

Physics Midterm

Unit 0

1. C: 11.05 cm^{-2}

2. C: 10 hours

3. D: 90 km

4. C: $\frac{1}{6} \text{ km hr}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$ $a = \Delta V / \Delta t = \frac{10 - 0}{60} = \frac{10}{60} = \frac{1}{6}$

5. A: 5000 m^2

6. D: 4×10^4

7. D: -7.1 and -7.1 km/hr

8. A: 225°

D/t $\frac{600 \text{ km}}{60 \text{ km/h}} = 10 \text{ h}$

$a = \Delta V / \Delta t = \frac{10 - 0}{60} = \frac{10}{60} = \frac{1}{6}$

A: 5000 m^2

D: 4×10^4

A: 225°

9. $\vec{v} = -2\hat{i} + 2\hat{j}$ $\vec{w} = 2\hat{i} - 2\hat{j}$

a) $\vec{v} \cdot \vec{F}$

b) $-2\hat{i} + 2\hat{j}$

c) $1 - 2\hat{i} - 2\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{j} = 0\hat{i} + 0\hat{j}$

d) $(-2\hat{i} + 2\hat{j})(2\hat{i} - 2\hat{j})$

$= (-2\hat{i})(2\hat{i}) + (-2\hat{i})(-2\hat{j}) + (2\hat{j})(2\hat{i}) + (2\hat{j})(-2\hat{j})$

$= -4\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} = 0$

$= -8$

Unit 1 1. $v_0 = 15 \text{ m/s}$, $a = 3 \text{ m/s}^2$, $t = 4 \text{ s}$ $v = v_0 + at$ $v = 15 \text{ m/s} + (3 \text{ m/s}^2)(4 \text{ s})$

a) 27 m/s

b) 84 m

c) Average velocities are different

Instantaneous on the same

$x = v_0 t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$

$= 15(4) + \frac{1}{2}(3)(4)^2$

$= 60 + \frac{1}{2}(3)(16)$

$= 60 + 24$

$= 84 \text{ m}$

$v = 15 + 12$

$v = 27 \text{ m/s}$

$v_{avg} = \frac{84}{4} = 21 \text{ m/s}$

2. P = f = 10, Q = f = 25,

a) $v_p = \frac{\Delta x_p}{\Delta t_p} = \frac{600 - 339}{16 - 5} = \frac{261 \text{ m}}{5 \text{ s}} = 52.4 \text{ m/s}$ b) $v_a = \frac{v_a - v_p}{\Delta t} = \frac{127.5 - 52.4}{25 - 10} = \frac{75.2}{15} = 5.01 \text{ m/s}$

$v_a = \frac{\Delta x_a}{\Delta t_a} = \frac{2139 - 1560}{25 - 20} = \frac{639}{5} = 127.6 \text{ m/s}$

