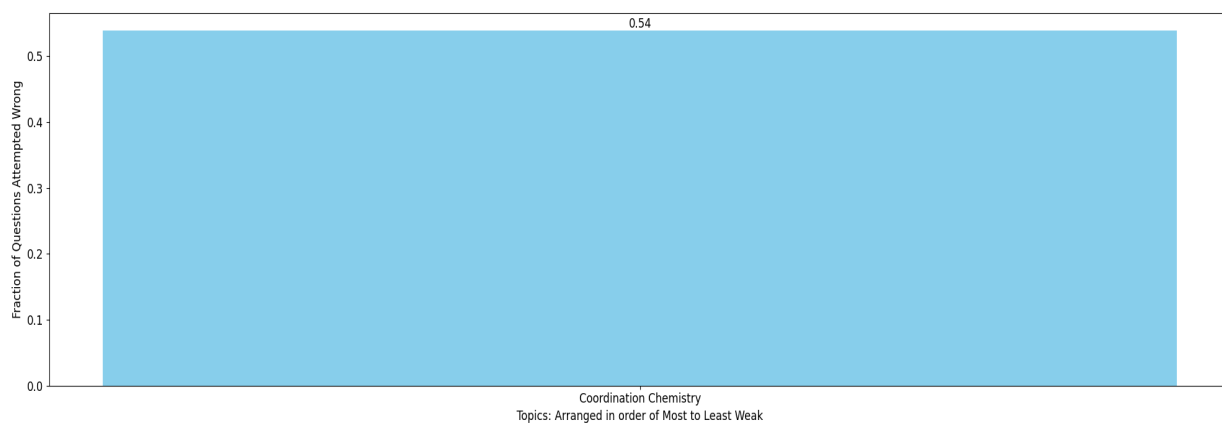


Akshat Saxena Total MLAssist - Personalised DPP

Question Paper Analysis:



Weak Topic Analysis:



Practice Questions:
Coordination Chemistry:

22. $\text{Ti}^{3+}(\text{aq})$ is violet while $\text{Ti}^{4+}(\text{aq})$ is colourless because -
 (A) There is no crystal field effect in Ti^{4+}
 (B) There energy difference between t_{2g} and e_g of Ti^{4+} is quite high and does not fall in the visible region.
 (C) Ti^{4+} has d^0 configuration.
 (D) Ti^{4+} is very small in comparison to Ti^{3+} and hance does not absorb any radiation.
41. Among the following species the one which causes the highest CFSE, Δ_0 as a ligand is :-
 [J-MAIN-2014, Online]
 (1) CN^- (2) NH_3 (3) CO (4) F^-
12. A d-block element forms octahedral complex but its magnetic moment remains same either in strong field or in weak field ligand. Which of the following is/are **correct**?
 (A) Element always forms colourless compound.
 (B) Number of electrons in t_{2g} orbitals are higher than in e_g orbitals.
 (C) It can have either d^3 or d^8 configuration.
 (D) It can have either d^7 or d^8 configuration.
38. Write the IUPAC name of the compound $\text{K}_2[\text{Cr}(\text{NO})(\text{CN})_4(\text{NH}_3)]$. Spin magnetic moment of the complex $\mu = 1.73$ BM. Give the structure of anion.
 [JEE 2003]
26. Among the ligands NH_3 , en, CN^- and CO the correct order of their increasing field strength, is
 [AIEEE-2011]
 (1) $\text{CO} < \text{NH}_3 < \text{en} < \text{CN}^-$ (2) $\text{NH}_3 < \text{en} < \text{CN}^- < \text{CO}$
 (3) $\text{CN}^- < \text{NH}_3 < \text{CO} < \text{en}$ (4) $\text{en} < \text{CN}^- < \text{NH}_3 < \text{CO}$

