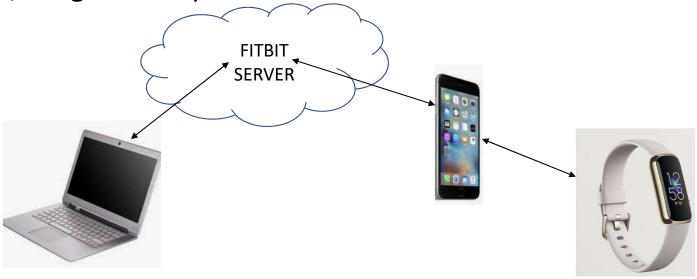


Autenticazione e autorizzazione con Oauth2 un esempio d'uso: FITBIT

Uso di JSON Web Token per gestire l'accesso alle risorse

Un esempio di applicazione: accedere ai dati del profilo fitbit

 La fitness band Fitbit si collega via bluetooth al cellulare, ma le informazioni vengono mandate con una certa periodicità al cloud di fitbit. Le informazioni pur essendo presenti nella fitness band e sul cellulare, vengono sempre lette dal server su cloud





Lettura dei dati dell'utente da programma

Si possono sviluppare applicazioni che si connettono al server fitbit utilizzando le API che mette a disposizione

https://dev.fitbit.com/build/reference/web-api

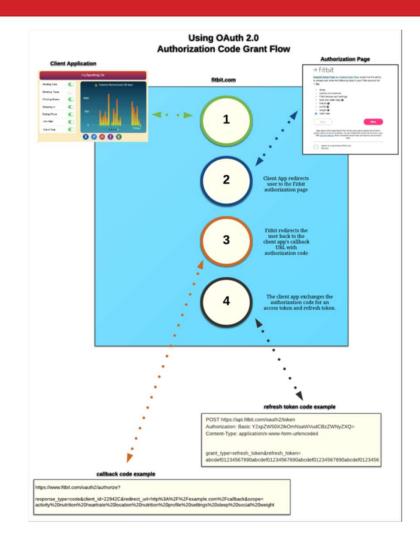
Quick Start

- 1. Review the basics about how the Fitbit Web API works.
- Register your application to get API client credentials. You will need a Fitbit account (free) to register an app.
- 3. Implement an OAuth 2.0 authorization flow to allow people to give your app permission to access data on their behalf.
- 4. Make HTTP requests to access data. The different types of data available via the Web API are listed in the navigation. You can also try the API Explorer.
- If you have a server app and want to be notified when people have new data available, implement the Subscriptions API.

The Authorization Code Grant Flow has the following steps:

- 1. Your application presents the Fitbit authorization page to the user by calling the "authorize" endpoint. See <u>Authorization Page</u> below.
- 2. The user consents to share their Fitbit data with your application by enabling some or all scopes. Upon the user's initial consent, Fitbit redirects the user back to your application using the redirect or callback URL with an authorization code as a URL parameter.
- 3. Your application exchanges the authorization code it receives from step 2 for an access token and refresh token pair. See <u>Access Token Request</u> below. Your application should store the access token and refresh token.
- 4. The application uses the access token to execute API calls. The refresh token is used to renew the access token when it expires without having to re-prompt the user.

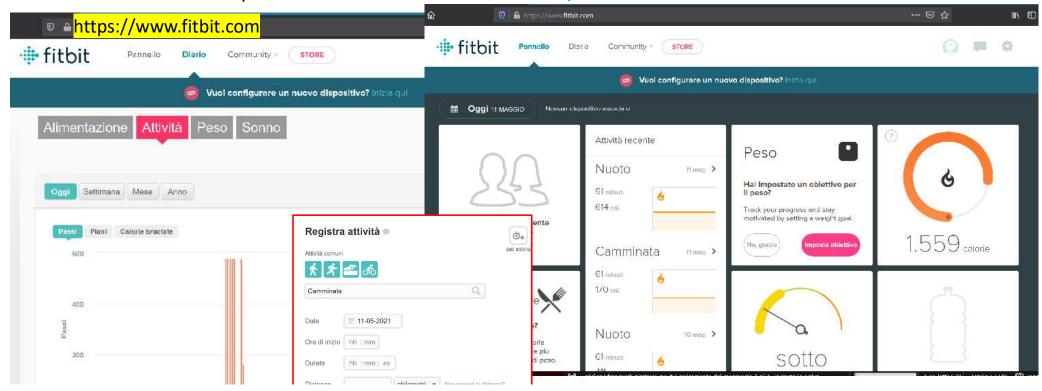
Dal sito https://dev.fitbit.com/build/reference/web-api/oauth2/#authorization-code-grant-flow





Prima di registrare la nuova app (la client application) ...

