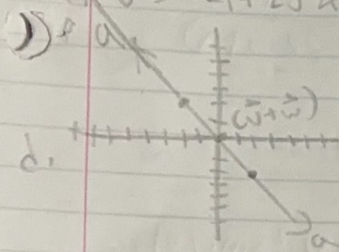


Joe Plaggett

Midterm 1 Physics

1. C: 11.0 g cm^{-3}
2. C: 10.10 hours
3. D: 90 km hr^{-1}
4. C: $\frac{1}{6} \text{ km hr}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$
5. A: 5000 m^2
6. C: 4×10^3
7. D: -7.1 m s^{-2} -7.1 km/hr
8. C: 135 degrees

a. $\vec{v} = -2\hat{i} + 2\hat{j}$ & $\vec{w} = 2\hat{i} - 2\hat{j}$



$\vec{v} \cdot \vec{w} = (-2)(2) + (2)(-2)$
 $= -4 - 4$
 $(\vec{v} \cdot \vec{w} = -8)$

Unit 1: Kinematics II & III

1. a. $v_f = at + v_i$
 $= (3)(4) + (15)$
 $= 12 + 15$

$v_f = 27 \text{ ms}^{-1}$

b. $x(t) = \frac{1}{2}at^2 + v_i t + x_i$
 $\Delta x = x_f - x_i$

$\Delta x = \frac{1}{2}(3 \text{ ms}^{-2})(4 \text{ s})^2 + 15 \text{ ms}^{-1}(4 \text{ s})$
 $= \frac{1}{2}(16) \text{ m} + 60 \text{ m} = 84 \text{ m}$

c. Yes

Unit 1: Kinematics II & III

$$v = \frac{\Delta x (x_f - x_i)}{\Delta t (t_f - t_i)}$$

$$a. v_p = \frac{988 - 338 \text{ m}}{15 - 5 \text{ s}} = \frac{650 \text{ m}}{10 \text{ s}} = 65 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

$$v_q = \frac{2900 - 1500 \text{ m}}{30 - 20 \text{ s}} = \frac{1400 \text{ m}}{10 \text{ s}} = 140 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

b. Positive Acceleration
 $65 \text{ ms}^{-1} \rightarrow 140 \text{ ms}^{-1}$

$$3) v_0 = 0 \text{ m/s} \quad a. v_f^2 = v_0^2 + 2a\Delta x \quad \Delta x = \frac{6^2 - 0^2}{2(0.8)}$$

$$v_f = 6 \text{ m/s} \quad \frac{v_f - v_0}{2a} = \Delta x \Rightarrow \Delta x = 22.5 \text{ m}$$

$$a = 0.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$b. v_f = v_0 + at$$

$$t = \frac{v_f - v_0}{a} = \frac{6 - 0}{0.8} = 7.5 \text{ s}$$

Baseball

$$4) \text{ range} = 60 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{launch angle} = 30^\circ$$

$$\text{initial velocity} = ?$$

$$\text{time of flight} = ?$$

$$T = 2v_0 \sin \theta / g$$

$$T = 2(26) \sin 30^\circ / 9.81$$

$$T = 26 / 4.905 = 5.3 \text{ s}$$

* verified in PhET Simulator

$$R = v_0^2 \sin(2\theta) / g$$

$$60 \text{ m} = v_0^2 \sin(60^\circ) / 9.81$$

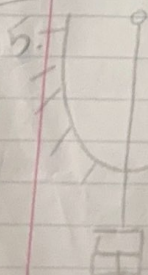
$$60 \text{ m} = v_0^2 (\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}) / 9.81$$

$$v_0^2 = 60 \times 9.81 / (\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}) = 588.6$$

$$v_0 = \sqrt{588.6} = 24.26 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\sqrt{v_0^2} = \sqrt{678.5} = 26 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_0 = 26 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$



$$T = 2.6 \text{ s}$$

$$m = 1.00 \text{ kg}$$

$$L = 0.75 \text{ m}$$

$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{L}{g}}$$

$$2.6 = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{0.75}{g}}$$

$$6.76 = 2\pi^2 \frac{0.75}{g}$$

$$6.76 = \frac{4.73}{g} \Rightarrow \sqrt{g^2} = \sqrt{1.636} \Rightarrow g = 1.279$$

Unit 2: Forces I & II

1) a. $T = \frac{F_1}{\sin \theta} = \frac{1000}{\sin(7)} = \frac{1000}{.12187} \approx 8205 \text{ N}$

b. $F_{\text{net}} = m \cdot a$ $a = \frac{F_{\text{net}}}{m}$ $a = \frac{1463.55}{900} = 1.63 \text{ m/s}^2$

