Meeting with Prof. Charles Kemp — report

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I gave an example of context where disconfirmation of an hypothesis you highly expect to be true (say $h_1 \in H$) might lead you to admit \bar{H} instead of reconsidering alternative hypotheses in H. But this kind of phenomenon is maybe trivial, and there already are models which might account for it.

Perhaps a way would be to see how we can expressively formalize subjective probability (as presented by Weaver) related to the surprise effect (why 1 out of 10 seems to be more surprising or less probable than 10 out 100?). Which link with the Prospect Theory, quantity bias, etc.?

Moreover, we talked about an other direction, very interesting: is there a way to model and experimentally test some intuitions of Ludwig Benner about the fashion you mentally "break down" a rare event like an accident in subsets of causal, multilinear events?