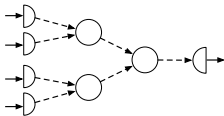


# Raphtory: A new tool for large temporal networks applied to the far right social network Gab



**Presenter:** Imane Hafnaoui,

**Project team (alphabetical order):**

Naomi Arnold, Richard G. Clegg, Félix Cuadrado, Raul Mondragon, Hugo Parada, Ben Steer

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Aim A: Give insight into data

What drives the evolution of the alt-right social network gab?

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## Aim 1: Show a technique

Temporal analysis and in particular “windowing” is an invaluable tool for social network analysis.

## Aim $\alpha$ : Sell you a tool

Raphtory is an open-source, big-data platform developed at QMUL. It is unique in its ability to perform flexible temporal analysis on batch or streamed graph data.

# The gab platform (and why we care)

- 95GB raw data (19 million posts) from gab platform (**medium** data).
  - Data is user, posts (threaded), timestamps and other metadata.
  - NB our research on **structure** not **content**.
- First eighteen months of data available.
  - September 2016 – May 2018.
- Largely complete data from this period.
  - “free speech” focus means “everything” is public.
- Alt-right focus:
  - Racism, fake news, hate speech, radicalisation.

# The gab platform (and why we care)

- 95GB raw data (19 million posts, 1.5 million users, 1.5 million comments, 1.5 million data).
  - Data is user, posts (threaded), comments, etc.
  - NB our research on Gab is not for profit.
- First eighteen months of data (2018-2019).
  - See **BBC Trending** for more details.
- **BBC Trending** Gab: Free speech haven or alt-right safe space?
  - Focus means "everything" is public.
  - Focus:
    - Racism, fake news, hate speech, radicalisation.

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- 95GB of data (19 million posts (threaded) and 1.5 million comments).
- NB: The social media platform favored by the alleged Pittsburgh shooter, explained
- First eighteen
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There is no such thing as “the twitter graph”. The graph varies hugely depending on the time  $t$  and timescale  $\tau$ .

