@ # of c removed:

Unif Ø

$$2.00 \text{ MC} \times \frac{1C}{1 \times 10^{6} \text{ MC}} \times \frac{1P}{1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{C}} = \frac{1.25 \times 10^{13} \text{ e}^{-1}}{1.25 \times 10^{13} \text{ e}^{-1}}$$

$$\frac{50.09}{1} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{63.59} \times \frac{6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ atoms}}{1 \text{ mol}} =$$

$$\frac{1.25 \times 10^{13} e^{-1}}{1.37 \times 10^{25} e^{-1}} = 9.12 \times 10^{-13} = 1ectrons$$
have been removed

$$3.99410^{4}16x10^{-6} \cdot 2 \times 10^{-6}1$$

$$-1.2 = (0.05)^2$$

$$F_{2,3} = \frac{8.99 \times 10^{9} / 2 \times 10^{-6} \times 4 \times 10^{-6}}{6.05^{2}}$$

$$\frac{8.99 \times 10^{9} / 1 \times 10^{-6} \times 2 \times 10^{-6} / 2 \times 10^{-6$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{6 \times 10^{-9}}{0.13^{2}} - \frac{5 \times 10^{-9}}{0.04^{2}} - \frac{1.5 \times 10^{-8}}{0.07^{2}} \right] = \\ = 8.99 \times 10^{9} \left( 2.95 \times 10^{-7} \right) - \left( 3.12 \times 10^{-6} \right) - \left( 3.06 \times 10^{-6} \right) \right] \\ = \left( -5.29 \times 10^{4} \frac{N}{C} \right) \\ = \sqrt{0.05^{2} + 0.05^{2}} = \sqrt{c^{2}} \Rightarrow C = 0.0707 \text{ m}$$

$$F = 8.99 \times 10^{9} (7.5 \times 10^{-6}) \times (2 \times 10^{-6})$$

$$(0.0707)^{2}$$

$$400 F = 26.98 N$$
 $F = 26.98 cos (45)$ 
divertion is going down

6) 
$$40,000 V = \frac{\Delta fE}{1.6 \times 10^{-19}}$$

$$\Delta PE = 6.4 \times 10^{-15} J$$

$$V = \sqrt{2(6.4 \times 10^{-15})}$$

$$9.11 \times 10^{-31}$$

$$= 1.18 \times 10^{3} \text{ m/s}$$

$$= (1.19 \times 10^{8} \text{ m/s})$$

$$\theta$$
  $\sqrt{2000}$   $\sqrt{2000}$   $\sqrt{2000}$   $\sqrt{2000}$   $\sqrt{2000}$   $\sqrt{2000}$ 

$$(6) \frac{1}{4} (3000 V) = 750 V$$

$$\frac{0.08 \text{ V}}{9 \times 10^{-9} \text{m}} = 8.8 \times 10^{6} \frac{\text{v}}{\text{m}}$$

$$9 = 2 \text{ Cm} (1.6 \times 10^{-19})$$
  
= 3.2 × 10<sup>-19</sup> C

$$\frac{5.12 \times 10^{-15} \text{ J}}{3.2 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}} = 1.6 \times 10^4 \text{ V}$$

$$E = 1.6 \times 10^{4} V$$

$$0.02$$

$$E = 8.0 \times 10^{5} \frac{V}{m}$$

$$9 = 3.2 \times 10^{-19} C$$

$$5 \text{ MeV}_{X} = \frac{10^6 \text{ eV}}{1 \text{ MeV}} \times \frac{1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}}{1 \text{ eV}}$$
  
=  $8 \times 10^{-13} \text{ J}$ 

$$\Delta V = \frac{8 \times 10^{-13} \text{J}}{3.2 \times 10^{-13} \text{C}} \Delta V = 2.5 \times 10^{6} \text{V}$$

$$Y = 9 \times 10^9 (1.264 \times 10^{-17})$$
 $= 2.5 \times 10^6$ 

$$V = \left(4.55 \times 10^{-14} \text{m}\right)$$

Unit 1

2) (a) 
$$10 \times 10^{-6} F (9 \times 10^{3} V)^{2}$$
  
E= 2

(b) 
$$9 = (10 \times 10^{-6} \text{F}) (9 \times 10^{3} \text{V}) = 0.09 \text{C}$$

$$V = \sqrt{\frac{2(405)}{8 \times 10^{-6}}}$$

(C)

