Titanic dataset analasys

Jetze Luyten, David Silva Troya, Axel Van Gestel

Setup the environment

The first thing to setup for the analysts is the environment with the required packages and settings.

Install required packages and load required libraries

During this analysis we used the tidyverse package for reading, cleaning and plotting the data and the ggcorrplot package to visualize the correlation matrix into a heat map.

```
# install.packages("tidyverse")
# install.packages("ggcorrplot")

library(tidyverse) # Contains all tidyverse packages (ggplot2, dplyr, ...)
library(ggcorrplot) # Used for generating correlation heatmaps (uses ggplot2)
```

Setup environment settings

In the following code block we set the language R uses for it's messages to English, clear all the global variables so that we always start with a clean slate and setup ggplot to center the plot titles by default.

```
Sys.setenv(LANG = "en") # Set language to English
rm(list = ls()) # Clears the Global Env
theme_update(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5)) # Center all plot titles
```

Read and import the data set

Read the data set (uses readr)

Rename the factors to be human readable (uses dplyr)

```
train$Survived <- recode_factor(train$Survived,</pre>
                                  "O" = "No",
                                  "1" = "Yes",)
train$Pclass <- recode_factor(train$Pclass,</pre>
                                "1" = "1st",
                                "2" = "2nd",
                                "3" = "3rd",
                                .default = "Unknown", # NA -> Unknown
                                .ordered = TRUE)
train$Embarked <- recode_factor(train$Embarked,</pre>
                                  "S" = "Southampton (England)",
                                  "C" = "Cherbourg (France)",
                                  "Q" = "Queenstown (Ireland)",
                                  .default = "Unknown", # NA -> Unknown
                                  .ordered = TRUE)
# Clear not needed variables
rm(column_types)
```

Filtering and cleaning

Check for the number of NA's in each column

```
sanity_check <- function(my_df) {</pre>
 for (j in 1:ncol(my df)) {
    print(paste(names(my_df[j]), ":", sum(is.na(my_df[, j]))))
}
sanity_check(train)
## [1] "Survived : 0"
## [1] "Pclass : 0"
## [1] "Name : 0"
## [1] "Sex : 0"
## [1] "Age : 177"
## [1] "SibSp : 0"
## [1] "Parch : 0"
## [1] "Ticket : 0"
## [1] "Fare : 0"
## [1] "Cabin : 687"
## [1] "Embarked : 0"
```

View 'train' tibble

train

```
##
   1 No
              3rd
                     Braund, M~ male
                                         22
                                                       0 A/5 2~7.25 < NA>
                                                                           Southa~
##
   2 Yes
                                         38
                                                      0 PC 17~ 71.3 C85
              1st
                     Cumings, ~ fema~
                                                1
                                                                           Cherbo~
##
  3 Yes
              3rd
                     Heikkinen~ fema~
                                         26
                                                       0 STON/~ 7.92 <NA>
                                                                           Southa~
##
  4 Yes
                     Futrelle, ~ fema~
                                         35
                                                       0 113803 53.1 C123
                                                                           Southa~
              1st
                                                1
##
   5 No
              3rd
                     Allen, Mr~ male
                                         35
                                                0
                                                      0 373450 8.05 <NA>
                                                                           Southa~
##
                                                      0 330877 8.46 <NA>
  6 No
              3rd
                     Moran, Mr~ male
                                         NA
                                                0
                                                                           Queens~
                     McCarthy, ~ male
                                         54
##
  7 No
              1st
                                                0
                                                      0 17463 51.9 E46
                                                                           Southa~
                                         2
## 8 No
              3rd
                     Palsson, ~ male
                                                3
                                                       1 349909 21.1
                                                                     <NA>
                                                                           Southa~
## 9 Yes
               3rd
                      Johnson, ~ fema~
                                         27
                                                 0
                                                       2 347742 11.1
                                                                     <NA>
                                                                           Southa~
## 10 Yes
              2nd
                     Nasser, M~ fema~
                                         14
                                                 1
                                                      0 237736 30.1
                                                                     <NA>
                                                                           Cherbo~
## # ... with 881 more rows, and abbreviated variable name 1: Embarked
```

Adding useful columns

Add a total Family size column

```
train <- mutate(train, FamilySize = SibSp + Parch)</pre>
```

