



Document History

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Contents

ACIIV	ITY 1 -	- COMPILATION APPROACH	
		1.1- MAKE FILE	4
		1.2- STARTUP CODE	5
		1.3- LINKER FILE	8
1.4-	DEBU	UGGING TECHNIQUES	9
ACTIV	ITY 2 –	- IMPLEMENTATION OF PROTOCOLS USING STM IDE	10
ACTIV		- IMPLEMENTATION OF PROTOCOLS USING STM IDE	
ACTIV	2.1		10
ACTIV	2.1 2.2	GPIO	10
ACTIV	2.1 2.2 2.3	GPIO	



Activity 1 – COMPILATION APROACH

This is the complete compilation process of the sample program for ARM Cortex Mx processor based boards. Following are the compilation stages of a C program:

- 1. Preprocessor stage
- 2. Compilation stage
- 3. Assembly stage
- 4. Linking stage

1.1- MAKE FILE

Below is the make file for the sample program:

```
Comparation | Modelman | Modelman
```

Fig 1.1.1 make file



The command to run this make file in the command prompt is:

```
C\\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
:\Users\Training\Desktop\Activity>make -f Makefile.mak
rm-none-eabi-gcc -c -mcpu=cortex-m4 -mthumb -std=gnu11 -Wall -00 -o main.o main.c
:\Users\Training\Desktop\Activity>arm-none-eabi-gcc -nostdlib -T stm32_ls.ld *.o -o final.elf
:\Users\Training\Desktop\Activity>
```

Fig 1.1.2 Make command

- -mcpu=cortex-m4 is used to select our cortex-m4 processor which is used
- -mthumb is used to generate the code that executes in ARM state
- main.o is the target file
- main.c is the dependency

1.2- STARTUP CODE

- The startup file is responsible for setting up the right environments to run the code in main.c file.
- Some part of the startup code is target (processor) dependent.
- Role of startup file:
 - 1. Create a MCU specific vector table for microcontroller.
 - 2. To write a startup code which initializes .data and .bss section in SRAM.
 - 3. Call main()



```
mak 🛭 📑 man c 🔀 📑 Makefile mak 🛪 🛗 stm32_startup.c 🖾 📑 stm32_js.ld 🗷 📑 final elf 😢
#include<stdint.h>
              #define SRAM_START 0x20000000U
#define SRAM_SIZE (128U * 1024U) //128KB
#define SRAM_END ((SRAM_START) + (SRAM_SIZE))
              #define STACK_START SRAM_END
              extern uint32_t _etext;
extern uint32_t _edata;
extern uint32_t _edata;
extern uint32_t _la_data;
              extern uint32_t _sbss;
extern uint32_t _ebss;
            void libc init array(void);
         /* function prototypes of STM32F407x system exception and IRQ handlers */
       void Reset Handler (void);

void NMT Handler
void Handfauth. Handler
void Handfauth. Handler
void Handfauth. Handler
void Handfauth. Handler
void Dus Fallt. Handler
void Dus Fallt. Handler
void VMT. Handler
voi
            void Reset Handler (void) :
              void CANL RNO IROHAndler (void) attribute void CANL RNI IROHAndler (void) attribute void CANL RNI IROHAndler (void) attribute (void) attribute
                                    while(1);
void Reset_Handler(void)
                                         //copy .data section to SRAM
uint32_t size = (uint32_t)&_edata - (uint32_t)&_sdata;
                             uint8 t *pDst = (uint8 t*) & sdata; //sxam
uint8 t *pSrc = (uint8 t*) & la_data; //flash
                                         for(uint32_t i =0 ; i < size ; i++)
                                         *pDst++ = *pSrc++;
                                         //Init. the .bsg section to zero in SRAM size = (uint32_t)&_ebss = (uint32_t)&_sbss; pDst = (uint32_t)&_sbss; for(uint32_t i =0 ; i < size ; i++) {
                                              *pDst++ = 0;
                                       //_libc_init_array();
                                            main();
```

Fig 1.2.1 Startup code



In startup code we use variable attributes to store some variables in the user defined function. Function attributes:

- Weak: Lets programmer override already defined weak function (dummy function) with the same function name.
- Alias: Lets programmer give any alias name for same function.

