## Thursday Reading Assessment: Unit 6, Circular Motion

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## 1 Memory Bank

- $\Delta s = r\Delta \theta$
- $\omega = \frac{\Delta \theta}{\Delta t}$  ... Definition of angular velocity
- $v = r\omega$  ... Relationship between tangential velocity and angular velocity a distance r from the center
- $a_C = v^2/r = r\omega^2$  ... Centripetal acceleration

## 2 Angular Displacement and Velocity

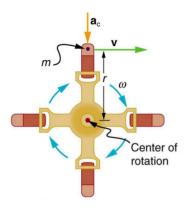


Figure 1: A blood centrifuge spinning counter-clockwise.

- 1. A diagram of a blood centrifuge is depicted in Fig. 1. It is spinning at an angular velocity of  $\omega$  and tangential velocity v. In order to separate the contents in the vials (indicated with the mass m), the centripetal acceleration needs to be increased by a factor of 100. Which of the following actions will acheive this?
  - A: Doubling the angular velocity:  $\omega \to 2\omega$ .
  - B: Tripling the angular velocity:  $\omega \to 3\omega$ .
  - C: Quadrupling the angular velocity:  $\omega \to 4\omega$ .
  - D: Increasing the angular velocity by a factor of 10:  $\omega \to 10\omega$ .
- 2. Suppose the radius is 8 cm, and  $\omega = 200$  revolutions per minute. What is the centripetal acceleration?
- 3. Suppose the radius is 8 cm, and we measure v = 15 m/s. What is  $\omega$ ? What is  $a_C$ ?