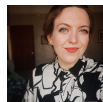
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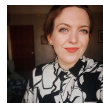
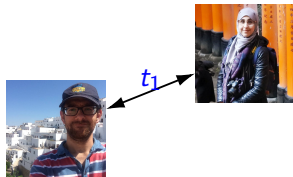
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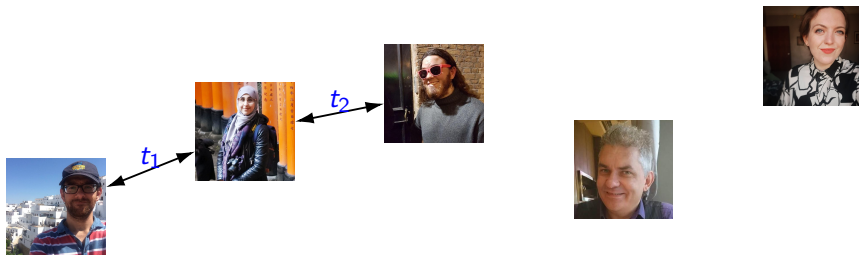
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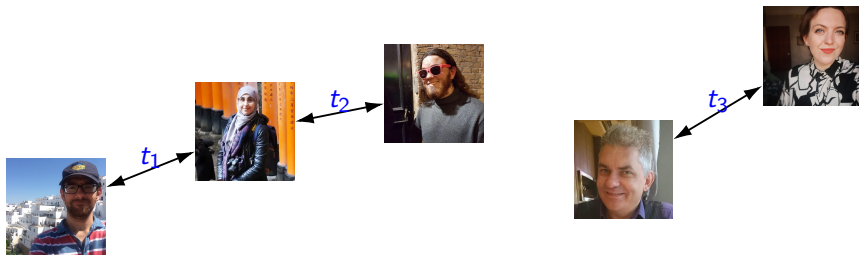
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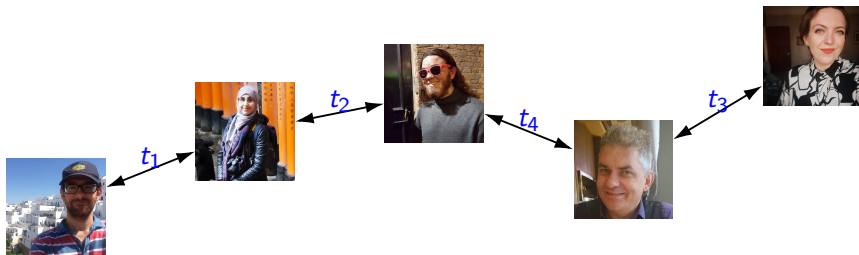
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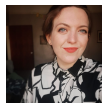
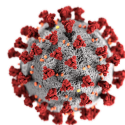
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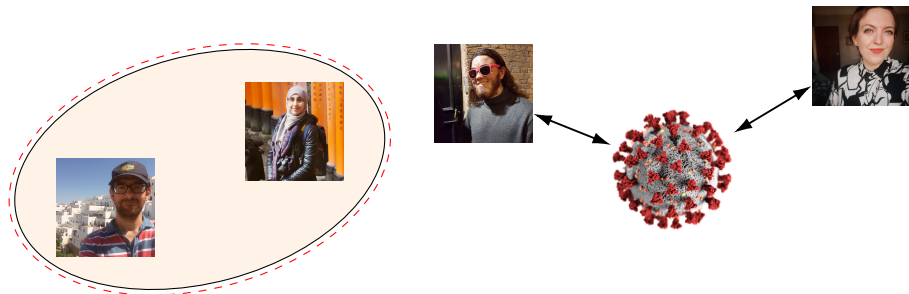
