## Python 8 Problem Set

- \*\* Don't forget to use a small test data set when you are testing your code. Make sure you know what the correct answer should be\*\*
  - 1. Take a mulit-FASTA Python\_08.fasta file from user input and calculate the nucleotide composition for each sequence. Use a datastructure to keep count. Print out each sequence name and its compostion in this format seqName\tA\_count\tT\_count\tG\_count\C\_count

Here is a structure of a handy datastructure to store this information

- 2. Write a script that takes a multi-FASTA file Python\_08.fasta from user input and breaks each sequence into codons (every three nucleotides is a codon) in just the first frame. Print out a multi-FASTA of codons for each sequence called 'Python\_08.codons-frame-1.nt'
- 3. Add in exception handling. Throw and handle (try/except) the exception
- if no input is provided
- if the file cannot be opened
- if the file does not end in 'fasta' or 'fa' or 'nt'
- if a non ATGCN charcter is found in the sequence
- 4. Now produce codons in the first three reading frames for each sequence and print out a FASTA sequence record for each frame and print to a file called 'Python\_08.codons-3frames.nt'

For example

```
1 >seq1-frame-1-codons
2 ATG TTG
```

- 5. Now reverse complement each sequence and print out all six reading frames to a file called 'Python\_08.codons-6frames.nt'
- 6. Translate each of the six reading frames into amino acids. Create one file for which you print the six reading frames (Python\_08.codons-6frames.nt) and one file for which you print the translation of the six reading frames (Python\_08.translated.aa).
- 7. Find the longest peptide sequence (M->Stop) of all the six translated reading frames for a single sequence. Do this for all the sequence records. For each sequence, print out in FASTA format the six frames of codons to one file (Python\_08.codons-6frames.nt), the translations to

- a second file (Python\_08.translated.aa), and the single longest translated peptide to a third file (Python\_08.translated-longest.aa).
- 8. Finally determine which subset of codons produced the longest peptide for each sequence record. Print this to a fourth file in FASTA format (Python\_08.orf-longest.nt).