### Aim: Design an Expert system using AIML

E.g. An expert system for responding the patient query for identifying the flu.

```
Code:
import aiml
kernel=aiml.Kernel()
kernel.learn("std-startup.xml")
kernel.respond("load aiml b")
while True:
  input text=input(">Human:")
  response=kernel.respond(input_text)
  print(">Bot: "+response)
std-startup.xml
<aiml version="2.0" encoding="UTF-8">
       <!-- std-startup.xml -->
       <category>
              <!-- Pattern to match in user imput -->
              <!-- If user enters "Load AIML B" -->
              <pattern>LOAD AIML B</pattern>
              <!-- Template is the response to the pattern -->
              <!-- This learns an aiml file -->
              <template>
                     <learn>basic chat.aiml</learn>
                     <!-- You can add more aiml files here -->
                     <!--<learn>more aiml.aiml</learn>-->
```

```
</template>
       </category>
</aiml>
basic_chat.aiml
<aiml version="1.0.1" encoding="UTF-8">
<!-- basic_chat.aiml -->
       <category>
             <pattern>HELLO *</pattern>
             <template>
                    Well, hello I am your friendly nurse chatbot!
                    How are you feeling today?
              </template>
       </category>
       <category>
             <pattern>GOOD</pattern>
             <template>
                    Ok great! Have a nice day.
             </template>
       </category>
       <category>
             <pattern>NOT FEELING GOOD</pattern>
             <template>
                    Can you tell me some of your symptoms?
             </template>
       </category>
```

```
*Python 3.7.9 Shell*
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.7.9 (tags/v3.7.9:13c94747c7, Aug 17 2020, 18:58:18) [MSC v.1900 64 bit
(AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
======= RESTART: D:\MSc IT1\Sem3\AAI Pracs\p1.py ===========
Loading std-startup.xml...done (0.05 seconds)
Loading basic chat.aiml...done (0.00 seconds)
>Human:HELLO BOT
>Bot: Well, hello I am your friendly nurse chatbot! How are you feeling today?
>Human:NOT FEELING GOOD
>Bot: Can you tell me some of your symptoms?
>Human:COLD AND COUGH
>Bot: I think you are having flu. Considering consulting a doctor.
>Human:OK
>Bot: Take care and be well soon.
>Human:
======== RESTART: D:\MSc IT1\Sem3\AAI Pracs\p1.py ============
Loading std-startup.xml...done (0.05 seconds)
Loading basic_chat.aiml...done (0.00 seconds)
>Human: HELLO BOT
>Bot: Well, hello I am your friendly nurse chatbot! How are you feeling today?
>Human:GOOD
>Bot: Ok great! Have a nice day.
>Human:
```

Aim: Design a bot using AIML.

#### Code:

```
import aiml
kernel = aiml.Kernel()
kernel.learn("std2-startup.xml")
kernel.respond ("load prac 2")

while True:
  input_text = input("> Human: ")
  response = kernel.respond(input_text)
  print("> Bot: "+response)
```

#### std2-startup.xml

```
<aiml version="1.0.1" encoding="UTF-8">
<!--std-startup.xml -->
<category>
<!-- Pattern to match in user input -->
<!-- If user enters "LOAD AIML B" -->
<pattern>LOAD PRAC 2</pattern>
<!-- Template is the response to the pattern -->
<!-- This learn an aiml file -->
<template>
<learn>prac2_chat.aiml</learn>
<!-- You can add more aiml files here --> <!--<learn>more_aiml.aiml</learn>-->
</template>
</category>
```

</aiml>

```
prac2_chat.aiml
<aiml version="1.0.1" encoding="UTF-8">
<!-- prac2_chat.aiml -->
<category>
                <pattern> HELLO * </pattern>
                <template>
                    Hello user! Enter any day of the week.
                </template>
</category>
<category>
                <pattern>SUNDAY</pattern>
                <template>comes after Saturday and before Monday.</template>
</category>
<category>
                <pattern>MONDAY</pattern>
                <template>comes after Sunday and before Tuesday.</template>
</category>
<category>
                <pattern>TUESDAY</pattern>
                <template>comes after Monday and before Wednesday.</template>
</category>
<category>
                <pattern>WEDNESDAY</pattern>
                <template>comes after Tuesday and before Thursday.</template>
</category>
<category>
                <pattern>THURSDAY</pattern>
```

Aim: Implement Bayes Theorem using Python.

