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# A-Trust signature server REST interface

## Developer Manual

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19.10.2017	0.1	Joel Chinnow	First draft
23.10.2017	0.2	Joel Chinnow	Finalized batch signature
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05.02.2025	2.1	RS, JC	Timeouts ( <a href="#">1.4</a> ) and GDPR ( <a href="#">1.5</a> ) added

Table 1: document history

# 1 Overview

This Document describes the REST interface of the signature server.

## 1.1 Quick reference

URL	Method	Functionality
signaturebatches	POST	Open a new batch
signaturebatches/<ticket>/documents	POST	Add a document to a given batch
signaturebatches/<ticket>/mobilesignature	POST	Sign the batch with Handy-Signatur
signaturebatches/<ticket>/sealsignature	POST	Sign the batch with a.sign Seal
signaturebatches/<ticket>/documents/<id>	DELETE	Get the signed document
signaturebatches/<ticket>/certificate	GET	Get the used certificate
templates	POST	Add template
templates	GET	List templates
templates/<id>	GET	Get template
templates/<id>	PUT	Replace template
templates/<id>	DELETE	Delete template

## 1.2 API Key

Every call has to be authorized with an API key. Therefore, the X-API-KEY HTTP header has to be set to the corresponding API key. An API key for testing can requested from A-Trust.

## 1.3 Generic return codes

The following return codes can be returned for every REST call. Therefore, they are not explicitly mentioned.

- 401 UNAUTHORIZED Call not allowed
- 500 INTERNAL SERVER ERROR Error handling the request

## 1.4 Timeouts

There are the following Timeouts:

**User-Timeout (5 min)** User has to complete the entry of their two factors in the A-Trust Dialog in this period. The process gets terminated and has to be restarted from the beginning.

**Signaturbox-Timeout (15 min)** This timeout spans the process of creating the batch and the user interaction. When the user is redirected to the SUCCESS-Url the timeout is reset and starts again for downloading the documents. The session cannot be resumed.

**GDPR-Timeout (daily)** There is a daily cleanup job which removes all unsuccessful session-data (including documents) if they are older than 24 hours.

## 1.5 GDPR

A-Trust SignatureBox is designed to store as little data as possible and delete the data as soon as possible according to the data minimization requirement of GDPR:

- After successful download the document is deleted immediately.
- After all documents of a signature Batch are successfully downloaded the session data is deleted.
- All dangling data (including documents) of sessions which have timed out are deleted daily.

## 2 Batch signature

Signing a batch is done with the following steps. First, the batch is opened. Second, the documents to be signed are added to the batch. At least one document is required, but up to 200 documents can be added. Afterwards, the batch has to be closed. This can be done either by starting a mobile signature or by starting a seal signature. Finally, the signed documents can be downloaded.

### 2.1 State - initial

#### 2.1.1 Create a new signature batch

To be able to sign documents, it is required to open a batch. This can be done with a HTTP POST call. Two HTTP multipart/form-data parameter are supported:

- **RedirectUrl** The user will be redirected to the URL after a successful signature
- **ErrorUrl** The user will be redirected to the URL when the signing process fails

```
POST /v2/signaturebatches HTTP/1.1
Host: testbox.a-trust.at
Cache-Control: no-cache
Content-Type: multipart/form-data; boundary=-----WebKitFormBoundary7MA4YWxkTrZu0gW
x-api-key: YOUR_API_KEY

-----WebKitFormBoundary7MA4YWxkTrZu0gW
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="RedirectUrl"

https://success.a-trust.at
-----WebKitFormBoundary7MA4YWxkTrZu0gW
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="ErrorUrl"

https://failure.a-trust.at
-----WebKitFormBoundary7MA4YWxkTrZu0gW-----
```

Listing 1: Open batch request

After a successful HTTP request, it is possible to add documents to the batch. When opening the batch, the Signature-Box time-out (see 1.4) is set. If the timeout is reached, the batch and the corresponding documents are removed.