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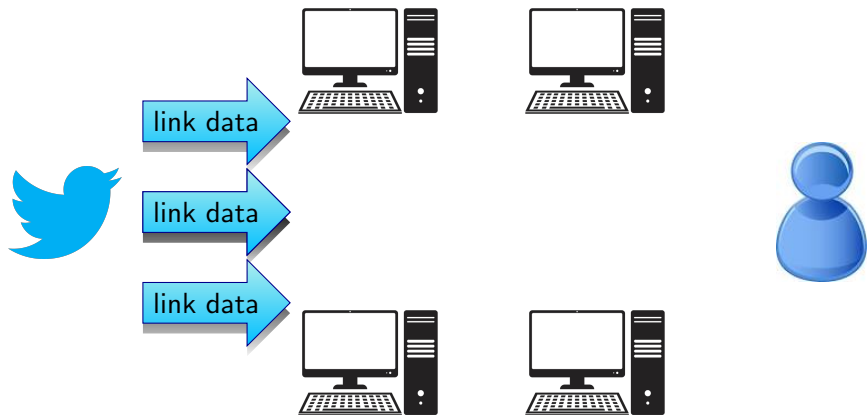
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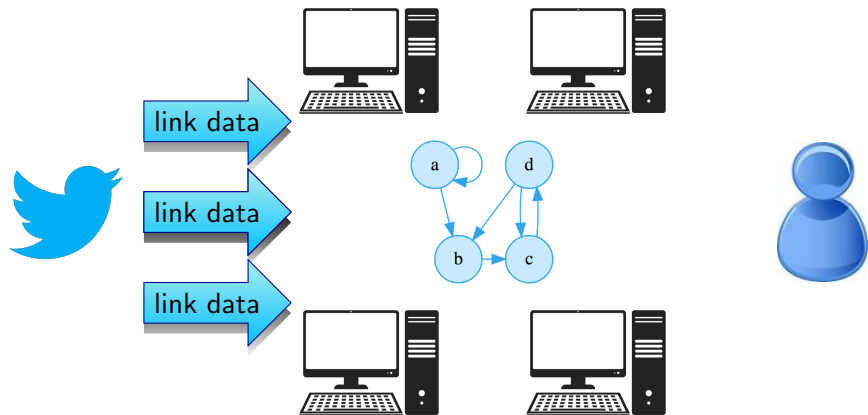
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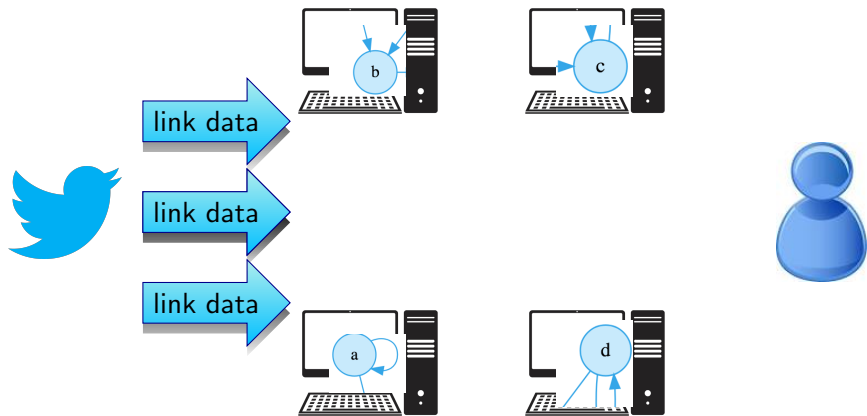
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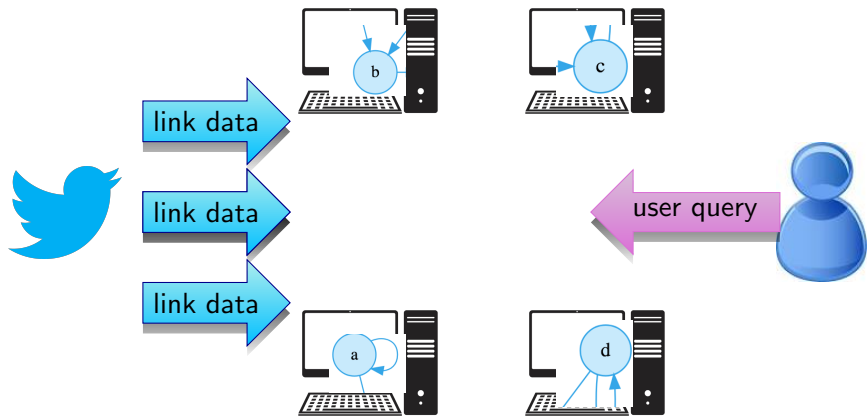
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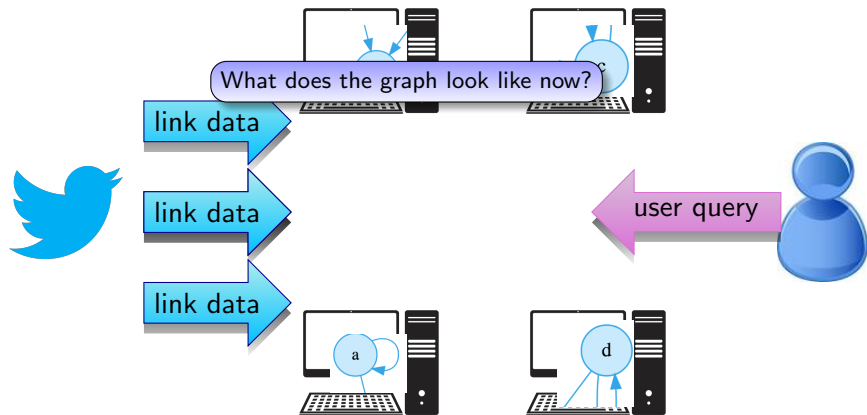
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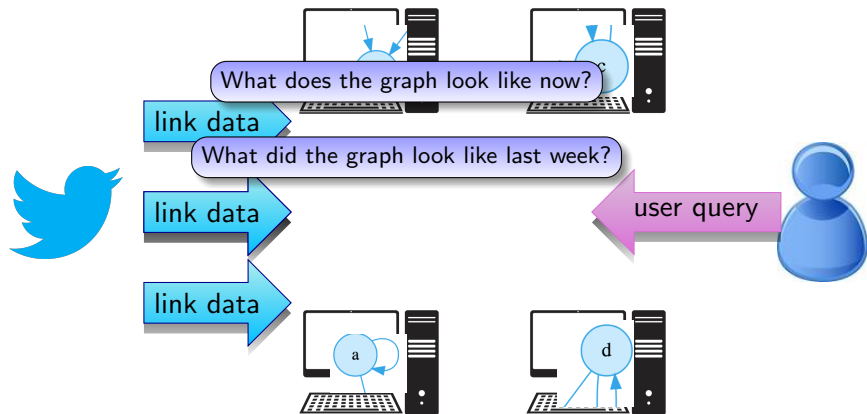
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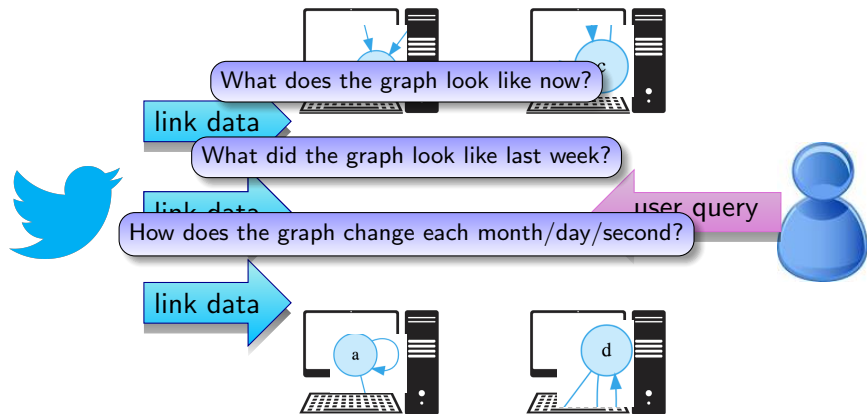


