iocage(8) iocage(8)

NAME

iocage - jail manager amalgamating ZFS, VNET and resource limits

SYNOPSIS

```
iocage fetch
iocage create [-c] [release=RELEASE]
iocage clone UUID
iocage list [-t]
iocage start UUID
iocage stop UUID
iocage console UUID
iocage get [property | all ] UUID
iocage set property=value UUID
iocage cap UUID
iocage uncap UUID
iocage inuse UUID
iocage snapshot UUID
iocage snaplist UUID
iocage snapremove snapshotname UUID
iocage defaults
iocage version | --version
iocage help
```

DESCRIPTION

iocage is a system administration tool for jails designed to simplify jail management tasks. It abstracts away the management of ZFS backed jails running VNET networking with optional support for resource limits.

NOTE: only VNET enabled jails are supported! The older shared IP based jails are intentionally not supported for various reasons - mostly VNET enabled jails provide better isolation.

Each jail has a unique ID (*UUID*) automatically generated at creation time. Using *UUID*'s as jail names means that a jail can be replicated in a distributed environment with greater flexibility. This also eliminates potential naming clashes on large scale deployments.

To ease jail identification a TAG field is included in *list* mode which can be *set* to any string (hostname, label, note, etc.). By default the TAG field contains the creation date and time stamp.

Properties are stored inside ZFS custom fields. This eliminates the need for any configuration files and jails can be easily moved with ZFS send and receive preserving *all* of their properties automatically.

iocage relies on ZFS, VIMAGE (VNET) and has the following minimal requirements:

- o FreeBSD 10.0-RELEASE amd64
- **o** bridge interfaces (bridge0,bridge1) add:

```
cloned_interfaces="bridge0 bridge1" to /etc/rc.conf
```

o Kernel compiled with:

```
options VIMAGE options RACCT options RCTL
```

SUBCOMMANDS

```
fetch [release=RELEASE]
```

fetch has to be executed as the first command on a pristine system. By default fetch will download the host node's RELEASE for deployment. If other releases are required this can be changed with supplying the required release property.

```
Example: iocage fetch release=9.2-RELEASE
create [-c] [release=RELEASE] [property=value] [property=value] ...
    By default create will deploy a new jail based on the host operating
    system's release. This can be changed by specifying the release option.
    If the -c switch is specified the jail will be cloned from the release.
    Default is to create a fully independent jail set.
    Example: iocage create tag=www01
clone [property=value] ... UUID
    Clone jail identified by UUID (ZFS clone). All properties will be reset on
    the clone, defaults can be overridden by specifying properties on the fly.
    Example: iocage clone tag=www02 UUID
list [-t]
    List all jails, if -t is specified list only templates.
df
    List disk space related information. Available fields:
    CRT - compression ratio
    RES - reserved space
    QTA - disk quota
    USE - used space
    AVA - available space
start UUID
    Start jail identified by UUID.
stop UUID
    Stop jail identified by UUID.
console UUID
    Console access, drop into jail.
get [property | all ] UUID
    Get named property or if all is specified dump all properties known to
    iocage.
    To display whether resource limits are enforced for jail:
    iocage get rlimits UUID
set property=value UUID
    Set a property to value.
cap UUID
    Reapply resource limits on jail while it is running.
```

```
uncap UUID
           Release all resource limits, disable limits on the fly.
      inuse UUID
           Display consumed resources for jail.
      snapshot UUID
           Create a ZFS snapshot for jail.
      snaplist UUID
           List all snapshots belonging to jail.
      snapremove snapshotname UUID
           Destroy snapshot.
      defaults
           Display all defaults set in iocage itself.
      version | --version
           List version number.
      help
           List quick help.
PROPERTIES
      For more information on properties please check the relevant man page which is noted next to each prop-
      erty.
      interfaces
           By default there are two interfaces specified with their bridge
           association. Up to four interfaces are supported. Interface configurations
           are separated by commas.
           Default: vnet0:bridge0,vnet1:bridge1
      host_hostname
           Default: UUID. See jail(8) for more details.
      exec_fib
           Default: 0. jail(8)
      devfs_ruleset
           Default: 4. jail(8)
      mount_devfs
           Default: 1. jail(8)
      exec_start
           Default: /bin/sh /etc/rc. jail(8)
```

```
exec_stop
    Default: /bin/sh /etc/rc.shutdown. jail(8)
exec_prestart
    Default: /usr/bin/true. jail(8)
exec_prestop
    Default: /usr/bin/true. jail(8)
exec_poststop
    Default: /usr/bin/true. jail(8)
exec_poststart
    Default: /usr/bin/true. jail(8)
exec_clean
    Default: 1. jail(8)
exec_timeout
    Default: 60. jail(8)
stop_timeout
    Default: 30. jail(8)
exec_jail_user
    Default: root. jail(8)
exec_system_jail_user
    Default: 0. jail(8)
exec_system_user
    Default: root. jail(8)
mount_fdescfs
    Default: 1. jail(8)
enforce\_statfs
    Default: 2. jail(8)
children_max
    Default: 0. jail(8)
login_flags
    Default: -f root. jail(8)
securelevel
    Default: 3. jail(8)
```

```
allow_set_hostname
    Default: 1. jail(8)
allow_sysvipc
    Default: 0. jail(8)
allow_raw_sockets
    Default: 0. jail(8)
allow_chflags
    Default: 0. jail(8)
allow_mount
    Default: 0. jail(8)
allow_mount_devfs
    Default: 0. jail(8)
allow\_mount\_nullfs
    Default: 0. jail(8)
allow_mount_procfs
    Default: 0. jail(8)
allow_mount_tmpfs
    Default: 0. jail(8)
allow_mount_zfs
    Default: 0. jail(8)
allow_quotas
    Default: 0. jail(8)
allow_socket_af
    Default: 0. jail(8)
host_hostuuid
    Default: UUID. jail(8)
tag
    Custom string for aliasing jails.
    Default: date@time
template
    This property controls whether the jail is a template. Templates are not
    auto-started by iocage.
```

```
Default: no
boot
    If set to on jail will be auto-started at boot time.
    Default: off
notes
    Custom notes.
    Default: none
owner
    The owner of the jail, can be any string.
    Default: root.
priority
    Start priority at boot time, smaller value means higher priority.
    Default: 99.
last_started
    Last successful start time.
type
    Currently only jail is supported - this is for future use.
    Default: jail
hostid
    The UUID of the host node. Jail won't start if this property differs from the ac
    of the host node. This is to safeguard jails from being started on
    different nodes in case they are periodically replicated across nodes.
    Default: UUID od the host (/etc/hostid)
release
    The RELEASE used at creation time.
compression
    Default: 1z4. zfs(8)
origin
    This is only set for clones. zfs(8)
quota
    Quota for jail.
    Default: 15G. zfs(8)
```