Occorre disporre di un account su fitbit.com (potete crearne uno locale oppure registrarvi con un utente google). Una volta creato l'account potete accedere alla vostra dashboard dove sono visualizzabili i dati provenienti dal vostro fitness tracker/smartwatch o dati inseriti manualmente.





Le Web-API di fitbit.com

Invieremo al server fitbit.com delle GET per prelevare le attività dell'utente [user-id] ad una certa data (nel formato AAAA-MM-GG)

Dovremo inviare nell'header un token dopo averlo prelevato dall'authorization server di fitbit (presentando l'ID di una Client App registrata sullo stesso, e un «secret» condiviso tra Client App e l'authorization server)

Activity & Exercise Logs

Get Daily Activity Summary

The Get Daily Activity Summary endpoint retrieves a summary and list of a user's activities and activity log entries for a given day in the format requested using units in the unit system which corresponds to the Accept-Language header provided.

Privacy Setting

The Activities (Friends or Anyone) privacy permission grants access to a user's resource with the exception that the response DOES NOT include a detailed list of activity log entries.

Consideration

- 1. Daily summary data and daily goals for elevation (elevation, floors) only included for users with a device with an altimeter.
- The steps field in activity log entires included only for activities that have steps (e.g. "Walking", "Running"); distance only included when it is relevant.
- Calorie burn goal (caloriesOut) represents either dynamic daily target from the premium trainer plan or manual calorie burn goal.Goals are included to the response only for today and 21 days in the past.

Resource URL

GET https://api.fitbit.com/1/user/[user-id]/activities/date/[date].json

user-id	The encoded ID of the user. Use "-" (dash) for current logged-in user.	
date	The date in the format yyyy-MM-dd	

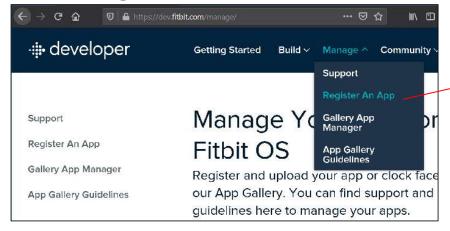
Request Headers

Accept-Locale	optional	The locale to use for response values.	
Accept-Language	optional	The measurement unit system to use for response values.	

Example Response



Registriamo una nuova app (dev.fitbit.com)



Application name / Description: a vostra scelta

Application Website, Terms of Service, Privacy policy URL: http://localhost

Organization + Website URL: a vostra scelta (io ho inserito DISIT, UPO + sito)

Oauth2 Application Type: Personal (potrà accedere solo l'utente che ha creato l'app)

Redirect URL: http://localhost:6789/Callback

Access Type: Read Only; flaggare «I have read ...» poi Click su Register

Register an application Application Name * Description * Application Website URL * Organization * Organization Website URL * Terms of Service URL * Privacy Policy URL * OAuth 2.0 Application Type * O Server O Client Personal @ Redirect URL * Default Access Type * O Read & Write Read Only Add a subscriber I have read and agree to the terms of service



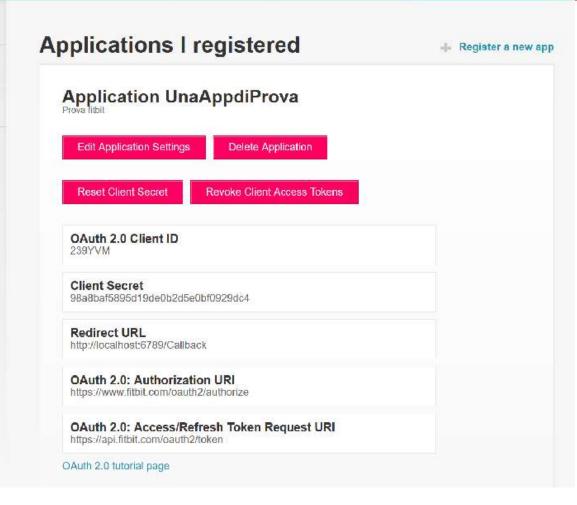
Annotare i campi:

