```
1: ICPC Library @ tapu
   2: -----
                        tree
   4: --
   9:
  10: template< typename T >
  11: pair< T, int > dfs(const WeightedGraph< T > &g, int idx, int par) {
  12: pair< T, int > ret(0, idx);
  1.3:
      for(auto &e : g[idx]) {
  14:
        if(e.to == par) continue;
  15:
        auto cost = dfs(g, e.to, idx);
  16:
        cost.first += e.cost;
  17:
        ret = max(ret, cost);
  18:
  19:
       return ret;
  20: }
  21:
  22: template< typename T >
  23: T tree_diameter(const WeightedGraph< T > &g) {
  24:
      auto p = dfs(g, 0, -1);
       auto q = dfs(g, p.second, -1);
  25:
       return (q.first);
  26:
  27: }
  28:
  29:
  31: ##### doubling-lowest-common-ancestor.cpp #######
  34: template< typename G >
  35: struct DoublingLowestCommonAncestor {
  36: const int LOG;
  37: vector< int > dep;
  38: const G &g;
  39:
      vector< vector< int > > table;
  40:
  41:
      DoublingLowestCommonAncestor(const G &g) : g(g), dep(g.size()), LOG(32 - __built
in_clz(g.size())) {
  42:
        table.assign(LOG, vector< int >(g.size(), -1));
  43:
  44:
       void dfs(int idx, int par, int d) {
  45:
  46:
         table[0][idx] = par;
  47:
         dep[idx] = d;
  48:
         for(auto &to : g[idx]) {
  49:
          if(to != par) dfs(to, idx, d + 1);
  50:
  51:
       }
  52:
  53:
      void build() {
  54:
        dfs(0, -1, 0);
         for(int k = 0; k + 1 < LOG; k++) {
  55:
           for(int i = 0; i < table[k].size(); i++) {</pre>
  56:
  57:
            if(table[k][i] == -1) table[k + 1][i] = -1;
  58:
            else table[k + 1][i] = table[k][table[k][i]];
  59:
         }
  60:
       }
  61:
  62:
  63:
       int query(int u, int v) {
  64:
        if(dep[u] > dep[v]) swap(u, v);
         for(int i = LOG - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
  65:
  66:
          if(((dep[v] - dep[u]) >> i) & 1) v = table[i][v];
  67:
         if(u == v) return u;
  69:
         for(int i = LOG - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
```

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   70:
             if(table[i][u] != table[i][v]) {
   71:
              u = table[i][u];
   72:
               v = table[i][v];
   73:
   74:
   75:
          return table[0][u];
   76:
   77: };
   78:
   79:
   81: ############ tree-isomorphism.cpp ##############
   83:
   84: template< typename G >
   85: bool tree_isomorphism(const G &a, const G &b) {
   86:
        if(a.size() != b.size()) return false;
   87:
   88:
        const int N = (int) a.size();
   89:
        using pvi = pair< vector< int >, vector< int > >;
   90:
   91:
        auto get_uku = [&](const G &t, int e) {
   92:
          stack< pair< int, int > > st;
           st.emplace(e, -1);
   93:
   94:
          vector < int > dep(N, -1), par(N);
   95:
          while(!st.empty()) {
   96:
            auto p = st.top();
   97:
            if(dep[p.first] == -1) {
   98:
              dep[p.first] = p.second == -1 ? 0 : dep[p.second] + 1;
   99:
               for(auto &to : t[p.first]) if(to != p.second) st.emplace(to, p.first);
  100:
             } else {
              par[p.first] = p.second;
  101:
  102:
               st.pop();
  103:
  104:
           }
  105:
          return make_pair(dep, par);
  106:
  107:
  108:
        auto solve = [&](const pvi &latte, const pvi &malta) {
  109:
  110:
           int d = *max_element(begin(latte.first), end(latte.first));
  111:
          if(d != *max element(begin(malta.first), end(malta.first))) return false;
  112:
          vector< vector< int > > latte d(d + 1), malta d(d + 1), latte key(N), malta ke
  113:
y(N);
  114:
           for(int i = 0; i < N; i++) latte_d[latte.first[i]].emplace_back(i);</pre>
  115:
          for(int i = 0; i < N; i++) malta_d[malta.first[i]].emplace_back(i);</pre>
  116:
  117:
          for(int i = d; i >= 0; i--) {
  118:
 119:
            map< vector< int >, int > ord;
 120:
             for(auto &idx : latte_d[i]) {
 121:
               sort(begin(latte_key[idx]), end(latte_key[idx]));
 122:
              ord[latte_key[idx]]++;
 123:
             for(auto &idx : malta_d[i]) {
 124:
 125:
               sort(begin(malta_key[idx]), end(malta_key[idx]));
 126:
               if(--ord[malta_key[idx]] < 0) return false;</pre>
 127:
 128:
            if(i == 0) return ord.size() == 1;
 129:
 130:
             int ptr = 0;
  131:
             for(auto &p : ord) {
  132:
              if(p.second != 0) return false;
  133:
              p.second = ptr++;
  134:
  135:
             for(auto &idx : latte_d[i]) {
  136:
               latte_key[latte.second[idx]].emplace_back(ord[latte_key[idx]]);
  137:
  138:
             for(auto &idx : malta_d[i]) {
```

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  139:
              malta_key[malta.second[idx]].emplace_back(ord[malta_key[idx]]);
  140:
          }
  141:
  142:
          assert(0);
        };
 143:
 144:
        auto p = centroid(a), q = centroid(b);
        if(p.size() != q.size()) return false;
 145:
        auto a1 = get_uku(a, p[0]);
 147:
        auto b1 = get_uku(b, q[0]);
 148:
        if(solve(a1, b1)) return true;
 149:
        if(p.size() == 1) return false;
 150:
        auto a2 = get_uku(a, p[1]);
 151:
        return solve(a2, b1);
  152: }
  153:
  154:
  156: ####### heavy-light-decomposition.cpp ##########
  159: template < typename G >
  160: struct HeavyLightDecomposition {
  161:
        G &q;
  162:
        vector< int > sz, in, out, head, rev, par;
  163:
  164:
        HeavyLightDecomposition(G &g) :
            g(g), sz(g.size()), in(g.size()), out(g.size()), head(g.size()), rev(g.size(
  165:
)), par(g.size()) {}
  166:
  167:
        void dfs_sz(int idx, int p) {
          par[idx] = p;
  168:
          sz[idx] = 1;
  169:
          if(q[idx].size() \&\& q[idx][0] == p) swap(q[idx][0], q[idx].back());
  170:
  171:
          for(auto &to : g[idx]) {
  172:
            if(to == p) continue;
  173:
            dfs_sz(to, idx);
  174:
            sz[idx] += sz[to];
  175:
            if(sz[g[idx][0]] < sz[to]) swap(g[idx][0], to);
  176:
  177:
  178:
  179:
        void dfs_hld(int idx, int par, int &times) {
          in[idx] = times++;
  180:
          rev[in[idx]] = idx;
  181:
  182:
          for(auto &to : g[idx]) {
  183:
             if(to == par) continue;
            head[to] = (g[idx][0] == to ? head[idx] : to);
  184:
  185:
            dfs_hld(to, idx, times);
  186:
  187:
          out[idx] = times;
 188:
 189:
        void build() {
 190:
 191:
          dfs sz(0, -1);
 192:
          int t = 0;
 193:
          dfs_hld(0, -1, t);
 194:
 195:
 196:
        int la(int v, int k) {
 197:
          while(1) {
 198:
            int u = head[v];
 199:
            if(in[v] - k >= in[u]) return rev[in[v] - k];
  200:
            k = in[v] - in[u] + 1;
```

201:

202: 203:

204: 205:

206:

207:

}

v = par[u];

int lca(int u, int v) {

for(;; v = par[head[v]]) {

if(in[u] > in[v]) swap(u, v);

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  208:
            if(head[u] == head[v]) return u;
  209:
  210:
        }
  211:
  212:
        template < typename T, typename Q, typename F >
  213:
        T query(int u, int v, const T &ti, const Q &q, const F &f, bool edge = false) {
          T l = ti, r = ti;
  214:
  215:
          for(;; v = par[head[v]]) {
  216:
            if(in[u] > in[v]) swap(u, v), swap(l, r);
  217:
            if(head[u] == head[v]) break;
  218:
            1 = f(q(in[head[v]], in[v] + 1), 1);
  219:
  220:
          return f(f(q(in[u] + edge, in[v] + 1), 1), r);
  221: //
          return {f(q(in[u] + edge, in[v] + 1), 1), r};
  222:
  223:
  224:
        template< typename Q >
  225:
        void add(int u, int v, const Q &q, bool edge = false) {
  226:
          for(;; v = par[head[v]]) {
  227:
            if(in[u] > in[v]) swap(u, v);
  228:
            if(head[u] == head[v]) break;
  229:
            q(in[head[v]], in[v] + 1);
  230:
  231:
          q(in[u] + edge, in[v] + 1);
  232:
  233: };
  234:
  235:
  239:
  240: template < typename Data, typename T >
  241: struct ReRooting {
  242:
  243:
        struct Node {
  244:
          int to, rev;
  245:
          Data data;
  246:
         };
  247:
  248:
        using F1 = function< T(T, T) >;
  249:
        using F2 = function< T(T, Data) >;
  250:
  251:
        vector< vector< Node > > q;
  252:
        vector< vector< T > > ldp, rdp;
  253:
        vector< int > lptr, rptr;
  254:
        const F1 f1;
  255:
        const F2 f2;
  256:
        const T ident;
  257:
  258:
        ReRooting(int n, const F1 &f1, const F2 &f2, const T &ident) :
  259:
            g(n), ldp(n), rdp(n), lptr(n), rptr(n), f1(f1), f2(f2), ident(ident) {}
  260:
  261:
        void add_edge(int u, int v, const Data &d) {
          g[u].emplace_back((Node) {v, (int) g[v].size(), d});
  262:
          g[v].emplace_back((Node) {u, (int) g[u].size() - 1, d});
  263:
  264:
  265:
  266:
        void add_edge_bi(int u, int v, const Data &d, const Data &e) {
  267:
          g[u].emplace_back((Node) {v, (int) g[v].size(), d});
  268:
          g[v].emplace_back((Node) {u, (int) g[u].size() - 1, e});
  269:
  270:
  271:
  272:
        T dfs(int idx, int par) {
  273:
  274:
          while(lptr[idx] != par && lptr[idx] < g[idx].size()) {</pre>
  275:
            auto &e = g[idx][lptr[idx]];
  276:
            ldp[idx][lptr[idx] + 1] = f1(ldp[idx][lptr[idx]], f2(dfs(e.to, e.rev), e.dat
a));
```

```
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 277:
           ++lptr[idx];
 278:
 279:
         while(rptr[idx] != par && rptr[idx] >= 0) {
 280:
           auto &e = g[idx][rptr[idx]];
 281:
           rdp[idx][rptr[idx]] = f1(rdp[idx][rptr[idx] + 1], f2(dfs(e.to, e.rev), e.dat
a));
 282:
           --rptr[idx];
 283:
 284:
         if(par < 0) return rdp[idx][0];</pre>
 285:
         return f1(ldp[idx][par], rdp[idx][par + 1]);
 286:
 287:
 288:
       vector< T > solve() {
 289:
         for(int i = 0; i < g.size(); i++) {</pre>
 290:
           ldp[i].assign(g[i].size() + 1, ident);
 291:
           rdp[i].assign(g[i].size() + 1, ident);
 292:
           lptr[i] = 0;
 293:
           rptr[i] = (int) g[i].size() - 1;
 294:
 295:
         vector< T > ret;
 296:
         for(int i = 0; i < q.size(); i++) {</pre>
  297:
           ret.push_back(dfs(i, -1));
 298:
 299:
         return ret;
 300:
 301: };
 302:
 303:
 307:
 308: template < typename G >
 309: G convert_rooted_tree(const G &g, int r = 0) {
 310:
       int N = (int) g.size();
 311:
       G rq(N);
 312:
       vector< int > v(N);
 313:
       v[r] = 1;
 314:
       queue< int > que;
 315:
       que.emplace(r);
 316:
       while(!que.empty()) {
 317:
         auto p = que.front();
  318:
         que.pop();
 319:
         for(auto &to : q[p]) {
 320:
           if(v[to] == 0) {
 321:
             v[to] = 1;
 322:
             que.emplace(to);
 323:
             rg[p].emplace_back(to);
 324:
 325:
        }
 326:
 327:
       return rg;
 328: }
 329:
 332: ########## centroid-decomposition.cpp ############
 335: template< typename G >
 336: struct CentroidDecomposition {
 337: const G &g;
 338:
       vector< int > sub;
 339:
       vector< vector< int > > belong;
  340:
       vector< bool > v;
  341:
 342:
        CentroidDecomposition(const G &g) : g(g), sub(g.size()), v(g.size()), belong(g.s
ize()) {}
 343:
 344:
        inline int build_dfs(int idx, int par) {
```

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          sub[idx] = 1;
  345:
          for(auto &to : g[idx]) {
  346:
  347:
            if(to == par | | v[to]) continue;
  348:
            sub[idx] += build_dfs(to, idx);
  349:
  350:
          return sub[idx];
  351:
  352:
  353:
        inline int search_centroid(int idx, int par, const int mid) {
  354:
          for(auto &to : g[idx]) {
  355:
            if(to == par | v[to]) continue;
  356:
            if(sub[to] > mid) return search_centroid(to, idx, mid);
  357:
  358:
          return idx;
  359:
        }
  360:
  361:
        inline void belong_dfs(int idx, int par, int centroid) {
  362:
          belong[idx].emplace back(centroid);
  363:
          for(auto &to : g[idx])
  364:
            if(to == par || v[to]) continue;
  365:
            belong dfs(to, idx, centroid);
  366:
  367:
  368:
        inline int build(UnWeightedGraph &t, int idx) {
  369:
          int centroid = search_centroid(idx, -1, build_dfs(idx, -1) / 2);
  370:
          v[centroid] = true;
  371:
  372:
          belong_dfs(centroid, -1, centroid);
  373:
          for(auto &to : q[centroid]) {
  374:
            if(!v[to]) t[centroid].emplace_back(build(t, to));
  375:
          v[centroid] = false;
  376:
  377:
          return centroid;
  378:
  379:
  380:
        inline int build(UnWeightedGraph &t) {
  381:
          t.resize(g.size());
  382:
          return build(t, 0);
  383:
  384: };
  385:
  386:
  390:
  391: template< typename G >
  392: vector< int > centroid(const G &q) {
        const int N = (int) g.size();
  393:
  394:
  395:
        stack< pair< int, int > > st;
  396:
        st.emplace(0, -1);
  397:
        vector< int > sz(N), par(N);
  398:
        while(!st.empty()) {
  399:
          auto p = st.top();
  400:
          if(sz[p.first] == 0) {
  401:
            sz[p.first] = 1;
  402:
            for(auto &to : g[p.first]) if(to != p.second) st.emplace(to, p.first);
  403:
  404:
            for(auto &to : g[p.first]) if(to != p.second) sz[p.first] += sz[to];
  405:
            par[p.first] = p.second;
  406:
            st.pop();
          }
  407:
  408:
        }
  409:
  410:
        vector< int > ret;
  411:
        int size = N;
  412:
        for(int i = 0; i < N; i++) {</pre>
  413:
          int val = N - sz[i];
  414:
          for(auto &to : g[i]) if(to != par[i]) val = max(val, sz[to]);
```

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        if(val < size) size = val, ret.clear();</pre>
 416:
        if(val == size) ret.emplace_back(i);
 417:
 418:
 419:
      return ret;
 420: }
 421:
 422:
 423: -----
                      graph
 425: -----
 426:
 430:
 431: template< typename T, typename F >
 432: T boruvka(int N, F f) {
 433:
       vector< int > rev(N), belong(N);
 434:
       UnionFind uf(N);
 435:
       T ret = T();
 436:
      while(uf.size(0) != N) {
 437:
        int ptr = 0;
        for(int i = 0; i < N; i++) {</pre>
 438:
         if(uf.find(i) == i) {
 439:
           belong[i] = ptr++;
 440:
 441:
           rev[belong[i]] = i;
 442:
          }
 443:
 444:
        for(int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
         belong[i] = belong[uf.find(i)];
 446:
 447:
        auto v = f(ptr, belong);
 448:
       bool update = false;
 449:
       for(int i = 0; i < ptr; i++) {
 450:
         if(~v[i].second && uf.unite(rev[i], rev[v[i].second])) {
 451:
           ret += v[i].first;
           update = true;
 452:
 453:
 454:
 455:
        if(!update) return -1; // notice!!
 456:
 457:
      return ret;
 458: }
 459:
 460:
 464:
 465: template< typename T >
 466: vector< T > dijkstra(WeightedGraph< T > &g, int s) {
 467:
     const auto INF = numeric limits< T >::max();
 468: vector< T > dist(q.size(), INF);
 469:
 470: using Pi = pair < T, int >;
 471: priority queue Pi, vector Pi >, greater Pi > > que;
 472: dist[s] = 0;
 473: que.emplace(dist[s], s);
 474:
     while(!que.empty()) {
 475:
        T cost;
 476:
        int idx;
 477:
        tie(cost, idx) = que.top();
 478:
        que.pop();
 479:
        if(dist[idx] < cost) continue;</pre>
 480:
       for(auto &e : g[idx]) {
 481:
         auto next_cost = cost + e.cost;
 482:
          if(dist[e.to] <= next_cost) continue;</pre>
 483:
         dist[e.to] = next cost;
 484:
          que.emplace(dist[e.to], e.to);
```

```
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 485:
 486:
        }
 487:
       return dist;
 488: }
 489:
 490:
 495: template< typename T >
 496: struct edge {
 497:
       int src, to;
 498:
       T cost;
 499:
 500:
        edge(int to, T cost) : src(-1), to(to), cost(cost) {}
 501:
 502:
       edge(int src, int to, T cost) : src(src), to(to), cost(cost) {}
 503:
 504:
       edge &operator=(const int &x) {
 505:
         to = x;
 506:
         return *this;
 507:
 508:
 509:
       operator int() const { return to; }
 510: };
 511:
 512: template< typename T >
 513: using Edges = vector< edge< T > >;
 514: template < typename T >
 515: using WeightedGraph = vector< Edges< T > >;
 516: using UnWeightedGraph = vector< vector< int > >;
 517: template < typename T >
 518: using Matrix = vector< vector< T > >;
 519:
 520:
 522: ########## bipartite-matching.cpp #############
 524:
 525: struct BipartiteMatching {
       vector< vector< int > > graph;
 526:
 527:
       vector< int > match, alive, used;
 528:
        int timestamp;
 529:
 530:
       BipartiteMatching(int n) : graph(n), alive(n, 1), used(n, 0), match(n, -1), time
stamp(0) {}
 531:
 532:
        void add_edge(int u, int v) {
 533:
         graph[u].push_back(v);
 534:
         graph[v].push_back(u);
 535:
 536:
       bool dfs(int idx) {
 537:
 538:
         used[idx] = timestamp;
 539:
         for(auto &to : graph[idx]) {
           int to match = match[to];
 540:
 541:
           if(alive[to] == 0) continue;
 542:
           if(to_match == -1 | (used[to_match] != timestamp && dfs(to_match))) {
 543:
             match[idx] = to;
 544:
             match[to] = idx;
 545:
             return true;
           }
 546:
 547:
         }
 548:
         return false;
 549:
        }
 550:
        int bipartite_matching() {
 551:
 552:
         int ret = 0;
 553:
         for(int i = 0; i < graph.size(); i++) {</pre>
```

```
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 554:
           if(alive[i] == 0) continue;
 555:
           if(match[i] == -1) {
 556:
             ++timestamp;
 557:
             ret += dfs(i);
 558:
          }
 559:
 560:
         return ret;
        }
 561:
 562:
 563:
        void output() {
 564:
         for(int i = 0; i < graph.size(); i++) {</pre>
 565:
           if(i < match[i]) {
 566:
             cout << i << "-" << match[i] << endl;
 567:
 568:
          }
 569:
 570: };
 571:
 572:
 573:
 577:
 578: template < typename T >
 579: void warshall_floyd(Matrix< T > &g, T INF) {
        for(int k = 0; k < g.size(); k++) {</pre>
 580:
          for(int i = 0; i < g.size(); i++)</pre>
 581:
 582:
           for(int j = 0; j < g.size(); j++) {</pre>
 583:
             if(g[i][k] == INF | | g[k][j] == INF) continue;
 584:
             g[i][j] = min(g[i][j], g[i][k] + g[k][j]);
 585:
 586:
          }
 587:
        }
 588: }
 589:
 590:
 592: ############ gabow-edmonds.cpp ###############
 595: // https://qiita.com/Kutimoti T/items/5b579773e0a24d650bdf
  596: struct GabowEdmonds {
 597:
 598:
        struct edge {
 599:
         int to, idx;
 600:
 601:
 602:
        vector< vector< edge > > g;
 603:
        vector< pair< int, int > > edges;
 604:
        vector< int > mate, label, first;
 605:
        queue < int > que;
 606:
 607:
        GabowEdmonds(int n) : g(n + 1), mate(n + 1), label(n + 1, -1), first(n + 1) {}
 608:
 609:
        void add_edge(int u, int v) {
 610:
          ++u, ++v;
 611:
         g[u].push_back((edge) {v, (int) (edges.size() + g.size())});
 612:
         g[v].push_back((edge) {u, (int) (edges.size() + g.size())});
 613:
          edges.emplace_back(u, v);
 614:
 615:
 616:
        int find(int x) {
 617:
         if(label[first[x]] < 0) return first[x];</pre>
 618:
         first[x] = find(first[x]);
 619:
         return first[x];
 620:
 621:
 622:
        void rematch(int v, int w) {
 623:
          int t = mate[v];
```

```
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  624:
           mate[v] = w;
  625:
           if(mate[t] != v) return;
           if(label[v] < g.size()) {</pre>
  626:
              mate[t] = label[v];
  627:
  628:
             rematch(label[v], t);
  629:
            } else {
              int x = edges[label[v] - g.size()].first;
  630:
  631:
              int y = edges[label[v] - g.size()].second;
  632:
              rematch(x, y);
  633:
              rematch(y, x);
           }
  634:
         }
  635:
  636:
  637:
         void assign_label(int x, int y, int num) {
  638:
           int r = find(x);
  639:
           int s = find(y);
  640:
           int join = 0;
  641:
           if(r == s) return;
  642:
           label[r] = -num;
  643:
           label[s] = -num;
           while(true) {
  644:
  645:
              if(s != 0) swap(r, s);
  646:
              r = find(label[mate[r]]);
  647:
              if(label[r] == -num) {
  648:
                join = r;
  649:
                break;
  650:
  651:
              label[r] = -num;
  652:
  653:
           int v = first[x];
           while(v != join) {
  654:
  655:
             que.push(v);
  656:
              label[v] = num;
  657:
              first[v] = join;
  658:
              v = first[label[mate[v]]];
  659:
  660:
           v = first[y];
  661:
           while(v != join) {
  662:
              que.push(v);
  663:
              label[v] = num;
  664:
              first[v] = join;
  665:
              v = first[label[mate[v]]];
  666:
  667:
  668:
  669:
         bool augment_check(int u) {
  670:
           que = queue < int >();
  671:
           first[u] = 0;
  672:
           label[u] = 0;
  673:
           que.push(u);
  674:
           while(!que.empty()) {
  675:
              int x = que.front();
  676:
              que.pop();
  677:
              for(auto e : g[x]) {
  678:
                int y = e.to;
  679:
                if(mate[y] == 0 \&\& y != u) {
  680:
                  mate[y] = x;
  681:
                  rematch(x, y);
  682:
                  return true;
  683:
                } else if(label[y] >= 0) {
  684:
                  assign_label(x, y, e.idx);
  685:
                } else if(label[mate[y]] < 0) {</pre>
  686:
                  label[mate[y]] = x;
  687:
                  first[mate[y]] = y;
  688:
                  que.push(mate[y]);
  689:
  690:
              }
  691:
  692:
           return false;
  693:
```

```
694:
695:
      vector< pair< int, int > > max_matching() {
696:
         for(int i = 1; i < g.size(); i++) {</pre>
697:
           if(mate[i] != 0) continue;
698:
           if(augment_check(i)) label.assign(g.size(), -1);
699:
700:
        vector< pair< int, int > > ret;
701:
         for(int i = 1; i < g.size(); i++) {</pre>
702:
          if(i < mate[i]) ret.emplace_back(i - 1, mate[i] - 1);</pre>
703:
704:
        return ret;
705:
706: };
707:
708:
710: ######### maxflow-lower-bound.cpp #############
712:
713: template < typename flow_t, template < typename > class F >
714: struct MaxFlowLowerBound {
715:
      F< flow_t > flow;
716:
      vector< flow_t > in, up;
717:
       typename F< flow_t >::edge *latte, *malta;
718:
       int X, Y, V;
719:
      flow_t sum;
720:
721:
      MaxFlowLowerBound(int V) : V(V), flow(V + 2), X(V), Y(V + 1), sum(0), in(V) {}
722:
723:
      void add edge(int from, int to, flow t low, flow t high) {
724:
        assert(from != to);
725:
         flow.add edge(from, to, high - low, up.size());
726:
        in[from] -= low;
727:
        in[to] += low;
728:
        up.emplace_back(high);
729:
730:
731:
      void build() {
        for(int i = 0; i < V; i++) {</pre>
732:
           if(in[i] > 0) {
733:
734:
             flow.add_edge(X, i, in[i]);
             sum += in[i];
735:
           } else if(in[i] < 0) {</pre>
736:
737:
             flow.add_edge(i, Y, -in[i]);
738:
739:
         }
740:
741:
742:
      bool can_flow(int s, int t) {
743:
        assert(s != t);
744:
        flow.add_edge(t, s, flow.INF);
745:
         latte = &flow.graph[t].back();
        malta = &flow.graph[s].back();
746:
747:
        return can_flow();
748:
       }
749:
750:
      bool can flow() {
751:
        build();
752:
        auto ret = flow.max_flow(X, Y);
753:
        return ret >= sum;
754:
755:
756:
      flow_t max_flow(int s, int t) {
757:
        if(can_flow(s, t)) {
758:
          return flow.max_flow(s, t);
759:
         } else {
760:
          return -1;
761:
         }
       }
762:
763:
```

```
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  764:
        flow_t min_flow(int s, int t) {
  765:
          if(can_flow(s, t)) 
  766:
            auto ret = flow.INF - latte->cap;
  767:
            latte->cap = malta->cap = 0;
  768:
            return ret - flow.max_flow(t, s);
  769:
          } else {
  770:
            return -1;
  771:
          }
  772:
  773:
  774:
        void output(int M) {
  775:
          vector< flow_t > ans(M);
  776:
          for(int i = 0; i < flow.graph.size(); i++) {</pre>
  777:
            for(auto &e : flow.graph[i]) {
  778:
              if(!e.isrev && ~e.idx) ans[e.idx] = up[e.idx] - e.cap;
  779:
  780:
  781:
          for(auto &p : ans) cout << p << endl;</pre>
  782:
  783: };
  784:
  785:
  789:
  790: template< typename flow_t, typename cost_t >
  791: struct PrimalDual {
  792:
        const cost t INF;
  793:
  794:
        struct edge {
  795:
          int to;
  796:
          flow t cap;
  797:
          cost_t cost;
  798:
          int rev;
  799:
          bool isrev;
  800:
        };
  801:
        vector< vector< edge > > graph;
  802:
        vector< cost_t > potential, min_cost;
  803:
        vector< int > prevv, preve;
  804:
  805:
        PrimalDual(int V) : graph(V), INF(numeric_limits< cost_t >::max()) {}
  806:
  807:
        void add_edge(int from, int to, flow_t cap, cost_t cost) {
  808:
          graph[from].emplace back((edge) {to, cap, cost, (int) graph[to].size(), false}
          graph[to].emplace_back((edge) {from, 0, -cost, (int) graph[from].size() - 1, t
  809:
rue });
  810:
  811:
  812:
        cost_t min_cost_flow(int s, int t, flow_t f) {
          int V = (int) graph.size();
  813:
  814:
          cost t ret = 0;
  815:
          using Pi = pair< cost_t, int >;
  816:
          priority_queue< Pi, vector< Pi >, greater< Pi > > que;
          potential.assign(V, 0);
  817:
  818:
          preve.assign(V, -1);
  819:
          prevv.assign(V, -1);
  820:
  821:
          while(f > 0) {
  822:
            min_cost.assign(V, INF);
  823:
            que.emplace(0, s);
  824:
            min_cost[s] = 0;
  825:
            while(!que.empty()) {
  826:
              Pi p = que.top();
  827:
              que.pop();
  828:
              if(min_cost[p.second] < p.first) continue;</pre>
  829:
              for(int i = 0; i < graph[p.second].size(); i++) {</pre>
  830:
                edge &e = graph[p.second][i];
                cost_t nextCost = min_cost[p.second] + e.cost + potential[p.second] - po
  831:
```

