

# Introduction to the R Language

Loop Functions - mapply

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### mapply

mapply is a multivariate apply of sorts which applies a function in parallel over a set of arguments.

- FUN is a function to apply
- · ... contains arguments to apply over
- · MoreArgs is a list of other arguments to FUN.
- · SIMPLIFY indicates whether the result should be simplified

## mapply

The following is tedious to type

```
list(rep(1, 4), rep(2, 3), rep(3, 2), rep(4, 1))
```

Instead we can do

```
> mapply(rep, 1:4, 4:1)
[[1]]
[1] 1 1 1 1

[[2]]
[1] 2 2 2

[[3]]
[1] 3 3
[[4]]
[1] 4
```

### **Vectorizing a Function**

```
> noise <- function(n, mean, sd) {
+ rnorm(n, mean, sd)
+ }
> noise(5, 1, 2)
[1] 2.4831198 2.4790100 0.4855190 -1.2117759
[5] -0.2743532

> noise(1:5, 1:5, 2)
[1] -4.2128648 -0.3989266 4.2507057 1.1572738
[5] 3.7413584
```

#### **Instant Vectorization**

```
> mapply(noise, 1:5, 1:5, 2)
[[1]]
[1] 1.037658
[[2]]
[1] 0.7113482 2.7555797
[[3]]
[1] 2.769527 1.643568 4.597882
[[4]]
[1] 4.476741 5.658653 3.962813 1.204284
[[5]]
[1] 4.797123 6.314616 4.969892 6.530432 6.723254
```

#### **Instant Vectorization**

Which is the same as

```
list(noise(1, 1, 2), noise(2, 2, 2),
noise(3, 3, 2), noise(4, 4, 2),
noise(5, 5, 2))
```