

Smart Attendance System – Hardware Module Design

This document explains the physical design, components, and wiring structure of the Smart Attendance System. The system ensures secure attendance by requiring **one biometric authentication** (Face/Fingerprint) and **one card-based authentication** (QR/RFID).

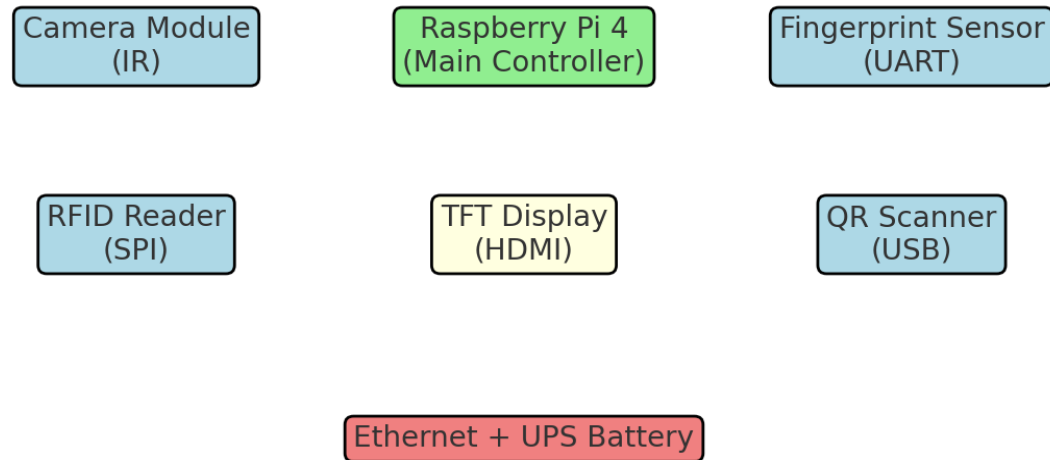
Hardware Components:

| Component | Purpose |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Raspberry Pi 4 | Main controller (processes face, fingerprint, QR, RFID) |
| Camera Module (IR-enabled) | Captures face images even in low light |
| Fingerprint Sensor (R305/Optical) | Scans fingerprint for biometric verification |
| RFID + QR on Smart Card | Acts as secondary verification (card swipe/scan) |
| 4-inch TFT Display | Shows live video feedback & verification status |
| Ethernet Module | Provides stable, tamper-proof connectivity |
| Power Supply + 5000mAh UPS Battery | Ensures operation even during power cuts |

Pin Mapping & Wiring Structure:

- Camera Module → CSI Camera port on Raspberry Pi
- Fingerprint Sensor → UART (TX/RX + 5V + GND)
- RFID Module (RC522) → SPI (MISO, MOSI, SCK, SDA, 3.3V, GND)
- QR Code Scanner (USB/TTL) → USB port / UART
- TFT Display (4-inch) → HDMI/DSI Port
- Ethernet → Built-in RJ45 Port
- Battery Backup → 5V Power via UPS HAT

Smart Attendance System Block Diagram



Conclusion:

This design ensures a secure, reliable, and easy-to-use attendance system. It can work in rural schools with low resources, using Ethernet instead of Wi-Fi, and guarantees operation with a 5000mAh UPS battery backup.