

Indian Institute of Technology Kharagpur
Department of Mathematics
MA11003 - Advanced Calculus
Problem Sheet - 3
Autumn 2020

1. Determine the limits as $(x, y) \rightarrow (0, 0)$ of the following functions, if they exist:

- (a) $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{xy}{x^2 + y^2}, & (x, y) \neq (0, 0); \\ 0, & (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases}$
- (b) $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \log\left(\frac{y}{x}\right), & xy \neq 0; \\ 0, & xy = 0. \end{cases}$
- (c) $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{|x|}{y^2} \exp\left(-\frac{|x|}{y^2}\right), & y \neq 0; \\ 0, & y = 0. \end{cases}$
- (d) $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 + y^2}{\tan(xy)}, & xy \neq 0; \\ 0, & xy = 0. \end{cases}$
- (e) $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 y}{x^4 + y^2}, & (x, y) \neq (0, 0); \\ 0, & (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases}$
- (f) $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} + x}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} - x}\right), & y \neq 0; \\ 0, & y = 0. \end{cases}$
- (g) $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \sin\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{y}{x}\right), & xy \neq 0; \\ 0, & xy = 0. \end{cases}$
- (h) $f(x, y) = \cos^3(\sqrt{x^2 + y^2})$.
- (i) $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{\sin(x^2 y + xy^2)}{xy}, & xy \neq 0; \\ 0, & xy = 0. \end{cases}$
- (j) $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^3 - y^3}{x^2 + y^2}, & (x, y) \neq (0, 0); \\ 0, & (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases}$
- (k) $f(x, y, z) = \begin{cases} \frac{xy^2 z^2}{x^4 + y^4 + z^8}, & (x, y, z) \neq (0, 0, 0); \\ 0, & (x, y, z) = (0, 0, 0). \end{cases}$

2. Using $\epsilon - \delta$ method, prove the followings:

- (a) $\lim_{(x, y) \rightarrow (0, 0)} \frac{4xy^2}{y^2 + x^2} = 0,$
- (b) $\lim_{(x, y) \rightarrow (-1, -1)} (xy - 2x^2) = -1,$
- (c) $\lim_{(x, y) \rightarrow (1, 0)} \frac{(x - 1)^2 \ln x}{y^2 + (x - 1)^2} = 0,$
- (d) $\lim_{(x, y) \rightarrow (-2, 2)} \frac{x^2 - y^2}{y + x} = -4,$
- (e) $\lim_{(x, y) \rightarrow (0, 0)} xy \frac{x^2 - y^2}{y^2 + x^2} = 0,$
- (f) $\lim_{(x, y) \rightarrow (0, 0)} x \sin x \cos y = 0,$
- (g) $\lim_{(x, y) \rightarrow (0, 0)} \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{y^2 + x^2}} = 0,$
- (h) $\lim_{(x, y) \rightarrow (0, 0)} \frac{x^2 y^2}{y^2 + x^2} = 0,$
- (i) $\lim_{(x, y) \rightarrow (1, 1)} (x^2 + y^2 - 1) = 1,$
- (j) $\lim_{(x, y) \rightarrow (0, 0)} \frac{x^4 y - 3x^2 y^3 + y^5}{(x^2 + y^2)^2} = 0,$
- (k) $\lim_{(x, y) \rightarrow (0, 0)} \frac{xy^2}{x^2 + y^2} = 0.$
- (l) $\lim_{(x, y) \rightarrow (0, 0)} \left[y \sin\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) + x \sin\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) \right] = 0.$

3. Using $\epsilon - \delta$ method, show that the following functions are continuous:

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{(a)} \quad f(x, y) &= \begin{cases} xy, & (x, y) \neq (2, 3); \\ 6, & (x, y) = (2, 3). \end{cases} & \text{(c)} \quad f(x, y) &= \begin{cases} \frac{xy}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}, & (x, y) \neq (0, 0); \\ 0, & (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases} \\
\text{(b)} \quad f(x, y) &= \begin{cases} \frac{5x^2y^2}{x^2 + y^2}, & (x, y) \neq (0, 0); \\ 0, & (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases} & \text{(d)} \quad f(x, y) &= \begin{cases} xy \frac{x^2 - y^2}{x^2 + y^2}, & (x, y) \neq (0, 0); \\ 0, & (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases}
\end{aligned}$$

