

微博 Android SDK使用指南

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申请你的App Key

请到微博开放平台上 [我的应用](#) 页面，通过开发者身份认证审核，完善应用信息，将该应用提交审核，只有审核通过的应用才能进行开发。

注册应用程序的包名和签名

在[微博开放平台](#)上注册应用程序的包名和签名后才能正确授权。

The screenshot shows a registration form for an Android application. It has two main sections: 'Android包名注册' (Android Package Name Registration) and 'Android签名注册' (Android Signature Registration). The 'Android包名注册' section has two radio buttons: '在新页面输入 (当小于3个包名注册时)' (Enter on new page (when registering less than 3 package names)) and '导入含多套签名包的CSV文件 (当大于3套, 最多不超过500套签名包时)' (Import CSV file containing multiple signature packages (when more than 3, up to 500)). Below these are three rows of input fields for 'Android包名' (Android Package Name) and 'Android签名' (Android Signature). The 'Android签名' field has a link '通过下载使用平台提供的签名工具获取' (Get signature tool provided by the platform for download and use). The 'Android签名注册' section has a single row of input fields for 'Android包名' and 'Android签名'. At the bottom, there is a field for 'Android下载地址' (Android Download Address).

注：包名和签名未注册，或者签名注册不正确，都会导致无法授权。

集成SDK

Android Studio环境下:

在Project的build.gradle文件中添加依赖配置:

```
allprojects {
    repositories {
        maven { url 'https://dl.bintray.com/thelasterstar/maven/' }
    }
}
```

在Module的build.gradle文件中添加依赖和属性配置:

```
android {
    defaultConfig {
        ndk {
            // 设置支持的SO库架构
            abiFilters 'armeabi' //, 'armeabi-v7a', 'arm64-v8a'
        }
    }
}

dependencies {
    compile 'com.sina.weibo.sdk:core:9.12.0:openDefaultRelease'
}
```

参数配置

- 在AndroidManifest.xml中添加权限:

```
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.INTERNET" />
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.WRITE_EXTERNAL_STORAGE" />
```

注：如果您的App需要上传到 google play store，您需要将 READ_PHONE_STATE 权限屏蔽掉或者移除，否则可能会被下架。

- 请避免混淆微博SDK，在Proguard混淆文件中增加以下配置：

```
-keep public class com.sina.weibo.sdk.**{*};
```

初始化SDK

- 初始化代码如下：

```
private static final String APP_KY = "在微博开发平台为应用申请的App  
private static final String REDIRECT_URL = "在微博开放平台设置的授  
private static final String SCOPE = "在微博开放平台为应用申请的高级  
private IWBAPI mWBAPI;  
  
@Override  
protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {  
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);  
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);  
    //init sdk  
    initSdk();  
}  
private void initSdk() {  
    AuthInfo authInfo = new AuthInfo(this, APP_KY, REDIRECT_URL  
    mWBAPI = WBAPIFactory.createWBAPI(this);  
    mWBAPI.registerApp(this, authInfo);  
}
```

使用微博授权

- 微博授权示例代码如下：

```
//授权操作
```

```
private void startAuth() {  
    //auth  
    mWBAPI.authorize(new WbAuthListener() {  
        @Override  
        public void onComplete(OAuth2AccessToken token) {  
            Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "微博授权成功", To  
        }  
  
        @Override  
        public void onError(UiError error) {  
            Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "微博授权出错", To  
        }  
  
        @Override  
        public void onCancel() {  
            Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "微博授权取消", To  
        }  
    });  
}
```

```
//通过微博客户端授权操作  
private void startClientAuth() {  
    mWBAPI.authorizeClient(new WbAuthListener() {  
        @Override  
        public void onComplete(OAuth2AccessToken token) {  
            Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "微博授权成功", To  
        }  
  
        @Override  
        public void onError(UiError error) {  
            Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "微博授权出错", To  
        }  
  
        @Override  
        public void onCancel() {  
            Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "微博授权取消", To
```

```

    }
    });
}

```

```

//通过网页（H5）授权操作
private void startWebAuth() {
    mWBAPI.authorizeWeb(new WbAuthListener() {
        @Override
        public void onComplete(Oauth2AccessToken token) {
            Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "微博授权成功", To
        }

        @Override
        public void onError(UiError error) {
            Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "微博授权出错:" +
        }

        @Override
        public void onCancel() {
            Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "微博授权取消", To
        }
    });
}