```
tential[e.to];
 832:
               if(e.cap > 0 && min_cost[e.to] > nextCost) {
                min_cost[e.to] = nextCost;
 833:
 834:
                prevv[e.to] = p.second, preve[e.to] = i;
 835:
                que.emplace(min_cost[e.to], e.to);
 836:
 837:
             }
 838:
 839:
           if(min_cost[t] == INF) return -1;
 840:
           for(int v = 0; v < V; v++) potential[v] += min_cost[v];</pre>
           flow_t addflow = f;
 841:
 842:
           for(int v = t; v != s; v = prevv[v]) {
 843:
             addflow = min(addflow, graph[prevv[v]][preve[v]].cap);
 844:
 845:
           f -= addflow;
           ret += addflow * potential[t];
 846:
 847:
           for(int v = t; v != s; v = prevv[v]) {
 848:
             edge &e = graph[prevv[v]][preve[v]];
 849:
             e.cap -= addflow;
 850:
             graph[v][e.rev].cap += addflow;
 851:
           }
         }
 852:
 853:
         return ret;
 854:
 855:
       void output() {
 856:
         for(int i = 0; i < graph.size(); i++) {</pre>
 857:
           for(auto &e : graph[i]) {
 858:
 859:
             if(e.isrev) continue;
 860:
             auto &rev_e = graph[e.to][e.rev];
            cout << i << "->" << e.to << " (flow: " << rev e.cap << "/" << rev e.cap +
 861:
e.cap << ")" << endl;
 862:
           }
 863:
         }
 864:
 865: };
 866:
 867:
 871:
 872: template< typename T >
 873: vector< T > bellman ford(Edges< T > &edges, int V, int s) {
       const auto INF = numeric limits< T >::max();
 874:
 875:
       vector< T > dist(V, INF);
 876:
       dist[s] = 0;
       for(int i = 0; i < V - 1; i++) {</pre>
 877:
         for(auto &e : edges) {
 878:
           if(dist[e.src] == INF) continue;
 879:
 880:
           dist[e.to] = min(dist[e.to], dist[e.src] + e.cost);
 881:
 882:
 883:
       for(auto &e : edges) {
 884:
         if(dist[e.src] == INF) continue;
 885:
         if(dist[e.src] + e.cost < dist[e.to]) return vector< T >();
 886:
 887:
       return dist;
 888: }
 889:
 890:
 891:
 893: ############# hungarian.cpp #################
 895:
 896: template< typename T >
 897: T hungarian(Matrix< T > &A) {
       const T infty = numeric_limits< T >::max();
 899:
       const int N = (int) A.size();
```

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  900:
         const int M = (int) A[0].size();
         vector< int > P(M), way(M);
  901:
  902:
         vector< T > U(N, 0), V(M, 0), minV;
  903:
         vector< bool > used;
  904:
  905:
        for(int i = 1; i < N; i++) {</pre>
  906:
           P[0] = i;
  907:
           minV.assign(M, infty);
  908:
           used.assign(M, false);
  909:
           int j0 = 0;
  910:
           while(P[j0] != 0) {
  911:
             int i0 = P[j0], j1 = 0;
  912:
             used[j0] = true;
  913:
             T delta = infty;
  914:
             for(int j = 1; j < M; j++) {</pre>
  915:
               if(used[j]) continue;
  916:
               T curr = A[i0][j] - U[i0] - V[j];
  917:
               if(curr < minV[j]) minV[j] = curr, way[j] = j0;</pre>
  918:
               if(minV[j] < delta) delta = minV[j], j1 = j;</pre>
  919:
  920:
             for(int j = 0; j < M; j++) {</pre>
  921:
               if(used[j]) U[P[j]] += delta, V[j] -= delta;
  922:
               else minV[j] -= delta;
  923:
  924:
             j0 = j1;
           }
  925:
           do {
  926:
  927:
             P[j0] = P[way[j0]];
  928:
             j0 = way[j0];
  929:
           } while(j0 != 0);
  930:
         return -V[0];
  931:
  932: }
  933:
  934:
  936: ######## maximum-independent-set.cpp ###########
  938:
  939: template< typename T >
  940: vector< int > maximum independent set(const Matrix< T > &q, int trial = 1000000) {
  941:
         int N = (int) g.size();
  942:
  943:
         vector< uint64 t > bit(N);
  944:
  945:
         assert(N <= 64);
  946:
         for(int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
           for(int j = 0; j < N; j++)</pre>
  947:
  948:
             if(i != j) {
  949:
               assert(g[i][j] == g[j][i]);
  950:
               if(g[i][j]) bit[i] |= uint64_t(1) << j;</pre>
  951:
  952:
           }
         }
  953:
  954:
  955:
         vector< int > ord(N);
  956:
         iota(begin(ord), end(ord), 0);
  957:
         mt19937 mt(chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count());
  958:
         int ret = 0;
  959:
         uint64_t ver;
  960:
         for(int i = 0; i < trial; i++) {</pre>
  961:
           shuffle(begin(ord), end(ord), mt);
  962:
           uint64_t used = 0;
  963:
           int add = 0;
  964:
           for(int j : ord)
  965:
             if(used & bit[j]) continue;
  966:
             used |= uint64_t(1) << j;
  967:
             ++add;
  968:
  969:
           if(ret < add) {
```

```
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  970:
            ret = add;
  971:
            ver = used;
  972:
  973:
  974:
        vector< int > ans;
  975:
        for(int i = 0; i < N; i++) {</pre>
  976:
          if((ver >> i) & 1) ans.emplace_back(i);
  977:
  978:
        return ans;
  979: }
  980:
  981:
  985:
  986: template < typename flow_t >
  987: struct PushRelabel {
  988:
        const flow_t INF;
  989:
  990:
        struct edge {
  991:
          int to;
  992:
          flow_t cap;
  993:
          int rev;
  994:
          bool isrev;
          int idx;
  995:
  996:
        };
  997:
        vector< vector< edge > > graph;
  998:
        vector< flow t > ex;
  999:
        int relabels, high;
 1000:
        vector< int > cnt, h;
        vector< vector< int > > hs;
 1001:
 1002:
 1003:
        PushRelabel(int V) : graph(V), INF(numeric_limits< flow_t >::max()), hs(V + 1),
high(0) {}
 1004:
 1005:
 1006:
        void add_edge(int from, int to, flow_t cap, int idx = -1) {
 1007:
          graph[from].emplace_back((edge) {to, cap, (int) graph[to].size(), false, idx})
 1008:
          graph[to].emplace_back((edge) {from, 0, (int) graph[from].size() - 1, true, id
x});
 1009:
 1010:
 1011:
        void update height(int idx, int nxt height) {
 1012:
          ++relabels;
 1013:
          if(h[idx] != graph.size() + 1) {
 1014:
            --cnt[h[idx]];
 1015:
1016:
          h[idx] = nxt_height;
1017:
          if(h[idx] != graph.size() + 1) {
            high = nxt_height;
1018:
            ++cnt[nxt_height];
1019:
1020:
            if(ex[idx] > 0) hs[nxt_height].emplace_back(idx);
1021:
          }
        }
1022:
 1023:
        void global_relabel(int idx) {
 1024:
 1025:
          for(int i = 0; i <= high; i++) hs[i].clear();</pre>
 1026:
          relabels = 0;
 1027:
          high = 0;
 1028:
          h.assign(graph.size(), graph.size() + 1);
 1029:
          cnt.assign(graph.size(), 0);
 1030:
          queue< int > que;
 1031:
          que.emplace(idx);
 1032:
          h[idx] = 0;
 1033:
          while(que.size()) {
 1034:
            int p = que.front();
 1035:
            que.pop();
 1036:
            for(auto &e : graph[p]) {
```

```
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 1037:
               if(h[e.to] == graph.size() + 1 && graph[e.to][e.rev].cap > 0) {
 1038:
                  que.emplace(e.to);
 1039:
                 high = h[p] + 1;
 1040:
                  update_height(e.to, high);
 1041:
 1042:
 1043:
           }
         }
 1044:
 1045:
 1046:
 1047:
         void push(int idx, edge &e) {
 1048:
           if(h[e.to] == graph.size() + 1) return;
 1049:
           if(ex[e.to] == 0) {
 1050:
             hs[h[e.to]].emplace_back(e.to);
 1051:
 1052:
           flow_t df = min(ex[idx], e.cap);
 1053:
           e.cap -= df;
 1054:
           graph[e.to][e.rev].cap += df;
 1055:
           ex[idx] -= df;
 1056:
           ex[e.to] += df;
 1057:
         }
 1058:
 1059:
         void discharge(int idx) {
 1060:
           int next_height = (int) graph.size() + 1;
           for(auto &&e : graph[idx]) {
 1061:
             if(e.cap > 0) {
 1062:
               if(h[idx] == h[e.to] + 1) {
 1063:
                 push(idx, e);
 1064:
                 if(ex[idx] <= 0) return;</pre>
 1065:
               } else {
 1066:
 1067:
                 next_height = min(next_height, h[e.to] + 1);
 1068:
             }
 1069:
 1070:
 1071:
           if(cnt[h[idx]] > 1) {
 1072:
             update_height(idx, next_height);
 1073:
             for(; high >= h[idx]; hs[high--].clear()) {
 1074:
 1075:
               for(int j : hs[high]) update_height(j, graph.size() + 1);
 1076:
 1077:
 1078:
 1079:
         flow t max flow(int s, int t) {
 1080:
 1081:
           ex.assign(graph.size(), 0);
 1082:
           ex[s] = INF;
 1083:
           ex[t] = -INF;
 1084:
           global_relabel(t);
 1085:
           for(auto &e : graph[s]) push(s, e);
           for(; high >= 0; high--) {
 1086:
 1087:
             while(!hs[high].empty())
 1088:
               int idx = hs[high].back();
 1089:
               hs[high].pop_back();
 1090:
               discharge(idx);
 1091:
               if(relabels >= graph.size() * 4) global_relabel(t);
 1092:
 1093:
 1094:
           return ex[t] + INF;
 1095:
 1096:
 1097:
         void output() {
 1098:
           for(int i = 0; i < graph.size(); i++) {</pre>
             for(auto &e : graph[i]) {
 1099:
               if(e.isrev) continue;
 1100:
 1101:
               auto &rev_e = graph[e.to][e.rev];
 1102:
               cout << i << "->" << e.to << " (flow: " << rev_e.cap << "/" << e.cap + rev
_e.cap << ")" << endl;
 1103:
             }
           }
 1104:
 1105:
```

```
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 1106: };
1107:
1108:
 1113: template < typename T >
 1114: T kruskal(Edges< T > &edges, int V) {
       sort(begin(edges), end(edges), [](const edge< T > &a, const edge< T > &b) {
 1116:
        return (a.cost < b.cost);</pre>
 1117:
       });
 1118:
       UnionFind tree(V);
 1119:
       T ret = 0;
 1120:
      for(auto &e : edges) {
 1121:
         if(tree.unite(e.src, e.to)) ret += e.cost;
 1122:
 1123:
       return (ret);
 1124: }
 1125:
 1126:
 1130:
 1131: template< typename flow_t >
 1132: struct FordFulkerson {
       struct edge {
 1133:
1134:
         int to;
1135:
         flow t cap;
1136:
         int rev;
 1137:
        bool isrev;
1138:
        int idx;
1139:
       };
1140:
1141:
       vector< vector< edge > > graph;
 1142:
       vector< int > used;
 1143:
       const flow_t INF;
 1144:
       int timestamp;
 1145:
 1146:
       FordFulkerson(int n) : INF(numeric limits< flow t >::max()), timestamp(0) {
 1147:
         graph.resize(n);
 1148:
         used.assign(n, -1);
 1149:
 1150:
 1151:
       void add_edge(int from, int to, flow_t cap, int idx = -1) {
 1152:
         graph[from].emplace_back((edge) {to, cap, (int) graph[to].size(), false, idx})
         graph[to].emplace_back((edge) {from, 0, (int) graph[from].size() - 1, true, id
 1153:
x});
1154:
1155:
       flow_t dfs(int idx, const int t, flow_t flow) {
1156:
1157:
         if(idx == t) return flow;
         used[idx] = timestamp;
1158:
1159:
         for(auto &e : graph[idx]) {
           if(e.cap > 0 && used[e.to] != timestamp) {
1160:
1161:
            flow_t d = dfs(e.to, t, min(flow, e.cap));
            if(d > 0) {
1162:
1163:
              e.cap -= d;
1164:
              graph[e.to][e.rev].cap += d;
1165:
              return d;
            }
 1166:
           }
 1167:
 1168:
         }
 1169:
         return 0;
 1170:
 1171:
 1172:
       flow_t max_flow(int s, int t) {
 1173:
         flow_t flow = 0;
```

```
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 1174:
          for(flow_t f; (f = dfs(s, t, INF)) > 0; timestamp++) {
1175:
           flow += f;
1176:
1177:
         return flow;
1178:
1179:
1180: void output() {
         for(int i = 0; i < graph.size(); i++) {</pre>
1181:
1182:
           for(auto &e : graph[i]) {
1183:
             if(e.isrev) continue;
1184:
             auto &rev_e = graph[e.to][e.rev];
             cout << i << "->" << e.to << " (flow: " << rev_e.cap << "/" << e.cap + rev
1185:
_e.cap << ")" << endl;
 1186:
 1187:
          }
 1188:
 1189: };
 1190:
 1191:
 1193: ######### offline-dag-reachability.cpp ##########
 1195:
 1196: template < typename G >
 1197: vector< int > offline_dag_reachability(const G &g, vector< pair< int, int > > &gs)
        const int N = (int) g.size();
 1198:
       const int Q = (int) qs.size();
 1199:
       auto ord = topological_sort(g);
1200:
       vector< int > ans(Q);
1201:
1202:
       for(int 1 = 0; 1 < 0; 1 += 64) {
         int r = min(0, 1 + 64);
 1203:
 1204:
         vector< int64 t > dp(N);
 1205:
         for(int k = 1; k < r; k++) {</pre>
1206:
           dp[qs[k].first] = int64_t(1) << (k - 1);
1207:
1208:
          for(auto &idx : ord) {
          for(auto &to : g[idx]) dp[to] |= dp[idx];
1209:
1210:
          for(int k = 1; k < r; k++) {</pre>
 1211:
 1212:
           ans[k] = (dp[qs[k].second] >> (k - 1)) & 1;
 1213:
 1214:
 1215:
        return ans;
 1216: }
 1217:
 1218:
 1220: ############# chromatic-number.cpp ###############
1222:
1223: int chromatic_number(const Matrix< bool > &g) {
      int N = (int) q.size();
1224:
       vector< int > es(N);
1225:
1226:
        for(int i = 0; i < g.size(); i++) {</pre>
         for(int j = 0; j < g.size(); j++) {</pre>
1227:
            es[i] = q[i][j] << j;
1228:
1229:
1230:
1231:
       int ret = N;
       for(int d : {7, 11, 21}) {
1232:
1233:
         int mod = 1e9 + d;
         vector< int > ind(1 << N), aux(1 << N, 1);</pre>
1234:
 1235:
          ind[0] = 1;
          for(int S = 1; S < 1 << N; S++) {</pre>
 1236:
 1237:
           int u = __builtin_ctz(S);
 1238:
           ind[S] = ind[S ^ (1 << u)] + ind[(S ^ (1 << u)) & ~es[u]];
 1239:
 1240:
          for(int i = 1; i < ret; i++) {
           int64_t all = 0;
 1241:
```

```
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 1242:
           for(int j = 0; j < 1 << N; j++) {</pre>
             int S = j ^(j >> 1);
1243:
1244:
             aux[S] = (1LL * aux[S] * ind[S]) % mod;
1245:
             all += j \& 1 ? aux[S] : mod - aux[S];
1246:
1247:
           if(all % mod) ret = i;
1248:
 1249:
1250:
       return ret;
1251: }
1252:
 1253:
 1254:
 1258:
 1259: vector< vector< int > > grid bfs(vector< string > &s, char start, const string &wa
11 = "#") {
 1260:
       const int vx[] = \{0, 1, 0, -1\}, vy[] = \{1, 0, -1, 0\};
 1261:
        vector< vector< int > > min cost(s.size(), vector< int >(s[0].size(), -1));
 1262:
        queue < pair < int, int > > que;
 1263:
        for(int i = 0; i < s.size(); i++) {</pre>
          for(int j = 0; j < s[i].size(); j++) {</pre>
 1264:
           if(s[i][j] == start) {
 1265:
 1266:
             que.emplace(i, j);
 1267:
             min_cost[i][j] = 0;
 1268:
          }
1269:
1270:
       while(!que.empty()) {
1271:
 1272:
         auto p = que.front();
 1273:
          que.pop();
 1274:
          for(int i = 0; i < 4; i++) {</pre>
 1275:
           int ny = p.first + vy[i], nx = p.second + vx[i];
 1276:
           if(nx < 0 | | ny < 0 | | nx >= s[0].size() | | ny >= s.size()) continue;
 1277:
           if(min_cost[ny][nx] != -1) continue;
 1278:
           if(wall.find(s[ny][nx]) != string::npos) continue;
1279:
           min_cost[ny][nx] = min_cost[p.first][p.second] + 1;
 1280:
           que.emplace(ny, nx);
 1281:
 1282:
 1283:
       return min_cost;
 1284:
 1285:
 1286:
 1288: ###### two-edge-connected-components.cpp ########
 1290:
1291: template< typename G >
 1292: struct TwoEdgeConnectedComponents : LowLink< G > {
       using LL = LowLink< G >;
1293:
1294:
       vector< int > comp;
1295:
1296:
       TwoEdgeConnectedComponents(const G &g) : LL(g) {}
1297:
       int operator[](const int &k) {
1298:
 1299:
         return comp[k];
1300:
1301:
1302:
        void dfs(int idx, int par, int &k) {
 1303:
          if(~par && this->ord[par] >= this->low[idx]) comp[idx] = comp[par];
 1304:
          else comp[idx] = k++i
 1305:
          for(auto &to : this->g[idx]) {
 1306:
           if(comp[to] == -1) dfs(to, idx, k);
 1307:
 1308:
        }
 1309:
        void build(UnWeightedGraph &t) {
 1310:
```

```
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 1311:
          LL::build();
1312:
          comp.assign(this->g.size(), -1);
 1313:
           int k = 0;
 1314:
           for(int i = 0; i < comp.size(); i++) {</pre>
1315:
             if(comp[i] == -1) dfs(i, -1, k);
1316:
1317:
          t.resize(k);
          for(auto &e : this->bridge) {
1318:
1319:
            int x = comp[e.first], y = comp[e.second];
1320:
            t[x].push_back(y);
1321:
             t[y].push_back(x);
 1322:
 1323:
 1324: };
 1325:
 1326:
 1328: ######### dinic-capacity-scaling.cpp ############
 1330:
 1331: template < typename flow t >
 1332: struct DinicCapacityScaling {
 1333:
 1334:
        const flow t INF;
 1335:
        struct edge {
 1336:
 1337:
          int to;
 1338:
          flow_t cap;
1339:
          int rev;
 1340:
          bool isrev;
 1341:
        };
 1342:
 1343:
        vector< vector< edge > > graph;
        vector< int > min_cost, iter;
 1344:
 1345:
        flow_t max_cap;
 1346:
1347:
        DinicCapacityScaling(int V) : INF(numeric_limits< flow_t >::max()), graph(V), ma
x_{cap}(0)  {}
 1348:
 1349:
        void add_edge(int from, int to, flow_t cap) {
          max_cap = max(max_cap, cap);
 1350:
 1351:
           graph[from].emplace_back((edge) {to, cap, (int) graph[to].size(), false});
 1352:
          graph[to].emplace_back((edge) {from, 0, (int) graph[from].size() - 1, true});
 1353:
 1354:
        bool bfs(int s, int t, const flow_t &base) {
 1355:
 1356:
          min_cost.assign(graph.size(), -1);
 1357:
           queue < int > que;
          min_cost[s] = 0;
 1358:
1359:
          que.push(s);
          while(!que.empty() && min_cost[t] == -1) {
1360:
1361:
            int p = que.front();
1362:
            que.pop();
            for(auto &e : graph[p]) {
1363:
1364:
               if(e.cap >= base && min_cost[e.to] == -1) {
1365:
                min_cost[e.to] = min_cost[p] + 1;
1366:
                 que.push(e.to);
1367:
 1368:
            }
 1369:
1370:
          return min_cost[t] != -1;
         }
 1371:
 1372:
         flow_t dfs(int idx, const int t, const flow_t base, flow_t flow) {
 1373:
 1374:
          if(idx == t) return flow;
 1375:
           flow_t sum = 0;
 1376:
           for(int &i = iter[idx]; i < graph[idx].size(); i++) {</pre>
 1377:
             edge &e = graph[idx][i];
 1378:
             if(e.cap >= base && min_cost[idx] < min_cost[e.to]) {</pre>
               flow_t d = dfs(e.to, t, base, min(flow - sum, e.cap));
 1379:
```

```
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 1380:
              if(d > 0) {
1381:
                e.cap -= d;
1382:
                graph[e.to][e.rev].cap += d;
 1383:
                sum += d;
1384:
                if(flow - sum < base) break;</pre>
1385:
 1386:
          }
 1387:
1388:
          return sum;
1389:
1390:
1391:
        flow_t max_flow(int s, int t) {
 1392:
          if(max_cap == flow_t(0)) return flow_t(0);
          flow_t flow = 0;
 1393:
 1394:
          for(int i = 63 - __builtin_clzll(max_cap); i >= 0; i--) {
            flow_t now = flow_t(1) << i;</pre>
 1395:
 1396:
            while(bfs(s, t, now)) {
 1397:
              iter.assign(graph.size(), 0);
 1398:
              flow += dfs(s, t, now, INF);
 1399:
          }
 1400:
 1401:
          return flow;
 1402:
 1403:
        void output() {
 1404:
         for(int i = 0; i < graph.size(); i++) {</pre>
 1405:
            for(auto &e : graph[i]) {
 1406:
              if(e.isrev) continue;
 1407:
1408:
              auto &rev_e = graph[e.to][e.rev];
              cout << i << "->" << e.to << " (flow: " << rev_e.cap << "/" << e.cap + rev
1409:
e.cap << ")" << endl;
            }
 1410:
 1411:
          }
 1412:
1413: };
1414:
1415:
1416:
1418: ######## bi-connected-components.cpp ###########
 1420:
 1421: template < typename G >
 1422: struct BiConnectedComponents : LowLink< G > {
        using LL = LowLink< G >;
 1423:
 1424:
 1425:
        vector< int > used;
 1426:
        vector< vector< pair< int, int > > > bc;
 1427:
        vector< pair< int, int > > tmp;
1428:
1429:
        BiConnectedComponents(const G &g) : LL(g) {}
1430:
        void dfs(int idx, int par) {
1431:
1432:
          used[idx] = true;
          for(auto &to : this->g[idx]) {
1433:
1434:
            if(to == par) continue;
            if(!used[to] | this->ord[to] < this->ord[idx]) {
1435:
1436:
              tmp.emplace_back(minmax(idx, to));
1437:
1438:
            if(!used[to]) {
1439:
              dfs(to, idx);
1440:
              if(this->low[to] >= this->ord[idx]) {
 1441:
                bc.emplace_back();
 1442:
                for(;;) {
 1443:
                  auto e = tmp.back();
 1444:
                  bc.back().emplace_back(e);
 1445:
                  tmp.pop_back();
 1446:
                  if(e.first == min(idx, to) && e.second == max(idx, to)) {
 1447:
                    break;
 1448:
                  }
```

```
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 1449:
 1450:
 1451:
 1452:
           }
 1453:
1454:
1455:
        void build() override {
          LL::build();
 1456:
 1457:
          used.assign(this->g.size(), 0);
 1458:
          for(int i = 0; i < used.size(); i++) {</pre>
 1459:
            if(!used[i]) dfs(i, -1);
 1460:
 1461:
 1462: };
 1463:
 1464:
 1466: ###### strongly-connected-components.cpp ########
 1468:
 1469: template < typename G >
 1470: struct StronglyConnectedComponents {
 1471:
         const G &g;
 1472:
         UnWeightedGraph gg, rg;
 1473:
        vector< int > comp, order, used;
 1474:
1475:
        StronglyConnectedComponents(G &g): g(g), gg(g.size()), rg(g.size()), comp(g.siz
e(), -1), used(g.size()) {
          for(int i = 0; i < g.size(); i++) {</pre>
1476:
            for(auto e : g[i]) {
 1477:
 1478:
               gg[i].emplace_back((int) e);
 1479:
              rg[(int) e].emplace_back(i);
 1480:
 1481:
          }
 1482:
1483:
 1484:
         int operator[](int k) {
 1485:
         return comp[k];
 1486:
 1487:
        void dfs(int idx) {
 1488:
 1489:
          if(used[idx]) return;
 1490:
           used[idx] = true;
 1491:
           for(int to : gg[idx]) dfs(to);
 1492:
          order.push back(idx);
 1493:
 1494:
 1495:
        void rdfs(int idx, int cnt) {
           if(comp[idx] != -1) return;
 1496:
 1497:
           comp[idx] = cnt;
 1498:
           for(int to : rg[idx]) rdfs(to, cnt);
 1499:
1500:
1501:
        void build(UnWeightedGraph &t) {
1502:
          for(int i = 0; i < gg.size(); i++) dfs(i);</pre>
 1503:
          reverse(begin(order), end(order));
 1504:
           int ptr = 0;
 1505:
          for(int i : order) if(comp[i] == -1) rdfs(i, ptr), ptr++;
 1506:
 1507:
          t.resize(ptr);
 1508:
           for(int i = 0; i < g.size(); i++) {</pre>
 1509:
            for(auto &to : g[i]) {
 1510:
               int x = comp[i], y = comp[to];
 1511:
              if(x == y) continue;
 1512:
               t[x].push_back(y);
 1513:
 1514:
           }
 1515:
 1516: };
 1517:
```

```
1518:
1522:
1523: template < typename G >
1524: struct DominatorTree {
1525:
1526:
        struct UnionFind {
1527:
         const vector< int > &semi;
1528:
          vector< int > par, m;
1529:
          UnionFind(const vector< int > &semi) : semi(semi), par(semi.size()), m(semi.si
1530:
ze()) {
1531:
            iota(begin(par), end(par), 0);
1532:
            iota(begin(m), end(m), 0);
1533:
          }
1534:
1535:
          int find(int v) {
1536:
            if(par[v] == v) return v;
1537:
            int r = find(par[v]);
1538:
            if(semi[m[v]] > semi[m[par[v]]]) m[v] = m[par[v]];
1539:
            return par[v] = r;
1540:
1541:
          int eval(int v) {
1542:
1543:
            find(v);
1544:
            return m[v];
1545:
1546:
1547:
          void link(int p, int c) {
           par[c] = p;
1548:
1549:
1550:
        };
1551:
1552:
        const G &q;
1553:
        vector< vector< int > > rg;
1554:
        vector< int > ord, par;
1555:
        vector< int > idom, semi;
        UnionFind uf;
1556:
1557:
        \label{eq:definition} Dominator Tree (G \& g) : g(g), \ rg(g.size()), \ par(g.size()), \ idom(g.size(), \ -1), \ sem \\
1558:
i(g.size(), -1), uf(semi)
1559:
         ord.reserve(q.size());
1560:
1561:
1562:
        void dfs(int idx) {
1563:
1564:
          semi[idx] = (int) ord.size();
1565:
          ord.emplace_back(idx);
          for(auto &to : g[idx]) {
1566:
1567:
            if(~semi[to]) continue;
1568:
            dfs(to);
1569:
            par[to] = idx;
1570:
          }
        }
1571:
1572:
1573:
        void build(int root) {
1574:
          const int N = (int) g.size();
1575:
          dfs(root);
1576:
          for(int i = 0; i < N; i++) {</pre>
1577:
            for(auto &to : g[i]) {
1578:
              if(~semi[i]) rg[to].emplace_back(i);
1579:
          }
1580:
1581:
1582:
          vector< vector< int > > bucket(N);
          vector< int > U(N);
1583:
1584:
          for(int i = (int) ord.size() - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
1585:
            int x = ord[i];
```

```
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1586:
           for(int v : rg[x]) {
1587:
            v = uf.eval(v);
1588:
             if(semi[x] > semi[v]) semi[x] = semi[v];
1589:
1590:
           bucket[ord[semi[x]]].emplace_back(x);
1591:
           for(int v : bucket[par[x]]) U[v] = uf.eval(v);
1592:
           bucket[par[x]].clear();
1593:
           uf.link(par[x], x);
1594:
1595:
         for(int i = 1; i < ord.size(); i++) {</pre>
1596:
          int x = ord[i], u = U[x];
           idom[x] = semi[x] == semi[u] ? semi[x] : idom[u];
1597:
1598:
         for(int i = 1; i < ord.size(); i++) {</pre>
1599:
1600:
          int x = ord[i];
           idom[x] = ord[idom[x]];
1601:
1602:
1603:
         idom[root] = root;
1604:
       }
1605:
1606:
       int operator[](const int &k) {
1607:
        return idom[k];
1608:
1609: };
1610:
1611:
1615:
1616: template < typename T >
1617: T prim(WeightedGraph< T > &g) {
       using Pi = pair < T, int >;
1618:
1619:
1620:
       T total = 0;
1621:
      vector< bool > used(g.size(), false);
1622:
      priority_queue< Pi, vector< Pi >, greater< Pi > > que;
1623:
       que.emplace(0, 0);
1624:
      while(!que.empty()) {
1625:
        auto p = que.top();
1626:
         que.pop();
1627:
         if(used[p.second]) continue;
1628:
         used[p.second] = true;
         total += p.first;
1629:
         for(auto &e : q[p.second]) {
1630:
1631:
           que.emplace(e.cost, e.to);
1632:
1633:
1634:
       return total;
1635: }
1636:
1637:
1641:
1642: template < typename T >
1643: vector< edge< T > eulerian_path(Edges< T > es, int s, bool directed) {
       int V = 0;
1645:
       for(auto &e : es) V = max(V, max(e.to, e.src) + 1);
1646:
       vector< vector< pair< edge< T >, int > > > g(V);
1647:
       for(auto &e : es) {
1648:
         int sz_to = (int) g[e.to].size();
1649:
         g[e.src].emplace_back(e, sz_to);
1650:
         if(!directed) {
1651:
           int sz_src = (int) g[e.src].size() - 1;
           swap(e.src, e.to);
1652:
1653:
           g[e.src].emplace_back(e, sz_src);
         }
1654:
1655:
       }
```

```
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 1656:
        vector< edge< T > > ord;
 1657:
        stack< pair< int, edge< T > > st;
 1658:
        st.emplace(s, edge < T > (-1, -1));
 1659:
        while(st.size()) {
 1660:
          int idx = st.top().first;
1661:
          if(g[idx].empty()) {
 1662:
            ord.emplace_back(st.top().second);
 1663:
            st.pop();
 1664:
          } else {
 1665:
            auto e = g[idx].back();
1666:
            g[idx].pop_back();
 1667:
            if(e.second == -1) continue;
 1668:
            if(!directed) g[e.first.to][e.second].second = -1;
 1669:
            st.emplace(e.first.to, e.first);
          }
 1670:
 1671:
 1672:
        ord.pop_back();
 1673:
        reverse(begin(ord), end(ord));
 1674:
        if(ord.size() != es.size()) return {};
 1675:
        return ord;
 1676: }
 1677:
 1678:
 1682:
 1683: template< typename flow_t >
 1684: struct Dinic {
        const flow t INF;
 1685:
 1686:
        struct edge {
 1687:
 1688:
         int to;
 1689:
          flow_t cap;
 1690:
          int rev;
 1691:
         bool isrev;
 1692:
          int idx;
        };
 1693:
 1694:
 1695:
        vector< vector< edge > > graph;
 1696:
        vector< int > min cost, iter;
 1697:
 1698:
        Dinic(int V) : INF(numeric_limits< flow_t >::max()), graph(V) {}
 1699:
 1700:
        void add_edge(int from, int to, flow_t cap, int idx = -1) {
 1701:
          graph[from].emplace_back((edge) {to, cap, (int) graph[to].size(), false, idx})
          graph[to].emplace_back((edge) {from, 0, (int) graph[from].size() - 1, true, id
 1702:
x});
        }
1703:
1704:
1705:
        bool bfs(int s, int t) {
1706:
          min_cost.assign(graph.size(), -1);
1707:
          queue < int > que;
1708:
          min_cost[s] = 0;
 1709:
          que.push(s);
 1710:
          while(!que.empty() && min cost[t] == -1) {
 1711:
            int p = que.front();
 1712:
            que.pop();
 1713:
            for(auto &e : graph[p]) {
 1714:
              if(e.cap > 0 && min_cost[e.to] == -1) {
 1715:
               min_cost[e.to] = min_cost[p] + 1;
 1716:
                que.push(e.to);
 1717:
            }
 1718:
 1719:
 1720:
          return min_cost[t] != -1;
 1721:
        }
 1722:
 1723:
        flow_t dfs(int idx, const int t, flow_t flow) {
```

```
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 1724:
         if(idx == t) return flow;
1725:
         for(int &i = iter[idx]; i < graph[idx].size(); i++) {</pre>
 1726:
           edge &e = graph[idx][i];
 1727:
           if(e.cap > 0 && min_cost[idx] < min_cost[e.to]) {</pre>
 1728:
             flow_t d = dfs(e.to, t, min(flow, e.cap));
             if(d > 0) {
 1729:
 1730:
               e.cap -= d;
 1731:
               graph[e.to][e.rev].cap += d;
1732:
               return d;
 1733:
           }
 1734:
 1735:
 1736:
         return 0;
 1737:
 1738:
 1739:
       flow_t max_flow(int s, int t) {
 1740:
         flow_t flow = 0;
 1741:
         while(bfs(s, t)) {
 1742:
           iter.assign(graph.size(), 0);
 1743:
           flow_t f = 0;
 1744:
           while ((f = dfs(s, t, INF)) > 0) flow += f;
 1745:
 1746:
         return flow;
 1747:
 1748:
 1749:
       void output() {
 1750:
         for(int i = 0; i < graph.size(); i++) {</pre>
           for(auto &e : graph[i]) {
 1751:
             if(e.isrev) continue;
1752:
1753:
             auto &rev_e = graph[e.to][e.rev];
            cout << i << "->" << e.to << " (flow: " << rev e.cap << "/" << e.cap + rev
1754:
e.cap << ")" << endl;
 1755:
           }
 1756:
         }
 1757:
 1758: };
 1759:
 1760:
 1762: ############ topological-sort.cpp ##############
 1764:
 1765: template < typename G >
 1766: vector < int > topological sort(const G &q) {
 1767:
        const int N = (int) q.size();
 1768:
        vector< int > deg(N);
        for(int i = 0; i < N; i++) {</pre>
 1769:
 1770:
         for(auto &to : g[i]) ++deg[to];
 1771:
 1772:
       stack< int > st;
 1773:
       for(int i = 0; i < N; i++) {</pre>
 1774:
         if(deg[i] == 0) st.emplace(i);
1775:
 1776:
       vector< int > ord;
 1777:
       while(!st.empty()) {
 1778:
         auto p = st.top();
 1779:
         st.pop();
 1780:
         ord.emplace_back(p);
 1781:
         for(auto &to : g[p]) {
 1782:
           if(--deg[to] == 0) st.emplace(to);
 1783:
 1784:
 1785:
        return ord;
 1786: }
 1787:
 1788:
```

1792:

```
1793: template < typename T >
1794: struct MinimumSpanningTreeArborescence
1795: {
1796:
       using Pi = pair< T, int >;
1797:
       using Heap = SkewHeap < Pi, int >;
      using Node = typename Heap::Node;
1798:
1799:
      const Edges< T > &es;
1800:
      const int V;
1801:
      T INF;
1802:
1803:
       MinimumSpanningTreeArborescence(const Edges< T > &es, int V) :
           INF(numeric_limits< T >::max()), es(es), V(V) {}
1804:
1805:
       T build(int start)
1806:
1807:
1808:
         auto g = [](const Pi &a, const T &b) { return Pi(a.first + b, a.second); };
1809:
         auto h = [](const T &a, const T &b) { return a + b; };
1810:
         Heap heap(g, h);
1811:
         vector< Node * > heaps(V, heap.makeheap());
1812:
         for(auto &e : es) heap.push(heaps[e.to], {e.cost, e.src});
1813:
         UnionFind uf(V);
1814:
         vector< int > used(V, -1);
1815:
         used[start] = start;
1816:
1817:
         T ret = 0;
         for(int s = 0; s < V; s++) {</pre>
1818:
           stack< int > path;
1819:
           for(int u = s; used[u] < 0;) {</pre>
1820:
1821:
             path.push(u);
1822:
             used[u] = s;
1823:
             if(heap.empty(heaps[u])) return -1;
1824:
             auto p = heap.top(heaps[u]);
             ret += p.first;
1825:
             heap.add(heaps[u], -p.first);
1826:
1827:
             heap.pop(heaps[u]);
1828:
             int v = uf.find(p.second);
1829:
             if(used[v] == s) {
1830:
               int w;
               Node *nextheap = heap.makeheap();
1831:
1832:
               do {
1833:
                 w = path.top();
1834:
                 path.pop();
1835:
                 nextheap = heap.merge(nextheap, heaps[w]);
1836:
                } while(uf.unite(v, w));
               heaps[uf.find(v)] = nextheap;
1837:
1838:
               used[uf.find(v)] = -1;
1839:
1840:
             u = uf.find(v);
1841:
         }
1842:
1843:
         return ret;
1844:
1845: };
1846:
1847:
1849: ###### shortest-path-faster-algorithm.cpp #######
1852: template < typename T >
1853: vector< T > shortest_path_faster_algorithm(WeightedGraph< T > &g, int s) {
1854:
      const auto INF = numeric_limits< T >::max();
1855:
       vector< T > dist(g.size(), INF);
1856:
       vector< int > pending(g.size(), 0), times(g.size(), 0);
1857:
       queue< int > que;
1858:
1859:
       que.emplace(s);
1860:
       pending[s] = true;
1861:
       ++times[s];
1862:
       dist[s] = 0;
```

```
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 1863:
 1864:
        while(!que.empty()) {
 1865:
          int p = que.front();
 1866:
          que.pop();
 1867:
          pending[p] = false;
 1868:
          for(auto &e : g[p]) {
            T next_cost = dist[p] + e.cost;
 1869:
            if(next_cost >= dist[e.to]) continue;
 1870:
 1871:
            dist[e.to] = next_cost;
 1872:
            if(!pending[e.to]) {
1873:
              if(++times[e.to] >= g.size()) return vector< T >();
 1874:
              pending[e.to] = true;
 1875:
              que.emplace(e.to);
 1876:
          }
 1877:
 1878:
 1879:
        return dist;
 1880: }
 1881:
 1882:
 1886:
 1887: struct HopcroftKarp {
        vector< vector< int > > graph;
 1888:
        vector< int > dist, match;
 1889:
        vector< bool > used, vv;
 1890:
 1891:
 1892:
        HopcroftKarp(int n, int m) : graph(n), match(m, -1), used(n) {}
 1893:
        void add edge(int u, int v) {
 1894:
 1895:
          graph[u].push back(v);
 1896:
 1897:
1898:
        void bfs() {
 1899:
          dist.assign(graph.size(), -1);
 1900:
          queue< int > que;
          for(int i = 0; i < graph.size(); i++) {</pre>
 1901:
 1902:
            if(!used[i]) {
 1903:
              que.emplace(i);
 1904:
              dist[i] = 0;
 1905:
 1906:
 1907:
          while(!que.empty()) {
 1908:
 1909:
            int a = que.front();
 1910:
            que.pop();
            for(auto &b : graph[a]) {
 1911:
1912:
              int c = match[b];
1913:
              if(c >= 0 && dist[c] == -1) {
                dist[c] = dist[a] + 1;
1914:
1915:
                que.emplace(c);
1916:
1917:
1918:
          }
        }
1919:
1920:
1921:
        bool dfs(int a) {
1922:
          vv[a] = true;
1923:
          for(auto &b : graph[a]) {
 1924:
            int c = match[b];
 1925:
            if(c < 0 \mid | (!vv[c] \&\& dist[c] == dist[a] + 1 \&\& dfs(c))) 
 1926:
              match[b] = a;
              used[a] = true;
 1927:
 1928:
              return (true);
 1929:
            }
 1930:
 1931:
          return (false);
 1932:
```

```
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 1933:
1934:
        int bipartite_matching() {
1935:
          int ret = 0;
 1936:
          while(true) {
1937:
            bfs();
1938:
            vv.assign(graph.size(), false);
1939:
            int flow = 0;
            for(int i = 0; i < graph.size(); i++) {</pre>
 1940:
1941:
              if(!used[i] && dfs(i)) ++flow;
1942:
 1943:
            if(flow == 0) return (ret);
 1944:
            ret += flow;
 1945:
          }
 1946:
        }
 1947:
 1948:
        void output() {
 1949:
          for(int i = 0; i < match.size(); i++) {</pre>
 1950:
            if(~match[i]) {
              cout << match[i] << "-" << i << endl;</pre>
 1951:
 1952:
 1953:
          }
 1954:
 1955: };
 1956:
 1957:
 1961:
 1962: template < typename G >
 1963: struct LowLink {
 1964:
        const G &q;
        vector< int > used, ord, low;
 1965:
 1966:
        vector< int > articulation;
1967:
        vector< pair< int, int > > bridge;
1968:
1969:
        LowLink(const G &g) : g(g) {}
 1970:
 1971:
        int dfs(int idx, int k, int par) {
 1972:
         used[idx] = true;
          ord[idx] = k++;
 1973:
 1974:
          low[idx] = ord[idx];
 1975:
          bool is_articulation = false;
 1976:
          int cnt = 0;
          for(auto &to : q[idx]) {
 1977:
 1978:
            if(!used[to]) {
 1979:
              ++cnt;
              k = dfs(to, k, idx);
 1980:
              low[idx] = min(low[idx], low[to]);
 1981:
              is_articulation |= ~par && low[to] >= ord[idx];
1982:
1983:
              if(ord[idx] < low[to]) bridge.emplace_back(minmax(idx, (int) to));</pre>
            } else if(to != par) +
1984:
1985:
              low[idx] = min(low[idx], ord[to]);
1986:
1987:
1988:
          is_articulation |= par == -1 && cnt > 1;
 1989:
          if(is_articulation) articulation.push_back(idx);
 1990:
          return k;
 1991:
        }
1992:
1993:
        virtual void build() {
 1994:
          used.assign(g.size(), 0);
 1995:
          ord.assign(g.size(), 0);
 1996:
          low.assign(g.size(), 0);
 1997:
          int k = 0;
          for(int i = 0; i < g.size(); i++) {</pre>
 1998:
 1999:
            if(!used[i]) k = dfs(i, k, -1);
 2000:
 2001:
```

2002: };

```
2003:
2004:
2006: ########### maximum-clique.cpp ################
2009: template< typename T >
2010: T maximum_clique(Matrix< bool > g, function< T(vector< int >) > f) {
2011:
2012:
       int N = (int) g.size(), M = 0;
2013:
       vector< int > deg(N), v(N);
       for(int i = 0; i < N; i++) {</pre>
2014:
2015:
          for(int j = 0; j < i; j++)
            assert(g[i][j] == g[j][i]);
2016:
2017:
            if(g[i][j]) {
2018:
              ++deg[i];
2019:
              ++M;
2020:
            }
2021:
          }
2022:
2023:
        T t = 0;
2024:
       int lim = (int) sqrt(2 * M);
2025:
        for(int i = 0; i < N; i++) {</pre>
2026:
2027:
          vector< int > notice;
          for(int j = 0; j < N; j++) {</pre>
2028:
            if(!v[j] && deg[j] < lim)</pre>
2029:
              for(int k = 0; k < N; k++) {
2030:
                if(j == k) continue;
2031:
2032:
                if(g[j][k]) notice.emplace_back(k);
2033:
2034:
              notice.emplace back(j);
2035:
              break;
2036:
2037:
2038:
          if(notice.empty()) break;
2039:
          int neighbor = (int) notice.size() - 1;
          vector< int > bit(neighbor);
2040:
2041:
          for(int j = 0; j < neighbor; j++) {</pre>
            for(int k = 0; k < j; k++)</pre>
2042:
              if(!g[notice[j]][notice[k]]) {
2043:
2044:
                bit[j] = 1 << k;
2045:
                bit[k] |= 1 << j;
2046:
2047:
2048:
2049:
          for(int j = 0; j < (1 << neighbor); j++) {</pre>
2050:
            bool ok = true;
            for(int k = 0; k < neighbor; k++) {
2051:
2052:
              if((j >> k) \& 1) ok \&= (j \& bit[k]) == 0;
2053:
2054:
            if(ok) {
2055:
              vector< int > stock{notice.back()};
              for(int k = 0; k < neighbor; k++) {</pre>
2056:
2057:
                if((j >> k) & 1) stock.emplace_back(notice[k]);
2058:
2059:
              t = max(t, f(stock));
2060:
            }
2061:
2062:
          v[notice.back()] = true;
2063:
          for(int j = 0; j < N; j++) {
2064:
           if(g[j][notice.back()]) {
2065:
              --deg[j];
              g[notice.back()][j] = g[j][notice.back()] = false;
2066:
2067:
2068:
          }
2069:
2070:
2071:
        vector< int > notice;
2072:
        for(int j = 0; j < N; j++) {</pre>
```

```
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 2073:
          if(!v[j]) notice.emplace_back(j);
 2074:
 2075:
       int neighbor = (int) notice.size();
      vector< int > bit(neighbor);
 2076:
 2077:
      for(int j = 0; j < neighbor; j++) {</pre>
        for(int k = 0; k < j; k++) {</pre>
 2078:
 2079:
           if(!g[notice[j]][notice[k]]) {
 2080:
             bit[j] |= 1 << k;
 2081:
             bit[k] = 1 << j;
 2082:
 2083:
 2084:
 2085:
      for(int j = 0; j < (1 << neighbor); j++) {</pre>
 2086:
        bool ok = true;
 2087:
        for(int k = 0; k < neighbor; k++) {
 2088:
           if((j >> k) \& 1) ok \&= (j \& bit[k]) == 0;
 2089:
 2090:
         if(ok) {
 2091:
           vector< int > stock;
 2092:
           for(int k = 0; k < neighbor; k++) {
 2093:
             if((j >> k) & 1) stock.emplace back(notice[k]);
 2094:
 2095:
           t = max(t, f(stock));
 2096:
 2097:
 2098:
        return t;
 2099: }
 2100:
 2101:
 2102:
 2103: -----
                  other
 2106:
 2110:
 2111: struct Mo {
 2112: using ADD = function< void(int) >;
 2113:
       using DEL = function< void(int) >;
 2114:
       using REM = function< void(int) >;
 2115:
       int width;
 2116:
 2117:
        vector< int > left, right, order;
 2118:
       vector< bool > v;
 2119:
       Mo(int N, int Q) : width((int) sqrt(N)), order(Q), v(N) {
 2120:
 2121:
        iota(begin(order), end(order), 0);
 2122:
 2123:
       void add(int 1, int r) { /* [1, r) */
 2124:
 2125:
        left.emplace back(1);
 2126:
         right.emplace_back(r);
 2127:
 2128:
       int run(const ADD &add, const DEL &del, const REM &rem) {
 2129:
 2130:
        assert(left.size() == order.size());
 2131:
          sort(begin(order), end(order), [&](int a, int b) {
 2132:
           int ablock = left[a] / width, bblock = left[b] / width;
 2133:
           if(ablock != bblock) return ablock < bblock;</pre>
 2134:
          if(ablock & 1) return right[a] < right[b];</pre>
 2135:
           return right[a] > right[b];
         });
 2136:
 2137:
          int nl = 0, nr = 0;
 2138:
         auto push = [&](int idx) {
 2139:
          v[idx].flip();
          if(v[idx]) add(idx);
 2140:
 2141:
           else del(idx);
 2142:
         };
```

```
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2143:
         for(auto idx : order) {
2144:
           while(nl > left[idx]) push(--nl);
2145:
           while(nr < right[idx]) push(nr++);</pre>
           while(nl < left[idx]) push(nl++);</pre>
2146:
           while(nr > right[idx]) push(--nr);
2147:
           rem(idx);
2149:
2150: }
2151: };
2152:
2153:
2157:
2158: struct Dice
2159: {
2160:
      // int x, y;
 2161:
       int 1, r, f, b, d, u;
2162:
2163:
       void RollN()
2164:
         // --y;
2165:
         int buff = d;
2166:
         d = f;
2167:
        f = u;
2168:
         u = b;
2169:
2170:
        b = buff;
       }
2171:
2172:
2173:
       void RollS()
2174:
      {
2175:
        // ++y;
2176:
        int buff = d;
2177:
         d = b_i
        b = u;
2178:
2179:
        u = f;
2180:
        f = buff;
2181:
       }
2182:
       void RollL() // ---->
2183:
2184:
2185:
         int buff = f;
2186:
         f = 1;
         1 = b;
2187:
2188:
         b = ri
2189:
         r = buff;
2190:
2191:
       void RollR() // <----</pre>
2192:
2193:
        int buff = f;
2194:
2195:
        f = r;
        r = b_i
2196:
2197:
        b = 1;
2198:
        l = buff;
2199:
2200:
2201: void RollE() // .o -> o.
2202:
      {
        // --x;
2203:
        int buff = d;
2204:
2205:
        d = 1;
2206:
        1 = u;
2207:
        u = r;
2208:
         r = buff;
2209:
       }
2210:
2211:
2212:
       void RollW() // o. -> .o
```

```
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2213:
2214:
         // ++x;
2215:
         int buff = d;
2216:
        d = r;
2217:
        r = u;
        u = 1;
2218:
       1 = buff;
2219:
2220:
2221:
2222:
2223:
       vector< Dice > makeDice()
2224:
2225:
        vector< Dice > ret;
        for(int i = 0; i < 6; i++) {</pre>
2226:
2227:
          Dice d(*this);
2228:
          if(i == 1) d.RollN();
2229:
          if(i == 2) d.RollS();
2230:
          if(i == 3) d.RollS(), d.RollS();
2231:
          if(i == 4) d.RollL();
2232:
          if(i == 5) d.RollR();
2233:
          for(int j = 0; j < 4; j++) {
2234:
            ret.emplace_back(d);
2235:
            d.RollE();
2236:
         }
2237:
2238:
         return (ret);
2239:
2240: };
2241:
2242:
2246:
2247: struct Timer {
2248:
      chrono::high resolution clock::time point st;
2249:
       Timer() { reset(); }
2250:
2251:
2252:
       void reset() {
2253:
        st = chrono::high resolution clock::now();
2254:
2255:
       chrono::milliseconds::rep elapsed() {
2256:
        auto ed = chrono::high resolution clock::now();
2257:
2258:
         return chrono::duration_cast< chrono::milliseconds >(ed - st).count();
2259:
2260: };
2261:
2262:
2266:
2267: template< int sz >
2268: struct FastInput {
       char buf[sz + 1];
2269:
2270:
       char *o;
2271:
       FastInput() { init(); }
2272:
2273:
       void init() {
2274:
2275:
        o = buf;
2276:
        buf[fread(buf, sizeof(char), sizeof(char) * sz, stdin)] = '\0';
2277:
2278:
       int64_t read() {
2279:
2280:
         int64_t ret = 0, sign = 1;
         while(*o && *o <= 32) ++o;</pre>
2281:
2282:
         if(*o == '-') sign *= -1, ++o;
```

```
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          while(*o >= '0' && *o <= '9') {
 2283:
 2284:
            ret *= 10;
 2285:
            ret += *o++ - '0';
 2286:
 2287:
          return ret * sign;
 2288:
 2289: };
 2290:
 2291:
 2293: ####### offline-dynamic-connectivity.cpp ########
 2295:
 2296: struct OfflineDynamicConnectivity {
 2297:
       using edge = pair< int, int >;
 2298:
 2299:
        UnionFindUndo uf;
 2300:
        int V, Q, segsz;
 2301:
        vector< vector< edge > > seg;
 2302:
        int comp;
 2303:
 2304:
        vector< pair< pair< int, int >, edge > > pend;
 2305:
        map< edge, int > cnt, appear;
 2306:
 2307:
        OfflineDynamicConnectivity(int V, int Q) : uf(V), V(V), Q(Q), comp(V) {
          segsz = 1;
 2308:
 2309:
          while(segsz < Q) segsz <<= 1;</pre>
          seg.resize(2 * segsz - 1);
 2310:
 2311:
 2312:
 2313:
        void insert(int idx, int s, int t) {
 2314:
          auto e = minmax(s, t);
 2315:
          if(cnt[e]++ == 0) appear[e] = idx;
 2316:
 2317:
 2318:
        void erase(int idx, int s, int t) {
 2319:
          auto e = minmax(s, t);
 2320:
          if(--cnt[e] == 0) pend.emplace_back(make_pair(appear[e], idx), e);
 2321:
 2322:
        void add(int a, int b, const edge &e, int k, int l, int r) {
 2323:
 2324:
          if(r <= a | | b <= 1) return;
 2325:
          if(a <= 1 && r <= b) {
 2326:
            seq[k].emplace back(e);
 2327:
            return;
 2328:
          add(a, b, e, 2 * k + 1, 1, (1 + r) >> 1);
 2329:
          add(a, b, e, 2 * k + 2, (1 + r) >> 1, r);
 2330:
 2331:
 2332:
 2333:
        void add(int a, int b, const edge &e) {
 2334:
          add(a, b, e, 0, 0, segsz);
 2335:
 2336:
 2337:
        void build() {
          for(auto &p : cnt) {
 2338:
            if(p.second > 0) pend.emplace back(make pair(appear[p.first], Q), p.first);
 2339:
 2340:
 2341:
          for(auto &s : pend) {
 2342:
            add(s.first.first, s.first.second, s.second);
 2343:
 2344:
 2345:
        int run(const function< void(int) > &f, int k = 0) {
 2346:
 2347:
          int add = 0;
 2348:
          for(auto &e : seg[k]) {
 2349:
            add += uf.unite(e.first, e.second);
 2350:
 2351:
          comp -= add;
 2352:
          if(k < segsz - 1) {
```

```
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           run(f, 2 * k + 1);
 2353:
 2354:
           run(f, 2 * k + 2);
 2355:
          else if(k - (segsz - 1) < Q) 
 2356:
           int query_index = k - (segsz - 1);
 2357:
           f(query_index);
 2358:
 2359:
         for(auto &e : seg[k]) {
 2360:
          uf.undo();
 2361:
 2362:
         comp += add;
 2363:
 2364: };
 2365:
 2366:
 2368: ######## random-number-generator.cpp ###########
 2370:
 2371: struct RandomNumberGenerator {
 2372:
       mt19937 mt;
 2373:
 2374:
       RandomNumberGenerator() : mt(chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().coun
t()) {}
 2375:
        int operator()(int a, int b) { // [a, b)
 2376:
         uniform_int_distribution< int > dist(a, b - 1);
 2377:
         return dist(mt);
 2378:
 2379:
        }
 2380:
        int operator()(int b) { // [0, b)
 2381:
 2382:
         return (*this)(0, b);
 2383:
 2384: };
 2385:
 2386:
 2390:
 2391: struct MoRollBack {
       using ADD = function< void(int) >;
 2392:
 2393:
       using REM = function< void(int) >;
 2394:
       using RESET = function< void() >;
       using SNAPSHOT = function< void() >;
 2395:
 2396:
       using ROLLBACK = function < void() >;
 2397:
 2398:
        int width;
 2399:
        vector< int > left, right, order;
 2400:
       MoRollBack(int N, int Q) : width((int) sqrt(N)), order(Q) {
 2401:
 2402:
         iota(begin(order), end(order), 0);
 2403:
 2404:
 2405:
        void add(int 1, int r) { /* [1, r) */
 2406:
         left.emplace back(1);
 2407:
         right.emplace_back(r);
 2408:
 2409:
 2410:
        int run(const ADD &add, const REM &rem, const RESET &reset, const SNAPSHOT &snap
shot, const ROLLBACK &rollback) {
 2411:
        assert(left.size() == order.size());
 2412:
         sort(begin(order), end(order), [&](int a, int b) {
           int ablock = left[a] / width, bblock = left[b] / width;
 2413:
 2414:
           if(ablock != bblock) return ablock < bblock;</pre>
 2415:
           return right[a] < right[b];</pre>
 2416:
         });
 2417:
         reset();
         for(auto idx : order)
 2418:
           if(right[idx] - left[idx] < width) {</pre>
 2419:
             for(int i = left[idx]; i < right[idx]; i++) add(i);</pre>
 2420:
```