The startup.o file generated is of elf executable format, various sections of which are shown below:

```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
                                                                                                               X
:\Users\Training\STM32CubeIDE\workspace 1.5.0\new\Src>make -f Makefile.mak
ırm-none-eabi-gcc -c -mcpu=cortex-m4 -mthumb -std=gnu11 -Wall -00 -o stm32_startup.o stm32_startup.c
:\Users\Training\STM32CubeIDE\workspace_1.5.0\new\Src>arm-none-eabi-objdump.exe -h stm32_startup.o
                    file format elf32-littlearm
stm32_startup.o:
Sections:
dx Name
                 Size
                           VMA
                                    I MA
                                                        Algn
                 00000090 00000000 00000000 00000034
 0 .text
                                                        2**2
                 CONTENTS, ALLOC, LOAD, RELOC, READONLY, CODE
                 00000000 00000000 00000000
                                              000000c4
 1 .data
                 CONTENTS, ALLOC, LOAD, DATA
                 00000000 00000000 00000000 000000c4 2**0
                 ALLOC
                 00000188 00000000 00000000 000000c4 2**2
 3 .isr_vector
                 CONTENTS, ALLOC, LOAD, RELOC, DATA
 4 .comment
                 0000004e 00000000 00000000 0000024c 2**0
                 CONTENTS, READONLY
 5 .ARM.attributes 00000002e 000000000 00000000 0000029a 2**0
                 CONTENTS, READONLY
:\Users\Training\STM32CubeIDE\workspace_1.5.0\new\Src>
```

Fig 1.2.2: Startup command



1.3- LINKER SCRIPT

- Linkers take one or more object files or libraries as input and combines them to create a single executable file as output.
- Linker scripts decide how different sections of object file should be merged to create an output file.
- Reset handler is the entry point to the application
- Entry command is used to set the "Entry point address" information in the header of final elf file generated.

Syntax: Entry(symbol_name) Entry(Reset_Handler)



Fig 1.3.1 command to generate final.elf file

1.4- DEBUGGING TECHNIQUES

- The STM32F407VG is embedded with on chip debugger for debugging the code.
- The OCD ON-Chip Debugger aims to provide debugging, in system programming and boundary scan testing for embedded target devices.
- OCD is a free and opensource host application allows you to program, debug, and analyze your applications using GDB.
- It supports various target boards based on different processor architecture.



Activity 2 – IMPLEMENTATION OF PROTOCOLS USING STM IDE

Implementation of protocols for STM32F407VG microcontroller featuring ARM32 bit ARM-cortex M4 with FPU core using HAL library.

2.1 GPIO:

Toggling LED at pin PD12 at GREEN_LED_GPIO_PORT. Serial wire is enabled at pin PA13.



Fig: 2.1.1 GPIO pin configuration

```
/* Initialize all configured peripherals */
MX_GPIO_Init();
/* USER CODE BEGIN 2 */

/* USER CODE END 2 */

/* USER CODE BEGIN WHILE */
while (1)
{
    HAL_GPIO_TogglePin(GREEN_LED_GPIO_Port, GREEN_LED_Pin);
    HAL_Delay(500);
    /* USER CODE END WHILE */

    /* USER CODE BEGIN 3 */
}
/* USER CODE END 3 */
}
```

Fig: 2.1.2 GPIO configuration code



Fig: 2.1.2 LED toggling



2.2 **EXTI**:-

Blue button at PAO works as an external interrupt. When the blue button is pressed the Green LED at pin PD12 toggles.



