PG4200: Algorithms And Data Structures

Lesson 01: Introduction

Contact

- "Discussion Forum"
- For announcements, and questions of general interest for the whole class
- Use the discussion forum instead of sending me emails
 - If you send me a private email/message, I will tell you to post it on the Discussion Forum. However, if I am busy (as most of the time...), I might just ignore it...

Course Info

- 12 lessons, once a weak
- Class 1-9: Foundation, algorithms and data structures that all of you will need to know if you are going to work as a developer/programmer/engineer/etc.
- Class 10-12: Advanced, interesting and important topics, but that not all of you will need in your daily jobs
- Check each week to see if changes in schedule (time and room)

Foundation

- 1. Intro
- Stack/Queue
- Runtime analysis and Sorting
- 4. Advanced Sorting
- 5. Tree Maps
- 6. Hash Maps
- 7. Streams
- 8. Graphs
- 9. Regular Expressions

Advanced

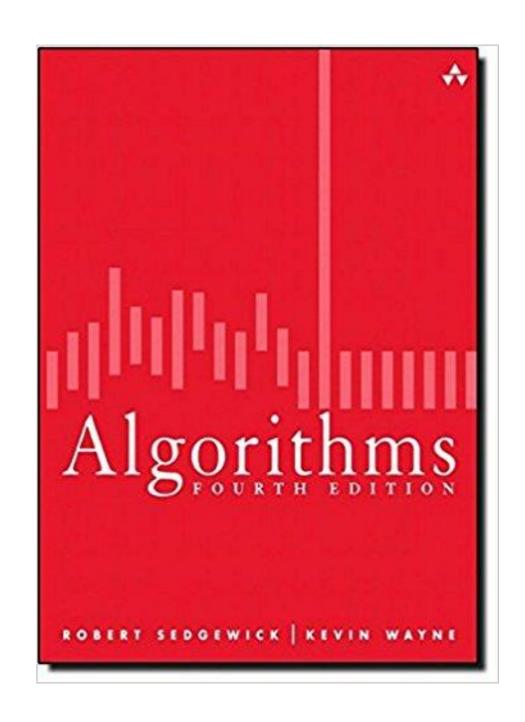
- 10. OptimizationAlgorithms
- 11. Evolutionary Algorithms
- 12. Data Compression

Class Structure

- "Usually" 2+2
 - 2-3 hours of lecture: code and slides
 - 1-2 hours in which you should do exercises and get help
- IMPORTANT: the 1-2 hours after lecture is not only for exercises. If you are falling behind, or you need some more revision, you can ask for my help on anything related to coding

Course Material

- Algorithms (4th Edition)
- We actually use it in the course, so you should really try to get a copy
 - and likely you II need it also outside of this course
- Note, however, that there are plenty of resources on internet to learn Algorithms



Git Repository

- https://github.com/arcuri82/pg4200
- Note: pull often, as new material and corrections can be added during the course
- If you add code (eg working on exercises), recall to do a Git "rebase" or "stash" before pulling (which otherwise might fail)

Why Studying Algorithms?

- Algorithms and data structures are the foundation of programming
 - ie, the base building blocks
- Impact on all fields of engineering and science
 - internet, computer graphics, social networks, biology, physics, etc.
- In this course, we will not build whole applications (eg, web or mobile), but rather concentrate on the building blocks to enable it in the next courses

Like it or not...

- ... used in practically most programs you will write
- ... algorithms and data structures are very common exercises in job interviews
 - Especially for juniors straight out of university
 - Don't be surprised to be asked to write a stack or a queue class on a whiteboard...
 - ... or other advanced algorithms



Google: 90% of our engineers use the software you wrote (Homebrew), but you can't invert a binary tree on a whiteboard so fuck off.

10:07 AM - 10 Jun 2015

7,108 Retweets **8,637** Likes



















Math

- (un)fortunately there is math involved...
- Math: can tell you WHY a particular algorithm or data structure performs in a certain way
 - As an engineer, you need to make conscious decisions about what you use
- I like math, but, in contrast to lecturers of previous years or in other universities, I put more emphasis on the programming side...

