EXAMPLE: How to generate and update dYdX Trading Rewards reports

Author: Lawrence Chiu (lawrence@dydx.exchange)

Twitter: https://twitter.com/LawrenceChiu14

Date: 4/16/2022 (updated 4/17/2022)

Tested on: Ubuntu Server 20.04.4 LTS, Windows 10 (See Appendix A), MacOS 12.3.1 (Monterey) (See Appendix B)

We will generate dYdX Trading Rewards reports with the update_rewards.sh shell script. In addition, you will need Merkle tree files from epoch 0 up to the last epoch. Links to these are provided in the dYdX Foundation reviews. For example, for epoch 7, the review is at https://dydx.foundation/blog/en/epoch-7 and the link to the Merkle tree file is at https://gateway.ipfs.io/ipfs/bafybeiauyvb7mxv3xjuu2wlxojzkyr27nsekkpr52un5hywi26s3ohfs2m

Each Merkle tree file must be named epoch<#>.ison where <#> is the epoch number.



The program and epoch files (up to epoch 8) are available at https://github.com/chiwalfrm/dydxexamples

PART 1: The First Time



1. If this is the first time running it, your directory should have just the script and the epoch files.

```
vmware@ubuntu20041a: ~/update_rewards
vmware@ubuntu20041a:~/update rewards$ ls -al
total 23036
drwxrwxr-x 2 vmware vmware
                              4096 Apr 16 20:08 .
drwx---- 27 vmware vmware
                              4096 Apr 16 20:08 ...
rw-rw-r-- 1 vmware vmware 2323419 Dec 31 1969 epoch0.json
           1 vmware vmware 2560115 Dec 31 1969 epoch1.json
rw-rw-r-- 1 vmware vmware 2908914 Dec 31 1969 epoch2.json
rw-rw-r-- 1 vmware vmware 3005265 Dec 31 1969 epoch3.json
rw-rw-r-- 1 vmware vmware 3087872 Dec 31 1969 epoch4.json
           1 vmware vmware 3137100 Dec 31
                                           1969 epoch5.json
-rw-rw-r-- 1 vmware vmware 3215228 Dec 31
                                           1969 epoch6.json
rw-rw-r-- 1 vmware vmware 3320103 Dec 31 1969 epoch7.json
-rwxr-xr-x 1 vmware vmware
                              5534 Apr 16 19:48 update rewards.sh
vmware@ubuntu20041a:~/update rewards$
```

2. Note: On Linux, you will be prompted for your password in order to execute a few sudo commands to set up a ramdisk. If you are not comfortable providing your password, remove the sudo commands and run them yourself (before running the script). The commands are:

```
if [ "`uname`" = "Darwin" ]

then

diskutil erasevolume HFS+ "epochdisk" `hdiutil attach -nomount ram://2097152`

TMPFOLDER=/Volumes/epochdisk

else

sudo mkdir -p /mnt/epochdisk
sudo mount -t tmpfs -o rw,size=1G tmpfs /mnt/epochdisk
sudo chmod 777 /mnt/epochdisk

TMPFOLDER=/mnt/epochdisk

fi

mkdir -p $TMPFOLDER/update_rewards$$/output

acho "GTMPCD_2 Potowining stanting and last erach "
```

```
cleanup ()

if [ "`uname`" = "Darwin" ]
then
hdiutil detach $TMPFOLDER
else
sudo umount $TMPFOLDER

fi

command at the end when finished

pid=$$
trap 'echo; echo "Ctrl-C detected. Cleaning up...", xiiD FRM = p/mnt/apochdisk) cleanup; exit' INT HUP

prepare enoch file ()
```

3. Run the script.

```
$ ./update_rewards.sh
```

4. This will take some time. You can monitor the progress in another terminal with the command:

```
$ while true; do clear; tail /mnt/epochdisk/update_rewards*/xaa.stdout; sleep 1; done
```

```
FILEUPDATE 0x9ca7ff02acled76bee086ba168170db21bb9ea5c 2803 / 5843
FILEUPDATE 0x755a8c444a35f87c8217c3fb18392ff38974fde7 2804 / 5843
FILEUPDATE 0x4c4f5c34a12f01e9bd8dbad4756bbf9972d913e5 2805 / 5843
FILEUPDATE 0x7e5dc59111f7e68241927f37c6b93cf50e938158 2806 / 5843
FILEUPDATE 0x7e5dc59111f7e68241927f37c6b93cf50e938158 2806 / 5843
FILEUPDATE 0x5da78ef9d97d9e06d56f66867f6a0a20a0600020 2807 / 5843
FILEUPDATE 0x606ac4dae7le42bff40a0a09bdc32baad8cb579a 2808 / 5843
FILEUPDATE 0x6e6208b37f371f137e3775a8093fde1311e254c5 2809 / 5843
FILEUPDATE 0xcde99233085bbfddcefcffa1ba7cb99294e383d4 2810 / 5843
FILEUPDATE 0xdc5c0e196a98e0514a0f6673c528898d05d9257e 2811 / 5843
FILEUPDATE 0x0815c1e34a819f48d480a173db83b58c076d7299 2812 / 5843
```