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 2421:
             rem(idx);
 2422:
             rollback();
 2423:
 2424:
 2425:
          int nr = 0, last block = -1;
 2426:
          for(auto idx : order) {
           if(right[idx] - left[idx] < width) continue;</pre>
 2427:
           int block = left[idx] / width;
 2428:
 2429:
           if(last_block != block) {
 2430:
             reset();
 2431:
             last_block = block;
             nr = (block + 1) * width;
 2432:
 2433:
           while(nr < right[idx]) add(nr++);</pre>
 2434:
 2435:
           snapshot();
           for(int j = (block + 1) * width - 1; j >= left[idx]; j--) add(j);
 2436:
 2437:
           rem(idx);
 2438:
           rollback();
 2439:
          }
 2440:
        }
 2441: };
 2442:
 2443:
 2444:
 2448:
 2449: template< typename T >
 2450: struct Compress {
 2451:
       vector< T > xs;
 2452:
        Compress() = default;
 2453:
 2454:
 2455:
        Compress(const vector< T > &vs) {
 2456:
        add(vs);
 2457:
 2458:
 2459:
        Compress(const initializer_list< vector< T > > &vs) {
 2460:
         for(auto &p : vs) add(p);
 2461:
 2462:
 2463:
        void add(const vector< T > &vs) {
 2464:
          copy(begin(vs), end(vs), back_inserter(xs));
 2465:
 2466:
 2467:
        void add(const T &x) {
 2468:
        xs.emplace_back(x);
 2469:
 2470:
 2471:
        void build() {
 2472:
         sort(begin(xs), end(xs));
 2473:
          xs.erase(unique(begin(xs), end(xs));
 2474:
 2475:
 2476:
       vector< int > get(const vector< T > &vs) const {
 2477:
          vector< int > ret;
 2478:
          transform(begin(vs), end(vs), back_inserter(ret), [&](const T &x) {
 2479:
           return lower_bound(begin(xs), end(xs), x) - begin(xs);
 2480:
         });
 2481:
          return ret;
        }
 2482:
 2483:
        int get(const T &x) const {
 2484:
 2485:
         return lower_bound(begin(xs), end(xs), x) - begin(xs);
 2486:
 2487:
 2488:
       const T &operator[](int k) const {
 2489:
         return xs[k];
 2490:
```

```
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 2491: };
2492:
 2493:
 2494: -----
                      template
 2497:
 2501:
 2502: #include<bits/stdc++.h>
 2503:
 2504: using namespace std;
 2505:
 2506: using int64 = long long;
 2507: const int mod = 1e9 + 7;
 2508:
 2509: const int64 infll = (1LL << 62) - 1;
 2510: const int inf = (1 << 30) - 1;
 2511:
 2512: struct IoSetup {
 2513:
      IoSetup() {
 2514:
         cin.tie(nullptr);
 2515:
         ios::sync_with_stdio(false);
         cout << fixed << setprecision(10);</pre>
 2516:
 2517:
         cerr << fixed << setprecision(10);</pre>
 2518: }
 2519: } iosetup;
 2520:
 2521:
 2522: template < typename T1, typename T2 >
 2523: ostream & operator << (ostream & os, const pair < T1, T2 > & p) {
 2524: os << p.first << " " << p.second;
 2525: return os;
 2526: }
 2527:
 2528: template< typename T1, typename T2 >
 2529: istream & operator >> (istream & is, pair < T1, T2 > &p) {
 2530: is >> p.first >> p.second;
 2531:
       return is;
 2532: }
 2533:
 2534: template < typename T >
 2535: ostream &operator<<(ostream &os, const vector< T > &v) {
 2536: for(int i = 0; i < (int) v.size(); i++) {
 2537:
        os << v[i] << (i + 1 != v.size() ? " " : "");
 2538:
 2539:
       return os;
 2540: }
 2541:
 2542: template< typename T >
 2543: istream & operator >> (istream & is, vector < T > &v) {
 2544: for(T &in : v) is >> in;
 2545: return is;
 2546: }
 2548: template < typename T1, typename T2 >
 2549: inline bool chmax(T1 &a, T2 b) { return a < b && (a = b, true); }
 2550:
 2551: template < typename T1, typename T2 >
 2552: inline bool chmin(T1 &a, T2 b) { return a > b && (a = b, true); }
 2553:
 2554: template < typename T = int64 >
 2555: vector< T > make_v(size_t a) {
 2556:
      return vector< T >(a);
 2557: }
 2558:
 2559: template < typename T, typename... Ts >
 2560: auto make_v(size_t a, Ts... ts) {
```

```
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2561:
       return vector< decltype(make_v< T >(ts...)) >(a, make_v< T >(ts...));
2562: }
2563:
2564: template < typename T, typename V >
2565: typename enable if < is class < T >::value == 0 >::type fill v(T &t, const V &v) {
      t = v;
2567: }
2568:
2569: template< typename T, typename V >
2570: typename enable_if< is_class< T >::value != 0 >::type fill_v(T &t, const V &v) {
2571: for(auto &e : t) fill_v(e, v);
2572: }
2573:
2574: template< typename F >
2575: struct FixPoint : F {
      FixPoint(F \&\&f) : F(forward < F > (f)) {}
2576:
2577:
2578:
       template< typename... Args >
2579:
      decltype(auto) operator()(Args &&... args) const {
2580:
        return F::operator()(*this, forward< Args >(args)...);
2581:
2582: };
2583:
2584: template< typename F >
2585: inline decltype(auto) MFP(F &&f) {
      return FixPoint< F >{forward< F >(f)};
2587: }
2588:
2589:
2590: -----
2591:
                       math
2597:
2598: map< int64_t, int > prime_factor(int64_t n) {
2599: map< int64_t, int > ret;
      for(int64_t i = 2; i * i <= n; i++) {</pre>
2600:
       while(n % i == 0) {
2601:
         ret[i]++;
2602:
2603:
          n /= i;
        }
2604:
2605:
2606:
       if(n != 1) ret[n] = 1;
2607: return ret;
2608: }
2609:
2610:
2612: ######### stirling-number-second.cpp ###########
2614:
2615: template< typename T >
2616: T stirling_number_second(int n, int k) {
2617: Combination < T > table(k);
2618: T ret = 0;
2619: for(int i = 0; i <= k; i++) {
2620:
       auto add = T(i).pow(n) * table.C(k, i);
2621:
       if((k - i) \& 1) ret -= add;
2622:
        else ret += add;
2623:
      return ret * table.rfact(k);
2624:
2625: }
2626:
2627:
2628:
```

```
2632:
2633: template< int mod >
2634: struct ModInt {
2635:
       int x;
2636:
       ModInt() : x(0) \{ \}
2637:
2638:
2639:
      ModInt(int64_t y) : x(y >= 0 ? y % mod : (mod - (-y) % mod) % mod) {}
2640:
2641:
      ModInt &operator+=(const ModInt &p) {
2642:
        if((x += p.x) >= mod) x -= mod;
         return *this;
2643:
2644:
2645:
2646:
       ModInt &operator-=(const ModInt &p) {
2647:
        if((x += mod - p.x) >= mod) x -= mod;
2648:
         return *this;
2649:
       }
2650:
2651:
       ModInt &operator*=(const ModInt &p) {
2652:
         x = (int) (1LL * x * p.x % mod);
2653:
         return *this;
2654:
2655:
2656:
       ModInt &operator/=(const ModInt &p) {
         *this *= p.inverse();
2657:
         return *this;
2658:
2659:
2660:
       ModInt operator-() const { return ModInt(-x); }
2661:
2662:
       ModInt operator+(const ModInt &p) const { return ModInt(*this) += p; }
2663:
2664:
2665:
       ModInt operator-(const ModInt &p) const { return ModInt(*this) -= p; }
2666:
2667:
       ModInt operator*(const ModInt &p) const { return ModInt(*this) *= p; }
2668:
2669:
       ModInt operator/(const ModInt &p) const { return ModInt(*this) /= p; }
2670:
2671:
       bool operator==(const ModInt &p) const { return x == p.x; }
2672:
2673:
       bool operator!=(const ModInt &p) const { return x != p.x; }
2674:
2675:
       ModInt inverse() const {
2676:
         int a = x, b = mod, u = 1, v = 0, t;
2677:
         while(b > 0) {
           t = a / b;
2678:
2679:
           swap(a -= t * b, b);
2680:
           swap(u -= t * v, v);
         }
2681:
2682:
         return ModInt(u);
2683:
2684:
2685:
       ModInt pow(int64_t n) const {
2686:
        ModInt ret(1), mul(x);
2687:
         while(n > 0) {
2688:
           if(n & 1) ret *= mul;
2689:
           mul *= mul;
2690:
           n >>= 1;
         }
2691:
2692:
         return ret;
2693:
2694:
2695:
       friend ostream &operator<<(ostream &os, const ModInt &p) {</pre>
2696:
         return os << p.x;</pre>
2697:
2698:
2699:
       friend istream &operator>>(istream &is, ModInt &a) {
2700:
         int64_t t;
```

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2701:
         is >> t;
2702:
         a = ModInt< mod >(t);
2703:
         return (is);
2704:
2705:
       static int get_mod() { return mod; }
2706:
2707: };
2708:
2709: using modint = ModInt< mod >;
2710:
2711:
2715:
2716: template< typename T >
2717: T binomial(int64_t N, int64_t K) {
       if(K < 0 | N < K) return 0;</pre>
2718:
2719:
       T ret = 1;
2720:
       for(T i = 1; i <= K; ++i) {</pre>
         ret *= N--;
2721:
2722:
         ret /= i;
2723:
2724:
       return ret;
2725: }
2726:
2727:
2731:
2732: template< typename T >
2733: T factorial(int64_t n) {
2734:
       if(n >= T::get_mod()) return 0;
2735:
       if(n == 0) return 1;
2736:
2737:
       const int64_t sn = sqrt(n);
       const T sn_inv = T(1) / sn;
2738:
2739:
2740:
       Combination< modint > comb(sn);
2741:
       using P = vector< T >;
2742:
2743:
       ArbitraryModConvolution< T > fft;
2744:
       using FPS = FormalPowerSeries< T >;
2745:
       auto mult = [&](const typename FPS::P &a, const typename FPS::P &b) {
2746:
         auto ret = fft.multiply(a, b);
2747:
         return typename FPS::P(ret.begin(), ret.end());
2748:
2749:
       FPS::set_fft(mult);
2750:
2751:
       auto shift = [&](const P &f, T dx) {
2752:
2753:
         int n = (int) f.size();
         T a = dx * sn_inv;
2754:
         auto p1 = P(f);
2755:
2756:
         for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
           T d = comb.rfact(i) * comb.rfact((n - 1) - i);
2757:
2758:
           if(((n-1-i) \& 1)) d = -d;
2759:
          p1[i] *= d;
2760:
2761:
         auto p2 = P(2 * n);
         for(int i = 0; i < p2.size(); i++) {</pre>
2762:
2763:
          p2[i] = (a.x + i - n) \le 0 ? 1 : a + i - n;
2764:
2765:
         for(int i = 1; i < p2.size(); i++) {</pre>
2766:
          p2[i] *= p2[i - 1];
2767:
2768:
         T \text{ prod} = p2[2 * n - 1];
         T prod_inv = T(1) / prod;
2769:
         for(int i = 2 * n - 1; i > 0; --i) {
2770:
```

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 2771:
            p2[i] = prod_inv * p2[i - 1];
 2772:
           prod_inv *= a + i - n;
 2773:
 2774:
          p2[0] = prod_inv;
 2775:
          auto p3 = fft.multiply(p1, p2, (int) p2.size());
 2776:
         p1 = P(p3.begin() + p1.size(), p3.begin() + p2.size());
 2777:
          prod = 1;
 2778:
          for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
 2779:
           prod *= a + n - 1 - i;
 2780:
 2781:
          for(int i = n - 1; i >= 0; --i) {
 2782:
           p1[i] *= prod;
 2783:
           prod *= p2[n + i] * (a + i - n);
 2784:
 2785:
         return p1;
 2786:
        };
 2787:
        function P(int) > rec = [\&](int64_t n) {
 2788:
          if(n == 1) return P({1, 1 + sn});
 2789:
          int64_t nh = n >> 1;
 2790:
          auto a1 = rec(nh);
 2791:
          auto a2 = shift(a1, nh);
 2792:
          auto b1 = shift(a1, sn * nh);
          auto b2 = shift(a1, sn * nh + nh);
 2793:
          for(int i = 0; i <= nh; i++) a1[i] *= a2[i];</pre>
 2794:
          for(int i = 1; i <= nh; i++) al.emplace_back(b1[i] * b2[i]);</pre>
 2795:
 2796:
          if(n & 1)
           for(int64 t i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
 2797:
             al[i] *= n + 1LL * sn * i;
 2798:
 2799:
           T prod = 1;
 2800:
           for(int64 t i = 1LL * n * sn; i < 1LL * n * sn + n; i++) {</pre>
 2801:
 2802:
             prod *= (i + 1);
 2803:
 2804:
           al.push_back(prod);
          }
 2805:
 2806:
         return al;
 2807:
        };
 2808:
       auto vs = rec(sn);
 2809:
       T ret = 1;
       for(int64_t i = 0; i < sn; i++) ret *= vs[i];</pre>
 2810:
        for(int64 t i = 1LL * sn * sn + 1; i <= n; i++) ret *= i;</pre>
 2811:
 2812:
        return ret;
 2813: }
 2814:
 2815:
 2819:
 2820: template< typename T >
 2821: vector< vector< T > > binomial_table(int N) {
       vector< vector< T > mat(N + 1, vector< T > (N + 1));
 2822:
 2823:
        for(int i = 0; i <= N; i++) {</pre>
          for(int j = 0; j <= i; j++)</pre>
 2824:
            if(j == 0 || j == i) mat[i][j] = 1;
 2825:
 2826:
            else mat[i][j] = mat[i - 1][j - 1] + mat[i - 1][j];
 2827:
 2828:
 2829:
        return mat;
 2830: }
 2831:
 2832:
 2834: ######## polynomial-interpolation.cpp ##########
 2836:
 2837: template< class T >
 2838: FormalPowerSeries < T > polynomial_interpolation(const FormalPowerSeries < T > &xs,
const vector< T > &ys) {
       assert(xs.size() == ys.size());
```

```
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2840:
       using FPS = FormalPowerSeries< T >;
      PolyBuf < T > buf(xs);
2841:
2842:
      FPS w = buf.query(0, xs.size()).diff();
2843:
      auto vs = multipoint_evaluation(w, xs, buf);
2844:
      function< FPS(int, int) > rec = [&](int 1, int r) -> FPS {
2845:
        if(r - 1 == 1) return {ys[1] / vs[1]};
2846:
        int m = (1 + r) >> 1;
        return rec(1, m) * buf.query(m, r) + rec(m, r) * buf.query(1, m);
2847:
2848:
2849:
       return rec(0, xs.size());
2850: }
2851:
2852:
2856:
2857: template< typename T >
2858: T bell_number(int n, int k) {
       if(n == 0) return 1;
2860:
       k = \min(k, n);
 2861:
       Combination < T > uku(k);
2862:
       T ret = 0;
       vector< T > pref(k + 1);
2863:
       pref[0] = 1;
2864:
       for(int i = 1; i <= k; i++) {</pre>
2865:
         if(i & 1) pref[i] = pref[i - 1] - uku.rfact(i);
2866:
         else pref[i] = pref[i - 1] + uku.rfact(i);
2867:
2868:
2869:
      for(int i = 1; i <= k; i++) {</pre>
2870:
        ret += T(i).pow(n) * uku.rfact(i) * pref[k - i];
2871:
2872:
       return ret;
2873: }
2874:
2875:
2879:
2880: vector< int64 t > divisor(int64 t n) {
2881:
       vector< int64_t > ret;
2882:
       for(int64_t i = 1; i * i <= n; i++) {</pre>
2883:
         if(n % i == 0) {
2884:
          ret.push back(i);
 2885:
          if(i * i != n) ret.push_back(n / i);
2886:
2887:
2888:
       sort(begin(ret), end(ret));
2889:
       return (ret);
2890: }
2891:
2892:
2894: ###### arbitrary-mod-convolution-long.cpp #######
2897: template< typename T >
2898: struct ArbitraryModConvolutionLong {
2899: using real = FastFourierTransform::real;
2900:
       using C = FastFourierTransform::C;
2901:
2902:
       ArbitraryModConvolutionLong() = default;
2903:
2904:
       vector< T > multiply(const vector< T > &a, const vector< T > &b, int need = -1)
         if(need == -1) need = a.size() + b.size() - 1;
 2905:
2906:
         int nbase = 0;
 2907:
         while((1 << nbase) < need) nbase++;</pre>
 2908:
         FastFourierTransform::ensure_base(nbase);
```

```
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 2909:
          int sz = 1 << nbase;</pre>
 2910:
          vector< C > fa(sz);
 2911:
          for(int i = 0; i < a.size(); i++) {</pre>
 2912:
           fa[i] = C(a[i].x & ((1 << 19) - 1), a[i].x >> 19);
 2913:
 2914:
         fft(fa, sz);
 2915:
         vector< C > fb(sz);
         if(a == b) {
 2917:
           fb = fa;
 2918:
          } else {
           for(int i = 0; i < b.size(); i++) {</pre>
 2919:
             fb[i] = C(b[i].x & ((1 << 19) - 1), b[i].x >> 19);
 2920:
 2921:
 2922:
           fft(fb, sz);
          }
 2923:
 2924:
         real ratio = 0.25 / sz;
 2925:
          C r2(0, -1), r3(ratio, 0), r4(0, -ratio), r5(0, 1);
 2926:
          for(int i = 0; i <= (sz >> 1); i++) {
 2927:
           int j = (sz - i) & (sz - 1);
 2928:
           C al = (fa[i] + fa[j].conj());
 2929:
           C = (fa[i] - fa[j].conj()) * r2;
 2930:
            C b1 = (fb[i] + fb[j].conj()) * r3;
           C b2 = (fb[i] - fb[j].conj()) * r4;
 2931:
           if(i != j) {
 2932:
             C c1 = (fa[j] + fa[i].conj());
 2933:
             C c2 = (fa[j] - fa[i].conj()) * r2;
 2934:
             C d1 = (fb[j] + fb[i].conj()) * r3;
 2935:
             C d2 = (fb[j] - fb[i].conj()) * r4;
 2936:
 2937:
             fa[i] = c1 * d1 + c2 * d2 * r5;
             fb[i] = c1 * d2 + c2 * d1;
 2938:
 2939:
           fa[j] = a1 * b1 + a2 * b2 * r5;
 2941:
           fb[j] = a1 * b2 + a2 * b1;
 2942:
 2943:
         fft(fa, sz);
 2944:
         fft(fb, sz);
 2945:
         vector< T > ret(need);
 2946:
         auto mul1 = T(2).pow(19);
 2947:
         auto mul2 = T(2).pow(38);
 2948:
          for(int i = 0; i < need; i++) {</pre>
 2949:
           int64_t aa = llround(fa[i].x);
 2950:
           int64_t bb = llround(fb[i].x);
 2951:
           int64_t cc = llround(fa[i].y);
           aa = T(aa).x, bb = T(bb).x, cc = T(cc).x;
 2952:
           ret[i] = (mul1 * bb) + (mul2 * cc) + aa;
 2953:
 2954:
 2955:
          return ret;
 2956:
 2957: };
 2958:
 2959:
 2963:
 2964: template< typename T >
 2965: T mod pow(T x, T n, const T &p) {
 2966:
      T ret = 1;
 2967:
        while(n > 0) {
 2968:
         if(n & 1) (ret *= x) %= p;
 2969:
         (x *= x) %= p;
 2970:
         n >>= 1;
 2971:
 2972:
       return ret;
 2973: }
 2974:
 2975:
 2976:
 2978: ############## prime-table.cpp ##################
```

```
2980:
2981: vector< bool > prime_table(int n) {
       vector< bool > prime(n + 1, true);
2982:
2983:
       if(n >= 0) prime[0] = false;
2984:
       if(n >= 1) prime[1] = false;
      for(int i = 2; i * i <= n; i++) {</pre>
2985:
         if(!prime[i]) continue;
2986:
2987:
         for(int j = i + i; j <= n; j += i) {</pre>
2988:
           prime[j] = false;
2989:
2990:
2991:
       return prime;
2992: }
2993:
2994:
2996: ######### multipoint-evaluation.cpp #############
2998:
2999: template < typename T >
3000: struct PolyBuf {
3001:
       using FPS = FormalPowerSeries < T >;
3002:
       const FPS xs;
3003:
       using pi = pair< int, int >;
       map< pi, FPS > buf;
3004:
3005:
3006:
       PolyBuf(const FPS &xs) : xs(xs) {}
3007:
3008:
       const FPS &query(int 1, int r) {
3009:
         if(buf.count({1, r})) return buf[{1, r}];
         if(1 + 1 == r) return buf[{1, r}] = {-xs[1], 1};
3010:
         return buf[\{1, r\}] = query(1, (1 + r) >> 1) * query((1 + r) >> 1, r);
3011:
3012:
3013: };
3014:
3015:
3016: template < typename T >
3017: FormalPowerSeries < T > multipoint_evaluation(const FormalPowerSeries < T > &as, con
st FormalPowerSeries< T > &xs, PolyBuf< T > &buf) {
      using FPS = FormalPowerSeries < T >;
3018:
3019:
       FPS ret;
3020:
       const int B = 64;
       function< void(FPS, int, int) > rec = [&](FPS a, int 1, int r) -> void {
3021:
3022:
         a %= buf.query(1, r);
3023:
         if(a.size() <= B)
3024:
           for(int i = 1; i < r; i++) ret.emplace_back(a.eval(xs[i]));</pre>
3025:
           return;
3026:
3027:
         rec(a, 1, (1 + r) >> 1);
3028:
         rec(a, (1 + r) >> 1, r);
       };
3029:
3030:
       rec(as, 0, xs.size());
3031:
       return ret;
3032: };
3033:
3034: template < typename T >
3035: FormalPowerSeries < T > multipoint_evaluation(const FormalPowerSeries < T > &as, con
st FormalPowerSeries< T > &xs) {
3036: PolyBuf < T > buff(xs);
3037:
       return multipoint_evaluation(as, xs, buff);
3038: }
3039:
3040:
3041:
3046: template < typename T >
```

```
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 3047: T mod_sqrt(const T &a, const T &p) {
        if(a == 0) return 0;
 3049:
         if(p == 2) return a;
 3050:
        if(mod_pow(a, (p - 1) >> 1, p) != 1) return -1;
 3051:
        T b = 1;
 3052:
        while (mod_pow(b, (p - 1) >> 1, p) == 1) ++b;
 3053:
        T = 0, m = p - 1;
        while(m % 2 == 0) m >>= 1, ++e;
 3054:
 3055:
        T x = mod_pow(a, (m - 1) >> 1, p);
 3056:
        Ty = a * (x * x % p) % p;
        (x *= a) %= p;
 3057:
 3058:
        T z = mod_pow(b, m, p);
 3059:
        while(y != 1) {
 3060:
          T j = 0, t = y;
 3061:
          while(t != 1) {
 3062:
             j += 1;
 3063:
             (t *= t) %= p;
 3064:
 3065:
           z = mod_pow(z, T(1) \ll (e - j - 1), p);
 3066:
           (x *= z) %= p;
 3067:
           (z *= z) %= p;
 3068:
          (y *= z) %= p;
 3069:
           e = j;
 3070:
 3071:
        return x;
 3072: }
 3073:
 3074:
 3076: ######## arbitrary-mod-convolution.cpp ###########
 3078:
 3079: template < typename T >
 3080: struct ArbitraryModConvolution {
 3081:
        using real = FastFourierTransform::real;
 3082:
        using C = FastFourierTransform::C;
 3083:
 3084:
        ArbitraryModConvolution() = default;
 3085:
 3086:
        vector< T > multiply(const vector< T > &a, const vector< T > &b, int need = -1)
           if(need == -1) need = a.size() + b.size() - 1;
 3087:
 3088:
           int nbase = 0;
 3089:
           while((1 << nbase) < need) nbase++;</pre>
 3090:
           FastFourierTransform::ensure base(nbase);
 3091:
           int sz = 1 << nbase;</pre>
 3092:
           vector< C > fa(sz);
 3093:
           for(int i = 0; i < a.size(); i++) {</pre>
             fa[i] = C(a[i].x & ((1 << 15) - 1), a[i].x >> 15);
 3094:
 3095:
 3096:
          fft(fa, sz);
          vector< C > fb(sz);
 3097:
           if(a == b) {
 3098:
 3099:
            fb = fa;
 3100:
           } else {
 3101:
             for(int i = 0; i < b.size(); i++) {</pre>
               fb[i] = C(b[i].x & ((1 << 15) - 1), b[i].x >> 15);
 3102:
 3103:
 3104:
            fft(fb, sz);
 3105:
 3106:
          real ratio = 0.25 / sz;
 3107:
           C r2(0, -1), r3(ratio, 0), r4(0, -ratio), r5(0, 1);
           for(int i = 0; i <= (sz >> 1); i++) {
 3108:
 3109:
            int j = (sz - i) & (sz - 1);
 3110:
            C al = (fa[i] + fa[j].conj());
 3111:
            C a2 = (fa[i] - fa[j].conj()) * r2;
 3112:
            C b1 = (fb[i] + fb[j].conj()) * r3;
            C b2 = (fb[i] - fb[j].conj()) * r4;
 3113:
            if(i != j) {
 3114:
 3115:
              C c1 = (fa[j] + fa[i].conj());
```

```
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 3116:
               C c2 = (fa[j] - fa[i].conj()) * r2;
 3117:
               C d1 = (fb[j] + fb[i].conj()) * r3;
 3118:
               C d2 = (fb[j] - fb[i].conj()) * r4;
 3119:
               fa[i] = c1 * d1 + c2 * d2 * r5;
               fb[i] = c1 * d2 + c2 * d1;
 3120:
 3121:
             fa[j] = a1 * b1 + a2 * b2 * r5;
 3122:
             fb[j] = a1 * b2 + a2 * b1;
 3123:
 3124:
 3125:
           fft(fa, sz);
 3126:
           fft(fb, sz);
           vector< T > ret(need);
 3127:
           for(int i = 0; i < need; i++) {</pre>
 3128:
             int64_t aa = llround(fa[i].x);
 3129:
 3130:
             int64_t bb = llround(fb[i].x);
 3131:
             int64_t cc = llround(fa[i].y);
 3132:
             aa = T(aa).x, bb = T(bb).x, cc = T(cc).x;
 3133:
             ret[i] = aa + (bb << 15) + (cc << 30);
 3134:
 3135:
           return ret;
 3136:
         }
 3137: };
 3138:
 3139:
 number-theoretic-transform-friendly-mod-int.cpp #
 3141:
 3143:
 3144: template < typename Mint >
 3145: struct NumberTheoreticTransformFriendlyModInt {
 3146:
 3147:
        vector< int > rev;
 3148:
        vector< Mint > rts;
 3149:
         int base, max_base;
 3150:
        Mint root;
 3151:
        NumberTheoreticTransformFriendlyModInt(): base(1), rev{0, 1}, rts{0, 1} {
 3152:
 3153:
          const int mod = Mint::get_mod();
 3154:
           assert(mod >= 3 && mod % 2 == 1);
 3155:
          auto tmp = mod - 1;
 3156:
          max_base = 0;
 3157:
          while(tmp % 2 == 0) tmp >>= 1, max base++;
 3158:
           root = 2;
           while(root.pow((mod - 1) >> 1) == 1) root += 1;
 3159:
           assert(root.pow(mod - 1) == 1);
 3160:
 3161:
          root = root.pow((mod - 1) >> max_base);
 3162:
 3163:
 3164:
         void ensure_base(int nbase) {
 3165:
          if(nbase <= base) return;</pre>
 3166:
          rev.resize(1 << nbase);</pre>
 3167:
           rts.resize(1 << nbase);</pre>
           for(int i = 0; i < (1 << nbase); i++) {</pre>
 3168:
             rev[i] = (rev[i >> 1] >> 1) + ((i & 1) << (nbase - 1));
 3169:
 3170:
          assert(nbase <= max_base);</pre>
 3171:
 3172:
           while(base < nbase) {</pre>
 3173:
            Mint z = root.pow(1 << (max_base - 1 - base));</pre>
 3174:
             for(int i = 1 << (base - 1); i < (1 << base); i++) {</pre>
 3175:
               rts[i << 1] = rts[i];
 3176:
               rts[(i << 1) + 1] = rts[i] * z;
 3177:
 3178:
             ++base;
 3179:
           }
 3180:
         }
 3181:
 3182:
 3183:
         void ntt(vector< Mint > &a) {
 3184:
           const int n = (int) a.size();
           assert((n & (n - 1)) == 0);
 3185:
```

```
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 3186:
          int zeros = __builtin_ctz(n);
 3187:
         ensure_base(zeros);
 3188:
         int shift = base - zeros;
 3189:
         for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
           if(i < (rev[i] >> shift)) {
 3190:
 3191:
             swap(a[i], a[rev[i] >> shift]);
 3192:
 3193:
 3194:
         for(int k = 1; k < n; k <<= 1) {</pre>
 3195:
           for(int i = 0; i < n; i += 2 * k) {</pre>
 3196:
             for(int j = 0; j < k; j++) {
 3197:
               Mint z = a[i + j + k] * rts[j + k];
 3198:
               a[i + j + k] = a[i + j] - z;
 3199:
               a[i + j] = a[i + j] + z;
 3200:
 3201:
           }
 3202:
         }
 3203:
        }
 3204:
 3205:
 3206:
       void intt(vector< Mint > &a)
 3207:
         const int n = (int) a.size();
 3208:
         ntt(a);
         reverse(a.begin() + 1, a.end());
 3209:
         Mint inv_sz = Mint(1) / n;
 3210:
         for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) a[i] *= inv_sz;</pre>
 3211:
 3212:
 3213:
 3214:
       vector< Mint > multiply(vector< Mint > a, vector< Mint > b) {
 3215:
         int need = a.size() + b.size() - 1;
 3216:
         int nbase = 1;
         while((1 << nbase) < need) nbase++;</pre>
 3217:
 3218:
         ensure base(nbase);
 3219:
         int sz = 1 << nbase;</pre>
 3220:
         a.resize(sz, 0);
 3221:
         b.resize(sz, 0);
 3222:
        ntt(a);
 3223:
         ntt(b);
 3224:
         Mint inv_sz = Mint(1) / sz;
         for(int i = 0; i < sz; i++) {</pre>
 3225:
 3226:
           a[i] *= b[i] * inv sz;
 3227:
 3228:
         reverse(a.begin() + 1, a.end());
 3229:
         ntt(a);
 3230:
         a.resize(need);
         return a;
 3231:
 3232:
 3233: };
 3234:
 3235:
 3239:
 3240: int64_t euler_phi(int64_t n) {
 3241:
       int64 t ret = n;
        for(int64 t i = 2; i * i <= n; i++) {</pre>
 3242:
 3243:
         if(n % i == 0) {
 3244:
           ret -= ret / i;
 3245:
           while(n % i == 0) n /= i;
         }
 3246:
 3247:
 3248:
       if(n > 1) ret -= ret / n;
 3249:
       return ret;
 3250: }
 3251:
 3252:
 3254: ########## lagrange-polynomial.cpp ##############
```

```
3256:
3257: template< typename T >
3258: T lagrange_polynomial(const vector< T > &y, int64_t t) {
      int N = y.size() - 1;
3260:
      Combination< T > comb(N);
     if(t <= N) return y[t];</pre>
3261:
3262:
     T ret(0);
      vector< T > dp(N + 1, 1), pd(N + 1, 1);
3263:
3264:
     for(int i = 0; i < N; i++) dp[i + 1] = dp[i] * (t - i);</pre>
3265:
     for(int i = N; i > 0; i--) pd[i - 1] = pd[i] * (t - i);
3266:
     for(int i = 0; i <= N; i++) {</pre>
        T tmp = y[i] * dp[i] * pd[i] * comb.rfact(i) * comb.rfact(N - i);
3267:
3268:
        if((N-i) \& 1) ret -= tmp;
3269:
        else ret += tmp;
3270:
3271:
      return ret;
3272: }
3273:
3274:
3278:
3279: template< typename T >
3280: struct Combination {
      vector< T > _fact, _rfact, _inv;
3281:
3282:
      Combination(int sz) : fact(sz + 1), _rfact(sz + 1), _inv(sz + 1) {
3283:
        fact[0] = rfact[sz] = inv[0] = 1;
3284:
        for(int i = 1; i <= sz; i++) _fact[i] = _fact[i - 1] * i;</pre>
3285:
3286:
        _rfact[sz] /= _fact[sz];
        for(int i = sz - 1; i >= 0; i--) rfact[i] = rfact[i + 1] * (i + 1);
3287:
        for(int i = 1; i <= sz; i++) inv[i] = rfact[i] * fact[i - 1];</pre>
3288:
3289:
3290:
3291:
      inline T fact(int k) const { return fact[k]; }
3292:
       inline T rfact(int k) const { return rfact[k]; }
3293:
3294:
      inline T inv(int k) const { return _inv[k]; }
3295:
3296:
3297:
      T P(int n, int r) const {
3298:
        if(r < 0 | | n < r) return 0;
3299:
        return fact(n) * rfact(n - r);
3300:
3301:
3302:
      T C(int p, int q) const {
3303:
        if(q < 0 | p < q) return 0;
        return fact(p) * rfact(q) * rfact(p - q);
3304:
3305:
3306:
3307:
      T H(int n, int r) const {
        if(n < 0 | | r < 0) return (0);
3308:
        return r == 0 ? 1 : C(n + r - 1, r);
3309:
3310:
3311: };
3312:
3313:
3317:
3318: int64_t mod_log(int64_t a, int64_t b, int64_t p) {
3319:
      int64_t g = 1;
3320:
3321:
      for(int64_t i = p; i; i /= 2) (g *= a) %= p;
3322:
      g = \underline{gcd}(g, p);
3323:
3324:
      int64 t t = 1, c = 0;
3325:
      for(; t % g; c++) {
```

```
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3326:
         if(t == b) return c;
3327:
         (t *= a) %= p;
3328:
3329:
       if(b % g) return -1;
3330:
3331:
       t /= g;
3332:
       b /= g;
3333:
3334:
       int64_t n = p / g, h = 0, gs = 1;
3335:
3336:
       for(; h * h < n; h++) (gs *= a) %= n;</pre>
3337:
3338:
       unordered_map< int64_t, int64_t > bs;
3339:
       for(int64_t s = 0, e = b; s < h; bs[e] = ++s) {
3340:
        (e *= a) %= n;
3341:
3342:
3343:
       for(int64_t s = 0, e = t; s < n;) {</pre>
3344:
         (e *= gs) %= n;
3345:
         s += h;
 3346:
         if(bs.count(e)) return c + s - bs[e];
3347:
3348:
       return -1;
3349: }
3350:
3351:
3355:
3356: template < typename T >
3357: vector< pair< T, T >, T > quotient range(T N) {
3358:
3359:
       vector< pair< pair< T, T >, T > ret;
3360:
       for(M = 1; M * M <= N; M++) 
3361:
         ret.emplace_back(make_pair(M, M), N / M);
3362:
3363:
       for(T i = M; i >= 1; i--) {
         T L = N / (i + 1) + 1;
3364:
3365:
         TR = N / i;
3366:
         if(L <= R && ret.back().first.second < L) ret.emplace back(make pair(L, R), N</pre>
/ L);
3367:
3368:
       return ret;
3369: }
3370:
3371:
3373: ######## formal-power-series-seq.cpp ############
3375:
3376: template< typename T >
3377: FormalPowerSeries < T > bernoulli(int N) {
      FormalPowerSeries< T > poly(N + 1);
3378:
       poly[0] = T(1);
3379:
       for(int i = 1; i <= N; i++) {</pre>
3380:
         poly[i] = poly[i - 1] / T(i + 1);
3381:
3382:
3383:
       poly = poly.inv();
3384:
       T tmp(1);
3385:
       for(int i = 1; i <= N; i++) {</pre>
3386:
         tmp *= T(i);
3387:
         poly[i] *= tmp;
3388:
3389:
       return poly;
3390: }
3391:
3392: template< typename T >
 3393: FormalPowerSeries< T > partition(int N) {
       FormalPowerSeries< T > poly(N + 1);
```

```
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 3395:
         poly[0] = 1;
         for(int k = 1; k <= N; k++) {</pre>
 3396:
 3397:
           if(1LL * k * (3 * k + 1) / 2 <= N) poly[k * (3 * k + 1) / 2] += (k % 2 ? -1 :</pre>
1);
            if(1LL * k * (3 * k - 1) / 2 <= N) poly[k * (3 * k - 1) / 2] += (k % 2 ? -1 :</pre>
 3398:
1);
 3399:
 3400:
         return poly.inv();
 3401: }
 3402:
 3403: template< typename T >
 3404: FormalPowerSeries< T > bell(int N) {
 3405:
         FormalPowerSeries < T > poly(N + 1), ret(N + 1);
 3406:
         poly[1] = 1;
 3407:
         poly = poly.exp();
         poly[0] -= 1;
 3408:
 3409:
         poly = poly.exp();
 3410:
         T \text{ mul} = 1;
 3411:
         for(int i = 0; i <= N; i++) {</pre>
 3412:
           ret[i] = poly[i] * mul;
 3413:
           mul *= i + 1;
 3414:
 3415:
         return ret;
 3416: }
 3417:
 3418: template< typename T >
 3419: FormalPowerSeries< T > stirling_first(int N) {
         if(N == 0) return {1};
 3420:
         int M = N / 2;
 3421:
 3422:
         FormalPowerSeries T > A = stirling first T > (M), B, C(N - M + 1);
 3423:
         if(N % 2 == 0) {
 3424:
           B = A;
 3425:
 3426:
         } else {
 3427:
           B.resize(M + 2);
 3428:
           B[M + 1] = 1;
 3429:
           for(int i = 1; i < M + 1; i++) B[i] = A[i - 1] + A[i] * M;</pre>
 3430:
 3431:
 3432:
         T tmp = 1;
         for(int i = 0; i <= N - M; i++) {</pre>
 3433:
           C[N - M - i] = T(M).pow(i) / tmp;
 3434:
 3435:
           B[i] *= tmp;
            tmp *= T(i + 1);
 3436:
 3437:
         C *= B;
 3438:
 3439:
         tmp = 1;
 3440:
         for(int i = 0; i <= N - M; i++) {</pre>
           B[i] = C[N - M + i] / tmp;
 3441:
 3442:
            tmp *= T(i + 1);
         }
 3443:
 3444:
         return A * B;
 3445: }
 3446:
 3447: template< typename T >
 3448: FormalPowerSeries< T > stirling_second(int N) {
         FormalPowerSeries < T > A(N + 1), B(N + 1);
 3449:
 3450:
         modint tmp = 1;
 3451:
         for(int i = 0; i <= N; i++) {</pre>
 3452:
           T rev = T(1) / tmp;
           A[i] = T(i).pow(N) * rev;
 3453:
 3454:
           B[i] = T(1) * rev;
           if(i & 1) B[i] *= -1;
 3455:
 3456:
           tmp *= i + 1;
 3457:
 3458:
         return (A * B).pre(N + 1);
 3459: }
 3460:
 3461: template < typename T >
 3462: FormalPowerSeries< T > stirling_second_kth_column(int N, int K) {
```

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 3463:
        FormalPowerSeries< T > poly(N + 1), ret(N + 1);
 3464:
        poly[1] = 1;
 3465:
        poly = poly.exp();
 3466:
        poly[0] -= 1;
 3467:
        poly = poly.pow(K);
        T rev = 1, mul = 1;
 3468:
 3469:
       for(int i = 2; i <= K; i++) rev *= i;</pre>
 3470:
       rev = T(1) / rev;
 3471:
       poly *= rev;
 3472:
       for(int i = 0; i <= N; i++) {</pre>
 3473:
         ret[i] = poly[i] * mul;
 3474:
          mul *= i + 1;
 3475:
 3476:
        return ret;
 3477: }
 3478:
 3479: template< typename T >
 3480: FormalPowerSeries< T > eulerian(int N) {
 3481:
        vector< T > fact(N + 2), rfact(N + 2);
 3482:
        fact[0] = rfact[N + 1] = 1;
 3483:
        for(int i = 1; i <= N + 1; i++) fact[i] = fact[i - 1] * i;</pre>
 3484:
        rfact[N + 1] /= fact[N + 1];
        for(int i = N; i >= 0; i--) rfact[i] = rfact[i + 1] * (i + 1);
 3485:
 3486:
        FormalPowerSeries < T > A(N + 1), B(N + 1);
 3487:
        for(int i = 0; i <= N; i++) {</pre>
 3488:
          A[i] = fact[N + 1] * rfact[i] * rfact[N + 1 - i];
 3489:
          if(i & 1) A[i] *= -1;
 3490:
          B[i] = T(i + 1).pow(N);
 3491:
 3492:
 3493:
        return (A * B).pre(N + 1);
 3494: }
 3495:
 3496:
 3498: ######## fast-prime-factorization.cpp ###########
 3500:
 3501: namespace FastPrimeFactorization {
 3502:
 3503:
        template < typename word, typename dword, typename sword >
 3504:
        struct UnsafeMod {
 3505:
          UnsafeMod(): x(0) {}
 3506:
          UnsafeMod(word x) : x(init(x)) {}
 3507:
 3508:
 3509:
          bool operator==(const UnsafeMod &rhs) const {
 3510:
           return x == rhs.x;
 3511:
 3512:
 3513:
          bool operator!=(const UnsafeMod &rhs) const {
 3514:
           return x != rhs.x;
 3515:
 3516:
 3517:
          UnsafeMod & operator += (const UnsafeMod & rhs) {
 3518:
            if((x += rhs.x) >= mod) x -= mod;
            return *this;
 3519:
          }
 3520:
 3521:
 3522:
          UnsafeMod & operator -= (const UnsafeMod & rhs) {
 3523:
            if(sword(x -= rhs.x) < 0) x += mod;
            return *this;
 3524:
 3525:
 3526:
 3527:
          UnsafeMod &operator*=(const UnsafeMod &rhs) {
 3528:
            x = reduce(dword(x) * rhs.x);
 3529:
            return *this;
 3530:
          }
 3531:
          UnsafeMod operator+(const UnsafeMod &rhs) const {
 3532:
```

