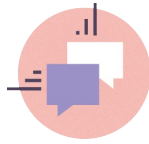


Lesson 2: Getting Started on Scratch Plugged



OVERVIEW

In this lesson, students will learn to login to Scratch and begin to use the editor, block palette, and stage to sequence a program.

Print PDF

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OBJECTIVES

- I can login, save my work, title my work using naming conventions, and organize my projects in Scratch.
- I can use the editor, block palette, and stage in Scratch to code my program.
- I can decompose a maze game into its fundamental requirements: hero, enemy, obstacles, goal.



AGENDA

- Do Now (5 min) - Students see language written in block code and interpret its meaning, identifying that programming language is not the same as how we speak and write.
- Logging-in (15 min): Students login to their Scratch accounts.
- Saving Work (10 min): Students learn how to save and title their projects.
- Starter Maze (10 min): Students are introduced to Escape the Maze and practice reading and predicting how blocks of code will perform in the Scratch stage.
- Brainstorm (5 min): Students brainstorm ideas for building out the Escape the Maze game.
- OPTIONAL: Exit Ticket (15 min): Students predict how simple sequences of blocks will perform in the Scratch stage.

Resources

Powerpoint: Lesson 2



VOCAB

- Editor: A program designed for editing computer code by coders.



MATERIALS

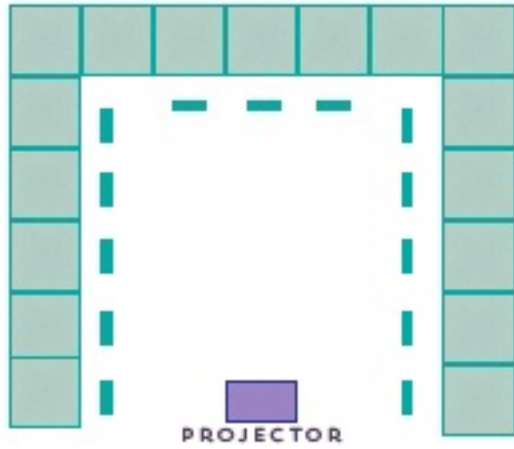
- Projector
- Do Now (class set)
- Computers (class set)
- Scratch Log-In Stickers
- Ideas Journals (class set)
- Exit Ticket (class set if printing, otherwise on Socrative)
- Chart Paper (1 piece)

Notes

Prior to this lesson pass out the Scratch log-in stickers and have students place them on the inside cover of their idea journals.

This lesson includes several sets of steps that walk students through navigating the Scratch page. While the lesson includes suggestions for how to chunk them, you should modify the number of steps they are to follow at one time based on your students' familiarity with navigating websites and their ability to follow a sequence of instructions independently.

Ideal Desk Setup



Lesson Resources

If coding is new to your students we suggest showing them the Code.org short [Code Stars](#)

Pass out idea journals and have students place login stickers on the inside cover of their journals. Journals should be passed out and collected at the beginning and ending of each class.



DO NOW



Length: 5 minutes

Students translate a block code version of “If you give a mouse a cookie” into a narrative and identify that computer code is different than the narrative language we use when telling a story or talking to each other.

Prep:

- Do Now worksheet

Teacher Actions	Student Actions
<div>1</div> <p>Circulate room as students answer the do now on their paper.</p>	<div>1</div> <p>Students independently answer the do now on their paper</p> <div><p>When mouse receives cookie</p><p>say “May I have a glass of milk?”</p><p>say “May I have a straw?”</p><p>say “May I have a napkin?”</p><p>point towards mirror</p><p>think “Do I have a milk mustache?”</p></div>
<div>2</div>	<div>2</div>

After 3 minutes ask volunteers to read their interpretations. Read through the blocks so students can hear the sequence flow. Follow up questions for the class:

- Does anyone recognize what book this is from?
- Is this how we talk or tell a story?
- When have you seen a sequence that looks like this before?
- Is the mouse ever going to ask for a straw before it asks for a cookie?

Students raise their hands to volunteer their interpretations of the sequence and answer the follow up questions.

- Answer: If You Give a Mouse a Cookie
- Answer: No
- Answer: we used block code in last week's lesson to write the instructions for crossing the river
- Answer: No, because the code order determines the order of the story.

3

Connect the Do Now to the previous lesson in which students used paper code blocks to transport animals across a river.