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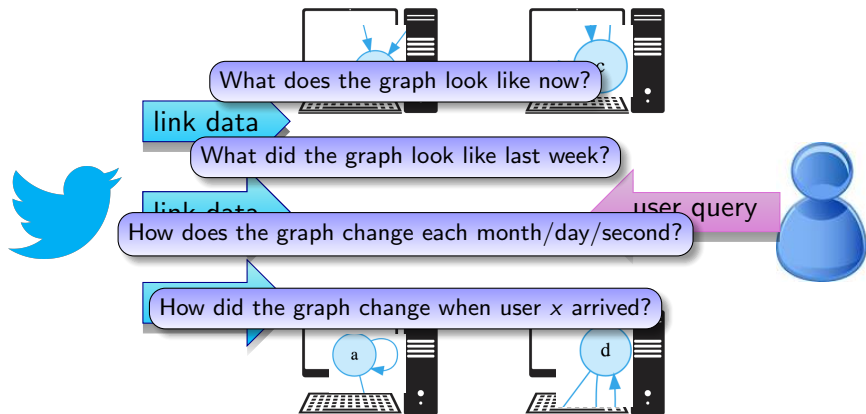




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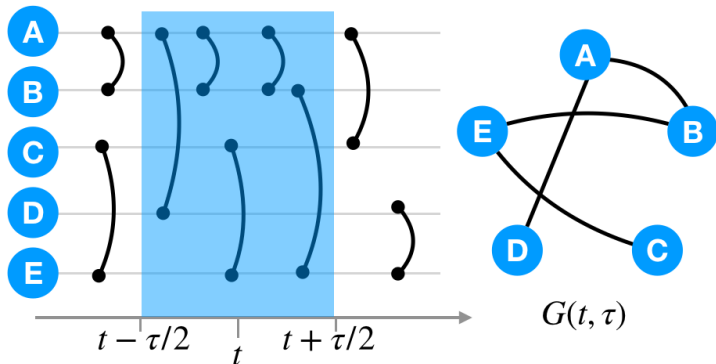
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# Temporal graphs – interaction graphs

## Interaction graph for time $t$ and a window length $\tau$

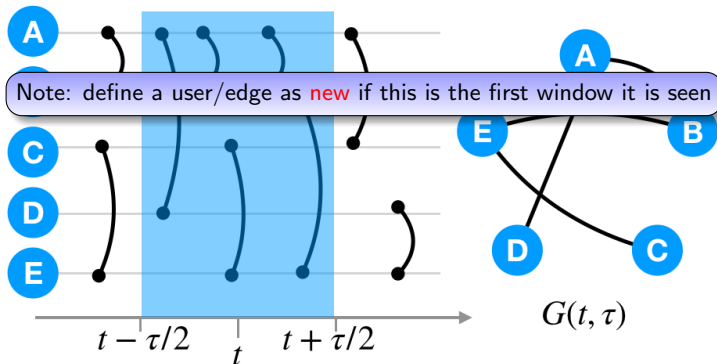
The graph  $G(t, \tau)$  is defined by the set of all edges  $i, j$  where  $i$  and  $j$  interact at a time  $T$  such that  $t - \tau/2 \leq T \leq t + \tau/2$ .



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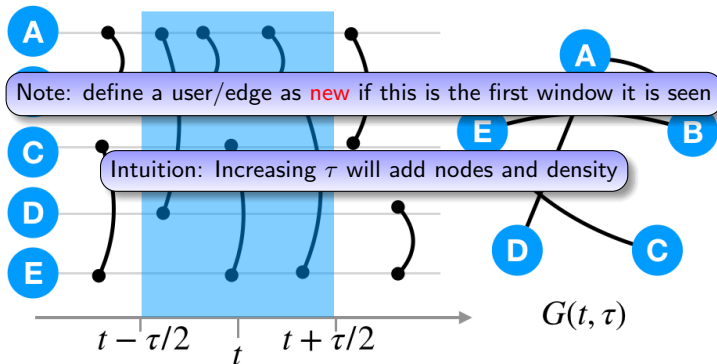
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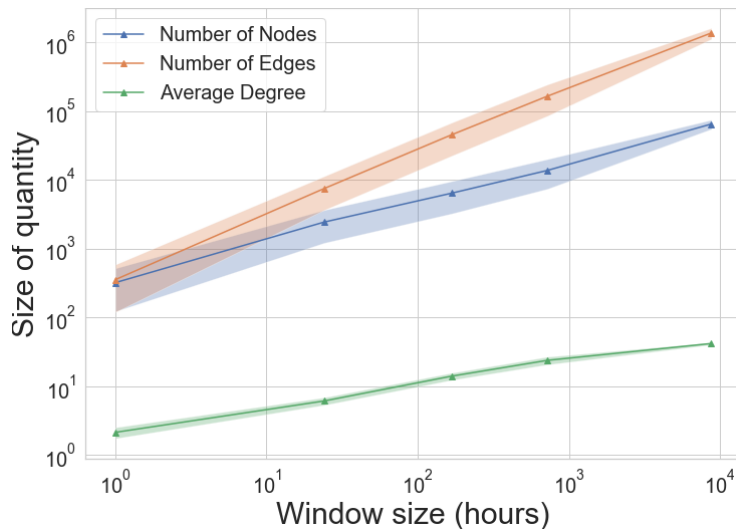
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# Checking our intuition



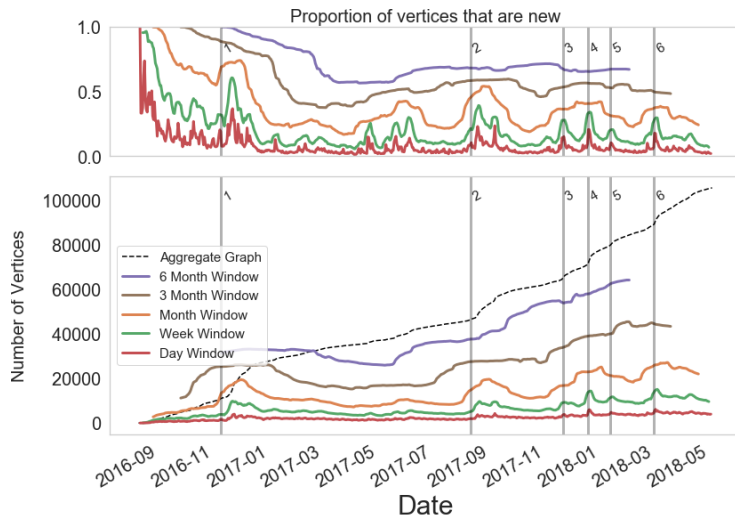
# Some research questions for gab data

## What simple questions can we ask of the data

Remember our focus is **structure** not **content**. We are not (we cheat a little here at one point) digging into the content of messages.