#### Code:

```
def diabetes_prob(
  prob_th=0.8,
  sensitivity=0.79,
  specificity=0.79,
  prevelance=0.02,
  verbose=True):
  #Computes the posterior using Bayes rule
  p_user=prevelance
  p_non_user=1-prevelance
  p_pos_user=sensitivity
  p_neg_user=specificity
  p_pos_non_user=1-specificity
  num=p_pos_user*p_user
  den=p_pos_user*p_user+p_pos_non_user*p_non_user
  prob=num/den
  if verbose:
    if prob>prob_th:
      print("The test-taker could be diabetic")
    else:
      print("The test-taker may not be a diabetic")
  return prob
p=diabetes_prob(prob_th=0.5,sensitivity=0.97,specificity=0.95,prevelance=0.005)
```

print("Probability of the test-taker being a diabetic person is:",round(p,3))

Aim: Implement Conditional Probability and joint probability using Python.

#### Code:

```
Conditional probability:
```

```
def conditional():

pass_stats=0.15

pass_codingWStats=0.60

pass_codingWOStats=0.40

prob_both=pass_stats*pass_codingWStats

print("The probability that applicant passes both is:",round(prob_both,3))

prob_coding=(prob_both)+((1-pass_stats)*pass_codingWOStats)

print("Probability that he/she passes only coding is:",round(prob_coding,3))

stats_given_coding=prob_both/prob_coding

print("Conditional probability is:",round(stats_given_coding,3))
```

#### conditional()

#### **Output:**

#### Joint probability:

```
import enum, random
class Kid(enum.Enum):
   BOY = 0
   GIRL = 1
def random_kid() -> Kid:
```

```
return random.choice([Kid.BOY, Kid.GIRL])
```

# We create variables representing joint distributions; one variable for both children being girls (both\_girls), one variable for only the older child being a girl (older\_girl), and one for at least one child being a girl (either\_girl).

```
both_girls = 0
older_girl = 0
either_girl = 0
random.seed(0)
for _ in range(10000):
    younger = random_kid()
    older = random_kid()
    if older == Kid.GIRL:
        older_girl += 1
    if older == Kid.GIRL and younger == Kid.GIRL:
        both_girls += 1
    if older == Kid.GIRL or younger == Kid.GIRL:
        either_girl += 1
print("P(both | older):", both_girls / older_girl)
print("P(both | either):", both_girls / either_girl)
```

print("done")

#engine.print\_stats()

#### **PRACTICAL NUMBER: 5**

Aim: Write a program for to implement Rule based system.

