

# Claude Hardware Testing Infrastructure

## Automated Board Identification, UART Discovery, and Test Execution

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# Hardware Testing Infrastructure

## Purpose

Automated end-to-end hardware validation for ADI SC5XX development boards

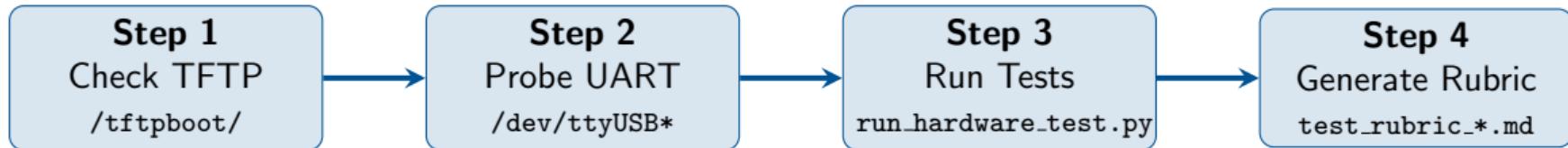
## Testing Pipeline Steps:

- ① **Identify Flash Project** – Check TFTP directory for board configuration
- ② **Detect UART Connection** – Probe serial ports to find connected boards
- ③ **Run Hardware Tests** – Execute configuration-driven test suite
- ④ **Generate Test Rubric** – Produce detailed markdown results

## Key Benefit

Fully automated board discovery and validation with no manual configuration

# Testing Pipeline Architecture



## Inputs

- TFTP boot directory
- Available serial ports
- Board configuration JSON

## Outputs

- Board identification
- UART port mapping
- Test results with pass/fail status
- Markdown test rubric

# Step 1: Identify Flash Project (TFTP Check)

**Check /tftpboot/ to determine which board is configured**

```
$ ls -la /tftpboot/
-rwxr-xr-x  68940 stage1-boot.ldr
-rwxr-xr-x  557044 stage2-boot.ldr
-rwxr-xr-x 1304076 u-boot-spl-sc594-som-ezkit.elf
-rwxr-xr-x 4914388 u-boot-proper-sc594-som-ezkit.elf
-rw-r--r-- 5497752 zImage
-rw-r--r-- 24666 sc594-som-ezkit.dtb
-rw-r--r-- 7865090 fitImage
-rw-r--r-- 236191744 adsp-sc5xx-full-adsp-sc594-som-ezkit.rootfs.jffs2
```

Identified Configuration: SC594-SOM-EZKIT

- **U-Boot:** SPL + proper ELF binaries
- **Kernel:** Linux 6.12 zImage + DTB
- **Root FS:** Full JFFS2 image

# TFTP Directory Key Files

File	Purpose	Board Indicator
u-boot-spl-sc*.elf	U-Boot SPL binary	Board name in filename
u-boot-proper-sc*.elf	U-Boot proper binary	Board name in filename
sc*-som-ezkit.dtb	Device tree blob	Board name in filename
zImage / fitImage	Linux kernel image	Linked to board-specific version
adsp-sc5xx-*.jffs2	Root filesystem	Board name in filename
stage1-boot.ldr	Stage 1 bootloader	Generic for all boards
stage2-boot.ldr	Stage 2 bootloader	Generic for all boards

## Board Identification Method

Parse filenames containing sc594, sc598, sc589, etc. to determine the target board configuration

## Step 2: Detect UART Connection

### Probe serial ports to find and identify connected boards

```
# List available UART devices
$ ls -la /dev/ttyUSB* /dev/ttyACM*
crw-rw----+ 1 root plugdev 188, 0 /dev/ttyUSB0
crw-rw----+ 1 root plugdev 188, 1 /dev/ttyUSB1
```

```
# Direct serial probe
import serial
ser = serial.Serial('/dev/ttyUSB0', 115200, timeout=2)
ser.write(b'hostname\n')
response = ser.read(1000).decode()
# Response: 'adsp-sc594-som-ezkit'
```

### Detection Result

**SC594-SOM-EZKIT** detected on /dev/ttyUSB0 – matches TFTP configuration

# UART Detection Results

Port	Status	Hostname	Board Type
/dev/ttyUSB0	Connected	adsp-sc594-som-ezkit	SC594-SOM-EZKIT
/dev/ttyUSB1	No Response	-	-

## Board Identification Patterns:

- \*sc594\* → SC594-SOM-EZKIT
- \*sc598\* → SC598-SOM-EZKIT
- \*sc589\*mini\* → SC589-MINI
- \*sc589\*ezkit\* → SC589-EZKIT