Fig: 2.2.1 EXTI pin configuration

In the main.c file a flag is initialized and if the flag == 1, the condition under the if loop executed to toggle the LED at PD12.



```
## " USER CODE BEGIN PV "/
44    " USER CODE BEGIN PV "/
45    UINTEL * flag = 0;
46    "* DIVER CODE BEGIN PV "/
47    USER CODE END PV "/
48    "* Private function prototypes
49    void systemicok config(void);
50    static void Mx GPTO Init(void);
51    "* USER CODE END PFP "/
52    "* USER CODE END PFP "/
53    "* USER CODE END PFP "/
54    "* USER CODE END 0 "/
56    "* USER CODE END 0 "/
57    "* USER CODE END 0 "/
58    "* USER CODE END 1 "/
59    "* USER CODE END 1 "/
60    "* USER CODE END 1 "/
61    "* USER CODE END 1 "/
62    "* USER CODE END 1 "/
63    "* USER CODE END 1 "/
64    "* USER CODE END 1 "/
65    "* USER CODE END INIT "/
67    "* USER CODE END INIT "/
68    "* USER CODE END INIT "/
69    "* USER CODE END INIT "/
60    "* USER CODE END SysInit "/
60    "* USER CODE END SysInit "/
61    "* USER CODE END SysInit "/
62    "* USER CODE END SysInit "/
63    "* USER CODE END SysInit "/
64    "* USER CODE END SysInit "/
65    "* USER CODE END SysInit "/
66    "* USER CODE END SysInit "/
67    "* USER CODE END SysInit "/
68    "* USER CODE END SysInit "/
69    "* USER CODE END SysInit "/
60    "* USER CODE END SysInit "/
61    "* USER CODE END SysInit "/
62    "* USER CODE END SysInit "/
63    "* USER CODE END SysInit "/
64    "* USER CODE END SysInit "/
65    "* USER CODE END SysInit "/
66    "* USER CODE END SysInit "/
67    "* USER CODE END SysInit "/
68    "* USER CODE END SysInit "/
69    "* USER CODE END SysInit "/
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60    "* USER CODE END SysInit "/
61    "* USER CODE END SysInit "/
62    "* USER CODE END SysInit "/
63    "* USER CODE END SysInit "/
64    "* USER CODE END SysInit "/
65    "* USER CODE END SysInit "/
66    "* USER CODE END SYSInit "/
67    "* USER CODE END SYSInit "/
68    "* USER CODE END SYSINIT "/
69    "* USER CODE END SYSINIT "/
60    "* USER CODE END SYSINIT "/
60    "* USER CODE END SYSINIT "/
60    "* USER CODE END SYSINIT "/
61    "* USER CODE END SYSINIT "/
62    "* USER CODE END SYSINIT "/
63    "* USER CODE END SYSINIT "/
64    "* 
@ main.c ⋈ G0_EXTLioc
```

Fig: 2.2.1 EXTI configuration code

2.3 ADC

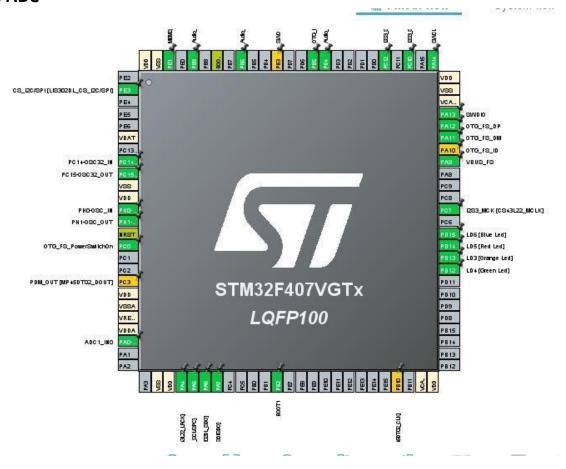


Fig: 2.3.1 ADC pin configuration



2.4 SPI

```
c *main.c ⊠
  ADC_HandleTypeDef hadc1;
  27 I2C_HandleTypeDef hi2c1;
28
   29 I2S_HandleTypeDef hi2s3;
 31 SPI_HandleTypeDef hspi1;
 33
34 /* Private function prototypes
35 void SystemClock_Config(void);
36 static void MX_GPIO_Init(void);
37 static void MX_IZC1_Init(void);
38 static void MX_IZS1_Init(void);
39 static void MX_SPII_Init(void);
40 static void MX_ADC1_Init(void);
41 void MX_USB_HOST_Process(void);
42
 42
43
44 uint32_t adc_value;
         int main(void)
             HAL_Init();
             SystemClock_Config();
             MX_GPIO_Init();
MX_I2C1_Init();
MX_I2S3_Init();
€ *main.c 🖂
             MX_GPIO_Init();

MX_I2C1_Init();

MX_I2S3_Init();

MX_SPI1_Init();

MX_SPI1_Init();

MX_USB_HOST_Init();

MX_ADC1_Init();
  59
60
61
62
63
64
65
66
67
71
72
73
74
75
76
77
78
80
81
              while (1)
                MX_USB_HOST_Process();
                 HAL_ADC_Start(&hadc1);
                 if(HAL_ADC_PollForConversion(&hadc1, 5)== HAL_OK){
                         adc_value= HAL_ADC_GetValue(&hadc1);
                 }
                  HAL_ADC_Stop(&hadc1);
                  HAL_Delay(100);
              }
         }
  83
84
85
         void SystemClock_Config(void)
{
              RCC_OscInitTypeDef RCC_OscInitStruct = {0};
RCC_ClkInitTypeDef RCC_ClkInitStruct = {0};
RCC_PeriphCLKInitTypeDef PeriphClkInitStruct = {0};
   86
87
    88
```