This screenshot shows progress at 48%)

```
12th Gen Intel(R) Core(TM) i9-12900K (4 cores): 19 minutes Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2670 0 @ 2.60GHz (4 cores): 36 minutes Intel(R) Core(TM) i7-9750H CPU @ 2.60GHz (6 cores): 92 minutes
```

Sample runtimes for different CPU's

5. The reports are stored in output/ directory. In the same directory you will also find fulllist.html and whalelist.html, with the former containing links to addresses in alphanumeric order, and the latter sorted by total rewards in descending order.

```
vmware@ubuntu20041a: ~/update_rewards
vmware@ubuntu20041a: ~/update_rewards$ ./update_rewards.sh
STAGE 1 Setting up ramdisk...
[sudo] password for vmware:
STAGE 2 Determining starting and last epoch...
STAGE 3 Copying existing output/ directory data (if any)...
STAGE 4 Preparing epoch files...
STAGE 5 Generating address lists...
STAGE 6 Generating/updating trading reports...
STAGE 7 Generating parallel workloads...
STAGE 8 Executing parallel jobs...
STAGE 9 Waiting for completion of jobs...
STAGE 10 Finalizing...
[sudo] password for vmware:
vmware@ubuntu20041a:~/update_rewards$
```

PART 2: Subsequent Updates

1. After the first time, updates for later epochs will run faster. Add the new epoch file(s) and run the program again.

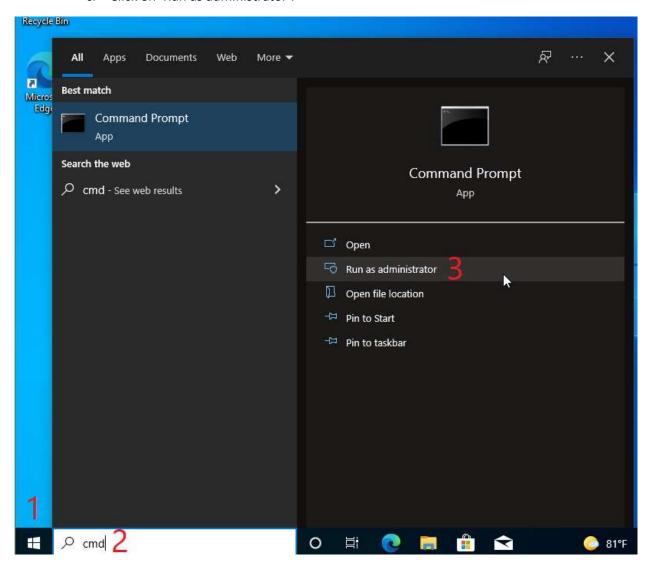
```
vmware@ubuntu20041a: ~/update_rewards
vmware@ubuntu20041a:~/update rewards$ ls -al
total 54940
drwxrwxr-x 3 vmware vmware
                              4096 Apr 16 21:17 .
drwx---- 27 vmware vmware
                              4096 Apr 16 20:52 ...
-rw-rw-r-- 1 vmware vmware 2323419 Dec 31 1969 epoch0.json
-rw-rw-r-- 1 vmware vmware 2128676 Apr 16 20:51 epoch0.txt
rw-rw-r-- 1 vmware vmware 2560115 Dec 31 1969 epoch1.json
-rw-rw-r-- 1 vmware vmware 2344936 Apr 16 20:51 epoch1.txt
-rw-rw-r-- 1 vmware vmware 2908914 Dec 31 1969 epoch2.json
-rw-rw-r-- 1 vmware vmware 2663711 Apr 16 20:51 epoch2.txt
-rw-rw-r-- 1 vmware vmware 3005265 Dec 31 1969 epoch3.json
-rw-rw-r-- 1 vmware vmware 2751860 Apr 16 20:51 epoch3.txt
-rw-rw-r-- 1 vmware vmware 3087872 Dec 31 1969 epoch4.json
-rw-rw-r-- 1 vmware vmware 2827387 Apr 16 20:51 epoch4.txt
-rw-rw-r-- 1 vmware vmware 3137100 Dec 31 1969 epoch5.json
-rw-rw-r-- 1 vmware vmware 2872427 Apr 16 20:51 epoch5.txt
-rw-rw-r-- 1 vmware vmware 3215228 Dec 31 1969 epoch6.json
-rw-rw-r-- 1 vmware vmware 2943853 Apr 16 20:51 epoch6.txt
-rw-rw-r-- 1 vmware vmware 3320103 Dec 31 1969 epoch7.json
                                                                     added
-rw-rw-r-- 1 vmware vmware 3039680 Apr 16 20:51 epoch7.txt
-rw-rw-r-- 1 vmware vmware 3483266 Dec 31 1969 epoch8.json
-rw-rw-r-- 1 vmware vmware 2009691 Apr 16 20:51 epochaccounts
-rw-rw-r-- 1 vmware vmware 2009691 Apr 16 20:51 epochaccounts sorted rewards.txt
drwxrwxr-x 2 vmware vmware 3567616 Apr 16 21:14 output
-rwxr-xr-x 1 vmware vmware
                              5567 Apr 16 20:42 update rewards.sh
vmware@ubuntu20041a:~/update rewards$
```