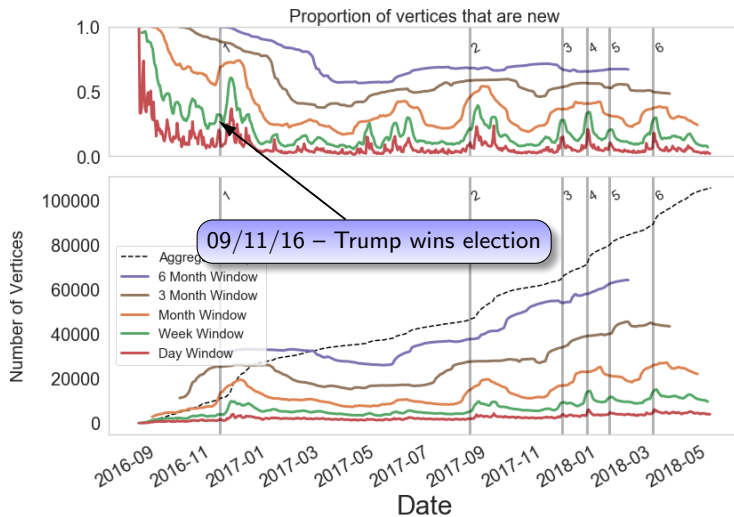
- Is gab growing, what drives the growth?
- Is gab a “social” network (friends interacting)?
- Is gab a “community” (in a loose sense)?
- Is gab controlled by an “elite”?

