

Score: 22/25. Nice job!

Midterm 1

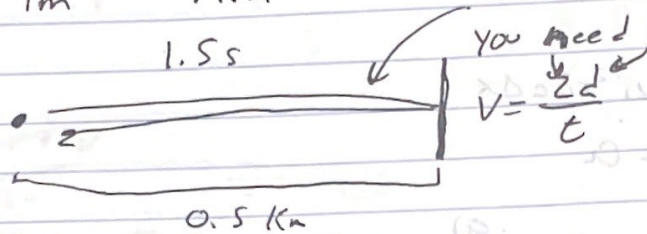
2) Estimation & Unit Analysis

1a) $t = 1.5s$

$d = 0.5 \text{ Km}$

$$\frac{0.5 \text{ Km}}{1 \text{ m}} \times \frac{1000 \text{ m}}{1 \text{ Km}} = 500 \text{ m}$$

Since it balances back



$$v = \frac{d}{t}$$

$$v = \frac{1000 \text{ m}}{1.5s} = \boxed{666.7 \text{ m/s}}$$

1b) $\frac{1 \text{ Km}}{1.5s} \cdot \frac{1000 \text{ m}}{1 \text{ Km}} \cdot \frac{60 \text{ min}}{1 \text{ hr}} =$

$$\frac{20.5 \text{ Km}}{1.5s} = 0.667 \text{ Km/s} \cdot \frac{3600s}{1 \text{ hr}} = \boxed{2400 \text{ Km/hr}}$$

2a) $1 \text{ m} = 100 \text{ cm}$ $1 \text{ m}^3 = 100^3 \text{ cm}^3 = 1000000 \text{ cm}^3$

0.25 m^3

$$0.25 \text{ m}^3 \cdot 1000000 = \boxed{250000 \text{ cm}^3}$$

2b) $100 \text{ Km/hr} \cdot \frac{1000 \text{ m}}{1 \text{ Km}} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ hr}}{60 \text{ min}} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ min}}{60 \text{ s}} \cdot \frac{1000 \text{ m}}{1 \text{ Km}} =$

$$\frac{100 \cdot 1000 \text{ m}}{3600 \text{ s}} = \boxed{27.78 \text{ m/s}}$$

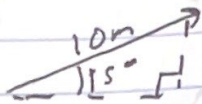
2c) $\frac{2 \text{ Kg m}}{\text{s}^2} \cdot \frac{1000 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ Kg}} \cdot \frac{100 \text{ cm}}{1 \text{ m}} \cdot \left(\frac{1 \text{ s}}{1000 \text{ ms}}\right) \cdot \frac{1 \text{ s}}{1000 \text{ ms}} =$

$\frac{2 \text{ Kg m}}{\text{s}^2}$

$$= \boxed{\frac{0.2 \text{ g cm}}{\text{ms}^2}}$$

3 Vectors

1a)



$$x = \cos(15^\circ) \cdot 10$$

$$x = \cos(15^\circ) \cdot 10 = 9.66 \hat{i}$$

$$y = \sin(15^\circ) \cdot 10 = 2.59 \hat{j}$$

$$\vec{x}_1 = 9.66 \hat{i} + 2.59 \hat{j}$$

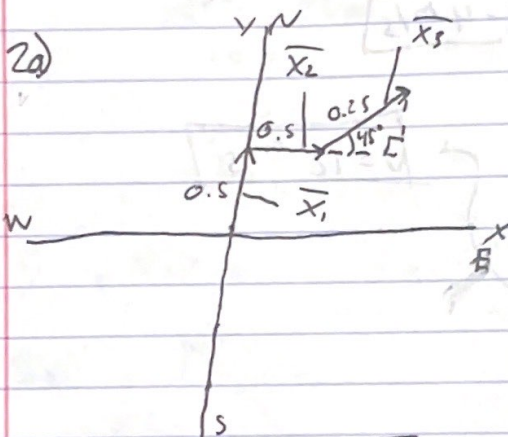
$$\vec{x}_1 = (9.66 \hat{i} + 2.59 \hat{j}) \text{ m}$$

1b) $x = \cos(135^\circ) \cdot 20 \text{ m} = -14.1 \hat{i}$

$$y = \sin(135^\circ) \cdot 20 \text{ m} = 14.1 \hat{j}$$

$$\vec{x}_2 = (-14.1 \hat{i} + 14.1 \hat{j}) \text{ m}$$

2a)



2b) $\vec{x}_3 = \cos(45^\circ) \cdot 0.25$
 $= 0.18 \hat{i}$

$$y = \sin(45^\circ) \cdot 0.25 = 0.18 \hat{j}$$

$$0.5 \text{ km} \hat{j} + 0.5 \text{ km} \hat{i} + (0.18 \hat{i} + 0.18 \hat{j})$$

$$0.18 \text{ km} \hat{i} + 0.18 \text{ km} \hat{j}$$

$$\vec{\Delta x} = 0.68 \hat{i} \text{ km} + 0.68 \hat{j} \text{ km}$$

2c) $0.68^2 + 0.68^2 = c^2$

$$\sqrt{0.9248} = c$$

$$c = 0.96 \text{ km}$$

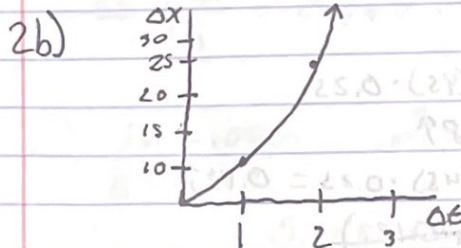
4 Motion Along a straight line

$$\begin{aligned}
 1a) \Delta x &= x(2) - x(-2) \\
 &= (-1 - 4(2)) - (-1 - 4(-2)) \\
 &= -1 - 8 - (-1 + 8) \\
 &= -16\text{m}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 1b) v &= \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t} \quad \Delta x = -16\text{m} \quad \Delta t = 2 - (-2) = 4\text{s} \\
 v &= \frac{-16}{4} = -4\text{m/s}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2a) v &= \frac{x(2) - x(0)}{2} \\
 v &= \frac{-2(2) + 7(2)^2}{2} \\
 &= -4 + 28 \\
 &= 24
 \end{aligned}$$