\$./update rewards.sh

APPENDIX A: Windows 10

(Win10) PART 1: Install Windows Subsystem for Linux (WSL)

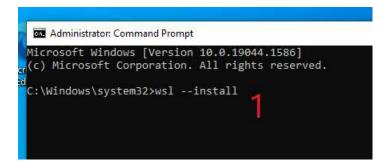
- 1) Start Command Prompt as Administrator:
 - a. Click the Windows button.
 - b. Type 'cmd'.
 - c. Click on 'Run as administrator'.



d. Click Yes.



2) Type wsl --install and wait.



```
Administrator: Command Prompt

Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19044.1586]

C:\Windows\system32>wsl --install
Installing: Virtual Machine Platform

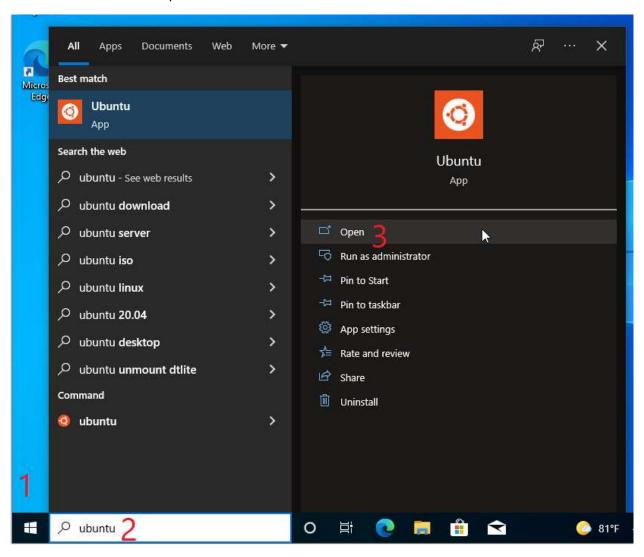
Virtual Machine Platform has been installed.
Installing: Windows Subsystem for Linux
Windows Subsystem for Linux
Windows Subsystem for Linux has been installed.
Downloading: WSL Kernel
Installing: WSL Kernel
WSL Kernel has been installed.
Downloading: Ubuntu
The requested operation is successful. Changes will not be effective until the system is rebooted.

C:\Windows\system32>__
```

3) Reboot.

(Win10) PART 2: Launch WSL

- 1) Start Ubuntu:
 - a. Click the Windows button.
 - b. Type 'ubuntu'.
 - c. Click on 'Open'.



2) (First time) Enter username and password (twice).

```
Installing, this may take a few minutes...

Please create a default UNIX user account. The username does not need to match your Windows username. For more information visit: https://aka.ms/wslusers

Enter new UNIX username: lawrencedydx

New password:

Retype new password:

passwd: password updated successfully

Installation successful!
```

```
To run a command as administrator (user "root"), use "sudo <command>".
See "man sudo root" for details.
Welcome to Ubuntu 20.04 LTS (GNU/Linux 5.10.16.3-microsoft-standard-WSL2 x86_64)
 * Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com
 * Management:
                  https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Support:
                  https://ubuntu.com/advantage
  System information as of Mon Apr 11 18:57:55 CDT 2022
  System load: 0.31
                                                          8
                                  Processes:
 Usage of /: 0.4% of 250.98GB
                                  Users logged in:
                                                         0
  Memory usage: 3%
                                  IPv4 address for eth0: 172.30.252.228
  Swap usage:
               0%
0 updates can be installed immediately.
0 of these updates are security updates.
The list of available updates is more than a week old.
To check for new updates run: sudo apt update
This message is shown once once a day. To disable it please create the
/home/lawrencedydx/.hushlogin file.
lawrencedydx@DESKTOP-E67DGDB:~$
```

