Project Proposal

Project Description and Research Goal

Credit risk has often been measured through consumer historical payment and income data. This study seeks to use loan consumer history, status, and ratio attributes to learn which attributes correlate with defaulting statuses. We plan to organize and analyze our data set using Principal Component Analysis and will construct models using Random Forest, Backwards step Logistic Regression and LDA. Eigenvalue decomposition and data reduction methods will be used to extract features. Our reduced dimension elements will be further analyzed using summated scales to find correlations between factor loan status. We will be looking to see what patterns this analysis can explain.

Questions Addressed

- How does Lending Club go about predicting whether a loan will default?
- Are there attributes amongst the consumer's history, status or ratings that influence this result?
- if there is a correlation between the consumer attributes and their likelihood of defaulting.
- Which analysis model will be best for analysis of dataset?

Proposed Methodology

- Assumptions/limitations
 - Due to data availability, the time frame of this analysis is restricted to 2007-2016.
- Data Dictionary
 - After analyzing the initial dataset, variables that were missing a significant amount of the data were removed and the following 49 variables can be used to begin the research
- Data Collection
 - The initial dataset contained 49 variables with 407,770 observations. Our target variable is "loan_status" and this describes the current, delinquent, or paid statuses of the loan records. There are 8 different status of loan_status.
- Pre-Processing
 - Instances that included the loan_status of "Current", "Issued", or "In Grace" were removed as these represent loans that are not in a default status nor fully paid so would not apply to the goal of this analysis.
 - Our analysis focuses on loans that are either delinquent (Charged Off, Default, Late (16-30 days), Late (31-120 days)) or fully paid.
 - In order to split the data into a fully paid or default status, we will transform all the delinquent statuses into one group called "Delinquent"
- Data Analysis

- Principle Component Analysis: To choose the principal components, by running PCA analysis we will to account for 70% of the variation in the data, we require 10 components for both train and test set
- K mean clustering: K means clustering is a supervised machine learning technique. It aims to partition observations into k clusters with the nearest mean. This results into partitioning of the data space into Voronoi cells. Given a set of observations (x1, x2, x3, ..., xn) where each observation is a d-dimensional real vector, k-means clustering aims to partition the n observations into k (≤ n) sets S = {S1, S2, ..., Sk} so as to minimize the within-cluster sum of squares.
- Linear Discriminant Analysis: Linear discriminant analysis (LDA) is a statistical method used to find a linear combination of variables that separates two or more classes of objects. The goal is, utilizing computed means of each classes' variables and a common covariance matrix between all classes, to come up with a linear combination of variables that projects the distribution of the classes separately into one subspace. For our analysis, we will be using this method on Loan_Status to see if we can accurately separate the two groups "Delinquencies" and "Fully Paid".

Metrics to Measure Analysis

- We will be using analysis models like Principle component analysis, linear discriminant analysis, Canonical correlation etc. These include:
 - Covariance
 - Mean
 - Variance
 - Standard Deviation
 - Vector quantization , cluster analysis

Project Outline

Literature review and related work

- https://canvas.harvard.edu/courses/12656/files/2822174/download?verifier=cwyLD199G hxwqW1TKTESsPVfaaNJWX0lqZBDfSns&wrap=1
- https://is.cuni.cz/webapps/zzp/download/120269679
- http://cs229.stanford.edu/proj2015/199_report.pdf

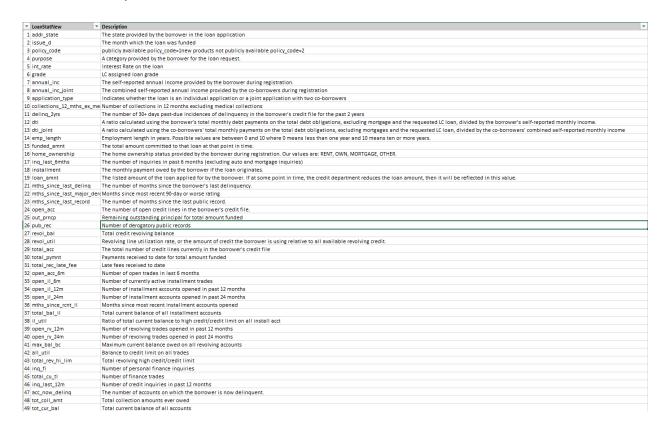
Data sources and reference data

 https://www.kaggle.com/adityasheth/analysis-and-modelling-of-lending-club-loandata/data

- https://www.lendacademy.com/policy-code-2-loans-lending-club/
- http://budgeting.thenest.com/open-trades-credit-report-23674.html
- The dataset was found on Kaggle.com and describes Lending Club's borrowing data for 887,379 distinct loans from the years 2007 to 2016 with 79 total variables

Variables

Input Variables



Output Variables

LoanStatNew	~	Description	
loan_status		Current status of the Ioan	

Removed Variables

LoanStatNew	×	Description	
annual_inc_joint	- 7	The combined self-reported annual income provided by the co-borrowers during registration	
		A ratio calculated using the co-borrowers' total monthly payments on the total debt obligations, excluding	
dti_joint		mortgages and the requested LC loan, divided by the co-borrowers' combined self-reported monthly income	
mths_since_last_major_	der	Months since most recent 90-day or worse rating	
mths_since_last_record		The number of months since the last public record.	
open_acc_6m		Number of open trades in last 6 months	
open_il_6m		Number of currently active installment trades	
open_il_12m		Number of installment accounts opened in past 12 months	
open_il_24m		Number of installment accounts opened in past 24 months	
mths_since_rcnt_il		Months since most recent installment accounts opened	
total_bal_il		Total current balance of all installment accounts	
il_util		Ratio of total current balance to high credit/credit limit on all install acct	
open_rv_12m		Number of revolving trades opened in past 12 months	
open_rv_24m		Number of revolving trades opened in past 24 months	
max_bal_bc		Maximum current balance owed on all revolving accounts	
all_util		Balance to credit limit on all trades	
inq_fi		Number of personal finance inquiries	
total_cu_tl		Number of finance trades	
inq_last_12m		Number of credit inquiries in past 12 months	

o Transformed Loan Status variables

loan_status records removed		
Current		
Issued		
Grace Period		

loan_satus OldValue	New Value
Current	Record Removed
Issued	Record Removed
Grace Period	Record Removed
charged Off	Deliquent
Default	Deliquent
Late (16-30 days)	Deliquent
Late (31-120 days)	Deliquent
Fully Paid	Fully Paid

o Transformed Employee length variable

emp_length Old Value	New Value
n/a	0
<1 year	0.5
1 year	1
2 years	2
3 years	3
4 years	4
5 years	5
6 years	6
7 years	7
8 years	8
9 years	9
10+ years	10

Analysis Model

- Principle component analysis
- Linear discriminant analysis
- Canonical correlation
- K means clustering
- Naive Bayes
- Correspondence Analysis

Tools

- Software
 - Tableau
 - RStudio
- o R Libraries
 - corrplot
 - psyc
 - car
 - CCA
 - MASS
 - QuantPsyc
 - leaps
- Project Management and Source Control
 - GitHub