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 3533:
             return UnsafeMod(*this) += rhs;
 3534:
 3535:
 3536:
           UnsafeMod operator-(const UnsafeMod &rhs) const {
 3537:
            return UnsafeMod(*this) -= rhs;
 3538:
 3539:
           UnsafeMod operator*(const UnsafeMod &rhs) const {
 3540:
 3541:
            return UnsafeMod(*this) *= rhs;
 3542:
 3543:
 3544:
           UnsafeMod pow(uint64_t e) const {
 3545:
            UnsafeMod ret(1);
             for(UnsafeMod base = *this; e; e >>= 1, base *= base) {
 3546:
 3547:
               if(e & 1) ret *= base;
 3548:
 3549:
             return ret;
 3550:
           }
 3551:
 3552:
           word get() const {
 3553:
             return reduce(x);
 3554:
 3555:
           static constexpr int word bits = sizeof(word) * 8;
 3556:
 3557:
           static word modulus() {
 3558:
 3559:
            return mod;
 3560:
 3561:
 3562:
           static word init(word w) {
 3563:
            return reduce(dword(w) * r2);
 3564:
 3565:
 3566:
           static void set_mod(word m) {
 3567:
            mod = m;
 3568:
             inv = mul inv(mod);
 3569:
            r2 = -dword(mod) % mod;
 3570:
 3571:
           static word reduce(dword x) {
 3572:
 3573:
            word y = word(x >> word_bits) - word((dword(word(x) * inv) * mod) >> word_bi
ts);
 3574:
             return sword(y) < 0 ? y + mod : y;
 3575:
 3576:
 3577:
           static word mul_inv(word n, int e = 6, word x = 1) {
            return !e ? x : mul_inv(n, e - 1, x * (2 - x * n));
 3578:
 3579:
 3580:
           static word mod, inv, r2;
 3581:
 3582:
 3583:
          word x;
 3584:
         };
 3585:
 3586:
         using uint128_t = __uint128_t;
 3587:
        using Mod64 = UnsafeMod< uint64 t, uint128 t, int64 t >;
 3588:
 3589:
         template<> uint64_t Mod64::mod = 0;
 3590:
         template<> uint64_t Mod64::inv = 0;
 3591:
        template<> uint64_t Mod64::r2 = 0;
 3592:
 3593:
         using Mod32 = UnsafeMod< uint32_t, uint64_t, int32_t >;
 3594:
         template<> uint32_t Mod32::mod = 0;
 3595:
         template<> uint32_t Mod32::inv = 0;
 3596:
         template<> uint32_t Mod32::r2 = 0;
 3597:
 3598:
         bool miller_rabin_primality_test_uint64(uint64_t n) {
 3599:
          Mod64::set_mod(n);
 3600:
           uint64 t d = n - 1;
           while(d % 2 == 0) d /= 2;
 3601:
```

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 3602:
           Mod64 e\{1\}, rev\{n - 1\};
           // http://miller-rabin.appspot.com/ < 2^64</pre>
 3603:
 3604:
           for(uint64_t a : {2, 325, 9375, 28178, 450775, 9780504, 1795265022}) {
 3605:
              if(n <= a) break;</pre>
 3606:
             uint64_t t = d;
 3607:
             Mod64 y = Mod64(a).pow(t);
             while(t != n - 1 && y != e && y != rev) {
 3608:
 3609:
                y *= y;
 3610:
                t *= 2;
 3611:
 3612:
             if(y != rev && t % 2 == 0) return false;
 3613:
 3614:
           return true;
 3615:
 3616:
 3617:
         bool miller_rabin_primality_test_uint32(uint32_t n) {
 3618:
           Mod32::set_mod(n);
 3619:
           uint32_t d = n - 1;
 3620:
           while(d % 2 == 0) d /= 2;
 3621:
           Mod32 e\{1\}, rev\{n - 1\};
 3622:
           for(uint32_t a : {2, 7, 61}) {
 3623:
              if(n <= a) break;</pre>
 3624:
             uint32_t t = d;
 3625:
             Mod32 y = Mod32(a).pow(t);
             while(t != n - 1 && y != e && y != rev) {
 3626:
               y *= y;
 3627:
                t *= 2;
 3628:
 3629:
             if(y != rev && t % 2 == 0) return false;
 3630:
           }
 3631:
 3632:
           return true;
 3633:
 3634:
 3635:
         bool is_prime(uint64_t n) {
 3636:
           if(n == 2) return true;
 3637:
           if(n == 1 | n % 2 == 0) return false;
 3638:
           if(n < uint64_t(1) << 31) return miller_rabin_primality_test_uint32(n);</pre>
 3639:
           return miller_rabin_primality_test_uint64(n);
 3640:
 3641:
 3642:
         uint64_t pollard_rho(uint64_t n) {
 3643:
           if(is_prime(n)) return n;
 3644:
           if(n % 2 == 0) return 2;
           Mod64::set mod(n);
 3645:
           uint64 t d;
 3646:
 3647:
           Mod64 one{1};
           for(Mod64 c{one};; c += one) {
 3648:
 3649:
             Mod64 x\{2\}, y\{2\};
             do {
 3650:
 3651:
               x = x * x + c;
                y = y * y + c;
 3652:
                y = y * y + c;
 3653:
               d =
                    __gcd((x - y).get(), n);
 3654:
 3655:
              } while(d == 1);
 3656:
              if(d < n) return d;</pre>
 3657:
 3658:
           assert(0);
 3659:
         }
 3660:
 3661:
         vector< uint64_t > prime_factor(uint64_t n) {
 3662:
           if(n <= 1) return {};
 3663:
           uint64_t p = pollard_rho(n);
 3664:
           if(p == n) return {p};
 3665:
           auto 1 = prime_factor(p);
 3666:
           auto r = prime_factor(n / p);
 3667:
           copy(begin(r), end(r), back_inserter(l));
 3668:
           return 1;
 3669:
 3670: };
 3671:
```

```
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3672:
3676:
3677: bool is_prime(int64_t x) {
      for(int64_t i = 2; i * i <= x; i++) {</pre>
3678:
         if(x % i == 0) return false;
3679:
3680:
3681:
       return true;
3682: }
3683:
3684:
3688:
3689: template< typename T >
3690: using FPSGraph = vector< vector< pair< int, T >> >;
 3691:
3692: template < typename T >
 3693: FormalPowerSeries< T > random_poly(int n) {
3694:
       mt19937 mt(1333333);
3695:
       FormalPowerSeries< T > res(n);
       uniform_int_distribution< int > rand(0, T::get_mod() - 1);
3696:
       for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) res[i] = rand(mt);</pre>
3697:
3698:
       return res;
3699: }
3700:
3701: template< typename T >
3702: FormalPowerSeries < T > next_poly(const FormalPowerSeries < T > &dp, const FPSGraph <
T > &q) {
       const int N = (int) dp.size();
3703:
3704:
      FormalPowerSeries < T > nxt(N);
3705:
      for(int i = 0; i < N; i++) {</pre>
3706:
         for(auto &p : g[i]) nxt[p.first] += p.second * dp[i];
3707:
3708:
       return nxt;
3709: }
3710:
3711: template < typename T >
3712: FormalPowerSeries< T > minimum_poly(const FPSGraph< T > &g) {
3713:
       const int N = (int) g.size();
3714:
       auto dp = random poly< T >(N), u = random poly< T >(N);
3715:
       FormalPowerSeries < T > f(2 * N);
       for(int i = 0; i < 2 * N; i++)</pre>
3716:
3717:
         for(auto &p : u.dot(dp)) f[i] += p;
3718:
         dp = next_poly(dp, g);
3719:
3720:
       return berlekamp_massey(f);
3721: }
3722:
3723: /* O(N(N+S) + N \log N \log Q) (O(S): time complexity of nex) */
3724: template< typename T >
3725: FormalPowerSeries< T > sparse_pow(int64_t Q, FormalPowerSeries< modint > dp, const
FPSGraph< T > &g) {
3726: const int N = (int) dp.size();
3727:
      auto A = FormalPowerSeries< T >({0, 1}).pow_mod(Q, minimum_poly(g));
3728: FormalPowerSeries < T > res(N);
3729:
      for(int i = 0; i < A.size(); i++) {</pre>
3730:
        res += dp * A[i];
3731:
         dp = next_poly(dp, g);
3732:
3733:
       return res;
3734: }
3735:
```

3736: /\* O(N(N+S)) (S: none-zero elements)\*/

3738: T sparse determinant(FPSGraph< T > q) {

using FPS = FormalPowerSeries< T >;

3737: template< typename T >

3739:

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3740:
       int N = (int) g.size();
3741:
       auto C = random_poly< T >(N);
3742:
      for(int i = 0; i < N; i++) for(auto &p : g[i]) p.second *= C[i];</pre>
3743:
       auto u = minimum_poly(g);
      T acdet = u[0];
3744:
      if(N % 2 == 0) acdet *= -1;
3745:
3746:
      T cdet = 1;
3747:
      for(int i = 0; i < N; i++) cdet *= C[i];</pre>
3748:
      return acdet / cdet;
3749: }
3750:
3751:
3755:
3756: template< typename T >
3757: vector< T > convert base(T x, T b) {
3758:
       vector< T > ret;
3759:
       T t = 1, k = abs(b);
3760:
       while(x) {
3761:
         ret.emplace_back((x * t) % k);
3762:
         if(ret.back() < 0) ret.back() += k;</pre>
         x -= ret.back() * t;
3763:
         x /= k;
3764:
         t *= b / k;
3765:
3766:
       if(ret.empty()) ret.emplace_back(0);
3767:
      reverse(begin(ret), end(ret));
3768:
3769:
       return ret;
3770: }
3771:
3772:
3774: ############ partition-table.cpp ################
3776:
3777: template< typename T >
3778: vector< vector< T > get_partition(int n, int k) {
       vector< vector< T > dp(n + 1, vector< T > (k + 1));
3779:
3780:
       dp[0][0] = 1;
       for(int i = 0; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
3781:
3782:
         for(int j = 1; j <= k; j++) {</pre>
           if(i - j \ge 0) dp[i][j] = dp[i][j - 1] + dp[i - j][j];
3783:
           else dp[i][j] = dp[i][j-1];
3784:
3785:
3786:
3787:
       return dp;
3788: }
3789:
3790:
3792: ######### fast-fourier-transform.cpp ###########
3795: namespace FastFourierTransform {
3796:
       using real = double;
3797:
3798:
      struct C {
3799:
        real x, y;
3800:
         C() : x(0), y(0) \{ \}
3801:
3802:
3803:
         C(real x, real y) : x(x), y(y) {}
3804:
3805:
         inline C operator+(const C &c) const { return C(x + c.x, y + c.y); }
3806:
3807:
         inline C operator-(const C &c) const { return C(x - c.x, y - c.y); }
 3808:
 3809:
         inline C operator*(const C &c) const { return C(x * c.x - y * c.y, x * c.y + y
```

```
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 * c.x); }
 3810:
 3811:
            inline C conj() const { return C(x, -y); }
 3812:
         };
 3813:
 3814:
         const real PI = acosl(-1);
 3815:
         int base = 1;
         vector< C > rts = \{ \{0, 0\}, \}
 3816:
 3817:
                              {1, 0};
 3818:
         vector< int > rev = {0, 1};
 3819:
 3820:
 3821:
         void ensure_base(int nbase) {
 3822:
            if(nbase <= base) return;</pre>
 3823:
            rev.resize(1 << nbase);
 3824:
            rts.resize(1 << nbase);
 3825:
            for(int i = 0; i < (1 << nbase); i++) {</pre>
 3826:
              rev[i] = (rev[i >> 1] >> 1) + ((i & 1) << (nbase - 1));
 3827:
 3828:
            while(base < nbase)</pre>
 3829:
              real angle = PI * 2.0 / (1 << (base + 1));
 3830:
              for(int i = 1 << (base - 1); i < (1 << base); i++) {</pre>
 3831:
                rts[i << 1] = rts[i];
                real angle_i = angle * (2 * i + 1 - (1 << base));
 3832:
                rts[(i << 1) + 1] = C(cos(angle_i), sin(angle_i));
 3833:
 3834:
 3835:
              ++base;
            }
 3836:
 3837:
         }
 3838:
 3839:
         void fft(vector< C > &a, int n) {
            assert((n & (n - 1)) == 0);
 3840:
            int zeros = builtin ctz(n);
 3841:
 3842:
            ensure_base(zeros);
 3843:
            int shift = base - zeros;
 3844:
            for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
 3845:
              if(i < (rev[i] >> shift)) {
 3846:
                swap(a[i], a[rev[i] >> shift]);
 3847:
 3848:
 3849:
            for(int k = 1; k < n; k <<= 1) {</pre>
 3850:
              for(int i = 0; i < n; i += 2 * k) {</pre>
                for(int j = 0; j < k; j++) {</pre>
 3851:
                  C z = a[i + j + k] * rts[j + k];
 3852:
                  a[i + j + k] = a[i + j] - z;
 3853:
 3854:
                  a[i + j] = a[i + j] + z;
 3855:
 3856:
 3857:
 3858:
 3859:
 3860:
         vector< int64_t > multiply(const vector< int > &a, const vector< int > &b) {
 3861:
            int need = (int) a.size() + (int) b.size() - 1;
            int nbase = 1;
 3862:
 3863:
            while((1 << nbase) < need) nbase++;</pre>
 3864:
            ensure base(nbase);
 3865:
            int sz = 1 << nbase;</pre>
            vector< C > fa(sz);
 3866:
 3867:
            for(int i = 0; i < sz; i++) {</pre>
 3868:
              int x = (i < (int) a.size() ? a[i] : 0);</pre>
 3869:
              int y = (i < (int) b.size() ? b[i] : 0);</pre>
 3870:
              fa[i] = C(x, y);
 3871:
 3872:
            fft(fa, sz);
 3873:
            C r(0, -0.25 / (sz >> 1)), s(0, 1), t(0.5, 0);
```

for(int i = 0; i <= (sz >> 1); i++) {

C z = (fa[j] \* fa[j] - (fa[i] \* fa[i]).conj()) \* r;

fa[j] = (fa[i] \* fa[i] - (fa[j] \* fa[j]).conj()) \* r;

**int** j = (sz - i) & (sz - 1);

fa[i] = z;

3874:

3875:

3876:

3877: 3878:

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3879:
3880:
         for(int i = 0; i < (sz >> 1); i++) {
          C A0 = (fa[i] + fa[i + (sz >> 1)]) * t;
3881:
           C A1 = (fa[i] - fa[i + (sz >> 1)]) * t * rts[(sz >> 1) + i];
3882:
3883:
          fa[i] = A0 + A1 * s;
3884:
3885:
        fft(fa, sz >> 1);
        vector< int64_t > ret(need);
3886:
3887:
        for(int i = 0; i < need; i++) {</pre>
3888:
          ret[i] = llround(i & 1 ? fa[i >> 1].y : fa[i >> 1].x);
3889:
3890:
        return ret;
3891:
3892: };
3893:
3894:
3898:
 3899: template< typename T >
3900: T extgcd(T a, T b, T &x, T &y) {
3901:
       Td = a;
       if(b != 0) {
3902:
        d = extgcd(b, a % b, y, x);
3903:
         y -= (a / b) * x;
3904:
       } else {
3905:
        x = 1
3906:
        y = 0;
3907:
3908: }
3909:
       return d;
3910: }
3911:
3912:
3914: ########## formal-power-series.cpp ###############
3916:
3917: template< typename T >
3918: struct FormalPowerSeries : vector< T > {
3919:
      using vector < T >::vector;
3920:
       using P = FormalPowerSeries;
3921:
3922:
       using MULT = function < P(P, P) >;
3923:
       using FFT = function < void(P &) >;
3924:
       static MULT &get_mult() {
3925:
3926:
       static MULT mult = nullptr;
3927:
         return mult;
3928:
3929:
       static void set_mult(MULT f) { get_mult() = f; }
3930:
3931:
3932: static FFT &get fft() {
3933:
        static FFT fft = nullptr;
3934:
         return fft;
3935:
3936:
3937:
       static FFT &get_ifft() {
3938:
        static FFT ifft = nullptr;
3939:
        return ifft;
       }
3940:
3941:
       static void set_fft(FFT f, FFT g) {
3942:
3943:
       get_fft() = f;
3944:
         get_ifft() = g;
3945:
3946:
 3947:
       void shrink() {
3948:
         while(this->size() && this->back() == T(0)) this->pop_back();
```

```
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 3949:
 3950:
 3951:
         P operator+(const P &r) const { return P(*this) += r; }
 3952:
 3953:
         P operator+(const T &v) const { return P(*this) += v; }
 3954:
         P operator-(const P &r) const { return P(*this) -= r; }
 3955:
 3956:
 3957:
         P operator-(const T &v) const { return P(*this) -= v; }
 3958:
 3959:
         P operator*(const P &r) const { return P(*this) *= r; }
 3960:
 3961:
         P operator*(const T &v) const { return P(*this) *= v; }
 3962:
 3963:
         P operator/(const P &r) const { return P(*this) /= r; }
 3964:
 3965:
         P operator%(const P &r) const { return P(*this) %= r; }
 3966:
 3967:
         P & operator += (const P &r) {
 3968:
           if(r.size() > this->size()) this->resize(r.size());
 3969:
           for(int i = 0; i < r.size(); i++) (*this)[i] += r[i];</pre>
 3970:
           return *this;
 3971:
 3972:
 3973:
         P & operator += (const T &r) {
           if(this->empty()) this->resize(1);
 3974:
           (*this)[0] += r;
 3975:
 3976:
           return *this;
 3977:
         }
 3978:
 3979:
         P & operator -= (const P &r) {
           if(r.size() > this->size()) this->resize(r.size());
 3980:
           for(int i = 0; i < r.size(); i++) (*this)[i] -= r[i];</pre>
 3981:
 3982:
           shrink();
 3983:
           return *this;
 3984:
 3985:
 3986:
         P & operator -= (const T &r) {
 3987:
           if(this->empty()) this->resize(1);
 3988:
           (*this)[0] -= r;
 3989:
           shrink();
 3990:
           return *this;
 3991:
 3992:
         P & operator*=(const T &v) {
 3993:
 3994:
           const int n = (int) this->size();
           for(int k = 0; k < n; k++) (*this)[k] *= v;
 3995:
 3996:
           return *this;
 3997:
 3998:
 3999:
         P & operator*=(const P &r) {
           if(this->empty() || r.empty()) {
 4000:
             this->clear();
 4001:
 4002:
             return *this;
 4003:
           assert(get_mult() != nullptr);
 4004:
 4005:
           return *this = get mult()(*this, r);
 4006:
         }
 4007:
 4008:
         P & operator %= (const P &r) { return *this -= *this / r * r; }
 4009:
 4010:
         P operator-() const {
 4011:
           P ret(this->size());
 4012:
           for(int i = 0; i < this->size(); i++) ret[i] = -(*this)[i];
 4013:
           return ret;
 4014:
         }
 4015:
 4016:
         P & operator /= (const P &r)
 4017:
           if(this->size() < r.size()) {</pre>
 4018:
             this->clear();
```

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 4019:
             return *this;
 4020:
 4021:
           int n = this->size() - r.size() + 1;
           return *this = (rev().pre(n) * r.rev().inv(n)).pre(n).rev(n);
 4022:
 4023:
 4024:
 4025:
        P dot(P r) const {
          P ret(min(this->size(), r.size()));
 4026:
 4027:
           for(int i = 0; i < ret.size(); i++) ret[i] = (*this)[i] * r[i];</pre>
 4028:
           return ret;
 4029:
 4030:
 4031:
        P pre(int sz) const { return P(begin(*this), begin(*this) + min((int) this->size
(), sz)); }
 4032:
 4033:
         P operator>>(int sz) const {
 4034:
           if(this->size() <= sz) return {};</pre>
 4035:
           P ret(*this);
 4036:
           ret.erase(ret.begin(), ret.begin() + sz);
 4037:
           return ret;
 4038:
         }
 4039:
 4040:
         P operator<<(int sz) const {</pre>
 4041:
           P ret(*this);
 4042:
           ret.insert(ret.begin(), sz, T(0));
 4043:
           return ret;
 4044:
 4045:
 4046:
         P rev(int deg = -1) const {
 4047:
           P ret(*this);
 4048:
           if(deq != -1) ret.resize(deq, T(0));
 4049:
           reverse(begin(ret), end(ret));
 4050:
           return ret;
 4051:
 4052:
 4053:
        P diff() const {
 4054:
           const int n = (int) this->size();
 4055:
           P ret(max(0, n - 1));
           for(int i = 1; i < n; i++) ret[i - 1] = (*this)[i] * T(i);</pre>
 4056:
 4057:
           return ret;
 4058:
 4059:
 4060:
         P integral() const {
           const int n = (int) this->size();
 4061:
 4062:
           P ret(n + 1);
 4063:
           ret[0] = T(0);
           for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) ret[i + 1] = (*this)[i] / T(i + 1);</pre>
 4064:
 4065:
           return ret;
 4066:
 4067:
         // F(0) must not be 0
 4068:
         P inv(int deg = -1) const {
 4069:
           assert(((*this)[0]) != T(0));
 4070:
 4071:
           const int n = (int) this->size();
           if(deq == -1) deq = n;
 4072:
 4073:
           if(get_fft() != nullptr) {
 4074:
             P ret(*this);
 4075:
             ret.resize(deg, T(0));
 4076:
             return ret.inv_fast();
 4077:
 4078:
           P ret({T(1) / (*this)[0]});
 4079:
           for(int i = 1; i < deg; i <<= 1) {</pre>
            ret = (ret + ret - ret * ret * pre(i << 1)).pre(i << 1);
 4080:
 4081:
 4082:
           return ret.pre(deg);
 4083:
 4084:
 4085:
         // F(0) must be 1
 4086:
         P log(int deg = -1) const {
 4087:
           assert((*this)[0] == 1);
```

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 4088:
           const int n = (int) this->size();
 4089:
           if(deg == -1) deg = n;
 4090:
           return (this->diff() * this->inv(deg)).pre(deg - 1).integral();
 4091:
 4092:
 4093:
         P sqrt(int deg = -1) const {
           const int n = (int) this->size();
 4094:
           if(deg == -1) deg = n;
 4095:
 4096:
           if((*this)[0] == T(0)) {
 4097:
             for(int i = 1; i < n; i++) {</pre>
 4098:
                if((*this)[i] != T(0)) {
 4099:
                  if(i & 1) return {};
 4100:
                  if(deg - i / 2 <= 0) break;
                  auto ret = (*this >> i).sqrt(deg - i / 2) << (i / 2);</pre>
 4101:
 4102:
                  if(ret.size() < deg) ret.resize(deg, T(0));</pre>
 4103:
                  return ret;
 4104:
                }
 4105:
 4106:
             return P(deg, 0);
 4107:
 4108:
 4109:
           P ret({T(1)});
           T inv2 = T(1) / T(2);
 4110:
           for(int i = 1; i < deq; i <<= 1) {</pre>
 4111:
             ret = (ret + pre(i << 1) * ret.inv(i << 1)) * inv2;
 4112:
 4113:
 4114:
           return ret.pre(deg);
 4115:
 4116:
 4117:
         // F(0) must be 0
 4118:
         P exp(int deg = -1) const {
           assert((*this)[0] == T(0));
 4119:
           const int n = (int) this->size();
 4120:
 4121:
           if(deg == -1) deg = n;
 4122:
           if(get_fft() != nullptr) {
 4123:
             P ret(*this);
 4124:
             ret.resize(deg, T(0));
 4125:
             return ret.exp_rec();
 4126:
 4127:
           P ret({T(1)});
 4128:
           for(int i = 1; i < deg; i <<= 1) {</pre>
 4129:
             ret = (ret * (pre(i << 1) + T(1) - ret.log(i << 1))).pre(i << 1);
 4130:
 4131:
           return ret.pre(deg);
 4132:
 4133:
 4134:
         P online_convolution_exp(const P &conv_coeff) const {
 4135:
 4136:
           const int n = (int) conv_coeff.size();
 4137:
           assert((n & (n - 1)) == 0);
           vector< P > conv_ntt_coeff;
 4138:
           for(int i = n; i >= 1; i >>= 1) {
 4139:
             P g(conv_coeff.pre(i));
 4140:
 4141:
             get_fft()(g);
 4142:
             conv_ntt_coeff.emplace_back(g);
 4143:
 4144:
           P conv arg(n), conv ret(n);
           auto rec = [&](auto rec, int 1, int r, int d) -> void {
 4145:
 4146:
             if(r - 1 \le 16) {
 4147:
                for(int i = 1; i < r; i++) {
 4148:
                  T sum = 0;
 4149:
                  for(int j = 1; j < i; j++) sum += conv_arg[j] * conv_coeff[i - j];</pre>
 4150:
                  conv_ret[i] += sum;
                  conv_arg[i] = i == 0 ? T(1) : conv_ret[i] / i;
 4151:
 4152:
 4153:
              } else {
 4154:
                int m = (1 + r) / 2;
 4155:
               rec(rec, 1, m, d + 1);
 4156:
                P pre(r
                         - 1);
                for(int i = 0; i < m - 1; i++) pre[i] = conv_arg[l + i];</pre>
 4157:
```

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 4158:
                get_fft()(pre);
 4159:
                for(int i = 0; i < r - 1; i++) pre[i] *= conv_ntt_coeff[d][i];</pre>
 4160:
                get_ifft()(pre);
 4161:
                for(int i = 0; i < r - m; i++) conv_ret[m + i] += pre[m + i - 1];</pre>
 4162:
                rec(rec, m, r, d + 1);
 4163:
           };
 4164:
 4165:
           rec(rec, 0, n, 0);
 4166:
           return conv_arg;
 4167:
 4168:
 4169:
         P exp_rec() const {
 4170:
           assert((*this)[0] == T(0));
           const int n = (int) this->size();
 4171:
 4172:
           int m = 1;
 4173:
           while (m < n) m *= 2;
 4174:
           P conv_coeff(m);
 4175:
           for(int i = 1; i < n; i++) conv_coeff[i] = (*this)[i] * i;</pre>
 4176:
           return online_convolution_exp(conv_coeff).pre(n);
 4177:
 4178:
 4179:
 4180:
         P inv fast() const {
 4181:
           assert(((*this)[0]) != T(0));
 4182:
           const int n = (int) this->size();
 4183:
           P res{T(1) / (*this)[0]};
 4184:
 4185:
 4186:
           for(int d = 1; d < n; d <<= 1) {
 4187:
             P f(2 * d), q(2 * d);
              for(int j = 0; j < min(n, 2 * d); j++) f[j] = (*this)[j];</pre>
 4188:
              for(int j = 0; j < d; j++) g[j] = res[j];</pre>
 4189:
 4190:
             get fft()(f);
 4191:
             get_fft()(g);
              for(int j = 0; j < 2 * d; j++) f[j] *= g[j];</pre>
 4192:
 4193:
              get_ifft()(f);
 4194:
              for(int j = 0; j < d; j++) {
 4195:
                f[j] = 0;
                f[j + d] = -f[j + d];
 4196:
 4197:
              get_fft()(f);
 4198:
 4199:
             for(int j = 0; j < 2 * d; j++) f[j] *= g[j];</pre>
             get_ifft()(f);
 4200:
              for(int j = 0; j < d; j++) f[j] = res[j];</pre>
 4201:
 4202:
             res = f;
 4203:
 4204:
           return res.pre(n);
 4205:
 4206:
 4207:
         P pow(int64_t k, int deg = -1) const {
 4208:
           const int n = (int) this->size();
           if(deg == -1) deg = n;
 4209:
           for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
 4210:
              if((*this)[i] != T(0)) {
 4211:
 4212:
                T rev = T(1) / (*this)[i];
                P ret = (((*this * rev) >> i).log() * k).exp() * ((*this)[i].pow(k));
 4213:
                if(i * k > deq) return P(deq, T(0));
 4214:
 4215:
                ret = (ret << (i * k)).pre(deg);
 4216:
                if(ret.size() < deg) ret.resize(deg, T(0));</pre>
 4217:
                return ret;
             }
 4218:
            }
 4219:
 4220:
           return *this;
 4221:
         }
 4222:
 4223:
         T eval(T x) const {
           T r = 0, w = 1;
 4224:
           for(auto &v : *this) {
 4225:
 4226:
             r += w * v;
 4227:
             w *= x;
```

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 4228:
 4229:
          return r;
 4230:
 4231:
 4232:
       P pow_mod(int64_t n, P mod) const {
 4233:
         P modinv = mod.rev().inv();
          auto get_div = [&](P base) {
 4234:
 4235:
           if(base.size() < mod.size()) {</pre>
 4236:
             base.clear();
 4237:
             return base;
 4238:
 4239:
            int n = base.size() - mod.size() + 1;
 4240:
           return (base.rev().pre(n) * modinv.pre(n)).pre(n).rev(n);
          };
 4241:
          P x(*this), ret{1};
 4242:
 4243:
          while(n > 0) {
 4244:
           if(n & 1) {
 4245:
             ret *= x;
 4246:
              ret -= get_div(ret) * mod;
 4247:
 4248:
           x *= x;
 4249:
           x -= get_div(x) * mod;
 4250:
           n >>= 1;
 4251:
 4252:
          return ret;
 4253:
 4254: };
 4255:
 4256:
 4261: template< class T >
 4262: struct Matrix {
 4263: vector< vector< T > A;
 4264:
 4265:
        Matrix() {}
 4266:
 4267:
        Matrix(size_t n, size_t m) : A(n, vector < T > (m, 0)) {}
 4268:
 4269:
        Matrix(size t n) : A(n, \text{ vector} < T > (n, 0)) \{\};
 4270:
 4271:
        size t height() const {
 4272:
         return (A.size());
 4273:
 4274:
 4275:
        size_t width() const {
 4276:
        return (A[0].size());
 4277:
 4278:
        inline const vector< T > &operator[](int k) const {
 4279:
 4280:
         return (A.at(k));
 4281:
 4282:
 4283:
       inline vector< T > &operator[](int k) {
 4284:
         return (A.at(k));
        }
 4285:
 4286:
 4287:
       static Matrix I(size_t n) {
 4288:
        Matrix mat(n);
         for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) mat[i][i] = 1;</pre>
 4289:
 4290:
         return (mat);
 4291:
        }
 4292:
 4293:
        Matrix & operator += (const Matrix &B) {
 4294:
          size_t n = height(), m = width();
 4295:
          assert(n == B.height() && m == B.width());
          for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
 4296:
 4297:
            for(int j = 0; j < m; j++)</pre>
```

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 4298:
                (*this)[i][j] += B[i][j];
 4299:
           return (*this);
 4300:
 4301:
 4302:
         Matrix & operator -= (const Matrix &B) {
 4303:
           size_t n = height(), m = width();
           assert(n == B.height() && m == B.width());
 4304:
           for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
 4305:
 4306:
             for(int j = 0; j < m; j++)</pre>
 4307:
                (*this)[i][j] -= B[i][j];
 4308:
           return (*this);
 4309:
 4310:
 4311:
         Matrix & operator* = (const Matrix &B) {
           size_t n = height(), m = B.width(), p = width();
 4312:
 4313:
           assert(p == B.height());
 4314:
           vector< vector< T > C(n, vector< T > (m, 0));
 4315:
           for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
             for(int j = 0; j < m; j++)</pre>
 4316:
 4317:
                for(int k = 0; k < p; k++)
 4318:
                  C[i][j] = (C[i][j] + (*this)[i][k] * B[k][j]);
 4319:
           A.swap(C);
 4320:
           return (*this);
 4321:
 4322:
         Matrix & operator = (long long k) {
 4323:
           Matrix B = Matrix::I(height());
 4324:
           while(k > 0) {
 4325:
             if(k & 1) B *= *this;
 4326:
             *this *= *this;
 4327:
 4328:
             k >>= 1LL;
 4329:
           }
 4330:
           A.swap(B.A);
 4331:
          return (*this);
 4332:
 4333:
 4334:
         Matrix operator+(const Matrix &B) const {
 4335:
          return (Matrix(*this) += B);
 4336:
 4337:
 4338:
         Matrix operator-(const Matrix &B) const {
 4339:
          return (Matrix(*this) -= B);
 4340:
 4341:
 4342:
         Matrix operator*(const Matrix &B) const {
 4343:
           return (Matrix(*this) *= B);
 4344:
 4345:
         Matrix operator^(const long long k) const {
 4346:
 4347:
          return (Matrix(*this) ^= k);
 4348:
 4349:
 4350:
         friend ostream &operator<<(ostream &os, Matrix &p) {</pre>
 4351:
           size_t n = p.height(), m = p.width();
           for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
 4352:
             os << "[";
 4353:
             for(int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
 4354:
 4355:
                os << p[i][j] << (j + 1 == m ? "]\n" : ",");
 4356:
 4357:
 4358:
           return (os);
 4359:
 4360:
 4361:
 4362:
         T determinant() {
 4363:
           Matrix B(*this);
 4364:
           assert(width() == height());
           T ret = 1;
 4365:
           for(int i = 0; i < width(); i++) {</pre>
 4366:
 4367:
             int idx = -1;
```

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            for(int j = i; j < width(); j++) {</pre>
 4368:
 4369:
              if(B[j][i] != 0) idx = j;
 4370:
 4371:
            if(idx == -1) return (0);
 4372:
            if(i != idx) {
              ret *= -1;
 4373:
 4374:
              swap(B[i], B[idx]);
 4375:
 4376:
           ret *= B[i][i];
 4377:
            T vv = B[i][i];
 4378:
            for(int j = 0; j < width(); j++) {</pre>
 4379:
             B[i][j] /= vv;
 4380:
            for(int j = i + 1; j < width(); j++) {</pre>
 4381:
 4382:
              T a = B[j][i];
 4383:
              for(int k = 0; k < width(); k++) {</pre>
 4384:
                B[j][k] -= B[i][k] * a;
 4385:
 4386:
            }
 4387:
 4388:
          return (ret);
 4389:
 4390: };
 4391:
 4392:
 4394: ########### berlekamp-massey.cpp ###############
 4396:
 4397: template< class T >
 4398: FormalPowerSeries< T > berlekamp_massey(const FormalPowerSeries< T > &s) {
        const int N = (int) s.size();
        FormalPowerSeries T > b = \{T(-1)\}, c = \{T(-1)\};
 4400:
 4401:
        T y = T(1);
 4402:
        for(int ed = 1; ed <= N; ed++) {
 4403:
          int l = int(c.size()), m = int(b.size());
 4404:
          T x = 0;
          for(int i = 0; i < 1; i++) x += c[i] * s[ed - l + i];</pre>
 4405:
 4406:
          b.emplace_back(0);
          m++;
 4407:
 4408:
          if(x == T(0)) continue;
 4409:
          T freq = x / y;
          if(1 < m) {
 4410:
 4411:
            auto tmp = c;
 4412:
            c.insert(begin(c), m - 1, T(0));
 4413:
            for(int i = 0; i < m; i++) c[m - 1 - i] -= freq * b[m - 1 - i];</pre>
 4414:
            b = tmp;
 4415:
            y = x;
          } else {
 4416:
 4417:
            for(int i = 0; i < m; i++) c[1 - 1 - i] -= freq * b[m - 1 - i];
 4418:
 4419:
 4420:
        return c;
 4421: }
 4422:
 4423:
 4425: ############ euler-phi-table.cpp ###############
 4427:
 4428: vector< int > euler_phi_table(int n) {
 4429:
        vector< int > euler(n + 1);
        for(int i = 0; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
 4430:
 4431:
          euler[i] = i;
 4432:
 4433:
        for(int i = 2; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
          if(euler[i] == i) {
 4434:
 4435:
            for(int j = i; j <= n; j += i) {</pre>
              euler[j] = euler[j] / i * (i - 1);
 4436:
 4437:
```

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 4438:
 4439:
 4440:
        return euler;
 4441: }
 4442:
 4443:
 4445: ####### number-theoretic-transform.cpp #########
 4447:
 4448: template< int mod >
 4449: struct NumberTheoreticTransform {
 4450:
 4451:
        vector< int > rev, rts;
 4452:
        int base, max_base, root;
 4453:
 4454:
        NumberTheoreticTransform(): base(1), rev\{0, 1\}, rts\{0, 1\} {
 4455:
          assert(mod >= 3 && mod % 2 == 1);
 4456:
          auto tmp = mod - 1;
 4457:
          max_base = 0;
 4458:
          while(tmp % 2 == 0) tmp >>= 1, max base++;
 4459:
          root = 2;
          while(mod_pow(root, (mod - 1) >> 1) == 1) ++root;
 4460:
          assert(mod_pow(root, mod - 1) == 1);
 4461:
          root = mod_pow(root, (mod - 1) >> max_base);
 4462:
 4463:
 4464:
 4465:
        inline int mod_pow(int x, int n) {
          int ret = 1;
 4466:
 4467:
          while(n > 0) {
            if(n \& 1) ret = mul(ret, x);
 4468:
 4469:
            x = mul(x, x);
 4470:
           n >>= 1;
 4471:
          }
 4472:
          return ret;
 4473:
 4474:
        inline int inverse(int x) {
 4475:
 4476:
         return mod_pow(x, mod - 2);
 4477:
 4478:
 4479:
        inline unsigned add(unsigned x, unsigned y) {
 4480:
          x += y;
          if(x >= mod) x -= mod;
 4481:
 4482:
          return x;
 4483:
 4484:
        inline unsigned mul(unsigned a, unsigned b) {
 4485:
         return lull * a * b % (unsigned long long) mod;
 4486:
 4487:
 4488:
 4489:
        void ensure_base(int nbase) {
          if(nbase <= base) return;</pre>
 4490:
          rev.resize(1 << nbase);</pre>
 4491:
 4492:
          rts.resize(1 << nbase);
 4493:
          for(int i = 0; i < (1 << nbase); i++) {</pre>
            rev[i] = (rev[i >> 1] >> 1) + ((i & 1) << (nbase - 1));
 4494:
 4495:
 4496:
          assert(nbase <= max_base);</pre>
          while(base < nbase) {</pre>
 4497:
 4498:
            int z = mod_pow(root, 1 << (max_base - 1 - base));</pre>
 4499:
            for(int i = 1 << (base - 1); i < (1 << base); i++) {
 4500:
              rts[i << 1] = rts[i];
 4501:
              rts[(i << 1) + 1] = mul(rts[i], z);
 4502:
 4503:
            ++base;
          }
 4504:
 4505:
         }
 4506:
 4507:
```