# What drives growth on gab?

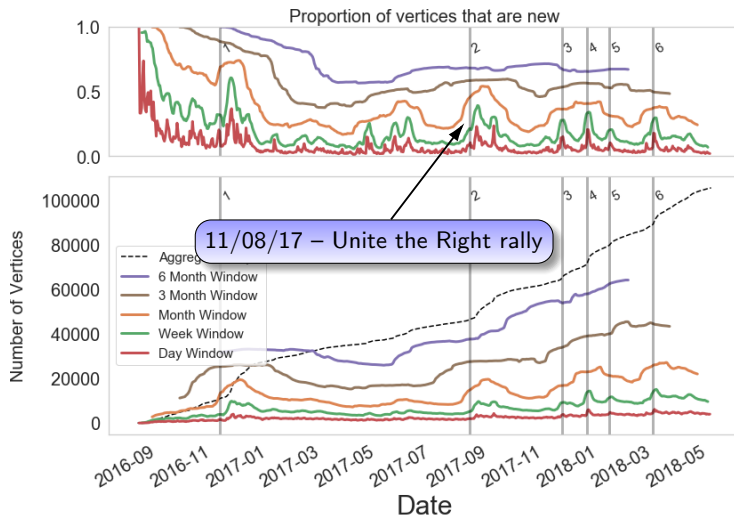




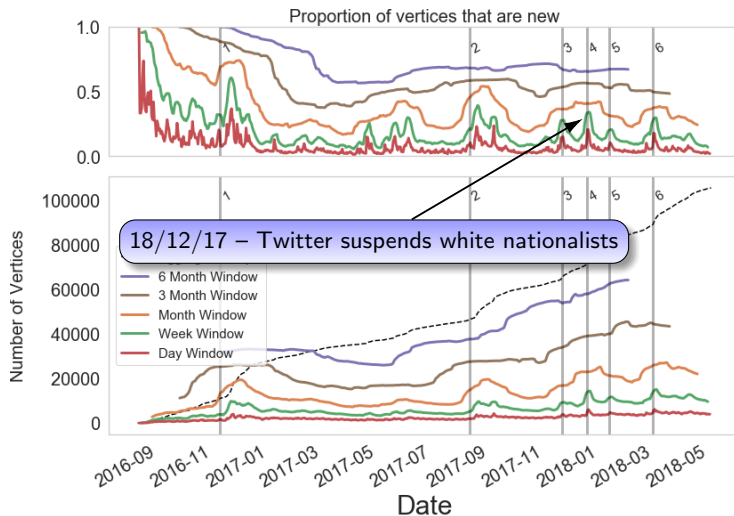
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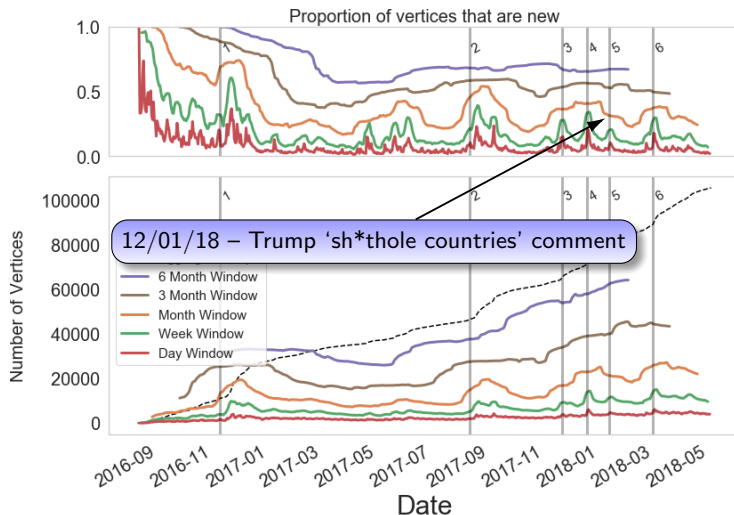
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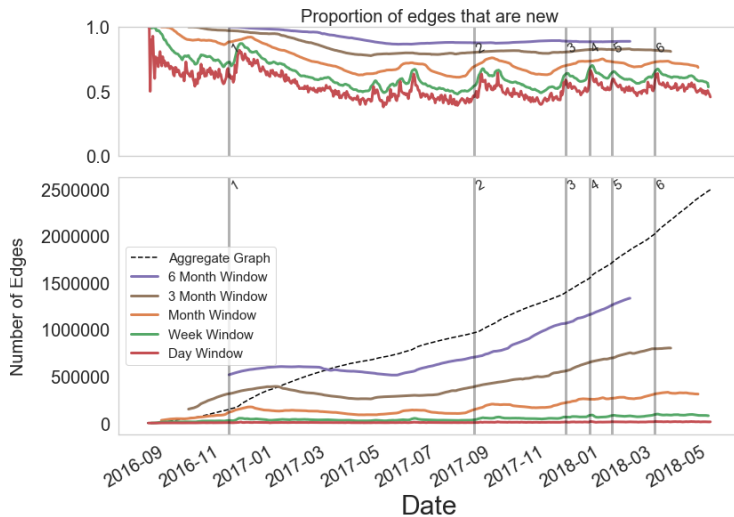
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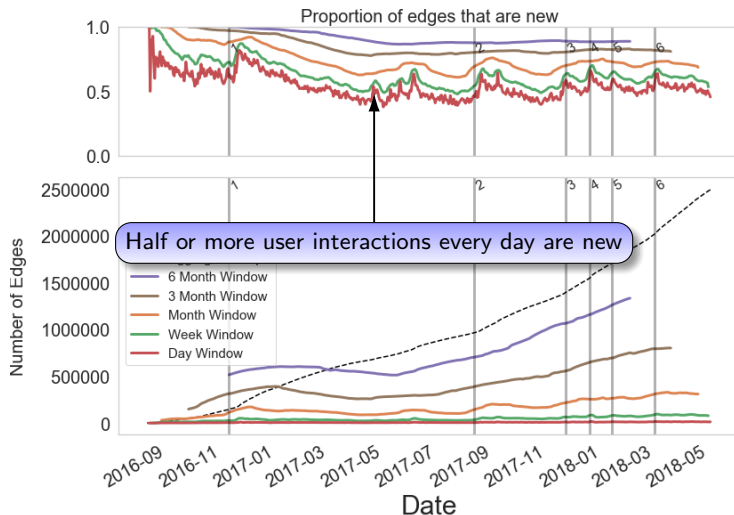
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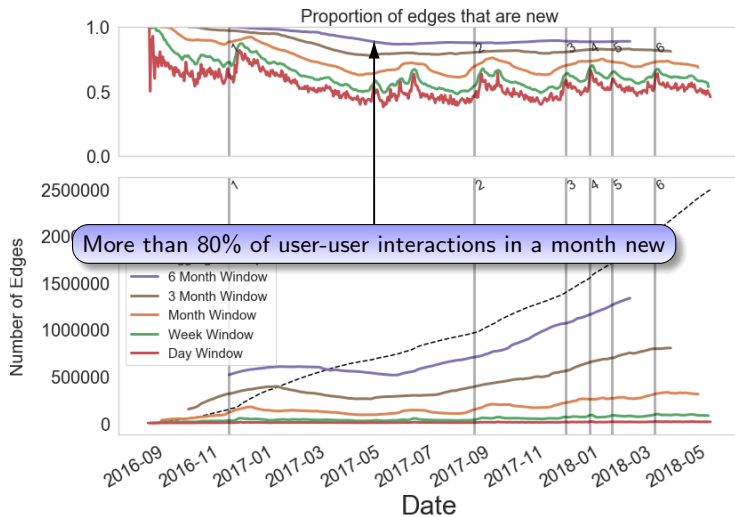
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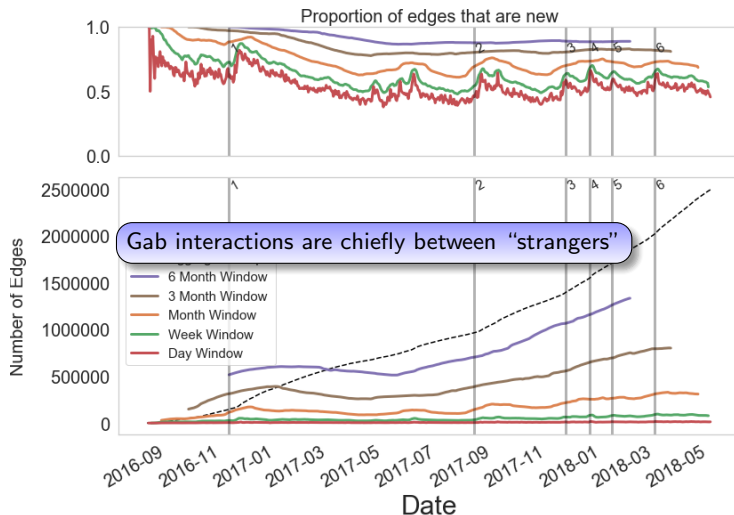
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# Is gab a community? Largest Connected Component

## Definition: Connected component

A **connected component** is a sub graph of a graph within which all nodes can trace a path to each other. The largest connected component (LCC) is the one with the most nodes.