# Code: import contextlib import sys from pyke import knowledge engine from pyke import krb\_traceback engine = knowledge\_engine.engine(\_\_file\_\_) def test(): engine.reset() # Allows us to run tests multiple times. engine.activate('simple\_rules') #STUDENTS: you will need to edit the name of your rule file here print("doing proof") try: with engine.prove goal('simple rules.what to bring(\$bring)') as gen: #STUDENTS: you will need to edit this line for vars, plan in gen: print("You should bring: %s" % (vars['bring'])) #STUDENTS: you will need to edit this line except Exception: # This converts stack frames of generated python functions back to the # .krb file. krb\_traceback.print\_exc() sys.exit(1) print()

```
def test questions():
  engine.reset()
                  # Allows us to run tests multiple times.
  engine.activate('simple_rule_questions') #STUDENTS: you will need to edit the name of
your rule file here
  print("doing proof")
  try:
    with engine.prove goal('simple rule questions.what to bring($bring)') as gen:
#STUDENTS: you will need to edit this line
      for vars, plan in gen:
         print("You should bring: %s" % (vars['bring'])) #STUDENTS: you will need to edit this
line
  except Exception:
    # This converts stack frames of generated python functions back to the
    # .krb file.
    krb_traceback.print_exc()
    sys.exit(1)
  print()
  print("done")
test()
test_questions()
Files:
facts.kfb:
#Weather facts
raining(True)
windy(True)
simple_rules.krb
# simple_rules.krb
wear_rain_protection
```

```
use rain_protection(True)
  when
       facts.raining(True)
what_to_bring_raincoat
  use what_to_bring(raincoat)
  when
       rain protection($protection)
       facts.windy(True)
what_to_bring_umbrella
  use what_to_bring(umbrella)
  when
       rain_protection($protection)
       facts.windy(False)
what_to_bring_nothing
  use what_to_bring(nothing)
  when
       facts.raining(False)
       facts.windy(False)
questions.kqb
# questions.kqb
any_disasters($ans)
       Are any of the following disasters currently occurring?
       $ans = select 1
              1: Forest Fire
              2: Tornado
```

3: Hurricane

```
4: Pandemic
              5: None of the above
                     ! Thank goodness
is_raining($ans)
       Is it raining?
       ans = yn
is_windy($ans)
       Is it windy?
       ans = yn
simple_rule_questions.krb
# simple_rule_questions.krb
no_rain
  use what_to_bring(no_rain_gear)
  when
    questions.is_raining(False)
what_to_bring_raincoat
  use what_to_bring(raincoat)
  when
    questions.is_raining(True)
    questions.is_windy(False)
what_to_bring_umbrella
  use what_to_bring(umbrella)
```

```
when
questions.is_raining(True)
questions.is_windy(True)

what_to_bring_safety_gear
use what_to_bring(safety_gear)
when
questions.any_disasters($ans)
check $ans in (1,2,3)

what_to_bring_tissues
use what_to_bring(tissues)
when
questions.any_disasters($ans)
check $ans in (4,)
```

```
Python 3.7.9 Shell
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.7.9 (tags/v3.7.9:13c94747c7, Aug 17 2020, 18:58:18) [MSC v.1900 64 bit
(AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
======= RESTART: D:\MSc IT1\Sem3\AAI Pracs\Pyke\p5.py ==========
doing proof
You should bring: raincoat
done
doing proof
Is it raining? (y/n) y
Is it windy? (y/n) n
You should bring: raincoat
Are any of the following disasters currently occurring?
  1. Forest Fire
  2. Tornado
  3. Hurricane
  4. Pandemic
  5. None of the above
? [1-5] 1
You should bring: safety gear
done
>>>
```

Aim: Design a Fuzzy based application using Python / R.

#### Code:

```
import numpy as np
import skfuzzy as fuzz
from skfuzzy import control as ctrl
quality=ctrl.Antecedent(np.arange(0,11,1),'quality')
service=ctrl.Antecedent(np.arange(0,11,1),'service')
tip=ctrl.Consequent(np.arange(0,26,1),'tip')
quality.automf(3)
service.automf(3)
tip['low']=fuzz.trimf(tip.universe,[0,0,13])
tip['medium']=fuzz.trimf(tip.universe,[0,13,25])
tip['high']=fuzz.trimf(tip.universe,[13,25,25])
quality['average'].view()
service.view()
tip.view()
rule1=ctrl.Rule(quality['poor']|service['poor'],tip['low'])
rule2=ctrl.Rule(service['average'],tip['medium'])
rule3=ctrl.Rule(service['good']|quality['good'],tip['high'])
rule1.view()
tipping_ctrl=ctrl.ControlSystem([rule1,rule2,rule3])
tipping=ctrl.ControlSystemSimulation(tipping_ctrl)
```

