

2415. Count the Number of Ideal Arrays

Difficulty : Hard

<https://leetcode.com/problems/count-the-number-of-ideal-arrays>

You are given two integers n and $maxValue$, which are used to describe an **ideal** array.

A **0-indexed** integer array arr of length n is considered **ideal** if the following conditions hold:

- Every $arr[i]$ is a value from 1 to $maxValue$, for $0 \leq i < n$.
- Every $arr[i]$ is divisible by $arr[i - 1]$, for $0 < i < n$.

Return the number of **distinct** ideal arrays of length n . Since the answer may be very large, return it modulo $10^9 + 7$.

Example 1:

Input: $n = 2, maxValue = 5$

Output: 10

Explanation: The following are the possible ideal arrays:

- Arrays starting with the value 1 (5 arrays): [1,1], [1,2], [1,3], [1,4], [1,5]
- Arrays starting with the value 2 (2 arrays): [2,2], [2,4]
- Arrays starting with the value 3 (1 array): [3,3]
- Arrays starting with the value 4 (1 array): [4,4]
- Arrays starting with the value 5 (1 array): [5,5]

There are a total of $5 + 2 + 1 + 1 + 1 = 10$ distinct ideal arrays.

Example 2:

Input: $n = 5, maxValue = 3$

Output: 11

Explanation: The following are the possible ideal arrays:

- Arrays starting with the value 1 (9 arrays):
 - With no other distinct values (1 array): [1,1,1,1,1]
 - With 2nd distinct value 2 (4 arrays): [1,1,1,1,2], [1,1,1,2,2], [1,1,2,2,2], [1,2,2,2,2]
 - With 2nd distinct value 3 (4 arrays): [1,1,1,1,3], [1,1,1,3,3], [1,1,3,3,3], [1,3,3,3,3]
- Arrays starting with the value 2 (1 array): [2,2,2,2,2]
- Arrays starting with the value 3 (1 array): [3,3,3,3,3]

There are a total of $9 + 1 + 1 = 11$ distinct ideal arrays.

Constraints:

- $2 \leq n \leq 10^4$
- $1 \leq maxValue \leq 10^4$