1849. Maximum Absolute Sum of Any Subarray

Difficulty: Medium

https://leetcode.com/problems/maximum-absolute-sum-of-any-subarray

You are given an integer array nums. The **absolute sum** of a subarray $[nums_1, nums_{l+1}, ..., nums_{r-1}, nums_r]$ is $abs(nums_1 + nums_{l+1} + ... + nums_{r-1} + nums_r)$.

Return the maximum absolute sum of any (possibly empty) subarray of nums.

Note that abs(x) is defined as follows:

- If x is a negative integer, then abs(x) = -x.
- If x is a non-negative integer, then abs(x) = x.

Example 1:

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Input: nums = [1,-3,2,3,-4]
Output: 5
Explanation: The subarray [2,3] has absolute sum = abs(2+3) = abs(5) = 5.

Example 2:
Input: nums = [2,-5,1,-4,3,-2]
Output: 8
Explanation: The subarray [-5,1,-4] has absolute sum = abs(-5+1-4) = abs(-8) = 8.
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Constraints:

- 1 <= nums.length <= 10^5
- $-10^4 <= nums[i] <= 10^4$