

## 1. Start with Java Fundamentals

- **Learn basic syntax and core concepts:**
  - Basic syntax
  - Data types and variables
  - Conditionals
  - Loops
  - Functions
  - Working with files and APIs
  - Packages, classes, and interfaces

At this stage, the goal is to understand how to write basic programs and get familiar with Object-Oriented Programming (OOP).

## 2. Dive into the JVM and internal workings

- Understand **how the JVM (Java Virtual Machine) works:**
  - Memory management
  - Garbage collection
  - Exception handling
  - Threads and basic multithreading

This knowledge is crucial for understanding performance and resource management.

## 3. Collections and data handling

- **Learn the Collection Framework:**
  - Collection Framework
  - Generics
  - Streams API
- **Serialization and networking:**
  - Serialization
  - Networking & Sockets

These skills will help you efficiently manage data and interact with other systems through networking.

## 4. Master build tools and libraries:

- **Build tools:**
  - Maven or Gradle
- **ORM frameworks:**
  - Hibernate, Spring Data JPA (for database interaction)
- **Web frameworks:**

- Spring, Spring Boot (key frameworks for Java development)

## 5. Testing your applications:

- Learn **testing tools**:
  - Unit testing with JUnit or TestNG
  - Mocking with Mockito
  - REST Assured for API testing

## 6. Additional skills:

- Logging with **Log4j2**, Logback, or TinyLog.
- **Database management** with JDBC or JPA.

## 7. Certification Progression

- Once you have mastered the essential tools and approaches for Java SE 8, you can pursue the **OCA (Java SE 8)** certification.
- After OCA, dive deeper into professional topics and prepare for the **OCP certification for Java SE 11 or SE 17**.

**Final Goal: Build full-fledged applications using Spring and advanced testing techniques.**

This path will guide you from the fundamentals to more advanced skills, allowing you to confidently pursue certification at different stages.