Study Guide for Midterm 1

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Instructions: Work each problem *before* checking your answer with the key (to follow on Moodle).

1 Memory Bank

- 1. $m = \rho V$... Mass is the density times the volume
- 2. $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$... The volume of a sphere
- 3. $\vec{F} = k \frac{q_1 q_2}{r^2} \hat{r}$... Coulomb Force
- 4. $k = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N C}^{-2} \text{ m}^2 \dots \text{ Remember } k = 1/(4\pi\epsilon_0).$
- 5. $q_e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$... Charge of an electron/proton
- 6. Atomic mass: the number of grams per mole of a substance
- 7. $N_A = 6.03 \times 10^{23}$... Avagadro's number
- 8. $\vec{F} = q\vec{E}$... Electric field and charge
- 9. $\vec{E}(z) = \frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0} \hat{z}$... Electric field of two oppositely charge planes each with charge density σ
- 10. $\epsilon_0 \approx 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ F/m}$
- 11. $U = q\Delta V$... Potential energy and voltage
- 12. 1 eV: an electron-Volt is the amount of energy one electron gains through 1 V.
- 13. $V(r) = k \frac{q}{r}$... Voltage of a point charge
- 14. $\vec{E} = -\frac{\Delta V}{\Delta x}$... E-field is the slope or change in voltage with respect to distance
- 15. $V(x) = -Ex + V_0$... Voltage is linear between two charge planes
- 16. Q = CV ... Definition of capacitance
- 17. $C = \frac{\epsilon_0 A}{d}$... Capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor
- 18. $C_{tot}^{-1} = C_1^{-1} + C_2^{-2}$... Adding two capacitors in series.
- 19. $C_{tot} = C_1 + C_2$... Adding two capacitors in parallel.

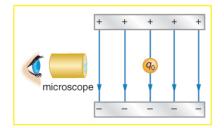


Figure 1: The classic Millikan oil drop experiment was a measurement of the charge of an electron.

2 Electric Charge and Electric Fields

- 1. (a) A certain lightning bolt moves 40.0 C of charge. To how many electrons does this correspond? (b) Suppose a speck of dust in an oil drop experiment 1 has 10¹² protons in it and has a net charge of -5.00 nC (a very large charge for a small speck). How many electrons does it have?
- 2. (a) Two charges exert $F_{\rm C} = 5.00$ N of force on each other. What will $F_{\rm C}$ be if the distance between them triples?
 - (b) If one charge is 1 nC, and the other is 2 nC, what is the distance between them if $F_{\rm C} = 5.00$ N?
- 3. The classic Millikan oil drop experiment was the first to measure accurately the electron charge. Oil drops were suspended against the gravitational force by a vertical electric field. (See Fig. 1.) The drops have radius $1.0\mu m$, and a density of 920 kg/m³. (a) Find the weight of the drop. (b) If the drop has a single excess electron, find the electric field strength needed to balance its weight.
- 4. Suppose two positive, identical charges are located a distance d apart. (a) Sketch the electric field below. (b) Sketch the electric field if instead one of the charges is negative.

5. Suppose three electrons are arranged in an equilateral triangle 0.1 nm on a side (see Fig. 2). (a) What is the electric field **vector** at the location of the top charge? (b) Where is the electric field zero?

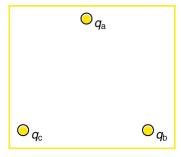


Figure 2: An equilateral triangle, 0.1 nm on a side (internal angles are 60 degrees).

¹A great paper topic, by the way: the Millikan oil drop experiment.

3 Potential Energy and Voltage

- 1. What is the electric field across an 10.00 nm thick membrane if (a) the voltage across it is 50 mV? You may assume a uniform electric field. (b) Suppose this cell membrane is part of a nerve cell. How much energy would an electron gain if dropped through the 50 mV voltage and accelerated across the cell freely? Express your anser in electron-Volts (eV).
- 2. Think back to the PhET simulations of parallel lines of charge. Suppose a parallel plate capacitor is formed from a positive plate and a negative plate of charge. The plates' areas A are the same, and the plates' charges $(\pm Q)$, and charge densities $(\pm Q/A = \pm \sigma)$ are the same as well. (a) Write the expression for the electric field between the plates? (b) Suppose Q = 1 nC, and A = 10 mm². What is the value of the electric field between the plates? (c) Suppose 0 volts corresponds to the location of the negative plate. Draw the voltage as a function of distance between the plates. (d) What is the voltage near the positive plate, if the plates are are separated by a distance d = 1 mm?

4 Capacitors

- 1. What is the capacitance of the capacitor in the previous problem?
- 2. (a) Consider the same capacitor again, and suppose a second identical capacitor is connected *in parallel* with it. What is the total capacitance? (b) How much charge would the pair of capacitors store if the voltage across them was 5 volts?
- 3. How much energy in Joules would this charge have if it was all put to work?