



IT Automation Terraform Driver 【 Practice 】

In this Document, "IT Automation" will be written as "ITA".

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1. Introduction

1. Introduction

Main Menu

- This document aims to teach the readers about the **Terraform** Menu group while giving them hands-on experience.

The screenshot displays the Exastro IT Automation dashboard. The top navigation bar includes the Exastro logo, user information (System Administrator), and login/logout options. The main content area is divided into a left sidebar for navigation and a central workspace for widgets.

Main menu: A grid of icons representing different menu groups. The **Terraform** icon, located in the bottom row, is highlighted with a red rectangle. Other visible icons include Management Console, Basic Console, Export/Import, Symphony, Conductor, Create Menu, Input, Substitution value, Reference, Contrast, HostGroup management, Ansible Common, Ansible-Legacy, Ansible-Pioneer, Ansible-LegacyRole, Cobbler, and File control management.

Widgets: The dashboard features several data visualization widgets on the right side:

- Movement:** A donut chart showing 14 total movements, with 78.6% (orange) and 21.4% (green) segments. Below the chart is a table listing movement types and their counts.
- Work status:** A circular gauge showing 0 total status.
- Work result:** A donut chart showing 8 total results, with 62.5% (red) and 37.5% (green) segments. Below the chart is a table listing result types and their counts.
- Work history:** A table listing individual work items.

The bottom of the dashboard includes a "Contact administrator" button.

Movement	SUM
Ansible Legacy	11
Ansible Pioneer	1
Ansible Legacy Role	1
Terraform	1

Status	CON	SYM	SUM
Executing	0	0	0
Unexecuted (schedule)	0	0	0
Unexecuted	0	0	0

Result	CON	SYM	SUM
Normal end	2	0	2
Abnormal end	0	0	0
Unexpected error	4	1	5
Emergency stop	0	0	0
Schedule cancellation	0	0	0

1.2 Environment

Environment

- The working environment used in this manual is as follows.
- In addition to an ITA Server, please prepare an AWS and Azure account and a Terraform environment (Terraform account if you are using Terraform Cloud).

ITA host server

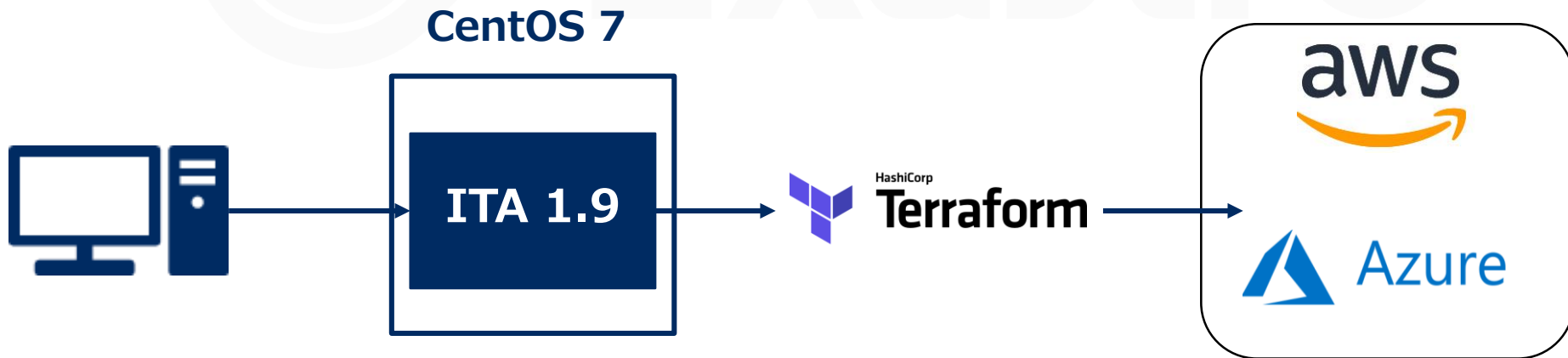
- CentOS7 (*)
- ITA ver 1.9

Terraform

- Terraform Enterprise
or
• Terraform Cloud

Target AWS

- Microsoft Azure
- AWS



*In this scenario, the host server will be running on CentOS7, but ITA can be installed on RHEL7 and RHEL8 type OS as well.

2. Terraform Driver Practice

2.1 Scenario

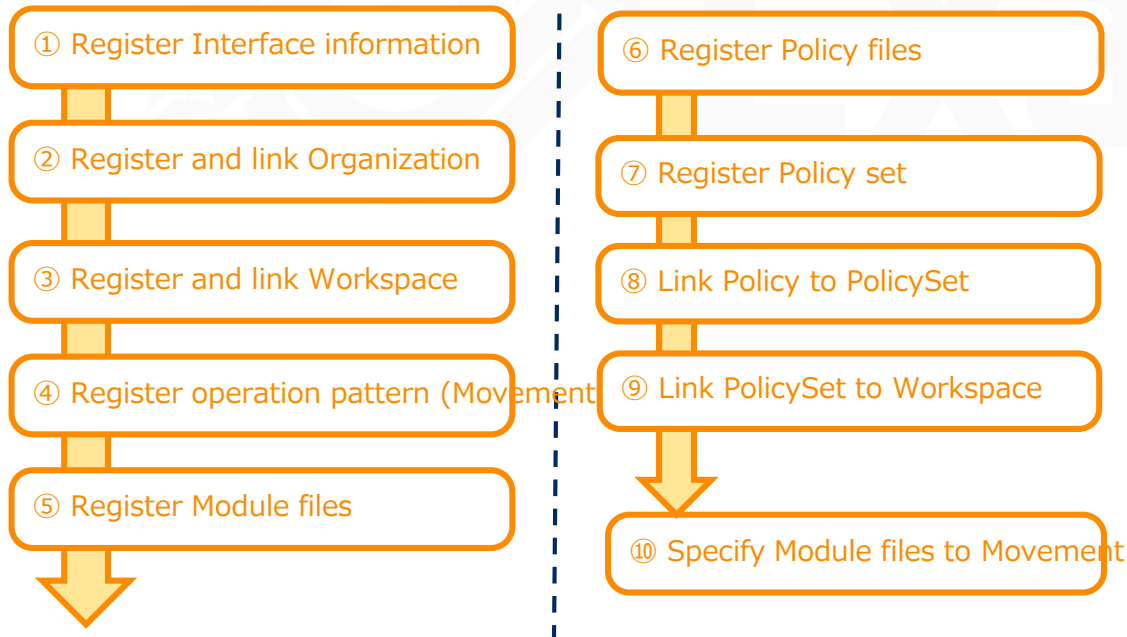
About the scenario

This scenario uses ITA's Terraform Driver to check the plan to create the VM's on Public cloud (AWS,Azure)

