

# BOTANY

ENTHUSIAST | LEADER | ACHIEVER



**EXERCISE** 

Demography

ENGLISH MEDIUM



Biology: Organism & Environment (Ecology) and Demography

# **EXERCISE-I** (Conceptual Questions)

- 1. The population of an insect species shows an explosive increase in numbers during rainy season followed by its disappearance at the end of the season. What does this show?
  - (1)The population of its predators increases enormously
  - (2)S-shaped or sigmoid growth of this insect
  - (3) The food plants mature and die at the end of the rainy season.
  - (4) Its population growth curve is of J-type

## DG0001

- **2.** The formula for exponential population growth is
  - (1) dt/dN=rN
- (2) dN/rN=dt
- (3) rN/dN=dt
- (4) dN/dt=rN

#### DG0002

- **3.** Regarding life history variations. Which among the following is incorrect?
  - (1) Breeding once in life time Bamboo
  - (2) Breeding many times in life time Birds
  - (3) Production in large number of small size offspring Mammals
  - (4) Production in small number of large size offspring Birds

#### DG0003

4. 
$$\frac{dN}{dt} = rN \left( \frac{K - N}{K} \right)$$

In above equation  $\left(\frac{K-N}{K}\right)$  represent :-

- (1) Carrying capacity
- (2) Environmental resistance
- (3) Rate of change in population density
- (4) Instrinsic rate of growth

## DG0004

# Build Up Your Understanding

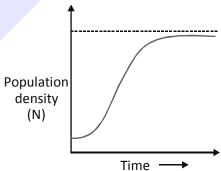
- 5. In a pond there are 400 lotus plant last year, through reproduction 16 new lotus plants are added, taking the current population to 416, then calculate the birth rate.
  - (1) 0.4 offspring per year
  - (2) 0.6 offspring per year
  - (3) 0.08 offspring per year
  - (4) 0.04 offspring per year

#### **DG0005**

- **6.** A country has a high number of reproductive individual than pre-reproductive individual, what is correct about the population?
  - (1) Population is expanding
  - (2) Population is declining
  - (3) Population is stable
  - (4) Cannot be predicted

#### DG0006

7. In a logistic growth curve of population, environmental resistance is maximum when:-



- (1) value of 'r' is high
- (2) value of 'r' is low
- (3) N approaches K
- (4) K approaches N

**DG0007** 

# **EXERCISE-I** (Conceptual Questions)

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$-\alpha$		//	~	$\nabla A$

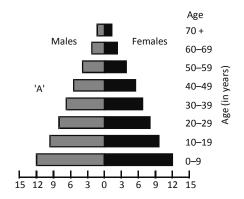


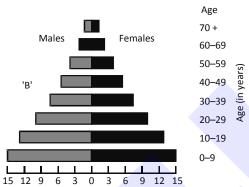
# **EXERCISE-II** (Previous Year Questions)

# AIPMT/NEET

#### **AIPMT 2009**

1. A country with a high rate of population growth took measures to reduce it. The figure below shows age-sex pyramids of populations A and B twenty years apart. Select the *correct* interpretation about them:



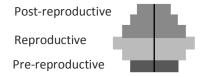


- (1) "A" is the earlier pyramid and no change has occurred in the growth rate
- (2) "A" is more recent and shows slight reduction in the growth rate
- (3) "B" is the earlier pyramid and shows stabilised growth rate
- (4) "B" is more recent showing that population is very young

#### **DG0008**

#### **AIPMT Pre-2011**

**2.** What type of human population is represented by the following age pyramid?



- (1) Vanishing population
- (2) Stable population
- (3) declining population
- (4) Expanding population

#### **DG0009**

## **AIPMT Mains-2011**

**3.** The logistic population growth is expressed by the equation :

(1) 
$$dN/dt = rN\left(\frac{N-K}{N}\right)$$

(2) dt/dN=Nr 
$$\left(\frac{K-N}{K}\right)$$

(3) 
$$dN/dt = rN\left(\frac{K-N}{K}\right)$$

$$(4) dN/dt = rN$$

#### **DG0010**

#### **AIPMT 2016**

- When does the growth rate of a population following the logistic model equal zero?The logistic model is given as dN/dt = rN (1-N/K):-
  - (1) when N/K is exactly one.
  - (2) when N nears the carrying capacity of the habitat.
  - (3) when N/K equals zero.
  - (4) when death rate is greater than birth rate.