Group the cabin label into has cabin and has no cabin

Add Married column, only works for female passengers

Quick sanity check of the 'train' tibble

```
tail(train)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 14
     Survived Pclass Name
                                         Age SibSp Parch Ticket Fare Cabin Embar~1
                                 Sex
     <fct>
              <ord> <chr>
##
                                 <fct> <dbl> <int> <int> <chr> <dbl> <chr> <ord>
## 1 No
              3rd
                     "Rice, Mrs~ fema~
                                          39
                                                  0
                                                        5 382652 29.1
                                                                       <NA>
                                                                             Queens~
## 2 No
              2nd
                     "Montvila,~ male
                                          27
                                                  0
                                                        0 211536 13
                                                                       <NA>
                                                                             Southa~
## 3 Yes
                     "Graham, M~ fema~
                                                        0 112053 30
                                                                       B42
              1st
                                          19
                                                  0
                                                                             Southa~
## 4 No
              3rd
                     "Johnston, ~ fema~
                                          NA
                                                        2 W./C.~ 23.4
                                                                       <NA>
                                                                             Southa~
                     "Behr, Mr.~ male
                                          26
                                                                       C148 Cherbo~
## 5 Yes
                                                        0 111369 30
              1st
                                                  0
## 6 No
              3rd
                     "Dooley, M~ male
                                          32
                                                  0
                                                        0 370376 7.75 <NA>
                                                                             Queens~
## # ... with 3 more variables: FamilySize <int>, CabinGroups <chr>,
       Married <lgl>, and abbreviated variable name 1: Embarked
```

Correlation heatmap (uses ggcorrplot)

Generate a correlation heatmap of the numeric values

```
train_numeric <- select(train, Age, SibSp, Parch, FamilySize, Fare)
train_numeric_corr <- cor(train_numeric, use = "complete.obs") # Use only non NA</pre>
```

Correlation between the numeric values

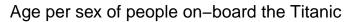


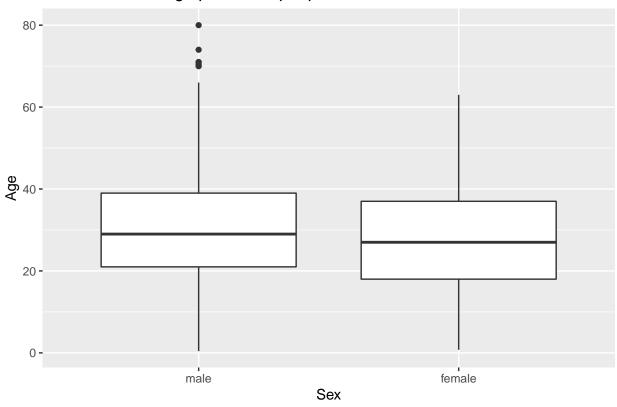
```
# Clear not needed variables
rm(train_numeric, train_numeric_corr)
```

Plots and stuff (uses ggplot2)

Age per sex of people on-board the Titanic

```
ggplot(data = train, mapping = aes(x = Sex, y = Age)) +
geom_boxplot() +
ggtitle("Age per sex of people on-board the Titanic")
```

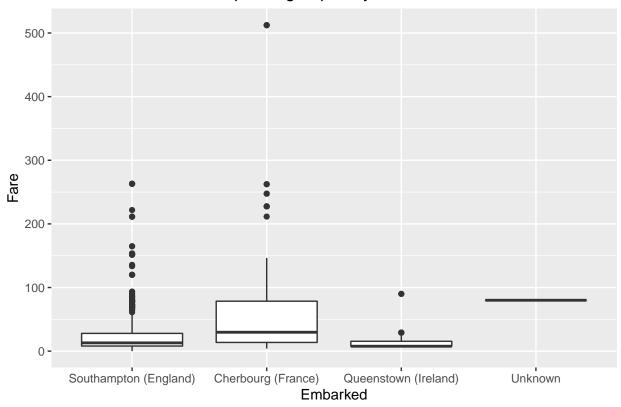




Fare prices grouped by embarkment

```
ggplot(data = train, mapping = aes(x = Embarked, y = Fare)) +
  geom_boxplot() +
  ggtitle("Fare prices grouped by embarkment")
```