Fig: Configuration code

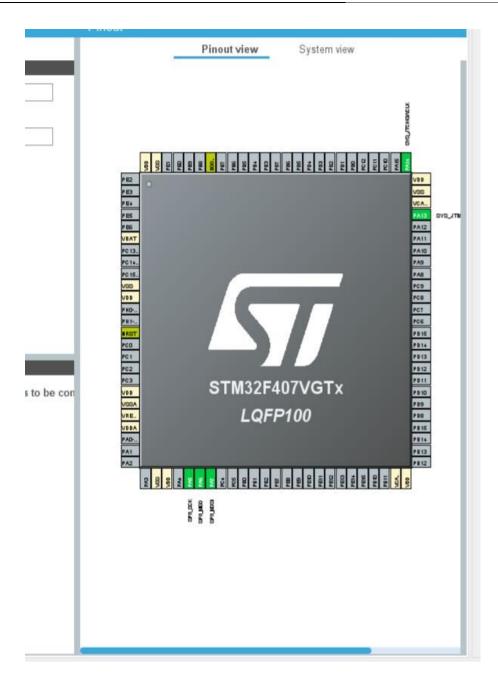


Figure: 2.4.1 SPI Pin configuration



```
🗆 🗆 👺 Outline 🔞 Build Targets 👔 Problems 🧔 Tasks 📮 Console 🖂 🛅 Properties
🏠 Project Explorer 🛭 🕒 🤩 🎖 🖰 🔲 📔 main.c 🖇
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                ♦ 6 3 3 5 5 6 5 7 ...
                                                    1 /* USER CODE BEGIN Header */
20 /**
                                                         * @file : main.c
* @frief : Main program body
                                                          * <h2><center>&copy; Copyright (c) 2021 STMicroelectronics.
* All rights reserved.</center></h2>
                                                         * This software component is licensed by ST under BSO 3-Clause license, * the "License"; You may not use this file except in compliance with the * License. You may obtain a copy of the License at: opensource.org/licenses/BSO-3-Clause
                                                   26 /* USER CODE END Includes */
                                                   27
28⊕/* Private typedef -----
29 /* USER CODE BEGIN PTD */
                                                   30
31 /* USER CODE END PTD */
32
33<sup>®</sup>/* Private define -----
                                                   33<sup>®</sup>/* Private define -----
34 /* USER CODE BEGIN PD */
35 /* USER CODE END PD */
                                                   37⊕/* Private macro -----
38 /* USER CODE BEGIN PM */
                                                   39
40 /* USER CODE END PM */
                                                   41
42 /* Private variables --
Build Analyzer 🚊 Static Stack Analyzer 🗱 Debug 🛭
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     □ ¾ | i→ 8 □ □
 Type here to search
                                                        Q 🖽 📴 🔒 🔯 🙋 🚾
43 SPI_HandleTypeDef hspi1;

44 S /* USER CODE BEGIN PV */
46 uint8_t bufffer_tx[10] = (1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10); // Transfer Buffer

47 uint8_t buffer_rx[10]; // Receiver Buffer

48 /* USER CODE END FV */
49

49
                                                                                                                                                                                                           □ ☐ E Outline ● Build Targets ☐ Problems ② Tasks ☐ Console ② ☐ Properties □ □ ☐ ↑
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  CDT Build Console [SPI]
                                                  % USER CODE END PV */
50 /* Private function prototypes -
51 void SystemClock_Config(void);
52 static void MX_GPIO_Init(void);
53 static void MX_GPIO_Init(void);
54 /* USER CODE BEGIN PFP */
55
56 /* USER CODE END PFP */
57
58**/* Private user code
59 /* USER CODE BEGIN 0 */
60
61 /* USER CODE END 0 */
62
    Startup

Sprivers

Debug

Splioc

SPILaunch

STM32F407VGTX_FLASH.Id
                                                  00 -7
67=int main(void)
68 {
69  /* USER CODE BEGIN 1 */
70
71  /* USER CODE END 1 */
72
73  /* MCU Configuration---
74
75  /* Beach of all prints
                                                                       of all peripherals, Initializes the Flash interface and the Systick. */
                                                          HAL_Init();
                                                         /* USER CODE BEGIN Init */
                                                         /* USER CODE END Init */
                                                          /* Configure the system clock */
SystemClock_Config();
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      🖹 🖟 | i + - - - -
🔐 Build Analyzer 🚊 Static Stack Analyzer 🗱 Debug 🗵
```



