

Mid-term

Estimations and unit Analysis

$$S = \frac{d}{t} \quad S = \frac{25 \times 2}{10.5} = \underline{\underline{5 \text{ km}}}$$

1 $S = \underline{\underline{33 \text{ km/s}}}$

$$\frac{33 \text{ km}}{\text{s}} \times \frac{1000 \text{ m}}{1 \text{ km}} = \underline{\underline{330 \text{ m/s}}}$$

$$\frac{33 \text{ km}}{\text{s}} \times \frac{3600 \text{ sec}}{1 \text{ hr}} = \underline{\underline{1188 \text{ km/hr}}}$$

2 $0.25 \text{ m}^3 = \underline{\underline{250000 \text{ cm}^3}}$

record pause stop



① ② ③

3. $\frac{100 \text{ km}}{\text{hour}} \cdot \frac{1000 \text{ cm}}{1 \text{ km}} \times \frac{1 \text{ hour}}{3600 \text{ sec}} = 27.7 \text{ m/s}$

(B)

4. $D = \frac{m}{V}$

$D = \frac{9000 \text{ g}}{1000 \text{ cm}^3}$

$9 \text{ kg} \times \frac{1000 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ kg}} = 9000 \text{ g}$

$0.001 \text{ m}^3 = 1000 \text{ cm}^3$

$D = 9.0 \text{ g cm}^{-3}$, Copper

3. Vectors

x: $\cos = \frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{hyp}}$

$\cos 30 = \frac{x}{10 \text{ m}}$

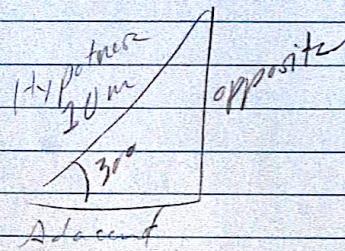
$.86 = 10 \text{ m}$

$= 8.6$

$\sin 30^\circ = \frac{y}{10 \text{ m}}$

$0.5 = 10 \text{ m}$

$5j$



$\vec{X}_1 = 5\sqrt{3}i + 5j$

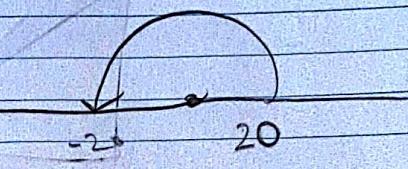
A

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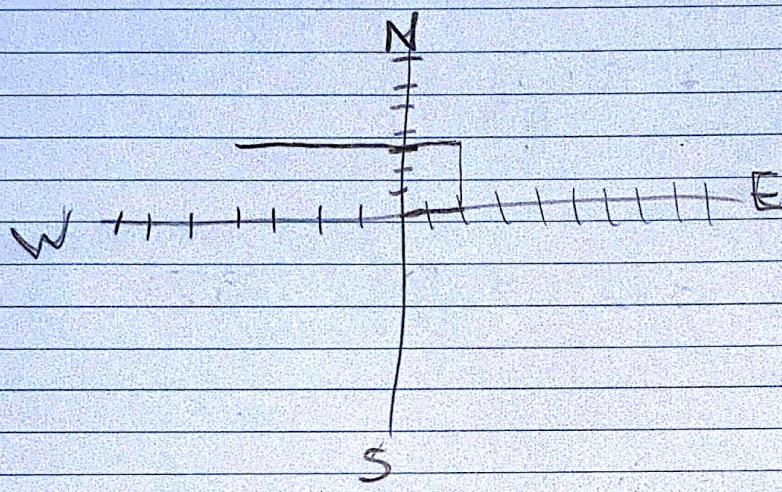
2. 20

180°

$$D = -20$$



3.



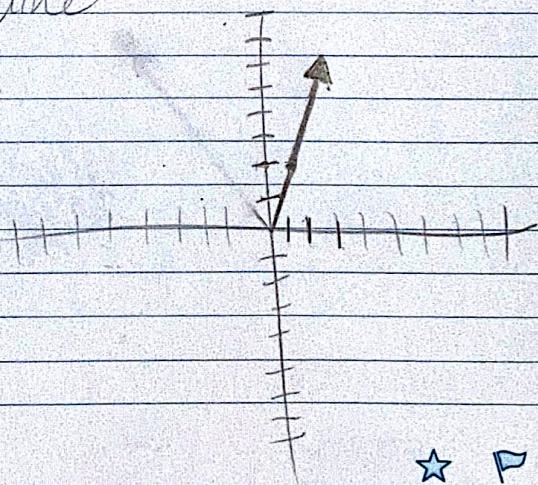
$$500\text{m} \times \frac{1\text{km}}{1000\text{m}} = 0.5$$

A) $x = -4\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} (\text{km})$

(4) Motion Along a Straight Line

1)

