3178. Minimum Increment Operations to Make Array Beautiful

Difficulty: Medium

https://leetcode.com/problems/minimum-increment-operations-to-make-array-beautiful

You are given a **0-indexed** integer array nums having length n, and an integer k.

You can perform the following increment operation any number of times (including zero):

• Choose an index i in the range [0, n - 1], and increase nums[i] by 1.

An array is considered **beautiful** if, for any **subarray** with a size of 3 or **more**, its **maximum** element is **greater than or equal** to k.

Return an integer denoting the minimum number of increment operations needed to make nums beautiful.

A subarray is a contiguous **non-empty** sequence of elements within an array.

Example 1:

```
Input: nums = [2,3,0,0,2], k = 4
Output: 3
Explanation: We can perform the following increment operations to make nums beautiful:
Choose index i = 1 and increase nums[1] by 1 -> [2,4,0,0,2].
Choose index i = 4 and increase nums[4] by 1 -> [2,4,0,0,3].
Choose index i = 4 and increase nums[4] by 1 -> [2,4,0,0,4].
The subarrays with a size of 3 or more are: [2,4,0], [4,0,0], [0,0,4], [2,4,0,0], [4,0,0,4], [2,4,0,0,4].
In all the subarrays, the maximum element is equal to k = 4, so nums is now beautiful.
It can be shown that nums cannot be made beautiful with fewer than 3 increment operations.
Hence, the answer is 3.
```

Example 2:

```
Input: nums = [0,1,3,3], k = 5
Output: 2
Explanation: We can perform the following increment operations to make nums beautiful:
Choose index i = 2 and increase nums[2] by 1 \rightarrow [0,1,4,3].
Choose index i = 2 and increase nums[2] by 1 \rightarrow [0,1,5,3].
The subarrays with a size of 3 or more are: [0,1,5], [1,5,3], [0,1,5,3].
In all the subarrays, the maximum element is equal to k = 5, so nums is now beautiful.
It can be shown that nums cannot be made beautiful with fewer than 2 increment operations.
Hence, the answer is 2.
```

Example 3:

```
Input: nums = [1,1,2], k = 1
Output: 0
Explanation: The only subarray with a size of 3 or more in this example is [1,1,2].
The maximum element, 2, is already greater than k = 1, so we don't need any increment operation.
Hence, the answer is 0.
```

Constraints:

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    3 <= n == nums.length <= 10<sup>5</sup>
    0 <= nums[i] <= 10<sup>9</sup>
    0 <= k <= 10<sup>9</sup>
```