## <algorithm> find

## Find value in range

Returns an iterator to the first element in the range [first, last) that compares equal to *val*. If no such element is found, the function returns *last*.

The function uses operator== to compare the individual elements to *val*.

## **Parameters**

first, last

Input iterators to the initial and final positions in a sequence. The range searched is [first, last), which contains all the elements between *first* and *last*, including the element pointed by *first* but not the element pointed by *last*.

val

Value to search for in the range.

T shall be a type supporting comparisons with the elements pointed by Input iterators using operator== (with the elements as left-hand side operands, and val as right-hand side).

## **Return value**

An iterator to the first element in the range that compares equal to val. If no elements match, the function returns last.