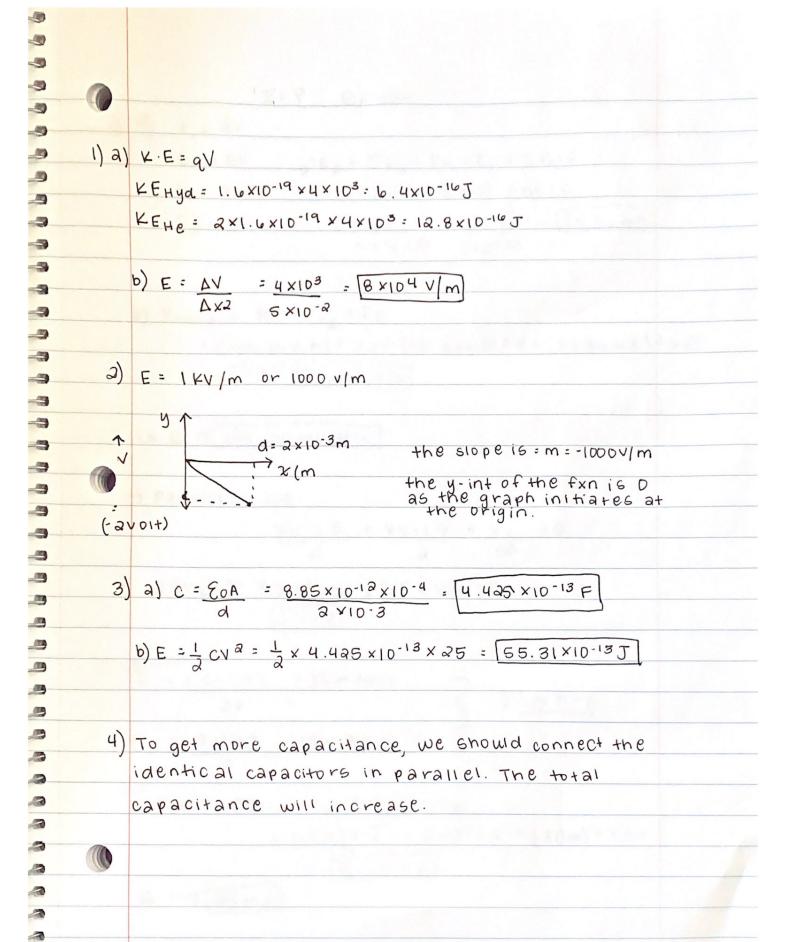
## midtern

-3

1) a) 
$$E = \frac{1}{4\pi E_0} \frac{q_1}{ra} \frac{Q}{E} = 1 \text{ mm}$$
  
 $E = 2 \times 10^{-3}$ 

$$E = 2 \times 10^{-3} \times 10^{-6} \cdot \frac{1}{25 \times 10^{-6}} \longrightarrow \boxed{8 \times 10^{-5} \frac{\vee}{c}}$$

$$3 \text{ MC} \rightarrow = E = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon} \left\{ \frac{3 \times 10^{-6}}{\epsilon a} \right\}$$



```
7 7 7 9 9 9
                       I= P R= 50r
         1) a) r = 2r
             E_1=1.5V \rightarrow^-E_2+Ir_2+Ir_1-E_1+IR=0
               ra= 2r = -1.5 + I (r,+ra+R)-1.5V=0
-
               E_2 = 1.5V T = 3V = 3 = [56.56 \text{ mA}]

r_1 + r_2 + R 2 + 2 + 50
3
-3
3
-
           b) Ptotal = Pr, + Pra + PR
3
-
                  = (55.56 mA) = x2+ (55.56mA) 22+ (55.56mA) 2 x50
-3
                    = [777.51 m Watts
-
-3
-
           in R > 154.34 mwatts
-> parallel case:
                         \frac{V_{\chi}-1.5}{2} + \frac{V_{\chi}-1.5}{2} + \frac{V_{\chi}}{50} = 0
             26Vx-37.5+25Vx-37.5+Vx=0
                       = [1.47 V]
          I, = 1.5-1.47 = 15m Amp
                                               30 m Amp
           T2 = 1.5-1.47 = 15 m Amp
            Total PC: Pr + Pr2 + PR
                        = (15m) 2 2 + (15m) 2 x 2 + (30m) 0 x 50
                            = [45.9 mW]
            R -> [45 mw]
```