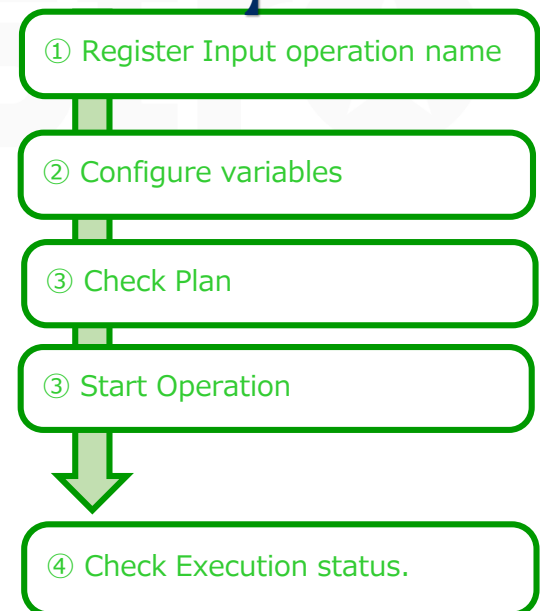
After that, it will use the **defined policies** to create the VM on the different cloud environments.

Once you have followed the "Preparation" part of this document and have linked/registered all the necessary parts, you can repeat the "Execution" part of the scenario and reconfigure/re-register target machines. (**Automation**)

【Preparation】



【Execution】



2.2 Preparation (1/6)

Create Modules

- Here, we will create the 4 modules that will be used in this scenario

【 Attention 】 Make sure that the character code is "UTF-8", the Line feed code is LF and the file extension is ".tf".

```
variable "access_key" {}
variable "secret_key" {}
variable "region" {}
variable "ami" {}
variable "key_name" {}
variable "security_group" {}
variable "tags_name" {}
variable "hello_tf_instance_count" {
  default = 2
}
variable "hello_tf_instance_type" {
  default = "t2.micro"
}
```

File name:

aws_create_instance_variables.tf

This file defines variables for creating AWS Instances.

A concrete value variable will be assigned to the variable

2.2 Preparation (2/6)

Create IaC

```
provider "aws" {  
  access_key = var.access_key  
  secret_key = var.secret_key  
  region = var.region  
}  
  
resource "aws_instance" "hello-tf-instance" {  
  ami          = var.ami  
  key_name     = var.key_name  
  security_groups = [var.security_group]  
  tags = {  
    Name = "${var.tags_name}-${count.index+1}"  
  }  
  count = var.hello_tf_instance_count  
  instance_type = var.hello_tf_instance_type  
}
```

File name:
aws_create_instance.tf

This file defines variables for creating AWS Instances.

Create Security groups and key pairs in AWS in advance.

2.2 Preparation (3/6)

Create IaC

```
variable "subscription_id" {}
variable "tenant_id" {}
variable "client_id" {}
variable "client_secret" {}
variable "resource_group_name" {}
variable "security_group" {}
variable "location" {}
variable "Vnet_name" {}
variable "Vnet_address_space" {}
variable "subnet_name" {}
variable "address_prefixes" {}
variable "public_ip_name" {}
variable "allocation_method" {}
variable "domain_name_label" {}
variable "network_interface_name" {}
variable "NIC_name" {}
variable "VM_name" {}
variable "VM_size" {}
variable "publisher" {}
```

```
variable "offer" {}
variable "sku" {}
variable "source_image_version" {}
variable "admin_username" {}
variable "ssh_public_key" {}
variable "os_disk_name" {}
variable "caching" {}
variable "storage_account_type" {}
variable "VM_count" {}
```

File

name:azure_create_instance_variables.tf

This file defines variables for creating Azure instances.

A concrete value variable will be assigned to the variable

2.2 Preparation (4/6)

Create IaC

File name:


azure_create_instance.tf (1/3)

Resources for creating Azure instance
Definition file.


This file creates resource groups, as well
as their network security group and virtual
networks.

It will also create the a virtual machine,
disk and network interface for each VM.

```
provider "azurerm" {  
  features {}  
  subscription_id = var.subscription_id  
  client_id       = var.client_id  
  client_secret   = var.client_secret  
  tenant_id      = var.tenant_id  
}  
  
resource "azurerm_resource_group" "hoge" {  
  name = var.resource_group_name  
  location = var.location  
}
```




```
resource "azurerm_network_security_group" "hoge" {  
  name = var.security_group  
  location = azurerm_resource_group.hoge.location  
  resource_group_name = azurerm_resource_group.hoge.name  
  
  security_rule {  
    name           = "SSH"  
    priority       = 1001  
    direction      = "Inbound"  
    access         = "Allow"  
    protocol       = "Tcp"  
    source_port_range = "*"   
    destination_port_range = "22"  
    source_address_prefix = "*"   
    destination_address_prefix = "*"   
  }  
  
  security_rule {  
    name           = "HTTP"  
    priority       = 1002  
    direction      = "Inbound"  
    access         = "Allow"  
    protocol       = "Tcp"  
    source_port_range = "*"   
    destination_port_range = "80"  
    source_address_prefix = "*"   
    destination_address_prefix = "*"   
  }  
}
```



