

Week1 Assignment

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A short summary about the conductive heat transfer:

Conductive heat transfer is the transfer of heat internal energy from the more energetic particles of a substance to the adjacent less energetic ones as a result of interaction between the particles. Conduction can take place in solids, liquids, or gases. The rate of heat conduction through a medium depends on the geometry of the medium, its thickness, and the material of the medium, as well as the temperature difference across the medium.

(Ref:36 Y. A. Cengel, Heat Transfer, Conduction)

Question:

$L=0.4\text{m}$, $A=20\text{m}^2$, $\Delta T=25\text{K}$, and $k=0.78\text{W/m K}$, using both simple method and using the resistance concept to find the rate of heat transfer through the wall.

Solution:

(1) Using simple method:

$$\dot{Q} = kA \cdot \frac{\Delta T}{L} = 0.78 \cdot 20 \cdot \frac{25}{0.4} = 975\text{W}$$

(2) Using the resistance concept:

$$R_{\text{wall}} = \frac{L}{k \cdot A} = \frac{0.4}{0.78 \cdot 20} = 0.0256 \text{ K/W}$$

$$\dot{Q} = \frac{\Delta T}{R_{\text{wall}}} = \frac{25}{0.0256} \approx 976.6\text{W}$$