

实现 Web 静态服务器

开发语言：python 3.6

集成开发环境：PyCharm

功能：利用 python 实现 Web 静态服务器，返回 HTML 页面

步骤：

1、首先编写一个简单 HTML 文件，显示了一张图片

```
1  <html>
2  <head>
3  <meta charset="utf-8" />
4  <title>柳溪桥的图片</title>
5  </head>
6  <body>
7  <p>
8  
9  </p>
10 </body>
11 </html>
```

2、主机要访问一个网站，首先会与对方服务器进行三次握手，然后通过浏览器发送一个 http 请求报文。服务器接到报文后，解析要请求的页面目录，找到文件返回给主机，浏览器通过渲染就能得到网页。

返回浏览器数据，匹配文件路径

```
# 返回浏览器数据
# 设置内容body
# 使用正则匹配出文件路径
print("----->", request_header_lines[0])
print("file_path---->", "./html/" + re.match(r"^/+/([^\s]*)", request_header_lines[0]).group(1))
ret = re.match(r"^/+/([^\s]*)", request_header_lines[0])
if ret:
    file_path = "./html/" + ret.group(1)
    if file_path == "./html/":
        file_path = "./html/index.html"
    print("file_path ****", file_path)
```

3、写出 main 函数，socket 提供函数接口，端口号设置为 7788

```
def main():
    # 创建套接字
    server_socket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM)
    # 设置当服务器先close 即服务器端4次挥手之后资源能够立即释放,这样就保证了,下次运行程序时 可以立即绑定7788端口
    server_socket.setsockopt(SOL_SOCKET, SO_REUSEADDR, 1)
    # 设置服务端提供服务的端口号
    server_socket.bind(('', 7788))
    # 使用socket创建的套接字默认的属性是主动的,使用listen将其改为被动,用来监听连接
    server_socket.listen(128) # 最多可以监听128个连接
    # 开启while循环处理访问过来的请求
    while True:
        # 如果有新的客户端来链接服务端,那么就产生一个新的套接字专门为这个客户端服务
        # client_socket用来为这个客户端服务
        # server_socket就可以省下来专门等待其他新的客户端连接while True:
        client_socket, clientAddr = server_socket.accept()
        handle_client(client_socket)
```

4、运行 webserver.py 文件, 访问 <http://localhost:7788/> 里可以看到显示的图片, terminal 里可以看出运行情况

GET / HTTP/1.1

Host: localhost:7788

Connection: keep-alive

sec-ch-ua: "Not;A Brand";v="99", "Google Chrome";v="91", "Chromium";v="91"

sec-ch-ua-mobile: ?0

Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko)

Chrome/91.0.4472.114 Safari/537.36

Accept:

text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,image/apng,*/*;

q=0.8,application/signed-exchange;v=b3;q=0.9

Purpose: prefetch

Sec-Fetch-Site: none

Sec-Fetch-Mode: navigate

Sec-Fetch-User: ?1

Sec-Fetch-Dest: document

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br

Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.9

-----> GET / HTTP/1.1

file_path----> ./html/

file_path ***** ./html/index.html

GET /image/image.jpg HTTP/1.1

Host: localhost:7788

Connection: keep-alive

sec-ch-ua: "Not;A Brand";v="99", "Google Chrome";v="91", "Chromium";v="91"

sec-ch-ua-mobile: ?0

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko)

Chrome/91.0.4472.114 Safari/537.36

Accept: application/signed-exchange;v=b3;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8

Purpose: prefetch

Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin

Sec-Fetch-Mode: no-cors

Sec-Fetch-Dest: image

Referer: http://localhost:7788/

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br

Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.9

-----> GET /image/image.jpg HTTP/1.1

file_path----> ./html/image/image.jpg

file_path ***** ./html/image/image.jpg

Traceback (most recent call last):

File "D:\大二下\计算机网络\大作业\源代码\webserver.py", line 70, in <module>
main()

File "D:\大二下\计算机网络\大作业\源代码\webserver.py", line 66, in main
handle_client(client_socket)

File "D:\大二下\计算机网络\大作业\源代码\webserver.py", line 18, in handle_client
print("----->", request_header_lines[0])

IndexError: list index out of range

5、再用 cx_Freeze 把 Python 代码打包成单个独立的 exe 可执行文件，保存在 disk 目录下，将 exe 文件转移到 webserver.py 的同一个目录

6、运行 webserver.exe，再访问 http://localhost:7788/

运行结果如下

GET / HTTP/1.1

Host: localhost:7788

Connection: keep-alive

sec-ch-ua: " Not;A Brand";v="99", "Google Chrome";v="91", "Chromium";v="91"

sec-ch-ua-mobile: ?0

Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/91.0.4472.114 Safari/537.36