If the creation of the batch was successful, the server responds with HTTP status 201. The response contains a location header with the URI of the batch (ticket).

```
Status: 201 Created
Location: https://testbox.a-trust.at/v2/signaturebatches/TICKET
```

Listing 2: Open batch response

Additional errors:

**400 Bad Request** Missing parameter

## 2.2 State - batch open

### 2.2.1 Add document

This call is used to add documents to an open signature batch. It is required to add at least one document. The maximum number of documents supported by the Handy-Signature is 200. There are three options to use this call: The first option is just to use the required parameter (location, reason and document). This will result in an invisible signature. As second option, the ID of the template can be set additionally with the template Parameter. In this case, a figurative mark is placed on the PDF. It is placed on the default location as defined in template. As third option, the placement options for the figurative mark can be given explicitly. When placement parameters are provided in userspace units<sup>1</sup>. After all documents have been added, the batch can be signed with Handy-Signature or (if configured) with a.sign Seal.

- Option Template: Specifying image position explicitly

Name	Type	Description
document	File	The document to sign
location	string	Location of the signature
reason	string	Reason of the signature
template	string	ID of the template
x	string	X0 in userspace units <sup>1</sup>
y	string	Y0 in userspace units <sup>1</sup>
w	string	X1 in userspace units <sup>1</sup>
h	string	Y1 in userspace units <sup>1</sup>
page	string	page of the signature seal

- Option Placeholder: In this case, a document with a placeholder image is needed. The image needs to have an EXIF image description in the meta-data (see figure 1).

In order to create an image containing the required meta-data, the following applications can be used:

- <https://www.colorpilot.com/exif.html>
- <https://www.thexifer.net/>

The resulting image can then be imported into the text processing software that will be used to create the PDF to be signed. Make sure that the meta-data is not lost during the export. When performing multiple signatures, different images have to be inserted into the source document, since identical images are optimized out in the export process.

---

<sup>1</sup>[https://opensource.adobe.com/dc-acrobat-sdk-docs/library/interapp/IAC\\_API\\_CoordinateSystems.html](https://opensource.adobe.com/dc-acrobat-sdk-docs/library/interapp/IAC_API_CoordinateSystems.html)



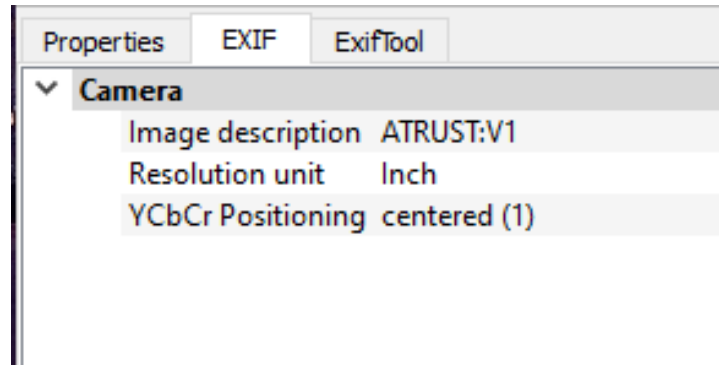


Figure 1: Example of meta-data.

Name	Type	Description
document	File	The document to sign
location	string	Location of the signature
reason	string	Reason of the signature
template	string	ID of the template
page	string	must be -1

A simple request looks like:

```
POST /v2/signaturebatches/TICKET/documents HTTP/1.1
Host: testbox.a-trust.at:443
Cache-Control: no-cache
Postman-Token: c023c7c8-eac1-d730-1ec3-c7dc78461d4b
Content-Type: multipart/form-data; boundary=-----WebKitFormBoundary7MA4YWxkTrZu0gW
x-api-key: YOUR_API_KEY

-----WebKitFormBoundary7MA4YWxkTrZu0gW
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="document"; filename="diagnose.pdf"
Content-Type: application/pdf

-----WebKitFormBoundary7MA4YWxkTrZu0gW
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="location"

The location of the signature
-----WebKitFormBoundary7MA4YWxkTrZu0gW
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="reason"

The reason of the signature
-----WebKitFormBoundary7MA4YWxkTrZu0gW-----
```

Listing 3: Add document request

A successful request is answered with 201 CREATED. The answer contains a location header with the URL of the added document.

```
Status: 201 Created
Location: https://testbox.a-trust.at/v2/signaturebatches/TICKET/documents/0
```

Listing 4: Add document response

Additional errors:

**400 Bad Request** Missing / invalid parameter

**404 Not Found** Ticket not found

**415 Unsupported Media Type** Problems with PDF parsing

**413 Request Entity Too Large** PDF size above the limit

**424 Failed Dependency** Batch already signed

### 2.2.2 Sign batch with Handy-Signature

To close the the batch and sign the contained documents, an other REST call is required:

```
POST /v2/signaturebatches/TICKET/mobileSignature HTTP/1.1
Host: testbox.a-trust.at
Cache-Control: no-cache
x-api-key: YOUR_API_KEY
```