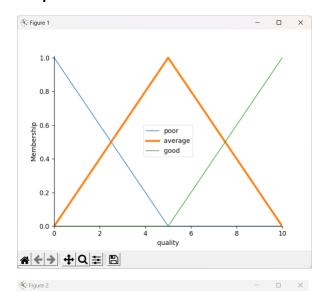
tipping.input['quality']=6.5

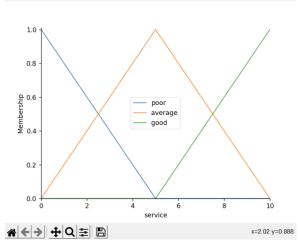
tipping.input['service']=9.8

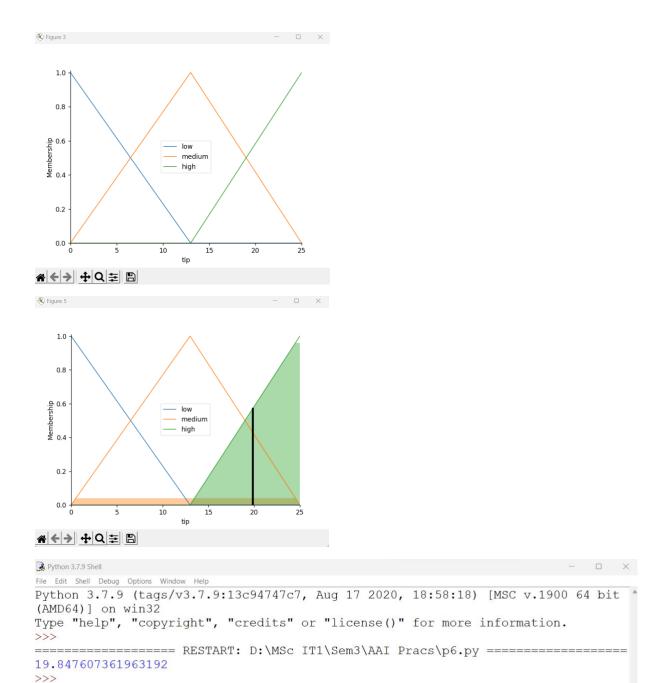
tipping.compute()

print(tipping.output['tip'])

tip.view(sim=tipping)







Aim: Write an application to simulate supervised and un-supervised learning model.

#### **Supervised learning:**

#### Code:

import numpy as np

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

import pandas as pd

from sklearn.linear\_model import LogisticRegression

from sklearn import datasets

from sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_split

from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

from sklearn.metrics import confusion\_matrix

import seaborn as sns

#Importing the dataset

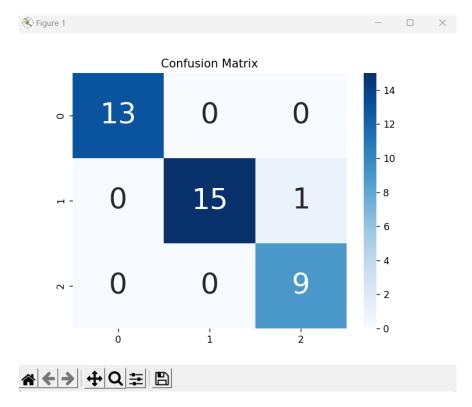
dataset=pd.read csv("iris.csv")

dataset.describe()

X=dataset.iloc[:,[0,1,2,3]].values

y=dataset.iloc[:,4].values

```
X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.25,random_state=0)
sc=StandardScaler()
X train=sc.fit transform(X train)
X test=sc.transform(X test)
#Fitting Logistic Regression to the training set
classifier=LogisticRegression(random state=0,solver='lbfgs',multi class='auto')
classifier.fit(X train,y train)
#Predicting the test set results
y_pred=classifier.predict(X_test)
#Predict probabilities
probs_y=classifier.predict_proba(X_test)
cm=confusion matrix(y test,y pred)
print('Confusion matrix:\n',cm)
ax=plt.subplot()
df cm=cm
sns.heatmap(df cm,annot=True,annot kws={"size":30},fmt="d",cmap="Blues",ax=ax)
ax.set title('Confusion Matrix')
plt.show()
```



