## Computer Communications and Networks (COMN) 2021/22, Semester 2

## **Assignment 2 Results Sheet**

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**Question 1** – Number of retransmissions and throughput with different retransmission timeout values with stop-and-wait protocol. For each value of retransmission timeout, run the experiments for **5 times** and write down **average number of retransmissions** and **average throughput**.

Retransmission timeout (ms)	Average number of re-transmissions	Average throughput (Kilobytes per second)
5	951.8	68
10	619.8	63
15	163.4	60
20	108.8	57
25	93.4	56.2
30	98.2	54
40	96	51.8
50	100.2	48.2
75	92.8	43.6
100	97	38.5

**Question 2** – Discuss the impact of retransmission timeout value on the number of retransmissions and throughput. Indicate the optimal timeout value from a communication efficiency viewpoint (i.e., the timeout that minimizes the number of retransmissions while ensuring a high throughput).

Increasing the retransmission timeout drastically decreases the number of retransmitted packets when the timeout goes from 5 to 20, where it drops by an average of 840. However from a timeout of 25 to 100 the number of retransmitted packets seems to fluctuate between the different timeouts, for example a timeout of 75ms has less retransmissions than a timeout of 100ms, this indicates that past a timeout of 25ms the number of retransmitted packets does not go though any more major changes as it tends to stay within a range of 90 - 100 retransmissions.

Increasing the timeout has a negative correlation with the average throughput, this is because by increasing the time the socket stays active waiting for the correct ACK packet to be received, this increases

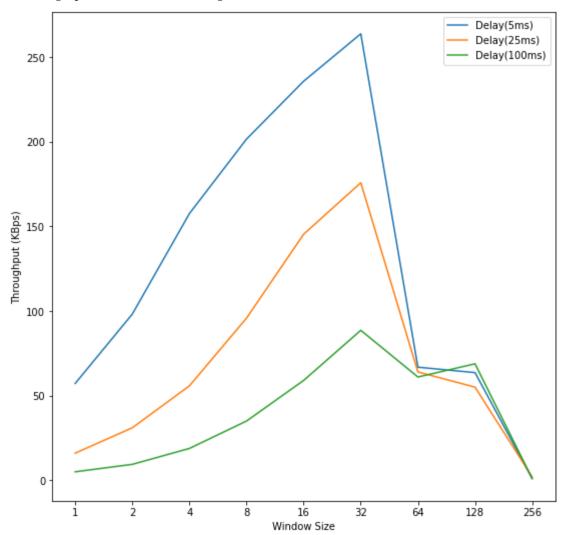
the overall time it takes for the packet to be delivered to the receiver therefore decreasing the throughput because the size of the file is a constant.

I believe the optimal timeout value should be 25ms as it has a sufficiently high throughput whilst also keeping a lower average number of retransmitted packets.

**Question 3** – Experimentation with Go-Back-N. For each value of window size, run the experiments for **5 times** and write down **average throughput**.

	Average throughput (Kilobytes per second)		
Window Size	Delay = 5ms	Delay = 25ms	Delay = 100ms
1	57.2	16	5
2	98.2	31	9.4
4	157.6	55.8	18.8
8	201.6	95.8	35
16	235.8	145.4	59
32	263.8	175.8	88.6
64	66.8	64	61
128	63.6	55	68.8
256	1	2	1

Create a graph as shown below using the results from the above table:



**Question 4** – Discuss your results from Question 3.

From this graph it is evident that increasing the window size past 32 has a negative impact on the throughput, this is most likely due to if a packet in the window has not been transmitted correctly or it has not been ACKed, every packet after and including, that specific packet must be retransmitted. This leads to a lot of packets being retransmitted which will cause further delays because many packets will be resent therefore reducing the throughput.

An increased propagation delay time also drastically reduces the throughput, this is because it takes packets longer to
travel through the network and be received at the receiver end, due to the increased in delay the overall time it takes
all packets to be transmitted takes longer therefore heavily reducing throughput.

If window size > 32 and a larger delay (>5ms), the throughput suffers the most.

**Question 5** – Experimentation with Selective Repeat. For each value of window size, run the experiments for **5 times** and write down **average throughput**.

	Average throughput (Kilobytes per second)
Window Size	Delay = 25ms
1	
2	
4	
8	
16	
32	

**Question 6** - Compare the throughput obtained when using "Selective Repeat" with the corresponding results you got from the "Go Back N" experiment and explain the reasons behind any differences.

**Question 7** – Experimentation with *iperf*. For each value of window size, run the experiments for **5 times** and write down **average throughput**.

	Average throughput (Kilobytes per second)
Window Size (KB)	Delay = 25ms
1	
2	
4	
8	
16	
32	

<b>Question 8</b> - Compare the throughput obtained when corresponding results you got from the <i>iperf</i> experime	•