4. Discuss the continuity of the following functions at $(0, 0)$:

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{(a)} \quad f(x, y) &= \begin{cases} \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2}, & (x, y) \neq (0, 0); \\ 0, & (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases} & \text{(f)} \quad f(x, y) &= \begin{cases} \frac{3x^2y - y^3}{x^2 + y^2}, & (x, y) \neq (0, 0); \\ 0, & (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases} \\
\text{(b)} \quad f(x, y) &= \begin{cases} \frac{x^3y^3}{x^2 + y^2}, & (x, y) \neq (0, 0); \\ 0, & (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases} & & \\
\text{(c)} \quad f(x, y) &= \begin{cases} \frac{|xy|}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}, & (x, y) \neq (0, 0); \\ 0, & (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases} & \text{(g)} \quad f(x, y) &= \begin{cases} \frac{x^3}{x^2 + y^2}, & (x, y) \neq (0, 0); \\ 0, & (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases} \\
\text{(d)} \quad f(x, y) &= \begin{cases} \frac{|xy|}{xy}, & xy \neq 0; \\ 0, & xy = 0. \end{cases} & \text{(h)} \quad f(x, y) &= \begin{cases} \frac{\sin xy}{xy}, & xy \neq 0; \\ 1, & xy = 0. \end{cases} \\
\text{(e)} \quad f(x, y) &= \begin{cases} \frac{e^{xy}}{x^2 + y^2}, & (x, y) \neq (0, 0); \\ 0, & (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases} & \text{(i)} \quad f(x, y) &= \begin{cases} x \sin \frac{1}{y} + y \sin \frac{1}{x}, & xy \neq 0; \\ 0, & xy = 0. \end{cases}
\end{aligned}$$

5. For what values of n , the following function f is continuous at $(0, 0)$:

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{2xy}{(x^2 + y^2)^n}, & (x, y) \neq (0, 0); \\ 0, & (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases}$$

6. Find the values of c for which the following functions f are continuous at $(0, 0)$:

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{(a)} \quad f(x, y) &= \begin{cases} \frac{x^4 - y^4}{x^2 + y^2}, & (x, y) \neq (0, 0); \\ c, & (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases} & \text{(e)} \quad f(x, y) &= \begin{cases} \frac{(x-1)^2 \log x}{(x-1)^2 + y^2}, & (x, y) \neq (1, 0); \\ c, & (x, y) = (1, 0). \end{cases} \\
\text{(b)} \quad f(x, y) &= \begin{cases} x^2 \log(x^2 + y^2), & (x, y) \neq (0, 0); \\ c, & (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases} & & \\
\text{(c)} \quad f(x, y) &= \begin{cases} \frac{\sin(x^2 + y^2)}{x^2 + y^2}, & (x, y) \neq (0, 0); \\ c, & (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases} & \text{(f)} \quad f(x, y) &= \begin{cases} \frac{e^{-(x^2 + y^2)} - 1}{x^2 + y^2}, & (x, y) \neq (0, 0); \\ c, & (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases} \\
\text{(d)} \quad f(x, y) &= \begin{cases} \frac{x^3 + y^3}{x^2 + y^2}, & (x, y) \neq (0, 0); \\ c, & (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases} & \text{(g)} \quad f(x, y) &= \begin{cases} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{|x - y|}\right), & x \neq y; \\ c, & x = y. \end{cases}
\end{aligned}$$

7. Do the following functions have any point of discontinuities? Explain.

(a) $f(x, y) = \frac{x - y}{1 + x + y},$

(b) $f(x, y) = \frac{x - y}{1 + x^2 + y^2}.$

8. Find the point of discontinuities of the following functions.

(a) $f(x, y) = \frac{1}{\sin^2 \pi x + \sin^2 \pi y},$

(b) $f(x, y) = \frac{1}{\sin \pi x} + \frac{1}{\sin \pi y}.$
