

808. Number of Matching Subsequences

Difficulty : Medium

<https://leetcode.com/problems/number-of-matching-subsequences>

Given a string s and an array of strings $words$, return *the number of* $words[i]$ *that is a subsequence of* s .

A **subsequence** of a string is a new string generated from the original string with some characters (can be none) deleted without changing the relative order of the remaining characters.

- For example, "ace" is a subsequence of "abcde".

Example 1:

Input: $s = \text{"abcde"}$, $words = [\text{"a"}, \text{"bb"}, \text{"acd"}, \text{"ace"}]$

Output: 3

Explanation: There are three strings in $words$ that are a subsequence of s : "a", "acd", "ace".

Example 2:

Input: $s = \text{"dsahjppjau"}f$, $words = [\text{"ahjppjau"}, \text{"ja"}, \text{"ahbwzgnuk"}, \text{"tnmlanowax"}]$

Output: 2

Constraints:

- $1 \leq s.length \leq 5 * 10^4$
- $1 \leq words.length \leq 5000$
- $1 \leq words[i].length \leq 50$
- s and $words[i]$ consist of only lowercase English letters.