

Nicholas Bernal

Math 80

6 July 2020

Lab Activity 1

1. The proportional data for children that die in a car aged 2-6 is 26.3% are unrestrained, 18.2% are in a car seat, 19.4% are wearing a lap and shoulder belt, and 16.7% are just wearing a lap seatbelt.
2. Steven Levitt obtains 0.1, 0.11, and 0.12 by comparing those figures to fatalities that are a result of unrestrained car crashes.
3. He states there is a small difference between injuries resulting from seatbelts and car seats. In the New Jersey study there is a ten percent difference between injuries that occur from seatbelts and car seats which takes into account all crashes.