D) positive constant velocity,



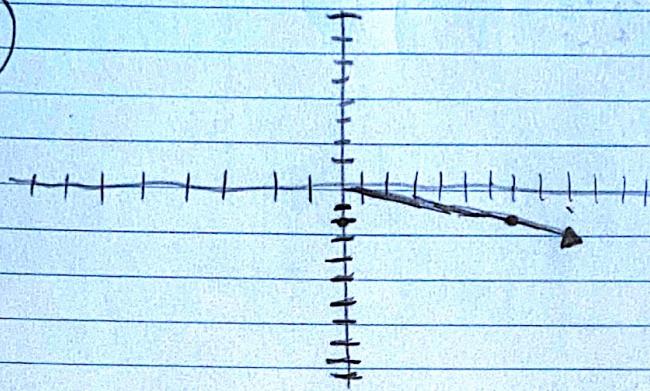
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2) A) 2 m/s

$$\sqrt{1} = 2$$

3)



$$x = 0$$

$$t = 2$$

$$-2 \cdot 2 + 7 \cdot 2^2$$

$$x = 24$$

$$\frac{0+24}{2} = 12 \text{ m/s}^2$$

4)

$$t_e = 0 - 2 = 2$$

$$\frac{v_f - v_i}{t_f - t_i}$$

$$\frac{24 - 0}{2 - 0} = 12 \text{ m/s}^2$$

5)

$$\frac{v_f - v_i}{t_f - t_i} = \frac{10.0 \text{ m/s} - 0}{t - 0} = 5.0 \text{ m/s}^2$$

A)

$$\frac{5.0 \text{ m/s}^2(t) = 10.0 \text{ m/s}}{5.0 \text{ m/s} - 5.0 \text{ m/s}^2} = 2 \text{ sec}$$

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B) $v^2 = v_i^2 + 2adx$

$$100 = 0 + 2(5 \text{ m/s}^2) D$$

$$\frac{100}{10} = \frac{10}{10}$$
$$D = 10$$

$D = 10 \text{ meters}$

C) $2 \text{ sec} = 10 \text{ meters}$

$$v = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t} = \frac{v_f - v_i}{t_f - t_i}$$
$$= \frac{0 - 10.0 \text{ m/s}}{2 \text{ sec}} = \frac{-10.0 \text{ m/s}}{2 \text{ sec}}$$

$$\frac{10.0 \text{ m/s}}{2 \text{ sec}} = 5 \text{ m/s}$$

$$9 \text{ sec} + 1 \text{ sec} = 11 \text{ sec}$$

5. Motion in two and 3 Dimensions

1. $\vec{y}(t) = (-\frac{1}{2}gt^2 + v_i y t + y_i)\hat{j}$

$$0 = -\frac{1}{2}9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 t^2 + 0 + 162.5$$

$$0 = \frac{9.8}{2} t^2$$

$$0 = (4.9 \text{ m/s}^2 t^2 + 162.5)$$

$$\frac{4.9 t^2}{4.9} = 162.5$$

$$\sqrt{t^2} = \sqrt{33.1}$$

$t = 5.75$



Bonus: ICE

I. Continued

$$V = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t} = \frac{x_f - x_i}{t_f - t_i}$$

$$V = \frac{75 - 0}{5.75}$$

$$V = 13.0 \text{ m/s}$$

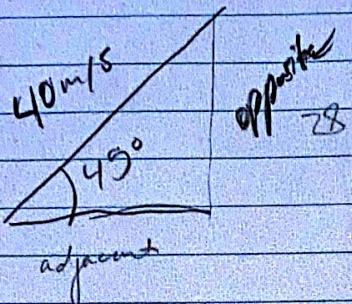
$$B = 13 \text{ m/s}$$



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2)



$$\sin 45 = \frac{y}{40 \text{ m/s}}$$

$$0.70 = \frac{y}{40 \text{ m/s}}$$

$$y = 28 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\cos 45 = \frac{x}{40 \text{ m/s}}$$

$$0.70 = \frac{x}{40 \text{ m/s}}$$

$$x = 28 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\vec{v}_y = (v_i, y - gt) \hat{j}$$

$$0 = (28 \text{ m/s} - 9.80 \text{ m/s} t) \hat{j}$$

$$\frac{9.80 \text{ m/s}}{9.80} t = \frac{28 \text{ m/s}}{9.80} \quad t = 2.85 \cdot 2 = 5.7 \text{ sec}$$

$$28 = \frac{d}{5.7 \text{ sec}}$$

$$d = 160 \text{ m}$$

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$$3) \boxed{B \quad 5.5\text{sec}}$$

6. Forces

$$47\text{cm} \quad 68\text{cm} \quad 68\text{cm} - 47\text{cm} = 21\text{cm}$$

$$21\text{cm} \times \frac{1\text{m}}{100\text{cm}} = .21\text{m}$$

$$\vec{s} = -k\Delta\vec{x}$$

$$250\text{g} \times \frac{0.15}{1000\text{g}} = .25\text{kg}$$

$$25\text{kg} = -k \cdot .21\text{m}$$

$$D = 12\text{N/m}$$

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$$2) \quad \vec{F} = -\mu N \hat{x}$$

A free body diagram showing a horizontal line with a vertical line segment pointing upwards from its center. The vertical line is labeled "75N" at its top. To the left of the horizontal line, there is a curved arrow pointing to the left, labeled "7.5kg".

$$f = \mu N \uparrow$$

$$0.1 = 75g \cdot 9.8m/s^2$$

$$735.$$

$$75 - 73.5 \\ = 1.5N$$

$$0.1 \times 735 = 73.5$$

$$A = 0m(5^{\circ})$$

$$1.5 = 75 \sin \alpha$$

$$\frac{1.5}{75} = \sin \alpha$$

$$.02 = \alpha$$

Bonus: ICE