

The energy equation of the snake $\gamma(s)$ is given by

$$E_{snake}(s) = \oint [\alpha \|\gamma'(s)\|^2 + \beta \|\gamma''(s)\|^2 - \delta \|\nabla(G \otimes I)\|^2 \gamma(s)] ds$$

The E-L equation is given by,

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial \gamma} - \frac{\partial}{\partial s} \frac{\partial E}{\partial \gamma'} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial s^2} \frac{\partial E}{\partial \gamma''} = 0$$

We convert it to time-differential equation, and $\gamma(s)$ becomes $\gamma(s, t)$.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial \gamma(s, t)}{\partial t} &= \frac{\partial E(s, t)}{\partial \gamma} - \frac{\partial}{\partial s} \frac{\partial E(s, t)}{\partial \gamma'} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial s^2} \frac{\partial E(s, t)}{\partial \gamma''} \\ \frac{\partial \gamma(s, t)}{\partial t} &= -\delta \nabla \|\nabla(G \otimes I)\|^2 \gamma(s, t) - \alpha \frac{\partial^2 \gamma(s, t)}{\partial s^2} + \beta \frac{\partial^4 \gamma(s, t)}{\partial s^4} \end{aligned}$$

The equation can be decomposed into x and y components.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial \gamma_x(s, t)}{\partial t} &= -\delta \nabla_x \|\nabla(G \otimes I)\|^2 \gamma_x(s, t) - \alpha \frac{\partial^2 \gamma_x(s, t)}{\partial s^2} + \beta \frac{\partial^4 \gamma_x(s, t)}{\partial s^4} \\ \frac{\partial \gamma_y(s, t)}{\partial t} &= -\delta \nabla_y \|\nabla(G \otimes I)\|^2 \gamma_y(s, t) - \alpha \frac{\partial^2 \gamma_y(s, t)}{\partial s^2} + \beta \frac{\partial^4 \gamma_y(s, t)}{\partial s^4} \end{aligned}$$

The second derivative is given by:

$$\frac{\partial^2 \gamma_x(s, t)}{\partial s^2} = D_2 \gamma_x(s, t)$$

Where D_2 is a matrix

$$D_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 1 & \cdots & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 1 & -2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

The fourth derivative is given by:

$$\frac{\partial^4 \gamma_x(s, t)}{\partial s^4} = D_4 \gamma_x(s, t)$$

Where D_4 is a matrix

$$D_4 = \begin{bmatrix} -6 & -4 & -1 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 1 & -4 \\ -4 & 6 & -4 & 1 & \cdots & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -4 & 6 & -4 & \cdots & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & -4 & 6 & -4 \\ -4 & 1 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 1 & -4 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

From the discrete temporal derivative,

$$\frac{\partial \gamma(s, t)}{\partial t} = \frac{\gamma(s, t) - \gamma(s, t-1)}{\Delta t}$$

$$\gamma(s, t) - \Delta t \frac{\partial \gamma(s, t)}{\partial t} = \gamma(s, t - 1)$$

Substituting the value of $\frac{\partial \gamma(s, t)}{\partial t}$ we get,

$$\gamma(s, t) - \Delta t \left[-\delta \nabla \|\nabla(G \otimes I)\|^2 \gamma(s, t) - \alpha \frac{\partial^2 \gamma(s, t)}{\partial s^2} + \beta \frac{\partial^4 \gamma(s, t)}{\partial s^4} \right] = \gamma(s, t - 1)$$

$$\gamma(s, t) - \Delta t [-\delta \nabla \|\nabla(G \otimes I)\|^2 \gamma(s, t) - \alpha D_2 \gamma(s, t) + \beta D_4 \gamma(s, t)] = \gamma(s, t - 1)$$

$$[eye() + \Delta t (-\alpha D_2 + \beta D_4)] \gamma(s, t) = \gamma(s, t - 1) + \Delta t \delta P \left(\gamma_x(s, t - 1), \gamma_y(s, t - 1) \right)$$

$$A \gamma(s, t) = b(s, t - 1)$$

$$\gamma(s, t) = A^{-1} b(s, t - 1)$$