```
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 4508:
         void ntt(vector< int > &a) {
 4509:
           const int n = (int) a.size();
 4510:
           assert((n & (n - 1)) == 0);
 4511:
           int zeros = __builtin_ctz(n);
 4512:
           ensure base(zeros);
 4513:
           int shift = base - zeros;
           for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
 4514:
 4515:
             if(i < (rev[i] >> shift)) {
 4516:
               swap(a[i], a[rev[i] >> shift]);
 4517:
 4518:
 4519:
           for(int k = 1; k < n; k <<= 1) {</pre>
 4520:
            for(int i = 0; i < n; i += 2 * k) {</pre>
               for(int j = 0; j < k; j++) {
 4521:
                 int z = mul(a[i + j + k], rts[j + k]);
 4522:
 4523:
                 a[i + j + k] = add(a[i + j], mod - z);
 4524:
                 a[i + j] = add(a[i + j], z);
 4525:
 4526:
             }
           }
 4527:
 4528:
         }
 4529:
 4530:
         vector< int > multiply(vector< int > a, vector< int > b) {
 4531:
 4532:
           int need = a.size() + b.size() - 1;
           int nbase = 1;
 4533:
           while((1 << nbase) < need) nbase++;</pre>
 4534:
 4535:
           ensure base(nbase);
 4536:
           int sz = 1 << nbase;</pre>
 4537:
           a.resize(sz, 0);
 4538:
          b.resize(sz, 0);
 4539:
          ntt(a);
 4540:
          ntt(b);
 4541:
           int inv_sz = inverse(sz);
 4542:
           for(int i = 0; i < sz; i++) {</pre>
 4543:
             a[i] = mul(a[i], mul(b[i], inv_sz));
 4544:
 4545:
          reverse(a.begin() + 1, a.end());
 4546:
          ntt(a);
 4547:
          a.resize(need);
 4548:
          return a;
 4549:
 4550: };
 4551:
 4554: ########### arbitrary-mod-int.cpp ################
 4556:
 4557: struct ArbitraryModInt {
 4558:
 4559:
         int x;
 4560:
 4561:
        ArbitraryModInt() : x(0) {}
 4562:
 4563:
        ArbitraryModInt(int64_t y) : x(y \ge 0 ? y % mod() : (mod() - (-y) % mod()) % mod()
()) {}
 4564:
 4565:
         static int &mod() {
 4566:
           static int mod = 0;
 4567:
           return mod;
         }
 4568:
 4569:
 4570:
         static int set_mod(int md) {
 4571:
          mod() = md;
 4572:
 4573:
 4574:
         ArbitraryModInt &operator+=(const ArbitraryModInt &p) {
 4575:
           if((x += p.x) >= mod()) x -= mod();
 4576:
           return *this;
```

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 4577:
 4578:
 4579:
         ArbitraryModInt &operator-=(const ArbitraryModInt &p) {
 4580:
           if((x += mod() - p.x) >= mod()) x -= mod();
 4581:
           return *this;
 4582:
 4583:
        ArbitraryModInt &operator*=(const ArbitraryModInt &p) {
 4584:
 4585:
           unsigned long long a = (unsigned long long) x * p.x;
 4586:
           unsigned xh = (unsigned) (a >> 32), xl = (unsigned) a, d, m;
           asm("divl %4; \n\t" : "=a" (d), "=d" (m) : "d" (xh), "a" (xl), "r" (mod()));
 4587:
 4588:
          x = m;
 4589:
          return *this;
 4590:
 4591:
 4592:
        ArbitraryModInt & operator /= (const ArbitraryModInt &p) {
 4593:
           *this *= p.inverse();
 4594:
           return *this;
 4595:
         }
 4596:
 4597:
         ArbitraryModInt operator-() const { return ArbitraryModInt(-x); }
 4598:
 4599:
         ArbitraryModInt operator+(const ArbitraryModInt &p) const { return ArbitraryModI
nt(*this) += p; }
 4600:
         ArbitraryModInt operator-(const ArbitraryModInt &p) const { return ArbitraryModI
 4601:
nt(*this) -= p; }
 4602:
 4603:
         ArbitraryModInt operator*(const ArbitraryModInt &p) const { return ArbitraryModI
nt(*this) *= p; }
 4604:
         ArbitraryModInt operator/(const ArbitraryModInt &p) const { return ArbitraryModI
 4605:
nt(*this) /= p; }
 4606:
 4607:
         bool operator==(const ArbitraryModInt &p) const { return x == p.x; }
 4608:
 4609:
        bool operator!=(const ArbitraryModInt &p) const { return x != p.x; }
 4610:
 4611:
        ArbitraryModInt inverse() const {
 4612:
         int a = x, b = mod(), u = 1, v = 0, t;
 4613:
           while(b > 0) {
 4614:
             t = a / b;
 4615:
             swap(a -= t * b, b);
 4616:
             swap(u -= t * v, v);
 4617:
 4618:
           return ArbitraryModInt(u);
 4619:
 4620:
 4621:
        ArbitraryModInt pow(int64_t n) const {
 4622:
          ArbitraryModInt ret(1), mul(x);
 4623:
           while(n > 0) {
             if(n & 1) ret *= mul;
 4624:
 4625:
             mul *= mul;
 4626:
             n >>= 1;
           }
 4627:
 4628:
           return ret;
 4629:
 4630:
 4631:
         friend ostream &operator<<(ostream &os, const ArbitraryModInt &p) {</pre>
 4632:
          return os << p.x;</pre>
 4633:
 4634:
 4635:
         friend istream &operator>>(istream &is, ArbitraryModInt &a) {
          int64_t t;
 4636:
 4637:
           is >> t;
 4638:
          a = ArbitraryModInt(t);
 4639:
           return (is);
 4640:
 4641: };
 4642:
```

```
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 4643:
 4644: -----
 4645:
                           dp
 4647:
 4649: ######### knapsack-limitations.cpp ###########
 4652: template < typename T, typename Compare = greater < T > >
 4653: vector< T > knapsack_limitations(const vector< int > &w, const vector< int > &m, c
onst vector< T > &v,
 4654:
                                    const int &W, const T &NG, const Compare &comp =
Compare()) {
      const int N = (int) w.size();
 4655:
 4656:
       vector< T > dp(W + 1, NG), deqv(W + 1);
 4657:
       dp[0] = T();
 4658:
       vector< int > deq(W + 1);
 4659:
       for(int i = 0; i < N; i++) {</pre>
 4660:
          for(int a = 0; a < w[i]; a++) {</pre>
 4661:
           int s = 0, t = 0;
           for(int j = 0; w[i] * j + a <= W; j++) {</pre>
 4662:
             if(dp[w[i] * j + a] != NG) {
 4663:
               auto val = dp[w[i] * j + a] - j * v[i];
 4664:
               while(s < t && comp(val, deqv[t - 1])) --t;</pre>
 4665:
               deq[t] = j;
 4666:
 4667:
               deqv[t++] = val;
 4668:
 4669:
             if(s < t) {
 4670:
               dp[j * w[i] + a] = deqv[s] + j * v[i];
 4671:
               if(deq[s] == j - m[i]) ++s;
 4672:
 4673:
 4674:
         }
 4675:
 4676: return dp;
 4677: }
 4678:
 4679:
 4681: ########### online-offline-dp.cpp ################
 4683:
 4684: template < typename T, typename Compare = less < T > >
 4685: vector< T > online offline dp(int W, const function< T(int, int) > &f, const Compa
re &comp = Compare()) {
 4686:
       vector< T > dp(W + 1);
 4687:
       vector< int > isset(W + 1);
       int y_base = -1, x_base = -1;
 4688:
 4689: function< T(int, int) > get_cost = [&](int y, int x) { // return dp[0, x+x_base)
+f[x+x_base, y+y_base)
 4690:
       return dp[x + x_base] + f(x + x_base, y + y_base);
        };
 4691:
 4692: function< void(int, int, int) > induce = [\&](int 1, int m, int r) \{ // dp[1, m) \}
-> dp(m, r)
 4693:
         x_base = 1, y_base = m;
         auto ret = monotone minima(r - m, m - 1, get cost, comp);
 4694:
 4695:
         for(int i = 0; i < ret.size(); i++) {</pre>
 4696:
           if(!isset[m + i] | comp(ret[i].second, dp[m + i])) {
 4697:
             isset[m + i] = true;
 4698:
             dp[m + i] = ret[i].second;
 4699:
         }
 4700:
        };
 4701:
 4702:
        function< void(int, int) > dfs = [&](int 1, int r) {
 4703:
        if(1 + 1 == r) 
           x_base = 1, y_base = 1;
 4704:
 4705:
           T cst = 1 ? get_cost(0, -1) : 0;
           if(!isset[1] || comp(cst, dp[1])) {
 4706:
 4707:
             isset[1] = true;
```

```
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4708:
             dp[1] = cst;
4709:
4710:
         } else {
4711:
           int mid = (l + r) / 2;
4712:
           dfs(1, mid);
4713:
           induce(l, mid, r);
4714:
           dfs(mid, r);
4715:
       };
4716:
4717:
       dfs(0, W + 1);
4718:
      return dp;
4719: };
4720:
4721:
4723: ############# cumulative-sum.cpp ################
4725:
4726: template< class T >
4727: struct CumulativeSum {
4728:
       vector< T > data;
4729:
       CumulativeSum(int sz) : data(sz, 0) {};
4730:
4731:
4732:
       void add(int k, T x) {
        data[k] += x;
4733:
4734:
4735:
4736:
       void build() {
4737:
         for(int i = 1; i < data.size(); i++) {</pre>
4738:
           data[i] += data[i - 1];
4739:
4740:
       }
4741:
4742:
       T query(int k) {
4743:
        if(k < 0) return (0);
4744:
         return (data[min(k, (int) data.size() - 1)]);
4745:
4746: };
4747:
4748:
4752:
4753: template< class T >
4754: struct CumulativeSum2D {
4755:
       vector< vector< T > > data;
4756:
4757:
       CumulativeSum2D(int W, int H) : data(W + 1, vector< int >(H + 1, 0)) {}
4758:
4759:
       void add(int x, int y, T z) {
4760:
         ++x, ++y;
         if(x >= data.size() | y >= data[0].size()) return;
4761:
4762:
         data[x][y] += z;
       }
4763:
4764:
4765:
       void build() {
4766:
         for(int i = 1; i < data.size(); i++) {</pre>
4767:
           for(int j = 1; j < data[i].size(); j++) {</pre>
             data[i][j] += data[i][j - 1] + data[i - 1][j] - data[i - 1][j - 1];
4768:
4769:
         }
4770:
4771:
       }
4772:
4773:
       T query(int sx, int sy, int gx, int gy) {
4774:
         return (data[gx][gy] - data[sx][gy] - data[gx][sy] + data[sx][sy]);
4775:
4776: };
4777:
```

```
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```

```
4780: ############ largest-rectangle.cpp ################
4783: template< typename T >
4784: int64_t largest_rectangle(vector< T > height)
4786: stack< int > st;
4787: height.push_back(0);
4788:
    vector< int > left(height.size());
4789: int64_t ret = 0;
4790:
    for(int i = 0; i < height.size(); i++) {</pre>
4791:
      while(!st.empty() && height[st.top()] >= height[i]) {
        ret = max(ret, (int64_t) (i - left[st.top()] - 1) * height[st.top()]);
4792:
4793:
        st.pop();
4794:
4795:
       left[i] = st.empty() ? -1 : st.top();
4796:
       st.emplace(i);
4797:
4798:
     return (ret);
4799: }
4800:
4801:
4805:
4806: template< typename T >
4807: vector< T > slide min(const vector< T > &v, int k)
4808: {
     deque< int > deq;
4809:
4810: vector< T > ret;
4811: for(int i = 0; i < v.size(); i++) {
4812:
       while(!deq.empty() && v[deq.back()] >= v[i]) {
4813:
        deq.pop back();
4814:
4815:
      deq.push_back(i);
4816:
       if(i - k + 1 >= 0) {
4817:
        ret.emplace_back(v[deq.front()]);
4818:
        if(deq.front() == i - k + 1) deq.pop_front();
4819:
4820:
4821:
     return ret;
4822: }
4823:
4824:
4826: ###### longest-increasing-subsequence.cpp #######
4828:
4829: template< typename T >
4830: size_t longest_increasing_subsequence(const vector< T > &a, bool strict) {
4831:
    vector< T > lis;
4832:
     for(auto &p : a) {
4833:
       typename vector< T >::iterator it;
       if(strict) it = lower bound(begin(lis), end(lis), p);
       else it = upper_bound(begin(lis), end(lis), p);
4835:
4836:
      if(end(lis) == it) lis.emplace_back(p);
4837:
       else * it = p;
4838:
4839:
     return lis.size();
4840: }
4841:
4842:
4847: template < typename T, typename Compare = less < T > >
```

```
4848: vector< pair< int, T > > monotone_minima(int H, int W, const function< T(int, int)
> &f, const Compare &comp = Compare()) {
        vector< pair< int, T > > dp(H);
 4849:
 4850:
        function < void(int, int, int, int) > dfs = [&](int top, int bottom, int left, in
t right) {
 4851:
          if(top > bottom) return;
 4852:
          int line = (top + bottom) / 2;
          T ma;
 4853:
 4854:
          int mi = -1;
 4855:
          for(int i = left; i <= right; i++) {</pre>
 4856:
           T cst = f(line, i);
 4857:
           if(mi == -1 \mid comp(cst, ma)) {
 4858:
             ma = cst;
             mi = i;
 4859:
           }
 4860:
 4861:
 4862:
          dp[line] = make_pair(mi, ma);
          dfs(top, line - 1, left, mi);
 4863:
 4864:
          dfs(line + 1, bottom, mi, right);
 4865:
 4866:
        dfs(0, H - 1, 0, W - 1);
 4867:
        return dp;
 4868: }
 4869:
 4870:
 4871:
 4873: ######### knapsack-limitations-2.cpp ###########
 4875:
 4876: template < typename T >
 4877: T knapsack limitations(const vector< T > &w, const vector< T > &m, const vector< i
nt > &v,
 4878:
                            const T &W) {
 4879:
        const int N = (int) w.size();
 4880:
        auto v_max = *max_element(begin(v), end(v));
 4881:
        if(v_max == 0) return 0;
 4882:
        vector< int > ma(N);
 4883:
        vector< T > mb(N);
 4884:
        for(int i = 0; i < N; i++) {</pre>
 4885:
          ma[i] = min < T > (m[i], v_max - 1);
 4886:
          mb[i] = m[i] - ma[i];
 4887:
        T sum = 0;
 4888:
        for(int i = 0; i < N; i++) sum += ma[i] * v[i];</pre>
 4889:
 4890:
        auto dp = knapsack_limitations(v, ma, w, sum, T(-1), less<>());
 4891:
        vector< int > ord(N);
 4892:
        iota(begin(ord), end(ord), 0);
        sort(begin(ord), end(ord), [&](int a, int b) {
 4893:
 4894:
         return v[a] * w[b] > v[b] * w[a];
 4895:
        });
        T ret = T();
 4896:
 4897:
        for(int i = 0; i < dp.size(); i++) {</pre>
          if(dp[i] > W || dp[i] == -1) continue;
 4898:
          T rest = W - dp[i], cost = i;
 4899:
          for(auto &p : ord) {
 4900:
            auto get = min(mb[p], rest / w[p]);
 4901:
            if(get == 0) break;
 4902:
 4903:
            cost += get * v[p];
 4904:
           rest -= get * w[p];
          }
 4905:
 4906:
          ret = max(ret, cost);
 4907:
 4908:
        return ret;
 4909: }
 4910:
 4911:
 4913: ##### divide-and-conquer-optimization.cpp #######
```

```
4915:
 4916: template < typename T, typename Compare = less < T > >
 4917: vector< vector< T > > divide_and_conquer_optimization(int H, int W, T INF, const f
unction< T(int, int) > &f, const Compare &comp = Compare()) {
        vector< vector< T > > dp(H + 1, vector< T > (W + 1, INF));
 4918:
 4919:
        dp[0][0] = 0;
        for(int i = 1; i <= H; i++) {</pre>
 4920:
          function< T(int, int) > get_cost = [&](int y, int x) {
 4921:
 4922:
            if(x >= y) return INF;
 4923:
            return dp[i - 1][x] + f(x, y);
          };
 4924:
 4925:
          auto ret = monotone_minima(W + 1, W + 1, get_cost, comp);
 4926:
          for(int j = 0; j <= W; j++) dp[i][j] = ret[j].second;</pre>
 4927:
 4928:
        return dp;
 4929: }
 4930:
 4931:
 4935:
 4936: te< typename Heap, typename T >
 4937: T hu tucker(vector< T > vs, T INF) {
        int N = (int) vs.size();
 4938:
 4939:
        Heap heap;
        vector< typename Heap::Node * > hs(N - 1, heap.makeheap());
 4940:
 4941:
        vector< int > ls(N), rs(N);
 4942:
        vector< T > cs(N - 1);
        using pi = pair< T, int >;
 4943:
 4944:
        priority_queue< pi, vector< pi >, greater< pi > > que;
        for(int i = 0; i + 1 < N; i++) {</pre>
 4945:
          ls[i] = i - 1;
 4946:
 4947:
          rs[i] = i + 1;
 4948:
          cs[i] = vs[i] + vs[i + 1];
 4949:
          que.emplace(cs[i], i);
 4950:
        T ret = 0;
 4951:
        for(int k = 0; k + 1 < N; k++) {
 4952:
 4953:
          T ci
 4954:
          int i;
 4955:
          do {
 4956:
            tie(c, i) = que.top();
            que.pop();
 4957:
          } while(rs[i] < 0 || cs[i] != c);</pre>
 4958:
 4959:
 4960:
          bool ml = false, mr = false;
 4961:
          if(!heap.empty(hs[i]) \&\& vs[i] + heap.top(hs[i]) == c) {
 4962:
            heap.pop(hs[i]);
 4963:
            ml = true;
 4964:
          } else if(vs[i] + vs[rs[i]] == c) {
 4965:
            ml = mr = true;
          } else {
 4966:
 4967:
            auto top = heap.pop(hs[i]);
 4968:
            if(!heap.empty(hs[i]) && heap.top(hs[i]) + top == c) {
              heap.pop(hs[i]);
 4969:
            } else {
 4970:
 4971:
              mr = true;
 4972:
          }
 4973:
 4974:
          ret += c;
 4975:
          heap.push(hs[i], c);
          if(ml) vs[i] = INF;
 4976:
 4977:
          if(mr) vs[rs[i]] = INF;
 4978:
 4979:
          if(ml && i > 0) {
 4980:
            int j = ls[i];
            hs[j] = heap.merge(hs[j], hs[i]);
 4981:
 4982:
            rs[j] = rs[i];
 4983:
            rs[i] = -1;
```

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4984:
          ls[rs[j]] = j;
4985:
          i = j;
4986:
4987:
4988:
       if(mr \&\& rs[i] + 1 < N) 
         int j = rs[i];
4989:
         hs[i] = heap.merge(hs[i], hs[j]);
4991:
         rs[i] = rs[j];
4992:
         rs[j] = -1;
4993:
         ls[rs[i]] = i;
4994:
4995:
        cs[i] = vs[i] + vs[rs[i]];
4996:
        if(!heap.empty(hs[i])) {
4997:
4998:
         T top = heap.pop(hs[i]);
4999:
         cs[i] = min(cs[i], min(vs[i], vs[rs[i]]) + top);
5000:
          if(!heap.empty(hs[i])) cs[i] = min(cs[i], top + heap.top(hs[i]));
5001:
         heap.push(hs[i], top);
5002:
5003:
        que.emplace(cs[i], i);
5004:
5005:
      return ret;
5006: }
5007:
5008:
5009: -----
5010:
                      string
5011: -----
5012:
5017: vector< int > manacher(const string &s) {
5018:
     vector< int > radius(s.size());
5019:
     int i = 0, j = 0;
5020:
     while(i < s.size()) {
       while(i - j >= 0 && i + j < s.size() && s[i - j] == s[i + j]) {
5021:
5022:
          ++j;
        }
5023:
       radius[i] = j;
5024:
       int k = 1;
5025:
        while(i - k >= 0 && i + k < s.size() && k + radius[i - k] < j) {
5026:
5027:
         radius[i + k] = radius[i - k];
5028:
          ++k;
5029:
5030:
        i += k;
        j -= k;
5031:
5032:
5033:
      return radius;
5034: }
5035:
5036:
5041: template< unsigned mod >
5042: struct RollingHash {
5043: vector< unsigned > hashed, power;
5044:
      inline unsigned mul(unsigned a, unsigned b) const {
5045:
5046:
       unsigned long long x = (unsigned long long) a * b;
5047:
        unsigned xh = (unsigned) (x >> 32), xl = (unsigned) x, d, m;
5048:
       asm("divl %4; \n\t" : "=a" (d), "=d" (m) : "d" (xh), "a" (xl), "r" (mod));
5049:
        return m;
5050:
5051:
      RollingHash(const string &s, unsigned base = 10007) {
5052:
        int sz = (int) s.size();
5053:
```

```
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 5054:
          hashed.assign(sz + 1, 0);
 5055:
          power.assign(sz + 1, 0);
 5056:
          power[0] = 1;
 5057:
          for(int i = 0; i < sz; i++) {</pre>
 5058:
            power[i + 1] = mul(power[i], base);
            hashed[i + 1] = mul(hashed[i], base) + s[i];
 5059:
 5060:
            if(hashed[i + 1] >= mod) hashed[i + 1] -= mod;
 5061:
          }
 5062:
 5063:
 5064:
        unsigned get(int 1, int r) const {
          unsigned ret = hashed[r] + mod - mul(hashed[l], power[r - l]);
 5065:
 5066:
          if(ret >= mod) ret -= mod;
 5067:
          return ret;
 5068:
        }
 5069:
 5070:
        unsigned connect(unsigned h1, int h2, int h2len) const {
 5071:
          unsigned ret = mul(h1, power[h2len]) + h2;
 5072:
          if(ret >= mod) ret -= mod;
 5073:
          return ret;
 5074:
        }
 5075:
        int LCP(const RollingHash< mod > &b, int l1, int r1, int l2, int r2) {
 5076:
          int len = min(r1 - 11, r2 - 12);
 5077:
          int low = -1, high = len + 1;
 5078:
          while(high - low > 1) {
 5079:
            int mid = (low + high) / 2;
 5080:
            if(get(11, 11 + mid) == b.get(12, 12 + mid)) low = mid;
 5081:
 5082:
            else high = mid;
 5083:
          }
 5084:
          return (low);
 5085:
 5086: };
 5087:
 5088: using RH = RollingHash< 1000000007 >;
 5089:
 5090:
 5094:
 5095: template< int char_size, int margin >
 5096: struct AhoCorasick: Trie< char size + 1, margin > {
        using Trie< char size + 1, margin >::Trie;
 5097:
 5098:
 5099:
        const int FAIL = char size;
 5100:
        vector< int > correct;
 5101:
        void build(bool heavy = true) {
 5102:
 5103:
          correct.resize(this->size());
          for(int i = 0; i < this->size(); i++) {
 5104:
            correct[i] = (int) this->nodes[i].accept.size();
 5105:
5106:
5107:
          queue < int > que;
 5108:
          for(int i = 0; i <= char size; i++) {</pre>
 5109:
            if(~this->nodes[0].nxt[i]) {
              this->nodes[this->nodes[0].nxt[i]].nxt[FAIL] = 0;
 5110:
 5111:
              que.emplace(this->nodes[0].nxt[i]);
 5112:
            } else {
 5113:
              this - nodes[0].nxt[i] = 0;
 5114:
 5115:
 5116:
          while(!que.empty()) {
 5117:
            auto &now = this->nodes[que.front()];
            int fail = now.nxt[FAIL];
 5118:
 5119:
            correct[que.front()] += correct[fail];
 5120:
            que.pop();
            for(int i = 0; i < char_size; i++) {</pre>
 5121:
 5122:
              if(~now.nxt[i]) {
 5123:
                this->nodes[now.nxt[i]].nxt[FAIL] = this->nodes[fail].nxt[i];
```

```
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 5124:
                if(heavy) {
 5125:
                  auto &u = this->nodes[now.nxt[i]].accept;
 5126:
                  auto &v = this->nodes[this->nodes[fail].nxt[i]].accept;
 5127:
                  vector< int > accept;
 5128:
                  set_union(begin(u), end(u), begin(v), end(v), back_inserter(accept));
 5129:
                  u = accept;
 5130:
 5131:
                que.emplace(now.nxt[i]);
 5132:
              } else {
 5133:
                now.nxt[i] = this->nodes[fail].nxt[i];
 5134:
 5135:
          }
 5136:
        }
 5137:
 5138:
 5139:
        map< int, int > match(const string &str, int now = 0) {
 5140:
          map< int, int > result;
 5141:
          for(auto &c : str) {
 5142:
            now = this->nodes[now].nxt[c - margin];
 5143:
            for(auto &v : this->nodes[now].accept) result[v] += 1;
 5144:
 5145:
          return result;
 5146:
 5147:
        pair< int64_t, int > move(const char &c, int now = 0) {
 5148:
 5149:
          now = this->nodes[now].nxt[c - margin];
 5150:
          return {correct[now], now};
 5151:
 5152:
        pair< int64_t, int > move(const string &str, int now = 0) {
 5153:
 5154:
          int64 t sum = 0;
 5155:
          for(auto &c : str) {
            auto nxt = move(c, now);
 5156:
 5157:
            sum += nxt.first;
 5158:
            now = nxt.second;
 5159:
 5160:
          return {sum, now};
 5161:
 5162: };
 5163:
 5164:
 5169: struct SuffixArray {
 5170:
        vector< int > SA;
 5171:
        const string s;
 5172:
 5173:
        SuffixArray(const string &str) : s(str) {
 5174:
          SA.resize(s.size());
 5175:
          iota(begin(SA), end(SA), 0);
 5176:
          sort(begin(SA), end(SA), [&](int a, int b) {
 5177:
            return s[a] == s[b] ? a > b : s[a] < s[b];
 5178:
          });
 5179:
          vector< int > classes(s.size()), c(s.begin(), s.end()), cnt(s.size());
          for(int len = 1; len < s.size(); len <<= 1) {</pre>
 5180:
            for(int i = 0; i < s.size(); i++) {</pre>
 5181:
              if(i > 0 && c[SA[i - 1]] == c[SA[i]] && SA[i - 1] + len < s.size() && c[SA</pre>
 5182:
[i - 1] + len / 2] == c[SA[i] + len / 2]) {
 5183:
                classes[SA[i]] = classes[SA[i - 1]];
 5184:
              } else {
 5185:
                classes[SA[i]] = i;
              }
 5186:
 5187:
 5188:
            iota(begin(cnt), end(cnt), 0);
            copy(begin(SA), end(SA), begin(c));
 5189:
 5190:
            for(int i = 0; i < s.size(); i++) {</pre>
              int s1 = c[i] - len;
 5191:
              if(s1 >= 0) SA[cnt[classes[s1]]++] = s1;
 5192:
```

```
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 5193:
 5194:
            classes.swap(c);
 5195:
           }
 5196:
 5197:
 5198:
         int operator[](int k) const {
 5199:
          return SA[k];
 5200:
 5201:
 5202:
        size_t size() const {
 5203:
         return s.size();
 5204:
 5205:
        bool lt_substr(const string &t, int si = 0, int ti = 0) {
 5206:
 5207:
          int sn = (int) s.size(), tn = (int) t.size();
          while(si < sn && ti < tn) {</pre>
 5208:
 5209:
            if(s[si] < t[ti]) return true;</pre>
 5210:
            if(s[si] > t[ti]) return false;
 5211:
            ++si, ++ti;
          }
 5212:
 5213:
          return si >= sn && ti < tn;
 5214:
 5215:
 5216:
         int lower_bound(const string &t) {
          int low = -1, high = (int) SA.size();
 5217:
          while(high - low > 1) {
 5218:
            int mid = (low + high) / 2;
 5219:
            if(lt_substr(t, SA[mid])) low = mid;
 5220:
 5221:
            else high = mid;
          }
 5222:
 5223:
          return high;
 5224:
 5225:
 5226:
        pair< int, int > lower_upper_bound(string &t) {
 5227:
          int idx = lower_bound(t);
 5228:
          int low = idx - 1, high = (int) SA.size();
 5229:
          t.back()++;
 5230:
          while(high - low > 1) {
 5231:
            int mid = (low + high) / 2;
 5232:
            if(lt_substr(t, SA[mid])) low = mid;
 5233:
            else high = mid;
 5234:
 5235:
          t.back()--;
          return {idx, high};
 5236:
 5237:
 5238:
 5239:
        void output() {
          for(int i = 0; i < size(); i++) {</pre>
 5240:
            cout << i << ": " << s.substr(SA[i]) << endl;</pre>
 5241:
 5242:
 5243:
 5244: };
5245:
 5246:
 5248: ####### longest-common-prefix-array.cpp #########
 5250:
 5251: struct LongestCommonPrefixArray {
 5252: const SuffixArray &SA;
 5253:
        vector< int > LCP, rank;
 5254:
        LongestCommonPrefixArray(const SuffixArray &SA) : SA(SA), LCP(SA.size()) {
 5255:
 5256:
          rank.resize(SA.size());
 5257:
          for(int i = 0; i < SA.size(); i++) {</pre>
 5258:
            rank[SA[i]] = i;
 5259:
 5260:
          for(int i = 0, h = 0; i < SA.size(); i++) {</pre>
 5261:
             if(rank[i] + 1 < SA.size())
               for(int j = SA[rank[i] + 1]; max(i, j) + h < SA.size() && SA.s[i + h] == S
 5262:
```

```
A.s[j + h]; ++h);
5263:
           LCP[rank[i] + 1] = h;
5264:
           if(h > 0) --h;
5265:
       }
5266:
5267: }
5268:
5269: int operator[](int k) const {
5270:
       return LCP[k];
5271:
5272:
      size_t size() const {
5273:
5274:
       return LCP.size();
5275:
5276:
5277:
      void output() {
5278:
       for(int i = 0; i < size(); i++) {</pre>
5279:
          cout << i << ": " << LCP[i] << " " << SA.s.substr(SA[i]) << endl;
5280:
     }
5281:
5282: };
5283:
5284:
5286: ############ z-algorithm.cpp ###################
5288:
5289: vector< int > z_algorithm(const string &s) {
5290:
     vector< int > prefix(s.size());
5291:
      for(int i = 1, j = 0; i < s.size(); i++) {</pre>
        if(i + prefix[i - j] < j + prefix[j]) {</pre>
5292:
          prefix[i] = prefix[i - j];
5293:
        } else {
5294:
5295:
         int k = max(0, j + prefix[j] - i);
5296:
         while(i + k < s.size() && s[k] == s[i + k]) ++k;
5297:
         prefix[i] = k;
5298:
          j = i;
5299:
5300:
5301: prefix[0] = (int) s.size();
5302: return prefix;
5303: }
5304:
5305:
5306: -----
5307:
                geometry
5308: -----
5309:
5313:
5314: using Real = double;
5315: using Point = complex < Real >;
5316: const Real EPS = 1e-8, PI = acos(-1);
5317:
5318: inline bool eq(Real a, Real b) { return fabs(b - a) < EPS; }
5320: Point operator*(const Point &p, const Real &d) {
5321: return Point(real(p) * d, imag(p) * d);
5322: }
5323:
5324: istream & operator >> (istream & is, Point &p) {
5325: Real a, b;
     is >> a >> b;
5326:
      p = Point(a, b);
5327:
       return is;
5328:
5329: }
5330:
5331: ostream & operator << (ostream & os, Point & p) {
```

```
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 5332:
         return os << fixed << setprecision(10) << p.real() << " " << p.imag();</pre>
 5333: }
 5334:
 5335: // rotate point p counterclockwise by theta rad
 5336: Point rotate(Real theta, const Point &p) {
       return Point(cos(theta) * p.real() - sin(theta) * p.imag(), sin(theta) * p.real(
) + cos(theta) * p.imag());
 5338: }
 5339:
 5340: Real radian_to_degree(Real r) {
 5341:
       return (r * 180.0 / PI);
 5342: }
 5343:
 5344: Real degree_to_radian(Real d) {
 5345:
       return (d * PI / 180.0);
 5346: }
 5347:
 5348: // smaller angle of the a-b-c
 5349: Real get_angle(const Point &a, const Point &b, const Point &c) {
 5350:
         const Point v(b - a), w(c - b);
         Real alpha = atan2(v.imag(), v.real()), beta = atan2(w.imag(), w.real());
 5351:
 5352:
         if(alpha > beta) swap(alpha, beta);
 5353:
         Real theta = (beta - alpha);
         return min(theta, 2 * acos(-1) - theta);
 5354:
 5355: }
 5356:
 5357: namespace std {
       bool operator<(const Point &a, const Point &b) {</pre>
 5359:
          return a.real() != b.real() ? a.real() < b.real() : a.imag() < b.imag();</pre>
 5360:
 5361: }
 5362:
 5363:
 5364: struct Line {
 5365:
        Point a, b;
5366:
 5367:
         Line() = default;
 5368:
         Line(Point a, Point b) : a(a), b(b) {}
 5369:
 5370:
 5371:
         Line(Real A, Real B, Real C) // Ax + By = C
 5372:
 5373:
           if(eq(A, 0)) = Point(0, C / B), b = Point(1, C / B);
           else if(eq(B, 0)) b = Point(C / A, 0), b = Point(C / A, 1);
 5374:
 5375:
           else a = Point(0, C / B), b = Point(C / A, 0);
 5376:
 5377:
 5378:
         friend ostream &operator<<(ostream &os, Line &p) {</pre>
 5379:
         return os << p.a << " to " << p.b;</pre>
 5380:
 5381:
         friend istream &operator>>(istream &is, Line &a) {
 5382:
           return is >> a.a >> a.b;
 5383:
 5384:
 5385: };
 5386:
 5387: struct Segment : Line {
       Segment() = default;
 5388:
 5389:
 5390:
         Segment(Point a, Point b) : Line(a, b) {}
 5391: };
 5392:
 5393: struct Circle {
 5394: Point p;
 5395:
         Real r;
 5396:
 5397:
         Circle() = default;
 5398:
 5399:
        Circle(Point p, Real r) : p(p), r(r) {}
 5400: };
```

```
5401:
5402: using Points = vector< Point >;
5403: using Polygon = vector< Point >;
5404: using Segments = vector< Segment >;
5405: using Lines = vector< Line >;
5406: using Circles = vector< Circle >;
5408: Real cross(const Point &a, const Point &b) {
5409: return real(a) * imag(b) - imag(a) * real(b);
5410: }
5411:
5412: Real dot(const Point &a, const Point &b) {
5413: return real(a) * real(b) + imag(a) * imag(b);
5414: }
5415:
5416: // http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/description.jsp?id=CGL_1_C
5417: int ccw(const Point &a, Point b, Point c) {
        b = b - a, c = c - a;
5418:
5419:
        if(cross(b, c) > EPS) return +1; // "COUNTER_CLOCKWISE"
5420:
        if(cross(b, c) < -EPS) return -1; // "CLOCKWISE"</pre>
                                           // "ONLINE_BACK" c-a-b
5421:
        if(dot(b, c) < 0) return +2;
                                           // "ONLINE_FRONT" a-b-c
        if(norm(b) < norm(c)) return -2;</pre>
                                           // "ON SEGMENT" a-c-b
5423:
        return 0;
5424: }
5425:
5426: // http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/description.jsp?id=CGL_2_A
5427: bool parallel(const Line &a, const Line &b) {
       return eq(cross(a.b - a.a, b.b - b.a), 0.0);
5429: }
5430:
5431: // http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/description.jsp?id=CGL_2_A
5432: bool orthogonal(const Line &a, const Line &b) {
5433: return eq(dot(a.a - a.b, b.a - b.b), 0.0);
5434: }
5435:
5436: // http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/description.jsp?id=CGL_1_A
5437: Point projection(const Line &1, const Point &p) {
5438:
        double t = dot(p - 1.a, 1.a - 1.b) / norm(1.a - 1.b);
5439:
        return l.a + (l.a - l.b) * t;
5440: }
5441:
5442: Point projection(const Segment &1, const Point &p) {
5443:
        double t = dot(p - 1.a, 1.a - 1.b) / norm(1.a - 1.b);
        return 1.a + (1.a - 1.b) * t;
5444:
5445: }
5446:
5447: // http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/description.jsp?id=CGL_1_B
5448: Point reflection(const Line &1, const Point &p) {
5449:
      return p + (projection(1, p) - p) * 2.0;
5450: }
5451:
5452: bool intersect(const Line &1, const Point &p) {
5453:
       return abs(ccw(l.a, l.b, p)) != 1;
5454: }
5455:
5456: bool intersect(const Line &1, const Line &m) {
        return abs(cross(1.b - 1.a, m.b - m.a)) > EPS | abs(cross(1.b - 1.a, m.b - 1.a)
5457:
) < EPS;
5458: }
5459:
5460: bool intersect(const Segment &s, const Point &p) {
5461: return ccw(s.a, s.b, p) == 0;
5462: }
5463:
5464: bool intersect(const Line &1, const Segment &s) {
5465:
       return cross(l.b - l.a, s.a - l.a) * cross(l.b - l.a, s.b - l.a) < EPS;
5466: }
5467:
5468: Real distance(const Line &1, const Point &p);
5469:
```

```
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 5470: bool intersect(const Circle &c, const Line &l) {
       return distance(l, c.p) <= c.r + EPS;</pre>
 5472: }
 5473:
 5474: bool intersect(const Circle &c, const Point &p) {
 5475: return abs(abs(p - c.p) - c.r) < EPS;
 5476: }
 5477:
 5478: // http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/description.jsp?id=CGL_2_B
 5479: bool intersect(const Segment &s, const Segment &t) {
       return ccw(s.a, s.b, t.a) * ccw(s.a, s.b, t.b) <= 0 && ccw(t.a, t.b, s.a) * ccw(
t.a, t.b, s.b) <= 0;
 5481: }
 5482:
 5483: int intersect(const Circle &c, const Segment &l) {
 5484:
       if(norm(projection(1, c.p) - c.p) - c.r * c.r > EPS) return 0;
 5485:
         auto d1 = abs(c.p - 1.a), d2 = abs(c.p - 1.b);
 5486:
         if(d1 < c.r + EPS && d2 < c.r + EPS) return 0;</pre>
 5487:
         if(d1 < c.r - EPS && d2 > c.r + EPS | d1 > c.r + EPS && d2 < c.r - EPS) return
1;
 5488:
         const Point h = projection(l, c.p);
         if(dot(l.a - h, l.b - h) < 0) return 2;</pre>
 5489:
 5490:
         return 0;
 5491: }
 5492:
 5493: // http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/description.jsp?id=CGL_7_A&lang=jp
 5494: int intersect(Circle c1, Circle c2) {
        if(c1.r < c2.r) swap(c1, c2);</pre>
 5495:
 5496:
       Real d = abs(c1.p - c2.p);
        if(c1.r + c2.r < d) return 4;
 5497:
 5498:
       if(eq(c1.r + c2.r, d)) return 3;
       if(c1.r - c2.r < d) return 2;
 5499:
 5500: if(eq(c1.r - c2.r, d)) return 1;
 5501: return 0;
 5502: }
 5503:
 5504: Real distance(const Point &a, const Point &b) {
 5505: return abs(a - b);
 5506: }
 5507:
 5508: Real distance(const Line &1, const Point &p) {
       return abs(p - projection(l, p));
 5509:
 5510: }
 5511:
 5512: Real distance(const Line &1, const Line &m) {
 5513: return intersect(1, m) ? 0 : distance(1, m.a);
 5514: }
 5515:
 5516: Real distance(const Segment &s, const Point &p) {
 5517: Point r = projection(s, p);
 5518:
         if(intersect(s, r)) return abs(r - p);
 5519:
        return min(abs(s.a - p), abs(s.b - p));
 5520: }
 5521:
 5522: // http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/description.jsp?id=CGL_2_D
 5523: Real distance(const Segment &a, const Segment &b) {
 5524:
        if(intersect(a, b)) return 0;
 5525:
       return min({distance(a, b.a), distance(a, b.b), distance(b, a.a), distance(b, a.
b)});
 5526: }
 5527:
 5528: Real distance(const Line &1, const Segment &s) {
 5529: if(intersect(1, s)) return 0;
 5530:
        return min(distance(1, s.a), distance(1, s.b));
 5531: }
 5532:
 5533: Point crosspoint(const Line &1, const Line &m) {
 5534:
        Real A = cross(l.b - l.a, m.b - m.a);
         Real B = cross(l.b - l.a, l.b - m.a);
 5535:
         if(eq(abs(A), 0.0) && eq(abs(B), 0.0)) return m.a;
```

```
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 5537:
         return m.a + (m.b - m.a) * B / A;
 5538: }
 5539:
 5540: // http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/description.jsp?id=CGL_2_C
 5541: Point crosspoint(const Segment &1, const Segment &m) {
        return crosspoint(Line(1), Line(m));
 5543: }
 5544:
 5545: // http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/description.jsp?id=CGL_7_D
 5546: pair< Point, Point > crosspoint(const Circle &c, const Line 1) {
 5547:
         Point pr = projection(1, c.p);
 5548:
         Point e = (1.b - 1.a) / abs(1.b - 1.a);
 5549:
         if(eq(distance(l, c.p), c.r)) return {pr, pr};
         double base = sqrt(c.r * c.r - norm(pr - c.p));
 5550:
 5551:
        return {pr - e * base, pr + e * base};
 5552: }
 5553:
 5554: pair< Point, Point > crosspoint(const Circle &c, const Segment &l) {
 5555:
        Line aa = Line(l.a, l.b);
 5556:
         if(intersect(c, 1) == 2) return crosspoint(c, aa);
 5557:
         auto ret = crosspoint(c, aa);
 5558:
         if(dot(1.a - ret.first, 1.b - ret.first) < 0) ret.second = ret.first;</pre>
 5559:
         else ret.first = ret.second;
 5560:
         return ret;
 5561: }
 5562:
 5563: // http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/description.jsp?id=CGL_7_E
 5564: pair< Point, Point > crosspoint(const Circle &c1, const Circle &c2) {
 5565:
        Real d = abs(c1.p - c2.p);
        Real a = acos((c1.r * c1.r + d * d - c2.r * c2.r) / (2 * c1.r * d));
 5566:
 5567:
        Real t = atan2(c2.p.imag() - c1.p.imag(), c2.p.real() - c1.p.real());
         Point p1 = c1.p + Point(cos(t + a) * c1.r, sin(t + a) * c1.r);
 5568:
         Point p2 = c1.p + Point(cos(t - a) * c1.r, sin(t - a) * c1.r);
 5570:
        return {p1, p2};
 5571: }
 5572:
 5573: // http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/description.jsp?id=CGL_7_F
 5574: // tangent of circle c through point p
 5575: pair< Point, Point > tangent(const Circle &c1, const Point &p2) {
 5576:
        return crosspoint(c1, Circle(p2, sqrt(norm(c1.p - p2) - c1.r * c1.r)));
 5577: }
 5578:
 5579: // http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/description.jsp?id=CGL_7_G
 5580: // common tangent of circles c1 and c2
 5581: Lines tangent(Circle c1, Circle c2) {
 5582:
         Lines ret;
 5583:
         if(c1.r < c2.r) swap(c1, c2);
 5584:
         Real g = norm(c1.p - c2.p);
 5585:
         if(eq(g, 0)) return ret;
 5586:
         Point u = (c2.p - c1.p) / sqrt(g);
 5587:
         Point v = rotate(PI * 0.5, u);
 5588:
        for(int s : {-1, 1}) {
 5589:
           Real h = (c1.r + s * c2.r) / sqrt(g);
 5590:
           if(eq(1 - h * h, 0)) {
 5591:
             ret.emplace_back(c1.p + u * c1.r, c1.p + (u + v) * c1.r);
 5592:
           else if(1 - h * h > 0) {
             Point uu = u * h, vv = v * sqrt(1 - h * h);
 5593:
 5594:
             ret.emplace_back(c1.p + (uu + vv) * c1.r, c2.p - (uu + vv) * c2.r * s);
 5595:
             ret.emplace_back(c1.p + (uu - vv) * c1.r, c2.p - (uu - vv) * c2.r * s);
 5596:
 5597:
 5598:
         return ret;
 5599: }
 5600:
 5601: // http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/description.jsp?id=CGL_3_B
 5602: bool is_convex(const Polygon &p) {
 5603:
         int n = (int) p.size();
         for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
 5604:
           if(ccw(p[(i + n - 1) % n], p[i], p[(i + 1) % n]) == -1) return false;
 5605:
 5606:
```