#### **DG0014**

#### **AIPMT 2017**

- **5.** Asymptote in a logistic growth curve is obtained when:
  - (1) K = N
  - (2) K > N
  - (3) K < N
  - (4) The value of 'r' approaches zero

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## **NEET(UG) 2018**

- **6.** Which of the following flowers only once in its life-time?
  - (1) Bamboo species
    - (2) Jackfruit
  - (3) Mango
- (4) Papaya

**DG0016** 

- **7.** Natality refers to
  - (1) Death rate
  - (2) Birth rate
  - (3) Number of individuals leaving the habitat
  - (4) Number of individuals entering a habitat

#### **DG0017**

- 8. In a growing population of a country
  - (1) pre-reproductive individuals are more than the reproductive individuals.
  - (2) reproductive individuals are less than the post-reproductive individuals.
  - (3) reproductive and pre-reproductive individuals are equal in number.
  - (4) pre-reproductive individuals are less than the reproductive individuals.

#### **DG0018**

#### **NEET(UG) 2020**

- **9.** Which of the following is **not** an attribute of a population?
  - (1) Species interaction
  - (2) Sex ratio
  - (3) Natality
  - (4) Mortality

#### DG0019

#### NEET(UG) 2020 (Covid-19)

- **10.** The impact of immigration on population density is :-
  - (1) Negative
  - (2) Both positive and negative
  - (3) Neutralized by natality
  - (4) Positive

# DG0020

# **NEET(UG) 2021**

- **11.** In the exponential growth equation
  - $N_t = N_0 e^{rt}$ , e represents:
  - (1) The base of number logarithms
  - (2) The base of exponential logarithms
  - (3) The base of natural logarithms
  - (4) The base of geometric logarithms

#### DG0021

## **NEET(UG) 2021 (Paper-2)**

- 12. If a pond has 40 lotus plants last year and through reproduction 8 new plants are added, taking the current population to 48, what will be the birth rate?
  - (1) 0.6 offspring per lotus per year
  - (2) 0.5 offspring per lotus per year
  - (3) 0.2 offspring per lotus per year
  - (4) 0.1 offspring per lotus per year

#### DG0032

# **NEET(UG) 2022**

- 13. If '8' *Drosophila* in a laboratory population of '80' died during a week, the death rate in the population is \_\_\_\_\_individuals per *Drosophila* per week.
  - (1) 10
- (2) 1.0
- (3) zero
- (4) 0.1

## DG0033

# **NEET(UG) 2022 (OVERSEAS)**

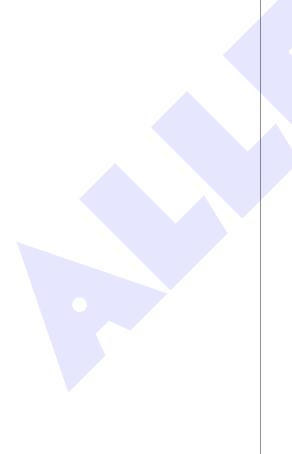
- **14.** The process of individuals of the same species that have come into the habitat from elsewhere during the time period under consideration is referred as:
  - (1) Emigration
  - (2) Competition
  - (3) Immigration
  - (4) Association

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- **15.** A population with finite resources shows a logistic growth curve where the correct sequence of events will be :
  - (1) Acceleration phase  $\rightarrow$  Deceleration  $\rightarrow$  Asymptote
  - (2) Acceleration phase → Lag phase → Stationary phase
  - (3) Lag phase → Acceleration phase → Deceleration → Asymptote
  - (4) Stationary phase → Acceleration phase→ Lag phase → Asymptote

