

# Warm-Up for May 3rd, 2022

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## 1 Memory Bank

1. Note about current and capacitors:  $dQ/dt = I$ ,  $Q = C\Delta V$ .
2. Flux rule for motional emf:  $\mathcal{E} = -d\Phi_B/dt$
3. Definition of self-inductance, or just **inductance**:  $\Phi_B = LI$ . This implies  $\mathcal{E} = -L(dI/dt)$ .

## 2 RC Circuits and RL Circuits

1. A capacitor  $C$  has been charged up to potential  $V_0$ ; at time  $t = 0$ , it is connected to a resistor  $R$ , and begins to discharge (Fig. 1, left). (a) Determine the charge on the capacitor as a function of time,  $Q(t)$ . What is the current through the resistor,  $I(t)$ ? (b) Show that the integral of  $P(t) = I^2(t)R$ , the energy delivered to the resistor, is  $W = \frac{1}{2}CV_0^2$ . (c) Now imagine charging up the capacitor (Fig. 1, middle). Determine  $Q(t)$  and  $I(t)$ . (d) Find the total energy output of the battery ( $\int V_0 I dt$ ). What fraction of the battery output shows up in the capacitor?
2. (a) For the RL circuit of Fig. 1 (right), what is  $I(t)$ ? (b) What fraction of power is given to the inductor after a time  $t = 10\tau = 10(L/R)$ ? What about  $100\tau$ ?

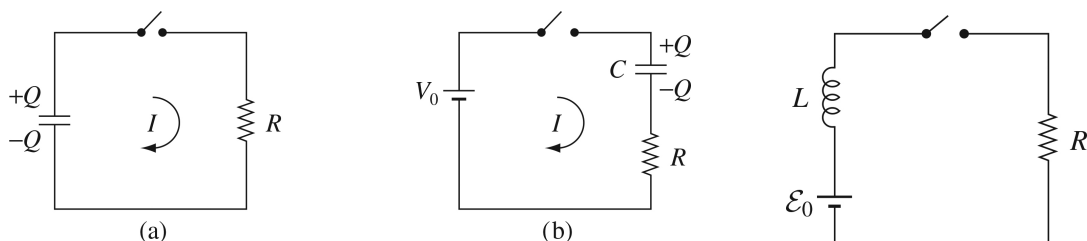


Figure 1: Two circuits: (left) pre-charged RC circuit, (middle) standard RC circuit with battery, and (right) the RL circuit.