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 5607:
         return true;
 5608: }
 5609:
 5610: // http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/description.jsp?id=CGL_4_A
 5611: Polygon convex_hull(Polygon &p) {
 5612:
         int n = (int) p.size(), k = 0;
         if(n <= 2) return p;</pre>
 5613:
 5614:
         sort(p.begin(), p.end());
 5615:
         vector< Point > ch(2 * n);
 5616:
         for(int i = 0; i < n; ch[k++] = p[i++]) {
 5617:
           while(k >= 2 \& cross(ch[k - 1] - ch[k - 2], p[i] - ch[k - 1]) < EPS) --k;
 5618:
 5619:
         for(int i = n - 2, t = k + 1; i >= 0; ch[k++] = p[i--]) {
           while(k >= t && cross(ch[k - 1] - ch[k - 2], p[i] - ch[k - 1]) < EPS) --k;
 5620:
 5621:
 5622:
         ch.resize(k - 1);
 5623:
         return ch;
 5624: }
 5625:
 5626: // http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/description.jsp?id=CGL_3_C
 5627: enum {
 5628:
        OUT, ON, IN
 5629: };
 5630:
 5631: int contains(const Polygon &Q, const Point &p) {
         bool in = false;
 5632:
         for(int i = 0; i < Q.size(); i++) {</pre>
 5633:
            Point a = Q[i] - p, b = Q[(i + 1) % Q.size()] - p;
 5634:
 5635:
            if(a.imag() > b.imag()) swap(a, b);
 5636:
            if(a.imag() <= 0 && 0 < b.imag() && cross(a, b) < 0) in = !in;</pre>
 5637:
            if(cross(a, b) == 0 && dot(a, b) <= 0) return ON;</pre>
 5638:
         return in ? IN : OUT;
 5639:
 5640: }
 5641:
 5642:
 5643: // http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/description.jsp?id=1033
 5644: // deduplication of line segments
 5645: void merge_segments(vector< Segment > &segs) {
 5646:
 5647:
         auto merge_if_able = [](Segment &s1, const Segment &s2) {
 5648:
            if(abs(cross(s1.b - s1.a, s2.b - s2.a)) > EPS) return false;
           if(ccw(s1.a, s2.a, s1.b) == 1 || ccw(s1.a, s2.a, s1.b) == -1) return false;
if(ccw(s1.a, s1.b, s2.a) == -2 || ccw(s2.a, s2.b, s1.a) == -2) return false;
 5649:
 5650:
 5651:
           s1 = Segment(min(s1.a, s2.a), max(s1.b, s2.b));
 5652:
           return true;
 5653:
 5654:
 5655:
         for(int i = 0; i < segs.size(); i++) {</pre>
 5656:
            if(segs[i].b < segs[i].a) swap(segs[i].a, segs[i].b);</pre>
 5657:
 5658:
         for(int i = 0; i < segs.size(); i++) {</pre>
 5659:
            for(int j = i + 1; j < segs.size(); j++) {</pre>
 5660:
              if(merge_if_able(segs[i], segs[j])) {
 5661:
                segs[j--] = segs.back(), segs.pop_back();
 5662:
 5663:
            }
 5664:
 5665: }
 5666:
 5667: // http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/description.jsp?id=1033
 5668: // construct a graph with the vertex of the intersection of any two line segments
 5669: vector< vector< int > > segment_arrangement(vector< Segment > &segs, vector< Point
> &ps) {
 5670:
         vector< vector< int > > g;
 5671:
         int N = (int) segs.size();
 5672:
         for(int i = 0; i < N; i++)</pre>
 5673:
           ps.emplace_back(segs[i].a);
 5674:
           ps.emplace_back(segs[i].b);
            for(int j = i + 1; j < N; j++) {</pre>
 5675:
```

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 5676:
             const Point p1 = segs[i].b - segs[i].a;
 5677:
             const Point p2 = segs[j].b - segs[j].a;
             if(cross(p1, p2) == 0) continue;
 5678:
 5679:
             if(intersect(segs[i], segs[j])) {
 5680:
               ps.emplace_back(crosspoint(segs[i], segs[j]));
 5681:
 5682:
 5683:
 5684:
         sort(begin(ps), end(ps));
 5685:
         ps.erase(unique(begin(ps), end(ps));
 5686:
 5687:
         int M = (int) ps.size();
 5688:
         g.resize(M);
         for(int i = 0; i < N; i++) {</pre>
 5689:
 5690:
           vector< int > vec;
 5691:
           for(int j = 0; j < M; j++) {</pre>
 5692:
             if(intersect(segs[i], ps[j])) {
 5693:
               vec.emplace_back(j);
 5694:
 5695:
 5696:
           for(int j = 1; j < vec.size(); j++) {</pre>
 5697:
             g[vec[j - 1]].push_back(vec[j]);
 5698:
             g[vec[j]].push_back(vec[j - 1]);
 5699:
 5700:
 5701:
         return (g);
 5702: }
 5703:
 5704: // http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/description.jsp?id=CGL_4_C
 5705: // cut with a straight line l and return a convex polygon on the left
 5706: Polygon convex_cut(const Polygon &U, Line 1) {
 5707:
         Polygon ret;
 5708:
         for(int i = 0; i < U.size(); i++) {</pre>
 5709:
           Point now = U[i], nxt = U[(i + 1) % U.size()];
 5710:
           if(ccw(l.a, l.b, now) != -1) ret.push_back(now);
 5711:
           if(ccw(1.a, 1.b, now) * ccw(1.a, 1.b, nxt) < 0) {
 5712:
             ret.push_back(crosspoint(Line(now, nxt), 1));
 5713:
 5714:
 5715:
         return (ret);
 5716: }
 5717:
 5718: // http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/description.jsp?id=CGL_3_A
 5719: Real area(const Polygon &p) {
 5720:
         Real A = 0;
 5721:
         for(int i = 0; i < p.size(); ++i) {</pre>
 5722:
           A += cross(p[i], p[(i + 1) % p.size()]);
 5723:
 5724:
         return A * 0.5;
 5725: }
 5726:
 5727: // http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/description.jsp?id=CGL_7_H
 5728: Real area(const Polygon &p, const Circle &c) {
 5729:
         if(p.size() < 3) return 0.0;
 5730:
         function< Real(Circle, Point, Point) > cross_area = [&](const Circle &c, const P
oint &a, const Point &b) {
           Point va = c.p - a, vb = c.p - b;
 5731:
 5732:
           Real f = cross(va, vb), ret = 0.0;
 5733:
           if(eq(f, 0.0)) return ret;
 5734:
           if(max(abs(va), abs(vb)) < c.r + EPS) return f;</pre>
           if(distance(Segment(a, b), c.p) > c.r - EPS) return c.r * c.r * arg(vb * conj(
 5735:
va));
 5736:
           auto u = crosspoint(c, Segment(a, b));
 5737:
           vector< Point > tot{a, u.first, u.second, b};
           for(int i = 0; i + 1 < tot.size(); i++) {</pre>
 5738:
 5739:
             ret += cross_area(c, tot[i], tot[i + 1]);
 5740:
 5741:
           return ret;
 5742:
 5743:
         Real A = 0;
```

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         for(int i = 0; i < p.size(); i++) {</pre>
 5744:
 5745:
           A += cross_area(c, p[i], p[(i + 1) % p.size()]);
 5746:
 5747:
         return A;
 5748: }
 5749:
 5750: // http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/description.jsp?id=CGL_4_B
 5751: Real convex_diameter(const Polygon &p) {
 5752:
         int N = (int) p.size();
 5753:
         int is = 0, js = 0;
         for(int i = 1; i < N; i++) {</pre>
 5754:
 5755:
           if(p[i].imag() > p[is].imag()) is = i;
 5756:
           if(p[i].imag() < p[js].imag()) js = i;</pre>
 5757:
         Real maxdis = norm(p[is] - p[js]);
 5758:
 5759:
 5760:
         int maxi, maxj, i, j;
 5761:
         i = maxi = is;
 5762:
         j = maxj = js;
 5763:
         do {
 5764:
           if(cross(p[(i + 1) % N] - p[i], p[(j + 1) % N] - p[j]) >= 0) {
 5765:
             j = (j + 1) % N;
           } else {
 5766:
             i = (i + 1) % N;
 5767:
 5768:
           if(norm(p[i] - p[j]) > maxdis) {
 5769:
             maxdis = norm(p[i] - p[j]);
 5770:
             maxi = i;
 5771:
 5772:
             maxj = j;
 5773:
         } while(i != is || j != js);
 5774:
 5775:
         return sqrt(maxdis);
 5776: }
 5777:
 5778: // http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/description.jsp?id=CGL_5_A
 5779: Real closest_pair(Points ps) {
 5780:
         if(ps.size() <= 1) throw (0);
 5781:
         sort(begin(ps), end(ps));
 5782:
 5783:
         auto compare_y = [&](const Point &a, const Point &b) {
 5784:
          return imag(a) < imag(b);</pre>
 5785:
         };
 5786:
         vector< Point > beet(ps.size());
         const Real INF = 1e18;
 5787:
 5788:
 5789:
         function< Real(int, int) > rec = [&](int left, int right) {
 5790:
           if(right - left <= 1) return INF;</pre>
           int mid = (left + right) >> 1;
 5791:
 5792:
           auto x = real(ps[mid]);
 5793:
           auto ret = min(rec(left, mid), rec(mid, right));
 5794:
           inplace_merge(begin(ps) + left, begin(ps) + mid, begin(ps) + right, compare_y)
 5795:
           int ptr = 0;
 5796:
           for(int i = left; i < right; i++) {</pre>
 5797:
             if(abs(real(ps[i]) - x) >= ret) continue;
 5798:
             for(int j = 0; j < ptr; j++) {</pre>
               auto luz = ps[i] - beet[ptr - j - 1];
 5799:
 5800:
               if(imag(luz) >= ret) break;
 5801:
               ret = min(ret, abs(luz));
 5802:
 5803:
             beet[ptr++] = ps[i];
 5804:
 5805:
           return ret;
 5806:
         };
 5807:
         return rec(0, (int) ps.size());
 5808: }
 5809:
 5810:
 5811:
 5812:
                            structure
```

```
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 5813: ------
 5814:
 5816: ###### convex-hull-trick-add-monotone.cpp #######
 5819: template < typename T, bool isMin >
 5820: struct ConvexHullTrickAddMonotone {
 5821: #define F first
 5822: #define S second
 5823:
        using P = pair< T, T >;
 5824:
        deque< P > H;
 5825:
        ConvexHullTrickAddMonotone() = default;
 5826:
 5827:
        bool empty() const { return H.empty(); }
 5828:
 5829:
 5830:
        void clear() { H.clear(); }
 5831:
 5832:
        inline int sgn(T x) \{ return x == 0 ? 0 : (x < 0 ? -1 : 1); \}
 5833:
 5834:
        using D = long double;
 5835:
        inline bool check(const P &a, const P &b, const P &c) {
 5836:
          if(b.S == a.S | | c.S == b.S)
 5837:
            return sgn(b.F - a.F) * sgn(c.S - b.S) >= sgn(c.F - b.F) * sgn(b.S - a.S);
 5838:
 5839:
 5840:
          //return (b.F-a.F)*(c.S-b.S) >= (b.S-a.S)*(c.F-b.F);
 5841:
          return
 5842:
              D(b.F - a.F) * sqn(c.S - b.S) / D(abs(b.S - a.S)) >=
              D(c.F - b.F) * sgn(b.S - a.S) / D(abs(c.S - b.S));
 5843:
        }
 5844:
 5845:
 5846:
        void add(T a, T b) {
 5847:
          if(!isMin) a *= -1, b *= -1;
 5848:
          P line(a, b);
 5849:
          if(empty()) {
 5850:
            H.emplace_front(line);
 5851:
            return;
 5852:
 5853:
          if(H.front().F <= a) {
 5854:
            if(H.front().F == a) {
 5855:
              if(H.front().S <= b) return;</pre>
 5856:
              H.pop_front();
 5857:
            while(H.size() >= 2 && check(line, H.front(), H[1])) H.pop_front();
 5858:
 5859:
            H.emplace_front(line);
 5860:
           } else {
 5861:
            assert(a <= H.back().F);</pre>
 5862:
            if(H.back().F == a) {
 5863:
              if(H.back().S <= b) return;</pre>
 5864:
              H.pop_back();
 5865:
 5866:
            while(H.size() >= 2 && check(H[H.size() - 2], H.back(), line)) H.pop_back();
 5867:
            H.emplace_back(line);
 5868:
 5869:
 5870:
 5871:
        inline T get_y(const P &a, const T &x) {
 5872:
          return a.F * x + a.S;
 5873:
 5874:
 5875:
        T query(T x) {
 5876:
          assert(!empty());
 5877:
          int l = -1, r = H.size() - 1;
          while(1 + 1 < r) {
 5878:
 5879:
            int m = (1 + r) >> 1;
            if(get_y(H[m], x) >= get_y(H[m + 1], x)) l = m;
 5880:
 5881:
            else r = m;
 5882:
          }
```

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 5883:
          if(isMin) return get_y(H[r], x);
 5884:
          return -get_y(H[r], x);
 5885:
 5886:
 5887:
        T query_monotone_inc(T x) {
 5888:
          assert(!empty());
 5889:
          while(H.size() \geq 2 && get_y(H.front(), x) \geq get_y(H[1], x)) H.pop_front();
 5890:
          if(isMin) return get_y(H.front(), x);
 5891:
          return -get_y(H.front(), x);
 5892:
 5893:
 5894:
        T query_monotone_dec(T x) {
 5895:
          assert(!empty());
          while(H.size() \geq 2 && get_y(H.back(), x) \geq get_y(H[H.size() - 2], x)) H.pop_
 5896:
back();
 5897:
          if(isMin) return get_y(H.back(), x);
 5898:
          return -get_y(H.back(), x);
 5899:
 5900:
 5901: #undef F
 5902: #undef S
 5903: };
 5904:
 5905:
 5909:
 5910: template < typename T, typename E = T >
 5911: struct SkewHeap {
 5912:
        using G = function < T(T, E) >;
        using H = function< E(E, E) >;
 5913:
 5914:
 5915:
        struct Node {
 5916:
         T key;
5917:
          E lazy;
 5918:
         Node *1, *r;
 5919:
        };
 5920:
 5921:
        const bool rev;
 5922:
        const G q;
 5923:
        const H h;
 5924:
        SkewHeap(bool rev = false) : g([](const T &a, const E &b) { return a + b; }),
 5925:
                                    h([](const E &a, const E &b) { return a + b; }), re
 5926:
v(rev) {}
 5927:
        SkewHeap(const G &g, const H &h, bool rev = false) : g(g), h(h), rev(rev) {}
 5928:
 5929:
 5930:
        Node *propagate(Node *t) {
 5931:
          if(t->lazv != 0) {
            if(t->1) t->1->lazy = h(t->1->lazy, t->lazy);
 5932:
 5933:
            if(t->r) t->r->lazy = h(t->r->lazy, t->lazy);
 5934:
            t \rightarrow key = g(t \rightarrow key, t \rightarrow lazy);
 5935:
            t \rightarrow lazy = 0;
          }
 5936:
 5937:
          return t;
        }
 5938:
 5939:
 5940:
        Node *merge(Node *x, Node *y) {
 5941:
          5942:
          propagate(x), propagate(y);
 5943:
          if((x-)key > y-)key) ^ rev) swap(x, y);
 5944:
          x->r = merge(y, x->r);
 5945:
          swap(x->1, x->r);
 5946:
          return x;
 5947:
 5948:
 5949:
        void push(Node *&root, const T &key) {
          root = merge(root, new Node({key, 0, nullptr, nullptr}));
 5950:
```

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 5951:
 5952:
 5953:
        T top(Node *root) {
 5954:
          return propagate(root)->key;
 5955:
 5956:
 5957:
        T pop(Node *&root) {
 5958:
          T top = propagate(root)->key;
 5959:
          auto *temp = root;
 5960:
          root = merge(root->1, root->r);
 5961:
          delete temp;
 5962:
          return top;
 5963:
 5964:
 5965:
        bool empty(Node *root) const {
 5966:
         return !root;
 5967:
 5968:
 5969:
        void add(Node *root, const E &lazy) {
 5970:
          if(root) {
 5971:
            root->lazy = h(root->lazy, lazy);
 5972:
            propagate(root);
 5973:
        }
 5974:
 5975:
        Node *makeheap() {
 5976:
 5977:
          return nullptr;
 5978:
 5979: };
 5980:
 5981:
 5983: ########### segment-tree-2d-2.cpp ###############
 5985:
5986: template < typename structure_t, typename get_t, typename update_t >
 5987: struct SegmentTree2D {
 5988:
        using merge_f = function< get_t(get_t, get_t) >;
 5989:
        using get_t = function< get_t(structure_t &, int) >;
 5990:
        using range_update_f = function< get_t(structure_t &, int, int, update_t) >;
 5991:
 5992:
        int sz;
 5993:
        vector< structure_t > seg;
 5994:
        const merge_f &f;
 5995:
        const get t &g;
 5996:
        const range_update_f &h;
5997:
        SegmentTree2D(int n, const merge_f &f, const get_t &g, const range_update_f &h)
 5998:
: f(f), g(g), h(h) 
 5999:
          sz = 1;
 6000:
          while(sz < n) sz <<= 1;</pre>
          seg.resize(2 * sz - 1);
 6001:
 6002:
 6003:
 6004:
        void update(int a, int b, int lower, int upper, update_t x, int k, int l, int r)
 6005:
          if(r <= a || b <= 1) {
 6006:
            return;
 6007:
           } else if(a <= l && r <= b) {</pre>
 6008:
            g(seg[k], lower, upper, x);
 6009:
            update(a, b, lower, upper, x, 2 * k + 1, 1, (1 + r) >> 1);
 6010:
 6011:
            update(a, b, lower, upper, x, 2 * k + 2, (1 + r) >> 1, r);
 6012:
          }
 6013:
         }
 6014:
        void update(int a, int b, int 1, int r, update_t x) {
 6015:
 6016:
          update(a, b, 1, r, x, 0, 0, sz);
 6017:
 6018:
```

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 6019:
        get_t get(int x, int y) {
 6020:
          x += sz - 1;
          get_t ret = g(seg[x], y);
 6021:
          while(x > 0) {
 6022:
 6023:
           x = (x - 1) >> 1;
 6024:
            ret = f(ret, g(seg[x], y));
 6025:
 6026:
 6027: };
 6028:
 6029:
 6031: ########### lazy-segment-tree.cpp ##############
 6033:
 6034: template< typename Monoid, typename OperatorMonoid = Monoid >
 6035: struct LazySegmentTree {
        using F = function< Monoid(Monoid, Monoid) >;
 6036:
 6037:
        using G = function< Monoid(Monoid, OperatorMonoid) >;
 6038:
        using H = function< OperatorMonoid(OperatorMonoid, OperatorMonoid) >;
 6039:
 6040:
        int sz, height;
 6041:
        vector< Monoid > data;
 6042:
        vector< OperatorMonoid > lazy;
        const F f;
 6043:
        const G q;
 6044:
        const H h;
 6045:
 6046:
        const Monoid M1;
 6047:
        const OperatorMonoid OM0;
 6048:
 6049:
       LazySegmentTree(int n, const F f, const G q, const H h,
 6050:
                        const Monoid &M1, const OperatorMonoid OM0)
 6051:
 6052:
            : f(f), g(g), h(h), M1(M1), OM0(OM0) 
 6053:
          sz = 1;
 6054:
          height = 0;
 6055:
          while(sz < n) sz <<= 1, height++;</pre>
          data.assign(2 * sz, M1);
 6056:
          lazy.assign(2 * sz, OM0);
 6057:
 6058:
 6059:
 6060:
        void set(int k, const Monoid &x) {
 6061:
          data[k + sz] = x;
 6062:
 6063:
 6064:
        void build() {
 6065:
          for(int k = sz - 1; k > 0; k--) {
            data[k] = f(data[2 * k + 0], data[2 * k + 1]);
 6066:
 6067:
 6068:
 6069:
 6070:
        inline void propagate(int k) {
          if(lazy[k] != OM0) {
 6071:
 6072:
            lazy[2 * k + 0] = h(lazy[2 * k + 0], lazy[k]);
            lazy[2 * k + 1] = h(lazy[2 * k + 1], lazy[k]);
 6073:
            data[k] = reflect(k);
 6074:
 6075:
            lazy[k] = OM0;
 6076:
          }
 6077:
 6078:
 6079:
        inline Monoid reflect(int k) {
 6080:
         return lazy[k] == OMO ? data[k] : g(data[k], lazy[k]);
 6081:
 6082:
 6083:
        inline void recalc(int k) {
         while(k >>= 1) data[k] = f(reflect(2 * k + 0), reflect(2 * k + 1));
 6084:
 6085:
 6086:
 6087:
        inline void thrust(int k)
          for(int i = height; i > 0; i--) propagate(k >> i);
 6088:
```

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 6089:
 6090:
 6091:
         void update(int a, int b, const OperatorMonoid &x) {
 6092:
           thrust(a += sz);
 6093:
           thrust(b += sz - 1);
 6094:
           for(int l = a, r = b + 1; l < r; l >>= 1, r >>= 1) {
             if(1 \& 1) lazy[1] = h(lazy[1], x), ++1;
 6095:
             if(r \& 1) --r, lazy[r] = h(lazy[r], x);
 6096:
 6097:
 6098:
           recalc(a);
 6099:
           recalc(b);
         }
 6100:
 6101:
         Monoid query(int a, int b) {
 6102:
           thrust(a += sz);
 6103:
 6104:
           thrust(b += sz - 1);
 6105:
           Monoid L = M1, R = M1;
 6106:
           for(int l = a, r = b + 1; l < r; l >>= 1, r >>= 1) {
 6107:
             if(1 & 1) L = f(L, reflect(l++));
 6108:
             if(r \& 1) R = f(reflect(--r), R);
 6109:
 6110:
           return f(L, R);
 6111:
 6112:
 6113:
         Monoid operator[](const int &k) {
 6114:
          return query(k, k + 1);
 6115:
 6116:
 6117:
         template< typename C >
         int find_subtree(int a, const C &check, Monoid &M, bool type) {
 6118:
 6119:
           while(a < sz) {
 6120:
             propagate(a);
             Monoid nxt = type ? f(reflect(2 * a + type), M) : f(M, reflect(2 * a + type))
 6121:
);
 6122:
             if(check(nxt)) a = 2 * a + type;
 6123:
             else M = nxt, a = 2 * a + 1 - type;
 6124:
           }
 6125:
           return a - sz;
 6126:
 6127:
 6128:
         template< typename C >
 6129:
         int find_first(int a, const C &check) {
           Monoid L = M1;
 6130:
 6131:
           if(a <= 0) {
 6132:
             if(check(f(L, reflect(1)))) return find subtree(1, check, L, false);
 6133:
             return -1;
 6134:
 6135:
           thrust(a + sz);
 6136:
           int b = sz;
 6137:
           for(a += sz, b += sz; a < b; a >>= 1, b >>= 1) {
             if(a & 1) {
 6138:
 6139:
               Monoid nxt = f(L, reflect(a));
               if(check(nxt)) return find_subtree(a, check, L, false);
 6140:
               L = nxt;
 6141:
 6142:
               ++a;
 6143:
             }
           }
 6144:
 6145:
           return -1;
         }
 6146:
 6147:
 6148:
 6149:
         template< typename C >
         int find_last(int b, const C &check) {
 6150:
           Monoid R = M1;
 6151:
           if(b >= sz)
 6152:
 6153:
             if(check(f(reflect(1), R))) return find_subtree(1, check, R, true);
 6154:
             return -1;
 6155:
 6156:
           thrust(b + sz - 1);
 6157:
           int a = sz;
```

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 6158:
         for(b += sz; a < b; a >>= 1, b >>= 1) {
 6159:
           if(b & 1) {
 6160:
             Monoid nxt = f(reflect(--b), R);
 6161:
             if(check(nxt)) return find_subtree(b, check, R, true);
 6162:
             R = nxt;
 6163:
 6164:
 6165:
         return -1;
 6166:
        }
 6167: };
 6168:
 6169:
 6171: ##### partially-persistent-union-find.cpp #######
 6173:
 6174: struct PartiallyPersistentUnionFind {
 6175:
       vector< int > data;
 6176:
        vector< int > last;
 6177:
        vector< vector< pair< int, int > > add;
 6178:
 6179:
       PartiallyPersistentUnionFind() {}
 6180:
       PartiallyPersistentUnionFind(int sz) : data(sz, -1), last(sz, 1e9), add(sz) {
 6181:
 6182:
         for(auto &vs : add) vs.emplace_back(-1, -1);
 6183:
 6184:
       bool unite(int t, int x, int y) {
 6185:
         x = find(t, x);
 6186:
 6187:
         y = find(t, y);
 6188:
         if(x == y) return false;
         if(data[x] > data[y]) swap(x, y);
 6189:
         data[x] += data[y];
 6190:
 6191:
         add[x].emplace_back(t, data[x]);
 6192:
         data[y] = x;
 6193:
         last[y] = t;
 6194:
         return true;
 6195:
 6196:
 6197:
        int find(int t, int x) {
 6198:
        if(t < last[x]) return x;</pre>
 6199:
         return find(t, data[x]);
 6200:
 6201:
 6202:
        int size(int t, int x) {
 6203:
        x = find(t, x);
         return -prev(lower_bound(begin(add[x]), end(add[x]), make_pair(t, 0)))->second
 6204:
 6205:
 6206: };
 6207:
 6208:
 6210: ########## binary-indexed-tree.cpp ###############
 6212:
 6213: template < typename T >
 6214: struct BinaryIndexedTree {
 6215:
       vector< T > data;
 6216:
 6217:
       BinaryIndexedTree(int sz) {
 6218:
        data.assign(++sz, 0);
 6219:
 6220:
       T sum(int k) {
 6221:
 6222:
         T ret = 0;
 6223:
         for(++k; k > 0; k -= k \& -k) ret += data[k];
 6224:
         return (ret);
 6225:
 6226:
```

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       void add(int k, T x) {
6227:
6228:
        for(++k; k < data.size(); k += k & -k) data[k] += x;</pre>
6229:
6230: };
6231:
6232:
6234: ############## union-find.cpp ###################
6237: struct UnionFind {
6238: vector< int > data;
6239:
6240:
      UnionFind(int sz) {
6241:
        data.assign(sz, -1);
6242:
6243:
6244:
       bool unite(int x, int y) {
6245:
        x = find(x), y = find(y);
         if(x == y) return (false);
6246:
6247:
         if(data[x] > data[y]) swap(x, y);
6248:
         data[x] += data[y];
6249:
         data[y] = xi
6250:
         return (true);
       }
6251:
6252:
6253:
      int find(int k) {
       if(data[k] < 0) return (k);</pre>
6254:
6255:
        return (data[k] = find(data[k]));
6256:
6257:
6258: int size(int k) {
        return (-data[find(k)]);
6259:
6260:
6261: };
6262:
6263:
6265: ######### link-cut-tree-subtree.cpp ############
6267:
6268: template < typename SUM, typename KEY >
6269: struct LinkCutTreeSubtree {
6270:
6271:
       struct Node {
6272:
        Node *1, *r, *p;
6273:
        KEY key;
6274:
6275:
         SUM sum;
6276:
6277:
        bool rev;
6278:
         int sz;
6279:
        bool is_root() const {
6280:
6281:
          return !p | | (p->l != this && p->r != this);
6282:
6283:
6284:
        Node(const KEY &key, const SUM &sum) :
6285:
             key(key), sum(sum), rev(false), sz(1),
6286:
             l(nullptr), r(nullptr), p(nullptr) {}
       };
6287:
6288:
       const SUM ident;
6289:
6290:
6291:
       LinkCutTreeSubtree(const SUM &ident) : ident(ident) {}
6292:
6293:
       Node *make_node(const KEY &key) {
6294:
        auto ret = new Node(key, ident);
6295:
         update(ret);
6296:
         return ret;
```

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 6297:
 6298:
 6299:
         Node *set_key(Node *t, const KEY &key) {
 6300:
           expose(t);
 6301:
           t->key = key;
 6302:
          update(t);
 6303:
           return t;
 6304:
 6305:
 6306:
         void toggle(Node *t) {
 6307:
          swap(t->1, t->r);
 6308:
          t->sum.toggle();
 6309:
           t->rev ^= true;
 6310:
 6311:
 6312:
         void push(Node *t) {
 6313:
           if(t->rev) {
 6314:
             if(t->1) toggle(t->1);
 6315:
             if(t->r) toggle(t->r);
 6316:
             t->rev = false;
 6317:
           }
         }
 6318:
 6319:
 6320:
         void update(Node *t) {
 6321:
 6322:
           t->sz = 1;
           if(t->1) t->sz += t->1->sz;
 6323:
           if(t->r) t->sz += t->r->sz;
 6324:
 6325:
           t->sum.merge(t->key, t->l ? t->l->sum : ident, t->r ? t->r->sum : ident);
 6326:
 6327:
         void rotr(Node *t) {
 6328:
           auto *x = t->p, *y = x->p;
 6329:
 6330:
           if((x->1 = t->r)) t->r->p = x;
 6331:
           t->r = x, x->p = t;
 6332:
           update(x), update(t);
 6333:
           if((t->p = y)) {
 6334:
             if(y->1 == x) y->1 = t;
 6335:
             if(y->r == x) y->r = t;
 6336:
             update(y);
 6337:
           }
 6338:
 6339:
         void rotl(Node *t) {
 6340:
 6341:
           auto *x = t - p, *y = x - p;
 6342:
           if((x->r = t->1)) t->1->p = x;
 6343:
           t->1 = x, x->p = t;
 6344:
           update(x), update(t);
 6345:
           if((t->p = y)) {
 6346:
             if(y->1 == x) y->1 = t;
 6347:
             if(y->r == x) y->r = t;
 6348:
             update(y);
 6349:
 6350:
 6351:
 6352:
         void splay(Node *t) {
 6353:
 6354:
          push(t);
 6355:
           while(!t->is_root()) {
 6356:
             auto *q = t->p;
 6357:
             if(q->is_root()) {
 6358:
               push(q), push(t);
 6359:
                if(q->1 == t) rotr(t);
 6360:
               else rotl(t);
 6361:
             } else {
 6362:
               auto *r = q \rightarrow p_i
 6363:
               push(r), push(q), push(t);
 6364:
               if(r->1 == q) {
                  if(q->l == t) rotr(q), rotr(t);
 6365:
                  else rotl(t), rotr(t);
 6366:
```

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 6367:
                } else {
 6368:
                 if(q-r == t) rotl(q), rotl(t);
 6369:
                 else rotr(t), rotl(t);
 6370:
 6371:
 6372:
           }
 6373:
         }
 6374:
 6375:
 6376:
        Node *expose(Node *t) {
 6377:
          Node *rp = nullptr;
           for(auto *cur = t; cur; cur = cur->p) {
 6378:
 6379:
            splay(cur);
 6380:
             if(cur->r) cur->sum.add(cur->r->sum);
 6381:
             cur->r = rp;
 6382:
             if(cur->r) cur->sum.erase(cur->r->sum);
 6383:
             update(cur);
 6384:
             rp = cur;
 6385:
 6386:
          splay(t);
 6387:
           return rp;
 6388:
 6389:
         void link(Node *child, Node *parent) {
 6390:
 6391:
          expose(child);
 6392:
           expose(parent);
           child->p = parent;
 6393:
          parent->r = child;
 6394:
 6395:
           update(parent);
 6396:
 6397:
        void cut(Node *child) {
 6398:
 6399:
          expose(child);
 6400:
           auto *parent = child->l;
 6401:
           child->l = nullptr;
 6402:
          parent->p = nullptr;
 6403:
          update(child);
 6404:
 6405:
 6406:
        void evert(Node *t) {
 6407:
          expose(t);
 6408:
           toggle(t);
 6409:
          push(t);
 6410:
 6411:
 6412:
         Node *lca(Node *u, Node *v) {
 6413:
           if(get_root(u) != get_root(v)) return nullptr;
 6414:
           expose(u);
 6415:
           return expose(v);
 6416:
 6417:
 6418:
 6419:
        Node *get_kth(Node *x, int k) {
 6420:
         expose(x);
 6421:
           while(x) {
 6422:
             push(x);
 6423:
             if(x->r \&\& x->r->sz > k) {
 6424:
              x = x->r;
 6425:
             } else {
 6426:
               if(x->r) k -= x->r->sz;
 6427:
               if(k == 0) return x;
 6428:
              k -= 1;
 6429:
               x = x -> 1;
 6430:
 6431:
           }
 6432:
           return nullptr;
 6433:
 6434:
 6435:
         Node *get_root(Node *x) {
 6436:
          expose(x);
```

```
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 6437:
          while(x->1) {
 6438:
            push(x);
 6439:
            x = x->1;
 6440:
           }
 6441:
          return x;
         }
 6442:
 6443:
        SUM &query(Node *t) {
 6444:
 6445:
          expose(t);
 6446:
          return t->sum;
 6447:
 6448: };
 6449:
 6450:
 6452: ##### segment-tree-fractional-cascading.cpp ######
 6454:
 6455: struct SegmentTreeFractionalCascading {
 6456:
        vector< vector< int > > seg;
 6457:
         vector< vector< int > > LL, RR;
 6458:
         int sz;
 6459:
 6460:
         SegmentTreeFractionalCascading(vector< int > &array) {
 6461:
          sz = 1;
 6462:
          while(sz < array.size()) sz <<= 1;</pre>
          seg.resize(2 * sz - 1);
 6463:
          LL.resize(2 * sz - 1);
 6464:
          RR.resize(2 * sz - 1);
 6465:
          for(int k = 0; k < array.size(); k++) {</pre>
 6466:
 6467:
            seg[k + sz - 1].emplace_back(array[k]);
 6468:
          for(int k = sz - 2; k >= 0; k--)
 6469:
 6470:
             seg[k].resize(seg[2 * k + 1].size() + seg[2 * k + 2].size());
 6471:
            LL[k].resize(seg[k].size() + 1);
 6472:
            RR[k].resize(seg[k].size() + 1);
            merge(begin(seg[2 * k + 1]), end(seg[2 * k + 1]), begin(seg[2 * k + 2]), end
 6473:
(seg[2 * k + 2]), begin(seg[k]));
 6474:
             int tail1 = 0, tail2 = 0;
 6475:
             for(int i = 0; i < seg[k].size(); i++) {</pre>
 6476:
              while (tail1 < seg[2 * k + 1].size() \&& seg[2 * k + 1][tail1] < seg[k][i])
++tail1;
 6477:
              while(tail2 < seg[2 * k + 2].size() && seg[2 * k + 2][tail2] < seg[k][i])</pre>
++tail2;
              LL[k][i] = tail1, RR[k][i] = tail2;
 6478:
 6479:
            LL[k][seg[k].size()] = (int) seg[2 * k + 1].size();
 6480:
            RR[k][seg[k].size()] = (int) seg[2 * k + 2].size();
 6481:
 6482:
 6483:
 6484:
 6485:
         int query(int a, int b, int lower, int upper, int k, int l, int r) {
          if(a >= r || b <= 1) {
 6486:
 6487:
            return (0);
 6488:
           } else if(a <= 1 && r <= b) {</pre>
 6489:
            return (upper - lower);
           } else {
 6490:
            return (query(a, b, LL[k][lower], LL[k][upper], 2 * k + 1, 1, (1 + r) >> 1)
+ query(a, b, RR[k][lower], RR[k][upper], 2 * k + 2, (1 + r) >> 1, r));
 6492:
 6493:
 6494:
 6495:
         int query(int a, int b, int l, int r) {
          1 = lower_bound(begin(seg[0]), end(seg[0]), 1) - begin(seg[0]);
 6496:
 6497:
          r = lower_bound(begin(seg[0]), end(seg[0]), r) - begin(seg[0]);
 6498:
          return (query(a, b, 1, r, 0, 0, sz));
 6499:
 6500: };
 6501:
 6502:
```

```
6504: ########## dual-segment-tree.cpp ###############
6506:
6507: template< typename OperatorMonoid >
6508: struct DualSegmentTree {
6509:
      using H = function< OperatorMonoid(OperatorMonoid, OperatorMonoid) >;
6510:
6511:
      int sz, height;
6512:
     vector< OperatorMonoid > lazy;
6513:
      const H h;
6514:
      const OperatorMonoid OM0;
6515:
6516:
6517:
      DualSegmentTree(int n, const H h, const OperatorMonoid OMO)
6518:
          : h(h), OMO(OMO) {
6519:
         sz = 1;
6520:
        height = 0;
6521:
         while(sz < n) sz <<= 1, height++;</pre>
6522:
         lazy.assign(2 * sz, OM0);
6523:
6524:
6525:
       inline void propagate(int k) {
        if(lazy[k] != OM0) {
6526:
          lazy[2 * k + 0] = h(lazy[2 * k + 0], lazy[k]);
6527:
          lazy[2 * k + 1] = h(lazy[2 * k + 1], lazy[k]);
6528:
          lazy[k] = OM0;
6529:
6530:
6531:
6532:
6533:
       inline void thrust(int k) {
        for(int i = height; i > 0; i--) propagate(k >> i);
6534:
6535:
6536:
6537:
      void update(int a, int b, const OperatorMonoid &x) {
6538:
        thrust(a += sz);
6539:
         thrust(b += sz - 1);
         for(int 1 = a, r = b + 1; 1 < r; 1 >>= 1, r >>= 1) {
6540:
          if(1 \& 1) lazy[1] = h(lazy[1], x), ++1;
6541:
6542:
          if(r \& 1) --r, lazy[r] = h(lazy[r], x);
6543:
6544:
6545:
       OperatorMonoid operator[](int k) {
6546:
         thrust(k += sz);
6547:
6548:
         return lazy[k];
6549:
6550: };
6551:
6552:
6554: ######### weighted-union-find.cpp ##############
6556:
6557: template < typename T >
6558: struct WeightedUnionFind {
6559:
      vector< int > data;
6560:
      vector< T > ws;
6561:
6562:
       WeightedUnionFind() {}
6563:
6564:
       WeightedUnionFind(int sz) : data(sz, -1), ws(sz) {}
6565:
       int find(int k) {
6566:
6567:
        if(data[k] < 0) return k;</pre>
         auto par = find(data[k]);
6568:
6569:
        ws[k] += ws[data[k]];
6570:
        return data[k] = par;
       }
6571:
6572:
```

```
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 6573:
        T weight(int t) {
 6574:
         find(t);
 6575:
         return ws[t];
 6576:
 6577:
 6578:
       bool unite(int x, int y, T w) {
 6579:
         w += weight(x);
         w -= weight(y);
 6580:
 6581:
         x = find(x), y = find(y);
 6582:
         if(x == y) return false;
 6583:
         if(data[x] > data[y]) {
 6584:
           swap(x, y);
           w *= -1;
 6585:
 6586:
 6587:
         data[x] += data[y];
 6588:
         data[y] = x;
 6589:
         ws[y] = w;
 6590:
         return true;
 6591:
        }
 6592:
        T diff(int x, int y) {
 6593:
 6594:
         return weight(y) - weight(x);
 6595:
 6596: };
 6597:
 6598:
 6602:
 6603: template < typename T >
 6604: struct SparseTable {
       vector< vector< T > > st;
 6605:
 6606:
       vector < int > lookup;
 6607:
 6608:
        SparseTable(const vector< T > &v) {
 6609:
         int b = 0;
 6610:
         while((1 << b) <= v.size()) ++b;</pre>
 6611:
         st.assign(b, vector < T > (1 << b));
         for(int i = 0; i < v.size(); i++) {</pre>
 6612:
 6613:
           st[0][i] = v[i];
 6614:
 6615:
         for(int i = 1; i < b; i++) {
           for(int j = 0; j + (1 << i) <= (1 << b); j++) {</pre>
 6616:
             st[i][j] = min(st[i-1][j], st[i-1][j+(1 << (i-1))]);
 6617:
 6618:
 6619:
 6620:
         lookup.resize(v.size() + 1);
         for(int i = 2; i < lookup.size(); i++) {</pre>
 6621:
           lookup[i] = lookup[i >> 1] + 1;
 6622:
 6623:
 6624:
 6625:
        inline T rmq(int 1, int r) {
 6626:
 6627:
         int b = lookup[r - 1];
 6628:
         return min(st[b][1], st[b][r - (1 << b)]);</pre>
 6629:
 6630: };
 6631:
 6632:
 6634: ####### persistent-red-black-tree.cpp ##########
 6636:
 6637: template< class D, class L, D (*f)(D, D), D (*g)(D, L), L (*h)(L, L), L (*p)(L, in
t) >
 6638: struct PersistentRedBlackTree : RedBlackTree< D, L, f, g, h, p > {
       using RBT = RedBlackTree< D, L, f, g, h, p >;
 6639:
 6640:
       using Node = typename RBT::Node;
 6641:
```