- Client ID
- Client Secret
- Redirect URL (definita da noi)
- Oauth2.0 Authorization URI

https://www.fitbit.com/oauth2/authorize

 Oauth 2.0 Access/Refresh Token Request URI

https://www.fitbit.com/oauth2/token



Sperimentiamo (vedere ... fitbit-oauth-java sul dir)

Utilizziamo le librerie di google che implementano il protocollo Oauth2 con «accessori» per avviare un web-server jetty quando si esegue l'applicazione, e per parsificare il json ricevuto dal server.

```
In build.gradle
dependencies {
....
// OAuth client library
implementation 'com.google.oauth-client:google-oauth-client:1.28.0'
// Jetty extension for the OAuth client library (as local webserver)
implementation 'com.google.oauth-client:google-oauth-client-jetty:1.28.0'
// gson support for the OAuth client library
implementation 'com.google.http-client:google-http-client-gson:1.28.0'
}
```

fitbit-oauth-java

Il programma (un web server che risponderà su localhost:6789)

Tutti i dati ricavati al momento della registrazione della «client application» sul sito fitbit si devono inserire in OauthCredentials.java

```
✓ src

// sample client id, as provided by Fitbit
 private static final String CLIENT ID = "239YWF";
                                                                                                            it.uniupo.reti2
 // sample client secret, as provided by Fitbit

✓ Immodel

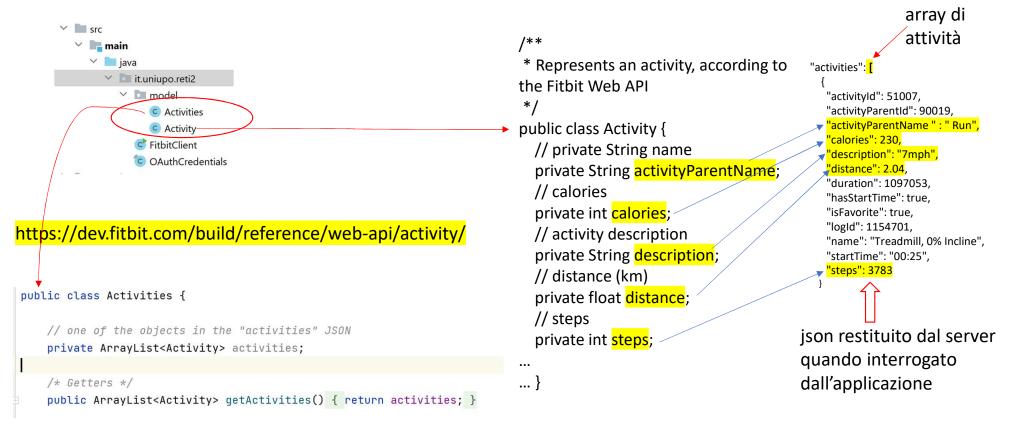
    Activities

 private static final String CLIENT SECRET = "821b9097c207ffa914c985a8a51bb8a3";
                                                                                                                  Activity
 // domain and port of the local server to complete the OAuth 2.0 authorization flow
                                                                                                                FitbitClient

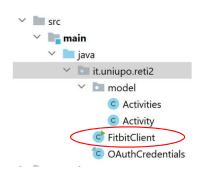
    OAuthCredentials

 private static final int PORT = 6789;
 private static final String DOMAIN = "localhost";
 // server URLs, as provided by Fitbit
 private static final String TOKEN SERVER URL = "https://api.fitbit.com/oauth2/token";
 private static final String AUTHORIZATION SERVER URL = "https://www.fitbit.com/oauth2/authorize";
```

Il modello dei dati (per estrarre i dati dal json ottenuto dal server fitbit)

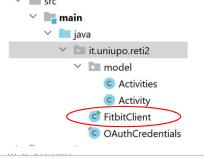


Classe principale (fase di autorizzazione e interrogazione)



```
public static void main(String[] args) {
  try {
    // authorization flow
    final Credential credential = authorize();
    // print JWT access token
    System.out.println(credential.getAccessToken().toString());
    System.out.println("Authorization completed");
    // init a requestFactory
    HttpRequestFactory requestFactory =
        HTTP TRANSPORT.createRequestFactory((HttpRequest request) -> {
          credential.initialize(request);
          request.setParser(new JsonObjectParser(JSON_FACTORY));
        });
    // execute the API call, backed by OAuth 2.0
    run(requestFactory);
    System.out.println("Authorized");
    // Success!
    return;
  } catch (IOException e) {
    System.err.println(e.getMessage());
  } catch (Throwable t) {
    t.printStackTrace();}
```

Classe principale (fase di autorizzazione e interrogazione)



com.google.api.client.http.HttpRequest
public com.google.api.client.http.HttpResponse execute()
throws java.io.IOException

Execute the HTTP request and returns the HTTP response. Note that regardless of the returned status code, the HTTP response content has not been parsed yet, and must be parsed by the calling code.