3. a) 9.375 m

a) $\frac{6.0 \text{ m/s}^{-1}}{0.8 \text{ m/s}^{-2}} = 7.5 \text{ m}$

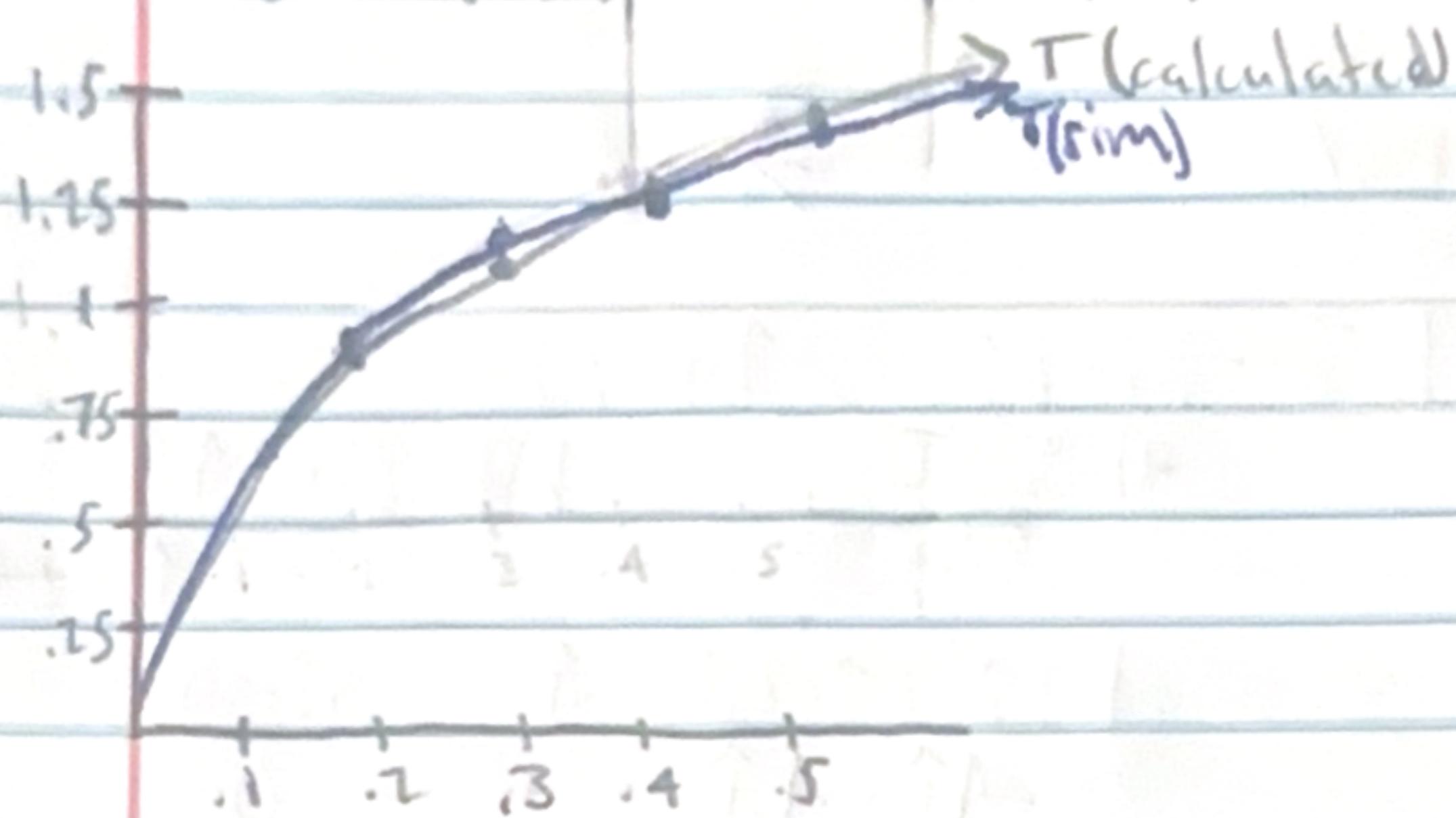
b) 9.375 s

4. Range: $60 \text{ m} = \frac{v_0^2 \sin(2\theta)}{g} = \frac{(25^2) \sin(2(55))}{9.81}$

\downarrow
 $\frac{625 \sin(95^\circ)}{9.81}$

\downarrow
 59.868 m

Length (L)	Time (T)	Time calculated: $T = 2\pi\sqrt{L/g}$
20 cm (.2m)	.89s	$2\pi\sqrt{.2/9.81} = .897s$
30 cm (.3m)	1.15s	$2\pi\sqrt{.3/9.81} = 1.09s$
40 cm (.4m)	1.22s	$2\pi\sqrt{.4/9.81} = 1.26s$
50 cm (.5m)	1.39s	$2\pi\sqrt{.5/9.81} = 1.41s$



Unit 2. 1. a) $F_{\text{horiz}} = f \cdot \cos\theta = 1000 \cdot \cos(7) = f_{\text{horiz}} = 992.54N$
 b) 50613 m/s

$$F_{\text{friction}} = .05(900)(9.81) \\ = 441.45N$$

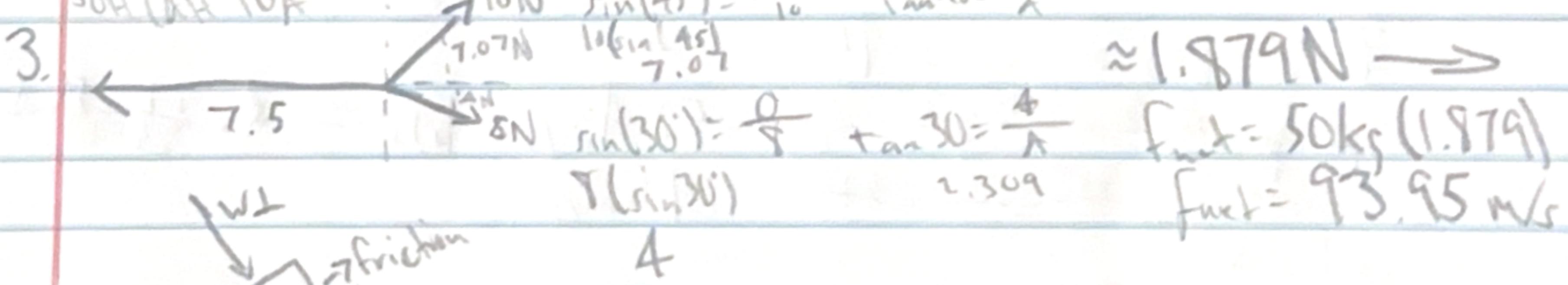
$$a = \frac{F_{\text{net}}}{m} = \frac{557.09}{900} \approx 0.613$$