```
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 6642:
        PersistentRedBlackTree(int sz, const D &M1, const L &OM0) :
 6643:
            RBT(sz, M1, OM0) \{ \}
 6644:
 6645:
        Node *clone(Node *t) override { return &(*RBT::pool.alloc() = *t); }
 6646:
 6647:
       Node *rebuild(Node *r) {
 6648:
          auto ret = RBT::dump(r);
          RBT::pool.clear();
 6649:
 6650:
          return RBT::build(ret);
 6651:
 6652: };
 6653:
 6654:
 6656: ############ persistent-array.cpp ##############
 6658:
 6659: template < typename T, int LOG >
 6660: struct PersistentArray {
 6661:
        struct Node {
 6662:
          T data;
 6663:
          Node *child[1 << LOG] = \{\};
 6664:
 6665:
          Node() {}
 6666:
          Node(const T &data) : data(data) {}
 6667:
        };
 6668:
 6669:
 6670:
        Node *root;
 6671:
 6672:
        PersistentArray() : root(nullptr) {}
 6673:
        T get(Node *t, int k) {
 6674:
 6675:
          if(k == 0) return t->data;
 6676:
          return get(t->child[k & ((1 << LOG) - 1)], k >> LOG);
 6677:
 6678:
 6679:
        T get(const int &k) {
 6680:
         return get(root, k);
 6681:
 6682:
 6683:
        pair< Node *, T * > mutable_get(Node *t, int k) {
 6684:
          t = t ? new Node(*t) : new Node();
 6685:
          if(k == 0) return {t, &t->data};
          auto p = mutable_get(t->child[k & ((1 << LOG) - 1)], k >> LOG);
 6686:
 6687:
          t->child[k & ((1 << LOG) - 1)] = p.first;
 6688:
          return {t, p.second};
 6689:
 6690:
        T *mutable_get(const int &k) {
 6691:
 6692:
          auto ret = mutable_get(root, k);
 6693:
          root = ret.first;
 6694:
          return ret.second;
 6695:
 6696:
 6697:
        Node *build(Node *t, const T &data, int k) {
 6698:
          if(!t) t = new Node();
 6699:
          if(k == 0) {
 6700:
            t->data = data;
 6701:
            return t;
 6702:
          auto p = build(t->child[k & ((1 << LOG) - 1)], data, k >> LOG);
 6703:
 6704:
          t->child[k & ((1 << LOG) - 1)] = p;
 6705:
          return t;
 6706:
 6707:
        void build(const vector< T > &v) {
 6708:
 6709:
          root = nullptr;
 6710:
          for(int i = 0; i < v.size(); i++) {</pre>
            root = build(root, v[i], i);
 6711:
```

```
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 6712:
 6713:
 6714: };
 6715:
 6716:
 6717:
 6719: ##### randomized-binary-search-tree-set.cpp ######
 6721:
 6722: template< class T >
 6723: struct OrderedMultiSet : RandomizedBinarySearchTree< T >
 6724: {
 6725:
        using RBST = RandomizedBinarySearchTree< T >;
 6726:
        using Node = typename RBST::Node;
 6727:
 6728:
        OrderedMultiSet(int sz) : RBST(sz, [&](T x, T y) { return x; }, T()) {}
 6729:
 6730:
        T kth_element(Node *t, int k)
 6731:
 6732:
          if(k < RBST::count(t->1)) return kth element(t->1, k);
 6733:
          if(k == RBST::count(t->1)) return t->key;
 6734:
          return kth_element(t->r, k - RBST::count(t->l) - 1);
 6735:
 6736:
 6737:
        virtual void insert_key(Node *&t, const T &x)
 6738:
 6739:
          RBST::insert(t, lower_bound(t, x), x);
 6740:
 6741:
 6742:
        void erase_key(Node *&t, const T &x)
 6743:
 6744:
          if(!count(t, x)) return;
 6745:
          RBST::erase(t, lower_bound(t, x));
 6746:
 6747:
 6748:
        int count(Node *t, const T &x)
 6749:
 6750:
          return upper_bound(t, x) - lower_bound(t, x);
 6751:
 6752:
 6753:
        int lower bound(Node *t, const T &x)
 6754:
 6755:
          if(!t) return 0;
          if(x <= t->key) return lower bound(t->l, x);
 6756:
 6757:
          return lower_bound(t->r, x) + RBST::count(t->l) + 1;
 6758:
 6759:
 6760:
        int upper_bound(Node *t, const T &x)
 6761:
 6762:
          if(!t) return 0;
 6763:
          if(x < t->key) return upper_bound(t->1, x);
          return upper_bound(t->r, x) + RBST::count(t->l) + 1;
 6764:
 6765:
 6766: };
 6767: template< class T >
 6768: struct OrderedSet : OrderedMultiSet< T >
 6769: {
 6770:
        using SET = OrderedMultiSet< T >;
 6771:
        using RBST = typename SET::RBST;
 6772:
        using Node = typename RBST::Node;
 6773:
 6774:
        OrderedSet(int sz) : OrderedMultiSet< T >(sz) {}
 6775:
 6776:
        void insert_key(Node *&t, const T &x) override
 6777:
 6778:
          if(SET::count(t, x)) return;
 6779:
          RBST::insert(t, SET::lower_bound(t, x), x);
 6780:
 6781: };
```

```
6782:
6783:
6785: ########### segment-tree-beats.cpp #############
6787:
6788: template< typename Monoid, typename OperatorMonoid = Monoid >
6789: struct SegmentTreeBeats {
6790:
       using F = function< Monoid(Monoid, Monoid) >;
6791:
       using G = function< Monoid(Monoid, OperatorMonoid) >;
6792:
       using H = function< OperatorMonoid(OperatorMonoid, OperatorMonoid) >;
6793:
6794:
       int sz, height;
6795:
       vector< Monoid > data;
6796:
       vector< OperatorMonoid > lazy;
6797:
       const F f;
6798:
       const G q;
6799:
       const H h;
6800:
       const Monoid M1;
6801:
       const OperatorMonoid OM0;
6802:
6803:
       SegmentTreeBeats(int n, const F f, const G g, const H h,
6804:
                        const Monoid &M1, const OperatorMonoid OM0)
6805:
            : f(f), g(g), h(h), M1(M1), OM0(OM0) 
6806:
6807:
         sz = 1;
6808:
         height = 0;
6809:
         while(sz < n) sz <<= 1, height++;</pre>
         data.assign(2 * sz, M1);
6810:
6811:
         lazy.assign(2 * sz, OM0);
6812:
6813:
       void set(int k, const Monoid &x) {
6814:
6815:
        data[k + sz] = x;
6816:
6817:
6818:
       void build() {
        for(int k = sz - 1; k > 0; k--) {
6819:
6820:
           data[k] = f(data[2 * k + 0], data[2 * k + 1]);
6821:
6822:
6823:
6824:
       inline void propagate(int k) {
         if(lazy[k] != OM0) {
6825:
           lazy[2 * k + 0] = h(lazy[2 * k + 0], lazy[k]);
6826:
6827:
           lazy[2 * k + 1] = h(lazy[2 * k + 1], lazy[k]);
           data[k] = reflect(k);
6828:
6829:
           lazy[k] = OM0;
6830:
6831:
6832:
       inline Monoid reflect(int k) {
6833:
         return lazy[k] == OMO ? data[k] : g(data[k], lazy[k]);
6834:
6835:
6836:
6837:
       inline void recalc(int k) {
         while (k \gg 1) data [k] = f(reflect (2 * k + 0), reflect (2 * k + 1));
6838:
6839:
       }
6840:
6841:
       inline void thrust(int k)
6842:
        for(int i = height; i > 0; i--) propagate(k >> i);
6843:
6844:
6845:
       void update(int a, int b, const OperatorMonoid &x) {
6846:
         thrust(a += sz);
6847:
         thrust(b += sz - 1);
6848:
         for(int l = a, r = b + 1; l < r; l >>= 1, r >>= 1) {
           if(1 & 1) lazy[1] = h(lazy[1], x), ++1;
6849:
6850:
           if(r \& 1) --r, lazy[r] = h(lazy[r], x);
6851:
         }
```

```
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 6852:
          recalc(a);
 6853:
          recalc(b);
 6854:
 6855:
 6856:
        Monoid query(int a, int b) {
 6857:
          thrust(a += sz);
          thrust(b += sz - 1);
 6858:
          Monoid L = M1, R = M1;
 6859:
 6860:
          for(int l = a, r = b + 1; l < r; l >>= 1, r >>= 1) {
 6861:
            if(1 & 1) L = f(L, reflect(l++));
 6862:
            if(r \& 1) R = f(reflect(--r), R);
 6863:
 6864:
          return f(L, R);
 6865:
 6866:
 6867:
        Monoid operator[](const int &k) {
 6868:
         return query(k, k + 1);
 6869:
 6870:
 6871:
        template < typename Uku, typename Check, typename Func, typename X >
 6872:
        void update beats subtree(int k, const X &x, const Uku &uku, const Check &check,
const Func &func) {
 6873:
          if(k >= sz) {
            auto v = reflect(k);
 6874:
            if(uku(v, x)) return;
 6875:
            if(check(v)) lazy[k] = func(v, x);
 6876:
 6877:
            return;
 6878:
          }
 6879:
          propagate(k);
          if(uku(data[k], x)) return;
 6880:
 6881:
          if(check(data[k])) {
 6882:
            lazy[k] = func(data[k], x);
 6883:
            return;
 6884:
          update_beats_subtree(k * 2 + 0, x, uku, check, func);
 6885:
          update_beats_subtree(k * 2 + 1, x, uku, check, func);
 6886:
 6887:
          data[k] = f(reflect(2 * k + 0), reflect(2 * k + 1));
 6888:
 6889:
 6890:
        template < typename Uku, typename Check, typename Func, typename X >
 6891:
        void update_beats(int a, int b, const X &x, const Uku &uku, const Check &check,
const Func &func) {
 6892:
          thrust(a += sz);
 6893:
          thrust(b += sz - 1);
          for(int 1 = a, r = b + 1; 1 < r; 1 >>= 1, r >>= 1) {
 6894:
            if(1 & 1) update_beats_subtree(1++, x, uku, check, func);
 6895:
 6896:
            if(r & 1) update_beats_subtree(--r, x, uku, check, func);
 6897:
 6898:
          recalc(a);
 6899:
          recalc(b);
 6900:
 6901: };
 6902:
 6903:
 6907:
 6908: template < int char_size >
 6909: struct TrieNode {
 6910:
       int nxt[char_size];
 6911:
 6912:
        int exist;
 6913:
       vector< int > accept;
 6914:
        TrieNode() : exist(0) {
 6915:
 6916:
         memset(nxt, -1, sizeof(nxt));
 6917:
 6918: };
 6919:
```

```
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 6920: template< int char_size, int margin >
 6921: struct Trie {
 6922:
        using Node = TrieNode< char_size >;
 6923:
 6924:
        vector< Node > nodes;
 6925:
        int root;
 6926:
        Trie() : root(0) {
 6927:
 6928:
         nodes.push_back(Node());
 6929:
 6930:
 6931:
        void update_direct(int node, int id) {
 6932:
         nodes[node].accept.push_back(id);
 6933:
 6934:
 6935:
        void update_child(int node, int child, int id) {
 6936:
          ++nodes[node].exist;
 6937:
 6938:
 6939:
        void add(const string &str, int str_index, int node_index, int id) {
 6940:
          if(str index == str.size()) {
 6941:
            update_direct(node_index, id);
 6942:
          } else {
 6943:
            const int c = str[str_index] - margin;
            if(nodes[node_index].nxt[c] == -1) {
 6944:
              nodes[node_index].nxt[c] = (int) nodes.size();
 6945:
              nodes.push_back(Node());
 6946:
 6947:
 6948:
            add(str, str index + 1, nodes[node index].nxt[c], id);
 6949:
            update_child(node_index, nodes[node_index].nxt[c], id);
 6950:
        }
 6951:
 6952:
        void add(const string &str, int id) {
 6953:
 6954:
          add(str, 0, 0, id);
 6955:
 6956:
 6957:
        void add(const string &str) {
 6958:
          add(str, nodes[0].exist);
 6959:
 6960:
 6961:
        void query(const string &str, const function< void(int) > &f, int str_index, int
node_index) {
          for(auto &idx : nodes[node index].accept) f(idx);
 6962:
 6963:
          if(str index == str.size()) {
 6964:
            return;
 6965:
          } else {
 6966:
            const int c = str[str_index] - margin;
            if(nodes[node_index].nxt[c] == -1) return;
 6967:
            query(str, f, str_index + 1, nodes[node_index].nxt[c]);
 6968:
 6969:
        }
 6970:
 6971:
 6972:
        void query(const string &str, const function< void(int) > &f) {
          query(str, f, 0, 0);
 6973:
        }
 6974:
 6975:
 6976:
        int count() const {
 6977:
         return (nodes[0].exist);
 6978:
 6979:
 6980:
       int size() const {
         return ((int) nodes.size());
 6981:
 6982:
 6983: };
 6984:
 6985:
```

```
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 6989:
 6990: struct UnionFindUndo {
 6991:
       vector< int > data;
 6992:
        stack< pair< int, int > > history;
 6993:
 6994:
       UnionFindUndo(int sz) {
 6995:
         data.assign(sz, -1);
 6996:
 6997:
 6998:
       bool unite(int x, int y) {
 6999:
         x = find(x), y = find(y);
 7000:
          history.emplace(x, data[x]);
 7001:
          history.emplace(y, data[y]);
 7002:
          if(x == y) return (false);
 7003:
          if(data[x] > data[y]) swap(x, y);
 7004:
          data[x] += data[y];
 7005:
          data[y] = x;
 7006:
          return (true);
 7007:
        }
 7008:
 7009:
        int find(int k) {
 7010:
         if(data[k] < 0) return (k);</pre>
 7011:
          return (find(data[k]));
 7012:
 7013:
 7014:
        int size(int k) {
 7015:
         return (-data[find(k)]);
 7016:
 7017:
 7018:
        void undo() {
 7019:
          data[history.top().first] = history.top().second;
 7020:
          history.pop();
 7021:
          data[history.top().first] = history.top().second;
 7022:
         history.pop();
 7023:
 7024:
 7025:
        void snapshot() {
 7026:
         while(history.size()) history.pop();
 7027:
 7028:
        void rollback() {
 7029:
 7030:
          while(history.size()) undo();
 7031:
 7032: };
 7033:
 7034:
 7038:
 7039: template< typename structure_t, typename get_t, typename update_t >
 7040: struct SegmentTree2DCompressed {
 7041:
       using merge_f = function< get_t(get_t, get_t) >;
 7042:
 7043:
      using range_get_f = function< get_t(structure_t &, int, int) >;
 7044:
        using update_f = function< void(structure_t &, int, update_t) >;
 7045:
 7046:
      int sz;
 7047: vector< structure_t > seg;
 7048: const merge_f f;
 7049:
      const range_get_f g;
 7050:
      const update_f h;
 7051:
        const get_t identity;
 7052:
        vector< vector< int > > LL, RR;
 7053:
       vector< vector< int > > beet;
 7054:
 7055:
        SegmentTree2DCompressed(int n, const merge_f &f, const range_get_f &g, const upd
ate_f &h, const get_t &identity)
 7056:
          : f(f), g(g), h(h), identity(identity) {
 7057:
          sz = 1;
```

```
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 7058:
           while(sz < n) sz <<= 1;</pre>
 7059:
          beet.resize(2 * sz);
 7060:
          LL.resize(2 * sz);
 7061:
          RR.resize(2 * sz);
 7062:
 7063:
 7064:
        void update(int a, int x, update_t z, int k, int l, int r) {
           if(r <= a | | a + 1 <= 1) return;
 7065:
 7066:
           if(a <= 1 && r <= a + 1) return h(seg[k], x, z);</pre>
 7067:
           update(a, LL[k][x], z, 2 * k + 0, 1, (1 + r) >> 1);
          update(a, RR[k][x], z, 2 * k + 1, (1 + r) >> 1, r);
 7068:
 7069:
          return h(seg[k], x, z);
 7070:
 7071:
 7072:
        void update(int x, int y, update_t z) {
 7073:
          y = lower_bound(begin(beet[1]), end(beet[1]), y) - begin(beet[1]);
 7074:
          return update(x, y, z, 1, 0, sz);
 7075:
 7076:
 7077:
        get_t query(int a, int b, int x, int y, int k, int l, int r) {
 7078:
           if(a >= r | | b <= 1) return identity;</pre>
 7079:
           if(a <= 1 && r <= b) return g(seg[k], x, y);</pre>
          return f(query(a, b, LL[k][x], LL[k][y], 2 * k + 0, 1, (1 + r) >> 1),
 7080:
                    query(a, b, RR[k][x], RR[k][y], 2 * k + 1, (1 + r) >> 1, r));
 7081:
 7082:
 7083:
 7084:
        get_t query(int a, int b, int x, int y) {
          x = lower_bound(begin(beet[1]), end(beet[1]), x) - begin(beet[1]);
 7085:
 7086:
          y = lower_bound(begin(beet[1]), end(beet[1]), y) - begin(beet[1]);
 7087:
          return query(a, b, x, y, 1, 0, sz);
 7088:
 7089:
        void build() {
 7090:
 7091:
           for(int k = (int) beet.size() - 1; k >= sz; k--) {
 7092:
             sort(begin(beet[k]), end(beet[k]));
 7093:
             beet[k].erase(unique(begin(beet[k]), end(beet[k])), end(beet[k]));
 7094:
 7095:
           for(int k = sz - 1; k > 0; k--) {
            beet[k].resize(beet[2 * k + 0].size() + beet[2 * k + 1].size());
 7096:
            merge(begin(beet[2 * k + 0]), end(beet[2 * k + 0]), begin(beet[2 * k + 1]),
 7097:
end(beet[2 * k + 1]), begin(beet[k]));
            beet[k].erase(unique(begin(beet[k]), end(beet[k]));
 7098:
 7099:
            LL[k].resize(beet[k].size() + 1);
 7100:
            RR[k].resize(beet[k].size() + 1);
 7101:
             int tail1 = 0, tail2 = 0;
 7102:
             for(int i = 0; i < beet[k].size(); i++) {</pre>
 7103:
               while(tail1 < beet[2 * k + 0].size() && beet[2 * k + 0][tail1] < beet[k][i</pre>
]) ++tail1;
 7104:
              while(tail2 < beet[2 * k + 1].size() && beet[2 * k + 1][tail2] < beet[k][i</pre>
]) ++tail2;
 7105:
              LL[k][i] = tail1, RR[k][i] = tail2;
 7106:
 7107:
            LL[k][beet[k].size()] = (int) beet[2 * k + 0].size();
 7108:
            RR[k][beet[k].size()] = (int) beet[2 * k + 1].size();
 7109:
 7110:
          for(int k = 0; k < beet.size(); k++)</pre>
 7111:
            seq.emplace back(structure t(beet[k].size()));
 7112:
           }
 7113:
 7114:
 7115:
        void preupdate(int x, int y) {
 7116:
          beet[x + sz].push_back(y);
 7117:
 7118: };
 7119:
 7120:
 7122: ############ union-rectangle.cpp ################
 7124:
```

```
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 7125: template< typename T >
 7126: struct UnionRectangle {
        map< T, T > data;
 7127:
 7128:
        int64 sum;
 7129:
 7130:
        UnionRectangle() : sum(0) {
          const T INF = numeric_limits< T >::max();
 7131:
          data[0] = INF;
 7132:
 7133:
          data[INF] = 0;
 7134:
 7135:
        void add_point(T x, T y) {
 7136:
          auto p = data.lower_bound(x);
 7137:
          if(p->second >= y) return;
          const T nxtY = p->second;
 7138:
 7139:
          --p;
 7140:
          while(p->second <= y) {</pre>
 7141:
           auto it = *p;
 7142:
           p = --data.erase(p);
 7143:
            sum -= (it.first - p->first) * (it.second - nxtY);
 7144:
 7145:
          sum += (x - p->first) * (y - nxtY);
 7146:
          data[x] = y;
 7147:
 7148:
 7149:
        int64 get() {
 7150:
         return sum;
 7151:
 7152: };
 7153:
 7154:
 7156: ######## persistent-segment-tree.cpp ############
 7158:
 7159: template < typename Monoid >
 7160: struct PersistentSegmentTree {
 7161:
        using F = function< Monoid(Monoid, Monoid) >;
 7162:
 7163:
        struct Node {
 7164:
          Monoid data;
 7165:
          Node *1, *r;
 7166:
 7167:
          Node(const Monoid &data) : data(data), l(nullptr), r(nullptr) {}
        };
 7168:
 7169:
 7170:
        int sz;
 7171:
        const F f;
 7172:
 7173:
        const Monoid M1;
 7174:
 7175:
        PersistentSegmentTree(const F f, const Monoid &M1) : f(f), M1(M1) {}
 7176:
 7177:
        Node *build(vector< Monoid > &v) {
 7178:
         sz = (int) v.size();
 7179:
          return build(0, (int) v.size(), v);
        }
 7180:
 7181:
 7182:
        Node *merge(Node *1, Node *r) {
 7183:
          auto t = new Node(f(l->data, r->data));
 7184:
          t -> 1 = 1;
 7185:
          t->r = r;
 7186:
          return t;
 7187:
 7188:
```

Node \*build(int 1, int r, vector< Monoid > &v) {

return merge(build(1, (1 + r) >> 1, v), build((1 + r) >> 1, r, v));

Node \*update(int a, const Monoid &x, Node \*k, int 1, int r) {

if(l + 1 >= r) return new Node(v[1]);

7189:

7190:

7191:

7192:

7193: 7194: }

```
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          if(r <= a || a + 1 <= 1) {
 7195:
 7196:
            return k;
 7197:
           } else if(a <= 1 && r <= a + 1) {</pre>
 7198:
            return new Node(x);
 7199:
           } else {
 7200:
            return merge(update(a, x, k->1, 1, (1 + r) >> 1), update(a, x, k->r, (1 + r)
>> 1, r));
 7201:
 7202:
        }
 7203:
 7204:
        Node *update(Node *t, int k, const Monoid &x) {
 7205:
         return update(k, x, t, 0, sz);
 7206:
 7207:
 7208:
        Monoid query(int a, int b, Node *k, int l, int r) {
 7209:
          if(r <= a || b <= 1) {
 7210:
            return M1;
 7211:
           } else if(a <= l && r <= b) {</pre>
 7212:
            return k->data;
 7213:
          } else {
 7214:
            return f(query(a, b, k->1, 1, (1 + r) >> 1),
 7215:
                     query(a, b, k->r, (l+r) >> 1, r));
 7216:
        }
 7217:
 7218:
        Monoid query(Node *t, int a, int b) {
 7219:
          return query(a, b, t, 0, sz);
 7220:
 7221:
 7222: };
 7223:
 7224:
 7226: ############# red-black-tree.cpp #################
 7228:
 7229: template< class T >
 7230: struct ArrayPool {
        vector< T > pool;
 7231:
        vector< T * > stock;
 7232:
 7233:
        int ptr;
 7234:
 7235:
        ArrayPool(int sz) : pool(sz), stock(sz) {}
 7236:
 7237:
        inline T *alloc() { return stock[--ptr]; }
 7238:
        inline void free(T *t) { stock[ptr++] = t; }
 7239:
 7240:
 7241:
        void clear() {
 7242:
          ptr = (int) pool.size();
 7243:
          for(int i = 0; i < pool.size(); i++) stock[i] = &pool[i];</pre>
 7244:
 7245: };
 7246:
 7247: template < class D, class L, D (*f)(D, D), D (*g)(D, L), L (*h)(L, L), L (*p)(L, in
t) >
 7248: struct RedBlackTree {
 7249:
        enum COLOR {
 7250:
          BLACK, RED
 7251:
        };
 7252:
 7253:
        struct Node {
          Node *1, *r;
 7254:
 7255:
          COLOR color;
          int level, cnt;
 7256:
 7257:
          D key, sum;
 7258:
          L lazy;
 7259:
 7260:
          Node() {}
 7261:
 7262:
          Node(const D &k, const L &laz) :
```

```
7263:
                  key(k), sum(k), l(nullptr), r(nullptr), color(BLACK), level(0), cnt(1), la
zy(laz) {}
 7264:
 7265:
             Node(Node *1, Node *r, const D &k, const L &laz) :
 7266:
                  key(k), color(RED), l(1), r(r), lazy(laz) {}
 7267:
 7268:
           ArrayPool < Node > pool;
 7269:
 7270:
 7271:
 7272:
          const D M1;
 7273:
          const L OM0;
 7274:
 7275:
          RedBlackTree(int sz, const D &M1, const L &OM0) :
 7276:
               pool(sz), M1(M1), OM0(OM0) { pool.clear(); }
 7277:
 7278:
 7279:
           inline Node *alloc(const D &key) {
 7280:
             return &(*pool.alloc() = Node(key, OMO));
 7281:
 7282:
 7283:
           inline Node *alloc(Node *1, Node *r) {
 7284:
             auto t = &(*pool.alloc() = Node(l, r, M1, OM0));
 7285:
             return update(t);
 7286:
 7287:
           virtual Node *clone(Node *t) { return t; }
 7288:
 7289:
 7290:
           inline int count(const Node *t) { return t ? t->cnt : 0; }
 7291:
           inline D sum(const Node *t) { return t ? t->sum : M1; }
 7292:
 7293:
          Node *update(Node *t) {
 7294:
 7295:
             t->cnt = count(t->1) + count(t->r) + (!t->1 |  !t->r);
 7296:
             t \rightarrow level = t \rightarrow l ? t \rightarrow l \rightarrow level + (t \rightarrow l \rightarrow color == BLACK) : 0;
 7297:
             t \rightarrow sum = f(f(sum(t \rightarrow 1), t \rightarrow key), sum(t \rightarrow r));
 7298:
             return t;
 7299:
 7300:
 7301:
          Node *propagate(Node *t) {
 7302:
            t = clone(t);
 7303:
             if(t->lazy != OM0) {
                if(!t->1) {
 7304:
 7305:
                  t\rightarrow key = g(t\rightarrow key, p(t\rightarrow lazy, 1));
 7306:
                } else {
 7307:
                  if(t->1) {
 7308:
                     t \rightarrow l = clone(t \rightarrow l);
 7309:
                     t \rightarrow l \rightarrow lazy = h(t \rightarrow l \rightarrow lazy, t \rightarrow lazy);
 7310:
                     t\rightarrow l\rightarrow sum = g(t\rightarrow l\rightarrow sum, p(t\rightarrow lazy, count(t\rightarrow l)));
 7311:
 7312:
                  if(t->r) {
                     t->r = clone(t->r);
 7313:
 7314:
                     t \rightarrow r \rightarrow lazy = h(t \rightarrow r \rightarrow lazy, t \rightarrow lazy);
 7315:
                     t \rightarrow r \rightarrow sum = g(t \rightarrow r \rightarrow sum, p(t \rightarrow lazy, count(t \rightarrow r)));
 7316:
 7317:
 7318:
                t - > lazy = OM0;
 7319:
 7320:
             return update(t);
 7321:
 7322:
 7323:
          Node *rotate(Node *t, bool b) {
 7324:
            t = propagate(t);
 7325:
             Node *s;
 7326:
             if(b) {
 7327:
               s = propagate(t->1);
               t - > 1 = s - > r;
 7328:
 7329:
                s->r = t;
 7330:
             } else {
 7331:
               s = propagate(t->r);
```

```
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 7332:
             t->r = s->1;
 7333:
             s->1 = t;
 7334:
 7335:
           update(t);
 7336:
           return update(s);
 7337:
 7338:
 7339:
         Node *submerge(Node *1, Node *r) {
 7340:
           if(l->level < r->level) {
 7341:
             r = propagate(r);
 7342:
             Node *c = (r->l = submerge(l, r->l));
             if(r->color == BLACK && c->color == RED && c->l && c->l->color == RED) {
 7343:
 7344:
               r->color = RED;
               c->color = BLACK;
 7345:
 7346:
               if(r->r->color == BLACK) return rotate(r, true);
 7347:
               r->r->color = BLACK;
 7348:
 7349:
             return update(r);
 7350:
 7351:
           if(l->level > r->level) {
 7352:
             1 = propagate(1);
 7353:
             Node *c = (1->r = submerge(1->r, r));
 7354:
             if(1->color == BLACK && c->color == RED && c->r && c->r->color == RED) {
 7355:
               1->color = RED;
 7356:
               c->color = BLACK;
               if(l->l->color == BLACK) return rotate(l, false);
 7357:
 7358:
               1->1->color = BLACK;
 7359:
 7360:
             return update(1);
           }
 7361:
 7362:
           return alloc(l, r);
 7363:
 7364:
 7365:
         Node *merge(Node *1, Node *r) {
 7366:
           if(!l | !r) return l ? l : r;
 7367:
           Node *c = submerge(1, r);
 7368:
           c->color = BLACK;
 7369:
           return c;
 7370:
 7371:
 7372:
         pair< Node *, Node * > split(Node *t, int k) {
 7373:
           if(!t) return {nullptr, nullptr};
 7374:
           t = propagate(t);
           if(k == 0) return {nullptr, t};
 7375:
           if(k >= count(t)) return {t, nullptr};
 7376:
 7377:
           Node *l = t->l, *r = t->r;
 7378:
           pool.free(t);
 7379:
           if(k < count(1))
 7380:
             auto pp = split(l, k);
 7381:
             return {pp.first, merge(pp.second, r)};
 7382:
 7383:
           if(k > count(1)) {
 7384:
             auto pp = split(r, k - count(1));
 7385:
             return {merge(1, pp.first), pp.second};
 7386:
 7387:
           return {1, r};
 7388:
 7389:
 7390:
         Node *build(int 1, int r, const vector< D > &v) {
 7391:
           if(1 + 1 >= r) return alloc(v[1]);
 7392:
           return merge(build(1, (1 + r) >> 1, v), build((1 + r) >> 1, r, v));
         }
 7393:
 7394:
 7395:
         Node *build(const vector< D > &v) {
 7396:
           //pool.clear();
 7397:
           return build(0, (int) v.size(), v);
 7398:
 7399:
 7400:
         void dump(Node *r, typename vector< D >::iterator &it, L lazy) {
 7401:
           if(r\rightarrow lazy != OM0) lazy = h(lazy, r\rightarrow lazy);
```

```
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 7402:
           if(!r->l || !r->r) {
             *it++ = g(r->key, lazy);
 7403:
 7404:
             return;
 7405:
 7406:
           dump(r->1, it, lazy);
 7407:
          dump(r->r, it, lazy);
 7408:
 7409:
 7410:
        vector< D > dump(Node *r) {
 7411:
          vector< D > v((size_t) count(r));
 7412:
           auto it = begin(v);
 7413:
          dump(r, it, OM0);
 7414:
          return v;
 7415:
 7416:
 7417:
         string to_string(Node *r) {
 7418:
          auto s = dump(r);
 7419:
           string ret;
 7420:
           for(int i = 0; i < s.size(); i++) {</pre>
 7421:
             ret += std::to_string(s[i]);
             ret += ", ";
 7422:
 7423:
 7424:
           return (ret);
 7425:
 7426:
 7427:
         void insert(Node *&t, int k, const D &v) {
 7428:
          auto x = split(t, k);
           t = merge(merge(x.first, alloc(v)), x.second);
 7429:
 7430:
 7431:
 7432:
        D erase(Node *&t, int k) {
          auto x = split(t, k);
 7433:
 7434:
          auto y = split(x.second, 1);
 7435:
          auto v = y.first->key;
 7436:
          pool.free(y.first);
 7437:
          t = merge(x.first, y.second);
 7438:
          return v;
 7439:
 7440:
 7441:
        D query(Node *&t, int a, int b) {
 7442:
          auto x = split(t, a);
 7443:
           auto y = split(x.second, b - a);
 7444:
           auto ret = sum(y.first);
 7445:
           t = merge(x.first, merge(y.first, y.second));
 7446:
           return ret;
 7447:
 7448:
         void set_propagate(Node *&t, int a, int b, const L &pp) {
 7449:
 7450:
           auto x = split(t, a);
 7451:
           auto y = split(x.second, b - a);
 7452:
           y.first->lazy = h(y.first->lazy, pp);
 7453:
           t = merge(x.first, merge(propagate(y.first), y.second));
 7454:
 7455:
 7456:
         void set_element(Node *&t, int k, const D &x) {
 7457:
           if(!t->1) {
 7458:
             t->key = t->sum = x;
 7459:
             return;
 7460:
 7461:
           t = propagate(t);
 7462:
           if(k < count(t->1)) set_element(t->1, k, x);
 7463:
          else set_element(t->r, k - count(t->l), x);
 7464:
           t = update(t);
 7465:
         }
 7466:
 7467:
         int size(Node *t) {
 7468:
          return count(t);
 7469:
         }
 7470:
 7471:
         bool empty(Node *t) {
```

```
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 7472:
          return !t;
 7473:
 7474:
 7475:
        Node *makeset() {
 7476:
         return (nullptr);
 7477:
 7478: };
 7479:
 7480:
 7482: ###### randomized-binary-search-tree.cpp ########
 7484:
 7485: template < class Monoid, class Operator Monoid = Monoid >
 7486: struct RandomizedBinarySearchTree {
        using F = function< Monoid(Monoid, Monoid) >;
 7487:
 7488:
        using G = function< Monoid(Monoid, OperatorMonoid) >;
 7489:
        using H = function< OperatorMonoid(OperatorMonoid, OperatorMonoid) >;
 7490:
        using P = function< OperatorMonoid(OperatorMonoid, int) >;
 7491:
 7492:
        inline int xor128() {
 7493:
          static int x = 123456789;
          static int y = 362436069;
 7494:
 7495:
          static int z = 521288629;
          static int w = 88675123;
 7496:
 7497:
          int t;
 7498:
          t = x ^ (x << 11);
 7499:
 7500:
          x = y;
 7501:
          y = z;
 7502:
          z = w;
          return w = (w ^ (w >> 19)) ^ (t ^ (t >> 8));
 7503:
 7504:
 7505:
 7506:
        struct Node {
 7507:
         Node *1, *r;
 7508:
          int cnt;
          Monoid key, sum;
 7509:
 7510:
          OperatorMonoid lazy;
 7511:
 7512:
          Node() = default;
 7513:
 7514:
          Node(const Monoid &k, const OperatorMonoid &p) : cnt(1), key(k), sum(k), lazy(
p), l(nullptr), r(nullptr) {}
 7515:
        };
 7516:
 7517:
        vector< Node > pool;
 7518:
        int ptr;
 7519:
 7520:
       const Monoid M1;
 7521:
        const OperatorMonoid OM0;
        const F f;
 7522:
 7523:
        const G q;
 7524:
        const H h;
 7525:
        const P p;
 7526:
        RandomizedBinarySearchTree(int sz, const F &f, const Monoid &M1) :
 7527:
 7528:
            pool(sz), ptr(0), f(f), g(G()), h(H()), p(P()), M1(M1), OMO(OperatorMonoid())
) {}
 7529:
 7530:
        RandomizedBinarySearchTree(int sz, const F &f, const G &g, const H &h, const P &
 7531:
                                   const Monoid &M1, const OperatorMonoid &OM0) :
 7532:
            pool(sz), ptr(0), f(f), g(g), h(h), p(p), M1(M1), OM0(OM0) {}
 7533:
 7534:
         inline Node *alloc(const Monoid &key) { return &(pool[ptr++] = Node(key, OM0));
 7535:
 7536:
        virtual Node *clone(Node *t) { return t; }
 7537:
```

```
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          inline int count(const Node *t) { return t ? t->cnt : 0; }
 7538:
 7539:
 7540:
          inline Monoid sum(const Node *t) { return t ? t->sum : M1; }
 7541:
 7542:
          inline Node *update(Node *t) {
 7543:
            t->cnt = count(t->1) + count(t->r) + 1;
 7544:
            t\rightarrow sum = f(f(sum(t\rightarrow 1), t\rightarrow key), sum(t\rightarrow r));
 7545:
 7546:
 7547:
 7548:
         Node *propagate(Node *t) {
 7549:
            t = clone(t);
 7550:
            if(t->lazy != OM0) {
               t->key = g(t->key, p(t->lazy, 1));
 7551:
               if(t->1) {
 7552:
 7553:
                 t \rightarrow l = clone(t \rightarrow l);
 7554:
                 t->l->lazy = h(t->l->lazy, t->lazy);
 7555:
                 t\rightarrow l\rightarrow sum = g(t\rightarrow l\rightarrow sum, p(t\rightarrow lazy, count(t\rightarrow l)));
 7556:
 7557:
               if(t->r) {
 7558:
                 t->r = clone(t->r);
 7559:
                 t->r->lazy = h(t->r->lazy, t->lazy);
 7560:
                 t \rightarrow r \rightarrow sum = g(t \rightarrow r \rightarrow sum, p(t \rightarrow lazy, count(t \rightarrow r)));
 7561:
 7562:
               t->lazy = OM0;
            }
 7563:
 7564:
            return update(t);
 7565:
 7566:
 7567:
          Node *merge(Node *1, Node *r) {
 7568:
            if(!l | !r) return l ? l : r;
            if(xor128() % (1->cnt + r->cnt) < 1->cnt) {
 7569:
 7570:
               1 = propagate(1);
 7571:
               1->r = merge(1->r, r);
 7572:
              return update(1);
 7573:
             } else {
 7574:
              r = propagate(r);
 7575:
              r \rightarrow 1 = merge(1, r \rightarrow 1);
 7576:
              return update(r);
 7577:
 7578:
 7579:
          pair< Node *, Node * > split(Node *t, int k) {
 7580:
 7581:
            if(!t) return {t, t};
 7582:
            t = propagate(t);
 7583:
            if(k \le count(t->1))
 7584:
               auto s = split(t->1, k);
 7585:
               t->1 = s.second;
 7586:
               return {s.first, update(t)};
 7587:
             } else {
 7588:
              auto s = split(t->r, k - count(t->l) - 1);
 7589:
               t->r = s.first;
 7590:
              return {update(t), s.second};
 7591:
 7592:
 7593:
 7594:
          Node *build(int 1, int r, const vector< Monoid > &v) {
 7595:
            if(l + 1 >= r) return alloc(v[1]);
 7596:
            return merge(build(1, (1 + r) >> 1, v), build((1 + r) >> 1, r, v));
 7597:
 7598:
 7599:
          Node *build(const vector< Monoid > &v) {
 7600:
           ptr = 0;
 7601:
            return build(0, (int) v.size(), v);
 7602:
 7603:
 7604:
          void dump(Node *r, typename vector< Monoid >::iterator &it) {
 7605:
            if(!r) return;
 7606:
            r = propagate(r);
 7607:
            dump(r->1, it);
```

```
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          *it = r->key;
 7608:
 7609:
          dump(r->r, ++it);
 7610:
 7611:
 7612:
       vector< Monoid > dump(Node *r) {
         vector< Monoid > v((size_t) count(r));
 7613:
 7614:
         auto it = begin(v);
 7615:
         dump(r, it);
 7616:
         return v;
 7617:
 7618:
 7619:
       string to_string(Node *r) {
 7620:
         auto s = dump(r);
 7621:
          string ret;
 7622:
         for(int i = 0; i < s.size(); i++) ret += ", ";</pre>
 7623:
          return (ret);
 7624:
 7625:
 7626:
        void insert(Node *&t, int k, const Monoid &v) {
 7627:
          auto x = split(t, k);
 7628:
          t = merge(merge(x.first, alloc(v)), x.second);
 7629:
 7630:
 7631:
        void erase(Node *&t, int k) {
 7632:
         auto x = split(t, k);
 7633:
          t = merge(x.first, split(x.second, 1).second);
 7634:
 7635:
 7636:
        Monoid guery(Node *&t, int a, int b) {
 7637:
         auto x = split(t, a);
 7638:
          auto y = split(x.second, b - a);
 7639:
          auto ret = sum(y.first);
 7640:
         t = merge(x.first, merge(y.first, y.second));
 7641:
         return ret;
 7642:
 7643:
 7644:
        void set_propagate(Node *&t, int a, int b, const OperatorMonoid &p) {
 7645:
         auto x = split(t, a);
 7646:
          auto y = split(x.second, b - a);
 7647:
          y.first->lazy = h(y.first->lazy, p);
 7648:
          t = merge(x.first, merge(propagate(y.first), y.second));
 7649:
 7650:
        void set element(Node *&t, int k, const Monoid &x) {
 7651:
 7652:
          t = propagate(t);
 7653:
          if(k < count(t->1)) set_element(t->1, k, x);
 7654:
          else if(k == count(t->1)) t->key = t->sum = x;
          else set_element(t->r, k - count(t->l) - 1, x);
 7655:
 7656:
          t = update(t);
 7657:
 7658:
 7659:
 7660:
        int size(Node *t) {
 7661:
         return count(t);
 7662:
 7663:
 7664:
        bool empty(Node *t) {
 7665:
         return !t;
 7666:
 7667:
 7668:
        Node *makeset() {
 7669:
         return nullptr;
 7670:
 7671: };
 7672:
 7673:
 7675: ########### bipartite-graph.cpp #################
 7677:
```

