Structure of pHs RLC

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1 System netlist

line	label	dictionary.component	nodes	parameters
$\overline{\ell_1}$	IN	electronics.source	('A', 'ref')	{ type voltage
ℓ_2	R1	electronics.resistor	('A', 'B')	R ('R1', 1000.0)
ℓ_3	L	electronics.inductor	('B', 'C')	L ('L', 0.05)
ℓ_4	С	electronics.capacitor	('C', 'ref')	C ('C', 2e-06)

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\dim(\mathbf{x}) = n_{\mathbf{x}} = 2;

\dim(\mathbf{w}) = n_{\mathbf{w}} = 1;

\dim(\mathbf{y}) = n_{\mathbf{y}} = 1;

\dim(\mathbf{p}) = n_{\mathbf{p}} = 0;
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2 System variables

State variable
$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{\rm L} \\ x_{\rm C} \end{pmatrix}$$
;
Dissipation variable $\mathbf{w} = \begin{pmatrix} w_{\rm R1} \end{pmatrix}$;
Input $\mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} u_{\rm IN} \end{pmatrix}$;

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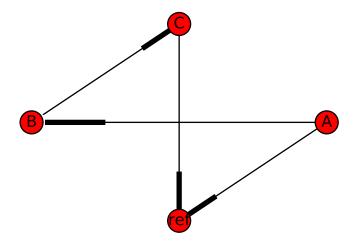


Figure 1: Graph of system RLC.

Output
$$\mathbf{y} = (y_{\text{IN}})$$
;

3 Constitutive relations

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Hamiltonian \mathbf{H}(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{0.5}{\mathrm{L}} \cdot x_{\mathrm{L}}^2 + \frac{0.5}{\mathrm{C}} \cdot x_{\mathrm{C}}^2;

Hamiltonian gradient \nabla \mathbf{H}(\mathbf{x}) = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{x_{\mathrm{L}}}{\mathrm{L}} \\ \frac{x_{\mathrm{C}}}{\mathrm{C}} \end{pmatrix};

Dissipation function \mathbf{z}(\mathbf{w}) = \begin{pmatrix} \mathrm{R1} \cdot w_{\mathrm{R1}} \end{pmatrix};

Jacobian of dissipation function \mathcal{J}_{\mathbf{z}}(\mathbf{w}) = \begin{pmatrix} \mathrm{R1} \end{pmatrix};
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4 System parameters

4.1 Constant

parameter	value (SI)
C:	2e-06
R1:	1000.0
L:	0.05