2.2 Preparation (5/6)

Create IaC

File name:
azure_create_instance.tf (2/3)




```
resource "azurerm_virtual_network" "hoge hoge" {
  name = var.Vnet_name
  address_space = [var.Vnet_address_space]
  location = azurerm_resource_group.hoge hoge.location
  resource_group_name = azurerm_resource_group.hoge hoge.name
}

resource "azurerm_subnet" "hoge hoge" {
  name = var.subnet_name
  resource_group_name = azurerm_resource_group.hoge hoge.name
  virtual_network_name = azurerm_virtual_network.hoge hoge.name
  address_prefixes = [var.address_prefixes]
}

resource "azurerm_public_ip" "hoge hoge" {
  count = var.VM_count
  name = "${var.public_ip_name}-${count.index}"
  location = azurerm_resource_group.hoge hoge.location
  resource_group_name = azurerm_resource_group.hoge hoge.name
  allocation_method = var.allocation_method
  domain_name_label = "${var.domain_name_label}-${count.index}"
}

resource "azurerm_network_interface" "hoge hoge" {
  count = var.VM_count
  name = "${var.network_interface_name}-${count.index}"
  location = azurerm_resource_group.hoge hoge.location
  resource_group_name = azurerm_resource_group.hoge hoge.name

  ip_configuration {
    name = var.NIC_name
    subnet_id = azurerm_subnet.hoge hoge.id
    private_ip_address_allocation = var.allocation_method
    public_ip_address_id = azurerm_public_ip.hoge hoge[count.index].id
  }
}
```



2.2 Preparation (6/6)

Create IaC

File name:
azure_create_instance.tf (3/3)



```
resource "azurerm_network_interface_security_group_association" "hoge hoge" {
  count = var.VM_count
  network_interface_id = azurerm_network_interface.hoge hoge[count.index].id
  network_security_group_id = azurerm_network_security_group.hoge hoge.id
}

resource "azurerm_linux_virtual_machine" "hoge hoge" {
  count = var.VM_count
  name = "${var.VM_name}-${count.index}"
  resource_group_name = azurerm_resource_group.hoge hoge.name
  location = azurerm_resource_group.hoge hoge.location
  size = var.VM_size
  admin_username = var.admin_username
  network_interface_ids = [azurerm_network_interface.hoge hoge[count.index].id]

  admin_ssh_key {
    username = var.admin_username
    public_key = var.ssh_public_key
  }

  os_disk {
    name = "${var.os_disk_name}-${count.index}"
    caching = var.caching
    storage_account_type = var.storage_account_type
  }

  source_image_reference {
    publisher = var.publisher
    offer = var.offer
    sku = var.sku
    version = var.source_image_version
  }
}
```

2.2 Preparation (7/7)

Create Policy

File name : limit-proposed-monthly-cost.sentinel

This policy limits the monthly cost.

The Terraform will not apply if the monthly cost exceeds 50\$.

It will also output an estimate of the monthly cost.

This can be used for both AWS and Azure.

```
import "tfrun"
import "decimal"

limit = decimal.new(50)

cost_limit_by_workspace = func() {
  if tfrun.cost_estimate else null is null {
    print("no cost estimates available")
    return false
  }

  workspace_name = tfrun.workspace.name

  proposed_cost = decimal.new(tfrun.cost_estimate.proposed_monthly_cost)

  if proposed_cost.less_than(limit) {
    print("Proposed monthly cost", proposed_cost.string,
      "of workspace", workspace_name,
      "is under the limit: $", limit)
    return true
  }

  if proposed_cost.greater_than(limit) {
    print("Proposed monthly cost", proposed_cost.string,
      "of workspace", workspace_name,
      "is over the limit: $", limit)
    return false
  }
}

cost_validated = cost_limit_by_workspace()

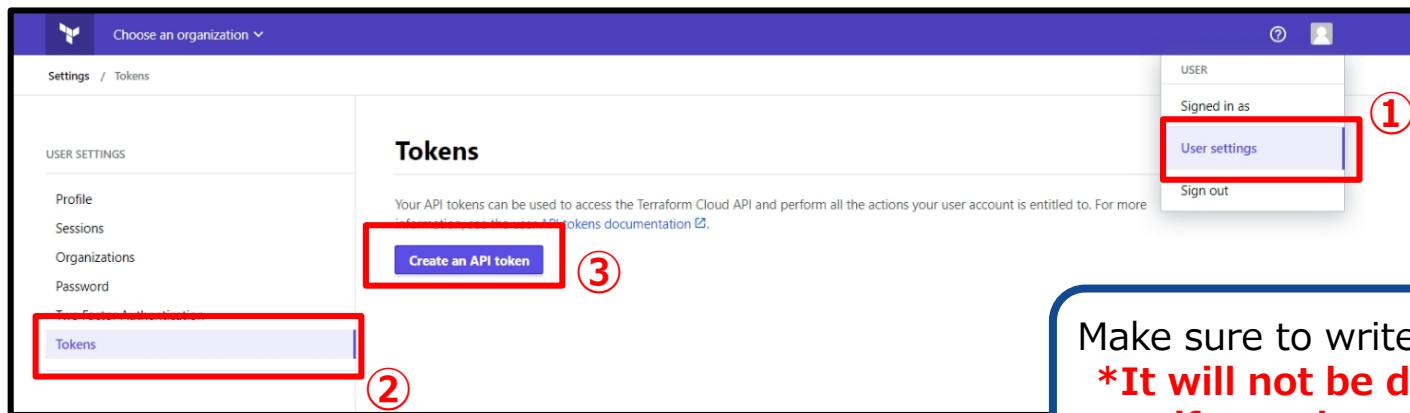
main = rule {
  cost_validated
}
```