Accept:

text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,image/apng,*/*;q=0.8,application/signed-exchange;v=b3;q=0.9

Sec-Fetch-Site: none

Sec-Fetch-Mode: navigate

Sec-Fetch-User: ?1

Sec-Fetch-Dest: document

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br

Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.9

```
-----> GET / HTTP/1.1
file_path----> ./html/
file_path ***** ./html/index.html
GET /image/image.jpg HTTP/1.1
Host: localhost:7788
Connection: keep-alive
sec-ch-ua: " Not;A Brand";v="99", "Google Chrome";v="91", "Chromium";v="91"
sec-ch-ua-mobile: ?0
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko)
Chrome/91.0.4472.114 Safari/537.36
Accept: image/avif,image/webp,image/apng,image/svg+xml,image/*,*/*;q=0.8
Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin
Sec-Fetch-Mode: no-cors
Sec-Fetch-Dest: image
Referer: http://localhost:7788/
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br
Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.9

-----> GET /image/image.jpg HTTP/1.1
file_path----> ./html/image/image.jpg
file_path ***** ./html/image/image.jpg
```

7、根据这个思路，用一个 **html** 模板，然后使用正则匹配出所有的文件路径，这样的话，就可以返回浏览器关于 **css**、**js**、**image** 的图片。

```
GET / HTTP/1.1
Host: localhost:7788
Connection: keep-alive
sec-ch-ua: " Not;A Brand";v="99", "Google Chrome";v="91", "Chromium";v="91"
sec-ch-ua-mobile: ?0
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko)
Chrome/91.0.4472.114 Safari/537.36
Accept:
text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,image/apng,*/*;
q=0.8,application/signed-exchange;v=b3;q=0.9
Sec-Fetch-Site: none
Sec-Fetch-Mode: navigate
Sec-Fetch-User: ?1
Sec-Fetch-Dest: document
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br
Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.9
```

-----> GET / HTTP/1.1
file_path----> ./html/
file_path ***** ./html/index.html
GET /css/style.css HTTP/1.1
Host: localhost:7788
Connection: keep-alive
sec-ch-ua: " Not;A Brand";v="99", "Google Chrome";v="91", "Chromium";v="91"
sec-ch-ua-mobile: ?0
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/91.0.4472.114 Safari/537.36
Accept: text/css,*/*;q=0.1
Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin
Sec-Fetch-Mode: no-cors
Sec-Fetch-Dest: style
Referer: http://localhost:7788/
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br
Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.9

-----> GET /css/style.css HTTP/1.1
file_path----> ./html/css/style.css
file_path ***** ./html/css/style.css
GET /css/base.css HTTP/1.1
Host: localhost:7788
Connection: keep-alive
sec-ch-ua: " Not;A Brand";v="99", "Google Chrome";v="91", "Chromium";v="91"
sec-ch-ua-mobile: ?0
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/91.0.4472.114 Safari/537.36
Accept: text/css,*/*;q=0.1
Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin
Sec-Fetch-Mode: no-cors
Sec-Fetch-Dest: style
Referer: http://localhost:7788/css/style.css
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br
Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.9

-----> GET /css/base.css HTTP/1.1
file_path----> ./html/css/base.css
file_path ***** ./html/css/base.css
GET /css/skeleton.css HTTP/1.1
Host: localhost:7788
Connection: keep-alive
sec-ch-ua: " Not;A Brand";v="99", "Google Chrome";v="91", "Chromium";v="91"
sec-ch-ua-mobile: ?0

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/91.0.4472.114 Safari/537.36
Accept: text/css,*/*;q=0.1
Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin
Sec-Fetch-Mode: no-cors
Sec-Fetch-Dest: style
Referer: http://localhost:7788/css/style.css
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br
Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.9

-----> GET /css/skeleton.css HTTP/1.1
file_path----> ./html/css/skeleton.css
file_path ***** ./html/css/skeleton.css
GET /css/superfish.css HTTP/1.1
Host: localhost:7788
Connection: keep-alive
sec-ch-ua: " Not;A Brand";v="99", "Google Chrome";v="91", "Chromium";v="91"
sec-ch-ua-mobile: ?0
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/91.0.4472.114 Safari/537.36
Accept: text/css,*/*;q=0.1
Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin
Sec-Fetch-Mode: no-cors
Sec-Fetch-Dest: style
Referer: http://localhost:7788/css/style.css
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br
Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.9

-----> GET /css/superfish.css HTTP/1.1
file_path----> ./html/css/superfish.css
file_path ***** ./html/css/superfish.css
GET /css/jquery.fancybox.css HTTP/1.1
Host: localhost:7788
Connection: keep-alive
sec-ch-ua: " Not;A Brand";v="99", "Google Chrome";v="91", "Chromium";v="91"
sec-ch-ua-mobile: ?0
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/91.0.4472.114 Safari/537.36
Accept: text/css,*/*;q=0.1
Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin
Sec-Fetch-Mode: no-cors
Sec-Fetch-Dest: style
Referer: http://localhost:7788/css/style.css
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br

Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.9

-----> GET /css/jquery.fancybox.css HTTP/1.1

file_path----> ./html/css/jquery.fancybox.css

file_path ***** ./html/css/jquery.fancybox.css

GET /css/shortcodes.css HTTP/1.1

Host: localhost:7788

Connection: keep-alive

sec-ch-ua: "Not;A Brand";v="99", "Google Chrome";v="91", "Chromium";v="91"

sec-ch-ua-mobile: ?0

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko)

Chrome/91.0.4472.114 Safari/537.36

Accept: text/css,*/*;q=0.1

Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin

Sec-Fetch-Mode: no-cors

Sec-Fetch-Dest: style

Referer: http://localhost:7788/css/style.css

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br

Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.9

-----> GET /css/shortcodes.css HTTP/1.1

file_path----> ./html/css/shortcodes.css

file_path ***** ./html/css/shortcodes.css

GET /js/superfish.js HTTP/1.1

Host: localhost:7788

Connection: keep-alive

sec-ch-ua: "Not;A Brand";v="99", "Google Chrome";v="91", "Chromium";v="91"

sec-ch-ua-mobile: ?0

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko)

Chrome/91.0.4472.114 Safari/537.36

Accept: */*

Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin

Sec-Fetch-Mode: no-cors

Sec-Fetch-Dest: script

Referer: http://localhost:7788/

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br

Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.9

-----> GET /js/superfish.js HTTP/1.1

file_path----> ./html/js/superfish.js

file_path ***** ./html/js/superfish.js

GET /js/jquery.flexslider.js HTTP/1.1

Host: localhost:7788

Connection: keep-alive

```
sec-ch-ua: " Not;A Brand";v="99", "Google Chrome";v="91", "Chromium";v="91"
sec-ch-ua-mobile: ?0
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko)
Chrome/91.0.4472.114 Safari/537.36
Accept: */*
Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin
Sec-Fetch-Mode: no-cors
Sec-Fetch-Dest: script
Referer: http://localhost:7788/
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br
Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.9
```

```
-----> GET /js/jquery.flexslider.js HTTP/1.1
file_path----> ./html/js/jquery.flexslider.js
file_path ***** ./html/js/jquery.flexslider.js
（省略部分）
```

8、可以从上面的结果来看，需要匹配出以下的内容：

```
GET / HTTP/1.1
GET /css/style.css HTTP/1.1
GET /css/base.css HTTP/1.1
GET /css/skeleton.css HTTP/1.1
GET /css/superfish.css HTTP/1.1
GET /css/jquery.fancybox.css HTTP/1.1
GET /css/shortcodes.css HTTP/1.1
GET /js/superfish.js HTTP/1.1
GET /js/jquery.flexslider.js HTTP/1.1
（部分）
```

9、根据匹配到的文件，然后拼接路径，到 html 文件路径中去查找文件，再返回浏览器中。
这里要 import re

```
print("----->", request_header_lines[0])
print("file_path---->", "./html/" + re.match(r"^[^/]+/([^\s]*)", request_header_lines[0]).group(1))
ret = re.match(r"^[^/]+/([^\s]*)", request_header_lines[0])
```

10、然后就是修复 bug，思路是：

第一，就是当匹配到 / 的时候，需要设置 file_path = index.html

第二，需要给文件打开的内容部分，做一个异常的捕获，避免直接服务端终止


```

if ret:
    file_path = "./html/" + ret.group(1)
    if file_path == "./html/":
        file_path = "./html/index.html"
    print("file_path ****", file_path)

try:
    # 设置返回的头信息 header
    response_headers = "HTTP/1.1 200 OK\r\n" # 200 表示找到这个资源
    response_headers += "\r\n" # 空一行与body隔开
    # 读取html文件内容
    file_name = file_path # 设置读取的文件路径
    f = open(file_name, "rb") # 以二进制读取文件内容
    response_body = f.read()
    f.close()
    # 返回数据给浏览器
    client_socket.send(response_headers.encode("utf-8")) # 转码utf-8并send数据到浏览器
    client_socket.send(response_body) # 转码utf-8并send数据到浏览器
except:
    # 如果没有找到文件, 那么就打印404 not found
    # 设置返回的头信息 header
    response_headers = "HTTP/1.1 404 not found\r\n" # 200 表示找到这个资源
    response_headers += "\r\n" # 空一行与body隔开
    response_body = "<h1>sorry,file not found</h1>"
    response = response_headers + response_body
    client_socket.send(response.encode("utf-8"))

```

11、运行结果，随便点开一个页面选项，可以加载出来