Il json viene parsificato secondo il modello e inserito in un'ArrayList

This method deserializes the specified Json into an object of the specified class. It is not suitable to use if the specified class is a generic type since it will not have the generic type information because of the Type Erasure feature of Java.

Richiesta relativa all'utente private static void run(HttpRequestFactory requestFactory) throws IOException { autenticato che deve anche essere // the URL to call il creatore dell'app GenericUrl url = new GenericUrl("https://api.fitbit.com/1/user/-/activities/date/2022-05-03.json"); // perform a GET request HttpRequest request = requestFactory.buildGetRequest(\u00fcrt1); // get the response as a JSON (and put it in a string) com.google.api.client.http.HttpRequestFactory public com.google.api.client.http.HttpRequest buildGetRequest(@Nullable com.google.api String jsonResponse = request.execute().parseAsString(); throws java.io.IOException Builds a GET request for the given URL // debug url - HTTP request URL or null for none Params: new HTTP request System.out.println("[DEBUG] " + jsonResponse); java.io.IOException Throws Inferred annotations: @org.ietbrains.annotations.Nullable // parse the JSON string in POJO thanks to gson Gradle: com.google.http-client:google-http-client:1.28.0 Activities activities = gson.fromJson(jsonResponse, Activities.class); // print out the steps and calories of the first activity (e.g., 1000 steps for a walk) for (int i = 0; i < activities.getActivities().size(); i++) { System.out.println("Name: " + activities.getActivities().get(i).getName());

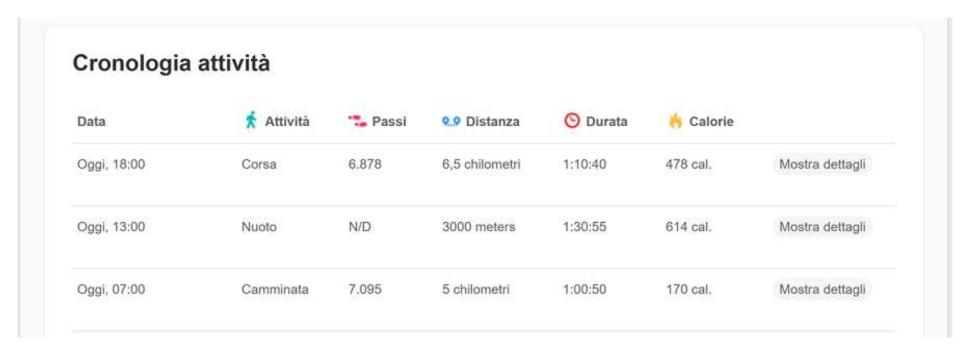
System.out.println("Description: " + activities.getActivities().get(i).getDescription());

System.out.println("Steps: " + activities.getActivities().get(i).getSteps());

System.out.println("Calories: " + activities.getActivities().get(i).getCalories());}



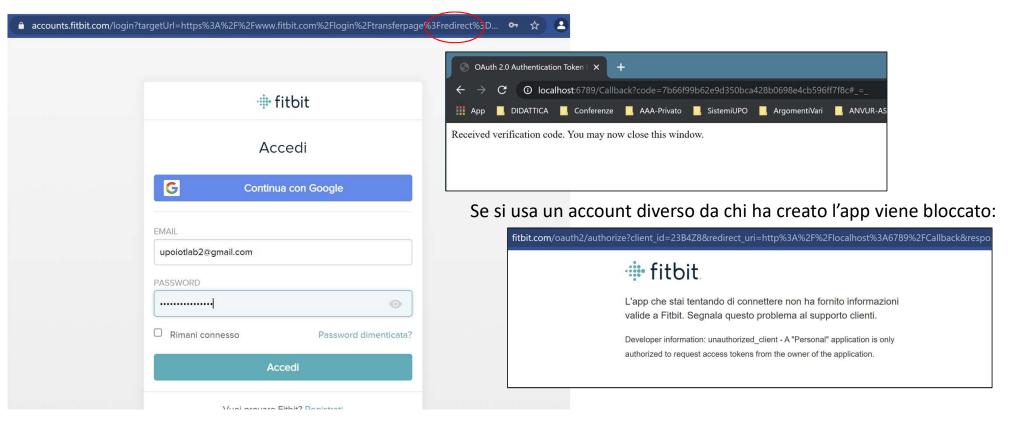
Eseguiamo l'app sull'utente che ha svolto 3 attività