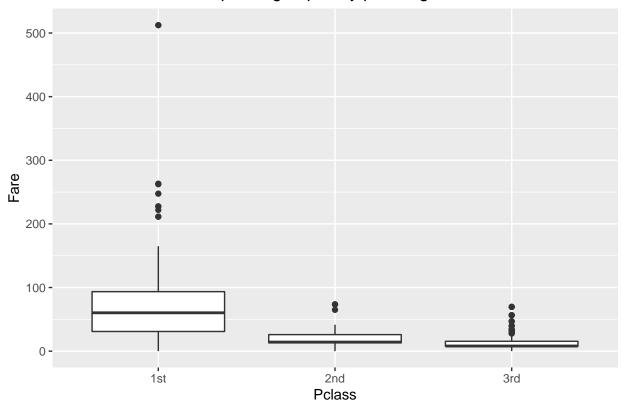
Fare prices grouped by embarkment



Fare prices grouped by passenger class

```
ggplot(data = train, mapping = aes(x = Pclass, y = Fare)) +
  geom_boxplot() +
  ggtitle("Fare prices grouped by passenger class")
```

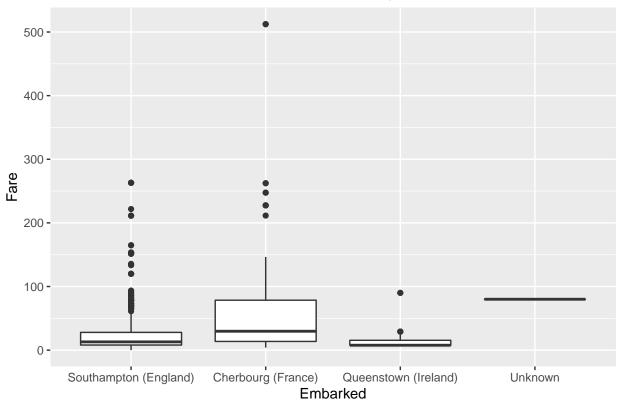
Fare prices grouped by passenger class



Embarked and Fare prices

```
ggplot(data = train, mapping = aes(x = Embarked, y = Fare)) +
  geom_boxplot() +
  ggtitle("Embarked and Fare prices")
```

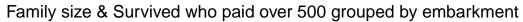
Embarked and Fare prices

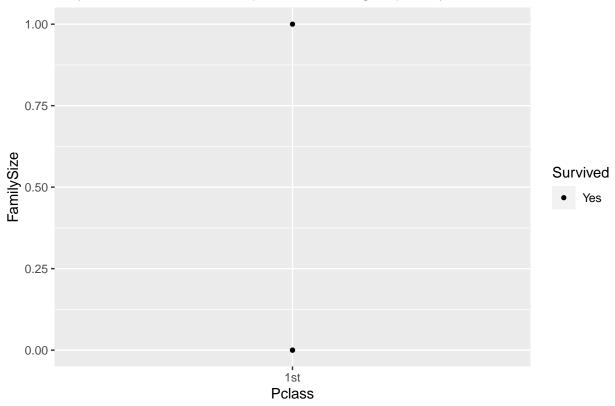


Family size & Survived who paid over 500 grouped by embarkment

```
FareEnough <- filter(train, Fare > 500) # Fare bigger than 500

ggplot(data = FareEnough, mapping = aes(x = Pclass, y = FamilySize)) +
  geom_point(aes(shape=Survived)) +
  ggtitle("Family size & Survived who paid over 500 grouped by embarkment")
```

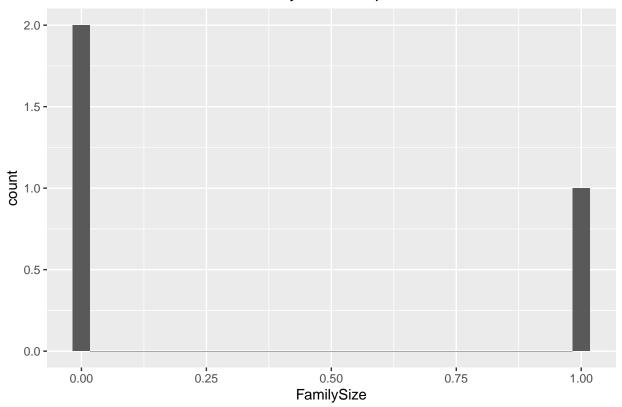




Count of family size who paid over 500

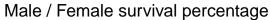
```
ggplot(data = FareEnough, mapping = aes(x = FamilySize)) +
  geom_histogram() +
  ggtitle("Count of family size who paid over 500")
```