(d) 
$$q = (8 \times 10^{-6}) * (3.16 \times 10^{3})$$
  
 $q = 0.03 C$ 

$$C = \frac{0.03 \div 4}{9.00 \times 10^3 \text{ V}}$$

$$\frac{0.03C}{4} = 0.075$$

$$= 7.5 \times 10^{-2} C$$
The Charge stored on each capaciton

They would not chiose this b/c the voltage requirement is much higher 9 not safe to do.

$$A = \frac{41.0 \times 10^{-3}}{4}$$

$$= 7.9 \times 10^{-7} m^2$$

$$L = 2 \Omega x (7.9 \times 10^{-7} \text{m}^2)$$

$$T = \frac{3.0 \text{V}}{1003 \Omega}$$

(b) 
$$P = 3.0 V * (2.99 \times 10^{-3}A)$$
  
= .00897 W  
or  
8.9 mW

(c) 
$$Q = (2.99 \times 10^{-3} \text{A}) (10.60) \text{s}$$
  
=  $179.4 \text{ C}$ 

Unit 2

1)

(9)  $R_3 = 2 \text{ KL} - 10 \text{ KL} - 5 \text{ KL}$   $R_3 = -13 \text{ KL}$ 

 $E = \frac{12V}{10KQ} = 1.2 MA$ 

 $I_2 = \frac{12V}{5 \text{ K-2}} = 2.4 \text{ mA}$ 

I3 = 6 MA

$$I = \frac{4.5 \text{ V}}{500 \Omega} = 9 \times 10^{-3} \text{ C}$$

$$P = (4.5 V)^2 = 4.05 \times 10^2 V$$

$$I = \frac{3(-10.5 \text{V})}{500} = -6.3 \times 10^{-2} \text{C}$$

$$P = \frac{(3.-10.5V)^2}{500} = 1.98 V$$

$$\begin{array}{c} (3) \\ (7) \\ (2) \\ (2) \\ (3) \\ (3) \\ (4) \\ (4) \\ (5) \\ (4) \\ (5) \\ (4) \\ (5) \\ (4) \\ (5) \\ (4) \\ (4) \\ (4) \\ (4) \\ (4) \\ (5) \\ (4) \\$$

© 
$$P = [6.35V)(39.68A)$$
  
= 251.97W

$$\sqrt{V_{load}} = \frac{0.500 \, \text{W}}{39.68 \, \text{A}} = 0.013 \, \text{V}$$

$$V_{dry} = 1.53V - (0.10 L \times 39.68A)$$
  
= 1.53V - 3.968 V  
=-2.438 V

$$(4) R = 72 \times (25 \times 10^{-9})$$

$$C = \frac{1.00 \times 10^{-4} \text{ s}}{10^{3} \Omega}$$

$$= (1.00 \times 10^{-7} \text{ F})$$

## Unit3

COISE V direction B direction F direction

OFF STATE

COISE V direction B direction F direction

F STATE

OFF STATE

COISE V direction B direction F direction

F STATE

OFF STATE

COISE V direction B direction F direction

F STATE

OFF STATE

OFF STATE

COISE V direction B direction F direction

$$\frac{1.40 \times (0^{-16} \text{N})}{\text{Sin}\Theta = \frac{(1.6 \times 10^{-10})(4 \times 10^{3})(1.25 \text{T})}{(0.175)}$$

$$= \sin^{-1}(0.175)$$

$$= 10.08^{\circ} = \sigma$$

$$180 - (0.08^{\circ} = 169.92^{\circ} = \sigma$$

$$9 = \frac{(2.66 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg})(5.00 \times 10^{6} \text{ m/s})}{(0.231 \text{ m})(1.207)}$$

$$= 4.8 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$$

$$\frac{(b)}{-1.6 \times 10^{-19} C} \approx -3$$

C) The charge of the electron cannot be a fraction or ratio therefore it needs to be an interger.

 $\frac{9}{8} \times 0.23 \text{Im}$ 

 $= 0.259 \, \mathrm{m}$ 

(4) 
$$F = 100 \, \text{A} \, (0.25 \, \text{m}) (27) \, \sin(90^\circ)$$

$$= 50 \, \text{N}$$

$$\frac{300 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}}{200 (25A) (0.2^2) \sin 90}$$

$$B = 1.5 \text{ T}$$

$$\frac{450 \times 10^6}{300,000 \text{ V}} = 1500$$

$$B = \frac{441 \times 10^{-7} (15 \text{ W})}{217 (20)}$$

$$= 1.5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$$

(8) 
$$(4\pi \times 10^{-7})(10^{6}(10^{5})$$

$$2\pi (5.0)$$

$$= 8 \times 10^{9}$$

NGI -> 106 100ps & 105A

## $\frac{6}{2\pi(1.67\times10^{-19}C)(1.07)}$