Listing 5: Sign batch request

It is possible to configure the parameter of the Handy-Signature iframe with the multipart/form-data parameter handysignaturparameter. Setting it to

`width=300&height=400&backgroundcolor=blue&mobilephonenumber=1030111122334455` would define the width, height, backgroundcolor and fill the mobilephonenumber field. The Details can be found on the A-Trust Website <https://labs.a-trust.at/developer/Handy-Signatur.aspx>.

A successful request is answered with 201 CREATED. The answer contains a location header with an URL (which includes the required session id) to start the Handy-Signature (or ID Austria) process:

```
Status: 201 Created
Location:https://www.handy-signatur.at/mobile/https-security-layer-request/main.aspx?sid=HS_SESSION_ID
```

Listing 6: Sign batch response

Additional errors:

**404 Not Found** Ticket not found

**424 Failed Dependency** No documents added

### 2.2.3 Sign batch with a.sign Seal

Instead of Handy-Signature, the documents can be signed with a corporate certificate (a.sign Seal). Therefore, instead of mobilesignature, the sealsignature REST call should be used. It is possible to use one certificate per API Key. The configuration has to be done by A-Trust.

This call closes the batch and signs the documents. These can be retrieved in the same way as after a Handy-Signatur, no further action is required. A sample request looks like:

```
POST /v2/signaturebatches/TICKET/sealsignature HTTP/1.1
Host: testbox.a-trust.at
Cache-Control: no-cache
x-api-key: YOUR_API_KEY
```

Listing 7: Sign batch request

A successful request is answered with 201 CREATED:

```
Status: 201 Created
```

Listing 8: Sign batch response

Additional errors:

**404 Not Found** Ticket not found

**424 Failed Dependency** No documents added

## 2.3 State - signature finished

### 2.3.1 Get a signed document

When the signature process is finished, the signed documents can be received with an HTTP DELETE call. It has to contain the ticket and the document id:

```
DELETE /v2/signaturebatches/TICKET/documents/DOCUMENT_ID HTTP/1.1
Host: testbox.a-trust.at:443
Cache-Control: no-cache
x-api-key: YOUR_API_KEY
```

Listing 9: Get signed document request

When the call was successful, the server responds with 200 OK. The signed document is attached.

Additional errors:

**404 Not Found** Ticket / document id not found

### 2.3.2 Get signer certificate

After a signature, the signer certificate can be requested.

```
GET /v2/signaturebatches/TICKET/certificate HTTP/1.1
Host: testbox.a-trust.at:443
Cache-Control: no-cache
x-api-key: YOUR_API_KEY
```

Listing 10: Get certificate request

If successful, the server responds with 200 OK and an attached certificate.

Additional errors:

**404 Not Found** Ticket not found

## 3 Templates

The following calls can be used to manipulate the available templates on the signature server.

### 3.1 List templates

The call gets a list of all available templates for the API Key. A request looks like:

```
GET /v2/templates
Host: testbox.a-trust.at:443
Cache-Control: no-cache
x-api-key: YOUR_API_KEY
```

Listing 11: List template request

In case of a successful call, the server responds with 200 OK. The list of templates is returned in JSON format:

```
{
  "templateList": [
    { "id": "1", "description": "Default_Template" },
    { "id": "2", "description": "Another_Template" },
    { "id": "3", "description": "Next_Template" }
  ]
}
```

Listing 12: List template response

### 3.2 Add template

The call adds a template on the signature server. During the upload, it is validated against the corresponding xsd file. If the validation is successful, the template is stored and an id returned. A request looks like:

```
POST /v2/templates
Host: testbox.a-trust.at:443
Cache-Control: no-cache
x-api-key: YOUR_API_KEY

=====WebKitFormBoundary7MA4YWxkTrZu0gW
Content-Disposition: form=data ; name="template" ; filename="template.xml"
Content-Type: multipart/form-data
```

Listing 13: Add template request

In case of a successful call, the server responds with 201 CREATED. The location header contains the URL of the template.

```
Status: 201 Created
Location: https://sigserver.at/v2/templates/42
```

Listing 14: Add template response

Besides the standard error codes, the following return codes are possible:

**400 Bad Request** No template given

**415 Unsupported Media Type** The template could not be validated

### 3.3 Get template

The call can be used to download a template with a given id.

```
GET /v2/templates/<id>
Host: testbox.a-trust.at:443
Cache-Control: no-cache
x-api-key: YOUR_API_KEY
```

Listing 15: Get template request

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Transfer-Encoding: chunked
Content-Type: application/json; charset=utf-8

{"templateId": 1, "data": "<SignatureTemplateStyle...
```

Listing 16: Get template request

In case of a successful call, the server responds with 200 OK.

Besides the standard error codes, the following return codes are possible:

**404 Not found** The template could not be found

### 3.4 Replace template

The call can be used to change a template with a given id.

```
PUT /v2/templates/<id>
Host: testbox.a-trust.at:443
Cache-Control: no-cache
x-api-key: YOUR_API_KEY

=====WebKitFormBoundary7MA4YWxkTrZu0gW
Content-Disposition: form=data ; name="template" ; filename="template.xml"
Content-Type: multipart/form-data
```

---

Listing 17: Replace template request

200 OK
--------

Listing 18: Replace template request

In case of a successful call, the server responds with 200 OK.

Besides the standard error codes, the following return codes are possible:

**400 Bad Request** No template given

**404 Not found** The template could not be found

**415 Unsupported Media Type** The template could not be validated

### 3.5 Delete template

The call can be used to delete a template with a given id on the server.

<pre>DELETE /v2/templates/&lt;id&gt; Host: testbox.a-trust.at:443 Cache-Control: no-cache x-api-key: YOUR_API_KEY</pre>
---

Listing 19: Delete template request

200 OK
--------

Listing 20: Delete template request

In case of a successful call, the server responds with 200 OK.

Besides the standard error codes, the following return codes are possible:

**404 Not found** The template could not be found

## 4 Template format

Templates are defined as XML files, e.g.:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<SignatureTemplateStyle>
<Description author="A-Trust_GmbH" name="Sisi" description="A-Trust_
    Standard_Signatur_Siegel" />
<Position type="relative" x="40.0" y="40.0" w="50.0" h="50.0" page="1" />
<B64bgImage>
iVBORw0KGgoAAAANSUhEUgAAG [...] jhz/DwF8ylxAZ19
</B64bgImage>
<Fields>
<Image x="150.0" y="0.0" w="800.0" h="200.0">
/9j/4AAQSkZJRgAB [...] ABRRRQAUUUAFFFFAH/9k=
</Image>
</Fields>
</SignatureTemplateStyle>
```

The individual elements are described as follows:

### 4.1 Description

This is where meta-information, including author, name and description, is stored. The name is used by *ListTemplate*.

### 4.2 Position

This is where the position of the signature image in the PDF document is defined. The x and y coordinates define a corner of the signature image. It should be noted that the coordinate origin is the lower left corner of the PDF file. W and h define the image's second corner. These coordinates are expressed as percentages (page height / page width). The page onto which the signature image is to be placed has to be defined as well. Instead of 'relative', the position of the signature image may also be defined as 'absolute'.

### 4.3 B64bgImage

This is where the actual background image is saved as base64. Allowed file formats for background images are .png and .jpg.



## 4.4 Optional elements

### 4.4.1 Additional images

Further images may be added to the background image. These are defined in the `<Fields>` tags:

```
<Image x="0" y="0" w="150" h="150">Base64Content</Image>
```

The image itself is written into the XML document encoded in base64. All acceptable image formats only support JPEG and PNG. The x and y coordinates indicate the upper left point of the image in the background image. The w and h coordinates define the image extents. If they do not match the height or width of the image itself, the image is stretched or compressed. All coordinates (x, y, w, h) are expressed in pixels.

### Examples

The following examples are based on a background image with a resolution of 800x300 and an additional image with a resolution of 100x100.

