(a) A Gaussian channel has 1 MHz bandwidth. Calculate the channel capacity and maximum information rate if the

signal power to noise spectral density ratio (S/N) is 10⁵ Hz.

(b) The parity check matrix of a (7, 4) Hamming code is as given:

$$H = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

Calculate the syndrome vector for single bit errors.

- (c) Define the term Burst error and error detection. How many types of redundancy checks corrected?
- (d) For a (7, 4) cyclic code determine the generator matrix if $G(P) = 1 + P + P^3$.
- (e) Determine the Huffman code for the following message with their probabilities given:

(f) Write the advantage and disadvantage of cyclic codes.

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(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)											
PAPER ID: 2487	Roll No.										

B. Tech.

(SEM. VI) THEORY EXAMINATION 2011-12

DIGITAL COMMUNICATION

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Note: (1) Answer all questions.

- (2) All questions carry equal marks.
- 1. Attempt any *four* parts of the following: $(5\times4=20)$
 - (a) What are the main elements of the digital communication system? Sketch and explain the function of each element.
 - (b) Differentiate between Base-band and Band-pass data transmission system.
 - (c) If Z = X + Y C, where X and Y are the independent random variables with variance σ_{x_2} and σ_{y_2} and C is constant. Find the variance of Z.
 - (d) Write short note on Kraft Inequality.
 - (e) Define the following terms:
 - (i) Mutual information
 - (ii) Entropy
 - (iii) Channel capacity
 - (iv) Rate of Information.
 - (f) Verify equations that is I(X : Y) = H(Y) + H(X) H(X, Y).

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upt@onliAstempt any two parts of the following: (10×2=20)

- (a) Discuss the properties of matched filter. Explain the block diagram of optimum receiver for binary coded signal and derive the expression for Probability of Error (P_e) for optimum filter receiver.
- (b) Explain the cause of ISI and discuss the Nyquist criterion for distortionless Baseband Binary transmission. Design a binary baseband PAM system to transmit data at a bit rate of 3600 bits/sec with a bit error probability less than 10⁻⁴. The channel response is given by:

$$H_c(f) = \{10^{-2} \text{ for } | f | < 2400 \}$$

= \{0 \text{ elsewhere.}

The noise power spectral density is $G_{\bullet}(f) = 10^{-14}$ watt/Hz.

- (c) Give four desirable properties of baseband line codes.

 Draw the following data formats for the data bit stream

 1 1 0 0 1 1 0:
 - (i) Unipolar RZ,
 - (ii) Polar NRZ,
 - (iii) Bipolar NRZ,
 - (iv) Manchester.
- 3. Attempt any *two* parts of the following: $(10\times2=20)$
 - (a) Write short notes on the following:
 - (i) Byte Interleaving T1 Carrier System,
 - (ii) T1 to T4 PCM TDM.
 - (b) Explain the different type of digital carrier modulation schemes giving their merits and demerits for transmission data on band-pass channel. Determine the performance of a QPSK receiver in the presence of AWGN channel.

- (c) An FSK system transmits binary data attributed attributed from 2.5 × 10° bits per second. During the course of transmission, white Gaussian noise of zero mean and power spectral density 10⁻²⁰ W/Hz is added to the signal. In the absence of noise, the amplitude of the received sinusoidal wave for digit 1 or 0 is 1 mV. Determine the average probability of symbol error for the following system configurations:
 - (i) Coherent binary FSK
 - (ii) Coherent MSK
 - (iii) Noncoherent binary FSK.
- 4. Attempt any *two* parts of the following: (10×2=20)
 - (a) What are the various characteristics of Spread Spectrum Signal? Explain the principle of direct sequence and frequency hopped spread spectrum communication system.
 - (b) Derive an expression for the probability of error of a DS spread spectrum using binary PSK. In a fast FH spread spectrum system, the information is transmitted via FSK with non-coherent detection. Suppose there are N = 3 hops/bit. Determine the probability of, for this system in an AWGN channel with power density ½N0 and SNR = 13 dB (total SNR over the 3 hops).
 - (c) Explain the various types of multiuser systems. Determine and compare the capacity of FDMA, TDMA and CDMA in an ideal AWGN channel of bandwidth 'W'.

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