```
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 7678: struct BipartiteGraph: UnionFind
 7679: {
 7680:
        vector< int > color;
 7681:
 7682:
        BipartiteGraph(int v) : color(v + v, -1), UnionFind(v + v) {}
 7683:
 7684:
        bool bipartite_graph_coloring()
 7685:
 7686:
          for(int i = 0; i < color.size() / 2; i++) {</pre>
 7687:
            int a = find(i);
 7688:
            int b = find(i + (int) color.size() / 2);
 7689:
            if(a == b) return (false);
 7690:
            if(color[a] < 0) color[a] = 0, color[b] = 1;
 7691:
 7692:
          return (true);
 7693:
        }
 7694:
 7695:
        bool operator[](int k)
 7696:
 7697:
          return (bool(color[find(k)]));
 7698:
 7699: };
 7700:
 7701:
 7705:
 7706: template< typename T >
 7707: struct LiChaoTree {
 7708:
        struct Line {
 7709:
          Ta, b;
 7710:
 7711:
          Line(T a, T b) : a(a), b(b) {}
 7712:
 7713:
          inline T get(T x) const { return a * x + b; }
 7714:
          inline bool over(const Line &b, const T &x) const {
 7715:
 7716:
            return get(x) < b.get(x);</pre>
 7717:
 7718:
        };
 7719:
 7720:
        vector< T > xs;
        vector< Line > seq;
 7721:
 7722:
 7723:
        LiChaoTree(const vector< T > &x, T INF) : xs(x) {
 7724:
 7725:
          sz = 1;
 7726:
          while(sz < xs.size()) sz <<= 1;</pre>
 7727:
          while(xs.size() < sz) xs.push_back(xs.back() + 1);</pre>
 7728:
          seg.assign(2 * sz - 1, Line(0, INF));
 7729:
 7730:
 7731:
        void update(Line &x, int k, int l, int r) {
 7732:
          int mid = (1 + r) >> 1;
 7733:
          auto latte = x.over(seg[k], xs[l]), malta = x.over(seg[k], xs[mid]);
 7734:
          if(malta) swap(seq[k], x);
 7735:
          if(1 + 1 >= r) return;
 7736:
          else if(latte != malta) update(x, 2 * k + 1, 1, mid);
 7737:
          else update(x, 2 * k + 2, mid, r);
 7738:
 7739:
 7740:
        void update(T a, T b) { // ax+b
 7741:
         Line l(a, b);
 7742:
          update(1, 0, 0, sz);
```

7743: 7744: 7745:

7746:

7747:

T query(int k)  $\{ // xs[k] \}$ 

const T x = xs[k];

k += sz - 1;

```
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 7748:
          T ret = seg[k].get(x);
 7749:
          while(k > 0) {
 7750:
            k = (k - 1) >> 1;
 7751:
            ret = min(ret, seg[k].get(x));
 7752:
 7753:
          return ret;
 7754:
 7755: };
 7756:
 7757:
 7759: ######### persistent-binary-trie.cpp ###########
 7761:
 7762: template< typename T >
 7763: struct BinaryTrieNode {
 7764:
       using Node = BinaryTrieNode< T >;
 7765:
 7766:
        BinaryTrieNode< T > *nxt[2];
 7767:
        int max_index;
 7768:
 7769:
        BinaryTrieNode() : max_index(-1) {
 7770:
          nxt[0] = nxt[1] = nullptr;
 7771:
 7772:
 7773:
        void update_direct(int id) {
 7774:
         max_index = max(max_index, id);
 7775:
 7776:
 7777:
        void update child(Node *child, int id) {
 7778:
          max_index = max(max_index, id);
 7779:
 7780:
 7781:
        Node *add(const T &bit, int bit_index, int id, bool need = true) {
 7782:
          Node *node = need ? new Node(*this) : this;
 7783:
          if(bit index == -1) {
 7784:
            node->update_direct(id);
 7785:
          } else {
 7786:
            const int c = (bit >> bit_index) & 1;
            if(node->nxt[c] == nullptr) node->nxt[c] = new Node(), need = false;
 7787:
            node->nxt[c] = node->nxt[c]->add(bit, bit_index - 1, id, need);
 7788:
 7789:
            node->update_child(node->nxt[c], id);
 7790:
 7791:
          return node;
 7792:
 7793:
 7794:
        inline T min_query(T bit, int bit_index, int bit2, int 1) {
 7795:
          if(bit_index == -1) return bit;
          int c = (bit2 >> bit_index) & 1;
 7796:
 7797:
          if(nxt[c] != nullptr && l <= nxt[c]->max_index) {
 7798:
            return nxt[c]->min_query(bit, bit_index - 1, bit2, 1);
 7799:
          } else {
 7800:
            return nxt[1 ^ c]->min_query(bit | (1LL << bit_index), bit_index - 1, bit2,</pre>
1);
 7801:
 7802:
 7803: };
 7804:
 7805: template < typename T, int MAX_LOG >
 7806: struct PersistentBinaryTrie {
 7807: using Node = BinaryTrieNode< T >;
        Node *root;
 7808:
 7809:
 7810:
        PersistentBinaryTrie(Node *root) : root(root) {}
 7811:
 7812:
        PersistentBinaryTrie() : root(new Node()) {}
 7813:
        PersistentBinaryTrie add(const T &bit, int id)
 7814:
 7815:
          return PersistentBinaryTrie(root->add(bit, MAX_LOG, id));
 7816:
```

```
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 7817:
 7818:
        T min_query(int bit, int 1) {
 7819:
          return root->min_query(0, MAX_LOG, bit, 1);
 7820:
 7821: };
 7822:
 7823:
 7827:
 7828: template< typename Monoid >
 7829: struct SegmentTree {
 7830:
       using F = function< Monoid(Monoid, Monoid) >;
 7831:
 7832:
        int sz;
 7833:
        vector< Monoid > seg;
 7834:
 7835:
        const F f;
 7836:
        const Monoid M1;
 7837:
 7838:
        SegmentTree(int n, const F f, const Monoid &M1) : f(f), M1(M1) {
 7839:
 7840:
          while(sz < n) sz <<= 1;
 7841:
          seg.assign(2 * sz, M1);
 7842:
 7843:
        void set(int k, const Monoid &x) {
 7844:
 7845:
         seq[k + sz] = x;
 7846:
 7847:
        void build() {
 7848:
          for(int k = sz - 1; k > 0; k--) {
 7849:
 7850:
            seg[k] = f(seg[2 * k + 0], seg[2 * k + 1]);
 7851:
 7852:
 7853:
 7854:
        void update(int k, const Monoid &x) {
 7855:
         k += sz;
 7856:
          seg[k] = x;
 7857:
          while(k >>= 1) {
 7858:
            seg[k] = f(seg[2 * k + 0], seg[2 * k + 1]);
 7859:
 7860:
 7861:
 7862:
        Monoid query(int a, int b) {
 7863:
          Monoid L = M1, R = M1;
 7864:
          for(a += sz, b += sz; a < b; a >>= 1, b >>= 1) {
            if(a \& 1) L = f(L, seg[a++]);
 7865:
 7866:
            if(b \& 1) R = f(seg[--b], R);
 7867:
 7868:
          return f(L, R);
 7869:
 7870:
 7871:
        Monoid operator[](const int &k) const {
 7872:
         return seg[k + sz];
 7873:
 7874:
 7875:
        template < typename C >
 7876:
        int find_subtree(int a, const C &check, Monoid &M, bool type) {
          while(a < sz)  {
 7877:
            Monoid nxt = type ? f(seg[2 * a + type], M) : f(M, seg[2 * a + type]);
 7878:
            if(check(nxt)) a = 2 * a + type;
 7879:
            else M = nxt, a = 2 * a + 1 - type;
 7880:
 7881:
 7882:
          return a - sz;
 7883:
        }
 7884:
```

7885: 7886:

template < typename C >

```
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 7887:
        int find_first(int a, const C &check) {
 7888:
          Monoid L = M1;
 7889:
          if(a <= 0) {
 7890:
            if(check(f(L, seg[1]))) return find_subtree(1, check, L, false);
 7891:
            return -1;
 7892:
 7893:
          int b = sz;
 7894:
          for(a += sz, b += sz; a < b; a >>= 1, b >>= 1) {
 7895:
            if(a & 1) {
 7896:
              Monoid nxt = f(L, seg[a]);
 7897:
              if(check(nxt)) return find_subtree(a, check, L, false);
 7898:
              L = nxt;
 7899:
              ++a;
 7900:
            }
          }
 7901:
 7902:
          return -1;
 7903:
        }
 7904:
 7905:
        template< typename C >
 7906:
        int find_last(int b, const C &check) {
 7907:
          Monoid R = M1;
 7908:
          if(b >= sz)
            if(check(f(seg[1], R))) return find_subtree(1, check, R, true);
 7909:
 7910:
            return -1;
 7911:
 7912:
          int a = sz;
          for(b += sz; a < b; a >>= 1, b >>= 1) {
 7913:
            if(b & 1) {
 7914:
 7915:
              Monoid nxt = f(seq[--b], R);
 7916:
              if(check(nxt)) return find subtree(b, check, R, true);
 7917:
              R = nxt;
 7918:
            }
 7919:
          }
 7920:
          return -1;
 7921:
 7922: };
 7923:
 7924:
 7925:
 7927: ############ binary-trie.cpp ###################
 7929:
 7930: template < typename T, int MAX LOG >
 7931: struct BinaryTrie {
 7932:
        BinaryTrie *nxt[2];
 7933:
        T lazy;
 7934:
        int exist;
 7935:
        bool fill;
        vector< int > accept;
 7936:
 7937:
        BinaryTrie() : exist(0), lazy(0), nxt{nullptr, nullptr} {}
 7938:
 7939:
 7940:
        void add(const T &bit, int bit_index, int id) {
          propagate(bit_index);
 7941:
 7942:
          if(bit index == -1) {
 7943:
            ++exist;
 7944:
            accept.push_back(id);
 7945:
          } else {
 7946:
            auto &to = nxt[(bit >> bit_index) & 1];
 7947:
            if(!to) to = new BinaryTrie();
 7948:
            to->add(bit, bit_index - 1, id);
 7949:
            ++exist;
 7950:
          }
 7951:
        }
 7952:
 7953:
        void add(const T &bit, int id) {
 7954:
          add(bit, MAX_LOG, id);
 7955:
 7956:
```

```
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 7957:
         void add(const T &bit) {
 7958:
           add(bit, exist);
 7959:
 7960:
 7961:
         void del(const T &bit, int bit_index) {
 7962:
           propagate(bit_index);
 7963:
            if(bit_index == -1) {
 7964:
              exist--;
 7965:
            } else {
 7966:
             nxt[(bit >> bit_index) & 1]->del(bit, bit_index - 1);
 7967:
              exist--;
 7968:
         }
 7969:
 7970:
 7971:
         void del(const T &bit) {
           del(bit, MAX_LOG);
 7972:
 7973:
 7974:
 7975:
 7976:
         pair< T, BinaryTrie * > max_element(int bit_index) {
 7977:
           propagate(bit index);
 7978:
            if(bit_index == -1) return {0, this};
 7979:
            if(nxt[1] && nxt[1]->size()) {
 7980:
              auto ret = nxt[1]->max_element(bit_index - 1);
              ret.first |= T(1) << bit_index;</pre>
 7981:
 7982:
              return ret;
 7983:
            } else {
 7984:
             return nxt[0]->max_element(bit_index - 1);
 7985:
 7986:
         }
 7987:
         pair< T, BinaryTrie * > min element(int bit index) {
 7988:
 7989:
           propagate(bit index);
 7990:
            if(bit_index == -1) return {0, this};
 7991:
            if(nxt[0] && nxt[0]->size()) {
 7992:
             return nxt[0]->min_element(bit_index - 1);
 7993:
            } else {
 7994:
              auto ret = nxt[1]->min_element(bit_index - 1);
 7995:
              ret.first |= T(1) << bit_index;
 7996:
              return ret;
 7997:
 7998:
 7999:
         T mex_query(int bit_index) { // distinct-values
 8000:
 8001:
            propagate(bit index);
            if(bit_index == -1 || !nxt[0]) return 0;
if(nxt[0]->size() == (T(1) << bit_index)) {</pre>
 8002:
 8003:
 8004:
              T ret = T(1) << bit_index;</pre>
              if(nxt[1]) ret |= nxt[1]->mex_query(bit_index - 1);
 8005:
 8006:
             return ret;
 8007:
            } else {
 8008:
             return nxt[0]->mex_query(bit_index - 1);
 8009:
 8010:
 8011:
 8012:
         int64_t count_less(const T &bit, int bit_index) {
 8013:
           propagate(bit index);
 8014:
            if(bit_index == -1) return 0;
 8015:
            int64_t ret = 0;
 8016:
            if((bit >> bit_index) & 1) {
 8017:
              if(nxt[0]) ret += nxt[0]->size();
 8018:
             if(nxt[1]) ret += nxt[1]->count_less(bit, bit_index - 1);
 8019:
            } else {
 8020:
             if(nxt[0]) ret += nxt[0]->count_less(bit, bit_index - 1);
 8021:
 8022:
           return ret;
 8023:
         }
 8024:
 8025:
         pair< T, BinaryTrie * > get_kth(int64_t k, int bit_index) { // 1-indexed
 8026:
           propagate(bit_index);
```

```
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 8027:
           if(bit_index == -1) return {0, this};
 8028:
           if((nxt[0] ? nxt[0]->size() : 0) < k) {
            auto ret = nxt[1]->get_kth(k - (nxt[0] ? nxt[0]->size() : 0), bit_index - 1)
 8029:
 8030:
            ret.first |= T(1) << bit_index;</pre>
 8031:
            return ret;
 8032:
           } else {
            return nxt[0]->get_kth(k, bit_index - 1);
 8033:
 8034:
           }
 8035:
 8036:
 8037:
        pair< T, BinaryTrie * > max_element() {
 8038:
          assert(exist);
 8039:
          return max_element(MAX_LOG);
 8040:
 8041:
 8042:
        pair< T, BinaryTrie * > min_element() {
 8043:
          assert(exist);
 8044:
          return min_element(MAX_LOG);
 8045:
 8046:
 8047:
        T mex_query() {
 8048:
          return mex_query(MAX_LOG);
 8049:
 8050:
 8051:
        int size() const {
 8052:
          return exist;
 8053:
 8054:
 8055:
        void xorpush(const T &bit) {
 8056:
          lazy ^= bit;
 8057:
 8058:
 8059:
        int64_t count_less(const T &bit) {
 8060:
          return count_less(bit, MAX_LOG);
 8061:
 8062:
        pair< T, BinaryTrie * > get_kth(int64_t k) {
 8063:
 8064:
          assert(0 < k && k <= size());
 8065:
          return get_kth(k, MAX_LOG);
 8066:
 8067:
        void propagate(int bit_index) {
 8068:
           if((lazy >> bit_index) & 1) swap(nxt[0], nxt[1]);
 8069:
           if(nxt[0]) nxt[0]->lazy ^= lazy;
 8070:
 8071:
           if(nxt[1]) nxt[1]->lazy ^= lazy;
 8072:
           lazy = 0;
 8073:
 8074: };
 8075:
 8076:
 8078: ######### disjoint-sparse-table.cpp #############
 8080:
 8081: template < typename Semigroup >
 8082: struct DisjointSparseTable {
 8083: using F = function< Semigroup(Semigroup, Semigroup) >;
 8084:
        const F f;
 8085:
        vector< vector< Semigroup > > st;
 8086:
 8087:
        DisjointSparseTable(const vector< Semigroup > &v, const F &f) : f(f) {
 8088:
          int b = 0;
 8089:
          while((1 << b) <= v.size()) ++b;</pre>
 8090:
          st.resize(b, vector< Semigroup >(v.size(), Semigroup()));
           for(int i = 0; i < v.size(); i++) st[0][i] = v[i];</pre>
 8091:
 8092:
          for(int i = 1; i < b; i++) {</pre>
 8093:
             int shift = 1 << i;
 8094:
             for(int j = 0; j < v.size(); j += shift << 1) {</pre>
               int t = min(j + shift, (int) v.size());
 8095:
```

```
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              st[i][t - 1] = v[t - 1];
 8096:
 8097:
              for(int k = t - 2; k \ge j; k--) st[i][k] = f(v[k], st[i][k + 1]);
              if(v.size() <= t) break;</pre>
 8098:
 8099:
              st[i][t] = v[t];
 8100:
              int r = min(t + shift, (int) v.size());
 8101:
              for(int k = t + 1; k < r; k++) st[i][k] = f(st[i][k - 1], v[k]);
 8102:
 8103:
          }
        }
 8104:
 8105:
 8106:
        Semigroup query(int 1, int r) {
 8107:
          if(1 >= --r) return st[0][1];
          int p = 31 - __builtin_clz(1 ^ r);
 8108:
 8109:
          return f(st[p][1], st[p][r]);
 8110:
 8111: };
 8112:
 8113:
 8117:
 8118: struct SuccinctIndexableDictionary {
 8119:
        size_t length;
 8120:
        size_t blocks;
        vector< unsigned > bit, sum;
 8121:
 8122:
 8123:
        SuccinctIndexableDictionary() {
 8124:
 8125:
 8126:
        SuccinctIndexableDictionary(size_t _length) {
          length = length;
 8127:
          blocks = (length + 31) >> 5;
 8128:
 8129:
         bit.assign(blocks, OU);
 8130:
          sum.assign(blocks, 0U);
 8131:
 8132:
 8133:
        void set(int k) {
         bit[k >> 5] = 1U << (k & 31);
 8134:
 8135:
 8136:
 8137:
        void build() {
 8138:
          sum[0] = 0U;
          for(int i = 1; i < blocks; i++) {</pre>
 8139:
 8140:
            sum[i] = sum[i - 1] + __builtin_popcount(bit[i - 1]);
 8141:
 8142:
8143:
 8144:
        bool operator[](int k) const {
8145:
         return (bool((bit[k >> 5] >> (k & 31)) & 1));
8146:
 8147:
 8148:
        int rank(int k) {
8149:
         return (sum[k >> 5] + __builtin_popcount(bit[k >> 5] & ((1U << (k & 31)) - 1))</pre>
);
 8150:
 8151:
        int rank(bool val, int k) {
 8152:
 8153:
         return (val ? rank(k) : k - rank(k));
 8154:
 8155:
 8156:
        int select(bool val, int k) {
          if(k < 0 | | rank(val, length) <= k) return (-1);</pre>
 8157:
          int low = 0, high = length;
 8158:
 8159:
          while(high - low > 1) {
 8160:
            int mid = (low + high) >> 1;
 8161:
            if(rank(val, mid) >= k + 1) high = mid;
 8162:
            else low = mid;
 8163:
 8164:
          return (high - 1);
```

```
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 8165:
 8166:
 8167:
         int select(bool val, int i, int l) {
 8168:
           return select(val, i + rank(val, 1));
 8169:
 8170: };
 8171:
 8172: template < class T, int MAXLOG >
 8173: struct WaveletMatrix {
 8174:
         size_t length;
 8175:
         SuccinctIndexableDictionary matrix[MAXLOG];
 8176:
         int zs[MAXLOG];
 8177:
         int buff1[MAXLOG], buff2[MAXLOG];
 8178:
 8179:
         int freq_dfs(int d, int l, int r, T val, T a, T b) {
 8180:
           if(1 == r) return 0;
 8181:
            if(d == MAXLOG) return (a <= val && val < b) ? r - 1 : 0;</pre>
 8182:
            T \text{ nv} = 1 \text{ULL} << (\text{MAXLOG} - d - 1) \mid \text{val}, \text{ nnv} = ((1 \text{ULL} << (\text{MAXLOG} - d - 1)) - 1)
nv;
 8183:
            if(nnv < a || b <= val) return 0;</pre>
 8184:
            if(a <= val && nnv < b) return r - l;</pre>
 8185:
            int lc = matrix[d].rank(1, 1), rc = matrix[d].rank(1, r);
           return freq_dfs(d + 1, l - lc, r - rc, val, a, b) +
 8186:
                   freq_dfs(d + 1, lc + zs[d], rc + zs[d], nv, a, b);
 8187:
 8188:
 8189:
         WaveletMatrix(vector< T > data) {
 8190:
 8191:
           length = data.size();
            vector< T > l(length), r(length);
 8192:
 8193:
           for(int depth = 0; depth < MAXLOG; depth++) {</pre>
             matrix[depth] = SuccinctIndexableDictionary(length + 1);
 8194:
 8195:
              int left = 0, right = 0;
             for(int i = 0; i < length; i++) {</pre>
 8196:
 8197:
                bool k = (data[i] >> (MAXLOG - depth - 1)) & 1;
 8198:
                if(k) r[right++] = data[i], matrix[depth].set(i);
 8199:
                else l[left++] = data[i];
 8200:
 8201:
             zs[depth] = left;
 8202:
             matrix[depth].build();
 8203:
              swap(1, data);
              for(int i = 0; i < right; i++) data[left + i] = r[i];</pre>
 8204:
 8205:
 8206:
 8207:
 8208:
         T access(int k) {
 8209:
            int ret = 0;
 8210:
           bool bit;
 8211:
            for(int depth = 0; depth < MAXLOG; depth++) {</pre>
 8212:
              bit = matrix[depth][k];
 8213:
             ret = (ret << 1) | bit;
 8214:
             k = matrix[depth].rank(bit, k) + zs[depth] * bit;
 8215:
 8216:
           return (ret);
 8217:
 8218:
 8219:
         int rank(T val, int k) {
 8220:
           int 1 = 0, r = k;
 8221:
            for(int depth = 0; depth < MAXLOG; depth++) {</pre>
 8222:
              buff1[depth] = 1, buff2[depth] = r;
 8223:
             bool bit = (val >> (MAXLOG - depth - 1)) & 1;
 8224:
             l = matrix[depth].rank(bit, 1) + zs[depth] * bit;
 8225:
             r = matrix[depth].rank(bit, r) + zs[depth] * bit;
 8226:
 8227:
           return (r - 1);
 8228:
 8229:
 8230:
         int select(T val, int kth) {
 8231:
           rank(val, length);
 8232:
            for(int depth = MAXLOG - 1; depth >= 0; depth--) {
             bool bit = (val >> (MAXLOG - depth - 1)) & 1;
 8233:
```

```
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 8234:
             kth = matrix[depth].select(bit, kth, buff1[depth]);
             if(kth >= buff2[depth] | kth < 0) return (-1);</pre>
 8235:
 8236:
             kth -= buff1[depth];
 8237:
 8238:
           return (kth);
 8239:
 8240:
         int select(T val, int k, int l) {
 8241:
 8242:
          return select(val, k + rank(val, 1));
 8243:
 8244:
 8245:
         int quantile(int left, int right, int kth) {
 8246:
           if(right - left <= kth | kth < 0) return (-1);</pre>
 8247:
           T ret = 0;
 8248:
           for(int depth = 0; depth < MAXLOG; depth++) {</pre>
 8249:
             int l = matrix[depth].rank(1, left);
             int r = matrix[depth].rank(1, right);
 8250:
             if(r - 1 > kth) {
 8251:
 8252:
               left = 1 + zs[depth];
 8253:
               right = r + zs[depth];
               ret |= 1ULL << (MAXLOG - depth - 1);
 8254:
 8255:
             } else {
 8256:
               kth -= r - 1;
               left -= 1;
 8257:
               right -= r;
 8258:
 8259:
           }
 8260:
 8261:
           return ret;
 8262:
 8263:
 8264:
         int rangefreq(int left, int right, T lower, T upper) {
          return freq_dfs(0, left, right, 0, lower, upper);
 8265:
 8266:
 8267: };
 8268:
 8269:
 8270:
 8272: ########### sqrt-decomposition.cpp ################
 8274:
 8275: template< typename T, typename E = int >
 8276: struct SqrtDecomposition {
 8277:
        vector< E > block add, elem add;
 8278:
 8279:
         vector< int > block_pos;
 8280:
         vector< T > data, lsum;
 8281:
         vector< vector< T > > sum;
 8282:
        int N, B, K;
 8283:
        E L;
 8284:
        {\tt SqrtDecomposition(int\ N,\ E\ L\ =\ 0)\ :\ N(N),\ L(L)\ \big\{\ \textit{//\ find\ the\ sum\ of\ L\ or\ more\ in\ N(N),\ L(L)\ \big\}}
 8285:
 the interval
 8286:
         B = (int) sqrt(N);
 8287:
          K = (N + B - 1) / B;
 8288:
 8289:
           block add.assign(K, 0);
 8290:
           block_pos.resize(N);
           for(int k = 0; k < K; k++) {
 8291:
             for(int i = k * B; i < min((k + 1) * B, N); i++) block_pos[i] = k;</pre>
 8292:
 8293:
 8294:
           elem_add.assign(N, 0);
 8295:
           data.assign(N, 0);
           sum.assign(K, vector< T >(B, 0));
 8296:
 8297:
           lsum.assign(K, 0);
 8298:
         }
 8299:
 8300:
 8301:
         void build(const vector< E > &add, const vector< T > &dat) {
           assert(add.size() == elem_add.size());
 8302:
```

```
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 8303:
            assert(dat.size() == data.size());
 8304:
            elem_add = add;
 8305:
           data = dat;
 8306:
            for(int k = 0; k < K; k++) {</pre>
 8307:
              E tap = elem_add[k * B];
 8308:
              for(int i = k * B; i < min((k + 1) * B, N); i++) tap = min(tap, elem\_add[i])
 8309:
              block_add[k] = tap;
 8310:
              for(int i = k * B; i < min((k + 1) * B, N); i++) {</pre>
 8311:
                elem_add[i] -= block_add[k];
 8312:
                set(i, dat[i]);
 8313:
            }
 8314:
         }
 8315:
 8316:
 8317:
         inline void del(int k) {
 8318:
           sum[block_pos[k]][elem_add[k]] -= data[k];
 8319:
            if(block_add[block_pos[k]] + elem_add[k] >= L) lsum[block_pos[k]] -= data[k];
 8320:
 8321:
 8322:
         inline void set(int k) {
 8323:
           while(sum[block_pos[k]].size() <= elem_add[k]) sum[block_pos[k]].push_back(0);</pre>
 8324:
            sum[block_pos[k]][elem_add[k]] += data[k];
 8325:
            if(block_add[block_pos[k]] + elem_add[k] >= L) lsum[block_pos[k]] += data[k];
 8326:
 8327:
         void set(int k, T x) {
 8328:
 8329:
           data[k] = x;
 8330:
            set(k);
 8331:
 8332:
         void add(int a, int b) {
 8333:
            for(int k = 0; k < K; k++) {
 8334:
 8335:
              int 1 = k * B;
 8336:
              int r = min(1 + B, N);
 8337:
 8338:
              if(r <= a || b <= 1) {
 8339:
 8340:
              } else if(a <= 1 && r <= b) {</pre>
 8341:
                block_add[k]++;
                if(0 <= L - block_add[k] && L - block_add[k] < sum[k].size()) {</pre>
 8342:
 8343:
                  lsum[k] += sum[k][L - block_add[k]];
 8344:
              } else {
 8345:
                for(int i = max(a, 1); i < min(b, r); i++) {
 8346:
 8347:
                  del(i);
 8348:
                  elem_add[i]++;
 8349:
                  set(i);
 8350:
 8351:
 8352:
         }
 8353:
 8354:
 8355:
 8356:
         void sub(int a, int b) {
            for(int k = 0; k < K; k++) {</pre>
 8357:
              int 1 = k * B;
 8358:
 8359:
              int r = min(1 + B, N);
 8360:
 8361:
              if(r <= a | b <= 1) {
 8362:
 8363:
              } else if(a <= 1 && r <= b) {</pre>
                if(0 <= L - block_add[k] && L - block_add[k] < sum[k].size()) {</pre>
 8364:
                  lsum[k] -= sum[k][L - block_add[k]];
 8365:
 8366:
 8367:
                block_add[k]--;
 8368:
              } else {
 8369:
                if(0 <= L - block_add[k] && L - block_add[k] < sum[k].size()) {</pre>
 8370:
                  lsum[k] -= sum[k][L - block_add[k]];
 8371:
```

```
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 8372:
               block_add[k]--;
 8373:
               for(int i = 1; i < max(a, 1); i++) {</pre>
 8374:
                 del(i);
 8375:
                 elem_add[i]++;
 8376:
                 set(i);
 8377:
 8378:
               for(int i = min(b, r); i < r; i++) {</pre>
 8379:
 8380:
                 elem_add[i]++;
 8381:
                 set(i);
 8382:
 8383:
             }
 8384:
           }
 8385:
         }
 8386:
 8387:
 8388:
        T query(int a, int b, E x) {
 8389:
           T ret = 0;
 8390:
           for(int k = 0; k < K; k++) {
 8391:
             int 1 = k * B;
 8392:
             int r = min(1 + B, N);
 8393:
             if(r <= a || b <= 1) {
 8394:
 8395:
             } else if(a <= 1 && r <= b) {</pre>
 8396:
               if(0 \le x - block_add[k] \&\& x - block_add[k] < sum[k].size()) 
 8397:
                ret += sum[k][x - block_add[k]];
 8398:
 8399:
 8400:
             } else {
               for(int i = max(a, 1); i < min(b, r); i++) {</pre>
 8401:
 8402:
                 if(block_add[k] + elem_add[i] == x) ret += data[i];
 8403:
 8404:
             }
 8405:
           }
 8406:
          return ret;
 8407:
 8408:
 8409:
         T query_low(int a, int b) {
 8410:
 8411:
          T ret = 0;
 8412:
           for(int k = 0; k < K; k++) {
 8413:
             int 1 = k * B;
 8414:
             int r = min(1 + B, N);
 8415:
             if(r <= a || b <= 1) {
 8416:
 8417:
             } else if(a <= l && r <= b) {</pre>
 8418:
              ret += lsum[k];
 8419:
             } else {
 8420:
               for(int i = max(a, 1); i < min(b, r); i++) {</pre>
 8421:
 8422:
                 if(block_add[k] + elem_add[i] >= L) ret += data[i];
 8423:
 8424:
 8425:
 8426:
           return ret;
 8427:
 8428: };
 8429:
 8430:
 8432: ######### priority-sum-structure.cpp ###########
 8434:
 8435: template < typename T, typename Compare = less < T >, typename RCompare = greater < T
 > >
 8436: struct PrioritySumStructure {
 8437:
 8438:
         size_t k;
 8439:
         T sum;
 8440:
```

```
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 8441:
         priority_queue< T, vector< T >, Compare > in, d_in;
 8442:
         priority_queue< T, vector< T >, RCompare > out, d_out;
 8443:
 8444:
         PrioritySumStructure(int k) : k(k), sum(0) {}
 8445:
 8446:
         void modify() {
           while(in.size() - d_in.size() < k && !out.empty()) {</pre>
 8447:
 8448:
             auto p = out.top();
 8449:
             out.pop();
 8450:
             if(!d_out.empty() && p == d_out.top()) {
 8451:
               d_out.pop();
              } else {
 8452:
 8453:
               sum += p;
 8454:
                in.emplace(p);
 8455:
             }
 8456:
 8457:
           while(in.size() - d_in.size() > k) {
 8458:
             auto p = in.top();
 8459:
             in.pop();
             if(!d_in.empty() && p == d_in.top()) {
 8460:
 8461:
               d_in.pop();
 8462:
             } else {
 8463:
               sum -= p;
 8464:
                out.emplace(p);
 8465:
           }
 8466:
           while(!d_in.empty() && in.top() == d_in.top()) {
 8467:
 8468:
             in.pop();
 8469:
             d_in.pop();
 8470:
 8471:
         }
 8472:
 8473:
         T query() const {
 8474:
           return sum;
 8475:
 8476:
 8477:
         void insert(T x) {
 8478:
          in.emplace(x);
 8479:
           sum += x;
 8480:
           modify();
 8481:
 8482:
 8483:
         void erase(T x) {
 8484:
           assert(size());
 8485:
           if(!in.empty() \&\& in.top() == x) {
 8486:
             sum -= x;
 8487:
             in.pop();
 8488:
            } else if(!in.empty() && RCompare()(in.top(), x)) {
 8489:
             sum -= x;
 8490:
             d_in.emplace(x);
 8491:
           } else {
 8492:
             d_out.emplace(x);
           }
 8493:
 8494:
           modify();
 8495:
 8496:
         void set_k(size_t kk) {
 8497:
 8498:
          k = kk;
 8499:
           modify();
 8500:
 8501:
 8502:
         size_t get_k() const {
 8503:
          return k;
 8504:
         }
 8505:
 8506:
         size_t size() const {
 8507:
           return in.size() + out.size() - d_in.size() - d_out.size();
 8508:
 8509: };
```

8510:

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```
8511: template< typename T >
 8512: using MaximumSum = PrioritySumStructure< T, greater< T >, less< T > >;
 8513:
 8514: template< typename T >
 8515: using MinimumSum = PrioritySumStructure< T, less< T >, greater< T > >;
 8517:
 8518:
 8522:
 8523: template < typename Monoid = int, typename OperatorMonoid = Monoid >
 8524: struct LinkCutTree {
 8525:
       using F = function< Monoid(Monoid, Monoid) >;
 8526:
        using G = function< Monoid(Monoid, OperatorMonoid, int) >;
 8527:
        using H = function< OperatorMonoid(OperatorMonoid, OperatorMonoid) >;
 8528:
        using S = function< Monoid(Monoid) >;
 8529:
 8530:
        struct Node {
 8531:
          Node *1, *r, *p;
 8532:
          int idx;
 8533:
          Monoid key, sum;
 8534:
          OperatorMonoid lazy;
 8535:
 8536:
          bool rev;
 8537:
          int sz;
 8538:
 8539:
          bool is_root() {
 8540:
            return !p | | (p->l != this && p->r != this);
 8541:
 8542:
          Node(int idx, const Monoid &key, const OperatorMonoid &om) :
 8543:
 8544:
              idx(idx), key(key), sum(key), lazy(om), sz(1),
 8545:
              1(nullptr), r(nullptr), p(nullptr), rev(false) {}
 8546:
        };
 8547:
 8548:
        const Monoid M1;
 8549:
        const OperatorMonoid OMO;
 8550:
       const F f;
 8551:
        const G q;
 8552:
        const H h;
 8553:
        const S s;
 8554:
        LinkCutTree() : LinkCutTree([](Monoid a, Monoid b) { return a + b; }, [](Monoid
a) { return a; }, Monoid()) {}
 8556:
        LinkCutTree(const F &f, const S &s, const Monoid &M1) :
 8557:
            LinkCutTree(f, G(), H(), s, M1, OperatorMonoid()) {}
 8558:
 8559:
        LinkCutTree(const F &f, const G &g, const H &h, const S &s,
 8560:
 8561:
                    const Monoid &M1, const OperatorMonoid &OM0) :
            f(f), g(g), h(h), s(s), M1(M1), OMO(OMO) {}
 8562:
 8563:
 8564:
        Node *make_node(int idx, const Monoid &v = Monoid()) {
 8565:
         return new Node(idx, v, OM0);
 8566:
 8567:
 8568:
        void propagate(Node *t, const OperatorMonoid &x) {
 8569:
          t \rightarrow lazy = h(t \rightarrow lazy, x);
 8570:
          t\rightarrow key = g(t\rightarrow key, x, 1);
 8571:
          t->sum = g(t->sum, x, t->sz);
 8572:
 8573:
 8574:
        void toggle(Node *t) {
 8575:
          assert(t);
          swap(t->1, t->r);
 8576:
          t->sum = s(t->sum);
 8577:
          t->rev ^= true;
 8578:
 8579:
```

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```
8580:
8581:
        void push(Node *t) {
8582:
          if(t->lazy != OM0) {
8583:
            if(t->1) propagate(t->1, t->lazy);
8584:
            if(t->r) propagate(t->r, t->lazy);
8585:
            t->lazy = OM0;
8586:
8587:
          if(t->rev) {
8588:
            if(t->1) toggle(t->1);
8589:
            if(t->r) toggle(t->r);
8590:
            t->rev = false;
8591:
        }
8592:
8593:
8594:
        void update(Node *t) {
8595:
          t->sz = 1;
8596:
          t->sum = t->key;
8597:
          if(t->1) t->sz += t->l->sz, t->sum = f(t->l->sum, t->sum);
8598:
          if(t->r) t->sz += t->r->sz, t->sum = f(t->sum, t->r->sum);
8599:
8600:
8601:
        void rotr(Node *t) {
8602:
          auto *x = t - p, *y = x - p;
          if((x->1 = t->r)) t->r->p = x;
8603:
          t->r = x, x->p = t;
8604:
          update(x), update(t);
8605:
          if((t->p = y)) {
8606:
            if(y->1 == x) y->1 = t;
8607:
8608:
            if(y->r == x) y->r = t;
            update(y);
8609:
8610:
          }
8611:
        }
8612:
8613:
        void rotl(Node *t) {
8614:
          auto *x = t - p, *y = x - p;
8615:
          if((x->r = t->1)) t->1->p = x;
8616:
          t->1 = x, x->p = t;
8617:
          update(x), update(t);
8618:
          if((t->p = y)) 
8619:
            if(y->1 == x) y->1 = t;
8620:
            if(y->r == x) y->r = t;
8621:
            update(y);
8622:
8623:
8624:
8625:
        void splay(Node *t) {
8626:
          push(t);
8627:
          while(!t->is_root()) {
8628:
            auto *q = t->p;
8629:
            if(q->is_root()) {
8630:
              push(q), push(t);
              if(q->l == t) rotr(t);
8631:
              else rotl(t);
8632:
8633:
            } else {
              auto *r = q->p;
8634:
8635:
              push(r), push(q), push(t);
              if(r\rightarrow l == q) {
8636:
8637:
                if(q->1 == t) rotr(q), rotr(t);
8638:
                else rotl(t), rotr(t);
8639:
               } else {
8640:
                if(q->r == t) rotl(q), rotl(t);
8641:
                 else rotr(t), rotl(t);
8642:
8643:
8644:
          }
8645:
        }
8646:
8647:
        Node *expose(Node *t) {
8648:
          Node *rp = nullptr;
8649:
          for(Node *cur = t; cur; cur = cur->p) {
```

```
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 8650:
             splay(cur);
 8651:
             cur->r = rp;
 8652:
             update(cur);
 8653:
             rp = cur;
 8654:
 8655:
           splay(t);
 8656:
           return rp;
 8657:
 8658:
 8659:
         void link(Node *child, Node *parent) {
 8660:
           expose(child);
 8661:
           expose(parent);
 8662:
           child->p = parent;
          parent->r = child;
 8663:
 8664:
           update(parent);
 8665:
 8666:
 8667:
         void cut(Node *child) {
 8668:
           expose(child);
 8669:
           auto *parent = child->l;
 8670:
           child->l = nullptr;
 8671:
           parent->p = nullptr;
 8672:
           update(child);
 8673:
 8674:
         void evert(Node *t) {
 8675:
 8676:
           expose(t);
 8677:
           toggle(t);
           push(t);
 8678:
 8679:
 8680:
         Node *lca(Node *u, Node *v) {
 8681:
           if(get root(u) != get root(v)) return nullptr;
 8682:
 8683:
           expose(u);
 8684:
           return expose(v);
 8685:
 8686:
 8687:
         vector< int > get_path(Node *x) {
 8688:
           vector< int > vs;
           function< void(Node *) > dfs = [&](Node *cur) {
 8689:
 8690:
             if(!cur) return;
             push(cur);
 8691:
 8692:
             dfs(cur->r);
             vs.push_back(cur->idx);
 8693:
 8694:
             dfs(cur->1);
           };
 8695:
 8696:
           expose(x);
 8697:
           dfs(x);
 8698:
           return vs;
 8699:
 8700:
 8701:
         void set_propagate(Node *t, const OperatorMonoid &x) {
 8702:
           expose(t);
 8703:
           propagate(t, x);
 8704:
           push(t);
 8705:
         }
 8706:
 8707:
         Node *get_kth(Node *x, int k) {
 8708:
           expose(x);
 8709:
           while(x) {
             push(x);
 8710:
 8711:
             if(x->r \&\& x->r->sz > k) {
 8712:
               x = x->r;
 8713:
              } else {
 8714:
               if(x->r) k -= x->r->sz;
 8715:
               if(k == 0) return x;
 8716:
               k = 1;
 8717:
               x = x -> 1;
             }
 8718:
           }
 8719:
```

```
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 8720:
          return nullptr;
 8721:
 8722:
 8723:
       Node *get_root(Node *x) {
 8724:
        expose(x);
         while (x->1) {
 8725:
           push(x);
 8726:
 8727:
           x = x -> 1;
 8728:
 8729:
         return x;
 8730:
 8731: };
 8732:
 8733:
 8734:
 8736: ######### persistent-union-find.cpp ############
 8738:
 8739: struct PersistentUnionFind
 8740: {
 8741:
        PersistentArray< int, 3 > data;
 8742:
 8743:
        PersistentUnionFind() {}
 8744:
 8745:
        PersistentUnionFind(int sz)
 8746:
 8747:
         data.build(vector< int >(sz, -1));
 8748:
 8749:
        int find(int k)
 8750:
 8751:
 8752:
         int p = data.get(k);
 8753:
         return p >= 0 ? find(p) : k;
 8754:
 8755:
 8756:
        int size(int k)
 8757:
        {
         return (-data.get(find(k)));
 8758:
 8759:
 8760:
 8761:
        PersistentUnionFind unite(int x, int y)
 8762:
 8763:
          x = find(x);
 8764:
          y = find(y);
 8765:
          if(x == y) return *this;
 8766:
          auto u = data.get(x);
          auto v = data.get(y);
 8767:
 8768:
 8769:
          if(u < v) {
 8770:
           auto a = data.mutable_get(x);
            *a += v;
 8771:
           auto b = data.mutable_get(y);
 8772:
 8773:
           *b = x;
          } else {
 8774:
 8775:
           auto a = data.mutable_get(y);
 8776:
           *a += u;
 8777:
           auto b = data.mutable_get(x);
 8778:
           *b = y;
 8779:
 8780:
         return *this;
 8781:
 8782: };
 8783:
 8784:
```