3. Preparation

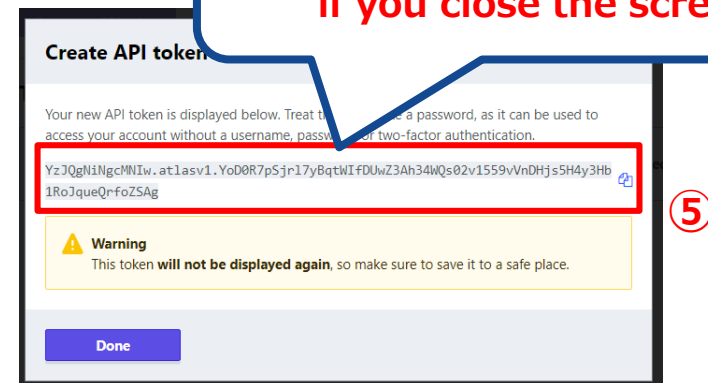
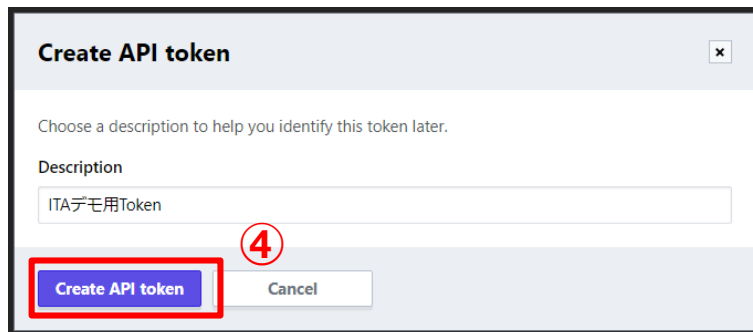
3.1 Register Interface Information(1/2)

Create User Token

- In order to link Terraform Driver with Terraform, we will need to create a User Token from Terraform
- Log in to Terraform from your browser and go to [User Setting]→[Tokens]→[Create an API token]



Make sure to write down the token
***It will not be displayed again if you close the screen.**



3.1 Registration of interface information(2/2)

Interface information

- Input the Terraform Hostname and the created UserToken

*Since only one Terraform can be linked to ITA, you need to update the item that is already there.

Menu: Terraform> Interface Information

- ① Open the list and press the item's update button.
- ② Enter the following information and press "Register".

The screenshot shows the ITA interface. On the left, the 'Main menu' has 'Interface information' highlighted. The main area shows a 'List' view of interface information. A table with one item is displayed. The 'Update' button in the bottom left corner of the table is highlighted. Below the table, a message states '※ * is a required item.' and there are 'Back' and 'Update' buttons.

No.	Hostname *	User Token	Proxy		Status monitoring cycle (milliseconds) *	Number of rows to display progress status
			Address	Port		
1		*****			3000	

History Update No. Hostname User token Address Port Status monitoring cycle (milliseconds) Number of rows to display progress status

History Update 1 Terraform Host name ***** 3,000 1,

Hostname

app.terraform.io

User Token

(Input User Token)

3.2 Register and Link Organization(1/2)

Register Organization

In this step, we will create an Organization.

Menu: **Terraform > Organizations list**

- ① Click Register> Start Registration.
- ② Enter the following information and press "Register".

Organization ID	Organization Name*	Email address*	Access permission
Auto-input	ITAllearn_org		Setting

※*is a required item.

Back Register

Organization Name	Email address
ITAllearn_org	(Input Mail Address)

3.2 Register and Link Organization(2/2)

Link Organization

- After creating the Organization item from Organization Management
You can check if the Organization has been added to the target Terraform by clicking the [Linkage status check].
- If it says "Not registered", you can press the register button to create an Organization in Terraform.

List/Update

History	Update	Discard	Organization ID	Organization Name	Email address	Terraform association				
						Status check	Association status	Register	update	Delete
History	Update	Discard	3	LearnTest1	ita-exastro@sample.com	Association status check	No registration	Register	update	Delete

Filter result count: 1

Output Excel



USER SETTINGS

Profile
Organizations
Password
Two Factor Authentication
Tokens

Organizations

You are a member of the following organizations:

[LearnTest1](#) OWNER ...

3.3 Register and Link Workspace(1/2)

Register Workspace

In this section, we will create a Workspace.

Menu : **Terraform > Workspaces list**

- ① Click Register> Start Registration.
- ② Enter the following information and press "Register".

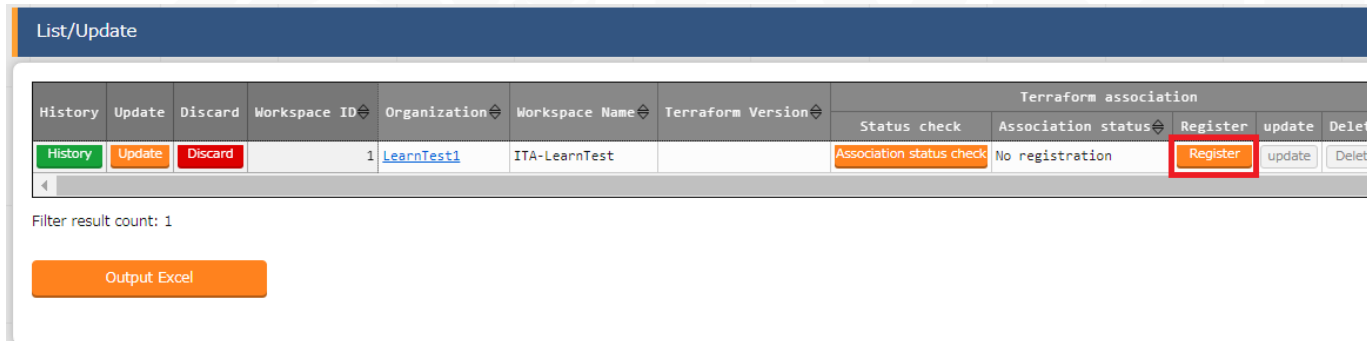
Organization	Workspace Name
ITAllearn_org	ITA-demo-AWS
ITAllearn_org	ITA-demo-Azure