$$F_{\text{net}} = 992.54 - 441.45 = 551.09$$

2 a) -1.2 km/s

b)

$$\frac{120000 \text{ m/h}}{100 \text{ m}} = 1200 \text{ m/h}$$



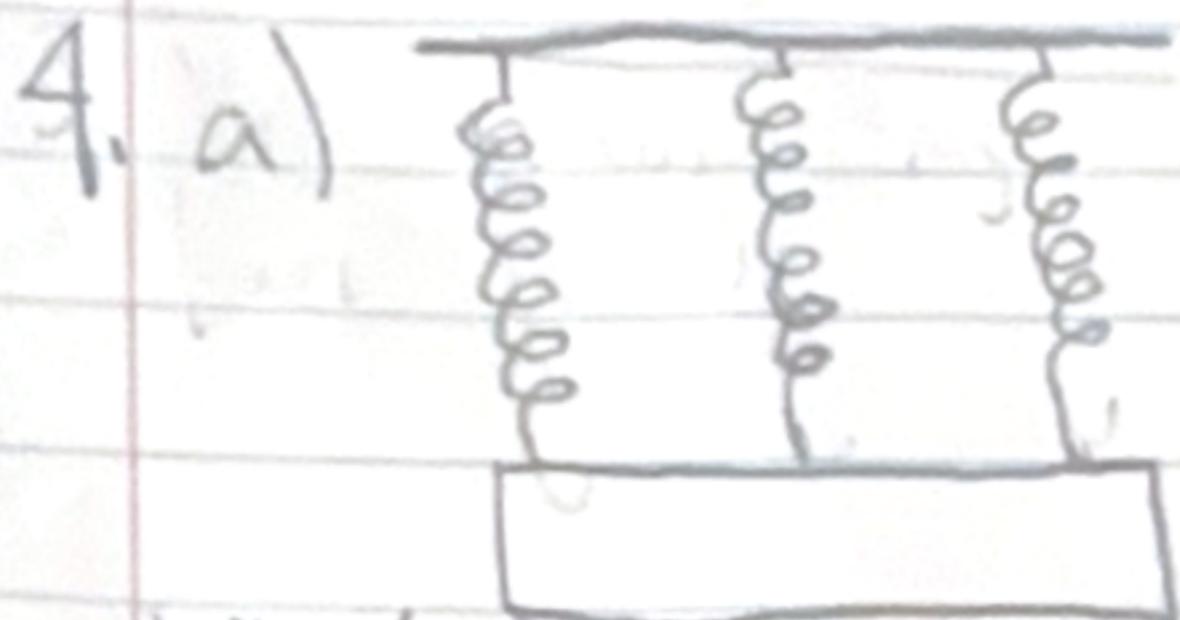
Unit 3 1. a) w_x, w_y, g, θ
 b) $a = g(\sin\theta)$

$$2. \text{ a) } a = 9.81 \left(\sin 10^\circ, \cos 10^\circ \right)$$

$$9.81 \left(.1736, .0984 \right)$$

$$a = .7369 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\text{b) } .7369(30) = 22.107 \text{ m}$$



$$\text{c) } \Delta \vec{x} = \frac{\vec{F}}{3(-k)}$$

$$\frac{3(-k)}{3(-k)} \Delta \vec{x} = \frac{\vec{F}}{-(-k)}$$

$$\text{b) } 3(-k) \Delta \vec{x} = \vec{F}$$

$$\text{spring } -k \Delta \vec{x} = \vec{F}$$

$$5. \text{ a) } 88.58 \text{ m/s}$$

$$F_p = \frac{1}{2} C_p A_v^2$$

$$(0.0198)(\frac{1}{2})(.5)(1.2)(.25) V_f^2$$

$$588.6 = .075 V_f^2$$

$$\sqrt{588.6} = \sqrt{V_f^2}$$

$$88.58 = V_f$$

$$\text{b) } 8.85 \text{ m/s}$$

$$A = .25(100) = 25 \text{ m}^2$$

$$588.6 = \frac{1}{2}(5)(1.2)(25) V_f^2$$

$$588.6 = 7.5$$

$$\sqrt{588.6} = \sqrt{V_f^2}$$

$$8.85 = V_f$$