

IBM Education Assistance for z/OS V2R2

Items: Index Record Locking

Secondary Space Reduction

Element/Component: VSAM RLS





Agenda

- Trademarks
- Presentation Objectives
- Overview
- Usage & Invocation
- Migration & Coexistence Considerations
- Installation
- Presentation Summary
- Appendix



Presentation Objectives

Introduce Index Record Locking and Secondary Space Reduction

Page 3 of 10 © 2015 IBM Corporation Filename: zOS V2R2 DFSMS VSAM RLS



Overview

Problem Statement / Need Addressed

- There is a single point of contention (DIWA) preventing concurrent VSAM RLS data CI splits in different CAs, CI reclaims, and spannedrecord insertions and updates
- Spanned-record segments are written separately with multiple I/O requests, causing performance issues and possible inconsistent segments
- Large amounts of free space which is less than what the user specified for secondary allocation amount is left unused on the current volume

Solution

- Introduce a new level of serialization at the sequence set index CI level
- Chain the spanned-record segments so only two I/O requests are made
- Allow secondary allocation of a reduced specified %, so the less-thanfull-secondary free storage on the current volume can be utilized



Usage & Invocation

- Benefit / Value
 - -Improved performance. Performance test results were very promising. Reduces the window for inconsistent spanned-record segments. Less DASD storage is wasted unused.
 - The usage for index record locking and spanned-record chained I/O is automatic and transparent to the user. No changes are required to use/invoke the new functions.
 - To activate 'secondary space reduction', specify "Reduce Space Up To(%) (0 to 99)" in the ISMF data class panel.



Usage & Invocation

New SMF fields were added to MVS System Management Facilities (SMF) for the new index record locks

- SMF42xxH* No. of component_1 class_4 (index record) locks (obtain/alter/promote).
- SMF42xxI* No. of component_1 class_4 (index record) locks that caused true contention.
- SMF42xxJ* No. of component_1 class_4 (index record) locks that caused false contention.
- SMF42xxK* No. of component_1 class_4 (index record) release lock requests.

* where xx = FP (Subtype 15, sysplex wide), FS (Subtype 15, per system), GS (Subtype 16, sysplex wide), GT (Subtype 16, per system), HE (Subtype 17, sysplex wide), HJ (Subtype 17, per system).



Migration & Coexistence Considerations

- For index record locking, toleration APAR OA42676 is required to be applied on all V1R13 and V2R1 systems around the sysplex prior to bringing in any V2R2 systems.
- Releases prior to V1R13 cannot be in the same sysplex as V2R2 systems. Broken data sets can occur as index record locking is a serialization change.

Page 7 of 10 © 2015 IBM Corporation



Installation

■Toleration APAR OA42676 requires a re-IPL to install correctly.

Page 8 of 10 © 2015 IBM Corporation



Presentation Summary

- For index record locking, toleration APAR OA42676 is required to be installed on all systems at V1R13 and V2R1 prior to bringing in a V2R2 system.
- Index record locking and spanned-record chained I/O require no new or changed externals; the functions run automatically and cannot be disabled.
- 'Secondary space reduction' requires specification of a reduced % of secondary allocation amount in the ISMF data class panel.

© 2015 IBM Corporation



Appendix

 MVS System Management Facilities (SMF) SA38-0667-02

Page 10 of 10 © 2015 IBM Corporation