## Verification

TFTP configuration (SC594-SOM-EZKIT) matches detected board on UART

## Step 3: Run Hardware Tests

### Execute configuration-driven test suite via UART

```
$ python3 run_hardware_tests.py \
  --config configs/sc594-som-ezkit.json \
  --port /dev/ttyUSB0

Attempting to connect to SC594-SOM-EZKIT on /dev/ttyUSB0...
Connecting to /dev/ttyUSB0 at 115200 baud...
Already authenticated!

=====
STARTING HARDWARE TESTS FOR SC594-SOM-EZKIT
=====
```

### Test Configuration

- Serial: /dev/ttyUSB0 @ 115200
- I2C Channels: 3
- Crypto: Disabled
- SRAM: /dev/sram\_mmap
- Audio: sc5xxasoccard / ADAU1962
- Network: iperf3 server configured

# Test Categories Executed

## Core Hardware Tests

- **Board Detection**

- Hostname verification
- Kernel version check

- **I2C Communication**

- Channel count validation
- Bus scan per channel

- **Network Interface**

- Ethernet/MAC detection
- IP address validation
- Ping connectivity
- iperf3 performance

## Peripheral Tests

- **SRAM Allocation**

- Device presence
- Memory mapping

- **GP Timer Counters**

- Counter detection
- Increment validation

- **ALSA Audio**

- Sound card detection
- Codec identification

- **RPMsg / Clock**

- Inter-core communication
- Clock tree access

**Score: 80%**

16 Passed / 4 Failed (20 Total Tests)

Category	Tests	Passed	Failed
Board Detection	Hostname, Kernel Info	2	0
I2C Communication	Channel Count, Ch0/Ch1/Ch2 Scans	3	1
Network Interface	Ethernet, IP, Ping, iperf3	3	1
SRAM Allocation	Device Presence, Memory Mapping	1	1
GP Timer Counters	Detection, Function	2	0
ALSA Audio	Card, Codec Detection	2	0
RPMsg Communication	Device, Bind, Echo	2	1
Clock Configuration	Debug Access	1	0
<b>Total</b>		<b>16</b>	<b>4</b>

# Detailed Test Output

```
==== Board Detection Tests ====
[PASS] Hostname: adsp-sc594-som-ezkit
[PASS] Kernel Info: Linux adsp-sc594-som-ezkit 6.12.0-yocto-standard-00085-g27fd...

==== I2C Communication Tests ====
[FAIL] Channel Count: 1 channels (expected 3)
[PASS] Channel 0 Scan: Scan completed, devices: No
[PASS] Channel 1 Scan: Scan completed, devices: No
[PASS] Channel 2 Scan: Scan completed, devices: Yes

==== Network Interface Tests ====
[PASS] Ethernet Detection: MAC: xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx
[PASS] IP Address: IP: xx.xx.xx.xx
[PASS] Ping Test: Ping successful
[FAIL] iperf3 Performance: iperf3 failed or timeout

==== GP Timer Counter Tests ====
[PASS] Counter Detection: 8 counters found
[PASS] Counter Function: Diff: 111720833 (175922355 -> 287643188)

==== ALSA Audio Tests ====
[PASS] Card Detection: Card: sc5xxasoccard
[PASS] Codec Detection: Codec: ADAU1962
```

# Failed Tests Analysis

Test	Expected	Actual
I2C Channel Count	3 channels	1 channel
iperf3 Performance	Throughput data	Timeout/connection failed
SRAM Memory Mapping	mmap success	mmap failed
RPMsg Device Presence	Devices found	0 devices found

## Possible Causes:

- **I2C**: Device tree configuration or driver loading issue
- **iperf3**: Network server not running or firewall blocking
- **SRAM**: Kernel module not loaded or permission issue
- **RPMsg**: SHARC cores not loaded or remoteproc not started

## Step 4: Generated Test Rubric

### Output: Markdown test rubric for documentation

```
# Hardware Test Rubric: SC594-SOM-EZKIT
**Date:** 2026-01-26 16:08:12
**Serial Port:** /dev/ttyUSB0
**Kernel:** Linux 6.12.0-yocto-standard
```

#### ## Test Results Summary

Category	Passed	Failed	Total
Board Detection	2	0	2
I2C Communication	3	1	4
Network Interface	3	1	4
...	...	...	...

```
## Overall Score: 80% (16/20)
```

