n) \in K^n \mid x_1 + \dots + x_n = 0\}$.

(i) Prove that S is a subspace of the canonical vector space K^n over K .

(ii) Determine a basis and the dimension of S .

3. Determine a basis and the dimensions of the vector spaces \mathbb{C} over \mathbb{C} and \mathbb{C} over \mathbb{R} . Prove that the set $\{1, i\}$ is linearly dependent in the vector space \mathbb{C} over \mathbb{C} and linearly independent in the vector space \mathbb{C} over \mathbb{R} .

4. Let $f : \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ be defined by $f(x, y, z) = (y, -x)$. Prove that f is an \mathbb{R} -linear map and determine a basis and the dimension of $\text{Ker } f$ and $\text{Im } f$.

5. Let $f \in \text{End}_{\mathbb{R}}(\mathbb{R}^3)$ be defined by $f(x, y, z) = (-y + 5z, x, y - 5z)$. Determine a basis and the dimension of $\text{Ker } f$ and $\text{Im } f$.

6. Complete the bases of the subspaces from Exercise 1. to some bases of the real vector space \mathbb{R}^3 over \mathbb{R} .

7. Determine a complement for the following subspaces:

(i) $A = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid x + 2y + 3z = 0\}$ in the real vector space \mathbb{R}^3 ;

(ii) $B = \{aX + bX^3 \mid a, b \in \mathbb{R}\}$ in the real vector space $\mathbb{R}_3[X]$.

8. Let V be a vector space over K and let S, T and U be subspaces of V such that $\dim(S \cap U) = \dim(T \cap U)$ and $\dim(S + U) = \dim(T + U)$. Prove that if $S \subseteq T$, then $S = T$.

9. Consider the subspaces

$$S = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid x = 0\},$$

$$T = \langle (0, 1, 1), (1, 1, 0) \rangle$$

of the real vector space \mathbb{R}^3 . Determine $S \cap T$ and show that $S + T = \mathbb{R}^3$.

10. Determine the dimensions of the subspaces $S, T, S + T$ and $S \cap T$ of the real vector space $M_2(\mathbb{R})$, where

$$S = \left\langle \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\rangle, \quad T = \left\langle \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\rangle.$$