

Data Analysis and Machine Learning: Representing data

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Representing data, overarching aims

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from scipy import sparse
import pandas as pd
from IPython.display import display
eye = np.eye(4)
print(eye)
sparse_mtx = sparse.csr_matrix(eye)
print(sparse_mtx)
x = np.linspace(-10,10,100)
y = np.sin(x)
plt.plot(x,y,marker='x')
plt.show()
data = {'Name': ["John", "Anna", "Peter", "Linda"], 'Location': ["Roma", "Paris", "London", "New York"]}
data_pandas = pd.DataFrame(data)
display(data_pandas)
```

Representing data, overarching aims

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from scipy import sparse
import pandas as pd
from IPython.display import display
import mglearn
import sklearn
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
x, y = mglearn.datasets.make_wave(n_samples=100)
line = np.linspace(-3,3,1000,endpoint=False).reshape(-1,1)
reg = DecisionTreeRegressor(min_samples_split=3).fit(x,y)
plt.plot(line, reg.predict(line), label="decision tree")
regline = LinearRegression().fit(x,y)
plt.plot(line, regline.predict(line), label= "Linear Rgression")
plt.show()
```