$v = 12\text{m/s}$



(-1) The graph should be linear

$$2c) v = \frac{-2(1) + 7(1)^2}{1}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 v &= -2 + 7 \\
 v &= 5\text{m/s}
 \end{aligned}$$

(-1) The velocity is 12 m/s

$$2d) \bar{a} = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t} \quad a = \frac{12\text{m/s}}{2\text{s}} = 6\text{m/s}^2$$

3a)

$$\vec{a} = \frac{\Delta \vec{v}}{\Delta t}$$

$$\vec{a} = 5.0 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$v_i = 0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_f = 10 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\Delta t = ?$$

$$\Delta t = \frac{10 \text{ m/s}}{5.0 \text{ m/s}^2} = \boxed{2 \text{ s}}$$

3b) $\Delta x = x_f - x_i$
 $\Rightarrow 10 \text{ m} - 0 \text{ m}$
 $\boxed{10 \text{ m}}$

$$x(t) = \frac{1}{2} a t^2 + v_i t + x_i$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (5.0 \text{ m/s}^2) (2 \text{ s})^2 + 0 \text{ m/s} \cdot 2 \text{ s} + 0 \text{ m}$$

$$\boxed{10.2 \text{ m}}$$

Just 10 meters, the second term has $v_i = 0 \text{ m/s}$

3c) $100 \text{ m} - 10 \text{ m} = 90 \text{ m}$

$$10 \text{ m/s} = 90 \text{ m}$$

$$= 9 \text{ s}$$

$$+ 2 \text{ s}$$

$$\boxed{11 \text{ s}}$$

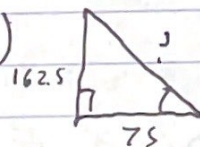
Right!

5 Motion in Two & Three Dimensions

1a)



1b)



$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{162.5}{75}\right)$$

$$\theta = 65.2^\circ$$

$$162.5^2 + 75^2 = c^2$$

$$\sqrt{32031.25} = c$$

$$c = 178.97 \text{ m}$$

$$c = 178.97 \text{ m}$$

$$R = \frac{V_o^2 \sin(2\theta)}{g}$$

$$V_o^2 = \frac{Rg}{\sin(2\theta)}$$

$$V^2 = \frac{75 \text{ m} (9.81)}{\sin(2 \cdot 65.2^\circ)}$$

$$\sqrt{V^2} = \sqrt{966.1}$$

$$\boxed{V = 31.1 \text{ m/s}}$$

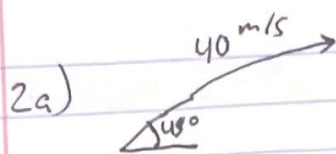
$$R = 75 \text{ m}$$

$$V_o = ?$$

$$\theta = 65.2^\circ$$

$$g = 9.81$$

(-1) 13 m/s
 Not sure what happened here



$$R = \frac{(40 \text{ m/s})^2 \sin(2 \cdot 45^\circ)}{9.81}$$

$$R = 163.1 \text{ m}$$

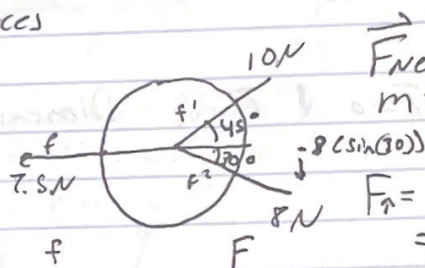
2b) $T = \frac{2 V_0 \sin(\theta)}{g}$

$$T = \frac{2(40 \text{ m/s}) \sin(45^\circ)}{9.81}$$

$$= \frac{80}{9.81} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \boxed{5.77 \text{ s}}$$

6 Forces

1)



$$\vec{F}_{\text{net}} = m \vec{a}$$

$$m = 49 \text{ kg}$$

$$F_x = 10 \text{ N} (\cos 45^\circ) + (8 \text{ N}) (\cos 30^\circ)$$

$$= 7.07 + 6.93$$

$$= 14 \text{ N}$$

$$14^2 + 3.07^2 = c^2$$

$$c = 14.3 \text{ N}$$

$$F_y = 10 \text{ N} (\sin 45^\circ) + (8 \text{ N}) (\sin 30^\circ)$$

$$= 7.07 + 4$$

$$= 11.07 \text{ N}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{3.07}{14.0}$$

$$= 12.4^\circ$$

$$\vec{F}_{\text{net}} = m \vec{a}$$

$$\vec{a} = \frac{14.3 \text{ N} - 7.5 \text{ N}}{49 \text{ kg}}$$

$$\boxed{\vec{a} = 0.14 \text{ m/s}^2}$$

Excellent work