Amazon Coding Chanllenge

June 22, 2022

0.1 Amazon Coding Challenge

0.2 Tianheng Zhou 2022/06/21

```
[1]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from matplotlib import colors
import itertools
import numpy as np
np.random.seed(42)
```

```
class Node():
    """A node class for A* Pathfinding"""

def __init__(self, parent=None, position=None):
    self.parent = parent
    self.position = position

self.g = 0
    self.h = 0
    self.f = 0

def __eq__(self, other):
    return self.position == other.position
```

0.3 A* Algorithm

```
[3]: def astar(maze, start, end):
    """Returns a list of tuples as a path from the given start to the given end_
    in the given maze"""

# Create start and end node
    start_node = Node(None, start)
    start_node.g = start_node.h = start_node.f = 0
    end_node = Node(None, end)
    end_node.g = end_node.h = end_node.f = 0
```

```
# Initialize both open and closed list
   open_list = []
   closed_list = []
   # Add the start node
  open_list.append(start_node)
   # Loop until you find the end
  while len(open_list) > 0:
       # Get the current node
       current_node = open_list[0]
       current_index = 0
      for index, item in enumerate(open_list):
           if item.f < current_node.f:</pre>
               current_node = item
               current_index = index
       # Pop current off open list, add to closed list
       open_list.pop(current_index)
       closed_list.append(current_node)
       # Found the goal
       if current_node == end_node:
           path = []
           current = current node
           while current is not None:
               path.append(current.position)
               current = current.parent
           return path[::-1] # Return reversed path
       # Generate children
       children = []
       for new_position in [(0, -1), (0, 1), (-1, 0), (1, 0), (-1, -1), (-1, -1)]
\rightarrow1), (1, -1), (1, 1)]: # Adjacent squares
           # Get node position
           node_position = (current_node.position[0] + new_position[0],__

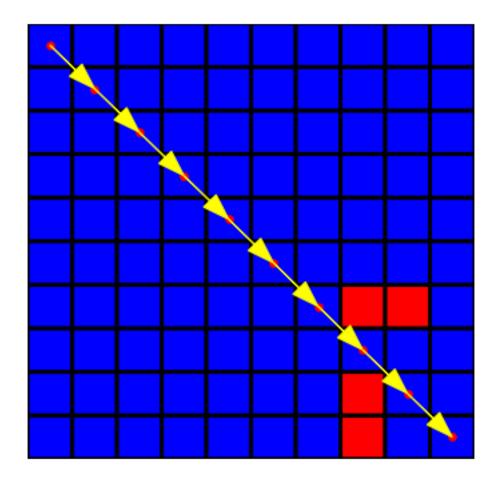
¬current_node.position[1] + new_position[1])
           # Make sure within range
           if node_position[0] > (len(maze) - 1) or node_position[0] < 0 or__
node_position[1] > (len(maze[len(maze)-1]) -1) or node_position[1] < 0:</pre>
               continue
           # Make sure walkable terrain
           if maze[node_position[0]][node_position[1]] != 0:
```

```
continue
          # Create new node
          new_node = Node(current_node, node_position)
          # Append
          children.append(new_node)
      # Loop through children
      for child in children:
          # Child is on the closed list
          for closed child in closed list:
              if child == closed_child:
                 continue
          # Create the f, g, and h values
          child.g = current_node.g + 1
          child.h = ((child.position[0] - end_node.position[0]) ** 2) +_{\sqcup}
child.f = child.g + child.h
          # Child is already in the open list
          for open_node in open_list:
              if child == open_node and child.g > open_node.g:
                 continue
          # Add the child to the open list
          open_list.append(child)
```

1 Phase 1

```
path = astar(maze, start, end)
print(path)
```

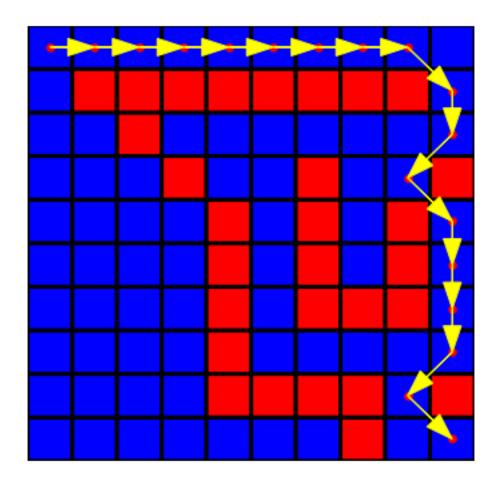
[(0, 0), (1, 1), (2, 2), (3, 3), (4, 4), (5, 5), (6, 6), (7, 7), (8, 8), (9, 9)]



2 Phase 2

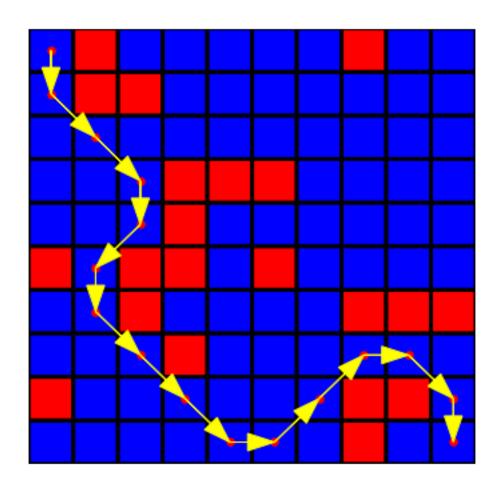
```
print(path)
```

```
[(0, 0), (0, 1), (0, 2), (0, 3), (0, 4), (0, 5), (0, 6), (0, 7), (0, 8), (1, 9), (2, 9), (3, 8), (4, 9), (5, 9), (6, 9), (7, 9), (8, 8), (9, 9)]
```



```
[8]: maze2 = np.random.choice([0, 1], size=(10,10), p=[.8, .2])
maze2[0,0] = 0
maze2[8,7] = maze2[9,7] = maze2[6,7] = maze2[6,8] = 1
maze2[9,9] = 0
[9]: maze2
[9]: array([[0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0],
```

```
[10]: path2 = astar(maze2, start, end)
     print(path2)
     [(0, 0), (1, 0), (2, 1), (3, 2), (4, 2), (5, 1), (6, 1), (7, 2), (8, 3), (9, 4),
     (9, 5), (8, 6), (7, 7), (7, 8), (8, 9), (9, 9)
[11]: %matplotlib inline
      cmap = colors.ListedColormap(['Blue','red'])
      plt.figure(figsize=(6,6))
     plt.pcolor(maze2[::-1],cmap=cmap,edgecolors='k', linewidths=3)
      plt.axis("off")
      last_x = 0
      last_y = 0
      for k,x in enumerate(path2):
          plt.scatter(x[1]+0.5,10-(x[0]+0.5), marker='o', s=30, color='red')
          if k \ge 1:
              plt.arrow(last_x, last_y, x[1]+0.5 - last_x, 10-(x[0]+0.5) - last_y,
                    head_width=0.4, length_includes_head=True, color = "yellow")
          last_x = x[1]+0.5
          last_y = 10-(x[0]+0.5)
      plt.show()
```



[]:	
[]:	