3.3 Register and Link Workspace(2/2)

Link Workspace

- After creating a Workspace item in Workspaces list, You can check if the Workspace has been added to the target Terraform by clicking the “Association status check” button
- If it says “Not registered”, you can press the “Register” button to create a Workspace on the target Terraform

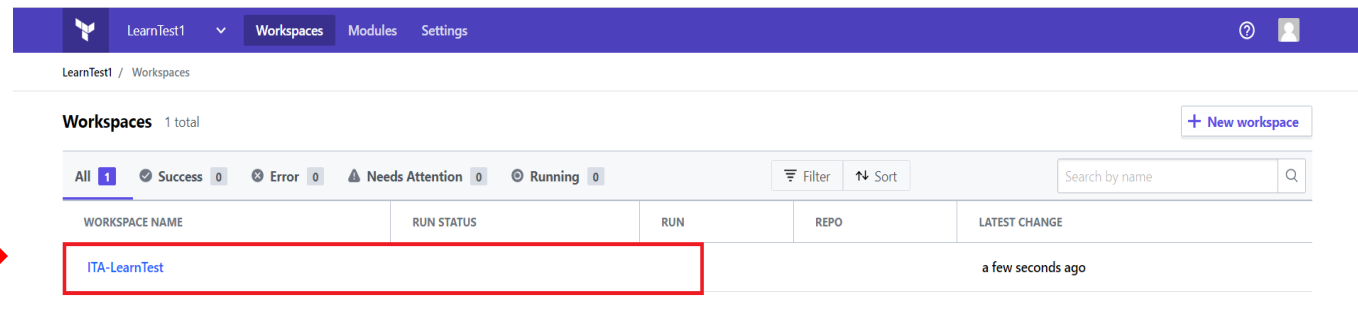
*** As a Workspace is created inside an Organization, make sure to create an Organization first.**



History	Update	Discard	Workspace ID	Organization	Workspace Name	Terraform Version	Terraform association				
History	Update	Discard					Status check	Association status	Register	update	Delete
History	Update	Discard	1	LearnTest1	ITA-LearnTest		Association status check	No registration	Register	update	Delete

Filter result count: 1

Output Excel



LearnTest1 / Workspaces

Workspaces 1 total

All 1 Success 0 Error 0 Needs Attention 0 Running 0

WORKSPACE NAME	RUN STATUS	RUN	REPO	LATEST CHANGE
ITA-LearnTest				a few seconds ago

3.4 Register Operation pattern(Movement)

Create Movement

In this section, we will register a Movement that we can link to the playbook we created earlier.

Menu: **Terraform> Movement list**

- ① Click Register> Start Registration.
- ② Select or enter the following and press "Register".

Movement ID	Movement Name*	Delay timer	Terraform integration
Auto-input			Organization:Workspace*

※* is a required item.

Back Register

Movement name	Terraform User information Organization: Workspace
CreateVM(AWS)	ITA-demo-AWS
CreateVM(Azure)	ITA-demo-Azure

3.5 Register Module files

Register Module

In this section, we will register our Modules to ITA.

Menu: **Terraform> Module Files**

- ① Click Register> Start Registration.
- ② Press "Browse" and select your playbook and press "Upload in advance".
- ③ Follow the table below and press "Register"

Module file ID	Module file name*	Module file*
Auto-input	<input type="text"/>	<div>Choose File No file chosen</div> <div>Upload in advance</div> <div>Upload status:</div>

Module file name	Module file
aws_create_instance_variables	aws_create_instance_variables.tf
aws_create_instance_body	aws_create_instance.tf
azure_create_instance_variables	azure_create_instance_variables.tf
azure_create_instance_body	azure_create_instance.tf

3.6 Register Policy file

Register Policy file

In this section, we will register the policy file we created.

Menu : **Terraform > Policies list**

- ① Click Register> Start Registration.
- ② Select the policy you want to upload and press "Upload in advance".
- ③ Follow the table below and press "Register"

Policy name	Policy file
limit-proposed-monthly-cost	limit-proposed-monthly-cost.sentinel

3.7 Register Policy Set

Register Policy Set

In this section, we will register a Policy set.

Menu : **Terraform > Policy Sets list**

- ① Click Register> Start Registration.
- ② Follow the table below and press "Register"



PolicySet ID	PolicySet名*	アクセス権
自動入力	<input type="text"/>	<div>設定</div> <div>アクセス許可ロール</div>

※*は必須項目です。

戻る 登録

PolicySet name

PolicySet_demo

3.8 Link Policy Set and Policy

Link Policy Set and Policy

In this section, we will link the previously created Policy Set and Policy file.

Menu : **Terraform > PolicySet-Policy link list**

- ① Click Register> Start Registration.
- ② Follow the table below and press "Register"



登録

PolicySet-Policy紐付ID	Policy Set*	Policy*
自動入力	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