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mountpoint
    Path for the jail's root filesystem.
    Default: set to jail's root. zfs(8)
compressratio
    Compression ratio. zfs(8)
available
    Available space in jail's dataset. zfs(8)
used
    Used space by jail. zfs(8)
dedup
    Deduplication for jail.
    Default: off. zfs(8)
reservation
    Reserved space for jail.
    Default: none. zfs(8)
sync_target
    This is for future use, currently not supported.
sync_tgt_zpool
    This is for future use, currently not supported.
rlimits
    If on resource limits will be enforced.
    Default: off
cpuset
    CPU affinity and limits. Please consult cpuset(1) for details.
    Default: off
```

RESOURCE LIMITS

Resource limits (except cpuset and rlimits) use the following value field formatting in the property: limit:action - to better understand what this means please read rctl(8) before enabling any limits.

The following resource limits are supported:

```
cpuset
```

```
Default: off. cpuset(1) for more details.
memoryuse
    Default: 8G:log. rctl(8)
```

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```
memorylocked
    Default: off. rctl(8)
vmemoryuse
    Default: off. rctl(8)
maxproc
    Default: off. rctl(8)
cputime
    Default: off. rctl(8)
pcpu
    Default: off. rctl(8)
datasize
    Default: off. rctl(8)
stacksize
    Default: off. rctl(8)
coredumpsize
    Default: off. rctl(8)
openfiles
    Default: off. rctl(8)
pseudoterminals
    Default: off. rctl(8)
swapuse
    Default: off. rctl(8)
nthr
    Default: off. rctl(8)
msgqqueued
    Default: off. rctl(8)
msgqsize
    Default: off. rctl(8)
nmsgq
    Default: off. rctl(8)
nsemop
    Default: off. rctl(8)
```

```
nshm

Default: off. rctl(8)

shmsize

Default: off. rctl(8)

wallclock

Default: off. rctl(8)
```

EXAMPLES

```
Set up iocage from scratch:
```

iocage fetch

Create first jail:

iocage create

List jails:

iocage list

Start jail:

iocage start UUID

Turn on resource limits and apply them:

```
iocage set rlimits=on UUID iocage cap UUID
```

Display resource usage:

iocage inuse UUID

HINTS

iocage marks a ZFS pool in the pool's comment field and identifies the active pool for use based on this string.

Don't forget to add the node's physical NIC into one of the bridges if you need outside connection. Also read **bridge**(4) how traffic is handled if you are not familiar with this concept (in a nutshell: bridge behaves like a network switch).

PF firewall is not supported inside VNET jails as of July 2014. PF can be enabled for the host however. IPFW is fully supported.

Property validation is not handled by **iocage** (to keep it simple) so please make sure your custom values are supported before configuring any properties.

The actual jail name in the $\mathbf{jls}(8)$ output is *set* to ioc-*UUID*. This is a required workaround as jails will refuse to *start* with $\mathbf{jail}(8)$ when name starts with a "0".

SEE ALSO

```
jail(8), ifconfig(8), epair(4), bridge(4), jexec(8), zfs(8), zpool(8), rctl(8), cpuset(1)
```

BUGS

Nothing is perfect, please kindly report them.

AUTHORS

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