## INTD290: Number Systems in pre-Columbian Context

Dr. Jordan Hanson - Whittier College Dept. of Physics and Astronomy January 17, 2021

## How to Submit this Assignment

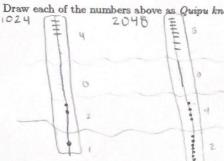
Once you answer the questions, take a picture of your work and convert it to a PDF. Submit the PDF to the assignment link on Moodle.

## Review of Bases

1. In the first video, we reviewed the base-10 number system. As a warm up, express each of these numbers in expanded form. That is, show how each number is a sum of digits times powers of 10 (the first one is done as an example).

•  $1024 = 1 \times 10^3 + 0 \times 10^2 + 2 \times 10^1 + 4 \times 10^0$ 

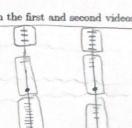
2. Draw each of the numbers above as Quipu knot diagrams, as shown in the first video.



65,536

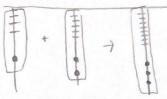
3. Draw the following table of numbers as a Quipu knot diagram, as discussed in the first and second videos.

2	3	5
7	11	13
17	19	23



## Accounting Problems

1. Suppose you are an Incan citizen who speaks Quechua, bringing a herd of guanute to the state office for redistribution1. You are adding thirteen guanaco to the office stables, and there are already twenty-five there. How many are there in total? Write the calculation in the Quipu notation.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Fascinatingly, the Inca had no concept of money. A good idea for a final project would be to report on the Inca economic innevation of maintaining an empire without money,