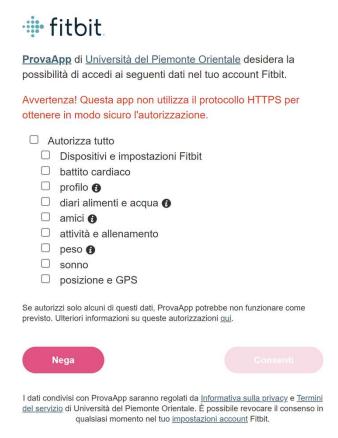
Avvio della fase di autorizzazione

Viene automaticamente aperto il browser sulla pagina di autenticazione di fitbit, dove ci viene richiesto anche di scegliere QUALI dati mettere a disposizione della client-app.





La prima volta chiede anche di specificare quali informazioni si autorizza a prelevare





Risultato dell'esecuzione

Please open the following address in your browser: Authorization endpoint

https://www.fitbit.com/oauth2/authorize?client_id=239YWF&redirect_uri=http://localhost:6789/Callback&response_type=code&scope=activity%20heartrate%20location%

Attempting to open that address in the default browser now...

2021-05-11 22:52:08.725:INFO::Stopped SocketConnector@localhost:6789

token

eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiJ9.eyJhdWQiOiIyMzlZVOYiLCJzdWIiOiI5RDc5S1EiLCJpc3MiOiJGaXRiaXQiLCJOeXAiOiJhY2Nlc3NfdG9rZW4iLCJzY29wZXMiOiJyc29jIHJhY3QgcnNldCBybG9jIHJ3ZWkgcmh Authorization completed

[DEBUG] {"activities":[{"activityId":17151,"activityParentId":90013,"activityParentName":"Walk","calories":170,"description":"Walking less than 2 mph, strolling

Name: Walk

Description: Walking less than 2 mph, strolling very slowly

Steps: 7095 Calories: 170 Name: Swim

Description: 25-50 yards/min

Steps: 0 Calories: 614 Name: Run

Description: Running - 5 mph (12 min/mile)

Steps: 6878 Calories: 478 Authorized

Data	* Attività	*** Passi	Q.O Distanza	O Durata	A Calorie	
0		0.070	0.5017	III (Express)	470	
Oggi, 18:00	Corsa	6.878	6,5 chilometri	1:10:40	478 cal.	Mostra dettagli
Oggi, 13:00	Nuoto	N/D	3000 meters	1:30:55	614 cal.	Mostra dettagli
Oggi, 07:00	Camminata	7.095	5 chilometri	1:00:50	170 cal.	Mostra dettagli

Il token



Encoded PASTE A TOKEN HERE

eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiJ9.eyJhdWQiOiIyMzlZV0 YiLCJzdWIiOiI5RDc5S1EiLCJpc3MiOiJGaXRia XQiLCJ0eXAiOiJhY2Nlc3NfdG9rZW4iLCJzY29w ZXMiOiJyc29jIHJhY3QgcnNldCBybG9jIHJ3ZWk gcmhyIHJudXQgcnBybyByc2xlIiwiZXhwIjoxNj IwNzk2OTA4LCJpYXQiOjE2MjA3NjgxMDh9.hNz_ 6GAI_lmc0LglFYn5BTWy2O6Y9ZSWFW9WHS-PTT8

Decoded FDIT THE PAYLOAD AND SECRET

```
HEADER: ALGORITHM & TOKENTYPE

{
    "alg": "HS256"
}

PAYLOAD: DATA

{
    "aud": "239YWF",
    "sub": "9D79KQ",
    "iss": "Fitbit",
    "typ": "access_token",
    "scopes": "rsoc ract rset rloc rwei rhr rnut rpro rsle",
    "exp": 1620796908,
    "iat": 1620768108
}
```