#### ## Issues Identified

1. I2C Channel Count: Expected 3, found 1
2. iperf3: Connection timeout
- ...

### Output Location

[docs/hardware-testing/test\\_rubric\\_SC594-SOM-EZKIT\\_2026-01-26\\_160812.md](#)

# Supported ADI SC5XX Boards

Board	Processor	I2C Ch	Crypto	Config File
SC598-SOM-EZKIT	Cortex-A55 + SHARC+	3 (skip ch0)	Yes	sc598-som-ezkit.json
SC594-SOM-EZKIT	Cortex-A5 + SHARC+	3	No	sc594-som-ezkit.json
SC589-MINI	Cortex-A5 + SHARC+	2	No	sc589-mini.json
SC589-EZKIT	Cortex-A5 + SHARC+	3	No	sc589-ezkit.json
SC584-EZKIT	Cortex-A5 + SHARC+	3	No	sc584-ezkit.json
SC573-EZKIT	Cortex-A5 + SHARC+	3	No	sc573-ezkit.json

## Serial Communication Settings:

- Baud rate: 115200
- Credentials: root / adi
- Flow control: None (GPIO-controlled on SOM boards)

# GitHub Actions Workflow Overview

## Workflow: build-linux-images.yml

Automated CI/CD pipeline for building, flashing, and testing ADI SC5XX boards

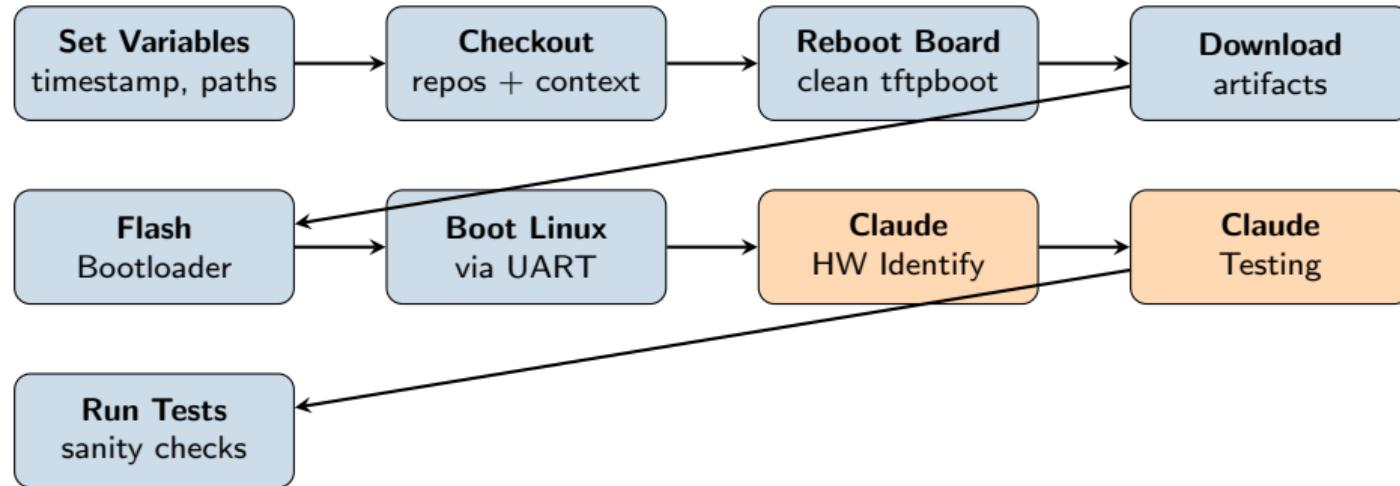
### Workflow Triggers:

- `workflow_dispatch` – Manual trigger with version/manifest inputs
- `repository_dispatch` – External API triggers
- `pull_request` – PR events (opened, edited, synchronize)
- `push` – Push to `claude_testing` branch

### Key Feature: Claude AI Integration

The workflow includes stages that invoke Claude Code CLI for automated hardware identification and test execution

# Workflow Architecture



## Standard Stages (blue)

- Variable setup and checkout
- Board reboot and artifact download
- Bootloader flash and Linux boot

## Claude AI Stages (orange)

- Hardware identification
- Automated test execution
- Rubric generation

# Claude Stage 1: Hardware Identification

## Step: “Hardware identification and testing via Claude”

```
- name: Hardware identification and testing via Claude
  run: |
    source /etc/sc5xx-utils/${{ matrix.platform }}.sh bootmode1
    source /variables/claude_vars.sh
    cd claude_context_1
    claude -p "Identify board type from /tftpboot/ filenames"
    claude -p "Find board on /dev/ttyUSB* at 115200 baud, verify hostname"
    claude -p "Run hardware tests with matching config, save rubric"
```