※*は必須項目です。

戻る 登録

Policy Set	Policy
1:PolicySet_demo	1:limit-proposed-monthly-cost

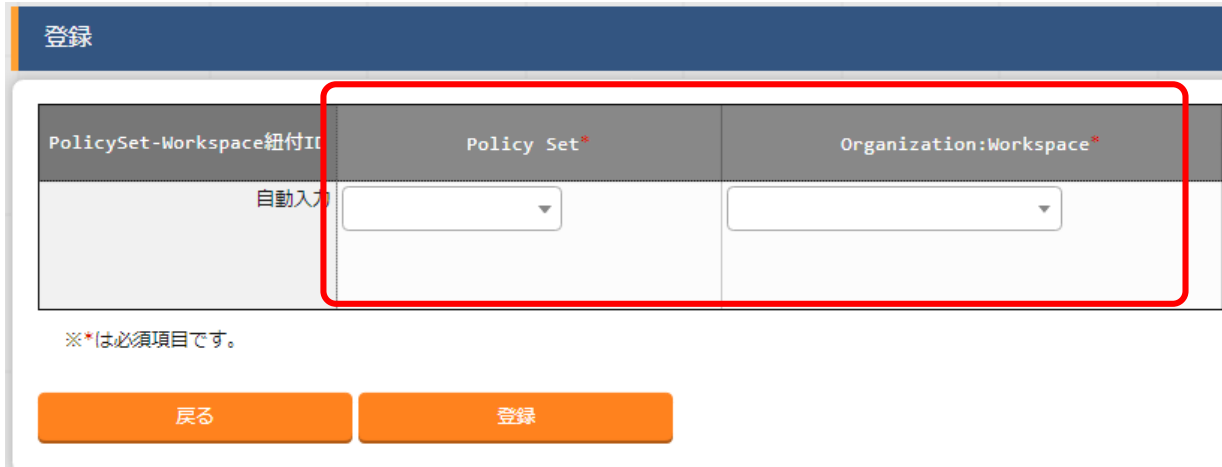
3.9 Link Policy Set and Workspace

Link Policy Set and Workspace

In this section, we will link the Policy Set and the Workspace.

Menu : **Terraform > PolicySet-Workspace link list**

- ① Click Register> Start Registration.
- ② Follow the table below and press "Register"



登録

PolicySet-Workspace紐付ID	Policy Set*	Organization:Workspace*
自動入力	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

※*は必須項目です。

戻る 登録

Policy Set	Organization:Workspace
1:PolicySet_demo	ITAllearn_org:ITA-demo-AWS
1:PolicySet_demo	ITAllearn_org:ITA-demo-Azure

3.10 Specify Module file to Movement

Link Module to Movement

In this section, we will link our Movement and Module file

Menu: Terraform> **Movement-Module Link**

- ① Click Register> Start Registration.
- ② Select or enter the following and press "Register".

Register

Associated item number	Movement*	Module file*
Auto-input	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

※* is a required item.

Back Register

Movement	Module file
Create VM (AWS)	aws_create_instance_variables
Create VM (AWS)	aws_create_instance_body
Create VM (Azure)	azure_create_instance_variables
Create VM (Azure)	azure_create_instance_body

4. Execution

4.1 Operation registration

Register new Operation

In this section, we will create an Operation

Menu: **Basic Console > Input Operation List**

- ① Click Register> Start Registration.
- ② Enter the following information and press "Register".

Register

No.	Operation ID	Operation name*	Scheduled date for execution*
Auto-input	Auto-input	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

※*is a required item.

Back

Register

Operation name	Scheduled implementation date and time
Terraform_demo	(Free field)

* (Scheduled implementation date and time) is an item for management. The operation will not be automatically executed when the scheduled date passes .

4.2 Variable value setting (1/4)

Configure values to Variables.

In this section, we will configure specific values to the Module variables

Menu: **Terraform> Substitution value list**

- ① Click Register> Start Registration.
- ② Select or enter the following and press "Register".

Register

Item number	Operation*	Movement*	Variable name*	HCL setting*	Sensitive setting*
Auto-input	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	Please select a Movement	OFF <input type="text"/>	OFF <input type="text"/>

※ *is a required item.

Back

Register

4.2 Variable value setting (2/4)

Configure values to Variables(1/3)

Please refer to the table below and register substitute values.

Operation	Movement	Variable name	Specific value
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(AWS)	security_group	ita-demo-sg *
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(AWS)	key_name	ita-demo-key *
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(AWS)	access_key	(AWS access key)
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(AWS)	secret_key	(AWS secret key)
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(AWS)	Region	(Any region)
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(AWS)	tags_name	ita-demo-instance
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(AWS)	hello_tf_instance_type	t2.large
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(AWS)	hello_tf_instance_count	3
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(AWS)	AMI	(Any AMI)

* Security groups and key pairs must be created in advance.

4.2 Variable value setting (3/4)

Configure values to Variables(2/3)

Please refer to the table below and register substitute values.

Operation	Movement	Variable name	Specific value
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	subscription_id	(Azure Authentication information)
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	tenant_id	
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	client_id	
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	client_secret	
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	resource_group_name	ita-demo-rg
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	location	(Input desired Azure location)
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	security_group	ita-demo-security-group
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	Vnet_name	ita-demo-vnet
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	Vnet_address_space	10.0.0.0/16
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	subnet_name	ita-demo-subnet
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	address_prefixes	10.0.2.0/24
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	public_ip_name	ita-demo-public-ip
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	allocation_method	Dynamic
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	domain_name_label	(Global domain name)

4.2 Setting variable values(4/4)

Configure values to Variables(3/3)

Please refer to the table below and register substitute values.

Operation	Movement	Variable name	Specific value
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	network_interface_name	ita-demo-nwif
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	NIC_name	ita-demo-NIC
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	VM_name	ita-demo-web-azure
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	publisher	OpenLogic
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	offer	CentOS
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	sku	8_2
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	source_image_version	latest
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	os_disk_name	ita-demo-os-disk
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	storage_account_type	Standard_LRS
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	caching	ReadWrite
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	admin_username	ita-demo
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	ssh_public_key	(Public SSH key)※
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	VM_size	Standard_B2MS
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	VM_count	3

※Use the SSH key that you prepared. The Specific value is the text of the key, "ssh-rsa xxxxxxxx～"

4.3 Check Plan

Check Plan

In the previous section, we have created the Movement and registered the substitute values.

In the next section, we are going to check that the module follows the policy.

Menu : **Terraform > Execution**

The screenshot shows the Terraform Execution interface. On the left is a sidebar menu with options like 'メインメニュー', 'インターフェース情報', 'Organizations管理', 'Workspaces管理', 'Movement一覧', 'Module素材集', 'Policies管理', 'Policy Sets管理', 'PolicySet-Policy紐付管理', 'PolicySet-Workspace紐付管理', 'Movement-Module紐付', '代入値自動登録設定', '代入値管理', '作業実行', '作業状態確認', and '作業管理'. The main area is divided into two sections: 'Movement[フィルタ]' and 'オペレーション[フィルタ]'. The 'Movement[フィルタ]' section shows a table with 2 results, where the first row is selected. The 'オペレーション[フィルタ]' section shows a table with 1 result, where the first row is selected. At the bottom, there are two buttons: 'Plan確認' and '実行'. Annotations with numbered circles 1, 2, and 3 point to the first row of the Movement table, the first row of the Operation table, and the 'Plan確認' button respectively. A 'Tips' box on the right states: '“Plan Check” runs the operation and stops after the Plan/PolicyCheck.'

