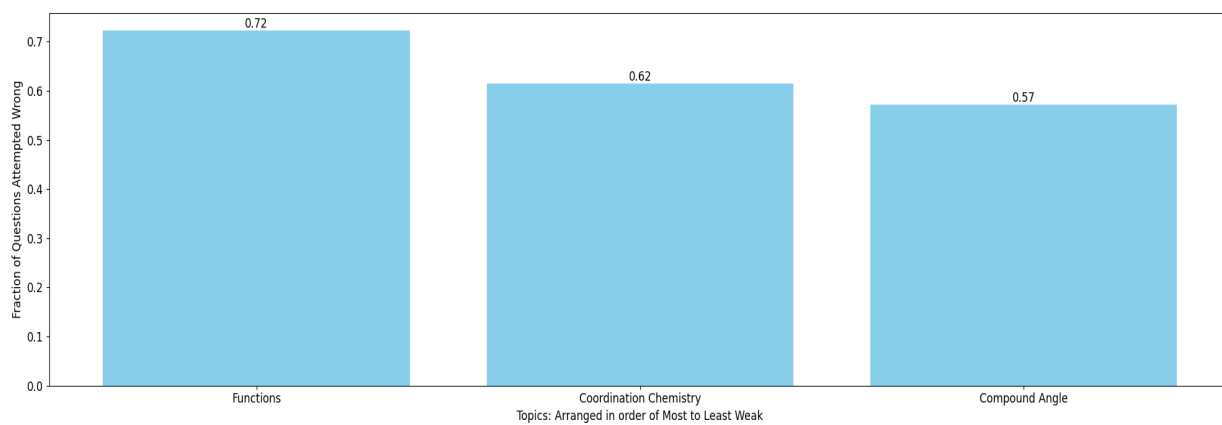


Aditya Total MLAssist - Personalised DPP

Question Paper Analysis:



Weak Topic Analysis:



Practice Questions:

Functions:

9. The set of real values of 'x' satisfying the equality $\left\lfloor \frac{2}{x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{4}{x} \right\rfloor = 5$ (where $\lfloor \cdot \rfloor$ denotes the greatest integer function) belongs to the interval $(a, b/c]$ where $a, b, c \in \mathbb{N}$ and b/c is in its lowest form. Find the value of $a + b + c + abc$.
26. For a suitably chosen real constant a , let a function, $f: \mathbb{R} - \{-a\} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be defined by $f(x) = \frac{a-x}{a+x}$. Further suppose that for any real number $x \neq -a$ and $f(x) \neq -a$, $(f \circ f)(x) = x$. Then $f\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$ is equal to:
- [JEE - Main 2020]**
- (A) -3 (B) 3 (C) $\frac{1}{3}$ (D) $-\frac{1}{3}$
7. If range of $f(x) = \frac{\cos x + \cos(x+1)}{\sin^2 x + \sin(x+1)}$ is $[p, q]$ then $6p - 3q$ equals
- $2F(n)+1$ $F(101)$
9. Let $f(x) = \left\lfloor \frac{1}{\cos\{x\}} \right\rfloor$ where $[y]$ and $\{y\}$ denote greatest integer and fractional part functions respectively and $g(x) = 2x^2 - 3x(k+1) + k(3k+1)$. If $g(f(x)) < 0 \forall x \in \mathbb{R}$ then find the number of integral values of k .
- $-$ $(1+x)$

10. Consider, $f(x) = \{x + [\log_2 (2 + x)]\} +$
 $\{x + [\log_2 (2 + x^2)]\} + \dots +$
 $\{x + [\log_2 (2 + x^{10})]\}$

Identify the correct statement(s)

- (A) $f(e) = 7$.
 (B) $f(\pi) = 20\pi - 60$.
 (C) the number of solutions of the equation $f(x) = x$ is 9 .
 (D) the number of solutions of the equation $f(x) = x$ is 10 .

[Note : $\{y\}$ and $[y]$ denotes the fractional part function and greatest integer function respectively.]

INTEGRATYPE

Coordination Chemistry:

76. Among (a) – (b), the complexes that can display geometrical isomerism are :
 (a) $[\text{Pt}(\text{NH}_3)_3\text{Cl}]^+$ (b) $[\text{Pt}(\text{NH}_3)\text{Cl}_5]^-$ [JEE MAIN 2020]
 (c) $[\text{Pt}(\text{NH}_3)_2\text{Cl}(\text{NO}_2)]$ (d) $[\text{Pt}(\text{NH}_3)_4\text{ClBr}]^{2+}$
 (1) (c) and (d) (2) (b) and (c) (3) (d) and (a) (4) (a) and (b)
21. Each of the following obey Sidgwick effective atomic number rule except
 (A) $[\text{Cr}(\text{CO})_6]$ (B) $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{3+}$
 (C) $[\text{Ni}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{2+}$ (D) $[\text{PtCl}_6]^{2-}$
8. How many EDTA^{4-} molecules are required to make an octahedral complex with a Ca^{2+} ion ?
 (A) Six (B) Three (C) One (D) Two

6. Ammonia forms the complex ion $[\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4]^{2+}$ with copper ions in alkaline solutions but not in acidic solution. What is the reason for it :- [AIEEE-2003]
- (1) In acidic solutions hydration protects copper ions
 - (2) In acidic solutions protons coordinate with ammonia molecules forming NH_4^+ ions and NH_3 molecules are not available
 - (3) In alkaline solutions insoluble $\text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2$ is precipitated which is soluble in excess of any alkali
 - (4) Copper hydroxide is an amphoteric substance
59. Wilkinson catalyst is : [JEE MAIN 2019]
- (1) $[(\text{Et}_3\text{P})_3\text{RhCl}]$ ($\text{Et} = \text{C}_2\text{H}_5$)
 - (2) $[(\text{Ph}_3\text{P})_3\text{RhCl}]$
 - (3) $[(\text{Ph}_3\text{P})_3\text{IrCl}]$
 - (4) $[(\text{Et}_3\text{P})_3\text{IrCl}]$

Compound Angle:

1. If $m \tan(\theta - 30^\circ) = n \tan(\theta + 120^\circ)$, show that $\cos 2\theta = \frac{m+n}{2(m-n)}$.
3. (a) Find the maximum and minimum values of $27^{\cos 2x} \cdot 81^{\sin 2x}$.
 (b) Find the smallest positive values of x & y satisfying, $x - y = \frac{\pi}{4}$, $\cot x + \cot y = 2$. [REE 2000,3]
7. Let $f(\theta) = 2\cos \theta - \cos^2 \theta, \forall \theta \in \mathbb{R}$ then which one of the following relation is true ?
 (A) $-2 \leq f(\theta) \leq 1$ (B) $\frac{1}{4} \leq f(\theta) \leq 1$
 (C) $-3 \leq f(\theta) \leq 1$ (D) $-3 \leq f(\theta) \leq 0$
9. The maximum value of the expression $\frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta + 3\sin \theta \cos \theta + 5\cos^2 \theta}$ is [JEE 2010]
2. Prove that $\frac{\sin 5A - \sin 3A}{\cos 5A + \cos 3A} = \tan A$