Key points:

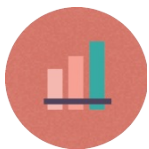
- Code is a set of instructions designed to be carried out by a computer.
- In the previous lesson we used paper code to transport animals across a river. We acted as the computer in that lesson.
- In this Do Now the instructions are also in the form of blocks.
- Today we get to explore coding blocks on a computer.

Key points to hit:

3

Students are facing teacher, backs to computers, listening to the teacher's explanation.

- The language we use when we program a computer is not the same as the way we speak or write.
- Computers have their own languages and as we become coders we learn to write in the computer's language.



LOGGING-IN AND EXPLORING



Length: 10 minutes

Students log-in and explore the Scratch studio.

Prep: Idea Journals and Log-in Stickers

Teacher Actions	Student Actions
<div><div>1</div><div><p>Introduce Scratch as the program we will be using to code.</p><ul style="list-style-type: none">Has anyone used Scratch before?<div>Acknowledge students who have. They will be a great asset to their peers as we all get comfortable navigating the program.</div></div></div>	<div><div>1</div><div><p>Students are faced away from their computers, towards the teacher.</p></div></div>
<div><div>2</div><div><p>Show the [Getting Started with Scratch Video]. (https://scratch.mit.edu/help/videos/#)</p></div></div>	<div><div>2</div><div><p>Students watch video on projector.</p></div></div>
<div><div>3</div><div><p>Point students to their log-in stickers inside their journals.</p></div></div>	<div><div>3</div><div><p>Students hold up their idea journals and point to their stickers.</p></div></div>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold up the idea journal to model where they put their stickers. • If students haven't put stickers in journals yet, do this now. 	
<p>4 Remind students of the computer contracts they signed and expectations while we are on computers:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Raise your hand silently if you have a question. 2. When you complete a step give 2 silent thumbs up. 3. Close your laptops all the way when instructed. 	<p>4 Students practice the 3 expectations.</p>
<p>5 Step through the 5 steps they will follow on their computer.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If students are independently computer literate: • Give the go signal for students to turn and face their computers. • Circulate the room helping students who are stuck. If students are not independently computer literate: • You may need to teach students how to type an underscore (_) 	<p>5 Students walk through the steps to log-in to their Scratch accounts and begin to explore what they can do in the Scratch editor. Step 1: Go to scratch.mit.edu Step 2: Click the Sign in button in the upper right Step 3: Enter your username and password from your sticker and answer the questions when prompted. Step 4: Click on the "Exploring Scratch" studio and open "Make Something" Step 5: Create! Try making the sprite do something.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Go slide by slide through each step having students complete the slide with you	
<p>6 Show the “Make Your Sprite Move Forward” video and give students time to explore the Scratch editor.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Practice dragging blocks in the script area, connect them, and click the green flag to run their program.• If a student is more advanced and experienced with Scratch, point them to the challenges in the studio. <p>Hints in Scratch to share if students are struggling:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• If you don’t know what a block of code does click the ? in the menu bar.• Click on the top block to drag without separating blocks.• Clicking the bottom block will detach that piece. <p>Attention getting signal</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• What did you learn about Scratch?• What did you observe in your exploration?	<p>6 Students watch the video explore the Scratch editor.</p>




SAVING WORK ON SCRATCH



Length: 10 minutes

Students learn to save and title their work. If there is time, share volunteers' programs.

Teacher Actions	Student Actions
<p>1 Step through the steps students will follow to save their work. If students are independently computer literate:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Give the go signal for students to turn and face their computers. • Circulate the room helping students who are stuck. If students are not independently computer literate: • Go slide by slide through each step having students complete the slide with you 	<p>1 Students are facing teacher, backs to computers, listening for instructions. Step 1: Click  in the top right of the editor. Step 2: Click on the title to rename your project. Step 3: Delete "remix" from the title and write "Challenge #_username" Step 4: Click "Share"</p>
<p>2 When 100% of the class has their programs named and remixed, if there is time:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Who created something in Scratch and will let us view their code? 	<p>2 Students raise their hands to volunteer to show their code.</p>

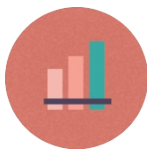
3

Select a student volunteer from your class on Scratch and project their program on the big screen.

- This is an opportunity to reference the norms the class drafted in lesson 1 of how they want to be treated when they fail. Recognize the student's bravery for showing off their code.

3

Students watch the screen at the front of the room and positively support their peers who demo their work.