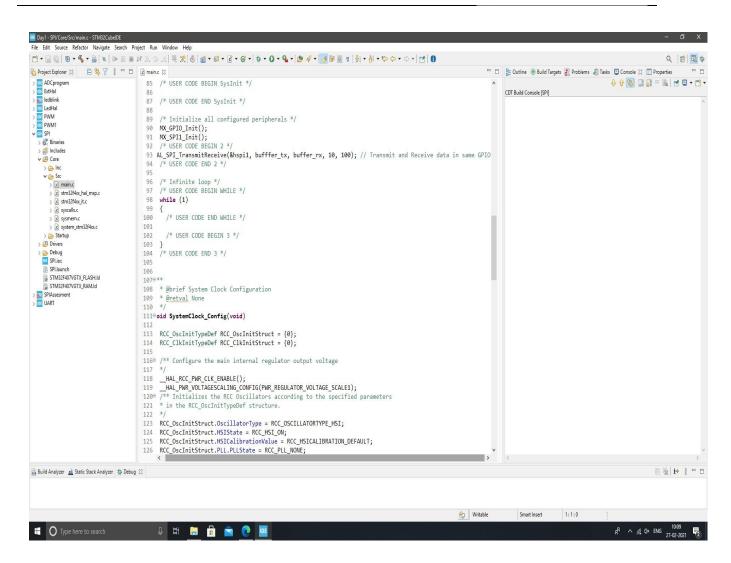


Fig: 2.4.2 SPI configuration code



2.5 UART

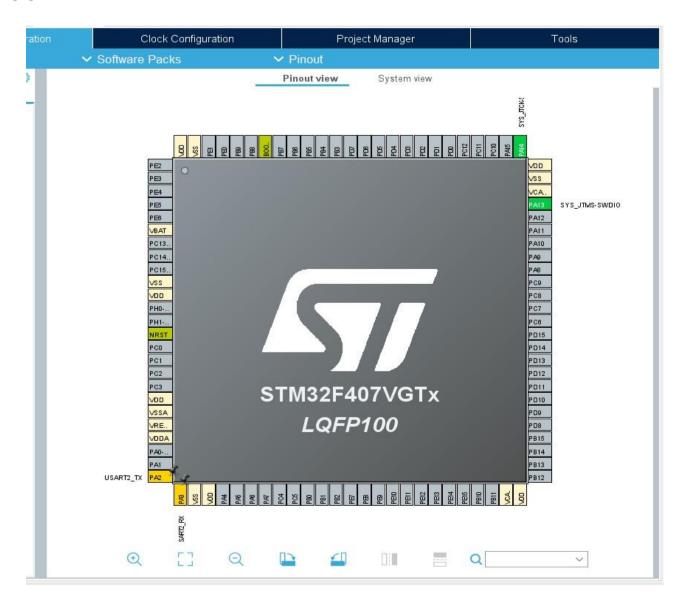


Fig: 2.5.1 UART Pin configuration



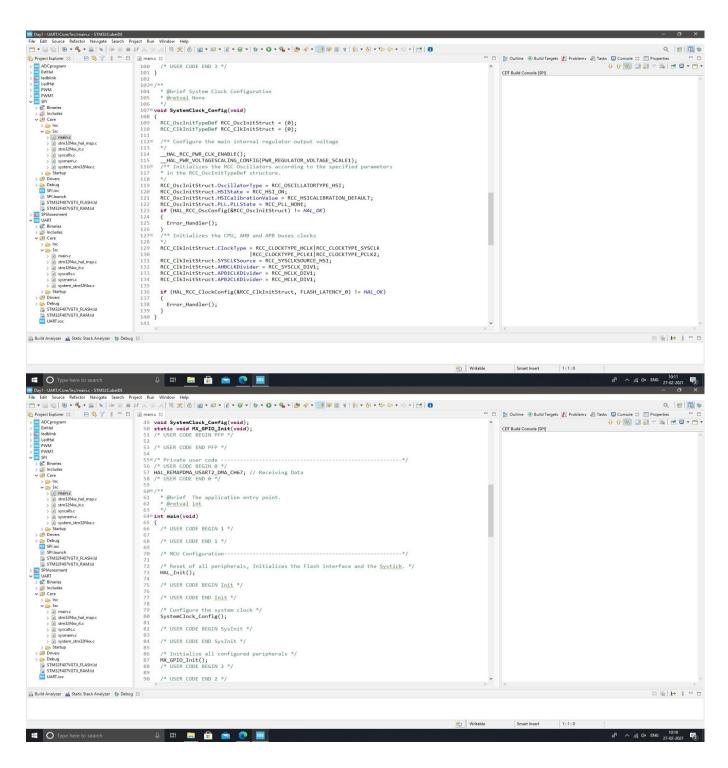


Fig: 2.5.2 UART configuration code