## Data Analysis and Machine Learning: Linear Regression and more Advanced Regression Analysis

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## Regression analysis, overarching aims

Regression modeling deals with the description of the sampling distribution of a given random variable y varies as function of another variable or a set of such variables  $\hat{x} = [x_0, x_1, \dots, x_p]$ . The first variable is called the **dependent**, the **outcome** or the **response** variable while the set of variables  $\hat{x}$  is called the independent variable, or the predictor variable or the explanatory variable.

A regression model aims at finding a likelihood function  $p(y|\hat{x})$ , that is the conditional distribution for y with a given  $\hat{x}$ . The estimation of  $p(y|\hat{x})$  is made using a data set with

- ▶ n cases i = 0, 1, 2, ..., n-1
- Response (dependent or outcome) variable  $y_i$  with i = 0, 1, 2, ..., n 1
- ▶ *p* Explanatory (independent or predictor) variables  $\hat{x}_i = [x_{i0}, x_{i1}, \dots, x_{ip}]$  with  $i = 0, 1, 2, \dots, n-1$

The goal of the regression analysis is to extract/exploit relationship between  $y_i$  and  $\hat{x}_i$  in or to infer causal dependencies,

## General linear models

more text to come