Coding

- This course is heavily based on coding
- There are going to be slides, but in class we will spend most of the time going through source code
- Slides will often just be a quick overview of what we will cover in the code

Necessary Tools

- Java 8 JDK
- Git
- IntelliJ Ultimate Edition

If You Skip Class...

- Usually acceptable that a student skips 1-2 classes
- You are supposed to attend, although no strict checks
- If you skip too many classes, it is YOUR responsibility to catch up and find out what done in class
 - you are adults, after all...

Exams

- 3 hour written exam
- Expect around 10 questions/exercises
 - Based on slides and all code in the repository
 - Note: this might change... but if so, you will be told before the exam
- Expect theoretical questions and also the writing of code on paper (at least 1, but no more than 50%)
- The exam is based on what covered in the Git repository
 - the book just gives you extra info and clarifications
 - exam is based on code in the Git repository, NOT the one of the book

Difficulty

- This is a difficult course, more difficult than what you might be used to and expect
- Not uncommon that many students fail the exam
- You need to study each week, and do all the exercises
- Forget trying to learn it in just a couple of weeks/days before the exam...
 - I keep saying it every time, but students do not believe me, and then are surprised when they get an F...

Arrays and Lists

Containers

- When writing programs, need to manipulate data
 - e.g., adding songs to a playlist
 - e.g., adding an item on a shopping cart like on Amazon
- Adding, removing and searching for elements
- Different data structures with different properties

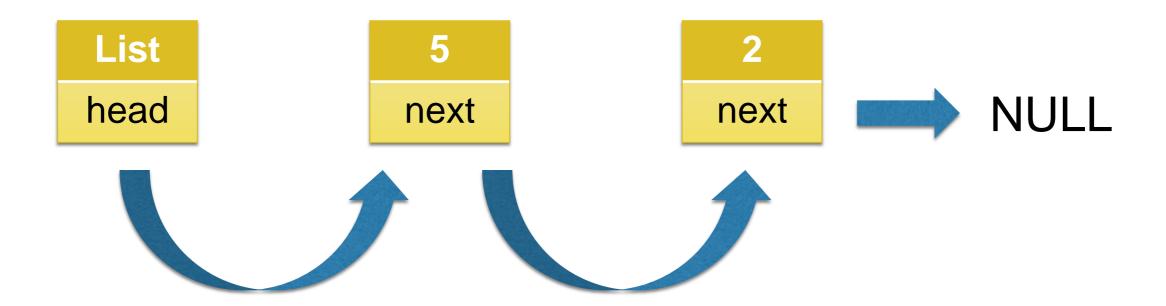
Arrays

```
int[] array = new int[3];
array[0] = 5;
array[1] = 3;
```

[0]	[1]	[2]
5	3	0

- Easy, direct access to all elements
- Possible issues when deleting elements (ie holes)
- Fixed size, decided at creation

Lists



- A node for each element (they are objects)
- Links from node to node (eg, in a next field)
- Dynamic, not fixed size
- Accessing elements more difficult, as need to traverse the links
- Going into more details on links and memory in the next class
 - reason is that you first need to learn about Stacks

Unit Testing

Bugs

- Software has bugs, ie, errors/mistakes
- Not just students, but also professional engineers with decades of experiences make mistakes, quite often...
 - not necessarily because they are bad, but just that code nowadays can become very, very complex
- You want to check if the code you write is actually doing what it is supposed to do

Inputs of your choice



The code you want to test



Produced output



Verify output

Testing

- Cannot guarantee the code is correct, but can increase your confidence in it
- You want the checking of your code to be automated
- In each test case, you verify the output generated when you run the code with the inputs of your choice

Writing Unit Tests

- Using a library called JUnit
 - Note: how to configure Maven to import third-party libraries is not part of this course (and so not on the exam), but you can ask me in the breaks if you are curious (for some of you, we will dig into its low level details in Enterprise Programming 1 next semester)
- Regular code in "src/main/java" folder
- Test code in "src/test/java" folder
- A test class is just a Java class with @ annotations
- A test class for a class called Foo.java will be called FooTest.java, in the same package