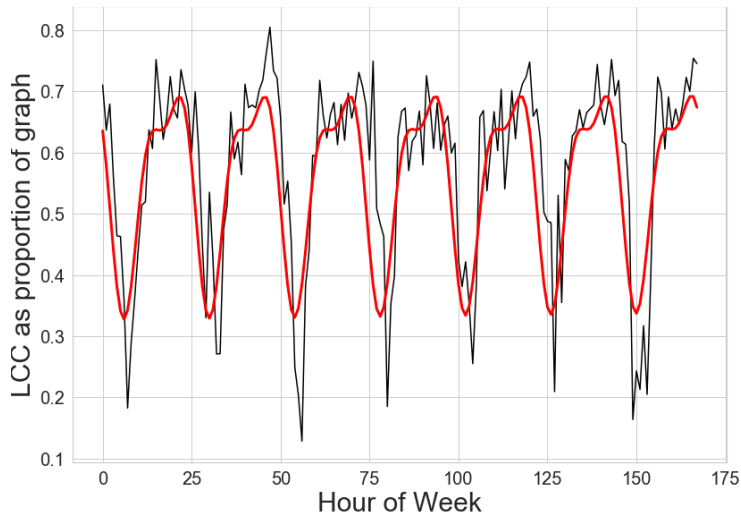
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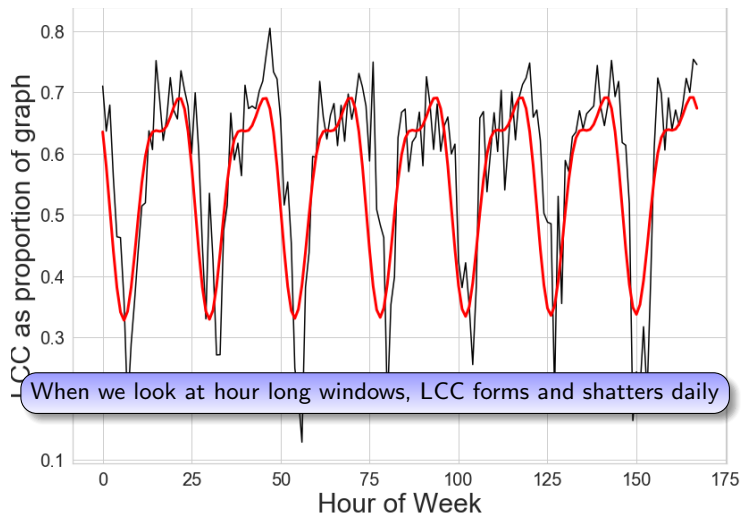
A **connected component** is a sub graph of a graph within which all nodes can trace a path to each other. The largest connected component (LCC) is the one with the most nodes.

- LCC is size of the largest “community” (in loosest sense).
- Remember: only count people active within the window.
- Expectation: in a “large” window most users within the LCC.
- But what happens as we look at smaller and smaller windows?

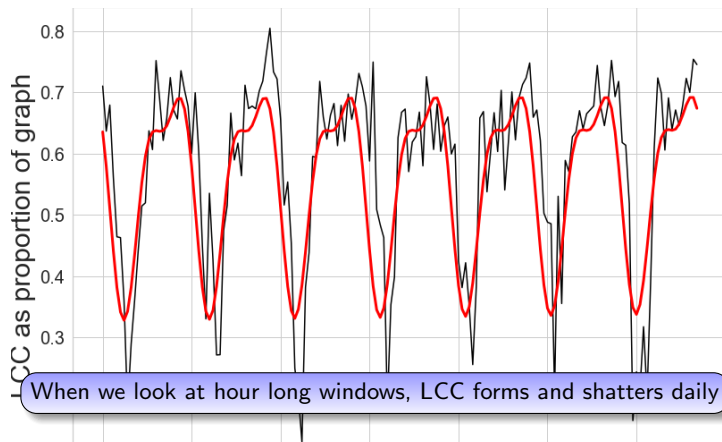
# Is gab a community? LCC (hour window)



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When we look at hour long windows, LCC forms and shatters daily

We can see regime change – connected network to isolated sub networks

Hour of Week

# Is gab controlled by an “elite”?

- One measurement: Are the same people always most “talked about”?
- Proxy measurement: Node degree is the number of users who engaged with that user.
- Are highest degree nodes same between windows  $W_A$  and  $W_B$ ?