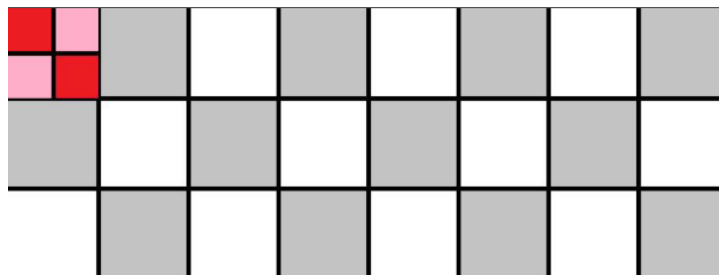


Figure 2: Original size image (X=0, Y=0, W=100, H=100)

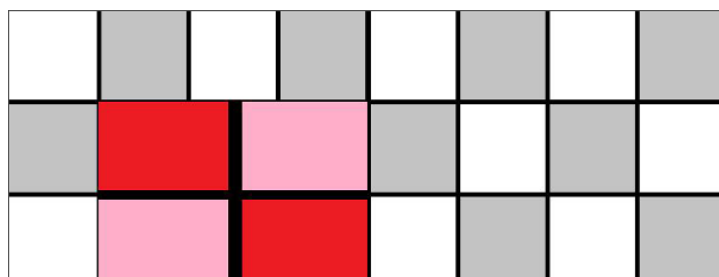


Figure 3: Stretched image (X=100, Y=100, W=300, H=200 ), as the original image measured 100x100 in size

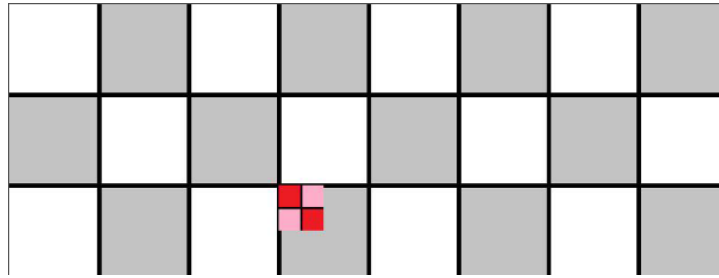


Figure 4: Compressed image (X=300, Y=200, W=50, H=50), as the original image measured 100x100 in size

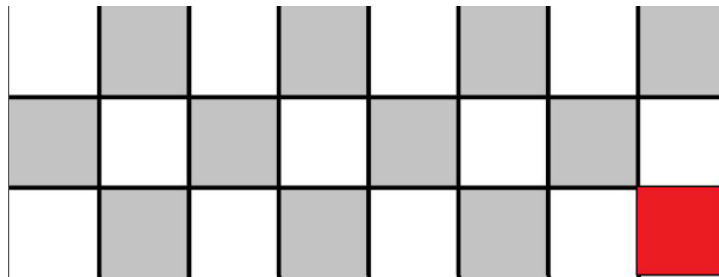


Figure 5: Image out of range\* (X=700, Y=200, W=200, H=200) Only the upper left part of the image is shown here; the remainder is outside the visible range.

#### 4.4.2 Additional text

The text written on the signature image can also be defined. There are different text types: 'static' and 'dynamic'. The following attributes are needed:

- type – static, dynamic (signer, location, reason, timestamp may also be used if no additional text is to be used with one of the dynamic elements)
- x – The x position on the background image (coordinate origin is at the top left-hand corner)
- y – The y position on the background image (coordinate origin is at the top left-hand corner)
- w – width of the text field
- h – obsolete
- center – If the text is smaller than the text field, it can be centred using True.
- wrap – obsolete
- fgColor – as RGB values, e.g. (255, 255, 255)
- bgColor – as RGB values, e.g. (255, 255, 255)
- textSize - the size of the text (optional)

## Type explained

- static - static text
- dynamic - Dynamic information can be written onto the signature image. For now, the following information is supported:
  - %timestamp – The time at which the signature is implemented (in the format DD.MM.YYYY HH:MM MET)
  - %signer – The signer implementing the signature (common name from the signature's certificate)
  - %location – The location where the signature is placed (from the method call)
  - %reason – The reason for the signature (from the method call)
- signer - short form for signer
- location - short form for location
- reason - short form for reason
- timestamp - short form for timestamp

## Examples

A text field with text and the signer:

```
<Label type="dynamic" x="50.0" y="50.0" w="0.0" h="0.0" center="false"
  wrap="false" fgColor="(0,0,0)" bgColor="(255,255,255)"
  textSize="26">Signiert von: %signer</Label>
```

A text field with only the signer:

```
<Label type="signer" x="50.0" y="50.0" w="0.0" h="0.0" center="false"
  wrap="false" fgColor="(0,0,0)" bgColor="(255,255,255)" textSize="26"/>
```

Vienna

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