Main @ Annotations

- @Test: mark a method as a test
- @BeforeEach: execute method before each test
- @BeforeAll: execute method once before any of the tests is started
- @AfterEach, @AfterAll: same, but after the tests
- @Disable: temporarily disable a test, which is not going to be run

Assertions

- When you have an output, you need to verify if correct
- Extra code (assertion methods) that throws an error if the output is not equal to the expected one
- assertEquals(expected, output)
 - throw error if output variable is not equal to the expected one
- assertTrue(condition)
 - throw error if condition is false
- assertNotNull(output)
 - throw error if output is null

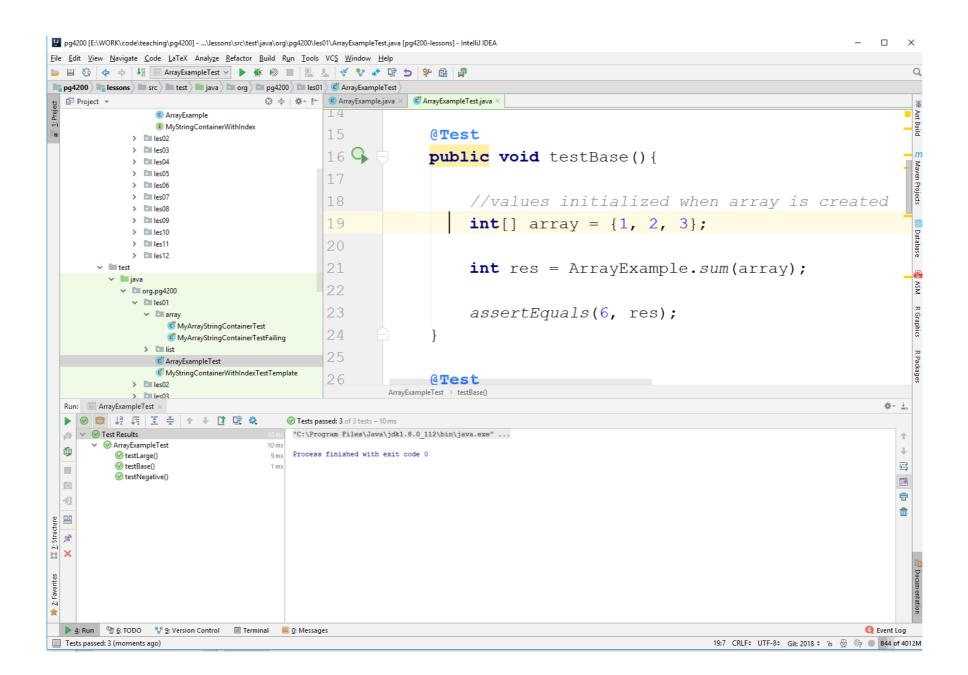
```
Mark method
```

Test Example

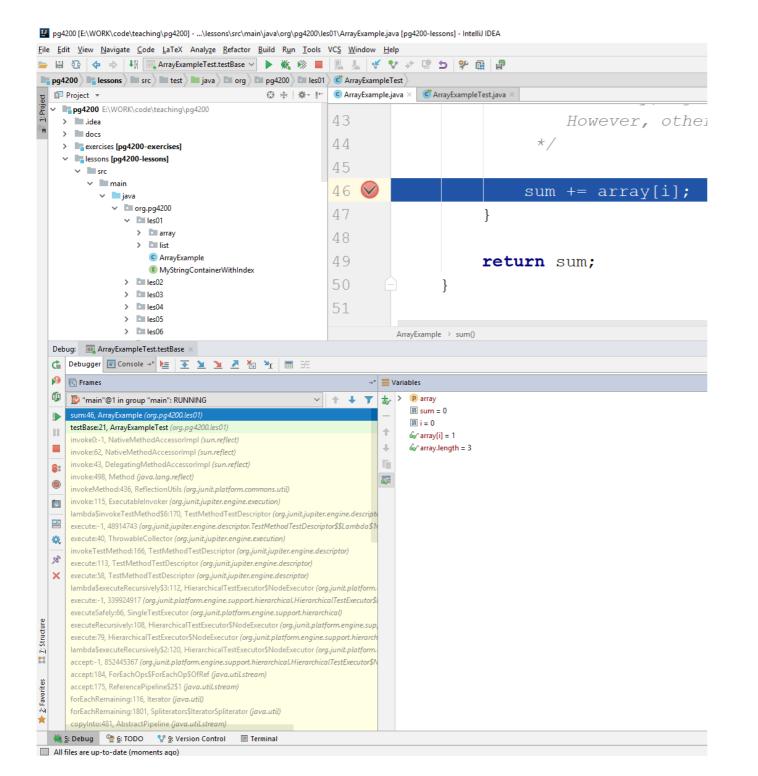
```
as a test
      @Test
      public void testBase() {
          int[] array = {1, 2, 3};
                                           Input data
 Code
        int res = ArrayExample.sum(array);
execution
          assertEquals(6, res); Verify output
```