#### **Unsupervised learning:**

#### Code:

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

import pandas as pd

import numpy as np

import scipy.cluster.hierarchy as shc

from sklearn.cluster import AgglomerativeClustering

customer data = pd.read csv('shopping data.csv')

#shape: Returns tuple of shape (Rows, columns) of dataframe/series

print("Rows,colums in data:",customer\_data.shape)

#head: Displays the first five rows of the dataframe by default.

print("First five rows:",customer\_data.head())

#iloc: helps us to select a specific row or column from the data set.

data = customer\_data.iloc[:,3:5].values

plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))

```
plt.title("Customer Dendograms")

# create a dendrogram variable linkage is actually the algorithm itself of hierarchical clustering and then

# in linkage we have to specify on which data we apply and engage.

# Ward method is actually a method that tries to minimize the variance within each cluster.

# We choose Euclidean distance and ward method for our algorithm class.

dend = shc.dendrogram(shc.linkage(data,method = 'ward'))

cluster = AgglomerativeClustering(n_clusters=5, affinity='euclidean', linkage='ward')

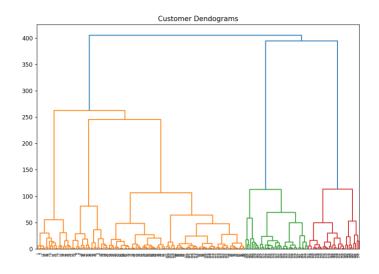
cluster.fit_predict(data)

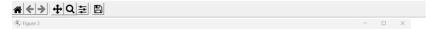
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 7))

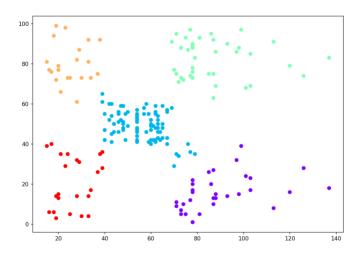
plt.scatter(data[:,0], data[:,1], c=cluster.labels_,cmap='rainbow')
```

plt.show()

```
*Python 3.7.9 Shell*
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.7.9 (tags/v3.7.9:13c94747c7, Aug 17 2020, 18:58:18) [MSC v.1900 64 bit
(AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
======= RESTART: D:/MSc IT1/Sem3/AAI Pracs/p7b.py ==========
Rows, colums in data: (200, 5)
First five rows: CustomerID Genre Age Annual Income (k$) Spending Score
(1-100)
                                            15
                                                                     39
0
            1
                Male
                        19
1
            2
                Male
                        21
                                            15
                                                                     81
2
            3
              Female
                        20
                                             16
                                                                      6
                                                                     77
3
              Female
                        23
            4
                                             16
              Female
4
                        31
                                            17
                                                                     40
```







# ← → + Q = B

Aim: Write an application to implement clustering algorithm.

#### Code:

from numpy import where

from sklearn.datasets import make\_classification

from matplotlib import pyplot

#### #Define dataset

X,y=make\_classification(n\_samples=1000,n\_features=2,n\_informative=2,n\_redundant=0,n\_clusters\_per\_class=1,random\_state=4)

#Create scatter plot for samples from each class

for class value in range(2):

#Get row indexes for samples with this class

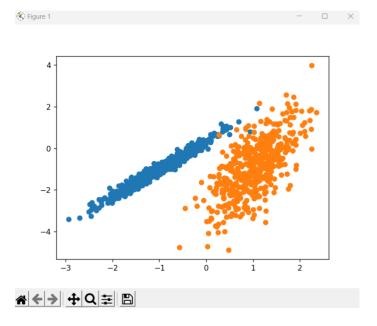
row\_ix=where(y==class\_value)