```

- 重写Activity的onActivityResult方法，其代码如下：

```

@Override
protected void onActivityResult(int requestCode, int resultCode
    super.onActivityResult(requestCode, resultCode, data);
    if (mWBAPI != null) {
        mWBAPI.authorizeCallback(requestCode, resultCode, data);
    }
}

```

注：这里是设置授权回调，如果不写，将不会收到授权结果。

分享内容到微博

- 实现回调，其代码如下：

```
// 实现WbShareCallback接口，获取分享结果。
private static class ShareCallback implements WbShareCallback
    @Override
    public void onComplete() {
        Toast.makeText(ShareActivity.this, "分享成功", Toast.LENGTH_

    @Override
    public void onError(UiError error) {
        Toast.makeText(ShareActivity.this, "分享失败:" + error.error

    @Override
    public void onCancel() {
        Toast.makeText(ShareActivity.this, "分享取消", Toast.LENGTH_

}
```

- 重写Activity的onActivityResult方法设置回调，其代码如下：

```
@Override
protected void onActivityResult(int requestCode, int resultCode
    super.onActivityResult(requestCode, resultCode, data);
    if (mWBAPI != null) {
        mWBAPI.doResultIntent(data, new ShareCallback());
    }
}
```

- 微博分享示例代码如下：

```
//通过微博客户端授权操作
private void doWeiboShare() {
    WeiboMultiMessage message = new WeiboMultiMessage();

    TextObject textObject = new TextObject();
    String text = "我正在使用微博客户端发博器分享文字。";

    // 分享文字
    if (mShareText.isChecked()) {
        text = "这里设置您要分享的内容! ";
    }
    textObject.text = text;
    message.textObject = textObject;

    // 分享单图
    if (mShareImage.isChecked()) {
        ImageObject imageObject = new ImageObject();
        Bitmap bitmap = BitmapFactory.decodeResource(getResources()
            imageObject.setImageData(bitmap);
        message.imageObject = imageObject;
    }

    // 分享网页
    if (mShareUrl.isChecked()) {
        WebpageObject webObject = new WebpageObject();
        webObject.identify = UUID.randomUUID().toString();
        webObject.title = "标题";
        webObject.description = "描述";
        Bitmap bitmap = BitmapFactory.decodeResource(getResources()
        ByteArrayOutputStream os = null;
        try {
            os = new ByteArrayOutputStream();
            bitmap.compress(Bitmap.CompressFormat.JPEG, 85, os);
            webObject.thumbData = os.toByteArray();
        } catch (Exception e) {
```

```
        e.printStackTrace();
    } finally {
        try {
            if (os != null) {
                os.close();
            }
        } catch (IOException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
    webObject.actionUrl = "https://weibo.com";
    webObject.defaultText = "分享网页";
    message.mediaObject = webObject;
}

// 分享多图
if (mShareMultiImage.isChecked()) {
    MultiImageObject multiImageObject = new MultiImageObject
    List<Uri> list = new ArrayList<Uri>();
    list.add(Uri.fromFile(new File(getExternalFilesDir(null)
    list.add(Uri.fromFile(new File(getExternalFilesDir(null)
    list.add(Uri.fromFile(new File(getExternalFilesDir(null)
    list.add(Uri.fromFile(new File(getExternalFilesDir(null)
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    list.add(Uri.fromFile(new File(getExternalFilesDir(null)
    list.add(Uri.fromFile(new File(getExternalFilesDir(null)
    list.add(Uri.fromFile(new File(getExternalFilesDir(null)
    multiImageObject.imageList = list;
    message.multiImageObject = multiImageObject;
}

// 分享视频
if (mShareVideo.isChecked()) {
    VideoSourceObject videoObject = new VideoSourceObject();
    videoObject.videoPath = Uri.fromFile(new File(getExternalFilesDir(null)
    message.videoSourceObject = videoObject;
}

// mShareClientOnly.isChecked() 表示是否只通过微博客户端分享。
```



```
mWBAPI.shareMessage(message, mShareClientOnly.isChecked());  
}
```

分享多图注：

- 设置的是本地图片文件的路径,并且是当前应用可以访问的路径，现在不支持网络路径。
- 接入程序必须有文件读写权限，否则会造成分享失败。
- 使用前通过**WbSdk.isSupportMultipleImage(context)**判断是否支持。

分享视频注：

- 设置的是本地视频文件的路径,并且是当前应用可以访问的路径，现在不支持网络路径。
- 目前支持视频格式为：mp4。

H5分享注：

- H5分享只支持分享文字和单图。
- 图片要求是合规图片。