(Win10) PART 3: Update WSL

1) Update WSL with the following commands:

```
$ sudo apt-get update
$ sudo apt-get upgrade
```

(Win10) PART 4: Download dYdX trading rewards files

1) You can download the shell script and all epoch files with the following commands:

```
$ wget https://github.com/chiwalfrm/dydxexamples/raw/main/tradingrewards/epoch0.json
$ wget https://github.com/chiwalfrm/dydxexamples/raw/main/tradingrewards/epoch1.json
$ wget https://github.com/chiwalfrm/dydxexamples/raw/main/tradingrewards/epoch2.json
$ wget https://github.com/chiwalfrm/dydxexamples/raw/main/tradingrewards/epoch3.json
$ wget https://github.com/chiwalfrm/dydxexamples/raw/main/tradingrewards/epoch4.json
$ wget https://github.com/chiwalfrm/dydxexamples/raw/main/tradingrewards/epoch5.json
$ wget https://github.com/chiwalfrm/dydxexamples/raw/main/tradingrewards/epoch6.json
$ wget https://github.com/chiwalfrm/dydxexamples/raw/main/tradingrewards/epoch7.json
$ wget https://github.com/chiwalfrm/dydxexamples/raw/main/tradingrewards/epoch8.json
$ wget https://github.com/chiwalfrm/dydxexamples/raw/main/tradingrewards/update_rewards.sh
```

2) If you want commas in numbers for readability (e.g. display one million as 1,000,000), set the LANG variable:

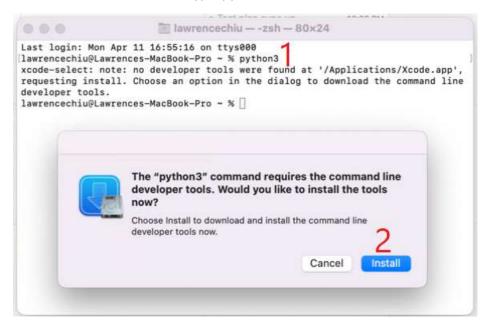
```
$ export LANG=en_US.utf8
```

3) The rest of the guide follows the Linux version. Here is a picture of it running on Windows.

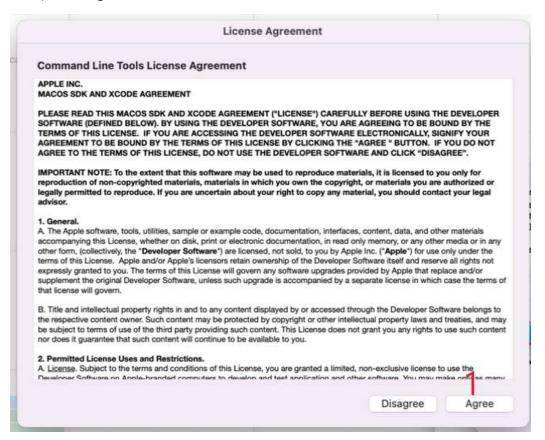
APPENDIX B: MacOS

(MacOS) PART 1: Install Python3

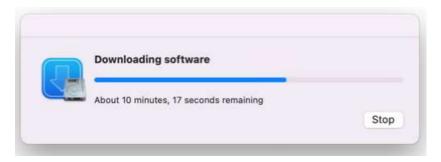
1) Launch Terminal and type 'python3'. Then click Install.



2) Click Agree.



3) Wait.



4) Click Done.



- 5) The rest of the guide follows the Linux version.
- 6) Here is a picture of it running on MacOS.

```
tradingrewards -- zsh -- 80×24
lawrencechiu@Lawrences-MacBook-Pro tradingrewards % ./update_rewards.sh
STAGE 1 Setting up ramdisk...
Started erase on disk4
Unmounting disk
Erasing
Initialized /dev/rdisk4 as a 512 MB case-insensitive HFS Plus volume
Mounting disk
Finished erase on disk4 (epochdisk)
STAGE 2 Determining starting and last epoch...
STAGE 3 Copying existing output/ directory data (if any)...
STAGE 4 Preparing epoch files...
STAGE 5 Generating address lists...
STAGE 6 Generating/updating trading reports...
STAGE 7 Generating parallel workloads...
STAGE 8 Executing parallel jobs..
STAGE 9 Waiting for completion of jobs...
STAGE 10 Finalizing...
"disk4" ejected.
lawrencechiu@Lawrences-MacBook-Pro tradingrewards %
```

<END>