**DG0035** 





ANSWER KEY

Que.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Ans.	2	3	3	1	1	1	2	1	1	4	3	3	4	3	3

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**EXERCISE-III** 

# **EXERCISE-III(A) (NCERT BASED QUESTIONS)**

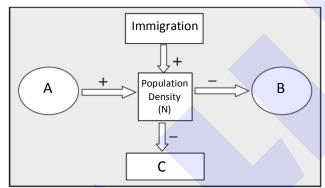
- **1.** The age pyramid with broad base indicates:-
  - (1) High percentage of young individuals
  - (2) Low percentage of young individuals
  - (3) High percentage of old individuals
  - (4) Low percentage of old individuals

**DG0022** 

- 2. In a decline population of a country :-
  - (1) Number of pre reproductive is more than reproductive.
  - (2) Number of pre reproductive is less than reproductive.
  - (3) Number of pre reproductive is equal to reproductive.
  - (4) Reproductive are less than post reproductive.

**DG0023** 

3.



In the diagram given above, which of the following option correctly represents A, B and C.

- (1) A = Death rate, B = Birth rate,
  - C = Emigration
- (2) A = Birth rate, B = Death rate,
  - C = Emigration
- (3) A = Emigration, B = Death rate,
  - C = Birth rate
- (4) A = Death rate, B = Emigration,
  - C = Birth rate

DG0024

4. Which of the following equation is/are correct for the population density (N) at time t + 1?

# Master Your Understanding

N = Density at time 't'

B = Natality

D = Mortality

I = Immigration

E = Emigration

(A) N = N + [(B + I) - (D + E)]

(B) N = N + [(B - D) + (I - E)]

(C) N = N + [(B + I) + (D + E)]

(D) N = N - [(B - D) + (I - E)]

(1) Only A (2) Only A and B

(3) Only C (4) A, B, C and D

DG0025

- 5. In a population there are higher number of prereproductive individuals, moderate number of reproductive individuals and less post reproductive individuals are present. This type of population represents:-
  - (1) Population of developed countries
  - (2) Population of developing country
  - (3) Stable growth
  - (4) Declining population

DG0026

- 6. In a new habitat which is just being colonised which will play significant role in population growth:-
  - (1) Birth rate
- (2) Emigration
- (3) Migration
- (4) Immigration

**DG0027** 

# **EXERCISE-III(B) (ANALYTICAL QUESTIONS)**

- 7. In a population birth rate is 0.15 and death rate is 0.08 during a unit time period. What is the value of r (intrinsic rate of natural increase) for given population?
  - (1) 0.23
- (2) 0.07
- (3) 0.05
- (4) 0.25

**DG0028** 

- **8.** A population has more young individuals, compared to older individuals. What would be the status of the population after some years:
  - (1) It will decline
  - (2) It will stabilize
  - (3) It will first decline and then stabilize
  - (4) It will increase

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- 9. In a month of january siberian cranes migrate from Russia to India for breeding, a survey was done
  - Till December total population of Siberian cranes = 1200
  - Birth rate = 400
  - Mortality rate = 200
  - Number of cranes immigrated = 600
  - Number of cranes emigrated = 300 Calculate the total population
  - (1) 1500

(2) 1000

(3)2000

(4) 1700

**DG0030** 

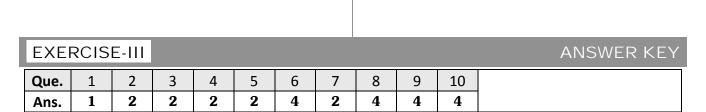
10. If a population of 50 Paramoecium present in a pool increase to 150 after an hour, what would be the growth rate of population?

(1) 50 per hours

(2) 200 per hour

(3) 5 per hour

(4) 100 per hour





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IMPORTANT NOTE	