# INTD290: Number Systems in pre-Columbian Context

Dr. Jordan Hanson - Whittier College Dept. of Physics and Astronomy January 7, 2021

### 1 How to Submit this Assignment

Once you answer the questions, take a picture of your work and convert it to a PDF. Submit the PDF to the assignment link on Moodle.

## 2 Introduction to Digits and Bases

[Asynchronous Lesson 0.1: corresponding video] In pre-Columbian scientific communities, we do not encounter the same systems of numbers as those used within the European scientific revolution. Based on the video 0.1, answer the following questions.

- 1. Imagine seeing four people standing under a tree. which of the following symbols describes the number of people under the tree?
  - A: 4
  - B: ....
  - C: - -
  - D: all of the above
- 2. How many digits are there in the hexidecimal system?
  - A: 8
  - B: 10
  - C: 16
  - D: 20
- 3. Write the number 255 as the sum of digits times powers of 10, as in video 0.1.
- 4. How do you write 12 in hexidecimal?
  - A: 12
  - B: C
  - C: D
  - D: 1A
- 5. Let's convert the number 255 to hexidecimal, a base-16 number system. (a) First, divide 255 by 16 and start a column of the remainders. (b) Divide the result of (a) by 16 again, and record the remainder. (c) Repeat this process until the result is less than 16. This is your final remainder, because you can't divide by 16 again. (d) Line up the remainders to get the hexidecimal expression for 255.

### 3 Base-2 Systems and Base-20 Systems

[Asynchronous Lesson 0.2: corresponding video] We move forward with base-2 or binary number systems. Watch the video 0.2 and answer the following questions.

- 1. Convert the following binary numbers to decimal numbers:
  - 1000
  - 1001
  - 1101
  - 1111
- 2. Convert the following decimal numbers to binary numbers:
  - 32
  - 42
  - 11
  - 17
- 3. Suppose we introduce a base-20 number system. We need 20 digits, including 0-19. Use the Arabic numerals 0-9, plus letters from the alphabet A-K as digits representing the numbers 10-19. (a) What are the first three powers of 20: 20<sup>0</sup>, 20<sup>1</sup>, 20<sup>2</sup>? (b) So how would you represent the decimal number 400 in your base-20 system? (c) How would you represent 401?
- 4. Convert the following numbers to your base-20 system:
  - 25
  - 45
  - 425
  - 625

## 4 The Mayan Number System

[Asynchronous Lesson 0.3: corresponding video] We finish the lesson with the Mayan number system. Watch the video 0.3 and answer the following questions.

0	1	2	3	4
5	6 •	7 ••	8	9
10	•		13	
15			18	19
	É			

Figure 1: The 20 digits of the Mayan system. The digit for 0 resembles an empty shell. The dots are worth 1 and the bars are worth 5.

- 1. You've converted the following numbers to base-20:
  - 25
  - 45
  - 425
  - 625

Now write these numbers as the Mayans wrote them, using the digits in Fig. 1. Subtract 20 from each of them, and write the results using Mayan digits. (You can put your work on a separate page).