2) a. $v_f^2 = v_o^2 + 2ad$ $a = \frac{v_f^2 - v_o^2}{2d}$
 $a = \frac{0 - (33.33)^2}{2 \cdot 100} = \frac{-1111.11}{200} = -5.56 \text{ m/s}^2$

b. $F = ma$

$F = 20,000(-5.56) = -111,200 \text{ N} = 111,200 \text{ N}$

3) $F_{\text{net}} = -7.5 \text{ N} + F_2 \cos 30 + F_1 \cos 45$

$= -7.5 + 8 \cos 30 + 10 \cos 45$

$= -7.5 + 6.9282 + 7.07$

$= +6.49927 \text{ N} = m \cdot a$

$m = +6.49927 \text{ N}$

50 kg

$a = +0.13 \text{ m/s}^2$

X-direction

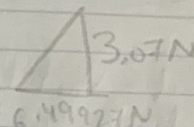
$a = \frac{F}{m}$

$a = \frac{3.07}{50}$

$a = 0.06 \text{ m/s}^2$

Y-direction

$F_{\text{net}} = 10 \sin 45 - 8 \sin 30$
 $= 3.07 \text{ N}$



$F = \sqrt{6.49927^2 + 3.07^2}$

$F = 7.18 \text{ N} = m \cdot a$

$a = \frac{7.18 \text{ N}}{50 \text{ kg}}$

$a = 0.14 \text{ m/s}^2$

Unit 3: Forces III & IV

1) $a = g(\sin\theta - \mu\cos\theta) = \frac{K\Delta x}{m}$

b. $\mu = 0$

$a = g\sin\theta$

2) a.

$a = g(\sin\theta - \mu\cos\theta)$

$a = 9.81(\sin 10^\circ - 0.05\cos 10^\circ)$

$a = 9.81(0.1736 - 0.04924) = 9.81 \times 0.12436$

$a \approx 1.22 \text{ m/s}^2$

b. $d = v_0 t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$

$d = 0.30 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1.22 \cdot 30^2$

$d = 0 + 0.61 \cdot 900 = 549 \text{ m}$

$v = v_0 + at = 1.22(30) = 36.6 \text{ m/s}$ (speed after 30 sec)

3) a) $F_{\text{centrifugal}} = L_{\text{horizontal}} = L \sin \theta = L \sin(30)$

$F_{\text{centrifugal}} = 80,000 \sin(30) = 40,000 \text{ N}$

$F_{\text{cent}} = \frac{mv^2}{r} \Rightarrow r = \frac{mv^2}{F_{\text{cent}}} = \frac{(6000 \text{ kg})(166.667 \text{ m/s})^2}{40,000 \text{ N}}$

$= 4166.68 \text{ m} = 4.17 \text{ km}$

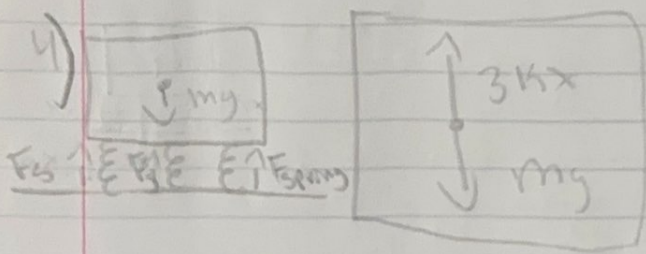
$600 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{hr}} \left(\frac{1000 \text{ m}}{1 \text{ km}} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{1 \text{ hr}}{60 \text{ min}} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{1 \text{ min}}{60 \text{ s}} \right)$

$= 166.667 \text{ m/s}$

$C = 2\pi r \quad \Delta \text{path} = \pi r$

$v = \frac{d}{t} \Rightarrow t = \frac{d}{v} = \frac{\pi r}{166.667 \text{ m/s}} = \frac{(4166.68 \text{ m})\pi}{166.667 \text{ m/s}}$

$t = 78.54 \text{ s}$



$F_{\text{net}} = 3kx - mg = 0$
 $= 7mg = 3kx$

$x = \frac{mg}{3k}$

x & k are inversely proportional so as $k \rightarrow \infty$, the bottom gets infinitely greater making x small.

5) a) $v_1 = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot 60 \cdot 9.81}{1.7 \cdot 0.25 \cdot 0.5}} = \sqrt{\frac{1178.2}{0.20625}} = \sqrt{7648} \approx 87.57 \text{ m/s}$

b) $A_{\text{new}} = 100 \times 0.25 = 25 \text{ m}^2$
 $v_6 = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot 60 \cdot 9.81}{12.75 \cdot 0.5}} \Rightarrow v_1 = \sqrt{\frac{1178.2}{15}} = \sqrt{78.54} \approx 8.86 \text{ m/s}$

$$a. A = \pi \cdot \left(\frac{0.2}{2}\right)^2 = \pi \cdot (0.1)^2 = \pi \cdot 0.01 \text{ m}^2 \approx 0.314 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\Delta L = \frac{10,000 \cdot 10}{0.314 \cdot 15 \cdot 10^9} = \frac{100,000}{4.71 \times 10^9} \quad \boxed{\Delta L = 2.08 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}}$$

$$b. \Delta L_{\text{new}} = \frac{F \cdot L_0}{A \cdot E} = \frac{10,000 \cdot 10}{0.314 \cdot 27.5 \times 10^9} = \frac{100,000}{8.635 \times 10^9} \approx \boxed{1.415 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}}$$