Menu

メインメニュー
インターフェース情報
Organizations管理
Workspaces管理
Movement一覧
Module素材集
Policies管理
Policy Sets管理
PolicySet-Policy紐付管理
PolicySet-Workspace紐付管理
Movement-Module紐付
代入値自動登録設定
代入値管理
作業実行
作業状態確認
作業管理

Movement[フィルタ]

Movement[一覧]

1 Select the movement you want to check

選択	Movement ID	Movement名	オーケストレータ	遅延タイマー	Terraform利用情報	アクセス権	備考	最終更新日時	最終更新者
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	1	VM作成(AWS)	Terraform		Organization:Workspace	アクセス許可ロー		2021/07/20 15:18:26	システム管理者
<input type="radio"/>	2	VM作成(Azure)	Terraform		ITAllearn_org:ITA-demo-Azure			2021/07/20 15:32:42	システム管理者

フィルタ結果件数: 2

オペレーション[フィルタ]

2 Select Operation

選択	No.	オペレーションID	オペレーション名	実施予定日時	最終実行日時	アクセス権	備考	最終更新日時	最終更新者
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	1	1	Terraform_demo	2021/07/22 15:36		アクセス許可ロー		2021/07/20 15:36:52	システム管理者

フィルタ結果件数: 1

3 Press "Plan check".

Plan確認 実行

MovementID 1
Movement名 VM作成(AWS)

Tips
“Plan Check” runs the operation and stops after the Plan/PolicyCheck.

4.4 Check PolicyCheck log

Check PolicyCheck log

Checking the PolicyCheck log will move the user to the screen below and tell that an error has occurred. Scroll down to see the PolicyCheck log.

説明		
対象作業		
項目		値
作業No.		61
実行種別		Plan確認
ステータス		完了(異常)
呼出元Symphony		
呼出元Conductor		
実行ユーザ		システム管理者
Movement	ID	1
	名称	VM作成(AWS)
	遅延タイム(分)	
	Terraform利用情報	Organization:Workspace RUN-ID
オペレーション	No.	1
	名称	Terraform_demo
	ID	1
代入値		確認
入力データ	投入データ	InputData_0000000061.zip
出力データ	結果データ	ResultData_0000000061.zip
作業状況	予約日時	
	開始日時	2021/09/06 07:51:09
	終了日時	2021/09/06 07:51:41

進行状況(PolicyCheckログ)

フィルタ: ☐ 該当行のみ表示

Sentinel Result: false

Sentinel evaluated to false because one or more Sentinel policies evaluated to false. This false was not due to an undefined value or runtime error.

1 policies evaluated.

Policy 1: limit-proposed-monthly-cost (hard-mandatory)

Result: false

Print messages:

Proposed monthly cost 200.448 of workspace ITA-demo-AWS is over the limit: \$ {"coefficient": "50", "exponent": 0,

FALSE - limit-proposed-monthly-cost.sentinel:34:1 - Rule "main"

Tips

We can see that the proposed cost will exceed 50\$

4.5 Change the VM size

Change the size of the VM and re-run the operation.

Lastly, we will change the size of the VM and run the operation again.

Go to Terraform > Substitute list and use the table below to change the values.
Then check the plan like we did in Chapter 4.3

Before

Operation	Movement	Variable name	Specific value
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(AWS)	hello_tf_instance_type	t2.large
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	VM_size	Standard_B2MS



Instance size
AWS: **t2.large** → **t2.micro**
Azure: **Standard_B2MS** → **Standard_B1LS**

After

Operation	Movement	Variable name	Specific value
Terraform_demo	CreateVM (AWS)	hello_tf_instance_type	t2.micro
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	VM_size	Standard_B1LS

Tips

4.6 Confirm PolicyCheck log

Confirm PolicyCheck log

Now if check the PolicyCheck log, we can see that it has finished successfully. After checking the log, we can go to the next step and run the Movement.

説明		
対象作業		
項目		値
作業No.		65
実行種別		Plan確認
ステータス		完了
呼出元Symphony		
呼出元Conductor		
実行ユーザ		システム管理者
Movement	ID	1
	名称	VM作成(AWS)
	遅延タイム(分)	
	Terraform利用情報	Organization:Workspace ITAlearn_org:ITA-demo-AWS RUN-ID run-vdyP2TiJP2xvgSFT
オペレーション	No.	1
	名称	Terraform_demo
	ID	1
代入値		確認
入力データ	投入データ	InputData_0000000065.zip
出力データ	結果データ	ResultData_0000000065.zip
作業状況	予約日時	
	開始日時	2021/09/06 08:31:07
		終了日時 2021/09/06 08:31:43

進行状況(PolicyCheckログ)

フィルタ: ☐ 該当行のみ表示

```
Sentinel Result: true  
  
This result means that Sentinel policies returned true and the protected  
behavior is allowed by Sentinel policies.  
  
1 policies evaluated.  
  
## Policy 1: limit-proposed-monthly-cost (hard-mandatory)  
  
Result: true  
  
Print messages:  
proposed monthly cost 25.056 of workspace ITA-demo-AWS is under the limit: $ {"c efficient": "50", "exponent": 0, "flo  
TRUE - limit-proposed-monthly-cost.sentinel:34:1 - Rule "main"
```

Tips

We can now see that the proposed cost is below 50%

4.7 Execution

Execute Movement

We have now finished creating the Movements and registering the Substitute values we are going to use.

Lastly, we will execute the Movement and check the result in the target host.