STARTER MAZE



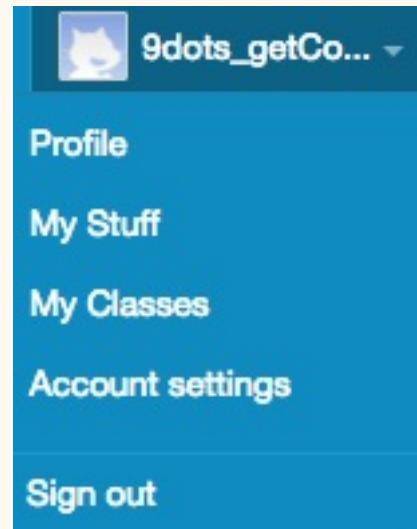
Length: 15 minutes

Students explore the maze project and predict how the code performs in the game

Teacher Actions	Student Actions
<div><div>1</div><div><p>Introduce the maze project!</p><ul style="list-style-type: none">Who here has done a maze before?Who can tell me what is a maze?<p>Dramatically reveal Escape the maze:</p><ul style="list-style-type: none">Part videogame, part mazeStudents are going to learn to code like app developers!<div><p>Suggested script:</p><p>Now that you played around in the coding editor of Scratch, I'm going to let you in on the big surprise. This year, you're not just becoming coders, you're going to learn to code like a game developer! You're going to build your very own video game : Escape the Maze! I think you are ready to see some of the code right now.</p></div></div></div>	<div><div>1</div><div><p>Students raise their hands to answer question. Answers should include:</p><ul style="list-style-type: none">A path you need to navigate to the endA start and an end/goalSometimes there are dead ends or obstacles<div></div></div></div>

- 2 Step through navigating to the starter maze and give them 2 minutes to play the game.

- 2 Step 1: Click on your username in the upper right and select "My Class"



Step 2: Click on the class studio "Escape the maze" Step 3: Open the starter maze, read the instructions, and click



to play the game.

- 3 Attention getting signal
- What is happening in the game?
 - What happens if the ball touches the blue?
 - What does the blue represent?
 - What is the green block?

- 3 Students share out what happened in the game.
- Answer: They are moving the ball through the maze.
 - Answer: The ball bounces backwards
 - Answer: The walls of the maze

<ul style="list-style-type: none">• What happens when the ball gets to the green block?	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Answer: The end, finish, goal• Answer: "You win!"
<p>4 Click to look at the code inside. Go through each block of code and ask students to connect it to the observations they made above about how the game is performing.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• What is each sequence of blocks telling the program to do?• Give students 1 minute to discuss with their partners what the code is doing before sharing out.	<p>4 Students Think Pair Share to predict how the shown block of code is performing in the stage.</p>



BRAINSTORM



Length: 5 minutes

Students brainstorm ideas for building out their maze in a list that we will reference as they develop their projects.

Prep: Chart Paper

Teacher Actions	Student Actions
<div>1</div> <div>Brainstorm improving the game and record answers on chart paper or in a document:</div> <div><ul style="list-style-type: none">• Think about some of the other games that you play. What could we add to Escape the Maze to make it more fun to play?<ul style="list-style-type: none">◦ Call on 2 students to share.◦ Give table partners 2 minutes to discuss and write ideas in their idea journals.◦ If a student says they like a particular game (e.g. Pokemon) ask them what features they like about the game (e.g. you can earn points).</div>	<div>1</div> <div>Students brainstorm ideas with their table partners and write in their idea journals.</div>

2

Attention getting signal

Call on students to share out their ideas:

- Continue to record their ideas
- It's totally okay to write down an idea if your friends come up with it.

2

Students share out ideas and record ones they like in their idea journals.

3

Close out this section of the lesson by letting students know you are excited about their ideas and the games they will code.

Suggested script:

These are all great ideas. We will add them to our game next time. We will start to build onto the Escape the Maze game to make it more fun. As you become master coders, you are going to take over and design your own game. Keep brainstorming new ideas to put into your game. I can't wait to see the games you develop!



EXIT TICKET



Length: 15 minutes

Prep: Socrative Quiz SOC-23584751

Teacher Actions	Student Actions
<div>1</div> <p>Introduce the exit ticket:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• This is an opportunity for me to see where we stand as a class.• It is important for you to try your best, but understand that some of these questions have been designed to be challenging and we are going to have time in upcoming lessons to follow up on questions you don't know yet.	<div>1</div> <p>Students independently complete the exit ticket on Socrative.</p>
<div>2</div> <p>Launch the exit ticket at t.socrative.com. Walk students through what Socrative looks like and how to answer the questions on m.socrative.com. You will need to give them the room name. SOC-23584751</p>	