#Create scatter of these samples

pyplot.scatter(X[row\_ix,0],X[row\_ix,1])

#Show the plot

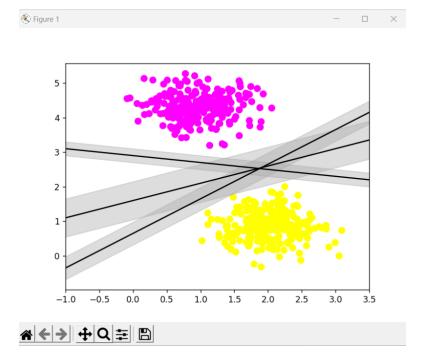
pyplot.show()



Aim: Write an application to implement support vector machine algorithm.

#### Code:

```
# importing scikit learn with make_blobs
from sklearn.datasets.samples_generator import make_blobs
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# creating datasets X containing n_samples
# Y containing two classes
X, Y = make blobs(n samples=500, centers=2,random state=0, cluster std=0.40)
# plotting scatters
plt.scatter(X[:, 0], X[:, 1], c=Y, s=50, cmap='spring');
# creating linspace between -1 to 3.5
xfit = np.linspace(-1, 3.5)
# plotting scatter
plt.scatter(X[:, 0], X[:, 1], c=Y, s=50, cmap='spring')
# plot a line between the different sets of data
for m, b, d in [(1, 0.65, 0.33), (0.5, 1.6, 0.55), (-0.2, 2.9, 0.2)]:
       yfit = m * xfit + b
       plt.plot(xfit, yfit, '-k')
       plt.fill_between(xfit, yfit - d, yfit + d, edgecolor='none',
       color='#AAAAAA', alpha=0.4)
plt.xlim(-1, 3.5);
plt.show()
```



Aim: Simulate genetic algorithm with suitable example using Python / R or any other platform.

```
Code:
from __future__ import print_function
import numpy as num
from sklearn import datasets, linear model
from genetic selection import GeneticSelectionCV
def main():
  iris = datasets.load iris()
  # Some noisy data not correlated
  e = num.random.uniform(0, 0.2, size=(len(iris.data), 30))
 x = num.hstack((iris.data, e))
 Y = iris.target
  estimators = linear model.LogisticRegression(solver="liblinear", multi class="ovr")
  selectors = GeneticSelectionCV(estimators,
                  cv=6,
                  verbose=2,
                  scoring="accuracy",
                  max_features=6,
                  n population=60,
                  crossover_proba=0.6,
                  mutation proba=0.2,
                  n_generations=50,
                  crossover_independent_proba=0.6,
                  mutation_independent_proba=0.06,
                  tournament size=4,
```