Menu: **Terraform> Execution**

The screenshot shows the Terraform Execution interface. The left sidebar contains a 'Menu' with options like 'Main menu', 'Interface information', 'Organizations list', 'Workspaces list', 'Movement list', 'Module files', 'Policies list', 'Policy Sets list', 'PolicySet-Policy link list', 'PolicySet-Workspace link list', 'Movement module link', 'Substitution value auto-registration setting', and 'Substitution value list'. The main content area is divided into sections: 'Description' (with a 'Scheduling' tab and a 'Specify the scheduled date/time' field), 'Movement [Filter]', 'Movement [List]' (a table with 2 rows), 'Operation [Filter]', 'Operation [List]' (a table with 1 row), and 'Execution' (with 'Check operation status' and 'Execution list' tabs). The 'Execution list' tab shows a table with 1 row. At the bottom, there are buttons for 'Plan check' and 'Execute'. Numbered callouts (1, 2, 3) point to the 'Movement [List]' table, the 'Operation [List]' table, and the 'Execute' button respectively. A 'Tips' box on the right states: 'After execution, the user will automatically be moved to the "check operation status" screen.'

1 Select the Movement you want to Execute.

2 Select an operation.

3 Click [Execute].

Tips After execution, the user will automatically be moved to the "check operation status" screen.

4.8 Checking Operation status

Check the detailed results of the Movement

After executing, the user will be moved to a screen where they can see the Execution status and Execution logs.

It is also possible to see the input and output data.

The screenshot displays the 'Check operation status' interface. On the left is a sidebar menu with options like 'Main menu', 'Interface information', 'Organizations list', 'Workspaces list', 'Movement list', 'Module files', 'Policies list', 'Policy Sets list', 'PolicySet-Policy link list', 'PolicySet-Workspace link list', 'Movement module link', 'Substitution value auto-registration setting', 'Substitution value list', and 'Execution'. The main area shows a table with columns 'Item' and 'Value'. The table contains details about the execution, including 'Execution No.', 'Execution type', 'Status', 'Caller Symphony', 'Caller Conductor', 'Executing user', 'Movement', 'Operation', 'Variable', 'Input data', 'Output data', 'Execution status', 'Start date/time', and 'End date/time'. A red box highlights the 'Input data' and 'Output data' rows, which show 'Populated data' and 'Result data' respectively. A 'Confirm' button is visible next to the 'Output data' row. To the right, a 'Progress status(Plan log)' window is open, showing a JSON plan for creating a VM. The plan includes details like 'device_index', 'network_interface_id', 'root_block_device', 'delete_on_termination', 'device_name', 'encrypted', 'sops', 'key_id', 'tags', 'throughput', 'volume_id', 'volume_size', and 'volume_type'. The plan is for adding 3 VMs.

Item	Value
Execution No.	2
Execution type	Normal
Status	Completed (error)
Caller Symphony	
Caller Conductor	
Executing user	System Administrator
Movement	
ID	21
Name	CreateVM(AWS)
Delay timer (minutes)	
Terraform Dedicated information	
Organization:Workspace	LearnTest1:ITA-demo-AWS
RUN-ID	run-FTrUjddQAbnKscj8e
Operation	
No.	25
Name	Terraform_demo
ID	25
Variable	
Input data	Populated data
Output data	Result data
Scheduled date/time	
Start date/time	2020/08/20 15:14:26
End date/time	2020/08/20 15:14:40

Progress status(Plan log)

Filter: ☐ Display only corresponding lines

```

+ device_index = (known after apply)
+ network_interface_id = (known after apply)
}
+ root_block_device {
+   delete_on_termination = (known after apply)
+   device_name = (known after apply)
+   encrypted = (known after apply)
+   sops = (known after apply)
+   key_id = (known after apply)
+   tags = (known after apply)
+   throughput = (known after apply)
+   volume_id = (known after apply)
+   volume_size = (known after apply)
+   volume_type = (known after apply)
}
}
Plan: 3 to add, 0 to change, 0 to destroy.

```

Tips

Users can download a zip file which contains the input data and the result data.

Tips

For the results, please access the Azure account and check that all of the 3 VM has been created.

4.9 Change the value and execute again(1/2)

Change the number of instances and execute again.

Finally, change the number of instances to deploy and repeat.

From **Terraform> Substitution Value Management**, refer to the table below and change the specific values and do the same as we did in chapter 4.3

Before

Operation	Movement	Variable name	Specific value
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(AWS)	hello_tf_instance_count	3
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	VM_count	3



Change the Deploy instances:
AWS: From 3 to 5
Azure: From 3 to 1

After

Operation	Movement	Variable name	Specific value
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(AWS)	hello_tf_instance_count	5
Terraform_demo	CreateVM(Azure)	VM_count	1

Tips

4.9 Change the value and execute again(2/2)

Check that the instances has been reduced.

Access AWS ・ Azure from your browser
and check that the VM instances has been reduced.

AWS

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	インスタンス ID	イン
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-instance-1	i-01ce909628624f4fc	✓
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-instance-3	i-0a9937555aca7be96	✓
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-instance-2	i-0d34ba73c42144d54	✓



<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	インスタンス ID	イン
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-instance-1	i-01ce909628624f4fc	✓
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-instance-3	i-0a9937555aca7be96	✓
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-instance-2	i-0d34ba73c42144d54	✓
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-instance-5	i-004f22d98cf7f6303	✓
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-instance-4	i-0f42e3212f538c8d2	✓

Azure

<input type="checkbox"/>	名前 ↑↓
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-nwif-0
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-nwif-1
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-nwif-2
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-os-disk-0
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-os-disk-1
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-os-disk-2
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-public-ip-0
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-public-ip-1
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-public-ip-2
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-security-group
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-vnet
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-web-azure-0
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-web-azure-1
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-web-azure-2



<input type="checkbox"/>	名前 ↑↓
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-nwif-0
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-os-disk-0
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-public-ip-0
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-security-group
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-vnet
<input type="checkbox"/>	ita-demo-web-azure-0



Exastro