Running a Test

- Right-click, and choose "Run < ClassName>"
- Can also use "Debug" and "Run With Coverage"



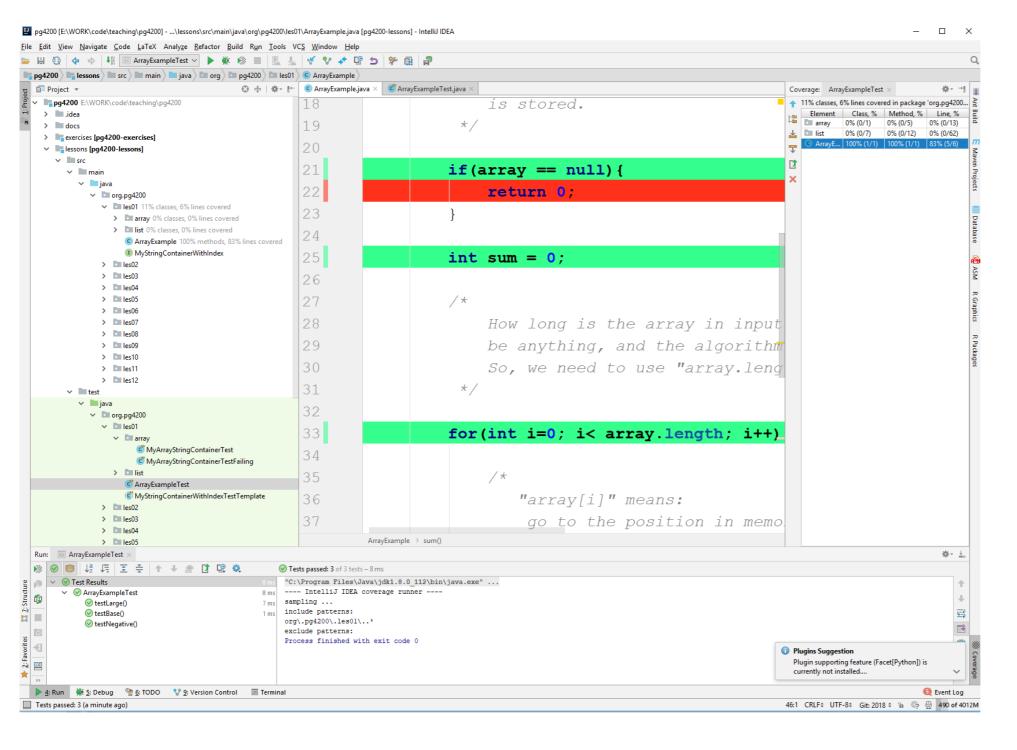
Debugging



VERY IMPORTANT

- Can put "break points"
- Execute one step at a time
- Inspect status of all variables, at each step
- Easier to understand with live demo

Run With Coverage



- Can tell you how much of the code is executed
- Eg, 83% in this case
- Code that is never executed by a test, might have bugs

Homework

- Study Book Chapter 1.1 and 1.2
- Study code in the org.pg4200.les01 package
- Do exercises in exercises/ex01
- Extra: do exercises in the book