thon pe "h	3.7.9 (ta		94747c7, Aug	17 2020, 18:58:1 icense()" for mor			(AMD64)] on	win32					
				em3/AAI Pracs/pl0	.py =====		=						
lecti n	ng featu: nevals	res with genet: avo	ic algorithm.	std			min		max				
000.	60 36		.083333 0.06 3.933333	57643] [ 0.210843 333.398174] [	1.705791 1795.184704		[ 0.186667 991 1795.04		029814] [ 0.92 [-10000. 0.	6.	0. 0.04]	127366] [ 0.9	2 6.
	] 46	[-1832.663111	4.833333	3 1833.379004]	[ 3869	.713145	2.114763	3869.37395	[-10000.	1.		0.04] [	0.92
١.	10000.	[-665.828778		666.707792]	[ 2494	.662194	1.212321	2494.427267	[-10000.	2.		0.04] [	0.953
	8. 38 .953333	10000. [-1165.853		1166.703861]	[ 3210	.522419	1.592604	3210.213197]	[-10000.		3.		0.035901]
	39	[-499.110778	4.6 10000.	500.039675]	[ 2179	.653473	1.083205	2179.44037	[-10000.		3.		0.035901
	45 .953333	[-2332.606111		2333.365585]	[ 4229	.927039	1.359739	4229.508054	[-10000.		3.		0.035901
	45 .953333	[-499.097444		500.037219]	[ 2179	.656532	0.932589	2179.440933	[-10000.		3.		0.035901
	44	[-332.413778 7.		333.369554]	[ 1795	.225693	0.805536	1795.04821	[-10000.		3.		0.035901
	38	[-332.413778 7. 10000.		333.369435]	[ 1795	.225693	0.974537	1795.048232]	[-10000.		2.		0.035901
	30	[-832.460667		833.367571]	[ 2764	.117111	1.538036	2763.843669]	[-10000.		3.		0.035901
	35	[-832.459 11. 10000.	4.55	833.368905]	[ 2764	.117613	1.697302	2763.843267]	[-10000.		3.		0.035901
	.96 .42	[-1499.190889		3 1500.034199]	[ 3571	.054109	1.384337	3570.699848]	[-10000.		3.		0.035901
	44	[-665.774111	5.2	666.704532]	[ 2494	.676803	0.702377	2494.428138]	[-10000.		3.		0.035901
	33	[-665.772222	5.25	666.704237]	[ 2494	.677308	0.849019	2494.428217]	[-10000.		4.		0.035901
	39	[-1665.868111	5.55	1666.700302]	[ 3727	.137087	1.309262	3726.76492	[-10000.	3.		0.04]	
	36 .96	[-332.407	5.05	333.372166]	[ 1795	.226952	0.529937	1795.047725]	[-10000.		3.		0.035901
	37 .96	[-665.773111 8. 10000.	5.2	666.704614]	[ 2494	.677071	0.6	2494.428116]	[-10000.	5.		0.04]	
	36	[-499.088222	5.133333	500.03807 ]	[ 2179	.658648	0.531246	2179.440738	[-10000.	5.		0.04]	
	.96 37	8. 10000. [-665.775444	5.3	666.705128]	[ 2494	.676447	0.842615	2494.427979	[-10000.	5.		0.04]	
	43	9. 10000. [-832.454222		833.370257]	[ 2764	.119054	0.642045	2763.842859	[-10000.	5.		0.04]	
	.96 40 .96	[-832.454556	5.35	833.37033 ]	[ 2764	.118953	1.029968	2763.842837	[-10000.		5.		0.035901
	40	11. 10000. [-665.770889	5.216667	666.704074]	[ 2494	.677665	0.709264	2494.42826	[-10000.		5.		0.035901
	39 .96	8. 10000. [-165.724222	5.083333	166.706524]	[ 1280	.313654	0.525727	1280.185769	[-10000.	5.		0.04]	
	40	9. 10000. [-999.136333		1000.036006]	[ 3000	.287889	0.744424	2999.987998	[-10000.		4.		0.035901
	39	[-1165.824556		1166.703725]	[ 3210	.532756	0.916515	3210.213246	[-10000.	5.		0.04]	
	46	10. 10000. [-665.771444		666.70415 ]	[ 2494	.677516	1.008161	2494.42824	[-10000.		5.		0.035901
	43	12. 10000. [-499.092222	5.216667	500.038587]	[ 2179	.65773	0.877338	2179.440619	[-10000.		3.		0.035901
	39 .96	9. 10000. [-665.772111	5.25	666.704611]	[ 2494	.677338	0.744424	2494.428117	[-10000.	5.		0.04]	
	49	9. 10000. [-832.453778		833.369937]	[ 2764	.119188	1.1029	2763.842955	[-10000.		4.		0.035901
		12. 10000. rue True False		False False Tr	rue True Fal	.se							