

**Indian Institute of Technology Kharagpur**  
**Department of Mathematics**  
**MA11004 - Linear Algebra, Numerical and Complex Analysis**  
**Problem Sheet - 5**  
**Spring 2021**

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1. Prove that

$$\Delta \log f(x) = \log\left[1 + \frac{\Delta f(x)}{f(x)}\right],$$

where  $\Delta$  is the forward difference operator.

2. For linear interpolation, in case of equispaced tabular data, show that the error does not exceed  $1/8^{\text{th}}$  of the second difference.
3. Consider the following tabular values:

$x$	0	1	2	3
$f(x)$	1	0	7	28

Find the interpolating polynomial using

- (i) Newton's Forward Interpolation Formula.
- (ii) Newton's Backward Interpolation Formula.
4. From the following table find the number of students who obtained less than 45 marks :

Marks	No. of students
30-40	31
40-50	42
50-60	51
60-70	35
70-80	31

5. The population of a town in West Bengal was as given below :

Year:	1891	1901	1911	1921	1931
Population (in thousands):	46	66	81	93	101

Estimate the population of the year 1925.

6. Given that  $f(1) = 2$ ,  $f(2) = 4$ ,  $f(3) = 8$ ,  $f(4) = 16$ ,  $f(7) = 128$ . Find the value of  $f(5)$  using the Lagrange's interpolation formula.
7. Using the Lagrange's interpolation formula, express

$$\frac{3x^2 + x + 1}{x^3 - 6x^2 + 11x - 6}$$

as the sum of partial fraction.

8. Using the Lagrange's formula, prove that

$$y_0 = \frac{1}{2}(y_1 + y_{-1}) - \frac{1}{8}\left[\frac{1}{2}(y_3 - y_1) - \frac{1}{2}(y_{-1} - y_{-3})\right].$$

Note:  $y_i = y(x_i) = f(x_i)$ .

9. Compute the value of following integral

$$\int_{0.2}^{1.4} (\sin x - \ln x + e^x) dx$$

using trapezoidal rule with 6 equal subintervals.

10. A car laps a racetrack in 84 seconds. The speed of the car at each 6 seconds interval is determined using a radar gun and is given from the beginning of the lap, in feet/second, in the entries in the following table:

Time	0	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60	66	72	78	84
Speed	124	134	148	156	147	133	121	109	99	85	78	89	104	116	123

How long is the track?

Note: use trapezoidal formula

11. How big should the spacing  $h$  be so that the computation of

$$\int_0^1 e^x dx$$

by trapezoidal rule will be correct to five decimal places.

12. Let

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

be the equation of the parabola passing through the points  $(-h, y_0)$ ,  $(0, y_1)$ ,  $(h, y_2)$ . Find the area underlying the parabola bounded by the  $x$ -axis and the two ordinates  $x = -h$ ,  $x = h$  using Simpson's 1/3<sup>rd</sup> rule. What conclusion do you draw from the result.

13. Calculate the value of the integral

$$\int_4^{5.2} \ln x dx$$

using Simpson's 1/3<sup>rd</sup> rule with 6 equal subdivisions of the interval.

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