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## Jaccard Similarity (for top $N$ users)

Let  $A, B$  be set of top  $N$  users in windows  $W_A, W_B$ .

$$J(A, B) = \frac{A \cap B}{A \cup B}.$$

## Refresh rate top $N$ users, windows $W_A, W_B$

Refresh rate  $R = 1 - J(A, B)$

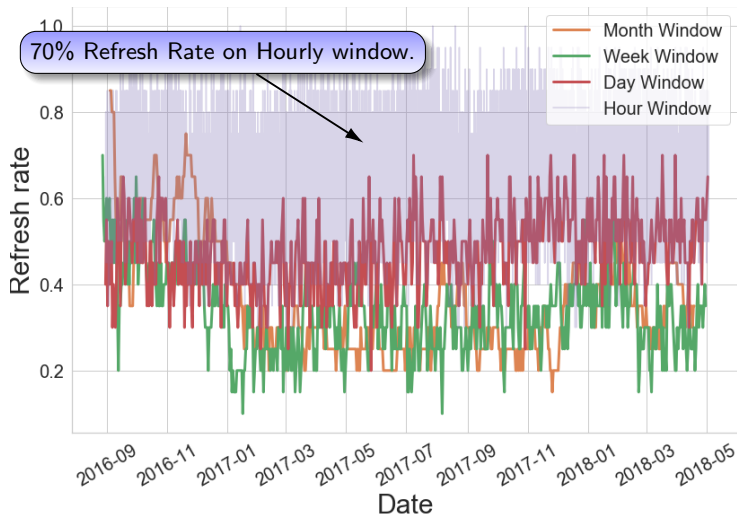
$0 \rightarrow W_A$  same users as  $W_B$  and  $1 \rightarrow$  no users the same.

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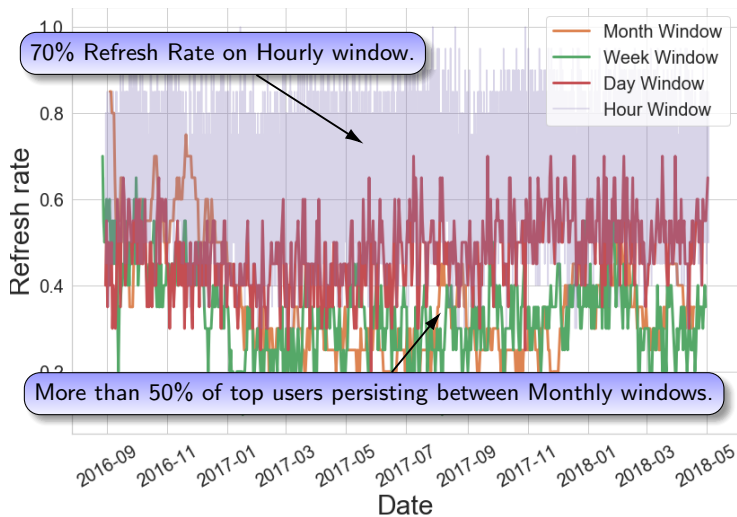




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- Gab is not a “social” network – interactions between “strangers” not friends.
- The interactions within Gab do not always form a “connected” community. We observed a daily shattering of the LCC and diurnal change of regime never observed before.
- Are a cadre of elite users controlling users’ attention?  
Not clear: At longer timescales there is a group who receives a lot of attention. At only one timescale you will get a misleading answer.

# Conclusions (about Raphtory and temporal networks)

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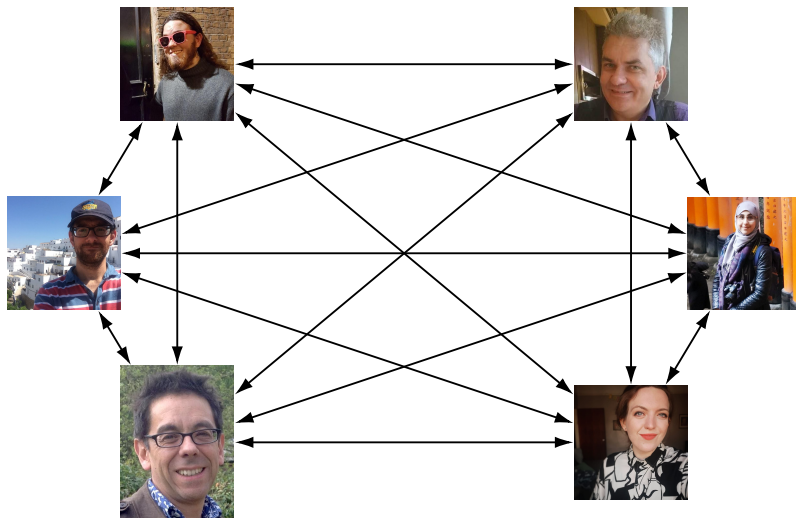
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# Conclusions (about Raptory and temporal networks)

- Temporal networks provide a rich array of techniques that can get more out of your network data.
  - Window based analysis provides many levels of insight.
- The Raptory tool is a great way to look at temporal graph data.
  - Urban analytics – intervention in social networks.
  - Bitcoin/blockchain – tracking “dark markets”.
  - Semantic networks – changing word meanings.
  - Other social networks – compare and learn more.

# Our Raphtory social network (a small subgraph)



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