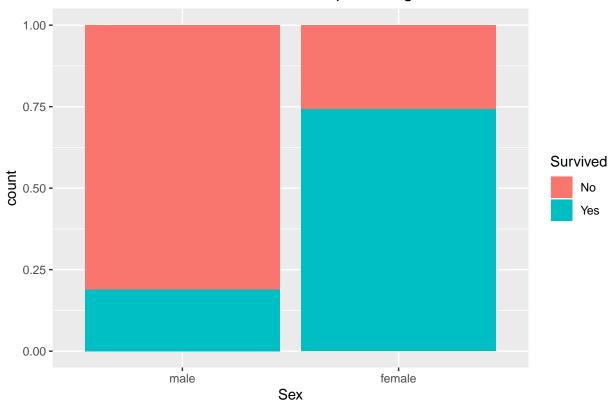
Count of family size who paid over 500



Male / Female survival percentage

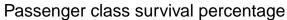
```
ggplot(data = train, mapping = aes(x = Sex, fill = Survived)) +
geom_bar(position = "fill") +
ggtitle("Male / Female survival percentage")
```

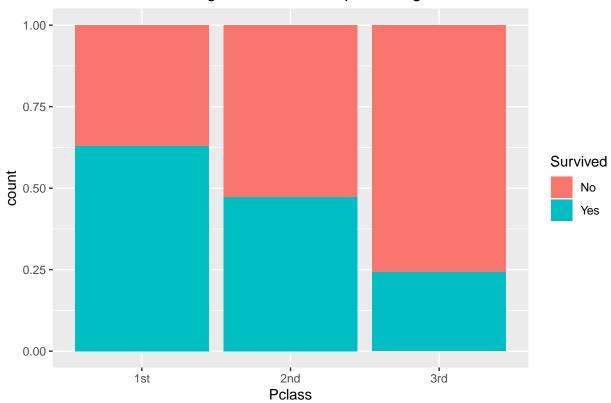




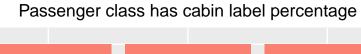
Passenger class survival percentage

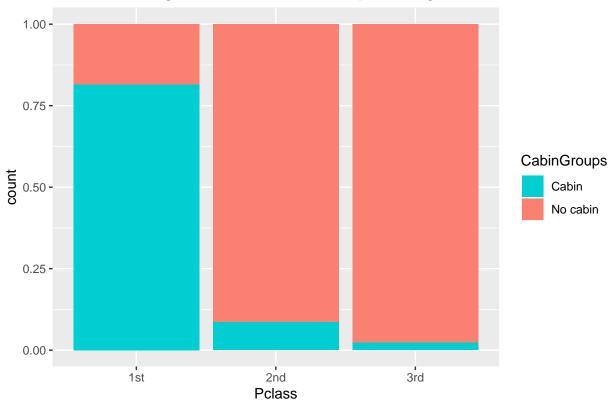
```
ggplot(data = train, mapping = aes(x = Pclass, fill = Survived)) +
  geom_bar(position = "fill") +
  ggtitle("Passenger class survival percentage")
```





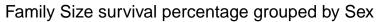
Passenger class has cabin label percentage

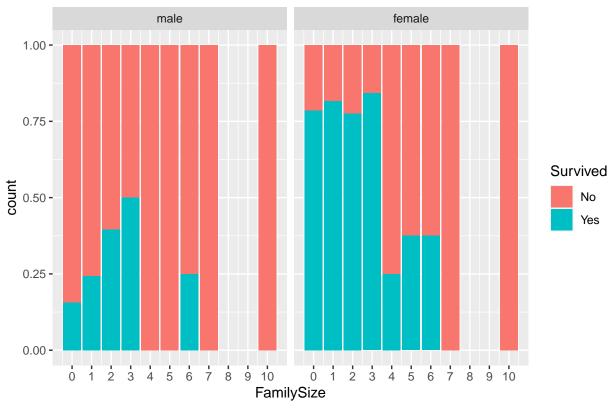




Family Size survival percentage grouped by Sex

```
ggplot(data = train, mapping = aes(x = FamilySize, fill = Survived)) +
  geom_bar(position = "fill") +
  facet_wrap(~ Sex) +
  scale_x_continuous(breaks = min(train$FamilySize):max(train$FamilySize)) +
  ggtitle("Family Size survival percentage grouped by Sex")
```





References