### Claude Prompts Executed:

- ① **TFTP Check** – Identify board from /tftpboot/ contents
- ② **UART Detection** – Probe serial ports to find connected board
- ③ **Test Execution** – Run hardware test infrastructure

### Context Repository

Uses claude\_context\_1 (branch: hardware\_identification)

# Claude Stage 2: Automated Testing

## Step: “Claude Testing”

```
- name: Claude Testing
  run: |
    source /etc/sc5xx-utils/${{ matrix.platform }}.sh bootmode1
    source /variables/clause_vars.sh
    cd claude_context_2
    claude -p "scan the files from /etc/sc5xx-utils and run the specific
               hardware tests for the ${{ matrix.platform }} board connected
               to this machine and generate a rubric"
```

### Single Comprehensive Prompt:

- Scans /etc/sc5xx-utils/ for board configuration scripts
- Identifies the specific platform (sc594-som-ezkit, sc598-som-ezkit)
- Executes hardware tests via UART
- Generates markdown test rubric

### Context Repository

Uses claude\_context\_2 (branch: hardware\_run)

# Claude Context Repositories

## **claude\_context\_1**

Branch: hardware\_identification

- TFTP directory analysis
- UART port discovery
- Board hostname detection

### **Key Files:**

- CLAUDE.md
- uart\_discovery.py

## **claude\_context\_2**

Branch: hardware\_run

- Board configuration parsing
- Test suite execution
- Rubric generation

### **Key Files:**

- CLAUDE.md
- run\_hardware\_tests.py

## Separation of Concerns

Two separate context repositories allow specialized Claude prompts for each phase

# Workflow Run Example: SC594-SOM-EZKIT

## From workflow run

```
Job: Flash and Boot (sc594-som-ezkit, full)
Runner: LNX-R0-1 (analog-Precision-5520)
Branch: claude_testing
Status: Completed (with test failures)

Test Results:
  GPTIMER-COUNTERS: PASS (8 timers detected)
  SRAM: PASS
  I2C: FAIL (1 of 3 channels working)
  RPMsg: FAIL (Echo test 1 failed)
  Networking: PASS (ping OK, iperf3 ~94 Mbits/sec)
  ALSA Devices: PASS (adau1962-hifi-0 detected)
  Clock: PASS

Final Score: 3 failures / 7 test categories
```

## Workflow Outcome

Claude successfully identified the board, executed tests via UART, and the results were captured in the workflow logs

# Hardware Testing Infrastructure Summary

## 4-Step Testing Pipeline

- ① **Identify Flash Project** – Parse /tftpboot/ for board configuration
- ② **Detect UART Connection** – Probe serial ports, match hostname patterns
- ③ **Run Hardware Tests** – Execute JSON-configured test suite via UART
- ④ **Generate Test Rubric** – Produce markdown documentation

### SC594-SOM-EZKIT Results

- Detected on /dev/ttyUSB0
- Kernel: Linux 6.12.0
- Score: **80%** (16/20 tests)
- Key issues: I2C, iperf3, SRAM, RPMsg

### Framework Capabilities

- 9 test categories
- 20+ individual tests
- 6 supported board types
- Automated rubric generation

# CI/CD Integration Summary

## GitHub Actions Workflow

Fully automated pipeline from build to test with Claude AI integration

### Claude-Powered Stages:

#### ① Hardware Identification (3 prompts)

- Check TFTP for flashed configuration
- Detect board via UART connections
- Execute hardware test infrastructure

#### ② Automated Testing (1 comprehensive prompt)

- Parse /etc/sc5xx-utils/ configurations
- Run platform-specific hardware tests

## Key Benefits

No manual intervention required – intelligent test execution and automated documentation

# Quick Reference Commands

```
# Step 1: Check TFTP configuration
ls -la /tftpboot/

# Step 2: Detect UART connections
python3 -c "
import serial
ser = serial.Serial('/dev/ttyUSB0', 115200, timeout=2)
ser.write(b'hostname\n')
print(ser.read(1000).decode())
"

# Step 3: Run hardware tests
python3 run_hardware_tests.py \
    --config configs/sc594-som-ezkit.json \
    --port /dev/ttyUSB0

# Output: test_rubric_SC594-SOM-EZKIT_<timestamp>.md
```

**Thank you!**